

IIFL Finance Limited (the "Company" or "Issuer") was incorporated at Mumbai on October 18, 1995 as a private limited company with the name Probity Research & Services Private Limited under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The status of our Company was changed to a public limited company and our name was changed to Probity Research & Services Limited pursuant to a fresh certificate of incorporation dated on April 28, 2000 issued by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai. The name of our Company was subsequently changed to India Infoline Com Limited, and a fresh certificate of incorporation, consequent upon change of name was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai on May 23, 2000. The name of our Company was further changed to India Infoline Limited, and a fresh certificate of incorporation, consequent upon change of name was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai on March 23, 2001. Thereafter, the name of our Company was changed to IIFL Holdings Limited, and a fresh certificate of incorporation, consequent upon change of name was issued by Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai on February 18, 2014. Thereafter, the name of our Company was changed to IIFL Finance Limited and a fresh certificate of incorporation, consequent upon change of name was issued by Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai on May 24, 2019. Also, our Company has obtained a Certificate of Registration dated March 06, 2020 bearing Registration No. N-13.02386 issued by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") to commence the business of a non-banking financial institution without accepting public deposits under Section 45 IA of the RBI Act, 1934. Our Company is a Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Non-Banking Finance Company ("NBFC"). For more information about the Company, please see "General information" and "History and Main Objects" on pages 46 and 136, respectively.

Registered Office: IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23, Thane Industrial Area, Wagle Estate, Thane 400 604, Maharashtra, India;

Tel.: +91 22 4103 5000; Fax: +91 22 2580 6654; PAN: AABCI0745G; Website: www.iifl.com; CIN: L67100MH1995PLC093797

Corporate Office: 802, 8th Floor, Hub Town Solaris, N.S. Phadke Marg, Vijay Nagar, Andheri East, Mumbai 400069, Maharashtra, India.; Tel.: +91 22 6788 1000; Fax: +91 22 6788 1010; Chief Financial Officer: Rajesh Rajak; Email: rajesh.rajak@iifl.com; Telephone: +91 22 6788 1000

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer: Sneha Patwardhan; Email: csteam@iifl.com; Telephone: +91 22 6788 1000;

PUBLIC ISSUE BY IIFL FINANCE LIMITED ("COMPANY" OR THE "ISSUER") OF SECURED REDEEMABLE NON-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES OF FACE VALUE OF ₹1,000 EACH ("NCDS") FOR AN AMOUNT AGGREGATING UPTO ₹50,000 MILLION ("SHELF LIMIT") HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS THE "ISSUE". THE NCDs WILL BE ISSUED IN ONE OR MORE TRANCHES, ON TERMS AND CONDITIONS INCLUDING TRANCHE ISSUE SIZE AS SET OUT IN THE RELEVANT TRANCHE PROSPECTUS FOR ANY TRANCHE ISSUE (EACH "TRANCHE ISSUE") WHICH SHOULD BE READ TOGETHER WITH THIS DRAFT SHELF PROSPECTUS AND THE SHELF PROSPECTUS (COLLECTIVELY, THE "OFFER DOCUMENTS"). THE ISSUE IS BEING MADE PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SEBI NCS REGULATIONS, THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 AND RULES MADE THEREUNDER AS AMENDED TO THE EXTENT NOTIFIED AND THE SEBI OPERATIONAL CIRCULAR. THE ISSUE IS NOT UNDERWRITTEN.

OUR PROMOTER

(i) Mr. Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain; Email: csteam@iifl.com; Tel: +91 22 6788 1000 and (ii) Mr. R. Venkataraman; Email: csteam@iifl.com; Tel: +91 22 6788 1000. For details of our Promoter, please refer to the section "Our Promoter" on page 165

GENERAL RISKS

Investment in debt securities involve a degree of risk and investors should not invest any funds in such securities unless they can afford to take the risk attached to such investments. Investors are advised to take an informed decision and to read the risk factors carefully before investing in this offering. For taking an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of the Issuer and the Issue, including the risks involved. Specific attention of the Investors is invited to the sections titled "Risk Factors" and "Material Developments" on page 18 and 186, respectively. These risks are not, and are not intended to be, a complete list of all risks and considerations relevant to the debt securities or investor's decision to purchase such securities. This Draft Shelf Prospectus has not been and will not be approved by any regulatory authority in India, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI"), any registrar of companies or any stock exchange in India nor do they guarantee the accuracy or adequacy of this document.

CREDIT RATING

The NCDs proposed to be issued under the Issue have been rated "CRISIL AA/Stable" (pronounced as CRISIL double A rating with Stable outlook) for an amount of ₹50,000 million by CRISIL Limited ("CRISIL") vide their rating letter dated June 28, 2022, revalidated vide letter dated July 29, 2022 and [ICRA] AA (stable) (pronounced as ICRA Double A (stable)) for an amount of ₹ 50,000 million by ICRA Limited ("ICRA") vide their rating letter dated August 2, 2022. The rating given by CRISIL and ICRA are valid as on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus and shall remain valid until the ratings are revised or withdrawn. The aforesaid rating indicates that instruments with this rating are considered to have high degree of safety regarding timely servicing of financial obligations and carry very low credit risk. The rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and investors should take their own decision. The rating may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency and each rating should be evaluated independently of any other rating. The rating agency has a right to suspend or withdraw the rating at any time on the basis of factors such as new information. Please refer to *Annexures A and B* of this Draft Shelf Prospectus for the rationale and press release of the above ratings COUPON RATE, COUPON PAYMENT FREQUENCY, REDEMPTION DATE, REDEMPTION AMOUNT & ELIGIBLE INVESTORS

For the details relating to Coupon Rate, Coupon Payment Frequency, Redemption Date, Redemption Amount and Eligible Investors of the NCDs, see "Terms of the Issue" on page 287. For details relating to eligible investors please see "Issue Procedure" on page 301.

LISTING

The NCDs offered through this Draft Shelf Prospectus along with Shelf Prospectus and relevant Tranche Prospectus are proposed to be listed on National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE") and BSE Limited ("BSE") and NSE shall be the Designated Stock Exchange. Our Company has received an 'in-principle' approval from NSE vide their letter no. [•] dated [•] 2022 and from BSE vide their letter no. [•] dated [•] 2022.

PUBLIC COMMENTS

This Draft Shelf Prospectus dated August 5, 2022 has been filed with the NSE and BSE, pursuant to the provisions of the SEBI NCS Regulations and is open for public comments for a period of seven Working Days (i.e., until 5 p.m.) from the date of filing of this Draft Shelf Prospectus with the NSE and BSE. All comments on this Draft Shelf Prospectus are to be forwarded to the attention of the Compliance Officer of our Company. Comments may be sent through post, facsimile or e-mail.

LEAD MANAGERS TO THE ISSUE REGISTRAR TO THE ISSUE

Edelweiss

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited

Edelweiss House Off CST Road, Kalina Mumbai 400 098 Maharashtra, India Tel: +91 22 4086 3535 Email: iifl.ncd@edelweissfin.com Website: www.edelweissfin.com

Contact Person: Lokesh Singhi NTURE TRUSTEE TO THE ISSUE***

IIFL SECURITIES

IIFL Securities Limited* 10th Floor, IIFL Centre

Kamala Centre, Senapati Bapat Marg Lower Parel (West), Mumbai 400 013 Maharashtra, India

Tel: +91 22 4646 4728

Email: iifl.ncd2022@@iiflcap.com Website: www.iiflcap.com

Contact Person: Nishita Mody/Pawan Kumar Jain

🛖 Equirus

Equirus Capital Private Limited 12th Floor, C Wing, Marathon Futurex

N.M. Joshi Marg

Lower Parel, Mumbai 400 013

Maharashtra, India Tel: + 91 22 4332 0736

Email: iifl.ncd@equirus.com Website: www.equirus.com

Contact person: Malay Shah CREDIT RATING AGENCIES

TRUST

Trust Investment Advisors Private Limited

109/110, Balarama, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051, Maharashtra, India

Tel: +91 22 4084 5000 Email: projectinca@trustgroup.in Website: www.trustgroup.in Contact Person: Hani Jalan

LINKIntime

Link Intime India Private Limited

C-101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg Vikhroli (West), Mumbai 400 083 Maharashtra, India

Tel.: + 91 22 4918 6200 Fax: +91 22 4918 6195

Email:

iifl.ncd2022@linkintime.co.in Website: www.linkintime.co.in Contact Person: Shanti

Gopalkrishnan

AUDITOR



Vardhman Trusteeship Private Limited

The Capital, 412 A, A Wing, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East Mumbai - 400 051, Maharashtra Tel: 022 4264 8335 / 8657900674 Email:

nilesh@vardhmantrustee.com Website:

http://www.vardhmantrustee.com/

Contact Person: Mr. Nilesh Palav

CRISIL

CRISIL LIMITED CRISIL House, Central Avenue, Hiranandani Business Park,

Powai, Mumbai 400 076 Maharashtra, India Tel: +91 22 3342 3000

Email: crisilratingdesk@crisil.com Website: www.crisil.com Contact Person: Krishnan Sitaraman ICRA

ICRA Limited

Electric Mansion, 3rd Floor, Appasaheb Marathe Marg, Prabhadevi, Mumbai - 400025 Tel: +91-22-61143406 Fax: +91-22-24331390

Email: shivakumar@icraindia.com Website: www.icra.in Contact Person: L Shivakumar

M/S. V. Sankar Aiyar & Co.

2-C, Court Chambers 35, New Marine Lines, Mumbai 400020 Maharashtra, India Tel.: + 91 22 2200 4465 Email: mumbai@vsa.co.in

Website: www.vsa.co.in Contact Person: G Sankar

M/s Chhajed & Doshi,

101, Hubtown Solaris, N S Phadke Marg, Near East West Flyover, Andheri (East) Mumbai- 400 069 Tel: 022-61037878 Email: info@cndindia.com

Website: www.cndindia.com Contact Person: M P Chhajed

ISSUE PROGRAMME*

Issue opens on: As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus

Issue Closes on: As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus

IIFL Securities Limited is deemed to be our associate as per the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992, as amended (Merchant Bankers Regulations). Further, in compliance with the provisions of Regulation 21A and explanation to Regulation 21A of the Merchant Bankers Regulations, IIFL Securities Limited would be involved only in marketing of the Issue.
**The Issue shall remain open for subscription on Working Days from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) during the period indicated in the relevant Tranche Prospectus, except that the Issue may close on such earlier date or extended date as may be decided by the Board of Directors of our Company or the Finance Committee, thereof, subject to relevant approvals. In the event of an early closure or extension of the Issue, our Company or the Finance Committee, thereof, subject to relevant approvals. In the event of an early closure or extension of the Issue, our Company shall ensure that notice of the same is provided to the prospective investors through an advertisement in a daily national newspaper with wide circulation on or before such earlier or initial date of Issue closure. On the Issue Closing Date, the Application Forms will be accepted only between 10 a.m. and 3 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) and uploaded until 5 p.m. or such extended time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange. Further, pending mandate requests for bids placed on the last day of bidding will be validated by 5 PM on one Working Day post the Issue Closing Date. For further details please refer to the chapter titled "Issue Related Information" on page 282.

*** Vardhman Trusteeship Private Limited under regulation 8 of SEBI NCS Regulations has by its letter dated June 27, 2022 given its consent for its appointment as Debenture Trustee to the Issue and for its name to be included

in Offer Document and in all the subsequent periodical communications sent to the holders of the NCDs issued pursuant to the Issue and the same is annexed as Annexure C to this Draft Shelf Prospectus
A copy of the Shelf Prospectus and the relevant Tranche Prospectuses shall be filed with the Registrar of Companies, Mumbai, Maharashtra, in terms of section 26 of Companies Act, 2013, along with the endorsed/certified copies
of all requisite documents. For further details please refer to the chapter titled "Material Contracts and Documents for Inspection" on page 337.

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SECTION I - GENERAL

DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Unless the context otherwise indicates, all references in this Draft Shelf Prospectus to "**the Issuer**", "**our Company**", "**the Company**" or "**IIFL**" "**IIFL Finance Limited**" are to IIFL Finance Limited, public limited company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956, validly existing under Companies Act, 2013, registered as an NBFC with the RBI under Section 45-IA of the RBI Act and having its Registered Office at IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23, Thane Industrial Area, Wagle Estate Thane – 400604, Maharashtra, India.

Unless the context otherwise indicates, all references in this Draft Shelf Prospectus to "we" or "us" or "our" are to our Company. Unless the context otherwise indicates, all references in this Draft Shelf Prospectus to "Subsidiaries" shall mean Subsidiaries of our Company namely, IIFL Home Finance Limited, IIFL Samasta Finance Limited (Formerly known as Samasta Microfinance Limited), IIHFL Sales Limited and IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited.

Unless the context otherwise indicates or implies, the following terms have the following meanings in this Draft Shelf Prospectus, and references to any statute or regulations or policies includes any amendments or re-enactments thereto, from time to time.

Company related terms

Term	Description
"Articles" or "Articles of	Articles of Association of our Company
Association" "AOA"	
Asset Liability	Asset Liability Management Committee of the Board of Directors
Management Committee or	
ALCO	
Audit Committee	Audit committee of the Board of Directors
"Auditors" or "Statutory	The statutory auditors of the Company, M/s. V. Sankar Aiyar & Co. and Chhajed &
Auditors" or "Joint	Doshi
Statutory Auditors"	
"Board" or "Board of	Board of Directors of our Company or any duly constituted committee thereof.
Directors" or "our Board"	
or "our Board of Directors"	
Brickworks	Brickworks Ratings India Private Limited
Committee	A committee constituted by the Board, from time to time.
Corporate Social	Corporate Social Responsibility Committee of the Board of Directors
Responsibility Committee	
"Credit Committee" or	Credit Committee/ Group Credit Committee as approved by the Board of Directors
"Group Credit Committee"	depending upon the value of transactions.
Directors	Directors of the Company
DSA	Direct Selling Agent
Equity Shares	Equity shares of the Company of face value of ₹ 2 each
ESOP/s	Employee Stock Options
Finance Committee	Finance Committee as constituted by the Board of Directors
IIFL ESOP Plan	IIFL Finance Employees Stock Option Plan 2007; IIFL Finance Employee Stock
	Option Plan 2008; and IIFL Finance Employee Stock Option Plan 2020 - Merger
	Scheme
IIFL Open Fintech	IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited
IIHFL	IIFL Home Finance Limited
Independent Director(s)	The independent Director(s) on our Board, in terms of Section 2(47) and Section 149(6)
	of the Companies Act, 2013
IT Strategy Committee	IT Strategy Committee as constituted by the Board of Directors
KMP / Key Managerial	Key managerial personnel of our Company as disclosed in this Draft Shelf Prospectus
Personnel	and appointed in accordance with Key Managerial Personnel, as defined under Section
	2(51) of the Companies Act, 2013, as under:
	"key managerial personnel", in relation to a company, means –
	i. the chief executive officer or the managing director or the manager;

Term	Description
	ii. the company secretary;
	iii. the whole-time director;
	iv. the chief financial officer;
	v. such other officer not more than one level below the directors who is in whole-time
	employment designated as key managerial personnel by the Board; and
LAD	vi. such other officer as may be prescribed"
LAP Limited Review Financials	Loan Against Property The Unaudited Standalone Financial Results and Unaudited Consolidated Financial
/ Limited Review Financial	Results for the three months ended June 30, 2022 prepared in accordance with the
Results	provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)
resures	notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 (as amended
	for time to time) issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs in exercise of the powers
	conferred by Section 133 read with Sub-section (1) of section 210A of Companies Act,
	2013, as amended and presented in accordance with the requirements of the SEBI
	LODR Regulations.
Limited Review Report	Limited review report dated July 27, 2022 for quarter ended June 30, 2022
Loan Book	Loan book of the Company recording relevant entries of the secured and/or unsecured
"Memorandum" or	loans advanced by the Company
"Memorandum of	Memorandum of Association of our Company
Association" or "MoA"	
Nomination and	Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors
Remuneration Committee	110 million and remainstation committee of the Board of Breetons
Networth	As defined in Sec 2(57) of the Companies Act, 2013, as follows:
	•
	"Networth means the aggregate value of the paid-up share capital and all reserves
	created out of the profits, securities premium account and debit or credit balance of
	profit and loss account, after deducting the aggregate value of the accumulated losses,
	deferred expenditure and miscellaneous expenditure not written off, as per the audited balance sheet but does not include reserves created out of revaluation of assets, write
	back of depreciation and amalgamation."
Preference Shares	Preference shares of the Company
Promoter Group	Includes such persons and entities constituting the promoter group of our Company
1	pursuant to Regulation 2 (1) (ff) of the SEBI NCS Regulations
"Promoters" or "our	The promoters of our Company are Mr. Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain and Mr. R
Promoter"	Venkataraman
Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements	The reformatted consolidated statement of Assets and Liabilities as at March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 and the reformatted consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the Fiscal 2022, Fiscal 2021 and Fiscal 2020 and the reformatted consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the Fiscal 2022, Fiscal 2021 and Fiscal 2020 and the reformatted consolidated statement of Changes in Equity for the Fiscal 2022, Fiscal 2021 and Fiscal 2020, each prepared in accordance with IND AS, as examined by the Statutory Auditors of our Company.
	Our audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 form the basis for such Reformatted Consolidated Financial Information.
Reformatted Financial Statements	Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements and Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements
Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements	The reformatted standalone statement of Assets and Liabilities as at March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 and the reformatted standalone statement of profit and loss for the Fiscal 2022, Fiscal 2021 and Fiscal 2020 and the reformatted standalone statement of cash flows for the Fiscal 2022, Fiscal 2021 and Fiscal 2020 and the reformatted standalone statement of changes in equity for the Fiscal 2022, Fiscal 2021 and Fiscal 2020, each prepared in accordance with IND AS, as examined by the Statutory Auditors of our Company.

Term	Description
	Our audited standalone financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31,
	2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 form the basis for such Reformatted
	Standalone Financial Information.
Registered Office	The registered office of our Company is at IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No.
	16V, Plot No. B-23, Thane Industrial Area, Wagle Estate, Thane – 400604,
	Maharashtra, India
Risk Management	Risk Management Committee of the Board of Directors
Committee	
RoC/Registrar of Companies	Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai
Shareholders	The holders of the Equity Shares from time to time
Samasta	IIFL Samasta Finance Limited (Formerly known as Samasta Microfinance Limited)
Stakeholders Relationship	Stakeholders Relationship Committee as constituted by the Board of Directors
Committee	
Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries of our Company namely, IIHFL, Samasta and IIFL Open Fintech Private
	Limited

Issue related terms

Term	Description
Abridged Prospectus	A memorandum containing salient features of the Shelf Prospectus and relevant
	Tranche Prospectus
Acknowledgement Slip	The slip or document issued by the Designated Intermediary to an Applicant as proof
	of registration of the Application Form
Allotment Advice	The communication sent to the Allottees conveying the details of NCDs allotted to the
	Allottees in accordance with the Basis of Allotment
"Allotment", "Allot" or	Unless the context otherwise requires, the allotment of NCDs to the successful
Allotted	Applicants pursuant to the Shelf Prospectus and relevant Tranche Prospectus to the
	successful Allottees
Allottee(s)	A successful Applicant to whom the NCDs will be/have been allotted
"Applicant" or "Investor" or	Any person who applies for issuance and Allotment of NCDs through ASBA process
"Bidder" or "ASBA	or through UPI mechanism pursuant to the terms of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, the
Applicant"	Shelf Prospectus, relevant Tranche Prospectus and Abridged Prospectus and the
	Application Form for the relevant Tranche Prospectus Issue
"ASBA" or "Application	An application (whether physical or electronic) to subscribe to the NCDs offered
Supported by Blocked	pursuant to the Issue by submission of a valid Application Form and authorising the
Amount" or "Application"	relevant SCSB to block the Application Amount in the relevant ASBA Account or to
or "ASBA Application" or	block the Application Amount using the UPI Mechanism, where the Bid Amount will
"Application" or "Bid"	be blocked upon acceptance of UPI Mandate Request by retail investors for an
	Application Amount of upto ₹ 5,00,000 which will be considered as the application for
	Allotment in terms of the Shelf Prospectus and relevant Tranche Prospectus.
Application Amount/ Bid	The aggregate value of the NCDs applied for, as indicated in the Application Form for
Amount	the Issue or the amount blocked in the ASBA Account.
Application Form/ASBA	Form in terms of which an Applicant shall make an offer to subscribe to NCDs through
Form/ Bid cum Application	the ASBA process or through the UPI Mechanism and which will be considered as the
Form	Application for Allotment of NCDs in terms of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, the Shelf
	Prospectus and relevant Tranche Prospectus.
ASBA Account	A bank account maintained with an SCSB as specified in the ASBA Form submitted
	by ASBA Applicants for blocking the Bid Amount mentioned in the ASBA Form and
	will include a bank account of a retail individual investor linked with UPI, for retail
	individual investors submitting application value upto ₹ 5,00,000.
Banker(s) to the Issue	Collectively Sponsor Bank, Public Issue Account Bank(s) and Refund Bank.
Base Issue Size	As will be specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for each Tranche Issue.
Basis of Allotment	As will be specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for each Tranche Issue.
Bidding Centres	Centres at which the Designated Intermediaries shall accept the Application Forms, i.e.,
	Designated Branches of SCSB, Specified Locations for Syndicate, Broker Centres for

Term	Description
	Registered Brokers, Designated RTA Locations for RTAs and Designated CDP Locations for CDPs.
Broker Centres	Broker centres notified by the Stock Exchanges where Applicants can submit the ASBA Forms (including ASBA Forms under UPI in case of UPI Investors) to a Registered Broker. The details of such broker centres, along with the names and contact details of the Trading Members are available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchanges at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com as updated from time to time.
BSE	BSE Limited.
Category I (Institutional Investors)	 Public financial institutions, scheduled commercial banks, Indian multilateral and bilateral development financial institutions which are authorised to invest in the NCDs; Provident funds and pension funds with a minimum corpus of ₹250 million,
	superannuation funds and gratuity funds, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
	 Alternative Investment Funds, subject to investment conditions applicable to them under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012;
	 Resident Venture Capital Funds registered with SEBI; Insurance companies registered with the IRDAI; State industrial development corporations;
	• Insurance funds set up and managed by the army, navy, or air force of the Union of India;
	• Insurance funds set up and managed by the Department of Posts, the Union of India;
	• Systemically Important Non-Banking Financial Company registered with the RBI and having a net-worth of more than ₹5,000 million as per the last audited financial statements;
	• National Investment Fund set up by resolution no. F.No. 2/3/2005-DDII dated November 23, 2005 of the Government of India published in the Gazette of India; and
	Mutual funds registered with SEBI.
Category II (Non Institutional Investors)	 Companies within the meaning of Section 2(20) of the Companies Act, 2013; statutory bodies/ corporations and societies registered under the applicable laws in India and authorised to invest in the NCDs;
	 Co-operative banks and regional rural banks; Trusts including public/private charitable/religious trusts which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
	• Scientific and/or industrial research organisations, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
	 Partnership firms in the name of the partners; Limited liability partnerships formed and registered under the provisions of the
	Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 (No. 6 of 2009);
Category III (High Net	 Any other incorporated and/ or unincorporated body of persons Resident Indian individuals or Hindu Undivided Families through the Karta applying
Worth Individual Investors)	for an amount aggregating to above ₹ 10,00,000 across all options of NCDs in the Issue
Category IV (Retail	Resident Indian individuals or Hindu Undivided Families through the Karta applying
Individual Investors or	for an amount aggregating up to and including ₹10,00,000 across all options of NCDs
Retail Individual Bidder(s)	in the Issue and shall include Retail Individual Investors, who have submitted bid for
or RIB(s) applying through UPI)	an amount not more than ₹500,000 in any of the bidding options in the Issue (including HUFs applying through their Karta and does not include NRIs) though UPI Mechanism.
CDP/ Collecting	A depository participant as defined under the Depositories Act, 1996 and registered
Depository Participant	with SEBI and who is eligible to procure Applications at the Designated CDP Locations in terms of the SEBI Operational Circular.
CIBIL	TransUnion CIBIL Limited
CRIF	CRIF High Mark Credit Information Services Private Limited

Term	Description
Client ID	Client identification number maintained with one of the Depositories in relation to the
	demat account.
"Collecting Depository Participant" or "CDP"	A depository participant as defined under the Depositories Act, 1996, registered with SEBI and who is eligible to procure Applications in the Issue, at the Designated CDP Locations in terms of the SEBI Operational Circular
Collecting Registrar and	Registrar and share transfer agents registered with SEBI and eligible to procure
Share Transfer Agents or	Applications, at the Designated RTA Locations.
CRTAs	
Credit Rating Agencies	For the present Issue, the credit rating agencies, being CRISIL and ICRA
CRISIL	CRISIL Limited
Debenture(s) / NCD(s)	Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures of face value of ₹ 1,000 each
Debenture Holder(s) / NCD Holder(s)	The holders of the NCDs whose name appears in the database of the Depository and/or the register of NCD Holders (if any) maintained by our Company if required under applicable law.
Debenture Trust Deed(s)	The trust deed to be entered between the Debenture Trustee and our Company which shall be executed in relation to the NCDs within the time limit prescribed by applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements, including creation of appropriate security, in favour of the Debenture Trustee for the NCD Holders on the assets adequate to ensure 100% security cover for the NCDs and the interest due thereon issued pursuant to the Issue. The contents of the Debenture Trust Deed shall be as prescribed by SEBI or any other applicable statutory/regulatory body from time to time.
Debenture Trustee	The agreement dated June 28, 2022, entered into between the Debenture Trustee and
Agreement	our Company in relation to this Issue.
Debenture Trustee/ Trustee	Debenture Trustee for the Debenture Holders, in this Issue being Vardhman Trusteeship Private Limited
Deemed Date of Allotment	The date on which the Board/or the Finance Committee approves the Allotment of NCDs or such date as may be determined by the Board of Directors/or the Finance Committee and notified to the Designated Stock Exchange. All benefits relating to the NCDs including interest on NCDs shall be available to the Debenture Holders from the Deemed Date of Allotment.
Demographic Details	The demographic details of the Applicants such as their respective addresses, email, PAN, investor status, MICR Code, bank account detail and UPI ID, where applicable.
Depositories Act	The Depositories Act, 1996, as amended from time to time.
Depository(ies)	National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and /or Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL).
Designated Branches	Such branches of the SCSBs which shall collect the ASBA Applications and a list of which is available on https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes or at such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.
Designated CDP Locations	Such locations of the CDPs where Applicants can submit the Application Forms. The details of such Designated CDP Locations, along with names and contact details of the Collecting Depository Participants eligible to accept Application Forms are available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange (www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com) as updated from time to time.
Designated Date	The date on which Registrar to the Issue issues instruction to SCSBs for transfer of funds from the ASBA Account to the Public Issue Account(s) or to the Refund Account, as appropriate, in terms of the Shelf Prospectus and the relevant Tranche Prospectus and the Public Issue Account and Sponsor Bank Agreement.
Designated Intermediary(ies)	Collectively, the Lead Managers, Syndicate Members/ Lead Brokers, Trading Members, agents, SCSBs, Registered Brokers, CDPs and CRTAs, who are authorised to collect Application Forms from the Applicants in the Issue.
	In relation to ASBA applicants authorising an SCSB to block the amount in the ASBA Account, Designated Intermediaries shall mean SCSBs.
	In relation to ASBA applicants submitted by Retail Individual Investors where the amount was blocked upon acceptance of UPI Mandate Request using the UPI

Term	Description
	Mechanism, Designated Intermediaries shall mean the CDPs, RTAs, Lead Managers,
	Members of the Syndicate, Trading Members and Stock Exchanges where applications
	have been submitted through the app/web interface as provided in the SEBI Operational
	Circular.
Designated RTA Locations	Such locations of the CRTAs where Applicants can submit the Application Forms to
	CRTAs. The details of such Designated CRTA Locations, along with names and
	contact details of the CRTAs eligible to accept ASBA Forms and Application Forms
	submitted using the UPI Mechanism as a payment option (for a maximum amount of
	INR 5,00, 000) are available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchanges.
Designated Stock	NSE.
Exchange	
Direct Online Application	An online interface enabling direct applications through UPI by an app based/web
	interface, by investors to a public issue of debt securities with an online payment
	facility.
DP / Depository Participant	A depository participant as defined under the Depositories Act.
Draft Shelf Prospectus	The Draft Shelf Prospectus dated August 5, 2022, filed with the Designated Stock
_	Exchange for receiving public comments and with, SEBI in accordance with the
	provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI NCS Regulations
Edelweiss	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited.
ICRA	ICRA Limited
Interest Payment Date/	Please see the section titled "Terms of the Issue" on page 287
Coupon Payment Date	
Issue	Public issue by the Company of secured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face
	value of ₹1,000 each (" Debentures " or " NCDs ") for an amount aggregating upto ₹
	50,000 million (" Shelf Limit "). The NCDs will be issued in one or more tranches up
	to the Shelf Limit, on terms and conditions as set out in the relevant tranche prospectus
	for respective tranche issue (each a " Tranche Issue "), which should be read together
	with this Draft Shelf Prospectus and the Shelf Prospectus (collectively the "Offer
	Documents").
Issue Agreement	The Issue Agreement dated August 5, 2022 entered between our Company and the Lead
C	Managers.
Issue Closing Date	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus
Issue Opening Date	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus
Issue Period	The period between the Issue Opening Date and the Issue Closing Date inclusive of
	both days, during which prospective Applicants can submit their Application Forms.
Lead Broker Agreement	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus
Lead Brokers/ Syndicate	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus
Members	
Lead Managers/ LMs	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, IIFL Securities Limited*, Equirus Capital
Zena managera, Zima	Private Limited and Trust Investment Advisors Private Limited.
	*IIFL Securities Limited is deemed to be our associate as per the Securities and Exchange Board
	of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992, as amended ("Merchant Bankers
	Regulations "). Further, in compliance with the provisions of Regulation 21A and explanation to
	Regulation 21A of the Merchant Bankers Regulations, IIFL Securities Limited would be involved
	only in marketing of the Issue.
Market Lot	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus
Maturity Amount or	Please see the section titled "Terms of the Issue" on page 287
Redemption Amount	
Maturity Date or	Please see the section titled "Terms of the Issue" on page 287
Redemption Date	
Members of the Syndicate	Members of the Syndicate includes Lead Managers and Lead Broker(s)
Mobile App(s)	The mobile applications listed on the website of Stock Exchanges as may be updated
11 \ /	from time to time, which may be used by RIBs to submit Bids using the UPI Mechanism
NSE	National Stock Exchange of India Limited.
OCB or Overseas	A company, partnership, society or other corporate body owned directly or indirectly
Corporate Body	to the extent of at least 60% (sixty percent) by NRIs including overseas trusts, in which
corporate Doug	not less than 60% (sixty percent) of beneficial interest is irrevocably held by NRIs
	directly or indirectly and which was in existence on October 3, 2003 and immediately
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Term	Description
	before such date had taken benefits under the general permission granted to OCBs
	under the FEMA. OCBs are not permitted to invest in the Issue.
Offer Document	This Draft Shelf Prospectus, the Shelf Prospectus, the relevant Tranche Prospectus, the
	Abridged Prospectus and Application Form.
Public Issue Account	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus
Public Issue Account and	Agreement to be entered into amongst our Company, the Registrar to the Issue, the
Sponsor Bank Agreement	Public Issue Account Bank, the Refund Bank and the Sponsor Bank and the Lead Manager for the appointment of the Sponsor Bank in accordance with the SEBI Operational Circular for collection of the Application Amounts from ASBA Accounts and where applicable, refunds from the amounts collected from the Applicants on the terms and conditions thereof.
Public Issue Account Bank	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus
Record Date	The record date for payment of interest in connection with the NCDs or repayment of principal in connection therewith shall be 15 days prior to the date on which interest is due and payable, and/or the date of redemption or such other date as may be determined by the Board of Directors and/or Finance Committee as constituted by the Board of Directors, from time to time in accordance with the applicable law. Provided that trading in the NCDs shall remain suspended between the aforementioned Record Date in connection with redemption of NCDs and the date of redemption or as prescribed by the Stock Exchanges, as the case may be. In case the Record Date falls on a day when the Stock Exchanges are having a trading
	holiday, the immediate subsequent trading day or a date notified by our Company will be deemed as the Record Date.
Refund Account	Account to be opened with the Refund Bank from which refunds, if any, of the whole
	or any part of the Application Amount shall be made and as specified in this Draft Shelf Prospectus.
Refund Bank(s)	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus
Register of Debenture Holders/ NCD Holders	The Register of Debenture Holders maintained by the Issuer in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and by the Depositories in case of NCDs held in dematerialised form, and/or the register of NCD holders maintained by the Registrar
Registered Brokers or Brokers	Stock brokers registered with SEBI under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Stock Brokers) Regulations, 1992 and the stock exchanges having nationwide terminals, other than the Members of the Syndicate and eligible to procure Applications from Applicants.
Registrar Agreement	Agreement dated July 28, 2022 entered into between our Company and the Registrar to the Issue, in relation to the responsibilities and obligations of the Registrar to the Issue pertaining to the Issue.
Registrar to the Issue/ Registrar	Link Intime India Private Limited.
Resident Individual	An individual who is a person resident in India
Security	The principal amount of the NCDs to be issued in terms of this Draft Shelf Prospectus together with all interest due and payable on the NCDs, thereof shall be secured by way of pari-passu and/or specified charge in favour of the Debenture Trustee on an identified immovable property and/or present and future receivables, book debts, loan and advances and current assets of our company including investments and cash and equivalents created in favour of the Debenture Trustee, as specifically set out in and fully described in the Debenture Trust Deed, except those receivables, present and/or future, specifically and exclusively charged in favour of certain existing charge holders, such that a security cover of at least 100% of the outstanding principal amounts of the NCDs and interest thereon is maintained at all time until the Maturity Date. We have received necessary consents from the relevant debenture trustees and security trustees for ceding pari passu charge in favour of the Debenture Trustee in relation to the NCDs. For further details on date of creation of security/likely date of creation of security, minimum security cover etc., please see "Terms of the Issue" on page 287.
Self-Certified Syndicate	The banks registered with SEBI, offering services in relation to ASBA and UPI, a list
Banks or SCSBs	of which is available on the website of SEBI at https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes for ASBA

Term	Description
	and
	https://sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=40 for UPI, updated from time to time and at such other websites as may be prescribed by
	SEBI from time to time.
Series/ Option	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus.
Shelf Limit	The aggregate limit of the Issue, being ₹50,000 million to be issued under the Shelf
	Prospectus through one or more Tranche Issues.
Shelf Prospectus	The Shelf Prospectus to filed by our Company with the SEBI, BSE, NSE and the RoC
	in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI NCS
	Regulations.
Simplified Listing	The Listing Agreement entered into between our Company and the relevant stock
Agreement	exchange(s) in connection with the listing of the debt securities of our Company.
Specified Cities/ Specified	Bidding Centres where the Members of the Syndicate shall accept Application Forms
Locations	from Applicants a list of which is available on the website of the SEBI at
	https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes and updated from time to time and at such other websites as may be prescribed by SEBI
	from time to time.
Sponsor Bank	The Banker to the Issue registered with SEBI, which has been appointed by our
Sponsor Bank	Company to act as a conduit between the Stock Exchanges and the National Payments
	Corporation of India in order to push the mandate collect requests and / or payment
	instructions of the retail individual investors into the UPI for retail individual investors
	applying through the app/web interface of the Stock Exchange(s) with a facility to block
	funds through UPI Mechanism for application value upto ₹ 5,00,000 and carry out any
	other responsibilities in terms of the SEBI Operational Circular.
Stock Exchange(s)	BSE and NSE.
Syndicate ASBA	Applications through the Syndicate or the Designated Intermediaries.
Syndicate ASBA	ASBA Applications through the Lead Managers, Syndicate Members/Lead Brokers,
Application Locations	brokers or the Trading Members of the Stock Exchanges or the Designated
	Intermediaries.
Syndicate Bidding Centres	Syndicate Bidding Centres established for acceptance of Application Forms.
Syndicate SCSB Branches	In relation to ASBA Applications submitted to a Member of the Syndicate, such
	branches of the SCSBs at the Syndicate ASBA Application Locations named by the
	SCSBs to receive deposits of the Application Forms from the Members of the
	Syndicate, and a list of which is available on
	http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/home/list/5/33/0/0/Recognised Intermediaries or at such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.
Tenor	Please see the section titled " <i>Terms of the Issue</i> " on page 287.
Tier I capital	Tier I capital means owned fund as reduced by investment in shares of other non-
Tier reapitar	banking financial companies and in shares, debentures, bonds, outstanding loans and
	advances including hire purchase and lease finance made to and deposits with
	subsidiaries and companies in the same group exceeding, in aggregate, ten per cent of
	the owned fund; and perpetual debt instruments issued by a non-deposit taking non-
	banking financial company in each year to the extent it does not exceed 15% of the
	aggregate Tier I Capital of such company as on March 31 of the previous accounting
	year.
Tier II capital	Tier-II capital includes the following:
	• preference shares other than those which are compulsorily convertible into equity;
	• revaluation reserves at discounted rate of 55%;
	• general provisions (including that for standard assets) and loss reserves to the
	extent these are not attributable to actual diminution in value or identifiable
	potential loss in any specific asset and are available to meet unexpected losses, to
	the extent of one and one fourth percent of risk weighted assets;
	hybrid debt capital instruments;
	subordinated debt; and
	• perpetual debt instruments issued by a non-deposit taking non-banking financial
	company which is in excess of what qualifies for Tier I Capital,
	to the extent the aggregate does not exceed Tier-I capital.

Term	Description
Trading Members	Intermediaries registered with a Broker under the SEBI (Stock Brokers) Regulations, 1992 and/or with the Stock Exchanges under the applicable byelaws, rules, regulations, guidelines, circulars issued by Stock Exchanges from time to time and duly registered with the Stock Exchange for collection and electronic upload of Application Forms on the electronic application platform provided by the Stock Exchanges.
Tranche Issue	Issue of the NCDs pursuant to the respective Tranche Prospectus.
Transaction Registration Slip or TRS or Acknowledgement Slip	The slip or document issued by the Designated Intermediary to an Applicant as proof of registration of the Application Form.
Tripartite Agreements	Tripartite Agreement dated July 27, 2020 among our Company, the Registrar and CDSL and Tripartite Agreement dated March 11, 2005 among our Company, the Registrar and NSDL.
Transaction Documents	Transaction documents shall mean this Draft Shelf Prospectus, Shelf Prospectus(es) and relevant Tranche Prospectus read with any notices, corrigenda, addenda thereto, Issue Agreement, Registrar Agreement, Debenture Trustee Agreement, Debenture Trust Deed, Tripartite Agreements executed or to be executed by our Company, as the case may be.
"UPI" or "UPI Mechanism"	Unified Payments Interface mechanism in accordance with SEBI Operational Circular as amended from time to time, to block funds for application value upto ₹ 5,00,000 submitted through intermediaries, namely the Registered Stock brokers, Registrar and Transfer Agent and Depository Participants.
UPI ID	Identification created on Unified Payment Interface (UPI) for single-window mobile payment system developed by the NPCI
"UPI Mandate Request" or "Mandate Request"	A request initiated by the Sponsor Bank on the Retail Individual Investor to authorise blocking of funds in the relevant ASBA Account through the UPI mobile app/web interface (using UPI Mechanism) equivalent to the bid amount and subsequent debit of funds in case of allotment.
UPI PIN	Password to authenticate UPI transaction
Web Interface	Web interface developed by Designated Stock Exchange wherein the bid is automatically uploaded onto the Stock Exchanges bidding platform and the amount is blocked using the UPI mechanism.
Wilful Defaulter	Wilful defaulter shall have the same meaning as under regulation (2) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended.
Working Day(s)/ Business Day(s)	Working Day(s) shall mean all days excluding Saturdays and Sundays or a holiday of commercial banks in Mumbai, except with reference to Issue Period, where Working Days shall mean all days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and public holiday in India. Furthermore, for the purpose of post issue period, i.e. period beginning from Issue Closing Date to listing of the NCDs, Working Days shall mean all trading days of Stock Exchange excluding Saturdays, Sundays and bank holidays in Mumbai, as per the SEBI NCS Regulations, however, with reference to payment of interest/redemption amount of NCDs, Working Days shall mean those days wherein the money market is functioning in Mumbai.

Conventional and general terms or abbreviation

Term/Abbreviation	Description/ Full Form
₹ or Rupees or ₹ or Indian	The lawful currency of India
Rupees or INR or Rs.	
ACH	Automated Clearing House
AGM	Annual General Meeting
AIF	An alternative investment fund as defined in and registered with SEBI under the
	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations,
	2012 as amended from time to time
ALCO/ Asset Management	Assets Liability Management Committee
Committee	
ALM	Asset Liability Management
ALM Guidelines	Guidelines for ALM system in relation to NBFCs

Term/Abbreviation	Description/ Full Form				
AML	Anti Money Laundering				
AS	Accounting Standards issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India				
AUM	Assets Under Management				
ASBA	Application Supported by Blocked Amount				
Bankruptcy Code	The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016				
Billion	100,00,00,000 (One hundred crores)				
BSE	BSE Limited				
CAGR	Compounded annual growth rate over a specified period of time of a				
	given value (the year-over-year growth rate)				
CAR	Capital Adequacy Ratio				
CDSL	Central Depository Services (India) Limited				
CEIC	Census Economic Information Centre				
CIN	Corporate Identification Number				
Code of Criminal Procedure/					
CrPC	Code of Chimma Procedure, 1975				
Companies Act/	Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder				
Companies Act, 2013					
CPC	Code of Civil Procedure, 1908				
CRAR / CAR	Capital to Risk-Weighted Assets Ratio/ Capital Adequacy Ratio				
Crore	1,00,00,000 (One hundred lakhs)				
CSR	Corporate Social Responsibility				
Depositories Act	Depositories Act, 1996, as amended read with regulations framed thereunder				
Depository(ies)	CDSL and NSDL				
DIN	Director Identification Number				
DP ID	Depository Participant's Identity Number				
DP/ Depository Participant	Depository Participant as defined under the Depositories Act, 1996				
DRR	Debenture Redemption Reserve				
DSA	Direct Sales Agent				
DT Circular	Circular no. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/CRADT/CIR/P/2020/218 issued by SEBI on November				
	3, 2020, as amended from time to time				
ECS	Electronic Clearing Scheme				
EGM	Extraordinary General Meeting				
ESOP	Employee Stock Option Scheme				
Expected Credit Loss	ExCL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. A credit loss is the difference				
/ExCL	between the cash flows that are due to an entity in accordance with the contract and the				
	cash flows that the entity expects to receive discounted at the original effective interest				
	rate.				
FDI	Foreign Direct Investment				
FDI Policy	The Government policy and the regulations (including the applicable provisions of the				
	Foreign Exchange Management (Transfer or Issue of Security by a Person Resident				
	Outside India) Regulations, 2000) issued by the Government of India prevailing on that				
	date in relation to foreign investments in our Company's sector of business as amended				
	from time to time				
FEMA	Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, as amended				
FEMA Regulations /	FEMA (Non-debt Instruments) Rules, 2019, as amended from time to time				
FEMA20 (R)					
FII	Foreign Institutional Investor(s)				
FPI	Foreign Portfolio Investor as defined and registered under the SEBI (Foreign Portfolio				
Einensiel Veer / EV/	Investors) Regulations, 2019, as amended from time to time.				
Financial Year / FY/	Period of 12 months ended March 31 of that particular year				
Fiscal/ Fiscal Year	First Information Donort				
FIR	First Information Report				
GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles				
GDP	Gross Domestic Product				
GoI or Government	Government of India				

Term/Abbreviation	Description/ Full Form					
Gross NPAs/ GNPAs	Aggregate of receivable from financing business considered as non-performing assets					
22300112120, 0111110	(secured and unsecured which has been shown as part of short term loans and advances					
	and long term loans and advances) and non performing quoted and unquoted credit					
	substitute forming part of stock in trade.					
	Gross NPA is also referred to as GNPAs					
G-Sec	Government Securities					
GST	Goods and Services Tax					
HNI	High Net worth Individual					
HFC	Housing Finance Company					
HUF	Hindu Undivided Family					
ICAI	Institute of Chartered Accountants of India					
IFRS	International Financial Reporting Standards					
IMF	International Monetary Fund					
Income Tax Act or IT Act	Income Tax Act, 1961					
Ind AS	Indian accounting standards (Ind AS) as per Companies (Indian Accounting					
	Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended notified under section 133 of the Act and other					
	relevant provisions of the Act					
India	Republic of India					
IPC	Indian Penal Code, 1860					
IRDAI	Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India					
IT	Information Technology					
ITR	Income Tax Returns					
KYC	Know Your Customer					
KYC Norms	Customer identification procedure for opening of accounts and monitoring transactions					
	of suspicious nature followed by NBFCs for the purpose of reporting it to appropriate					
	authority					
LLP	Limited Liability Partnership					
LLP Act	Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008					
LTV	Loan to value					
MCA	Ministry of Corporate Affairs, GoI					
million	10,00,000 (Ten lakhs)					
MoF	Ministry of Finance, GoI					
Mutual Funds	A mutual fund registered with SEBI under the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.					
NHB	National Housing Bank					
NHB Act	National Housing Bank Act, 1987					
N.I. Act	Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, as amended					
NBFC	Non-Banking Financial Company, as defined under applicable RBI guidelines					
NBFC-ND-SI	Systemically Important Non deposit taking NBFC, regulated by the RBI guidelines					
NEFT	National Electronic Fund Transfer					
NRI or Non-Resident	A person resident outside India, as defined under the FEMA					
Indian						
NSDL	National Securities Depository Limited					
NSE	National Stock Exchange of India Limited					
p.a.	Per annum					
PAN	Permanent Account Number					
PAT	Profit After Tax					
RBI	Reserve Bank of India					
RBI Act	Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 as amended					
RBI Master Directions	Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-					
	Deposit taking and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 dated					
	September 1, 2016, as amended					
RTGS	Real Time Gross Settlement					
SEBI	Securities and Exchange Board of India					
SEBI Act	Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as amended					
SEBI Debt Regulations	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities)					
	Regulations, 2008, as amended and repealed w.e.f. August 16, 2021					

Term/Abbreviation	Description/ Full Form						
SEBI ICDR Regulations	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure						
	Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended						
SEBI LODR Regulations	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure						
	Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended						
SEBI NCS Regulations	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non Convertible						
	Securities) Regulations, 2021						
SEBI Operational Circular	SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/DDHS/P/CIR/2021/613 dated August 10, 2021, as amended						
Stage 1 Assets	Stage 1 Assets includes financial instruments that have not had a significant increase in						
	credit risk since initial recognition or that have low credit risk at the reporting date as						
	defined under Ind AS						
Stage 1 Provision	Stage 1 provision are 12-month ExCL resulting from default events that are pos-						
	within 12 months after the reporting date as defined under Ind AS						
Stage 2 Assets	Stage 2 Assets includes financial instruments that have had a significant increase in						
	credit risk since initial recognition but that do not have objective evidence of						
	impairment as defined under Ind AS						
Stage 2 Provision	Stage 2 provision are life time ExCL resulting from all default events that are possible						
	over the expected life of the financial instrument as defined under Ind AS						
Stage 3 Assets	Stage 3 Assets includes financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at						
	the reporting date as defined under Ind AS						
Stage 3 Provision	Stage 3 provision are life time ExCL resulting from all default events that are possible						
	over the expected life of the financial instrument as defined under Ind AS						

Business/Industry related terms

Term/Abbreviation	Description/ Full Form					
AMC	Asset Management Company					
AUM	Asset Under Management (meaning total adjusted Loans & Advances)					
ECBs	External Commercial Borrowing.					
FCNR	Foreign Currency Non-Resident.					
Hybrid Debt	A capital instrument, which possesses certain characteristics of equity as well as debt					
IFC	Infrastructure Finance Company.					
IRDA	Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority.					
ISO	International Organization for Standardization.					
LIC	Life Insurance Corporation of India					
LTV	Loan to value ratio					
MFI	Microfinance institutions					
MICR	Magnetic Ink Character Recognition.					
MoU	Memorandum of Understanding.					
MSME	Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises					
NPAs	Non-Performing Assets.					
Owned Funds	Paid-up equity capital, preference shares which are compulsorily convertible into					
	equity, free reserves, balance in share premium account; capital reserve representing					
	surplus arising out of sale proceeds of asset, excluding reserves created by revaluation					
	of assets; less accumulated loss balance, book value of intangible assets and deferred					
	revenue expenditure, if any					
RBI	Reserve Bank of India.					
UTI	Unit Trust of India.					
WCDL	Working Capital Demand Loan.					
XIRR	Internal rate of return for irregular cash flows.					
Yield	Ratio of interest income to the daily average of interest earning assets.					

Notwithstanding anything contained herein, capitalised terms that have been defined in the *chapters titled "Capital Structure"*, "Regulations and Policies", "History and Main Objects", "Statement of Tax Benefits", "Our Management", "Financial Indebtedness", "Outstanding Litigation and Defaults" and "Issue Procedure" on pages 56, 168, 136, 77, 142, 188, 235, and 301, respectively will have the meanings ascribed to them in the relevant sections of this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

CERTAIN CONVENTIONS, USE OF FINANCIAL, INDUSTRY AND MARKET DATA AND CURRENCY OF PRESENTATION

Certain Conventions

All references in this Draft Shelf Prospectus to "**India**" are to the Republic of India and its territories and possessions. All references to the Government or State Government are to Government of India, Central or State, as applicable.

Presentation of Financial Information

The current financial year of our Company commences on April 1 and ends on March 31 of the next year, so all references to particular "financial year", "fiscal year" and "fiscal" or "FY", unless stated otherwise, are to the 12 months period ended on March 31 of that year. Our Company's financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 have been prepared in accordance with the Accounting Standards issued by the ICAI specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 3 and/or Rule 7 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 ("Ind AS"). For the purposes of disclosure in this Draft Shelf Prospectus, we have prepared and presented our reformatted Ind AS financial information for the latest Fiscals (in this case, for Fiscal 2022, 2021 and 2020).

The Reformatted Financial Statements are included in this Draft Shelf Prospectus. The examination reports on the Reformatted Financial Statements as issued by our Company's Statutory Auditor, M/s. V. Sankar Aiyar & Co and M/s. Chhajed & Doshi, are included in this Draft Shelf Prospectus in the section titled "*Financial Information*" beginning at page 185.

The Limited Review Financial Results dated July 27, 2022 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind As) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 (as amended for time to time) issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 133 read with Sub-section (1) of section 210A of Companies Act, 2013, as amended and presented in accordance with the requirements of the SEBI LODR Regulations ("Limited Review Financial Results") are included in the Draft Shelf Prospectus.

Unless stated otherwise and unless the context requires otherwise, the financial data used in this Draft Shelf Prospectus is on a consolidated basis.

Further, The Limited Review Financial is not indicative of full year results and are not comparable with annual financial information.

Any discrepancies in the tables included herein between the amounts listed and the totals thereof are due to rounding off.

Unless stated otherwise, macroeconomic and industry data used throughout this Draft Shelf Prospectus has been obtained from publications prepared by providers of industry information, government sources and multilateral institutions. Such publications generally state that the information contained therein has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable but that their accuracy and completeness are not guaranteed and their reliability cannot be assured. Further, the extent to which the market and industry data presented in the Draft Shelf Prospectus is meaningful depends on the readers' familiarity with and understanding of methodologies used in compiling such data.

The methodologies and assumptions may vary widely among different industry sources. There are no standard data gathering methodologies in the industry in which we conduct our business, and methodologies and assumptions may vary widely among different industry sources. Our Company has relied on the "NBFC Report June 2022 update" issued by CRISIL Limited for industry related data that has been disclosed in the Draft Shelf Prospectus. Accordingly, no investment decision should be made solely on the basis of such information. Such data involves risks, uncertainties and numerous assumptions and is subject to change based on various factors, including those disclosed in "Internal Risk Factor no. 31 – "Certain facts and statistics are derived from publications not independently verified by our Company, the Lead Managers or their respective advisors" on page no. 31. While we have compiled, extracted and reproduced data from external sources, including third parties, trade, industry or general publications, we accept responsibility for accurately reproducing such data. However, neither we nor the Lead Managers have independently verified this data and neither we nor the Lead Managers make any representation regarding the accuracy of such data. Similarly, while we believe our internal estimates to be reasonable, such estimates have not been verified by any independent sources and neither we nor the Lead Managers can assure potential investors as to their accuracy.

Entities consolidated during the preparation of financial statements of our Company, during the three years ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and quarter ended June 30, 2022 are as below:

June 30, 2022	Fiscal 2022	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2020					
Subsidiaries								
IIFL Home Finance	IIFL Home Finance	IIFL Home Finance Limited	IIFL Home Finance Limited					
Limited	Limited							
IIFL Samasta	IIFL Samasta Finance	IIFL Samasta Finance Limited						
Finance Limited	Limited (Formerly known	(Formerly known as Samasta						
(Formerly known as	as Samasta Microfinance	Microfinance Limited)	IIFL Samasta Finance					
Samasta	Limited)		Limited (Formerly known as					
Microfinance			Samasta Microfinance					
Limited)			Limited)#					
IIHFL Sales	IIHFL Sales Limited**	-	Clara Developers Private					
Limited**			Limited*					
IIFL Open Fintech	-	-						
Private Limited#			-					
Trust with residual be	enefits							
-	Eminent Trust October	Eminent Trust October 2019						
	2019		Eminent Trust October 2019					
-	Eminent Trust November	Eminent Trust November	Eminent Trust November					
	2019	2019	2019					

^{*}Clara Developers Private Limited ceased to be the subsidiary of the Company with effect from July 27, 2020

#IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited was incorporated on May 17, 2022 as a subsidiary of our Company on account of joint venture between our Company and Open Financial Technologies Private Limited. The Company has made an initial investment of Rs. 5 Crores at the face value of Rs. 10 and made a further investment of Rs. 33.40 Crores at a premium of Rs. 83 per share. Pursuant to this transaction our Company holds 51.02% in IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited.

Currency and Unit of Presentation

In this Draft Shelf Prospectus, references to "₹", "Indian Rupees", "INR", "Rs." and "Rupees" are to the legal currency of India, references to "US\$", "USD", and "U.S. dollars" are to the legal currency of the United States of America, as amended from time to time. Except as stated expressly, for the purposes of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, data will be given in ₹ in million.

Certain figures contained in this Draft Shelf Prospectus, including financial information, have been subject to rounding adjustments. Unless set out otherwise, all figures in decimals, including percentage figures, have been rounded off to two decimal points. In certain instances, (i) the sum or percentage change of such numbers may not conform exactly to the total figure given; and (ii) the sum of the numbers in a column or row in certain tables may not conform exactly to the total figure given for that column or row. Further, any figures sourced from third party industry sources may be rounded off to other than two decimal points to conform to their respective sources.

Industry and Market Data

Any industry and market data used in this Draft Shelf Prospectus consists of estimates based on data reports compiled by Government bodies, professional organizations and analysts, data from other external sources including CRISIL, available in the public domain and knowledge of the markets in which we compete. These publications generally state that the information contained therein has been obtained from publicly available documents from various sources believed to be reliable, but it has not been independently verified by us, its accuracy and completeness is not guaranteed, and its reliability cannot be assured. Although we believe that the industry and market data used in this Draft Shelf Prospectus is reliable, it has not been independently verified by us. The data used in these sources may have been reclassified by us for purposes of presentation. Data from these sources may also not be comparable. The extent to which the industry and market data presented in this Draft Shelf Prospectus is meaningful depends on the reader's familiarity with and understanding of the methodologies used in compiling such data. There are no standard data gathering methodologies in the industry in which we conduct our business and methodologies and assumptions may vary widely among different

^{*}Pursuant to change of name certificate issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), received on September 3, 2021, the name of Subsidiary of the Company is changed from 'Samasta Microfinance Limited' to 'IIFL Samasta Finance Limited' with effect from September 1, 2021.

^{**}IIHFL Sales Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of IIFL Home Finance Limited which is a wholly owned subsidiary of our Company.

market and industry sources.

Exchange Rates

The exchange rates (in ₹) of the USD for the respective dates are provided below:

Currency		June 30, 2022	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	
	USD	78.94	75.81	73.50	75.39	

Source: www.rbi.org.in and www.fbil.org.in.

In the event that March 31 or June 30 of any of the respective years is a public holiday, the previous working day not being a public holiday has been considered.

Further, in case of specific provision in the loan agreement for a rate other than the RBI rate, the rate has been taken as prescribed as in the respective loan agreement.

In this Draft Shelf Prospectus, any discrepancy in any table between total and the sum of the amounts listed are due to rounding off.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained in this Draft Shelf Prospectus that are not statements of historical fact constitute "forward-looking statements". Investors can generally identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "aim", "anticipate", "believe", "continue", "could", "estimate", "expect", "intend", "may", "objective", "plan", "potential", "project", "pursue", "shall", "seek", "should", "will", "would", or other words or phrases of similar import. Similarly, statements that describe our strategies, objectives, plans or goals are also forward-looking statements. All statements regarding our expected financial conditions, results of operations, business plans and prospects are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include statements as to our business strategy, revenue and profitability, new business and other matters discussed in this Draft Shelf Prospectus that are not historical facts. All statements contained in this Draft Shelf Prospectus that are not statements of historical fact constitute "forward-looking statements" and are not forecasts or projections relating to our Company's financial performance. All forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions about us that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by the relevant forward-looking statement. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations include, among others:

- Any increase in the levels of non-performing assets ("NPA") on our loan portfolio, for any reason; whatsoever, would adversely affect our business and results of operations;
- Any volatility in interest rates which could cause our gross spreads to decline and consequently affect our profitability;
- Unanticipated turbulence in interest rates or other rates or prices;
- Performance of the financial and capital markets in India and globally;
- Changes in the value of Rupee and other currency changes;
- Rate of growth of our Loan Book;
- Changes in Indian and/or foreign laws and regulations, including tax, accounting, banking, securities, insurance and other regulations; changes in competition and the pricing environment in India; and regional or general changes in asset valuations;
- Our inability to sustain growth or manage it effectively;
- Our inability to successfully diversify our portfolio;
- Any disruption in our sources of funding;
- Our inability to obtain or maintain statutory or regulatory approvals and licenses for conducting our business:
- Performance of, and the prevailing conditions affecting, the real estate market in India;
- Certain risks related to the microfinance industry in India due to the category of borrowers that it services; which are not generally associated with other forms of lending;
- Volatility in gold prices which may affect the value of collateral held with us.
- other factors discussed in this Draft Shelf Prospectus, including under the section titled "Risk Factors" on page 18.

Additional factors that could cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially include, but are not limited to, those discussed in the chapters titled "Our Business", "Risk Factors" and "Outstanding Litigations" on pages 108, 18 and 235, respectively. The forward-looking statements contained in this Draft Shelf Prospectus are based on the beliefs of management, as well as the assumptions made by, and information currently available to management. Although our Company believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable as of the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, our Company cannot assure investors that such expectations will prove to be correct. Given these uncertainties, investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. If any of these risks and uncertainties materialize, or if any of our underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, our actual results of operations or financial condition could differ materially from that described herein as anticipated, believed, estimated or expected. All subsequent forward-looking statements attributable to us are expressly qualified in their entirety by reference to these cautionary statements.

By their nature, certain market risk disclosures are only estimate(s) and could be materially different from what actually occurs in the future. As a result, actual future gains or losses could materially differ from those that have been estimated. Neither our Company, its Directors and its officers, nor any of their respective affiliates or associates, Lead Managers nor any of its Directors and its officers have any obligation to update or otherwise revise any statements reflecting circumstances arising after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of underlying events, even if the underlying assumptions do not come to fruition. In accordance with the SEBI NCS Regulations, our Company, the Lead Managers will ensure that investors in India are informed of material developments until the time of the grant of listing and trading permission by the Stock Exchanges.

SECTION II - RISK FACTORS

An investment in this type of security involves a certain degree of risk. The investor should carefully consider all the information contained in this Draft Shelf Prospectus, including the risks and uncertainties described below, before making an investment decision. The risk factors set forth below do not purport to be complete or comprehensive in terms of all the risks that may arise in connection with our business or any decision to purchase, own or dispose of the Debentures. Additional risks, which are currently unknown, if materialises, may in the future have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. The market prices of the NCDs could decline due to such risks and you may lose all or part of your investment.

Unless specified or quantified in the relevant risk factors below, we are not in a position to quantify the financial or other implication of any of the risks described in this section. This Draft Shelf Prospectus also contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including events described below and elsewhere in this Draft Shelf Prospectus. Unless otherwise stated, the financial information used in this section is derived from and should be read in conjunction with Reformatted Financial Statements as included in this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

Internal Risks

1. We are subjected to supervision and regulation by the RBI as a systemically important NBFC, and changes in RBI's regulations governing us could adversely affect our business.

Being an NBFC, the operations of the Company are subject to various regulations prescribed by the RBI and other statutory authorities including regulations relating to foreign investment in India. Pursuant to the Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 vide its circular DNBR. PD. 008/03.10.119/2016-17 dated September 1, 2016 (Updated as on July 22, 2022) as amended from time to time, the Company has been classified as a Systemically Important Non Deposit Accepting NBFC. Pursuant to the aforesaid circular, among other things, NBFCs will be required to consider a loan as non-performing asset if it is overdue for more than 90 days than the earlier norm of 180 days overdue for loans. The Company is required to maintain a CAR of 15% besides complying with other Prudential Norms, directions and the requirements under the revised regulatory framework. Further, RBI has by way of circular dated June 24, 2021 has capped the dividend pay-out ratios for NBFCs and has laid out minimum prudential guidelines for NBFCs to be eligible for declaring and paying out dividends. Restrictions as laid out by RBI may restrict our Company to pay out dividend to its shareholders. Compliance with many of the regulations applicable to the Company across jurisdictions including any restrictions on investments and other activities currently being carried out by the Company involve a number of risks, particularly in areas where applicable regulations may be subject to varying interpretations. If the interpretation of the regulators and authorities varies from our interpretation, we may be subject to penalties and the business of the Company could be adversely affected. Further, the RBI's may amend regulations/ guidelines applicable to NBFCs in future which may require us to restructure our activities, incur additional cost or could otherwise adversely affect our business and our financial performance.

While the RBI has not provided for any restriction on interest rates that can be charged by non-deposit taking NBFCs (other than NBFC-MFIs) but there can be no assurance that the RBI and/or the Government will not implement regulations or policies, including policies or regulations or legal interpretations of existing regulations, relating to or affecting interest rates, taxation, inflation or exchange controls, or otherwise take action, that could have an adverse effect on non-deposit taking NBFCs. In addition, there can be no assurance that any changes in the laws and regulations relative to the Indian financial services industry will not adversely impact our business. We work in a regulated environment and we cannot predict any restrictions that may be placed by the regulator with respect to interest that is to be charged to our customers in future. There can be no assurance that any changes in the laws and regulations relative to the Indian financial services industry will not adversely impact our business.

2. Our Company, Directors, Promoters, and group companies are involved in certain legal and other proceedings. Any final judgment awarding material damages against us could have a material adverse impact on our future financial performance, business and our operations.

We or our directors or officers, are often involved in litigations (including civil or criminal) for a variety of reasons, which generally arise because we seek to recover our dues from borrowers or because customers seek claims against us. The majority of these cases arise in the normal course of business and we believe, based on the facts of the cases and consultation with counsel, that these cases generally do not involve the risk of a material adverse impact on our financial performance or stockholders' equity. We estimate the probability of losses that may be incurred in connection with legal

and regulatory proceedings as of the date on which our standalone and consolidated financial statements are prepared. We recognize a provision when we have a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. We determine the amount of provision based on our estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date, supplemented by our experience in similar situations. We review provisions at each balance sheet date and adjust them to reflect current estimates. In cases where the available information indicates that a loss is reasonably possible but the amount of such loss cannot be reasonably estimated, we make a disclosure to this effect in the standalone and consolidated financial statements. In certain instances, present and former employees have instituted legal and other proceedings against us alleging irregularities. When there is only a remote risk of loss, we do not recognize a provision nor do we include a disclosure in the standalone and consolidated financial statements.

There can be no assurance that a significant portion of these disputes will not be determined against our Company or that our Company will not be required to pay all or a portion of the disputed amounts or that it will be able to recover amounts for which our Company has filed recovery proceedings. In addition, even if our Company is successful in defending such cases, it will be subject to legal and other costs relating to defending such litigation, and such costs may be substantial. Further, there can be no assurance that similar proceedings will not be initiated against our Company in the future.

For further details in relation to legal proceedings, please see "Outstanding Litigations" on page 235.

3. Our Company's inability to recover the amounts due from customers to whom it has provided secured and unsecured loans in a timely manner, or at all, and its full collateral and its customers' failure to comply with applicable statutory or regulatory requirements in relation to such loans could adversely affect our Company's operations and profitability.

Our Company's Loan Book, as on June 30, 2022, is ₹ 3,43,430.69 million which includes secured loans constituting 77.37% and unsecured loans constituting 22.63% of our Company's Loan Book. Substantial portion of our Company's Loan Book is secure in nature and the value of collateral that we collect is dependent on various factors, including (i) prevailing market conditions, (ii) the general economic and political conditions in India, (iii) growth real estate sector in India and the areas in which our Company operates, and (iv) any change in statutory and/or regulatory requirements; (v) fluctuation in gold prices. We maintain loan-to-value on the basis of the products being offered and product specific LTVs vary from case to case. In the event our borrowers default on the repayment of loans, we may not be able to realize the full value of the collateral due to various reasons, including a possible decline in the realizable value of the collateral, defective title as security, prolonged legal proceedings, unavailability of a ready market and fraudulent actions by borrowers, or we may not be able to foreclose on collateral at all. Further, certain kinds of loans that are advanced by us are not secured by any assets. In India, foreclosure on collateral may be subject to delays and administrative requirements that may result, or be accompanied by, a decrease in the value of the collateral. Foreclosure on collateral generally requires a written petition to an Indian court or tribunal, any proceedings brought may be subject to delays and administrative requirements that may result in, or be accompanied by, a decrease in the value of the collateral.

A decline in the value of the security could impair our ability to realize the secured assets upon any foreclosure, which may require us to increase our provision for loan losses. In the event of a default with respect to any of these loans, the amounts we receive upon sale of the secured assets may be insufficient to recover the outstanding principal and interest on the loan. If we are required to re-value the assets securing a loan to satisfy the debt during a period of reduced asset values or to increase our allowance for loan losses, our profitability could be adversely affected, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

The remaining portion of the Company's Loan Book is unsecured and in the event of defaults by such customers, our Company's ability to realise the amounts due to it from the loans would be restricted to initiating legal proceedings for recovery as our Company will not have the benefit of enforcing any security interest. There can be no guarantee as to the length of time it could take to conclude such legal proceedings or for the legal proceedings to result in a favourable decision for our Company.

4. As an NBFC, non-compliance with the RBI's observations made during its periodic inspections could expose us to penalties and restrictions.

Inspection by the RBI is a regular exercise and is carried out periodically by the RBI for all NBFCs registered with it under the RBI Act. Our Company, being an NBFC-ND-SI, is subject to periodic inspection by the RBI under the provisions of the RBI Act, 1934 (the "**RBI Act**"), pursuant to which the RBI inspects the books of accounts of our Company and other records. The RBI in its earlier inspection report of India Infoline Finance Limited (merged NBFC of IIFL Finance Limited) for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019 made certain observations during the inspection which,

among other things, were related to diminution in the value of the property, requirement of strengthening present gold loan disbursement systems and processes to mitigate the risk of lending to existing delinquent customers, high dependence on manual intervention on important aspects of loan management, incorrect tagging of complaints as queries/requests, delay in creation of charge by filing form CHG-1, requirement of further strengthening IT systems and training of staff etc. Our Company, vide its letters, has responded to the RBI concerning its observations and has provided information and clarifications sought by the RBI. The observations were pursuant to routine inspections of the RBI. Further, after conducting annual onsite inspection for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020, RBI through its letters /DoS.SED.No.SUO-49355.01.006/2021-22 dated May 31, 2021 and /DoS.SED.No.SUO-50819/06.01.006/2021-22 dated June 3, 2021, released its Risk Assessment Report and Inspection Report regarding our Company. We have submitted our response to these reports on August 2, 2021. Further, RBI, vide its letter CO.DOS.SED.No. S2444/73-01-001/2022-2023 dated July 14, 2022 issued inspection report pertaining to the inspection for fiscal year ended March 31, 2021 in the form of Risk Assessment report (RAR) and Inspection report (IR) and has made certain observations regarding credit policy and appraisal and recovery process while dealing with NPA accounts. RBI has also recommended certain practices which, among other things, related to recording of date of commencement of commercial operations ("DCCO") and non-classification of non-performing assets under NDSI Master Directions dated September 1, 2016, approval to be obtained from audit committee of Board for management overlays, etc.

Our Company is in the process of replying to the observations mentioned in the RBI Inspection report and placing it in the ensuing Board meeting. Any adverse action taken by the RBI pursuant to such inspections, or non-compliance by our Company with the RBI's observations, could materially and adversely affect our Company's business and operations.

5. There are outstanding legal proceedings against our group companies, if determined, could have a material adverse impact on our business, results of operations and financial conditions.

There are certain outstanding legal proceedings against our group companies pending at various levels of adjudication before courts, tribunals, authorities and appellate bodies. There can be no assurance that these legal proceeding will be decided in favour of our group companies. Decisions in any of such proceedings adverse to our interests may have a material adverse effect on our business, future financial performance and results of operations. If the courts or tribunals rule against our group companies, we may face monetary and/ or reputational losses. Furthermore, we may also not be able to quantify all the claims in which our group companies are involved.

"IIFL" is a well-established brand among retail, institutional and corporate investors in India and we believe we have benefited extensively from the brand. We also derive substantial benefit from synergies and cross-selling opportunities generated between our company and entities within IIFL group. As a result, our company's reputation and brand may be affected by any regulatory orders alleging non-compliance by other entities within the IIFL group with laws and regulations.

In particular, our associate company, IIFL Commodities Limited has been the subject of investigations conducted by regulatory authorities in India in connection with allegations of breaches of the Forward Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1952, false representation in respect of assured/risk free returns, failure to report suspicious transactions and failure to ensure proper segregation of assets, involving the now defunct National Spot Exchange Limited ("**NSEL Case**"). As a result of such investigations, the Economic Offences Wing of the Mumbai police filed a charge-sheet on April 26, 2019 before the Special Sessions Court, MPID, Mumbai against IIFL Commodities Limited, including Mr. Chintan Modi, one of the Directors of IIFL Commodities Limited. The matter is currently pending for hearing.

There can be no assurance that the authorities may not take further action against IIFL Commodities Limited in connection with the NSEL Case. IIFL Commodities Limited was a wholly owned subsidiary of IIFL Finance Limited but following the demerger of IIFL Securities Limited pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement, IIFL Commodities Limited is now a wholly owned subsidiary of IIFL Securities Limited and no longer a subsidiary of the IIFL Finance Limited.

6. Our Company (including certain members of our Promoters, Promoter Group, Directors and Employees) are involved in various legal, regulatory and other proceedings which could have an adverse impact on our business and reputation.

SEBI has by way of a letter dated June 7, 2022 ("Letter") directed us to provide certain specific information and documents with respect to suspected insider trading activities, including (amongst others) (a) chronology of events in relation to declaration of financial results for the period ended December 31, 2020 on January 29, 2021; (b) details of all persons who were involved in the process of/ having access to unpublished price sensitive information vis-a-vis the aforesaid financial results; (c) all relevant documentary evidence with respect to communications with members of board

of directors for the period August 31, 2020 to May 3, 2021; (d) details of all on market and off market trades undertaken by the directors, promoters, key managerial personnel, compliance officer of the Company and their family members during the period August 31, 2020 to May 3, 2021; (e) relationship of Company and/or any of its Promoters/ Directors/ employees or any other person with the entities as mentioned in the letter issued by SEBI, etc. Each of these requests were responded by our Company to SEBI.

As on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, the Company and/or any of its Promoters/ Directors/ employees or group companies or key managerial personnel, compliance officer of the Company and their family members or any other person ("Relevant Entities") have not received any further communication from SEBI and no proceedings have been initiated against them by SEBI in relation to the Letter. However, SEBI may pursuant to the investigation, initiate regulatory proceedings against such entities or persons and may impose fines or penalties If Relevant Entities receive similar directions / request in the future or in case any proceedings are initiated or adversely determined against them, it could have an adverse impact on such Relevant Entities including cost implications, loss of reputation and diversion of management's attention or other recourses. Further, please see "Risk Factor 34" We are dependent on IIFL group, for our clientele, goodwill that we enjoy in the industry and our brand name and any factor affecting the business and reputation of IIFL group may have a concurrent adverse effect on our business and results of operations." on page 32.

7. High levels of customer defaults and the resultant non-performing assets could adversely affect our Company's business, financial condition, results of operations and future financial performance.

Our Company's business involves lending money and accordingly, our Company is subject to risks of customer default which includes default or delays in repayment of principal and/or interest on the loans our Company provides to its customers. Customers may default on their obligations as a result of various factors, including certain external factors which may not be within our Company's control such as developments in the Indian economy and the real estate market, movements in global markets, changes in interest rates and changes in regulations. Customers could also be adversely affected by factors such as, bankruptcy, lack of liquidity, lack of business and operational failure. If customers fail to repay loans in a timely manner or at all, our Company's financial condition and results of operations will be adversely impacted. To the extent our Company is not able to successfully manage the risks associated with lending to these customers, it may become difficult for our Company to make recoveries on these loans. In addition, our Company may experience higher delinquency rates due to prolonged adverse economic conditions or a sharp increase in interest rates. An increase in delinquency rates could result in a reduction in our Company's total interest income (i.e., our Company's accrued interest income from loans, including any interest income from credit substitutes) and as a result, lower revenue from its operations, while increasing costs as a result of the increased expenses required to service and collect delinquent loans, and make loan loss provisions as per applicable laws. Our Company may also be required to make additional provisions in respect of loans to such customers in accordance with applicable regulations and, in certain cases, may be required to write-off such loans.

8. Our financial performances are particularly vulnerable to interest rate risk and volatility in interest rates could adversely affect our net interest margin, the value of our fixed income portfolio, our income from treasury operations, the quality of our loan portfolio and our financial performance.

Our Company's financial performance is substantially dependent upon the level of its net interest margins. As at June 30, 2022, March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020, on a standalone basis, our Loan Book stood at ₹1,27,191.54 million, ₹ 126,250.65 million, ₹ 146,402.49 million and ₹ 131,194.45 million, respectively and our assets under management were ₹2,15,226.31 million, ₹ 211,085.72 million, ₹ 191,987.71 million, and ₹ 160,565.60 million, respectively.

For the three months ended June 30, 2022 and Fiscal years ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020, our revenue from operations on a standalone basis was ₹9,634.50 million, ₹ 40,623.09 million, ₹ 33,972.68 million and ₹ 26,496.21 million, respectively, whereas our total comprehensive income was ₹1,509.47 million, ₹ 7,356.29 million, ₹ 3,214.70 million and ₹ 1,463.17 million, respectively.

As a result of certain reserve requirements of the Reserve Bank of India applicable to non-banking financial companies, we are structurally exposed to interest rate risk than other corporates. These requirements result in our maintaining a portfolio of fixed income government of India securities, and we could be materially adversely impacted by a rise in interest rates, especially if the rise were sudden or sharp. Realized and marked-to-market gains or losses on investments in fixed income securities, including government of India securities, are an important element of our profitability and are impacted by movements in market yields. If the yield on our interest-earning assets does not increase at the same time or to the same extent as our cost of funds, or if our cost of funds does not decline at the same time or to the same extent as the decrease in yield on our interest-earning assets, our net interest income and net interest margin would be adversely

impacted. Further, any tightening of liquidity and volatility in markets may limit our access to capital markets and result in an increase in our cost of funding. Continued volatility in international markets could also constrain and increase the cost of our borrowings and our ability to replace maturing borrowings and fund new assets.

Furthermore, we are also exposed to interest rate risks as a result of lending to customers at fixed/ floating interest rates and in amounts and for periods which may differ from our funding sources. While we seek to match our interest rate positions to minimise interest rate risk, we are unable to assure you that significant variation in interest rates will not have an effect on our results of operations. Moreover, volatility in interest rates is sensitive to factors which are beyond our control, including the monetary policies of the RBI, deregulation of the financial sector in India, domestic and international economic and political conditions, inflation and other such considerations. In a rising interest rate environment, if the yield on our interest-earning assets does not increase simultaneously with or to the same extent as our cost of funds, or, in a declining interest rate environment, if our cost of funds does not decline simultaneously or to the same extent as the yield on our interest-earning assets, our net interest income and net interest margin would be adversely impacted and the same would adversely affect our business and results of operations.

9. We may not be able to successfully sustain our growth plans.

In recent years, we have experienced steady growth. Our growth plan includes growing our secured lending and expanding our retail customer base through strategic business alliances and marketing initiatives, expanding and diversifying our loan product portfolio, growing our operations and network across the country and expanding our customer base across various business verticals in India. However, there can be no assurance that we will be able to sustain our growth plan successfully or that we will be able to expand further or diversify our product portfolio. If we grow our Loan Book too rapidly or fail to make proper assessments of credit risks associated with new borrowers, a higher percentage of our loans may become non-performing, which would have a negative impact on the quality of our assets and our financial condition.

We also face a number of operational risks in executing our growth strategy. Our Company has experienced growth in our mortgage loans and gold loans businesses; our branch network has expanded significantly as part of our growth strategy. Our rapid growth exposes us to a wide range of increased risks, including business and operational risks, such as the possibility of growth of NPAs, fraud risks and regulatory and legal risks.

Our ability to sustain our rate of growth also significantly depends upon our ability to recruit trained and efficient personnel and retain key managerial personnel, maintain effective risk management policies, continuing to offer products which are relevant to our target base of clients, developing managerial experience to address emerging challenges and ensuring a high standard of client service. We will need to recruit new employees, who will have to be trained and integrated into our operations. We will also have to train existing employees to adhere properly to internal controls and risk management procedures. Failure to train our employees properly may result in an increase in employee attrition rates, erode the quality of customer service, divert management resources, increase our exposure to high-risk credit and impose significant costs on us.

Further, a principal component of our strategy is to continue to grow by expanding the size and geographical scope of our businesses, as well as the development of our business streams viz. mortgage loans, construction and real estate finance, small & medium enterprise loans, gold loans, microfinance and home Loans. This growth strategy will place significant demands on our management, financial and other resources. It will require us to continuously develop and improve our operational, financial and internal controls. Any inability on our part to manage such growth could disrupt our business prospects, impact our financial condition and adversely affect our results of operations.

10. Our statutory auditors have highlighted certain emphasis of matters to their audit reports relating to our audited financial statements, which may affect our future financial results.

Our statutory auditors have highlighted certain emphasis of matters to their audit opinion/relating to our audited financial statements, and Limited Review Financial Results for the three months period ended June 30, 2022 as mentioned below:

Auditor remarks				
Emphasis of matter in Unaudited Standalone Financial Results:				
NIL				
_				

Financial	Auditor remarks				
year ended	Emphasis of matter in Unaudited Consolidated Financial Results:				
March 31,	NIL Emphasis of matter in consolidated financial statements:				
2022	The auditors have drawn attention to Note 8.3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, which fully describes that the Company has recognised impairment on financial assets to reflect the business impact and uncertainties arising from the COVID 19 pandemic. Such estimates are based on current facts and circumstances and may not necessarily reflect the future uncertainties and events arising from the full impact of the COVID 19 pandemic.				
	The auditors have not modified their opinion in respect of these matters.				
	Emphasis of matter in standalone financial statements:				
	We draw attention to Note 8.3 to the Standalone Financial Statements, which fully describes that the Company has recognised impairment on financial assets to reflect the business impact and uncertainties arising from the COVID 19 pandemic. Such estimates are based on current facts and circumstances and may not necessarily reflect the future uncertainties and events arising from the full impact of the COVID 19 pandemic.				
	The auditors have not modified their opinion in respect of these matters.				
March 31, 2021	Emphasis of matter in consolidated financial statements:				
	The auditors have drawn attention to Note 8.3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, which fully describes that the Company has recognised impairment on financial assets to reflect the business impact and uncertainties arising from the COVID 19 pandemic. Such estimates are based on current facts and circumstances and may not necessarily reflect the future uncertainties and events arising from the full impact of the COVID 19 pandemic.				
	The auditors have not modified their opinion in respect of these matters.				
	Emphasis of matter in standalone financial statements:				
	The auditors have drawn attention to Note 8.3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, which fully describes that the Company has recognised impairment on financial assets to reflect the business impact and uncertainties arising from the COVID 19 pandemic. Such estimates are based on current facts and circumstances and may not necessarily reflect the future uncertainties and events arising from the full impact of the COVID 19 pandemic.				
	The auditors have not modified their opinion in respect of these matters.				
March 31, 2020	Emphasis of matter in standalone financial statements:				
	The auditors have drawn attention to Note 38 of the standalone financial statements which describes the reasons for implementation of the composite scheme of arrangement amongst the Company, India Infoline Media and Research Services Limited, IIFL Securities Limited, IIFL Wealth Management Limited, India Infoline Finance Limited and IIFL Distribution Services Limited, and their respective shareholders, under Sections 230 - 232 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Scheme"), in Parts, based on the legal opinion obtained by the Company. The Scheme has been approved by the National Company Law Tribunal vide its order dated March 07, 2019 and filed with the Registrar of Companies on April 11, 2019.				
	Subsequent to the receipt of certificate of registration by the Company for carrying on business of non-banking financial institution from the Reserve bank of India on March 11, 2020, the said Scheme has been refiled with Registrar of Companies on March 30, 2020 to give effect to the final part of the				

Financial	Auditor remarks
year ended	Scheme.
	Scheme.
	The auditors have not modified their opinion in respect of these matters.
	The auditors have drawn attention to Note 8.3 of the standalone financial statements, which fully describes that the Company has recognised impairment on financial assets to reflect the business impact and uncertainties arising from the COVID 19 pandemic. Such estimates are based on current facts and circumstances and may not necessarily reflect the future uncertainties and events arising from the full impact of the COVID 19 pandemic.
	The auditors have not modified their opinion in respect of these matters.
	Emphasis of matter in consolidated financial statements:
	The auditors have drawn attention to Note 41 of the consolidated financial statements which describes the reasons for implementation of the composite scheme of arrangement amongst the Holding Company, India Infoline Media and Research Services Limited, IIFL Securities Limited, IIFL Wealth Management Limited, India Infoline Finance Limited and IIFL Distribution Services Limited, and their respective shareholders, under Sections 230 - 232 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Scheme"), in Parts, based on the legal opinion obtained by the Company. The Scheme has been approved by the National Company Law Tribunal vide its order dated March 07, 2019 and filed with the Registrar of Companies on April 11, 2019.
	Subsequent to the receipt of certificate of registration by the Holding Company for carrying on business of non-banking financial institution from the Reserve bank of India on March 11, 2020, the said Scheme has been refiled with Registrar of Companies on March 30, 2020 to give effect to the final part of the Scheme.
	The auditors have not modified their opinion in respect of these matters.
	The auditors have drawn attention to Note 8.3 of the consolidated financial statements, which fully describes that the Group has recognised impairment on financial assets to reflect the business impact and uncertainties arising from the COVID 19 pandemic.
	The auditors have not modified their opinion in respect of these matters.

For further details, in relation to the emphasis of matter, etc. please see "Financial Information" on page 185. There can be no assurance that our statutory auditors will not include further matters of emphasis or other similar comments in the audit reports to our audited financial statements in the future, or that such remarks or matters of emphasis will not affect our financial results in future fiscal periods. Investors should consider the matters of emphasis and remark in evaluating our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Any such matter of emphasis or remark in the auditors' report on our financial statements in the future may also adversely affect the trading price of the NCDs.

11. Our business requires substantial capital, and any disruption in funding sources would have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and financial condition.

Our Company's liquidity and ongoing profitability are, to a large extent, dependent upon its timely access to, and the costs associated with, raising capital. Our funding requirements historically have been met from various sources, including shareholder funding, term loans, working capital limits from banks, issuance of commercial papers and non-convertible debentures, cash credit facilities from banks and inter-corporate deposits. Thus, our Company's business growth, liquidity and profitability depends and will continue to depend on its ability to access diversified, relatively stable and low-cost funding sources as well as our Company's financial performance, capital adequacy levels, credit ratings and relationships with lenders. Any adverse developments or changes in applicable laws and regulations which limit our Company's ability to raise funds through issuance of non-convertible debentures can disrupt its sources of funding and as a consequence, could have a material adverse effect on our Company's liquidity and financial condition.

Our Company's ability to borrow funds and refinance existing debt may also be affected by a variety of factors, including

liquidity in the markets, the strength of the lenders from which our Company borrows, the amount of eligible collateral and accounting changes that may impact calculations of covenants in our Company's financing agreements. An event of default, a significant negative ratings action by a rating agency, an adverse action by a regulatory authority or a general deterioration in prevailing economic conditions that constricts the availability of credit may increase our Company's cost of funds and make it difficult for our Company to access financing in a cost-effective manner. A disruption in sources of funds or increase in cost of funds as a result of any of these factors may have a material adverse effect on our Company's liquidity and financial condition

12. Our ability to borrow from various banks may be restricted on account of guidelines issued by the RBI imposing restrictions on banks in relation to their exposure to NBFCs which could have an impact on our business and could affect our growth, margins and business operations.

The RBI vide its Circular DBR.No.BP.BC.43/ 21.01.003/2016-17 dated December 1, 2016 and Circular DBR.No.BP.BC.31/21.01.003/2018-19 dated April 1, 2019 and circular No. DBR.No.BP.BC.43/21.01.003/2018-19 dated June 3, 2019 as amended from time to time, has amended the regulatory framework governing banks to address concerns arising from divergent regulatory requirements for banks and NBFCs. These Circulars restricts bank's exposures to a single NBFC to 15 percent of their eligible capital base and to a group of connected NBFCs or group of connected counterparties having NBFCs in the group to 25 percent of their Tier I Capital. In September 2019, the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) again increased a banks exposure limit to a single NBFC from 15% to 20% of its Tier-I capital. On May 23, 2020, the exposure to a group of connected NBFCs or group of connected counterparties having NBFCs in the group was increased from 25% to 30% of their Tier I Capital as a one-time measure due to covid-19 and the increased limit is applicable upto June 30, 2021. In terms of RBI circular DOR.CRE.REC.24/21.01.003/2022-23 dated April 19, 2022, RBI has prescribed Large exposure framework for NBFC in upper layer.

Furthermore, RBI has suggested that banks may consider fixing internal limits for their aggregate exposure to all NBFCs combined. Since these circulars limit a bank's exposure to NBFCs, the same consequently restricts our ability to borrow from banks.

Further, as per the extant guidelines by RBI, it has now been decided that rated exposures of banks to all NBFCs (including our Company), excluding Core Investment Companies (CICs), would be risk-weighted as per the ratings assigned by the accredited rating agencies, in a manner similar to that for corporates.

These circulars could affect our business and any similar notifications released by the RBI in the future, which has a similar impact on our business could affect our growth, margins and business operations.

13. Our Company's inability to obtain, renew or maintain the statutory and regulatory permits and approvals which are required to operate its existing or future businesses may have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition and results of operations.

NBFCs in India are subject to regulations and supervision by the RBI. In addition to the numerous conditions required for the registration as an NBFC with the RBI, our Company is also required to comply with certain other regulatory requirements for its business imposed by the RBI. In the future, there could be circumstances where our Company may be required to renew applicable permits and approvals, including its registration as an NBFC-ND-SI and obtain new permits and approvals for its current and any proposed operations or in the event of a change in applicable law and regulations. There can be no assurance that RBI or other relevant authorities will issue any such permits or approvals in the timeframe anticipated by our Company, or at all. Failure by our Company to renew, maintain or obtain the required permits or approvals may result in an interruption of its operations and may have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition and results of operation. In addition, our branches are required to be registered under the relevant shops and establishments laws of the states in which they are located. The shops and establishment laws regulate various employment conditions, including working hours, holidays and leave and overtime compensation. If we fail to obtain or retain any of these approvals or licenses, or renewals thereof, in a timely manner, or at all, our business may be adversely affected. If we fail to comply, or a regulator claims we have not complied, with any of these conditions, our certificate of registration may be suspended or cancelled and we shall not be able to carry on such activities.

14. Our Company's business is dependent on relationships established through its branches with its clients. Any events that harm these relationships including closure of branches or the loss of our Company's key personnel or employees may lead to a decline in our Company's revenue and profits. Further, our Company's results of operations could be adversely affected in the event of any disputes with its employees.

Our Company's business is dependent on the key personnel and employees who directly manage client relationships. Our Company encourages dedicated personnel to service specific clients since our Company believes that this leads to long-term client relationships, a trust based business environment and over time, better cross-selling opportunities. While no key personnel or employees contribute a significant percentage of the business, the business may suffer materially if a substantial number of them either becomes ineffective or leaves the organisation. As a result, there may be an adverse effect on our Company's business and profits. While our Company believes that our Company maintains good relationships with its employees, there can be no assurance that our Company will not experience future disruptions to its operations due to disputes or other problems with its work force which may adversely affect our Company's business and results of operations.

15. As on June 30, 2022, our Company's (on a standalone basis) top 20 borrowers represented 18.70% of our total advances. Our inability to maintain relationships with these customers or any payment default by or credit losses of these customers could materially and adversely affect our business, future financial performance and results of operations.

As on March 31, 2022, our Company's top 20 borrowers accounted for 18.70% of our total advances on a standalone basis. Our business and results of operations will be adversely affected if we are unable to maintain or further develop relationships with such significant customers. There can be no assurance that we will be able to maintain the historic levels of business from such significant customers. Further, in the event we lose any such significant customer, we cannot assure that we will be able to replace them, which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations. Our business and results of operations depend upon the timely repayment of the interest and principal from our significant customers. We cannot assure you that we will not experience delays in servicing of the loan advanced or that we will be able to recover the interest and the principal amount of the loan. Any such delay or default will adversely affect our income from operations and consequently, our profitability. In case we are unable to recover the full amount of principal and interest or any part of thereof, and the collateral is not sufficient to recover the full amount, our financial condition may be adversely affected.

16. The value of our collateral may decrease or we may experience delays in enforcing our collateral when borrowers default on their obligations to us which may result in failure to recover the expected value of collateral security exposing us to a potential loss.

A substantial portion of our loans to our customers is secured by collateral. Changes in asset prices may cause the value of our collateral to decline, and we may not be able to realize the full value of our collateral as a result of delays in bankruptcy and foreclosure proceedings, delays in the creation of security interests, defects or deficiencies in the perfection of collateral (including due to inability to obtain approvals that may be required from various persons, agencies or authorities), fraudulent transfers by borrowers and other factors, including depreciation in the value of the collateral and illiquid market for disposal of and volatility in the market prices for the collateral, current legislative provisions or changes thereto and past or future judicial pronouncements. Foreclosure on collateral consisting of property can be undertaken directly by lenders by fulfilling certain procedures and requirements (unless challenged in courts of law) or otherwise by a written petition to an Indian court or tribunal. An application, when made (or a legal challenge to the foreclosure undertaken directly), may be subject to delays or administrative requirements that may result in, or be accompanied by, a decrease in the value of collateral. These delays can last for several days and might lead to deterioration in the physical condition or market value of the collateral.

Delays in recovery, bankruptcy and foreclosure proceedings, defects in the title and delays in obtaining regulatory approvals for the enforcement of such collaterals may affect the valuation of the collateral. As a result, our Company may not be able to recover the full value of the collateral for the loans provided by it within the expected timeframe or at all. Further, legal proceedings may have to be initiated by our Company in order to recover overdue payments on loans and as a consequence, the money and time spent on initiating legal proceedings may adversely affect our Company's cash flow.

The value of the security provided by the borrowers to our Company may be subject to a reduction in value on account of various reasons. While our Company's customers may provide alternative security to cover the shortfall, the realisable value of the security for the loans provided by our Company in the event of a liquidation may continue to be lower than the combined amount of the outstanding principal amount, interest and other amounts recoverable from the customers.

Any default in the repayment of the outstanding credit obligations by our Company's customers may expose it to losses. A failure or delay to recover the loan value from sale of collateral security could expose our Company to potential losses. Any such losses could adversely affect our Company's financial condition and results of operations. Furthermore, the process of litigation to enforce our Company's legal rights against defaulting customers in India is generally a slow and potentially expensive process.

Similarly, in case of loan against securities, the value of collateral may be extremely volatile and in default scenario might not yield results same as per book value. A failure to recover the expected value of collateral security could expose us to a potential loss. Any such losses could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

Further, the security for our MSME loans are usually movable assets, making it difficult to locate or seize in the event of any default by our customers. There can also be no assurance that we will be able to sell such collaterals at prices sufficient to cover the amounts under default. In addition, there may be delays associated with seizure and disposal of such collaterals, including litigations and court proceedings which is generally a slow and potentially expensive process in India. A failure or delay to recover the expected value from sale of collateral security could expose us to a potential loss. Any such losses could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations. Accordingly, it may be difficult for us to recover amounts owed by defaulting customers in a timely manner or at all.

17. Any increase in the levels of non-performing assets ("NPA") on our loan portfolio, for any reason whatsoever, would adversely affect our business and results of operations

Various factors, including a rise in unemployment, prolonged recessionary conditions, our regulators' assessment and review of our loan portfolio, a sharp and sustained rise in interest rates, developments in the Indian economy, movements in global commodity markets and exchange rates and global competition, could cause an increase in the level of our non-performing assets and have a material adverse impact on the quality of our loan portfolio. Consistent with the growth of our branch network and our product portfolio, we expect an increase in our loan assets. Should the overall credit quality of our loan portfolio deteriorate, the current level of our provisions may not be adequate to cover further increases in the amount of our NPAs. Moreover, there also can be no assurance that there will be no further deterioration in our provisioning coverage as a percentage of Gross NPAs or otherwise, or that the percentage of NPAs that we will be able to recover will be similar to our past experience of recoveries of NPAs.

As of June 30, 2022, March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 the gross value of NPAs on a consolidated basis was ₹8,850.57 million, ₹ 10,742.93 million, ₹ 7,191.95 million and ₹ 6,525.89 million, respectively which is 2.58%, 3.15%, 2.14% and 2.31%, respectively, of our Company's Loan Book. If our provisioning requirements are insufficient to cover our existing or future levels of non-performing loans or other loan losses that may occur, or if future regulation (or change in accounting standards) requires us to increase our provisions, our results of operation and financials may get adversely affected including our ability to raise additional capital and debt funds at favourable terms. Further, if our customers are unable to meet their financial obligation in a timely manner, then it could adversely affect our results of operations. Any negative trends or financial difficulties particularly among our borrowers could increase the level of non-performing assets in our portfolio and adversely affect our business and financial performance. If a significant number of our customers are unable to meet their financial obligations in a timely manner, it may lead to an increase in our level of NPAs. If we are not able to prevent increases in our level of NPAs, our business and our future financial performance could be adversely affected.

18. We may be unable to realize the expected value of collateral when borrowers default on their obligations to us, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

We follow internal risk management guidelines in relation to portfolio monitoring which, inter alia, include a periodic assessment of loan to security value on the basis of conservative market price levels and ageing analysis, amongst others. However, we may not be able to realize the full value of the collateral as a result of the following (among other factors):

- delays in bankruptcy and foreclosure proceedings;
- defects or deficiencies in the perfection of collateral (including due to inability to obtain any approvals that may be required from third parties);
- destruction / material damage to the underlying property;
- fraud by borrowers;
- errors in assessing the value of the collateral;

- illiquid market for the sale of the collateral;
- applicable legislative provisions or changes thereto and past or future judicial pronouncements; and
- variation in interest rates of gold loans.

As a result of any of the foregoing factors, we may not be able to realize the full value of collateral, which could have an adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

19. Any non-compliance with mandatory Anti-Money Laundering and Know Your Customer policies could expose us to additional liability and harm our business and reputation.

In accordance with the requirements applicable to us, we are mandated to comply with rules and regulations under Prevention of Money Laundering Act (PMLA) 2002, the Prevention of Money-Laundering (Maintenance of Records) Rules, 2005 and RBI Know Your Client ("KYC") regulations in India. These laws and regulations require us, among other things, to adopt and enforce AML and KYC policies and procedures. While we have adopted policies and procedures aimed at collecting and maintaining all AML and KYC related information from our customers in order to detect and prevent the use of our networks for money-laundering activities, there may be instances where we may be used by other parties in attempts to engage in money-laundering and other illegal or improper activities. There can be no assurance that we will be able to fully control instances of any potential or attempted violation by other parties and may, accordingly, be subject to regulatory actions, including imposition of fines and other penalties by the relevant government agencies. Our business and reputation could suffer if any such parties use or attempt to use us for money-laundering or illegal or improper purposes and such attempts are not detected or reported to the appropriate authorities in compliance with applicable regulatory requirements.

20. In our housing finance business, we have significant exposure to the real estate sector and any negative trends affecting this sector could adversely affect our business and result of operations.

In our housing finance business, the primary security for the loans disbursed by the Company is the underlying property; the value of this security is largely dependent on housing market conditions prevalent at that time. The value of the collateral on the loans disbursed by the Company may decline due to adverse market conditions, including an economic downturn or a downward movement in real estate prices. In the event the real estate sector is adversely affected due to a decline of demand for real properties, changes in regulations or other trends or events, which negatively impact the real estate sector, the value of our collaterals may diminish which may affect our business and results of operations.

Failure to recover the expected value of collateral could expose the Company to losses and, in turn, result in a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. Following the introduction of the SARFAESI Act, we are allowed to foreclose on secured property after 60 days' notice to a borrower, whose loan has been classified as non-performing. Although the enactment of the SARFAESI Act has strengthened the rights of creditors by allowing expedited enforcement of security in an event of default, there is still no assurance that we will be able to realize the full value of our collateral, due to, among other things, delays on our part in taking action to secure the property, delays in bankruptcy foreclosure proceedings, stock market downturns, defects in the perfection of collateral and fraudulent transfers by borrowers.

Further, among the various regulatory developments that have impacted the real estate sector recently, we believe that the implementation of the Real Estate Regulation and Development Act, 2016 (RERaD Act) is expected to have the biggest impact over the long term. After notification of certain Sections of the Act with effect from May 2016, the full provisions of the Act became effective from May 2017 onwards. Subsequent to this, the obligations of real estate project developers under the provisions of the Act, including mandatory project registration, enhanced disclosure norms and penal provisions for violation of rules have become effective across India. While most of the state governments have notified rules in relation to RERaD, other states are in the process of doing so.

To ensure compliance with the requirements of the RERaD, companies in the real estate sector may need to allocate additional resources, which may increase compliance and they may face regulatory actions or be required to undertake remedial steps, which may have an adverse effect the business, operations and financial condition of various companies in the sector leading to less than anticipated growth in the housing sector, resulting in adverse effect on our business.

21. Certain non-GAAP measures and other statistical information relating to our operations and financial performance have been included in this Draft Shelf Prospectus. These non-GAAP measures are not measures of operating performance or liquidity defined by Ind AS and may not be comparable with those presented by other companies.

Certain non-GAAP measures and other statistical information relating to our operations and financial performance such as net worth, return on net worth and Net Asset Value per Equity Share have been included in this Draft Shelf Prospectus. Such non-GAAP measures are supplemental measures of our performance and liquidity that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, Ind AS. Further, these non-GAAP measures are not a measurement of our financial performance or liquidity under Ind AS and should not be considered in isolation or construed as an alternative to cash flows, profit/(loss) for the years/period or any other measure of financial performance or as an indicator of our operating performance, liquidity, profitability or cash flows generated by operating, investing or financing activities derived in accordance with Ind AS. We compute and disclose such non-GAAP measures and other statistical information relating to our operations and financial performance as we consider such information to be useful measures of our business and financial performance. However, such information may not be computed on the basis of any standard methodology that is applicable across the industry and therefore may not be comparable to financial measures and statistical information of similar nomenclature that may be computed and presented by other companies and are not measures of operating performance or liquidity defined by Ind AS.

22. A significant component of our exposure is towards mortgage loans and real estate sector and any factor affecting this sector could adversely affect our business.

As of June 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, the wholesale book comprise 4.71% and 5.7% of our AUM. The projects primarily comprise residential projects in Mumbai MMR, Delhi NCR, Bengaluru and Pune region.

23. We may not be able to realise the full value of our pledged gold, which exposes us to potential loss.

In case of loan against gold, we may not be able to realise the full value of our pledged gold, due to, among other things, defects in the quality of gold. We cannot assure you that we will be able to auction such pledged gold jewellery at prices sufficient to cover the amounts under default. Moreover, there may be delays associated with the auction process. Any failure to recover the expected value of pledged gold could expose us to a potential loss. Any such losses could adversely affect our financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

24. Inaccurate appraisal of pledged gold jewellery by our personnel may adversely affect our business and financial condition.

The accurate appraisal of pledged gold jewellery is a significant factor in the successful operation of our business and such appraisal requires a skilled and reliable workforce. Inaccurate appraisal of gold by our workforce may result in gold being overvalued and pledged for a loan that is higher in value than the gold's actual value, which could adversely affect our reputation and business.

Further, we are subject to the risk that our gold appraisers may engage in fraud regarding their estimation of the value of pledged gold. Any such inaccuracies or fraud in relation to our appraisal of gold may adversely affect our reputation, business and financial condition.

25. Majority of the gold loans we offer are due within one year of disbursement, and a failure to disburse new loans may result in a reduction of our loan portfolio and a corresponding decrease in our interest income.

Most of the gold loans we offer are due within one year of disbursement. The relatively short-term nature of our loans means that our long-term interest income stream is less certain. In addition, our existing customers may not avail new loans from us upon maturity of their existing loans, particularly if competition increases. The potential instability of our interest income could materially and adversely affect our results of operations and financial position.

26. Insurance of relevant assets obtained by our borrowers may not be adequate to protect them against all potential losses, which could indirectly affect our ability to recover our loans to such borrowers.

Pursuant to our loan agreements, where loans are extended on the basis of a charge on assets, our borrowers are required to create a charge on their assets in our favour in the form of hypothecation or mortgage, or both. In addition, the terms and conditions of the loan agreements require our borrowers to maintain insurance against damage caused by any disasters including floods, fires and earthquakes or theft on the assets charged, primarily as collateral against the loan granted by us. However, our borrowers may not have obtained the required insurance coverage, or may not renew the insurance policies, or the amount of insurance coverage may be less than the replacement cost of the relevant assets and therefore insufficient to cover all financial losses that our borrowers may suffer, or at all, resulting in adverse effect on our business and financial condition.

27. A rise in the general income level of our customers may adversely affect the demand for our loans.

The size of our loans portfolios is dependent upon the demand for loans in India, which is inversely related to the general income level of our customers. A rise in the general income level in India could make our loans unattractive to some customers due to their having increased disposable income, making them less reliant on loans. Such a shift in income levels could lower our interest income, which could in turn adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

28. We may not be able to appropriately assess the credit worthiness of our customers before extending credit facilities to them. Unavailability of adequate information or inaccurate and/or incomplete information provided by our customers may adversely affect our operations and profitability.

In deciding whether to extend credit or enter into other transactions with customers and counterparties, we may rely on information furnished to us by or on behalf of customers and counterparties, including financial statements and other financial information. We may also rely on certain representations as to the accuracy and completeness of that information and, with respect to financial statements, on reports of independent auditors. For example, in deciding whether to extend credit, we may assume that a customer's audited financial statements conform to generally accepted accounting principles and present fairly, in all material respects, the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the customer. Our financial condition and results of operations could be negatively affected by relying on financial statements that do not comply with generally accepted accounting principles or other information that is materially misleading. In addition, we may not be able to place a reliance on credit bureaus to assess credit worthiness of all our segment borrowers. This may affect the quality of information available to us about the credit history of our borrowers, especially individuals and small businesses. As a result, our ability to effectively manage our credit risk may be adversely affected.

Moreover, we have implemented KYC norms and other measures, to prevent money laundering. In the event of ineffectiveness of these norms and systems, our reputation, business and results of operations may be adversely affected.

29. The new Bankruptcy Code in India may affect our rights to recover loans from borrowers.

The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, as amended from time to time ("Bankruptcy Code") was notified on August 5, 2016. The Bankruptcy Code offers a uniform and comprehensive insolvency legislation encompassing all companies, partnerships and individuals (other than financial firms). It allows creditors to assess the viability of a debtor as a business decision and agree upon a plan for its revival or a speedy liquidation. The Bankruptcy Code creates a new institutional framework, consisting of a regulator, insolvency professionals, information utilities and adjudicatory mechanisms, which will facilitate a formal and time-bound insolvency resolution and liquidation process.

In case insolvency proceedings are initiated against a debtor to our Company, we may not have complete control over the recovery of amounts due to us. Under the Bankruptcy Code, upon invocation of an insolvency resolution process, a committee of creditors is constituted by the interim resolution professional, wherein each financial creditor is given a voting share proportionate to the debts owed to it. Any decision of the committee of creditors must be taken by a vote of not less than 66% of the voting share of all financial creditors. Any resolution plan approved by committee of creditors is binding upon all creditors, even if they vote against it.

In case a liquidation process is opted for, the Bankruptcy Code provides for a fixed order of priority in which proceeds from the sale of the debtor's assets are to be distributed. Before sale proceeds are distributed to a secured creditor, they are to be distributed for the costs of the insolvency resolution and liquidation processes, debts owed to workmen and other employees, and debts owed to unsecured credits. Further, under this process, dues owed to the Central and State Governments rank at par with those owed to secured creditors. Moreover, other secured creditors may decide to opt out

of the process, in which case they are permitted to realise their security interests in priority.

Accordingly, if the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code are invoked against any of the borrowers of our Company, it may affect our Company's ability to recover our loans from the borrowers and enforcement of our Company's rights will be subject to the Bankruptcy Code.

30. We may face tax related assessments or regulatory actions.

The laws and regulations governing the tax liability of our Company could change in the future and any such changes could adversely affect its business and future financial performance by requiring a restructuring of its activities, which may impact its results of operations.

Our Company has filed tax returns with the tax department which are pending for assessment. There is a possibility that the tax department may impose additional tax liability on our Company upon completion of these assessments. Our Company cannot assure you that the tax department will not initiate scrutiny, investigation or regulatory action or reopen assessments for previous years. Any adverse finding by the tax department may have a material adverse effect on our Company's reputation, business, operations and financial conditions.

31. Certain facts and statistics are derived from publications not independently verified by our Company, the Lead Managers or their respective advisors.

The information in the section titled "Industry Overview" has been derived from the report titled "NBFC Report (June 2022 update)", (the "Report") provided by CRISIL Research. While our Company has taken reasonable care to ensure that the facts and statistics presented are accurately reproduced from such sources, they have not been independently verified by our Company, the Lead Managers or their respective advisors and, therefore, they make no representation as to the accuracy of such facts and statistics, which may not be consistent with other information compiled within or outside India. Due to possibly flawed or ineffective calculation and collection methods and other problems, the facts and statistics in this Draft Shelf Prospectus may be inaccurate or may not be comparable to facts and statistics produced for other economies and should not be unduly relied upon. Further, there can be no assurance that they are stated or compiled on the same basis or with the same degree of accuracy as may be the case elsewhere.

32. The financing industry is becoming increasingly competitive and our growth will depend on our ability to compete effectively.

The sector in which we operate is highly competitive and we face significant competition from banks and other NBFCs. Many of our competitors are larger institutions, which may have much larger customer and funding sources, larger branch networks and more capital than we do. Some of our competitors may be more flexible and better-positioned to take advantage of market opportunities. In particular, private banks in India and many of our competitors outside of India may have operational advantages in implementing new technologies and rationalising branches. These competitive pressures affect the industry in which we operate as a whole, and our future success will depend in large part on our ability to respond in an effective and timely manner to these competitive pressures.

In our housing finance and gold loan business, we face increasing competition from commercial banks and other players in the unorganized sector. Interest rate deregulation and other liberalization measures affecting the housing finance industry, together with increased demand for home finance, have also increased our exposure to competition. The demand for housing loans has also increased due to the increase in demand of real estate, stable property prices, higher disposable incomes and increased fiscal incentives for borrowers. The demand for gold loans has also increased due to urgent borrowing or bridge financing requirements and the need for liquidity for assets held in gold and also due to increased awareness among customers of gold loans as a source of quick access to funds. All of these factors have resulted in the housing finance and gold loan industry, including our Company, facing increased competition from other lenders to the retail housing market, including commercial banks. Unlike commercial banks, we do not have access to funding from savings and current deposits of customers. Instead, we are reliant on higher cost loans and debentures for our funding requirements, which may reduce our margins compared to competitors. Our ability to compete effectively with commercial banks will depend, to some extent, on our ability to raise low-cost sources of funding in the future. If we are

unable to compete effectively with other participants in the housing finance and gold loan industry, our business, future financial performance and the trading price of the NCD may be adversely affected.

Furthermore, as a result of increased competition in the housing finance and gold loan industry, home loans and gold loans are becoming increasingly standardized and terms such as floating rate interest options for housing loans, lower processing fees, monthly rest periods and no prepayment penalties are becoming increasingly common in India. There can be no assurance that we will be able to react effectively to these or other market developments or compete effectively with new and existing players in the increasingly competitive housing finance industry. Increasing competition may have an adverse effect on our net interest margin and other income, and if we are unable to compete successfully, the origination of new loans will decline and we may not be able to achieve our growth objectives.

33. Any change in control of our Promoter or our Company or any other factor affecting the business and reputation of our Promoter may have a concurrent adverse effect on our Company's reputation, business and results of operations and may correspondingly adversely affect our goodwill, operations and profitability and further our Promoter has significant control in our Company, which will enable them to influence the outcome of matters submitted to shareholders for approval, and their interests may differ from those of other holders of Equity Shares.

As on June 30, 2022, our Promoter and Promoter Group along with persons acting in concert holds 24.90% the paid up equity share capital. Any change in control of the Promoter / Promoter Group may have an adverse effect on the operations of the Company including influencing the policies of the Company. If our Promoter ceases to exercise majority control over our Company as a result of any transfer of shares or otherwise, our ability to derive any benefit from the brand name "IIFL" and our goodwill as a part of the IIFL group of companies may be adversely affected, which in turn could adversely affect our business and results of operations. Further, our Promoter has the ability to control our business including matters relating to any sale of all or substantially all of our assets, the timing and distribution of dividends and the election or termination of appointment of our officers and directors. This control could delay, defer or prevent a change in control of our Company, impede a merger, consolidation, takeover or other business combination involving our Company, or discourage a potential acquirer from making a tender offer or otherwise attempting to obtain control of our Company even if it is in our Company's best interest. In addition, for so long as our Promoter continues to exercise significant control over our Company, it may influence the material policies of our Company in a manner that could conflict with the interests of our other shareholders. Our Promoter may have interests that are adverse to the interests of our other shareholders and may take positions with which we or our other shareholders do not agree.

34. We are dependent on IIFL group, for our clientele, goodwill that we enjoy in the industry and our brand name and any factor affecting the business and reputation of IIFL group may have a concurrent adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

We are part of IIFL group and to some extend depend upon it for steady inflow of business. In the event IIFL group's goodwill is impacted the same may have impact on our business and results of operations. We operate in a competitive environment, and we believe that our brand recognition is a significant competitive advantage to us. Any failure to retain our Company name may deprive us of the associated brand equity that we have developed which may have a material adverse effect on our business and operations.

In the event IIFL group is unable to maintain the quality of its services or its goodwill deteriorates, our Company's business and results of operations may be adversely affected. Any disassociation of our Company from the IIFL group and/or our inability to have access to the infrastructure provided by other companies in the IIFL group could adversely affect our ability to attract customers and to expand our business, which in turn could adversely affect our goodwill, operations and profitability.

35. We are permitted to use the IIFL trademark IIFL FINANCE, by IIFL Securities Limited pursuant to the trademark license agreement between our Company and IIFL Securities Limited. Such right to use the IIFL trademark is subject to the termination based on the terms and conditions of the trademark license agreement and any such termination may result in us being unable to use the IIFL trademark, which could have a material adverse effect on our reputation and business.

We have been given the right to use the IIFL trademark, owned by IIFL Securities Limited pursuant to the trademark license agreement entered into between our Company and IIFL Securities Limited. We have been provided a non-exclusive, non-transferable for a onetime fee payable to the Licensor, as set out therein, to use the trademark. Any termination of the agreement by IIFL Securities Limited may result in us being unable to use this trademark which could have a material adverse effect on our reputation and business. For further details, please see "History and Main Objects"

on page 136.

36. We may not be able to adequately protect our intellectual property rights.

Our ability to compete effectively depends in part upon protection of our intellectual property rights. On February 22, 2021, we made application for registration of our logo "MyMoney" and trademark "My Money", respectively, which are currently pending approval from the Registrar of Trade Marks, Mumbai under class 36 of the Trade Marks Act. Our application for our logo has been pending, there can be no assurance that our trademark application will be accepted. Further, there are no assurances that we will be able to register this mark. In the event we are not able to obtain registrations due to opposition by third parties or if any injunctive or other adverse order is issued against us in respect of the registration of our logo or slogan, we may not be able to avail legal protections under the trade mark or prevent unauthorised use of such trademarks by third parties, and in case the logo or slogan is used or claimed by a third party, our ability to use such logo or slogan may be restricted or lost, which may adversely affect our goodwill or business. For further details, please see "History and Main Objects" on page 136.

37. Our growth will depend on our continued ability to access funds at competitive rates which are dependent on a number of factors including our ability to maintain our credit ratings.

As we are a "systemically important non-deposit accepting" NBFC and do not have access to deposits, our liquidity and ongoing profitability are primarily dependent upon our timely access to, and the costs associated with raising capital. Our business is significantly dependent on funding from the debt capital markets and commercial borrowings. The demand for such funds is competitive and our ability to obtain funds at competitive rates will depend on various factors including our ability to maintain positive credit ratings. Ratings reflect a rating agency's opinion of our financial strength, operating performance, strategic position, and ability to meet our obligations. In relation to our long-term debt instruments, we currently have long term ratings of "AA" with stable outlook from CRISIL, ICRA and CARE and "AA+" with negative outlook from Brickworks. In relation to our short-term debt instruments, we have also received rating of "A1+" from ICRA and CRISIL. Also, the Company has raised money through MTN programme for which the rating has been obtained from international rating agencies. Currently the rating assigned to the issuance by Fitch Ratings is B+ (Stable) and by Moody as B2 with Stable Outlook. Any downgrade of our credit ratings would increase borrowing costs and constrain our access to capital and debt markets and, as a result, would negatively affect our net interest margin and our business. In addition, downgrades of our credit ratings could increase the possibility of additional terms and conditions being added to any additional financing or refinancing arrangements in the future. Any such adverse development could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our business depends and will continue to depend on our ability to access diversified funding sources. Changes in economic and financial conditions or continuing lack of liquidity in the market could make it difficult for us to access funds at competitive rates. While our borrowing costs have been competitive in the past due to our ability to raise debt products, credit rating and our asset portfolio, in the event we are unable to access funds at an effective cost that is comparable to or lower than our competitors, we may not be able to offer competitive interest rates for our loans. This may adversely impact our business and results of operations.

38. We face asset-liability mismatches which could affect our liquidity and consequently may adversely affect our operations and profitability.

Our Company's funding requirements is met through long-term and medium-term funding sources such as bank loans and non-convertible debentures and our short-term funding requirements are met through working capital demand loans, cash credit, commercial paper and other short term loans. Our Company may face potential liquidity risks due to varying periods over which our Company's assets and liabilities mature. Our Company's inability to obtain additional credit facilities or renew its existing credit facilities in a timely and cost-effective manner to meet its maturing liabilities, or at all, may lead to gaps and mismatches between its assets and liabilities, which in turn may adversely affect our Company's liquidity position, and in turn, its operations and financial performance.

Our liquidity position may be adversely affected and we may be required to pay higher interest rates in order to meet our liquidity requirements in the future, which could have a material adverse effect on our business and financial results.

The following table describes the standalone ALM of our Company as on March 31, 2022:

(₹ in million)

	Up to	More than	More than	More than	More than	More than	More than	More than	Total
	30/31	1 month to	2 months to	3 months to	6 months to	1 year to 3	3 years to 5	5 years	
	days	2 months	3 months	6 months	1 year	years	years		
Deposits	1	-	-	-	-	i i	-	-	=.
Loans &	14,242.8	14,375.09	11,912.52	21,526.17	16,784.21	34,379.40	5,516.38	1,560.85	120,297.42
Advances*	0								
Other	1,066.18	1,168.32	1,523.72	3,785.64	688.33	-	-	310.86	8,543.05
Advances									
Investments	ı	-	ı	-	197.78	833.00	9,354.42	14,103.34	24,488.54
Borrowings	1,942.67	5,457.51	4,755.50	6,765.25	19,379.18	93,412.26	12,587.68	18,159.85	162,459.90
(Includes									
foreign									
currency									
borrowings)									
Foreign	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
currency									
assets									
Foreign	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-
currency									
liabilities									

^{*} Net of ECL Provision of ₹ 5,953.24 million

39. We extend margin funding loans, or loans against shares, to our clients, and any default by a client coupled with a downturn in the stock markets could result in substantial losses for us.

We extend, margin funding loans or loans against shares which are secured by liquid, marketable securities at an appropriate or predetermined margin levels. In the event of a volatile stock market or adverse movements in stock prices, the collateral which secures the loans may decrease significantly in value, which might result in losses which our Company may be unable to support. Customers may default on their obligations to us as a result of various factors including bankruptcy, lack of liquidity, lack of business and operational failure. Although we use a technology-based risk management system and follow strict internal risk management guidelines on portfolio monitoring, which include limits on the amount of margin, the quality of collateral provided by the client and pre-determined margin call thresholds, no assurance can be given that if the financial markets witnessed a significant single-day or general downturn, our financial condition and results of operations would not be adversely affected.

40. The MSMEs to which our Company provides loans may not perform as expected and our Company may not be able to control the non-performance of such businesses.

Our Company provides loans to select growing MSMEs which obtain loans against their assets and profits made by them. Our Company does not manage, operate or control such businesses or entities. Further, our Company has no control over those businesses' functions or operations. As a result, such businesses may make business, financial or management decisions which our Company does not agree or the majority shareholders or the management of such companies may make business, financial or management decisions that may be adverse to, or otherwise act in a manner that does not serve, our Company's best interests. The repayment of the loans extended to such businesses will depend to a significant extent on the specific management team of the relevant borrower entity. The actions taken by the management of our Company's customers may lead to significant losses and affect their ability to repay our Company's loans. Consequently, this may adversely affect our Company's financial performance.

41. We do not own the premises where our branch offices are located and in the event our rights over the properties is not renewed or is revoked or is renewed on terms less favourable to us, our business activities may be disrupted.

At present we do not own the premises of any of our branch offices. All such non-owned properties are leased or licensed to us. If the owners of these properties do not renew the agreements under which we occupy the premises or only agree to renew such agreements on terms and conditions that are unacceptable to us, or if the owners of such premises withdraw their consent to our occupancy, our operations may suffer a disruption. We may be unable to locate suitable alternate facilities on favorable terms, or at all, and this may have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

42. We are required to comply with the requirements of certain labour laws which may impose additional costs on us.

Our employees are required to be registered under the provisions of certain labour laws such as the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948, the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, and the Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952. We are also required to maintain certain records under the provisions of these laws, which add to our costs. If we are subject to penalties under these labour laws or if we do not obtain the requisite approvals, our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations may be adversely affected.

43. Our results of operations could be adversely affected by any disputes with employees.

As of June 30, 2022, the Company (along with its subsidiaries) has a strong workforce of 30,734 employees on a consolidated basis. Currently, none of our employees are members of any labour union. While we believe that we maintain good relationships with our employees, there can be no assurance that we will not experience future disruptions to our operations due to disputes or other problems with our work force, which may adversely affect our business and results of operations.

44. We require several licenses and approvals for our business and in the event we are unable to procure or renew them in time or at all, our business may be adversely affected.

We require several licenses, approvals and registration in order to undertake our business activities. These registrations include registrations with the RBI as a systemically important non-deposit taking NBFC. We are also required to maintain licenses under various state Shops and Establishment Acts for some of our offices. Failure by us to comply with the terms and conditions to which such permits or approvals are subject, and/or to renew, maintain or obtain the required permits or approvals may result in the interruption of our operations and may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

45. Our branches are vulnerable to various operational risks, including theft, fraud, burglary and embezzlement by our employees and customers due to high volume of cash and gold jewellery handled by us.

Our business involves carrying out cash and gold jewellery transactions that expose us to the risk of fraud by employees, agents, customers or third parties, theft, burglary and misappropriation or unauthorised transactions by our employees. Storage of cash and pledged gold jewellery as part of our business entails the risk of theft and resulting loss to our reputation and business. The short tenure of the loans advanced by us and our practice of processing loan repayments within short timelines require us to store pledged gold on our premises at all points in time. With regard to all burglaries, we may not be able to recover the entire amount of the loss suffered and may receive only a partial payment of the insurance claim. While we are insured against the risk of burglary arising from our business, such insurance may not be sufficient to fully cover the losses we suffer. Additionally, our cash in transit policies do not cover theft where an employee is involved, unless such involvement is identified within 48 hours of such thefts. Further, the actual recovery of the insured amount from the insurer requires the undertaking of certain procedures, and any delay in recovery could adversely affect our reputation and results of operation.

Pursuant to the same, while we have strengthened our security policies and procedures, we cannot guarantee that theft will not be committed in the future, which could adversely affect our reputation, business and results of operations. Further, we are exposed to the risk of fraud and other misconduct by employees and customers. While we carefully recruit all of our employees and screen all our employees who are responsible for disbursement of gold loans and custody of gold, there have in the past been acts of fraud with respect to gold loans and cash related misappropriation committed by our employees.

46. Our Company has entered into securitisation agreements to sell certain loans from our outstanding loan portfolio. Our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected due to some of the restrictions imposed under such agreements or downgrade in the ratings of our securitized debt or if such assignment of loan is held to be unenforceable or due to any change in the regulatory requirements.

consideration. As of June 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, our outstanding portfolio of securitised loans on a standalone basis, constituted 7.33% and 9.42% of AUM. Under such agreements, we have provided credit enhancement through fixed deposits with banks to the purchaser for an amount equal to a percentage of the value of the loans being assigned as per the rating agency to enhance the rating of the pool. If there is any short fall in the scheduled cash flow promised to the investor then credit enhancement will be utilized to that extent.

Further, any change in statutory and/regulatory requirements such as securitisation guidelines issued by RBI in August 2012 in relation to assignments or securitizations by financial institutions, including the requirements prescribed by RBI and the Government of India, could have an adverse impact on our assignment or securitization transactions. Any adverse changes in the policy and/or regulations in connection with securitization of assets by NBFCs and/or new circulars and/or directions issued by the RBI in this regard, affecting NBFCs or the purchasers of assets, would affect the securitization market in general and our ability to securitize and/or assign our assets.

47. Our loan portfolio may no longer continue to be classified as priority sector advances by the RBI.

The RBI currently mandates domestic commercial banks operating in India to maintain an aggregate 40% of adjusted net bank credit or credit equivalent amount of off-balance sheet exposure, whichever is higher as "priority sector advances". These include advances to agriculture, micro and small enterprises, micro enterprises within the micro and small enterprises sector, export credit and advances to weaker sections where the government seeks to encourage flow of credit for developmental reasons. Banks in India that have traditionally been constrained or unable to meet these requirements organically have relied on specialised institutions like us that are better positioned to or exclusively focus on originating such assets through on-lending or purchase of assets or securitised and assigned pools to comply with these targets.

In the event that any part of our loan portfolio is no longer classified as a priority sector advance by the RBI, or if the laws relating to priority sector lending as applicable to the banks undergo a change, our ability to securitise our asset pool will be hampered, which may adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations and/or cash flows.

48. A decline in our capital adequacy ratio could restrict our future business growth.

Pursuant to the Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 vide its circular DNBR. PD. 008/03.10.119/2016-17 dated September 1, 2016 (updated as on July 22, 2022) all systemically important non-deposit taking NBFCs have to maintain a minimum capital ratio, consisting of Tier I and Tier II capital, which shall not be less than 15% of its aggregate risk weighted assets on balance sheet and risk adjusted value of off-balance sheet items and Tier I capital of 10%. On a standalone basis, our capital adequacy ratio computed on the basis of applicable RBI requirements was 22.83% and 23.85% as of June 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, with Tier I capital comprising 15.27% and 16.02%, respectively. If we continue to grow our loan portfolio and asset base, we will be required to raise additional Tier I and Tier II capital in order to continue to meet applicable capital adequacy ratios with respect to our business. There can be no assurance that we will be able to raise adequate additional capital in the future on terms favourable to us or at all, and this may adversely affect the growth of our business.

49. Our Company may have to comply with stricter regulations and guidelines issued by regulatory authorities in India.

Our Company is regulated principally by and have reporting obligations to the RBI and our subsidiary is regulated by and have reporting obligations to NHB. Our Company is also subject to the corporate, taxation and other laws in effect in India. In recent years, existing rules and regulations have been modified, new rules and regulations have been enacted and reforms have been implemented which are intended to provide tighter control and more transparency. Moreover, new regulations may be passed that restrict our ability to do business.

Our Company cannot assure you that we will not be subject to any adverse regulatory action in the future. Further, these regulations are subject to frequent amendments and depend upon government policy. The costs of compliance may be high, which may affect our profitability. If we are unable to comply with any such regulatory requirements, our business and results of operations may be materially and adversely affected.

50. Our contingent liabilities could adversely affect our financial condition.

As per the Consolidated Financial Statements of our Company for the Fiscal 2022, we had certain contingent liabilities not provided for, amounting to ₹ 12,309.54 million. The contingent liability amounts disclosed in our Financial Statements represent estimates and assumptions of our management based on advice received. If, for any reason, these

contingent liabilities materialize, it may adversely affect our financial condition. For more details regarding the contingent liabilities please see the "Financial Information" on page 185.

51. Certain supporting documents in connection with the forms filed with the ROC (such as form 18 in relation to situation or change of situation of registered office), biographies of certain of our Directors included in this Draft Shelf Prospectus are unavailable.

Certain documents supporting the information included in the biographies pertaining to the previous work experience, for certain of Directors, disclosed in "Our Management" on page 142 are unavailable. Further we have lost corporate records including forms filed with the ROC (such as form 18 in relation to situation or change of situation of registered office), copies of which could not be retrieved till date. Further due to loss of records and documents in this Draft Shelf Prospectus has been presented on the basis of records available with us and to the best of information provided by the management.

52. Our Company is subject to certain restrictive covenants in our loan documents, which may restrict our operations and ability to grow and may adversely affect our business. Any default in compliance with the material covenants could adversely affect our financial condition, and/or our ability to obtain financing in the future.

There are restrictive covenants in the agreements we have entered into with our lenders. These restrictive covenants require us to maintain certain financial ratios and seek the prior permission of these banks/financial institutions for various activities, including, amongst others, selling, leasing, transferring or otherwise disposing of any part of our business or revenues, effecting any scheme of amalgamation or reconstitution, implementing a new scheme of expansion, taking up an allied line of business or making any amendments to Memorandum and Articles of Association etc. Such restrictive covenants in our loan documents may restrict our operations or ability to expand and may adversely affect our business.

A failure to observe the covenants under our financing arrangements or to obtain necessary consents required thereunder may lead to the termination of our credit facilities, acceleration of all amounts due under such facilities and the enforcement of any security provided. Any acceleration of amounts due under such facilities may also trigger cross default provisions under our other financing agreements. If the obligations under any of our financing documents are accelerated, we may have to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to make payments under such financing documents, thereby reducing the availability of cash for our working capital requirements and other general corporate purposes. Further, during any period in which we are in default, we may be unable to raise, or face difficulties raising, further financing. Any of these circumstances could adversely affect our business, credit rating and financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

53. We may experience difficulties in expanding our business into new regions and markets in India.

As part of our growth strategy, we continue to evaluate attractive growth opportunities to expand our business into new regions and markets in India. Factors such as competition, culture, regulatory regimes, business practices and customs and customer requirements in these new markets may differ from those in our current markets, and our experience in our current markets may not be applicable to these new markets. In addition, as we enter new markets and geographical regions, we are likely to compete not only with other banks and financial institutions but also the local unorganised or semi-organised private financiers, who are more familiar with local regulations, business practices and customs, and have stronger relationships with customers.

If we plan to expand our geographical footprint, our business may be exposed to various additional challenges, including: obtaining necessary governmental approvals; identifying and collaborating with local business and partners with whom we may have no previous working relationship; successfully gauging market conditions in local markets with which we have no previous familiarity; attracting potential customers in a market in which we do not have significant experience or visibility; being susceptible to local taxation in additional geographical areas of India; and adapting our marketing strategy and operations to different regions of India in which different languages are spoken. Our inability to expand our current operations may adversely affect our business prospects, financial conditions, results of operations and/or cash flows

54. We face difficulties and incur additional expenses in operating from rural and semi urban areas, where infrastructural facilities are limited.

A portion of our operations are conducted in rural and semi urban areas. We face certain difficulties in conducting such operations, such as accessing power facilities, transporting people and goods and maintaining profitability at branches in remote areas. We may also face increased costs in implementing security measures and expanding our advertising

presence. We cannot assure that such costs will not increase in the future as we expand our network in rural and semi urban areas.

55. Our success largely depends on our management team and key personnel and our ability to attract, train and retain such persons. Our inability to attract and retain talented professionals, or the resignation or loss of key management personnel, may have an adverse impact on our business and future financial performance.

Our ability to sustain our rate of growth depends significantly upon our ability to manage key issues such as selecting and retaining key managerial personnel, developing managerial experience to address emerging challenges and ensuring a high standard of client service. In order to be successful, we must attract, train, motivate and retain highly skilled employees, especially branch managers and product executives. If we cannot hire additional qualified personnel or retain them, our ability to expand our business will be impaired and our revenue could decline. We will need to recruit new employees, who will have to be trained and integrated into our operations. We will also have to train existing employees to adhere properly to internal controls and risk management procedures. Failure to train and motivate our employees properly may result in an increase in employee attrition rates, require additional hiring, erode the quality of customer service, divert management resources, increase our exposure to high-risk credit and impose significant costs on us. Hiring and retaining qualified and skilled managers are critical to our future, as our business model depends on our credit-appraisal and asset valuation mechanism, which are personnel-driven operations. Moreover, competition for experienced employees can be intense. While we have an incentive structure and an ESOP designed to encourage employee retention, our inability to attract and retain talented professionals, or the resignation or loss of key management personnel, may have an adverse impact on our business and future financial performance.

56. Our insurance coverage may not adequately protect us against losses.

We maintain such insurance coverage that we believe is adequate for our operations. Our insurance policies, however, may not provide adequate coverage in certain circumstances and are subject to certain deductibles, exclusions and limits on coverage. We cannot, however, assure you that the terms of our insurance policies will be adequate to cover any damage or loss suffered by us or that such coverage will continue to be available on reasonable terms or will be available in sufficient amounts to cover one or more large claims, or that the insurer will not disclaim coverage as to any future claim.

A successful assertion of one or more large claims against us that exceeds our available insurance coverage or changes in our insurance policies, including premium increases or the imposition of a larger deductible or coinsurance requirement, could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

57. If we fail to identify, monitor and manage risks and effectively implement our risk management policies, it could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Our Company has devoted resources to develop our risk management policies and procedures and aim to continue to do so in the future. Please see "Our Business" on page 108. Despite this, our policies and procedures to identify, monitor and manage risks may not be fully effective. Some of our risk management systems are not automated and are subject to human error. Some of our methods of managing risks are based upon the use of observed historical market behaviour. As a result, these methods may not accurately predict future risk exposures, which could be significantly greater than those indicated by the historical measures.

To the extent any of the instruments and strategies we use to hedge or otherwise manage our exposure to market or credit risk are not effective, we may not be able to mitigate effectively our risk exposures in particular market environments or against particular types of risk. Further, some of our risk management strategies may not be effective in a difficult or less liquid market environment, where other market participants may be attempting to use the same or similar strategies to deal with the difficult market conditions. In such circumstances, it may be difficult for us to reduce our risk positions due to the activity of such other market participants. Other risk management methods depend upon an evaluation of information regarding markets, clients or other matters. This information may not in all cases be accurate, complete, up-to-date or properly evaluated.

Our investment and interest rate risk are dependent upon our ability to properly identify, and mark-to-market changes in the value of financial instruments caused by changes in market prices or rates. Our earnings are dependent upon the effectiveness of our management of changes in credit quality and risk concentrations, the accuracy of our valuation models and our critical accounting estimates and the adequacy of our allowances for loan losses.

If we fail to effectively implement our risk management policies, it could materially and adversely affect our business,

financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

58. Our Company is exposed to many operational risks which could materially impact our business and results of operations.

Our Company is exposed to many types of operational risks. Operational risk can result from a variety of factors, including failure to obtain proper internal authorizations, improperly documented transactions, failure of operational and information security procedures, computer systems, software or equipment, fraud, inadequate training and employee errors. We attempt to mitigate operational risk by maintaining a comprehensive system of internal controls, establishing systems and procedures to monitor transactions, maintaining key back-up procedures, undertaking regular contingency planning and providing employees with continuous training. Any failure to mitigate such risks could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

59. Significant fraud, system failure or calamities could adversely impact our business.

We seek to protect our computer systems and network infrastructure from physical break-ins as well as fraud and system failures. Computer break-ins and power and communication disruptions could affect the security of information stored in and transmitted through our computer systems and network infrastructure. We employ security systems, including firewalls and password encryption, designed to minimize the risk of security breaches. Although we intend to continue to implement security technology and establish operational procedures to prevent fraud, break-ins, damage and failures, there can be no assurance that these security measures will be adequate. A significant failure of security measures or operational procedures could have a material adverse effect on our business and our future financial performance. Although we take adequate measures to safeguard against system-related and other frauds, there can be no assurance that it would be able to prevent frauds.

We are exposed to many types of operational risks, including the risk of fraud or other misconduct by employees and unauthorized transactions by employees. Although we have been careful in recruiting all our employees, we have in the past been held liable for the fraudulent acts committed by our employees adversely impacting our business. Our reputation could be adversely affected by significant frauds committed by employees, customers or outsiders.

60. Inaccurate appraisal of credit may adversely impact our business

We may be affected by failure of employees to comply with internal procedures and inaccurate appraisal of credit or financial worth of our clients. Inaccurate appraisal of credit may allow a loan sanction which may eventually result in a bad debt on our books of accounts. In the event we are unable to check the risks arising out of such lapses, our business and results of operations may be adversely affected.

61. Our Company has entered into number of related party transactions and may continue to enter into related party transactions, which may involve conflict of interest.

Our Company enters into transactions with the related parties in the ordinary course of business pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Such transactions may give rise to current or potential conflicts of interest with respect to dealings between us and such related parties. While our Company believes that all related party transactions entered into are conducted on an arms' length basis and in the ordinary course of business, there can be no assurance that it could not have achieved more favourable terms if such transactions had not been entered into with related parties. For further details, please see "Financial Information" on page 185. Additionally, there can be no assurance that any dispute that may arise between our Company and related parties will be resolved in our Company's favour.

62. Some of our Directors may have interests in entities, which are in businesses similar to ours and this may result in conflicts of interest with us.

As on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, some of our Directors are also directors on the board of our related parties. Commercial transactions in the future between us and related parties may result in conflicting interests which could have an adverse effect on our operations. Such factors may have an adverse effect on the results of our operations and financial condition.

63. We rely on direct selling agents ("DSAs") to sell our products across the country. These DSAs may not perform their obligations satisfactorily or in compliance with law or may be part of unlawful/unethical behaviour which may adversely affect the business and reputation of our Company

We enter into direct selling arrangements with DSAs for the purpose of marketing and selling our products across India. Although adequate due diligence is conducted before entering into any DSA arrangement with any person, we cannot guarantee that there shall be no disruptions in the provision of their services to our Company or that these DSAs will adhere to their contractual obligations. If there is a disruption in the services of these DSAs, or if the DSAs discontinue their service agreement with us, our business, financial condition and results of operations will be adversely affected. In case of any dispute between our Company and the DSAs, we cannot assure you that the terms of the agreements/arrangements entered into with the DSAs will not be breached, which may result in litigation costs. Such additional cost, in addition to the cost of entering into agreements with other DSAs, may materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Further, our DSAs or the personnel they employ may be engaged in unethical or unlawful behaviour or they may misrepresent or mis-sell our products and services. Due to this, we may also suffer from reputational and legal risks and these actions may materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

64. Our Company and its Subsidiaries have availed or may avail of certain loans that are recallable by lenders, at any time.

Our Company and its subsidiaries have availed or may avail of loans that are repayable on demand at any time by the relevant lenders. Any such unexpected demand for immediate repayment may have a material adverse effect on the business, cash flows and financial condition of the entity against which repayment is sought.

65. Our ability to raise foreign capital may be constrained by Indian law.

As an Indian company, we are subject to exchange control laws that regulate borrowing in foreign currencies. Such regulatory restrictions limit our financing sources and hence could constrain our ability to obtain financing on competitive terms and refinance existing indebtedness. In addition, we cannot assure you that the required approvals will be granted without onerous conditions, or at all. Limitations on raising foreign debt may have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

66. A failure or inadequacy in our Company's information technology and telecommunication systems or its inability to adapt to rapid technological changes may adversely affect its business, results of operation and financial condition.

Our Company's ability to operate and remain competitive depends in part on its ability to maintain and upgrade its information technology systems and infrastructure on a timely and cost-effective basis, including its ability to process a large number of transactions on a daily basis. Our Company's operations also rely on the secure processing, storage and transmission of confidential and other information in its computer systems and networks. Our Company's financial, accounting or other data processing systems and management information systems or its corporate website may fail to operate adequately or become disabled as a result of events that may be beyond its control, including a disruption of electrical or communications services. Further, the information available to and received by our Company's management through its existing systems may not be timely and sufficient to manage risks or to plan for and respond to changes in market conditions and other developments in its operations. If any of these systems are disabled or if there are other shortcomings or failures in our Company's internal processes or systems, it may disrupt our Company's business or impact its operational efficiencies and render it liable to regulatory intervention or damage to its reputation. The occurrence of any such events may adversely affect our Company's business, results of operations and financial condition.

Our Company is dependent on various external vendors for the implementation of certain elements of its operations, including implementing information technology infrastructure and hardware, industry standard commercial off-the-shelf products, networking and back-up support for disaster recovery. Our Company is, therefore, exposed to the risk that external vendors or service providers may be unable to fulfil their contractual obligations to it (or will be subject to the risk of fraud or operational errors by their respective employees) and the risk that their (or their vendors') business continuity and data security systems prove to be inadequate or fail to perform. Failure to perform any of these functions by our Company's external vendors or service providers could materially and adversely affect its business, results of operations and cash flows.

In addition, the future success of our Company's business will depend in part on its ability to respond to technological advances and to emerging financing industry standards and practices on a cost-effective and timely basis. The development and implementation of such technology entails significant technical and business risks. There can be no assurance that our Company will successfully implement new technologies effectively or adapt its technology and systems to meet customer requirements or emerging industry standards. If our Company is unable, for technical, legal,

financial or other reasons, to adapt in a timely manner to changing market conditions, customer requirements or technological changes, its financial condition could be adversely affected. Any technical failures associated with its information technology systems or network infrastructure, including those caused by power failures and other unauthorised tampering, may cause interruptions or delays in our Company's ability to provide services to its customers on a timely basis or at all, and may also result in added costs to address such system failures and/or security breaches, and for information retrieval and verification.

67. Microfinance loans offered by our subsidiary, SML are unsecured and are susceptible to various operational, credit and political risks which may result in increased levels of NPAs, thereby adversely affecting our business, results of operation and financial condition.

The focus client segment for our micro-loans is women in rural areas. The clients of SML typically have limited sources of income, savings and credit histories and as a result, are usually adversely affected by declining economic conditions. Further, for most of the loans provided by SML, clients do not provide any collateral or security for their borrowings as the RBI has mandated that loans given by NBFC-MFIs should be collateral free and should have annual household income up to ₹3,00,000 (RBI vide circular DoR.FIN.REC.95/03.10.038/2021-22 dated March 14, 2022) for the purpose of "consideration as microfinance loans". Such clients generally do not have a high level of financial resilience, and, as a result, they can be adversely affected by declining economic conditions and natural calamities. Furthermore, although SML uses credit bureau reports to check certain background information such as the total indebtedness of each potential client and their existing repayment/ default history, the information in such reports may be incomplete or unreliable and accordingly the credit risk analysis we carry out on potential clients may be limited. Further, SML relies primarily on non-traditional guaranteed mechanisms rather than any tangible assets such as collateral. Most of its loans involve a joint liability mechanism whereby borrowers form an informal joint liability group and provide joint and several guarantees for loans obtained by each member of the group. Such joint liability arrangements are likely to fail if there is no meaningful personal relationship or bond among members of such group, if there is irregular participation in group meetings, if inadequate risk management procedures have been employed, or as a result of adverse external factors such as natural calamities. As a result, its clients potentially present a higher risk of loss in case of a credit default compared to that of borrowers in other asset-backed financing products. In addition, the microfinance business is susceptible to various political and social risks, including political interference in the working of MFIs at the district, state or national level; adverse publicity or litigation relating to the microfinance sector; public criticism of the microfinance sector; introduction of a stringent regulatory regime; or religious beliefs relating to loans and introduction of a stringent regulatory regime; or religious beliefs relating to loans and interest payments, which adversely affect repayment by its clients and may have an adverse effect on our business prospects and future financial performance.

Due to the underlying profile of the clients of SML, we may, in the future, experience increased levels of non-performing assets and related provisions and write-offs, which would materially and adversely impact our business and results of operations.

External Risk Factors

68. Our results of operations have been, and may continue to be, adversely affected by Indian and international financial market and economic conditions.

Our business is highly dependent on Indian and international markets and economic conditions. Such conditions in India include fluctuations in interest rates; changes in consumer spending; the level of consumer confidence; housing prices; corporate or other scandals that reduce confidence in the financial markets, among others. International markets and economic conditions include the liquidity of global financial markets, the level and volatility of debt and equity prices and interest rates, investor sentiment, inflation, the availability and cost of capital and credit, and the degree to which international economies are expanding or experiencing recessionary pressures. The independent and/or collective fluctuation of these conditions can directly and indirectly affect demand for our lending finance and other financial products or increase the cost to provide such products. In addition, adverse economic conditions, such as declines in housing values, could lead to an increase in mortgage and other home loan delinquencies and higher write offs, which can adversely affect our earnings.

Global financial markets were and continue to be extremely volatile and were materially and adversely affected by a significant lack of liquidity, decreased confidence in the financial sector, disruptions in the credit markets, reduced business activity, rising unemployment, declining home prices and erosion of consumer confidence. These factors have contributed to and may continue to adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

69. Financial difficulties and other problems in certain financial institutions in India could cause our business to

suffer and adversely affect our results of operations.

We are exposed to the risks of the Indian financial system, which in turn may be affected by financial difficulties and other problems faced by certain Indian financial institutions. Certain Indian financial institutions have experienced difficulties during recent years. Some co-operative banks (which tend to operate in rural sector) have also faced serious financial and liquidity crises. There has been a trend towards consolidation with weaker banks and NBFCs being merged with stronger entities. The problems faced by individual Indian financial institutions and any instability in or difficulties faced by the Indian financial system generally could create adverse market perception about Indian financial institutions, banks and NBFCs. This in turn could adversely affect our business, our future financial performance, our shareholders' funds and the market price of our NCDs.

70. Terrorist attacks, civil unrest and other acts of violence or war involving India and other countries could adversely affect the financial markets and our business.

Terrorist attacks and other acts of violence or war may negatively affect our business and may also adversely affect the worldwide financial markets. These acts may also result in a loss of business confidence. In addition, any deterioration in relations between India and its neighbouring countries might result in investor concern about stability in the region, which could adversely affect our business.

India has also witnessed civil disturbances in recent years and it is possible that future civil unrest as well as other adverse social, economic and political events in India could have a negative impact on us. Such incidents could also create a greater perception that investment in Indian companies involves a higher degree of risk and could have an adverse impact on our business and the market price of our NCDs.

71. Natural calamities could have a negative impact on the Indian economy, particularly the agriculture sector, and cause our business to suffer.

India has experienced natural calamities such as earthquakes, a tsunami, floods and drought in the past few years. The extent and severity of these natural disasters determines their impact on the Indian economy. The erratic progress of the monsoon over the course of past few years affected sowing operations for certain crops. Further, prolonged spells of below normal rainfall or other natural calamities could have a negative impact on the Indian economy thereby, adversely affecting our business.

72. Any downgrading of India's debt rating by an international rating agency could have a negative impact on our business.

Any adverse revisions to India's credit ratings for domestic and international debt by international rating agencies may adversely impact our ability to raise additional financing, the interest rates and other commercial terms at which such additional financing is available. This could have a material adverse effect on our business and financial performance, our ability to raise financing for onward lending and the price of our NCDs.

73. Instability of economic policies and the political situation in India could adversely affect the fortunes of the industry.

There is no assurance that the liberalization policies of the Government will continue in the future. Protests against privatization could slow down the pace of liberalization and deregulation. The Government of India plays an important role by regulating the policies and regulations that govern the private sector. The current economic policies of the Government may change at a later date. The pace of economic liberalization could change and specific laws and policies affecting the industry and other policies affecting investments in our Company's business could change as well. A significant change in India's economic liberalization and deregulation policies could disrupt business and economic conditions in India and thereby affect our Company's business.

Unstable domestic as well as international political environment could impact the economic performance in the short term as well as the long term. The Government of India has pursued the economic liberalization policies including relaxing restrictions on the private sector over the past several years. The present Government has also announced polices and taken initiatives that support continued economic liberalization.

The Government has traditionally exercised and continues to exercise a significant influence over many aspects of the Indian economy. Our Company's business may be affected not only by changes in interest rates, changes in Government policy, taxation, social and civil unrest but also by other political, economic or other developments in or affecting India.

74. Companies operating in India are subject to a variety of central and state government taxes and surcharges.

Tax and other levies including stamp duty imposed by the central and state governments in India that affect our tax liability include central and state taxes and other levies, income tax, goods and service tax, stamp duty and other special taxes and surcharges which are introduced on a temporary or permanent basis from time to time. Moreover, the central and state tax scheme in India is extensive and subject to change from time to time. The statutory corporate income tax in India (as applicable to us), which includes a surcharge on the tax and a health and education cess on the tax and the surcharge. The central or state government may in the future increase the corporate income tax it imposes. Any such future increases or amendments may affect the overall tax efficiency of companies operating in India and may result in significant additional taxes becoming payable. Additional tax exposure could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

75. Financial instability in other countries could disrupt our business.

The Indian market and the Indian economy are influenced by economic and market conditions in other countries. Although economic conditions are different in each country, investors' reactions to developments in one country can have adverse effects on the economy as a whole, in other countries, including India. A loss of investor confidence in the financial systems of other emerging markets may cause volatility in Indian financial markets and indirectly, in the Indian economy in general. Any worldwide financial instability could also have a negative impact on the Indian economy, including the movement of exchange rates and interest rates in India.

In the event that the current difficult conditions in the global credit markets continue or if the recovery is slower than expected or if there any significant financial disruption, this could have an adverse effect on our cost of funding, loan portfolio, business, prospects, results of operations and financial condition.

76. Trading of the NCDs may be limited by temporary exchange closures, broker defaults, settlement delays, strikes by brokerage firm employees and disputes.

The Indian stock exchanges have experienced temporary exchange closures, broker defaults, settlement delays and strikes by brokerage firm employees. In addition, the governing bodies of the Indian stock exchanges have from time to time imposed restrictions on trading in certain securities, limitations on price movements and margin requirements. Furthermore, from time to time, disputes have occurred between listed companies and stock exchanges and other regulatory bodies, which in some cases may have had a negative effect on market sentiment.

Risks relating to the Issue and NCDs.

77. The NCD Holders may not be able to recover, on a timely basis or at all, the full value of the outstanding amounts and/or the interest accrued thereon in connection with the NCDs. Failure or delay to recover the expected value from a sale or disposition of the assets charged as security in connection with the NCDs could expose the holders to a potential loss.

Our ability to pay interest accrued on the NCDs and/or the principal amount outstanding from time to time in connection therewith would be subject to various factors, *inter alia*, including our financial condition, profitability and the general economic conditions in India and in the global financial markets. We cannot assure you that we would be able to repay the principal amount outstanding from time to time on the NCDs and/or the interest accrued thereon in a timely manner or at all. Our Company will create appropriate security in favour of the Debenture Trustee for the Secured NCD Holders on the assets adequate to ensure 100% security cover for the Secured NCDs. The Debenture Trustee will protect the interest of the Secured NCD Holders in the event of default by us in regard to timely payment of interest and repayment of principal and they will take necessary action at our cost. It is it the duty of the debenture trustee to monitor the security cover is maintained, however, the recovery of 100% of the amount shall depend on the market scenario prevalent at the time of enforcement of the security and the realisable value of the assets charged as security, when liquidated, may be lower than the outstanding principal and/or interest accrued thereon in connection with the Secured NCDs. A failure or delay to recover the expected value from a sale or disposition of the assets charged as security in connection with the Secured NCDs could expose you to a potential loss.

78. The Issuer, being a NBFC is not required to maintain a debenture redemption reserve ("DRR").

Pursuant to a Ministry of Corporate Affairs notification dated August 16, 2019 amending Section 71 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 18 (7) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, an NBFC is not required to

maintain DRR for debentures issued through a public issue. Hence, investors shall not have the benefit of reserve funds to cover the re-payment of the principal and interest on the NCDs.

79. There may be no active market for the NCDs on the platform of the Stock Exchanges. As a result, the liquidity and market prices of the NCDs may fail to develop and may accordingly be adversely affected.

There can be no assurance that an active market for the NCDs will develop. If an active market for the NCDs fails to develop or be sustained, the liquidity and market prices of the NCDs may be adversely affected. The market price of the NCDs would depend on various factors, *inter alia*, including (i) the interest rate on similar securities available in the market and the general interest rate scenario in the country, (ii) the market price of our Equity Shares, (iii) the market for listed debt securities, (iv) general economic conditions, and (v) our financial performance, growth prospects and results of operations. The aforementioned factors may adversely affect the liquidity and market price of the NCDs, which may trade at a discount to the price at which you purchase the NCDs and/or be relatively illiquid.

80. There may be a delay in making refund to Applicants.

We cannot assure you that the monies refundable to you, on account of (i) withdrawal of your Applications, (ii) our failure to receive minimum subscription in connection with the Base Issue, (iii) withdrawal of the Issue, or (iv) failure to obtain the final approval from the Stock Exchange for listing of the NCDs, will be refunded to you in a timely manner. We, however, shall refund such monies, with the interest due and payable thereon as prescribed under applicable statutory and/or regulatory provisions.

81. In the event of bankruptcy, liquidation or winding-up, there may not be sufficient assets remaining to pay amounts due on the NCDs.

In the event of bankruptcy, liquidation or winding-up, our Company's assets will be available to pay obligations on the NCDs only after all of those liabilities that rank senior to these NCDs have been paid as per Section 327 of the Companies Act, 2013. In the event of bankruptcy, liquidation or winding-up, there may not be sufficient assets remaining to pay amounts due on the Secured NCDs.

82. The fund requirement and deployment mentioned in the Objects of the Issue have not been appraised by any bank or financial institution

We intend to use the proceeds of the Issue, after meeting the expenditures of and related to the Issue, for the purpose of onward lending, our various financing activities including lending, for repayment of interest and principal of existing borrowing of the company, subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements. For further details, see "Issue Related Information" on page 282. The fund requirement and deployment is based on internal management estimates and has not been appraised by any bank or financial institution. The management will have significant flexibility in applying the proceeds received by us from the Issue. The utilization details of the proceeds of the Issue shall be adequately disclosed as per applicable law. Further, as per the provisions of the SEBI NCS Regulations, we are not required to appoint a monitoring agency and therefore no monitoring agency has been appointed for the Issue.

83. This Draft Shelf Prospectus includes certain unaudited financial information, which has been subjected to limited review, in relation to our Company. Reliance on such information should, accordingly, be limited.

This Draft Shelf Prospectus includes unaudited financial information in relation to our Company for the three months ended June 30, 2022 in respect of which the Auditors have issued their Limited Review Report dated July 27, 2022. As Limited Review Financial Results prepared by our Company in accordance with Regulation 52(2) of the SEBI LODR Regulations have been subject only to a limited review and as described in Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information" Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" issued by the ICAI, and not to an audit, any reliance by prospective investors on such Limited Review Financial Information for the three months ended June 30, 2022 should, accordingly, be limited. Additionally, in accordance with applicable law, our Company is required to publish its half yearly financial information with the stock exchanges.

Any financial results published in the future may not be consistent with past performance. Accordingly, prospective investors should rely on their independent examination of our financial position and results of operations, and should not place undue reliance on, or base their investment decision solely on the financial information included in this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

84. There is no assurance that the NCDs issued pursuant to the Issue will be listed on Stock Exchanges in a timely

manner, or at all.

In accordance with Indian law and practice, permissions for listing and trading of the NCDs issued pursuant to the Issue will not be granted until after the NCDs have been issued and allotted. Approval for listing and trading will require all relevant documents to be submitted and carrying out of necessary procedures with the stock exchanges. There could be a failure or delay in listing the NCDs on the Stock Exchanges for reasons unforeseen. If permission to deal in and for an official quotation of the NCDs is not granted by the stock exchanges, our Company will forthwith repay, with interest, all monies received from the Applicants in accordance with prevailing law in this context, and pursuant to this Draft Shelf Prospectus. There is no assurance that the NCDs issued pursuant to the Issue will be listed on stock exchanges in a timely manner, or at all.

85. There are other lenders and debenture trustees who have pari passu charge over the Security provided.

There are other lenders and debenture trustees of the Company who have *pari passu* charge over the Security provided for the Issue. While the Company is required to maintain the outstanding amount of the NCDs and interest thereon, upon the Company's bankruptcy, winding-up or liquidation, the other lenders and debenture trustees will rank *pari passu* with the NCD holders and to that extent, may reduce the amounts recoverable by the NCD holders.

SECTION III - INTRODUCTION

GENERAL INFORMATION

Our Company was incorporated at Mumbai on October 18, 1995 as a private limited company with the name Probity Research & Services Private Limited under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The status of our Company was changed to a public limited company and our name was changed to 'Probity Research & Services Limited' pursuant to a fresh certificate of incorporation dated on April 28, 2000 issued by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai. The name of our Company was subsequently changed to 'India Infoline.Com Limited', and a fresh certificate of incorporation, consequent upon change of name was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai on May 23, 2000. The name of our Company was further changed to 'India Infoline Limited', and a fresh certificate of incorporation, consequent upon change of name was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai on March 23, 2001. Thereafter, the name of our Company was changed to 'IIFL Holdings Limited', and a fresh certificate of incorporation, consequent upon change of name was issued by Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai on February 18, 2014. Thereafter, the name of our Company was changed to 'IIFL Finance Limited' and a fresh certificate of incorporation, consequent upon change of name was issued by Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai on May 24, 2019.

NBFC Registration

Our Company holds a certificate of registration dated March 06, 2020 bearing registration no. N-13.02386 issued by the RBI to carry on the activities of a NBFC under Section 45 IA of the RBI Act.

Company Registration No.: 093797 **CIN**: L67100MH1995PLC093797 **LEI**: 335800CZ46UJRS34JR78

Permanent Account Number:

AABCI0745G

Registered Office

IIFL Finance Limited*

IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23 Thane Industrial Area, Wagle Estate, Thane – 400604 Maharashtra, India

Tel.: +91 22 4103 5000 **Fax:** +91 22 2580 6654 **Website:** www.iifl.com **Email:** csteam@iifl.com

*Our Company has submitted application with SEBI for surrender of registration number for Investment Advisor. The said registration has been surrendered on February 22, 2021.

Corporate Office

802, 8th Floor Hub Town Solaris N.S. Phadke Marg Vijay Nagar, Andheri East Mumbai 400069, Maharashtra, India. **Tel.:** +91 22 6788 1000

Fax: +91 22 6788 1010 Website: www.iifl.com Email: csteam@iifl.com For further details regarding changes to our Registered Office, see "History and Main Objects" beginning on page 136 of the Draft Shelf Prospectus.

Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai.

100, Everest House Marine Lines Mumbai 400 002 Maharashtra, India

Chief Financial Officer

Rajesh Rajak

802, 8th Floor Hub Town Solaris N.S. Phadke Marg Vijay Nagar, Andheri East Mumbai 400069,

Tel.: +91 22 6788 1000 **Fax:** +91 22 6788 1010 **Email:** rajesh.rajak@iifl.com

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Sneha Patwardhan

802, 8th Floor Hub Town Solaris N.S. Phadke Marg Vijay Nagar, Andheri East Mumbai 400069, Maharashtra, India. **Tel.:** +91 22 6788 1000

Fax: +91 22 6788 1000 Fax: +91 22 6788 1010 Email: csteam@iifl.com

Investors may contact the Registrar to the Issue or our Company Secretary and Compliance Officer in case of any pre-Issue or post Issue related issues such as non-receipt of Allotment Advice, demat credit, refund orders, non-receipt of debentures certificates (in case of NCDs which have been re-materialised), transfers or interest on application money etc as the case may be.

All grievances relating to the Issue or relevant Tranche Issue may be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue, giving full details such as name, Application Form number, address of the Applicant, Permanent Account Number, number of NCDs applied for, Series of NCDs applied for, amount paid on application, Depository Participant name and client identification number, and the collection centre of the Members of the Syndicate where the Application was submitted and ASBA Account number (for Bidders other than Retail Individual Investors bidding through the UPI Mechanism) in which the amount equivalent to the Bid Amount was blocked or UPI ID in case of Retail Individual Investors bidding through the UPI mechanism. Further, the Bidder shall enclose the Acknowledgement Slip or provide the acknowledgement number received from the Designated Intermediaries in addition to the documents/information mentioned hereinabove.

All grievances relating to the ASBA process may be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue or Compliance Officer with a copy to the relevant SCSB, giving full details such as name, address of Applicant, Application Form number, number of NCDs applied for, amount blocked on Application and the Designated Branch or the collection centre of the SCSB where the Application Form was submitted by the ASBA Applicant.

All grievances related to the UPI process may be addressed to the Stock Exchanges, which shall be responsible for addressing investor grievances arising from applications submitted online through the App based/ web interface platform of stock exchanges or through their Trading Members. The intermediaries shall be responsible for addressing any investor grievances arising from the applications uploaded by them in respect of quantity, price or any other data entry or other errors made by them.

All grievances arising out of Applications for the NCDs made through the Online Stock Exchanges Mechanism or through Trading Members may be addressed directly to the Stock Exchanges.

Lead Managers



Edelweiss Financial Services Limited

Edelweiss House Off CST Road Kalina, Mumbai 400 098

Kalina, Mumbai 400 09 Tel: +91 22 4086 3535 Fax: +91 22 4086 3610

Email: iifl.ncd@edelweissfin.com

Investor Grievance Email: customerservice.mb@edelweissfin.com

Website: www.edelweissfin.com Contact Person: Lokesh Singhi

Compliance Officer: Ms. Bhavana Kapadia SEBI Registration No.: INM0000010650 CIN: L99999MH1995PLC094641



IIFL Securities Limited*

10th Floor, IIFL Centre

Kamala Centre

Senapati Bapat Marg

Lower Parel (West), Mumbai 400 013

Tel: +91 22 4646 4728

Email: iifl.ncd2022@iiflcap.com

Investor Grievance Email: ig.ib@iiflcap.com

Website: www.iiflcap.com
Contact Person: Nishita Mody
Compliance Officer: Pawan Jain
SEBI Registration no.: INM000010940
CIN: L99999MH1996PLC132983

*IIFL Securities Limited is deemed to be our associate as per the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992, as amended ("Merchant Bankers Regulations"). Further, in compliance with the provisions of Regulation 21A and explanation to Regulation 21A of the Merchant Bankers Regulations, IIFL Securities Limited would be involved only in marketing of the Issue.



Equirus Capital Private Limited

12th Floor, C Wing Marathon Futurex N.M. Joshi Marg

Lower Parel, Mumbai 400 013

Tel: +91 22 4332 0736 **Fax:** +91 22 4332 0750 **Email:** iifl.ncd@equirus.com

Investor Grievance Email: investorsgrievance@equirus.com

Website: www.equirus.com Contact person: Malay Shah

Compliance Officer: Parth Pankhaniya SEBI Registration Number: INM000011286

CIN: U65910MH2007PTC172599



Trust Investment Advisors Private Limited

109/110, Balarama, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East) Mumbai 40

Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051,

Maharashtra, India **Tel**: +91 22 4084 5000 **Fax**: +91 22 4084 5066

Email: projectinca@trustgroup.in

Investor Grievance Email: customercare@trustgroup.in

Website: www.trustgroup.in Contact Person: Hani Jalan

Compliance Officer: Brijmohan Bohra SEBI Registration No.: INM000011120 CIN: U67190MH2006PTC162464

Consortium Members/ Lead Brokers to the Issue

As specificed in the relevant Tranche Prospectus

Public Issue Account Bank, Sponsor Bank and Refund Bank:

As specificed in the relevant Tranche Prospectus

Debenture Trustee:



Vardhman Trusteeship Private Limited

The Capital, 412 A, A Wing, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East) Mumbai 400 051, Maharashtra, India Tel: +91 22 4264 8335 / 8657900674 Email: nilesh@vardhmantrustee.com Website: www.vardhmantrustee.com Contact Person: Nilesh Palav

SEBI Registration No: IND000000611 **CIN**: U65993WB2010PTC152401

Registrar



Link Intime India Private Limited

C 101, 247 Park

L.B.S Marg, Vikhroli (West) Mumbai 400 083

Maharashtra, India **Tel**: +91 22 4918 6200

Fax: +91 22 4918 6195

Email: iifl.ncd2022@linkintime.co.in

Investor Grievance mail: iifl.ncd2022@linkintime.co.in

Website: www.linkintime.co.in

Contact Person: Ms. Shanti Gopalkrishnan Compliance Officer: B. N. Ramakrishnan SEBI Registration Number: INR000004058

CIN: U67190MH1999PTC118368

Statutory Auditor:

M/s. V. Sankar Aiyar & Co

2-C, Court Chambers 35, New Marine Lines Mumbai 400 020 **Tel.**: +91 22 2200 4465

Email: mumbai@vsa.co.in Website: www.vsa.co.in Membership No: 046050 Firm Registration No: 109208W Contact Person: G. Sankar

M/s. V. Sankar Aiyar & Co has been the statutory auditors of our Company since June 7, 2020.

M/s. Chhajed & Doshi

101, Hubtown Solaris, Near East-west Flyover, N.S. Phadke Marg, Andheri,

Mumbai 400 069
Tel.: +91 22 6103 7878
Email: info@cndindia.com
Website: www.cndindia.com
Membership No: 049357
Firm Peristration No: 101794

Firm Registration No: 101794W Contact Person: M P Chhajed

M/s. Chhajed & Doshi has been the joint statutory auditors of our Company since July 27, 2021.

Credit Rating Agencies*



CRISIL Ratings Limited

CRISIL House, Central Avenue Hiranandani Business Park Powai, Mumbai 400 076

Tel: +91 22 3342 3000 **Fax**: +91 22 3342 3050

Email: crisilratingdesk@crisil.com

Website: www.crisil.com

Contact Person: Krishnan Sitaraman SEBI Registration No: IN/CRA/00I/1999 CIN: U67100MH2019PLC326247



ICRA Limited

Electric Mansion, 3rd Floor, Appasaheb Marathe Marg, Prabhadevi, Mumbai - 400025

Tel: +91-22-61143406 **Fax**: +91-22-24331390

Email: shivakumar@icraindia.com

Website: www.icra.in

Contact Person: L Shivakumar

SEBI Registration No: IN/CRA/008/2015

CIN: L74999DL1991PLC042749

Industry Report



CRISIL Limited

CRISIL House, Central Avenue, Hiranandani Business Park,

Powai, Mumbai 400 076 **Tel**: +91 22 3342 3000 (B) **Fax**: +91 22 3342 3001 **Email**: info@crisil.com

Contact Person: Vankatramh B Website: www.crisil.com

SEBI Registration No: IN/CRA/001/1999 **CIN**: L67120MH1987PLC042363

Legal Counsel to the Issue:



Khaitan & Co

One World Centre 10th & 13th Floor, Tower 1C 841 Senapati Bapat Marg Mumbai 400 013

Tel: +91 22 6636 5000 **Fax:** +91 22 6636 5050 **Website:** www.khaitanco.com

Bankers to our Company

IDFC First Bank

Naman Chambers, C-32, G-Block, BKC, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051

Contact Person: Saumya Wahi Narang

Tel: +91 22 7132 5659

Email: saumya.wahi@idfcfirstbank.com **Website**: www.idfcfirstbank.com

HDFC Bank Limited

Zenith House, 2nd Floor, Opp. Mahalaxmi Race Course, Mahalaxmi, Mumbai 400 034 **Contact Person**: Akshay Agarwal

Tel: +91 22 3976 0529 **Fax**: +91 22 3976 0529

Email: support@hdfcbank.com **Website**: www.hdfcbank.com

Self-Certified Syndicate Banks

The list of banks that have been notified by SEBI to act as the SCSBs for the ASBA and UPI Mechanism process is provided on the website of SEBI at http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes and https://sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=40 respectively, as updated from time to time. For a list of branches of the SCSBs named by the respective SCSBs to receive the ASBA Forms and UPI Mechanism through app/web interface from the Designated Intermediaries, refer to the above-mentioned link.

In relation to Bids submitted under the ASBA process to a Member of the Syndicate, the list of branches of the SCSBs at the Specified Locations named by the respective SCSBs to receive deposits of the ASBA Forms from the Members of the Syndicate is available on the website of SEBI:

https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes and updated from time to time.

For more information on such branches collecting Bid cum Application Forms from the Members of the Syndicate at Specified Locations, see the website of SEBI at:

https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes.

Self-Certified Syndicate Banks eligible as Issuer Banks for UPI

The list of SCSBs through which Bids can be submitted by RIBs using the UPI Mechanism, including details such as the eligible Mobile Apps and UPI handle which can be used for such Bids, is available on the website of the SEBI at https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=40, which may be updated from time to time or at such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

Syndicate SCSB Branches

In relation to Applications submitted to a member of the Syndicate, the list of branches of the SCSBs at the Specified Locations named by the respective SCSBs to receive deposits of ASBA Forms and Application Forms where investors have opted for payment via the UPI Mechanism, from the Members of the Syndicate is available on the website of the SEBI (http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do ?doRecognised=yes) and updated from time to time or any such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. For more information on such branches collecting Application Forms from the Syndicate at Specified Locations, see the website of the SEBI http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes as updated from time to time or any such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

Broker Centres/ Designated CDP Locations/ Designated RTA Locations

In accordance with SEBI Circular No. CIR/CFD/14/2012 dated October 4, 2012 and CIR/CFD/POLICYCELL/11/2015 dated November 10, 2015 and the SEBI Operational Circular, Applicants can submit the Application Forms with the Registered Brokers at the Broker Centres, CDPs at the Designated CDP Locations or the RTAs at the Designated RTA Locations, respective lists of which, including details such as address and telephone number, are available at the websites of the Stock Exchange(s) at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com. The list of branches of the SCSBs at the Broker Centres, named by the respective SCSBs to receive deposits of the Application Forms from the Registered Brokers will be available on the website of the SEBI (www.sebi.gov.in) and updated from time to time.

CRTAs / CDPs

The list of the CRTAs and CDPs, eligible to accept Applications in the Issue, including details such as postal address, telephone number and email address, are provided on the websites of the BSE and NSE for CRTAs and CDPs, as updated from time to time.

Impersonation

As a matter of abundant caution, attention of the Investors is specifically drawn to the provisions of sub-section (1) of Section 38 of the Companies Act, 2013 which is reproduced below:

"Any person who:

- (a) makes or abets making of an application in a fictitious name to a company for acquiring, or subscribing for, its securities; or
- (b) makes or abets making of multiple applications to a company in different names or in different combinations of his name or surname for acquiring or subscribing for its securities; or
- (c) otherwise induces directly or indirectly a company to allot, or register any transfer of, securities to him, or to any other person in a fictitious name, shall be liable for action under Section 447 of the Companies Act, 2013"

The liability prescribed under Section 447 of the Companies Act 2013 for fraud involving an amount of at least ₹ 10 lakh

or 1.00% of the turnover of our Company, whichever is lower, includes imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months extending up to 10 years (provided that where the fraud involves public interest, such term shall not be less than three years) and fine of an amount not less than the amount involved in the fraud, extending up to three times of such amount. In case the fraud involves (i) an amount which is less than $\stackrel{?}{\sim}$ 10 lakh or 1.00% of the turnover of our Company, whichever is lower; and (ii) does not involve public interest, then such fraud is punishable with an imprisonment for a term extending up to five years or a fine of an amount extending up to $\stackrel{?}{\sim}$ 50 lakh or with both.

Minimum Subscription

In terms of the SEBI NCS Regulations, for an issuer undertaking a public issue of debt securities the minimum subscription for public issue of debt securities shall be 75% of the Base Issue Size. If our Company does not receive the minimum subscription of 75% of Base Issue Size, prior to the Issue Closing Date the entire Application Amount shall be unblocked in the relevant ASBA Account(s) of the Applicants within 8 working days from the Issue Closing Date provided wherein, the Application Amount has been transferred to the Public Issue Account from the respective ASBA Accounts, such Application Amount shall be refunded from the Refund Account to the relevant ASBA Accounts(s) of the Applicants within 8 working days from the Issue Closing Date, failing which our Company will become liable to refund the Application Amount along with interest at the rate 15 percent per annum for the delayed period.

In case of failure of the Issue due to reasons such as non-receipt of listing and trading approval from the Stock Exchanges wherein the Application Amount has been transferred to the Public Issue Account from the respective ASBA Accounts, such Application Amount shall be unblocked in the Applicants ASBA Account within two Working Days from the scheduled listing date, failing which the Company will become liable to refund the Application Amount along with interest at the rate 15 percent per annum from the scheduled listing date till the date of actual payment.

Underwriting

The Issue is not underwritten.

Arrangers to the Issue

There are no Arrangers to the Issue.

Guarantor to the Issue

There are no guarantors to the Issue.

Credit Rating and Rationale

The NCDs proposed to be issued under the Issue have been rated "CRISIL AA/Stable" (pronounced as CRISIL double A rating with Stable outlook) for an amount of ₹50,000 million by CRISIL Ratings Limited ("CRISIL") vide their rating letter dated June 28, 2022, revalidated vide letter dated July 29, 2022 and ICRA AA (stable) (pronounced as ICRA Double A (stable)) for an amount of ₹ 50,000 million by ICRA Limited ("ICRA") vide their rating letter dated August 2, 2022. The rating given by CRISIL and ICRA are valid as on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus and shall remain valid until the ratings are revised or withdrawn. The aforesaid rating indicates that instruments with this rating are considered to have high degree of safety regarding timely servicing of financial obligations and carry very low credit risk. The rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and investors should take their own decision. The rating may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency and each rating should be evaluated independently of any other rating. The rating agency has a right to suspend or withdraw the rating at any time on the basis of factors such as new information. Please refer to Annexures A and B of this Draft Shelf Prospectus for the rationale and press release of the above ratings.

Utilisation of Issue proceeds

For details on utilization of Issue proceeds please see the chapter titled "Objects of the Issue" on page 74.

Issue Programme

ISSUE PROGRAMME*							
ISSUE OPENS ON	As per relevant Tranche Prospectus(es)						
ISSUE CLOSES ON	As per relevant Tranche Prospectus(es)						
PAY IN DATE	As per relevant Tranche Prospectus(es)						
DEEMED DATE OF	As per relevant Tranche Prospectus(es)						
ALLOTMENT	-						

^{*} The Issue shall remain open for subscription on Working Days from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) during the period indicated above, except that the Issue may close on such earlier date or extended date as may be decided by the Board or the Finance Committee of the Board of Directors of our Company. In the event of an early closure or extension of the Issue, our Company shall ensure that notice of the same is provided to the prospective investors through an advertisement in a daily national newspaper and a regional daily at the place where the registered office of the Company is situated on or before such earlier or extended date of Issue Closure. On the Issue Closing Date, Application Forms will be accepted only between 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) and uploaded until 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by BSE and NSE. Further, pending mandate requests for bids placed on the last day of bidding will be validated by 5 PM on one Working Day after the Issue Closing Date For further details please refer to the chapter titled "Issue Related Information" on page 282.

Further please note that Application Forms for the Issue shall be accepted only between 10.00 a.m. and 5.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time, "IST") ("Bidding Period") during the Issue Period as mentioned above by the (a) by the Designated Intermediaries at the Bidding Centres, or (b) by the SCSBs directly at the Designated Branches of the SCSBs as mentioned on the Application Form, except that on the Issue Closing Date when Applications shall be accepted only between 10.00 a.m. and 3.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) and shall be uploaded until 5.00 p.m. (IST) or such extended time as permitted by Stock Exchange(s). It is clarified that the Applications not uploaded in the Stock Exchange(s) Platform would be rejected.

Due to limitation of time available for uploading the Applications on the Issue Closing Date, the Applicants are advised to submit their Applications one day prior to the Issue Closing Date and, in any case, no later than 3.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Tranche) on the Issue Closing Date. All times mentioned in this Draft Shelf Prospectus are Indian Standard Time. Applicants are cautioned that in the event a large number of Applications are received on the Issue Closing Date, as is typically experienced in public offerings, some Applications may not get uploaded due to lack of sufficient time.

Such Applications that cannot be uploaded will not be considered for allocation under the Issue. Applications will be accepted only on Working Days, i.e., Monday to Friday (excluding any public holiday). Neither our Company, nor the Lead Managers, nor any Member of the Syndicate, Registered Brokers at the Broker Centres, CDPs at the Designated CDP Locations or the RTAs at the Designated RTA Locations or designated branches of SCSBs are liable for any failure in uploading the Applications due to faults in any software/hardware system or otherwise. Please note that, within each category of investors, the Basis of Allotment under the Issue will be on date priority basis except on the day of oversubscription, if any, where the Allotment will be proportionate.

Inter-se Allocation of Responsibilities among the Lead Managers:

The following table sets forth the inter-se allocation of responsibilities and coordination for various activities among the Lead Managers:

Sr.	Activities	Responsibility	Coordinator
No.			
1.	 Due diligence of Company's operations/ management/ business plans/ legal etc. Drafting and designing of the offering document. (The Managers shall ensure compliance with stipulated requirements and completion of prescribed formalities with the Stock Exchange, RoC and SEBI including finalization of Offering Document and RoC filing). Draft Shelf Prospectus, Shelf Prospectus, Tranche Prospectus(es) (together "Offer Documents") Coordination with the Stock Exchanges for in-principle approval 	Edelweiss/Equirus/Trust	Edelweiss
2.	Structuring of various issuance options with relative components and formalities etc.	Edelweiss/Equirus/Trust	Edelweiss

Sr. No.	Activities	Responsibility	Coordinator
3.	Co-ordination with auditors for auditor deliverables and co- ordination with lawyers for legal opinion	Edelweiss/Equirus/Trust	Edelweiss
4.	Appointment of other intermediaries viz., Registrar, Debenture Trustee, Consortium/Syndicate Members, printer, advertising agency and Public Issue Bank cum Refund Bank.	Edelweiss/Equirus/Trust	Edelweiss
5.	 Coordination with the printer for designing and finalization of Offer Documents, Application Form including memorandum containing salient features of the Offer Documents. Drafting and approval of statutory advertisement 	Edelweiss/Equirus/Trust	Trust
6.	Drafting and approval of all publicity material (excluding statutory advertisement as mentioned in 5 above) including print and online advertisement, outdoor advertisement including brochures, banners, hoardings etc.	Edelweiss/Equirus/Trust	Trust
7.	Preparation of road show presentation, FAQs.	Edelweiss/Equirus/Trust	Trust
8.	 Marketing strategy which will cover, inter alia: Deciding on the quantum of the Issue material and follow-up on distribution of publicity and Issue material including Application Forms, Offer Documents, posters, banners, etc. Finalise collection centres Coordinate with Registrar for collection of Application Forms by ASBA banks; Finalisation of list and allocation of institutional investors for one on one meetings 	All Lead Managers	IIFL Securities
9.	Domestic institutions/banks/mutual funds marketing strategy: Finalize the list and division of investors for one on one meetings, institutional allocation	All Lead Managers	IIFL Securities
10.	 Non-institutional marketing strategy which will cover, inter alia: Finalize media, marketing and public relation strategy and publicity budget Finalize centers for holding conferences for brokers, etc. 	All Lead Managers	IIFL Securities
11.	Coordination with the Stock Exchanges for use of the bidding software	Edelweiss/Equirus/Trust	Equirus
12.	Coordination for security creation by way of execution of Debenture Trust Deed	Edelweiss/Equirus/Trust	Equirus
13.	Drafting and finalization of post issue stationery items like, allotment and refund advice, etc.;	Edelweiss/Equirus/Trust	Equirus
14.	Post-issue activities including – Co-ordination with Bankers to the Issue for management of Public Issue Account(s), Refund Account and any other account and Allotment resolution	Edelweiss/Equirus/Trust	Edelweiss
15.	 Coordination for generation of ISINs; Corporate action for dematerialized credit /delivery of securities; Coordinating approval for listing and trading of securities; and Redressal of investor grievances in relation to post issue activities. 	Edelweiss/Equirus/Trust	Edelweiss

Note: IIFL Securities Limited is deemed to be our associate as per the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992, as amended ("Merchant Bankers Regulations"). Further, in compliance with the provisions of Regulation 21A and explanation to Regulation 21A of the Merchant Bankers Regulations, IIFL Securities Limited would be involved only in marketing of the Issue.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Details of share capital

The following table lays down the details of our authorised, issued, subscribed and paid up share capital as on the date of the June 30, 2022:

(in ₹)

Share Capital	Aggregate value (except for securities premium)
Authorised Share Capital	
23,552,50,000 equity shares of ₹ 2 each	4,710,500,000.00
500,000,000 Preference Shares of ₹10 each	5,000,000,000.00
Total Authorised Share Capital	9,710,500,000.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-Up Share Capital	
379,739,650 equity shares of ₹ 2 each	759,479,300.00
TOTAL	759,479,300.00
Securities Premium Account	18,475,205,594.72

Notes:

1. Details of change in the authorised share capital of our Company, as on June 30, 2022, for the last three years is set out below:

Date of	Authorized Share	Particulars Particulars
Approval	Capital (in ₹)	
March 30, 2020	9,710,500,000	The Authorised capital was increased from ₹760,500,000 to ₹9,710,500,000
		(Refer Note)

Note:

2. Equity Share capital history of our Company for the last three years as on June 30, 2022 is set out below:

Date of Allotme nt	No. of Equity Shares	Face Value (₹)	Issue Price (₹)	Consideration (Cash, other than cash, etc)	Nature of Allotment	Cumulative No. of Shares	Cumulative Equity Share Capital (₹)	Equity Share Premium (in ₹)
Novem	13,280	2	82	Cash	Allotment	319,247,742	638,495,484	1062,666.00
ber 18, 2019					upon exercise of ESOPs			
Novem ber 18, 2019	350,000	2	26	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of ESOPs	319,597,742	639,195,484	8564,500.00
Novem ber 18, 2019	14,500	2	31	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of ESOPs	319,612,242	639,224,484	421,225.00
Novem ber 18, 2019	34,700	2	26	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of ESOPs	319,646,942	639,293,884	825,513.00

^{1.} The Authorised capital of the Company was changed pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement as approved by the Shareholders at their meeting held on December 12, 2018 and by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench vide its Order dated March 7, 2019. The Composite Scheme of Arrangement with respect to merger of India Infoline Finance Limited with the Company was effected on March 30, 2020. The revised Authorised Share Capital stood at ₹ 9,710,500,000 comprising of 2,355,250,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 2 each and 500,000,000 preference shares of ₹ 10 each.

There will be no change in the capital structure due to the issue and allotment of the NCDs.

^{3.} None of the equity shares held by the Promoters of our Company are either pledged or encumbered

The Authorised capital of the Company was changed pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement (Merger of India Infoline Finance Limited with the Company) as approved by the Shareholders at their meeting held on December 12, 2018 and by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench vide its Order dated March 7, 2019. The Composite Scheme of Arrangement with respect to merger of India Infoline Finance Limited with the Company was effected on March 30, 2020. The revised Authorised Share Capital stood at ₹9,710,500,000 comprising of 2,355,250,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 2 each and 500,000,000 preference shares of ₹ 10 each.

Date of Allotme nt	No. of Equity Shares	Face Value (₹)	Issue Price (₹)	Consideration (Cash, other than cash, etc)	Nature of Allotment	Cumulative No. of Shares	Cumulative Equity Share Capital (₹)	Equity Share Premium (in ₹)
January 16, 2020		2	82	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of ESOPs	319,661,362	639,322,724	1153,888.00
March 13, 2020	25,004	2	82	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of ESOPs	319,686,366	639,372,732	2000,820.00
	58,654,5 56	2	2	Other than Cash	Scheme of Arrangement*	378,340,922	756,681,844	_
August 14, 2020	27,135	2	61.48	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of ESOPs	378,368,057	756,736,114	1,613,989.80
Septem ber 21, 2020	18,680	2	82.02	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,386,737	756,773,474	1494,773.60
Septem ber 21, 2020	8,830	2	61.48	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,395,567	756,791,134	525,208.40
Decem ber 2, 2020	10,310	2	82.02	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,405,877	756,811,754	825,006.20
Decem ber 2, 2020	2,600	2	82.73	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,408,477	756,816,954	209,898.00
Decem ber 2, 2020	14,364	2	61.48	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,422,841	756,845,682	854,370.72
Decem ber 02, 2020	25,000	2	61.40	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,447,841	756,895,682	1,485,000.00
Decem ber 22, 2020	9,815	2	82.02	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,457,656	756,915,312	785,396.30
Decem ber 22, 2020	7,803	2	61.48	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,465,459	756,930,918	464,122.44
Decem ber 22, 2020	4,050	2	106.67	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,469,509	756,939,018	423,913.50
Februar y 08, 2021	15,781	2	61.48	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,485,290	756,970,580	938,653.88
Februar y 08, 2021	20,645	2	82.02	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,505,935	757,011,870	1,652,012.90
Februar y 08, 2021	20,175	2	106.67	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,852,6110	757,052,220	2,111,717.25
Februar y 08, 2021	88	2	177.04	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,526,198	757,052,396	15,403.52
March 16, 2021	78094	2	61.48	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,604,292	757,208,584	4,645,031.12

Date of Allotme nt	No. of Equity Shares	Face Value (₹)	Issue Price (₹)	Consideration (Cash, other than cash, etc)	Nature of Allotment	Cumulative No. of Shares	Cumulative Equity Share Capital (₹)	Equity Share Premium (in ₹)
March 16, 2021	39047	2	82.02	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,643,339	757,286,678	3,124,540.94
March 16, 2021	158,087	2	106.67	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,801,426	757,602,852	16,546,966.30
March 16, 2021	39240	2	177.04	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,840,666	757,681,332	6,868,569.60
March 16, 2021	10	2	182.22	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,840,676	757,681,352	1802.20
May 20, 2021	4,860	2	61.48	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,845,536	757,691,072	289,072.80
May 20, 2021	21,780	2	82.02	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,867,316	757,734,632	1,742,835.60
May 20, 2021	86,935	2	106.67	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,954,251	757,908,502	9,099,486.45
May 20, 2021	19,954	2	177.04	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,974,205	757,948,410	3,492,748.16
May 20, 2021	385	2	182.22	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	378,974,590	757,949,180	69,384.70
July 15, 2021	21,454	2	61.48	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,89,96,044	75,79,92,088	12,76,083.92
July 15, 2021	21,655	2	82.02	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,90,17,699	75,80,35,398	17,32,833.10
July 15, 2021	2,400	2	82.73	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,90,20,099	75,80,40,198	1,93,752.00
July 15, 2021	53,000	2	106.67	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,90,73,099	75,81,46,198	55,47,510.00
July 15, 2021	4,361	2	177.04	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,90,77,460	75,81,54,920	7,63,349.44
July 15, 2021	314	2	182.22	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,90,77,774	75,81,55,548	56,589.08
Septem ber 15, 2021	63,780	2	61.48	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,91,41,554	75,82,83,108	37,93,634.40
Septem ber 15, 2021	24,810	2	82.02	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,91,66,364	75,83,32,728	19,85,296.20
Septem ber 15, 2021	200	2	82.73	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,91,66,564	75,83,33,128	16,146.00

Date of Allotme nt	No. of Equity Shares	Face Value (₹)	Issue Price (₹)	Consideration (Cash, other than cash, etc)	Nature of Allotment	Cumulative No. of Shares	Cumulative Equity Share Capital (₹)	Equity Share Premium (in ₹)
Septem ber 15, 2021	66,190	2	106.67	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,92,32,754	75,84,65,508	69,28,107.30
Septem ber 15, 2021	19,603	2	177.04	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,92,52,357	75,85,04,714	34,31,309.12
Septem ber 15, 2021	142	2	182.22	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,92,52,499	75,85,04,998	25,591.24
Novem ber 11, 2021	2,015	2	82.02	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,92,54,514	75,85,09,028	1,61,240.30
Novem ber 11, 2021	40,700	2	106.67	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,92,95,214	75,85,90,428	42,60,069.00
Novem ber 11, 2021	10,464	2	177.04	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,93,05,678	75,86,11,356	18,31,618.56
Novem ber 11, 2021	50	2	182.22	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,93,05,728	75,86,11,456	9,011.00
January 06, 2022	6,005	2	61.48	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,93,11,733	75,86,23,466	3,57,177.40
January 06, 2022	14,120	2	82.02	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,93,25,853	75,86,51,706	11,29,882.40
January 06, 2022	76,848	2	106.67	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,94,02,701	75,88,05,402	80,43,680.16
January 06, 2022	83,397	2	177.04	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,94,86,098	75,89,72,196	1,45,97,810.8
January 06, 2022	709	2	182.22	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,94,86,807	75,89,73,614	1,27,775.98
March 10, 2022	9,072	2	61.48	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,94,95,879	75,89,91,758	5,39,602.56
March 10, 2022	8,080	2	82.02	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,95,03,959	75,90,07,918	6,46,561.60
March 10, 2022	59,760	2	106.67	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,95,63,719	75,91,27,438	62,55,079.20
March 10, 2022	34,384	2	177.04	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,95,98,103	75,91,96,206	60,18,575.36
March 10, 2022	608	2	182.22	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,95,98,711	75,91,97,422	1,09,573.76
May 27, 2022	52,675	2	61.48	Cash	Allotment upon exercise of the ESOPs	37,96,51,386	75,93,02,772	31,33,109.00

Date of Allotme nt	No. of Equity Shares	Face Value (₹)	Issue Price (₹)	Consideration (Cash, other than cash, etc)	Nature of Allotment	Cumulative No. of Shares	Cumulative Equity Share Capital (₹)	Equity Share Premium (in ₹)
May	7,380	2	82.02	Cash	Allotment	37,96,58,766	75,93,17,532	5,90,547.60
27,					upon exercise			
2022					of the ESOPs			
May	35,450	2	106.67	Cash	Allotment	37,96,94,216	75,93,88,432	37,10,551.50
27,					upon exercise			
2022					of the ESOPs			
May	44,116	2	177.04	Cash	Allotment	37,97,38,332	75,94,76,664	77,22,064.64
27,					upon exercise			
2022					of the ESOPs			
May	1,318	2	182.22	Cash	Allotment	37,97,39,650	75,94,79,300	2,37,529.96
27,					upon exercise			
2022					of the ESOPs			

^{*} Allotment pursuant to Merger of India Infoline Finance Limited with the Company under the Composite Scheme of Arrangement

3. List of top ten holders of Equity Shares of our Company as on June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of the Shareholder	Total number of Equity Shares	Number of shares held in dematerialized form	Total shareholding as a % of total number of Equity Shares	Shares pledged or otherwise encumbered
1.	FIH Mauritius Investments Ltd	8,46,41,445	8,46,41,445	22.29	-
2.	Nirmal Jain	4,77,19,154	4,77,19,154	12.57	-
3.	Parajia Bharat Himatlal	1,97,20,000	1,97,20,000	5.19	-
4.	Smallcap World Fund, Inc	1,96,71,937	1,96,71,937	5.18	-
5.	Cdc Group Plc	1,35,01,587	1,35,01,587	3.56	-
6.	Bank Muscat India Fund	1,25,98,222	1,25,98,222	3.32	-
7.	Madhu N Jain	1,20,75,000	1,20,75,000	3.18	-
8	R Venkataraman	1,09,84,432	1,09,84,432	2.89	-
9.	Wf Asian Reconnaissance Fund Limited	1,06,06,934	1,06,06,934	2.79	-
10.	Mansukhlal Jain	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000	2.63	-

4. List of top ten holders of non-convertible securities of our Company (on cumulative basis) as on June 30, 2022, are as follows:

(₹ in million)

Sr.	Name of Holder	Amount	Holding
No.			%
1	Life Insurance Corporation Of India	5000000000	14.89%
2	CDC Group Plc	3250000000	9.68%
3	RBL Bank Limited	1000000000	2.98%
4	Bank Of India	1000000000	2.98%
5	Mirae Asset Hybrid - Equity Fund	650000000	1.94%
6	Indian Oil Corporation Ltd (Refineries Division) Employees Provident Fund	550000000	1.64%
7	HVPNL Employees Provident Fund Trust	500000000	1.49%
8	Jindal Steel And Power Limited Employees P F Trust	500000000	1.49%
9	HVPNL Employees Pension Fund Trust	500000000	1.49%
10	Sporta Technologies Private Limited	500000000	1.49%

5. Shareholding pattern of our Company

The following table sets forth the shareholding pattern of our Company as on June 30, 2022: **Table I - Summary Statement holding of specified securities**

Cate	Category of shareholder		No. of fully paid up equity shares held	Partly paid- up equity	No. of shares underlyi ng Deposito	shares held	of total no. of shares (calculated	eacl	ı class	ing Rights h of securities		Outstandin	Shareholding , as a % assuming full conversion of convertible	Lo s	mber of cked in hares	ple ot enc	Shares edged or herwise umbered	Number of equity shares held in dematerial
				shares held	ry Receipts		as per SCRR, 1957)		Voting Class eg: y		Total as a % of (A+B +C)	convertible securities (including Warrants)	securities (as a percentage of diluted share capital)	(a)	As a % of total Shares held(b)	(a)	of total Shares held(b)	ised form
(I)	(II)	(III)	(IV)	(V)	(VI)	(VII) = (IV)+(V)+ (VI)	(VIII) As a % of (A+B+C2)		(IX)		(X)	(XI)= (VII)+(X) As a % of (A+B+C2)		(XII)	,	(XIII)	(XIV)
	Promoter & Promoter Group	8	94547490	0	0	94547490	24.00	94547490	0	94547490	24.90	0	24.90	0	0	0	0	94547490
(B)	Public	77378				285192160		285192160		285192160		0	75.10			,	0	284941869
(C)	Non Promoter - Non Public	576					72.10						,3.10					
. ,	Shares Underlying DRs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0	0
	Shares Held By Employee Trust	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	77386	379739650	0	0	379739650	100.00	379739650	0	379739650	100.00	0	100.00	0	0	0	0	379489359

Note: No shares are pledged or encumbered by the promoter.

Statement showing shareholding pattern of the Promoter and Promoter Group

	Category & Name of the shareholders	Entity Type	Nos. of shareholde rs	No. of fully paid up equity shares held	Partly paid-up equity shares held	No. of shares underlyin g Depositor y Receipts	shares held	Sharehold ing % calculated as per SCRR, 1957 As a % of (A+B+C2)	No of Vo	cla	g Rights	rities Total	Shares Underlyi ng Outstand ing converti ble securities (includin g	assuming full conversio n of	No. (a)	As a % of total Share s held(b)	of Spled other encorrections.		Number of equity shares held in demateria lised form
1	Indian																		
(a)	Individuals / Hindu Undivided Family		6	89978586	0	0	89978586	23 69	89978586	0	89978586	23.69	0	23.69	0	0	0	0	89978586
(u)	•	Promoter	1	47719154	0				47719154				· ·						
		Promoter	1	12075000	0	0			12075000			3.18						0	
	Rajamani	Promoter	1	10984432	0	0	10984432	2.89	10984432	0	10984432	2.89	0	2.89	0	0	0	0	10984432
	Harshita Jain and Mansukhlal Jain (in their capacity as Trustees of Nirmal Madhu Family Private Trust)	Promoter	1	10000000	0	0	10000000	2.63	10000000	0	10000000	2.63	0	2.63	0	0	0	0	10000000

	Aditi Avinash	Promoter																	
	Athavankar (in	TOINOCI																	
	her capacity as																		
	Trustee of																		
	Kalki Family																		
	Private																		
	Trust)		1	9000000	0	0	9000000	2.37	9000000	0	9000000	2.37	0	2.37	0	0	0	0	9000000
	Aditi	Promoter																	
	Athavankar		1	200000	0	0	200000	0.05	200000	0	200000	0.05	0	0.05	0	0	0	0	200000
	Central																		
	Government /																		
	State																		
(b)	Government(s)		0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0	0	0
	Financial																		
	Institutions /				0	0	0	0.00	0			0.00		0.00			•		
(c)	Banks		0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0	0	0
(1)	Any Other		2	45,6000.4	0	0	45,000.4	1.20	45,000.4	_	45.600.04	1.20	0	1.20	0	0	0	0	4.5.000.4
(d)	(Specify)		2	4568904	0	0	4568904	1.20	4568904	0	4568904	1.20	0	1.20	0	0	0	0	4568904
	Persons Acting		2	45,6000.4	0	0	45,000.4	1.20	45,000.4	_	45,000.4	1.20	0	1.20	0	0	0	0	45,000.4
	In Concert	D .	2	4568904	0	0	4568904	1.20	4568904	0	4568904	1.20	0	1.20	0	0	0	0	4568904
	Ardent Impex Pvt	Promoter																	
	Ltd	Group Entity	1	3268904	0	0	3268904	0.96	3268904	۸	3268904	0.86	0	0.86	0	0	0	0	3268904
		Promoter	1	3208904	U	U	3208904	0.80	3208904	U	3208904	0.80	U	0.80	U	U	U	U	3208904
	Trading Pvt	Group																	
	Ltd	Entity	1	1300000	0	0	1300000	0.34	1300000	0	1300000	0.34	0	0.34	0	0	0	0	1300000
	Sub Total	Littity	1	1300000	U	0	1300000	0.54	1300000	0	1300000	0.54	0	0.54	U	U	U	0	1300000
	(A)(1)		8	94547490	0	0	94547490	24.90	94547490	0	94547490	24.90	0	24.90	0	0	0	0	94547490
2	Foreign		_		_	_										_			
	Individuals																		
	(Non-Resident																		
	Individuals /																		
	Foreign																		
(a)	Individuals)		0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0	0	0
(b)	Government		0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0	0	0
(c)	Institutions		0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0			0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0	0	0

	Foreign																	
	Portfolio																	
(d)	Investor	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0	0	0
	Any Other																	
(e)	(Specify)	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0	0	0
	Sub Total																	
	(A)(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	0	0	0
	Total																	
	Shareholding																	
	Of Promoter																	
	And Promoter																	
	Group (A)=																	
	(A)(1)+(A)(2)	8	94547490	0	0	94547490	24.90	94547490	0	94547490	24.90	0	24.90	0	0	0	0	94547490

Table III - Statement showing shareholding pattern of the Public shareholder

	Category & Name of the shareholders	PAN	Nos. of share holders	fully paid up equity shares	up equity	No. of shares underlying Depository Receipts		Share holding % calculated as per SCRR, 1957 As a % of (A+B+C2)			g Rights h	5	Underlying Outstandin g convertible	Shareholdi ng , as a % assuming full conversion of convertible securities (as a	Lo	mber of cked in hares	S ple otl	herwise	Number of equity shares held in demateriali sed form
									No of Votin	ng Rig Class eg: y	Total	Total as a % of (A+B +C)	,	percentage	(a)	As a % of total Shares held(b)	(a)		
	(I)	(II)	(III)	(IV)	(V)	(VI)	(VII) = (IV)+(V)+ (VI)	(VIII) As a % of (A+B+C2)		(Γ	ζ)		(X)	(XI)= (VII)+(X) As a % of (A+B+C2)	((XII)	((XIII)	(XIV)
1	Institutions			051065		0	051065	0.25	051065	0	051065	0.25		0.25			NY 4	NY 4	051065
	Mutual Fund Venture Capital Funds		0	951965 0			951965 0	0.25	951965		951965 0	0.25	0	0.25			NA NA		951965

	Alternate		, — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	,	$\overline{}$		1	1	1				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1				\top	<u> </u>
(c)			9	5378027	0	0	5378027	1.42	5378027	0	5378027	1.42	0	1.42	2 0	0	NA	NA	5378027
	Foreign Venture			1				<u> </u>		. —									<u> </u>
(d)	Capital Investors		0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0) 0	NA	NA	0
	Foreign Portfolio		,	_	_		$\overline{}$		$\overline{}$		Ţ	Ţ l		1		Ţ		Ţ	<u> </u>
(e)		1	127	87545493	0	0	87545493	23.05	87545493	0	87545493	23.05	0	23.05	0) 0	NA	NA	87545493
	1	AABCS	, 1			_ [1	1	1	. <u> </u>	1	1	, <u> </u>	1 '	1				'
<u> </u>		3581L	1	19671937	0	0	19671937	5.18	19671937	0	19671937	5.18	0	5.18	3 0) ()	NA	NA	19671937
		AADC	, ,	1			1	2 22	1	ا			, ,	1 225	Ι,			l	1270222
<u> </u>		B4040P	1	12598222	0	0	12598222	3.32	12598222	0	12598222	3.32	0	3.32	2 0) ()	NA	NA	12598222
		AABC	,	1		J	1	1	1	. 1	1	1	.	1					
		W5771	, ,	1200024			10000024	2.70	1200024		1.200024	1 270	, ,	1 2.76			L.	NT A	10000024
\vdash		Е	1	10606934	0	0	10606934	2.79	10606934	<u> </u>	10606934	2.79	0	2.79	0) 0	NA	NA	10606934
	Nomura India Investment Fund		,	.		J	1	į J	1	.	1	1		1					
	Mother Fund		, ₁	4474548	0	0	4474548	1.18	4474548	0	4474548	1.18	0	1.18	8 0	' ⁰	INT A	NA	4474548
\vdash		AAAT	1	44/4340			44/4240	1.10	44/4240		44/4340	1.10	<u> </u>	1.10	<u> </u>	1 0	INA	. INA	44/4240
		Y0918	,	i		J	1	1	1	.	1	1	.	1					
		K	,	i		J	1	1	1	.	1	1	.	1					
	Index Fund, A		,	.		J	1	į J	1	.	1	1		1					
	Series Of		,	i		J	1	1	1	.	1	1	.	1					[]
	Vanguard		,	.		1	1	1	1	. 1	1	1	, I	1					
	International		,	i		J	1	1	1	.	1	1	.	1					
	Equity Index		,	, l		J	1	į į	1	. 1	1	1	. !	1					
	Funds		1	3923198	0	0	3923198	1.03	3923198	0	3923198	1.03	0	1.03	0	0	NA	NA	3923198
	Financial		,	1			1	1	1	. — 1				1		†	<u> </u>	1	
	Institutions /		,	.		J	1	į J	1	.	1	1		1					
(f)	Banks		2	307	0	0	307	0.00	307	0	307	0.00	0	0.00	0) 0	NA	NA	307
	Insurance							, 1		. 1	1			1					
(g)			2	3941553	0	0	3941553	1.04	3941553	0	3941553	1.04	0	1.04	C) 0	NA	NA	3941553
	Provident Funds/		,	·	_		<u> </u>	, T	<u> </u>		Ţ	ī l		1		Ţ		Ţ	_
(h)			0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0) 0	NA	NA	0
	Any Other		,	i		J	1	1	1	.	1	1	.	1					
(i)	(Specify)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0) 0	NA	NA	0
	Sub Total (B)(1)		144	97817345	0	0	97817345	25.76	97817345	0	97817345	25.76	0	25.76	, <u> </u>) 0	NA	NA	97817345
	Central		, -				<u> </u>	, 1	<u> </u>	. 1	1			1					
	Government/		.	.		J	1	į.	1	.	1	1	. !	1					
2	State		0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	1 0	0.00	0	0.00	<u></u>) 0	NA	NA	0

	Government(s)/ President of India																		
	Sub Total (B)(2)		0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	NA	NA	0
3	Non-Institutions			1			<u> </u>	1		<u> </u>		<u>. </u>							
(a)	Individuals		, <u> </u>	1					, 			, —							
	i. Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital up to Rs. 2 lakhs.		72811	30700875	0	0	30700875	8.08	30700875	0	30700875	8.08	0	8.08	0	0	NA	. NA	30675584
	ii. Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs. 2 lakhs.		43	16552666	0	0	16552666	4.36	16552666	0	16552666	4.36	0	4.36	0	0	NA	. NA	16552666
	NBFCs registered		_	12700		_	12700		12700	_ -	12700	_		0.00			- 		12700
	with RBI	+	3	13700	- 0	0							0	0.00				NA	13700
(c)	Employee Trusts	-	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	U	NA	NA	0
(d)	Overseas Depositories(hold ing DRs) (balancing figure)		_0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0			0.00	0	0.00	0	_0	NA	. NA	0
	Any Other		,	1					ı		14010757								
(e)	(Specify)	 	4377	140107574	0	0	140107574		140107574	0	1	36.90	0		0			NA	139882574
	IEPF	<u> </u>	1	45810	0	0	45810	0.01	45810	0	45810	0.01	0	0.01	0	0	NA	NA	45810
	Trusts		2	78000	0	0	78000	0.02	78000	0	78000	0.02	0	0.02	0	0	NA	NA	78000
	Foreign Nationals		1	146000	0	0	146000	0.04	146000	0	146000	0.04	0	0.04	0	0	NA	NA	146000
	Hindu Undivided Family		1499		0	0	1388831	0.37		0		0.37	0					NA	1388831
	Foreign Companies		ا ا	98143032	0	0	98143032	25.84	98143032		98143032	25.84	0	25.84	0		NT A	. NA	98143032
	Fih Mauritius	AACCF 5236C	1	84641445	0	0					84641445		0					NA NA	84641445
		AAAC C6201E	1	13501587	0	0	13501587	3.56	13501587	0	13501587	3.56	0	3.56	0	0	NA	NA	13501587

														_				
Non Resident Indians (Non																		
Repat)	!	564	11444636	0	0	11444636	3.01	11444636	0	11444636	3.01	0	3.01	0	0	NA	NA	11444636
	AHMP P5003B	1	9720000	0	0	9720000	2.56	9720000	0	9720000	2.56	0	2.56	0	0	NA	NA	9720000
Non Resident Indians (Repat)		957	16746324	0	0	16746324	4.41	16746324	0	16746324	4.41	0	4.41	0	0	NA	. NA	16521324
Parajia Bharat Himatlal	AHMP P5003B		10000000	0	0	10000000	2.63	10000000	0	10000000	2.63	0	2.63	0	0	NA	. NA	1000000
Satpal Khattar	ARCPK 9611J	1	5073486	0	0	5073486	1.34	5073486	0	5073486	1.34	0	1.34	0	0	NA	. NA	507348
LLP		134	1175674	0	0	1175674	0.31	1175674	0	1175674	0.31	0	0.31	0	0	NA	NA	117567
Office Bearers		0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0			. NA	
Foreign Portfolio Investor																		
(Individual)	!	<u> 2</u> 1	79388	0	0	79388	0.02	79388	0	79388	0.02	0	0.02	0	0	NA	NA	793
Clearing Member	<u> </u>	59	191897	0	0	191897	0.05	191897	0	191897	0.05	0	0.05	0	0	NA	NA	1918
Bodies Corporate	ļ	1156	10667982	0	0	10667982	2.81	10667982	0	10667982	2.81	0	2.81	0	0	NA	NA	106679
Sub Total (B)(3)		77234	187374815	0	0	187374815	49.34	187374815	0	18737481 5	49.34	0	49.34	0	0	NA	. NA	18712452
Total Public Shareholding (B)= (B)(1)+(B)(2)+(B)(3)		77378	285192160	0	0	285192160	75.10	285192160		28519216 0	75.10	0	75.10	0	0	NA	NA	2849418
	Į l	1	1		ļ	1 '	1 '		ŀ									

Table IV - Statement showing shareholding pattern of the Non Promoter- Non Public shareholder

									in eacl	Voting 1 class	g Rights of			of I	nber .ocked hares	of S pled or oth	mber Shares Iged erwise umber	
			No. of fully	Part ly	No. of		Sharehol ding %	No of Right	`Votin	g		No. of Shares Underlyi ng Outstan ding converti	Shareholding, as a % assuming full conversion of convertible					
	Category & Name of the sharehol	Nos. of sharehol	paid up equi ty shar es	paid -up equi ty shar es	shares underl ying Deposit ory Receipt	Total nos. shares	calculate d as per SCRR, 1957 As a % of (A+B+C2	Cla ss eg:	Cla ss eg:	Tot	Total as a % of (A+B	ble securitie s (includi ng Warrant	securities (as a percenta ge of diluted share	N o. (a	As a % of total Shar es held(N o. (a	As a % of total Shar es held(Number of equity shares held in demateria
	ders	ders	held	held	S	held)	X X	y y	al	+C)	s)	capital))	b))	b)	lised form
	(I)	(III)	(IV)	(V)	(VI)	(VII) = (IV)+(V)+ (VI)	(VIII) As a % of (A+B+C2		(IX)		(X)	(XI)= (VII)+(X) As a % of (A+B+C2	(XII)	C	XIII)	(XIV)
	Custodian /DR	` '			` ′	, ,	,		· ·			` ′	,			N		` ′
1	Holder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	A	NA	0
	Employee Benefit Trust																	
2	(under SEBI	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	N A	NA	0

(Share based Employee Benefit) Regulatio ns, 2014)																	
Total																	
Non-																	
Promoter-																	
Non																	
Public																	
Sharehold																	
ing (C)=																	
(C)(1)+(C															N		
)(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0	Α	NA	0

6. Debt - Equity ratio

Debt to Equity Ratio of our Company as on June 30, 2022:

(₹ in million)

Particulars	Consol	idated	Stand	alone
	Pre- Issue	Post- Issue*	Pre- Issue	Post- Issue
Debt				
Debt Securities & Subordinated Liabilities	99,832.39	1,49,832.39	60,655.51	1,10,655.51
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	2,47,815.86	2,47,815.86	92,857.52	92,857.52
Total Debt (A)	3,47,648.25	3,97,648.25	1,53,513.03	2,03,513.03
Equity				
Equity and Share Capital	759.48	759.48	759.48	759.48
Other Equity	67,218.60	67,218.60	45,042.69	45,042.69
Non-Controlling Interest	826.27	826.27	-	-
Total Equity (B)	68,804.35	68,804.35	45,802.16	45,802.16
Debt / Equity (A/B)	5.05	5.78	3.35	4.44

The debt - equity ratio post Issue is indicative on account of the assumed inflow of ₹ 50,000 million from the proposed Issue. The actual debt-equity ratio post the Issue would depend on the actual position of debt and equity on the Deemed Date of Allotment.

7. Details of change in the promoter holding in our Company during the last financial year beyond 26% (as prescribed by RBI)

There has been no change in the promoter holding in our Company during the last financial year beyond 26% (as prescribed by RBI).

8. Statement of the aggregate number of securities of our Company and our Subsidiary purchased or sold by our Promoters, Promoter Group, our Directors and the directors of our Promoters and/or their relatives within six months immediately preceding the date of filing of this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

No securities of our Company and our Subsidiary have been purchased or sold by our Promoters, Promoter Group, our directors, and/or their relatives within six months immediately preceding the date of filing of this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

- 9. For details on the total outstanding debt of our Company, please refer to "Financial Indebtedness" on page 188.
- 10. Details of Promoter's shareholding in our Company's Subsidiary

Nil

11. Details of Promoter's shareholding in our Joint Venture and Associate Companies

Nil

12. Details of any acquisition or amalgamation in the last one year prior to the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

Nil

13. Details of any reorganization or reconstruction in the last one year prior to the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

Nil

14. Details of any outstanding borrowings taken/debt securities issued where taken/issued (i) for consideration other than cash, whether in whole or part, (ii) at a premium or discount, or (iii) in pursuance of an option.

For details regarding any outstanding borrowings taken/debt securities issued where taken/issued (i) for consideration other than cash, whether in whole or part, (ii) at a premium or discount, or (iii) in pursuance of an option, see the Chapter "Financial Indebtedness" on page 188.

- 15. None of the Equity Shares held by our Promoters are pledged or encumbered otherwise.
- 16. As on June 30, 2022, 99.93% Equity Shares of our Company are in dematerialised form and 0.07% Equity Shares are currently in physical format.

17. Details of Employee Stock option Scheme.

Company has in force the following ESOS Schemes with an object of rewarding employee:

1. IIFL Finance Employees Stock Option Plan 2007 ("ESOS Scheme 2007")

Pursuant to the approval given by the shareholders at their extraordinary general meeting held on October 20, 2007, our Company has implemented "Employee Stock Option Scheme, 2007" ("**ESOS Scheme 2007**"). The Company received In Principal approval for the said scheme from National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited on November 14, 2008 and November 25, 2008 respectively. The maximum number of options that can be granted under the Schemes shall be 7,500,000. There are no outstanding employee stock options as on March 31, 2022.

2. IIFL Finance Employee Stock Option Plan 2008 ("ESOS Scheme 2008")

Pursuant to the approval given by the shareholders at their extraordinary general meeting held on December 15, 2008, our Company has implemented "Employee Stock Option Scheme, 2008" ("**ESOS Scheme 2008**"). The Company received In Principal approval for the said scheme from National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited on December 17, 2009 and December 18, 2009 respectively. The maximum number of options that can be granted under the Schemes shall be 50,000,000.

The stock options cancelled or lapsed without being exercised will be available for allocation to other Employees, subject to compliance with the provisions of the Applicable Laws.

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee shall in accordance with ESOS Scheme 2008 and Applicable Laws approve the grant of stock options from time to time to the Employees under various series and approve terms of grant of stock options under each series, including vesting schedule for each series of grants.

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee shall, in accordance with ESOS Scheme 2008 and Applicable Laws, approve the procedure for making a fair and reasonable adjustment in case of a corporate action such as stock split /consolidation, rights issues, bonus issues, merger, de-merger, sale of division and others, to ensure that the stock option holders are compensated appropriately in case of any diminution in the value of their stock options as a result of such corporate action.

Stock options granted under ESOS Scheme 2008 would vest as per the vesting schedule as determined under each series of grant approved by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, subject to a minimum period of one year from the date of grant of such stock options. Vesting of stock options would be subject to continued employment of the respective Employee with the Company. Any acceleration in vesting schedule of the stock option will be subject to approval of Nomination & Remuneration Committee.

Please refer below for the details of stock options as on June 30, 2022:

S.	Particulars	(No. of Stock Options)			
No.					
1	Stock options granted	5,55,70,000			
2	Stock options vested	5,17,95,855			
3	Stock options exercised	4,01,76,650			
4	Total number of shares arising out	4,01,76,650			
	of exercise of Stock options				
5	Stock options lapsed	1,42,55,025			
6	Exercise price (in ₹)	₹ 82.02, ₹ 126.64, ₹ 218.71, ₹ 252, ₹ 271.4			

3. IIFL Finance Employee Stock Option Plan 2020 - Merger Scheme ("ESOS Scheme 2020")

Pursuant to the merger of India Infoline Finance Limited with the Company under the Composite Scheme of Arrangement, the stock option holders of India Infoline Finance Limited were required to be granted 135 stock options by the Company for every 100 stock options held in India Infoline Finance Limited, on terms and conditions similar to the ESOP Scheme of India Infoline Finance Limited. Accordingly, the Board adopted new ESOP scheme named as "IIFL Finance Limited Employee Stock Option 2020 - Merger Scheme" and 8,281,111 stock option were granted under the scheme to option holders of India Infoline Finance Limited. The Company received in-principal approval for the said scheme from National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited on June 1, 2020 and June 3, 2020 respectively.

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee shall in accordance with ESOS Scheme 2020 and Applicable Laws approve the grant of stock options from time to time to the Employees under various series and approve terms of grant of stock options under each series, including vesting schedule for each series of grants.

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee shall, in accordance with ESOS Scheme 2020 and Applicable Laws, approve the procedure for making a fair and reasonable adjustment in case of a corporate action such as stock split /consolidation, rights issues, bonus issues, merger, de-merger, sale of division and others, to ensure that the stock option holders are compensated appropriately in case of any diminution in the value of their stock options as a result of such corporate action.

Stock options granted under ESOS Scheme 2020 would vest as per the vesting schedule as determined under each series of grant approved by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, subject to a minimum period of one year from the date of grant of such stock options. Vesting of stock options would be subject to continued employment of the respective Employee with the Company. Any acceleration in vesting schedule of the stock option will be subject to approval of Nomination & Remuneration Committee.

Please refer below for the details of stock options as on June 30, 2022:

S. No.	Particulars	(No. of Stock Options)
1	Stock options granted	82,81,111
2	Stock options vested	36,75,993
3	Stock options exercised	11,70,191
4	Total number of shares arising out	11,70,191
	of exercise of Stock options	
5	Stock options lapsed	37,53,300
6	Exercise price (in ₹)	₹ 61.48, ₹ 106.67, ₹ 177.04, ₹ 142.22, ₹ 182.22

OBJECTS OF THIS ISSUE

Issue Proceeds

Public Issue by the Company of secured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value of ₹ 1,000 each ("NCDs") for an amount aggregating up to ₹ 50,000 million ("Shelf Limit"). The NCDs will be issued in one or more tranches up to the Shelf Limit, on the terms and conditions as set out in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for any Tranche Issue, which should read together with this Draft Shelf Prospectus and the Shelf Prospectus.

The details of the proceeds of the Issue are summarized below:

Particulars	Estimated amount (₹ in million)
Gross proceeds of the Issue	As per relevant Tranche Prospectus(es)
Less: Issue related expenses*	As per relevant Tranche Prospectus(es)
Net proceeds	As per relevant Tranche Prospectus(es)

^{*}The above Issue related expenses are indicative and are subject to change depending on the actual level of subscription to the Issue, the number of allottees, market conditions and other relevant factors.

The following table details the objects of the Issue and the amount proposed to be financed from Net Proceeds:

Sr. No.	Objects of the Issue	Percentage of amount proposed to be financed from Net Proceeds
1.	For the purpose of onward lending, financing, refinancing the	At least 75%
	existing indebtedness of IIFL Finance Limited (payment of the interest and/or repayment /prepayment of principal of borrowings)#	
2.	General Corporate Purposes*	Maximum of up to 25%

^{*}Our Company shall not utilize the proceeds of the Issue towards payment of prepayment penalty, if any.

The main objects clause of the Memorandum of Association of the Company permits the Company to undertake its existing activities as well as the activities for which the funds are being raised through the Issue.

Purpose for which there is a requirement of funds

As stated in this section.

Funding plan

NA

Summary of the project appraisal report

NA

Schedule of implementation of the project

NA

Interim Use of Proceeds

Our Management, in accordance with the policies formulated by it from time to time, will have flexibility in deploying the proceeds received from the Issue. Pending utilization of the proceeds out of the Issue for the purposes described above, our Company intends to temporarily invest funds in high-quality interest-bearing liquid instruments including money market mutual funds, deposits with banks or temporarily deploy the funds in investment grade interest bearing securities as may be approved by the Board. Such investment would be in accordance with the applicable regulatory requirements and investment policies approved by the Board or any committee thereof from time to time.

^{*}The Net Proceeds will be first utilized towards the Objects mentioned above. The balance is proposed to be utilized for general corporate purposes, subject to such utilization not exceeding 25% of the amount raised in the Issue, in compliance with the SEBI NCS Regulations.

General Corporate Purposes

Our Company intends to deploy up to 25% of the amount raised and allotted in the Issue for general corporate purposes, including but not restricted to routine capital expenditure, renovations, strategic initiatives, meeting any expenditure in relation to our Company as well as meeting exigencies which our Company may face in the ordinary course of business, or any other purposes as may be approved by the Board of Directors.

Monitoring of Utilization of Funds

There is no requirement for appointment of a monitoring agency in terms of the SEBI NCS Regulations. The Audit Committee of our Company shall monitor the utilisation of the proceeds of the Issue. Our Company will disclose in our Company's financial statements for the relevant financial year commencing from Fiscal 2023, the utilisation of the proceeds of the Issue under a separate head along with details, if any, in relation to all such proceeds of the Issue that have not been utilised thereby also indicating investments, if any, of such unutilized proceeds of the Issue. Our Company shall utilize the proceeds of the Issue only upon the execution of the documents pertaining to the Issue and receipt of final listing and trading approval from the Stock Exchanges.

Issue expenses

The expenses for this Issue include, inter alia, lead management fees and selling commission to the Lead Manager, Lead Broker(s) and intermediaries as provided for in the SEBI Operational Circular, fees payable to debenture trustees, the Registrar to the Issue, SCSBs' commission/ fees, printing and distribution expenses, legal fees, advertisement expenses, listing fees and any other expense directly related to the Issue. The Issue expenses and listing fees will be paid by our Company.

The estimated Issue expenses for each Tranche Prospectus shall be specified in respective Tranche Prospectus.

The expenses are indicative and are subject to change depending on the actual level of subscription to the Issue and the number of Allottees, market conditions and other relevant factors.

Other Confirmation

In accordance with the SEBI NCS Regulations, our Company will not utilize the proceeds of the Issue for providing loans to or for acquisition of shares of any company which is a part of the Promoter Group or group companies.

No part of the proceeds from this Issue will be paid by us as consideration to our Promoter, our Directors, KMP, or companies promoted by our Promoter.

The Issue proceeds shall not be used for buying, trading or otherwise dealing in equity shares of any other listed company.

The Issue Proceeds from NCDs allotted to Banks will not be utilized for any purpose which may be in contravention of the RBI guidelines on bank financing to NBFCs including those relating to classification as capital market exposure or any other sectors that are prohibited under the RBI Regulations.

Our Company confirms that it will not use the proceeds of the Issue for the purchase of any business or in the purchase of any interest in any business whereby our Company shall become entitled to the capital or profit or losses or both in such business exceeding 50% thereof, the acquisition of any immovable property or acquisition of securities of any other body corporate.

All monies received out of the Issue shall be credited/ transferred to a separate bank account maintained with a Scheduled Bank as referred to in section 40(3) of the Companies Act 2013.

Details of all monies utilised out of the Issue referred above shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our balance sheet indicating the purpose for which such monies have been utilised along with details, if any, in relation to all such proceeds of the Issue that have not been utilized thereby also indicating investments, if any, of such unutilized proceeds of the Issue.

Details of all unutilised monies out of the Issue, if any, shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our balance sheet indicating the form in which such unutilised monies have been invested.

We shall utilize the Issue proceeds only upon execution of Debenture Trust Deed, receipt of the listing and trading approval from the Stock Exchange(s) as stated in this Draft Shelf Prospectus in the section titled "Issue Related Information"

beginning on page 282.

No benefit/interest will accrue to our Promoters/Directors out of the proceeds of the Issue.

There is no contribution being made or intended to be made by the Directors as part of the Issue or separately in furtherance of the Objects of the Issue.

The Issue proceeds shall not be utilized towards full or part consideration for the purchase or any other acquisition, inter alia by way of a lease, of any immovable property.

Details of all utilized and unutilized monies out of the monies collected in the previous issue made by way of public offer shall be disclosed and continued to be disclosed in the balance sheet till the time any part of the proceeds of such previous issue remains unutilized indicating the purpose for which such monies have been utilized and the securities or other forms of financial assets in which such unutilized monies have been invested.

The Objects of the Issue do not entail loan to any entity which is a group company.

Variation in terms of contract or objects in the Drat Shelf Prospectus

Our Company shall not, in terms of Section 27 of the Companies Act 2013, at any time, vary the terms of a contract referred to in this Draft Shelf Prospectus or objects for which this Draft Shelf Prospectus is issued, except subject to the approval of, or except subject to an authority given by the shareholders in general meeting by way of special resolution and after abiding by all the formalities prescribed in Section 27 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Utilisation of the proceeds of the Issue

- (a) All monies received out of the Issue shall be credited/transferred to a separate bank account as referred to in Section 40 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (b) Details of all monies utilised out of the Issue referred to in sub-item (a) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our Balance Sheet indicating the purpose for which such monies had been utilised.
- (c) Details of all unutilised monies out of issue of Secured NCDs, if any, referred to in sub-item (a) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our Balance Sheet indicating the form in which such unutilised monies have been invested.
- (d) The details of all utilized and unutilised monies out of the monies collected in the previous issue made by way of public offer shall be disclosed and continued to be disclosed in the balance sheet till the time any part of the proceeds of such previous issue remains unutilized indicating the purpose for which such monies have been utilized, and the securities or other forms of financial assets in which such unutilized monies have been invested;
- (e) We shall utilize the Issue proceeds only upon execution of the Debenture Trust Deed as stated in this Draft Shelf Prospectus, receipt of the listing and trading approval from the Stock Exchanges and on receipt of the minimum subscription of 75% of the Base Issue, i.e. ₹ 37,500 million.
- (f) The Issue proceeds shall not be utilized towards full or part consideration for the purchase or any other acquisition, inter alia by way of a lease, of any immovable property.
- (g) If Allotment is not made, application monies will be refunded/unblocked in the ASBA Accounts within 6 Working days from the Issue Closing Date or such lesser time as specified by SEBI, failing which interest will be due to be paid to the Applicants in accordance with applicable laws.

Benefit / interest accruing to Promoter/Directors out of the object of the Issue

Neither the Promoter nor the Directors of our Company are interested in the Objects of this Issue.

STATEMENT OF TAX BENEFITS

To.

The Board of Directors IIFL Finance Limited

IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23, MIDC, Thane Industrial Area, Wagle Estate Thane 400 604 Maharashtra, India

Dear Sirs,

Sub: Proposed public issue by IIFL Finance Limited (formerly known as IIFL Holdings Limited) (the "Company" or the "Issuer") of secured, redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value of ₹ 1,000 each (the "NCDs") for an amount aggregating up to ₹ 50,000 million (the "Shelf Limit") (the "Issue"). The NCDs will be issued in one or more tranches up to the Shelf Limit, on terms and conditions as set out in separate Tranche Prospectus(es) for each Tranche Issue

The following note discusses the special tax provisions applicable to the Clients investing in the NCDs of IIFL Finance Limited (the "Company") under the Income-tax Act, 1961 (the "IT Act").

We have performed the following procedures:

- i. Read the statement of tax benefits as given in Annexure I, and
- ii. Evaluated with reference to the provisions of the IT Act to confirm that statements made are correct in all material respect.

We confirm that the Statement of Tax Benefits as set out in Annexure I materially covers all the provisions of the IT Act as amended with respect to Debenture Holders. Several of these benefits are dependent on the debenture holders fulfilling the conditions prescribed under the relevant tax laws.

The benefits discussed in the enclosed Annexure I are not exhaustive. The statement is only intended to provide general information and is neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for the professional tax advice. In view of the individual nature of the tax consequences and the changing tax laws, each investor is advised to consult their own tax consultant with respect to specific tax implications arising out of their participation.

The contents of the enclosed Annexure I are based on the information, explanations and representations obtained from the Company and on the basis of our understanding of the business activities and operations of the Company.

No assurance is given that the revenue authorities/ Courts will concur with the views expressed herein. Our views are based on existing provisions of law and its interpretation, which are subject to change from time to time. We do not assume any responsibility to update the views consequent to such changes.

We hereby consent to inclusion of the extracts of this certificate in the draft shelf prospectus, shelf prospectus and respective Tranche Prospectus(es) and/or any other document in relation to the Issue.

This certificate has been issued at the request of IIFL Finance Limited for use in connection with the Issue and may accordingly be furnished as required to SEBI, the National Stock Exchange of India Limited, BSE Limited or any other regulatory authorities, as required, and shared with and relied on as necessary by the Company's advisors and intermediaries duly appointed in this regard.

For V Sankar Aiyar & Co. Chartered Accountants (FRN: 109208W) For Chhajed & Doshi Chartered Accountants (FRN: 101794W)

G Sankar Partner M. No.046050 UDIN:

Place: Mumbai

Date: August 05, 2022

M. P. Chhajed Partner M. No. 049357 UDIN:

Place: Mumbai

Date: August 05, 2022

Annexure I

STATEMENT OF POSSIBLE TAX BENEFITS AVAILABLE TO THE DEBENTURE HOLDER(S)

The note is based on the provisions of the IT Act, as on date, taking into account the amendments made by the Finance Act, 2022 (FA 2022)¹.

This note intends to provide general information on the applicable provisions of the IT Act. However, in view of the nature of the implications, the investors are best advised to consult their respective tax advisors/consultants for appropriate counsel with respect to the specific tax and other implications arising out of their participation in the Portfolio as indicated herein.

STATEMENT OF POSSIBLE DIRECT TAX BENEFITS AVAILABLE TO THE DEBENTURE HOLDERS

- A. Under the Income-Tax Act, 1961 ("I.T. Act")
- I. Tax benefits available to the Resident Debenture Holders
- 1. Interest on debentures received by resident debenture holders would be subject to tax at the normal rates of tax in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the I.T. Act.
- 2. As per section 2(29A) read with section 2(42A) of the I.T. Act, a listed debenture is treated as a long term capital asset if the same is held for more than 12 months immediately preceding the date of its transfer.

Long-term Capital Gains (other than long-term capital gains chargeable under section 112A of the IT Act) will be chargeable to tax under Section 112 of the IT Act, at a rate of 20 per cent (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess respectively – Refer Note 2) with indexation.

Alternatively, the tax rate may be reduced to 10 per cent without indexation (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess—Refer Note 2) in respect of listed securities (other than a unit) or zero-coupon bonds (as defined).

However, as per the fourth proviso to section 48 of the IT Act, benefit of indexation of cost of acquisition under second proviso to section 48 of the IT Act, is not available in case of bonds, debentures, except capital indexed bonds. Accordingly, long term capital gains on listed bonds arising to the bond holders, should be subject to tax at the rate of 10 per cent, computed without indexation, as the benefit of indexation of cost of acquisition is not available in the case of debentures.

In case of an individual or HUF, being a resident, where the total income as reduced by such long-term capital gains is below the maximum amount which is not chargeable to income-tax, then, such long term capital gains shall be reduced by the amount by which the total income as so reduced falls short of the maximum amount which is not chargeable to income-tax and the tax on the balance of such long-term capital gains shall be computed at the rate mentioned above.

- 3. As per section 2(42A) of the I.T. Act, a listed debenture is treated as a short term capital asset if the same is held for not more than 12 months immediately preceding the date of its transfer.
 - Short-term capital gains are chargeable to tax as per the applicable general tax rates (discussed in Note 1 and Note 2 above).
 - In case of FIIs/ FPIs, as per section 115AD of the IT Act, short term capital gains on transfer or sale of NCDs are taxable at the rate of 30 per cent (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess)
- 4. As per Section 74 of the I.T. Act, short-term capital loss on transfer of debentures suffered during the year is allowed to be set-off against short-term as well as long-term capital gains of the said year. Balance loss, if any

could be carried forward for eight years for claiming set-off against subsequent years' as well as long-term capital gains. Long-term capital loss on debentures suffered during the year is allowed to be set-off only against long-term capital gains. Balance loss, if any, could be carried forward for eight years for claiming set-off against subsequent year's long-term capital gains.

- 5. In case debentures are held as stock in trade, the income on transfer of debentures would be taxed as business income or loss in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the I.T. Act.
- 6. Income tax is deductible at source on interest on debentures, payable to resident debenture holders at the time of credit / payment as per the provisions of section 193 of the I.T. Act. However, no income tax is deductible at source in respect of any security issued by a Company in a dematerialized form and is listed on a recognized stock exchange in India in accordance with the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act 1956 and the rules made thereunder.
- 7. Interest on application money and interest on refund application money would be subject to tax at the normal rates of tax in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the I.T. Act and such tax would need to be withheld at the time of credit/payment as per the provisions of Section 194A of the I.T. Act.
- 8. In case of every Individual, being a resident in India, who is of the age sixty years or more but less than eighty years at any time during the previous year rate of income tax is nil (where total income does not exceed Rs.3,00,000), 5% of amount by which total income exceeds Rs. 3,00,000 (where total income is more than Rs. 3,00,000 but does not exceed Rs. 5,00,000), 20% of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 5,00,000 but does not exceed Rs. 10,00,000) and 30% of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 10,00,000. Plus Surcharge, if any, and Health and Education Cess @4% on the aggregate of Income Tax and Surcharge.
- 9. In case of every Individual, being a resident in India, who is of the age eighty years or more at any time during the previous year rate of income tax is nil (where total income does not exceed Rs.5,00,000), 20% of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs.5,00,000 (where total income exceeds Rs. 5,00,000 but does not exceed Rs. 10,00,000) and 30% of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 10,00,000. Plus Surcharge, if any, and Health and Education Cess @ 4% on the aggregate of Income Tax and Surcharge.
- 10. Alternatively, where an individual or a HUF exercises the option to be assessed to tax under the provisions of section 115BAC of the IT Act inserted by FA 2020, the following shall be the rate of tax applicable:

Slab	Tax Rate
Total income up to Rs 250,000	Nil
More than Rs 250,000 but up to Rs 500,000@	5 per cent of excess over Rs 250,000
More than Rs 500,000 but up to Rs 750,000	10 per cent of excess over Rs 500,000 + Rs 12,500
More than Rs 750,000 but up to Rs 1,000,000	15 per cent of excess over Rs 750,000 + Rs 37,500
More than Rs 1,000,000 but up to Rs 1,250,000	20 per cent of excess over Rs 1,000,000 + Rs 75,000
More than Rs 1,250,000 but up to Rs 1,500,000	25 per cent of excess over Rs 1,250,000 + Rs 1,25,000
More than Rs 1,500,000	30 per cent of excess over Rs 1,500,000 + Rs 1,87,500

- 11. In the case of Resident Indian, surcharge at the rate of 10% of such tax liability (if net income exceeds Rs. 50,00,000 and does not exceed Rs. 1,00,00,000), 15% of such tax liability (if net income exceeds Rs. 1,00,00,000 and does not exceed Rs. 2,00,00,000), 25% of such tax liability (if net income exceeds Rs. 2,00,00,000 and does not exceed Rs. 5,00,00,000) and 37% of such tax liability (if net income exceeds Rs. 5,00,00,000). However, the enhanced surcharge does not apply to capital gain on sale of listed equity shares or units of equity oriented fund or business trust liable to securities transaction tax. In such cases where the net income exceeds Rs.2,00,00,000 the surcharge shall be payable at the rate of 15% on such capital gains from sale of listed equity shares or units of equity oriented fund or business trust liable to securities transaction tax.
- 12. In the case of every domestic Indian company where total turnover or gross receipts does nor exceed

Rs.400 crore in FY 2018-19, tax shall be payable at the rate of 25%. In case of other domestic Indian companies, tax shall be payable at the rate of 30%. Surcharge shall be payable at the rate of 12% if the total income exceeds Rs.10 crore; 7% if the total income exceeds Rs.1 crore but does not exceed Rs.10 crore and no surcharge if the total income does not exceed Rs.1 crore. In addition to this, cess at the rate of 4% shall be payable on the income-tax plus surcharge.

13. According to the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Act, 2019, domestic Indian companies have an option to pay tax at concessional rates as specified in sections 115BAA and 115BAB.

Any domestic company has an option to pay income-tax at the rate of 22% subject to condition that they will not avail any prescribed exemption/incentive/losses. Surcharge shall be payable at the rate of 10% and Cess shall be payable at the rate of 4% on the income-tax plus surcharge. The effective tax rate for these companies shall be 25.17% inclusive of surcharge & cess. Also, such companies shall not be required to pay Minimum Alternate Tax.

Any new domestic company incorporated on or after 1st October 2019 making fresh investment in manufacturing, has an option to pay income-tax at the rate of 15%. This benefit is available to companies which do not avail any prescribed exemption/incentive/losses and commences their production on or before 31st March, 2023. Surcharge shall be payable at the rate of 10% and Cess shall be payable at the rate of 4% on the income- tax plus surcharge. The effective tax rate for these companies shall be 17.16% inclusive of surcharge and cess. Also, such companies shall not be required to pay Minimum Alternate Tax.

A company which does not opt for the concessional tax regime and avails the tax exemption/incentive shall continue to pay tax at the pre-amended rate. However, these companies can opt for the concessional tax regime after expiry of their tax holiday/exemption period. After the exercise of the option, they shall be liable to pay tax at the rate of 22% (subject to fulfillment of prescribed conditions) and option once exercised cannot be subsequently withdrawn. Further, in order to provide relief to companies which continue to avail exemptions/incentives, the rate of Minimum Alternate Tax has been reduced from existing 18.5% to 15%.

II. Tax benefits available to the Non - Resident Debenture Holders

- 1. A non-resident Indian has an option to be governed by Chapter XII-A of the I. T. Act, subject to the provisions contained therein which are given in brief as under:
 - a. As per section 115C(e) of the I. T. Act, the term "non-resident Indian" means an individual, being a citizen of India or a person of Indian origin who is not a "resident". A person shall be deemed to be of Indian origin if he, or either of his parents or any of his grand-parents, was born in undivided India.
 - b. In case of non-residents, under the IT Act, the interest income will be chargeable to tax at the rate of 30/40 per cent depending on the status of the non-resident (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess). However, the above is subject to any relief available under DTAA and any Covered Tax Agreement (CTA) entered into by the Government of India
 - c. As per section 115E of the I.T. Act, interest income from debentures acquired or purchased with or subscribed to in convertible foreign exchange will be taxable at 20%, whereas, long term capital gains on transfer of such debentures will be taxable at 10% of such capital gains without indexation of cost of acquisition.

Long-term capital gains (other than long-term capital gains chargeable under section 112A of the IT Act) in case of listed securities will be chargeable under Section 112 of the IT Act at a rate of 20 per cent (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess) with applicable foreign exchange fluctuation benefit or indexation, as the case may be. The tax payable (for other than a listed unit) could alternatively be determined at 10 per cent (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess) without indexation.

The above-mentioned rates would be subject to applicable treaty relief.

Short-term capital gains will be taxable at the normal rates of tax in accordance with and subject to the provisions contained therein.

- a. As per section 115F of the I.T. Act, long term capital gains arising to a non-resident Indian from transfer of debentures acquired or purchased with or subscribed to in convertible foreign exchange will be exempt from capital gain tax if the net consideration is invested within six months after the date of transfer of the debentures in any specified asset or in any saving certificates referred to in section 10(4B) of the I. T. Act in accordance with and subject to the provisions contained therein. However, if the new assets are transferred or converted into money within a period of three years from their date of acquisition, the amount of capital gains claimed earlier would become chargeable to tax as long term capital gains in the year in which the new assets are transferred or converted into money.
- b. As per section 115G of the I.T. Act, it shall not be necessary for a non-resident Indian to file a return of income under section 139(1) of the I.T. Act, if his total income consists only of investment income as defined under section 115C and / or long term capital gains earned on transfer of such investment acquired out of convertible foreign exchange, and the tax has been deducted at source from such income under the provisions of Chapter XVII-B of the I.T. Act in accordance with and subject to the provisions contained therein.
- c. As per section 115H of the I.T. Act, where a non-resident Indian becomes assessable as resident in India in any subsequent year, he may furnish to the Assessing Officer a declaration in writing along with return of income under section 139 for the assessment year for which he is assessable as a resident, to the effect that the provisions of Chapter XII-A shall continue to apply to him in relation to the investment income (other than on shares in an Indian Company) derived from any foreign exchange assets in accordance with and subject to the provisions contained therein. On doing so, the provisions of Chapter XII-A shall continue to apply to him in relation to such income for that assessment year and for every subsequent assessment year until the transfer or conversion (otherwise than by transfer) into money of such assets.
- d. In accordance with and subject to the provisions of section 115-I of the I.T. Act, a non-resident Indian may opt not to be governed by the provisions of Chapter XII-A of the I.T. Act. In that case,
 - i. Long term capital gains on transfer of listed debentures would be subject to tax at the rate of 10% computed without indexation.
 - ii. Investment income and Short-term capital gains on the transfer of listed debentures, where debentures are held for a period of not more than 12 months preceding the date of transfer, would be taxed at the normal rates of tax in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the I.T. Act
 - iii. where debentures are held as stock in trade, the income on transfer of debentures would be taxed as business income or loss in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the I.T. Act.
- 2. Under Section 195 of the I.T. Act, the applicable rate of tax deduction at source is 20% on investment income and 10% on any long-term capital gains as per section 115E of the I.T. Act, and at the normal rates for Short Term Capital Gains if the payee debenture holder is a Non resident Indian.
- 3. Interest on application money and interest on refund application money would be subject to tax at the normal rates of tax in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the I.T. Act and such tax would need to be withheld at the time of credit/payment as per the provisions of Section 195 of the I.T. Act.
- 4. The income tax deducted shall be increased by surcharge as under:
 - a. In the case of non-resident Indian, surcharge at the rate of 10% of such tax liability (if net income exceeds Rs. 50,00,000 and does not exceed Rs. 1,00,00,000), 15% of such tax liability (if net income exceeds Rs. 1,00,00,000 and does not exceed Rs. 2,00,00,000), 25% of such tax liability (if net income exceeds Rs. 2,00,00,000 and does not exceed Rs. 5,00,00,000) and 37% of such tax liability (if net income exceeds Rs. 5,00,00,000). However, the enhanced surcharge does not apply to capital

gain on sale of listed equity shares or units of equity oriented fund or business trust liable to securities transaction tax. In such cases where the net income exceeds Rs.2,00,00,000 the surcharge shall be payable at the rate of 15% on such capital gains from sale of listed equity shares or units of equity oriented fund or business trust liable to securities transaction tax.

- b. In the case of Foreign companies, surcharge is applicable at the rate of 2% of such tax liability where the income or the aggregate of such income paid or likely to be paid and subject to deduction exceeds Rs. 1,00,00,000 but does not exceed Rs. 10,00,00,000. Surcharge at the rate of 5% of such income tax where the income or the aggregate of such income paid or likely to be paid and subject to the deduction exceeds Rs. 10,00,00,000.
- c. Cess is to be applied at 4% on aggregate of base tax and surcharge.
- 5. As per section 90(2) of the I.T. Act read with the Circular no. 728 dated October 30, 1995 issued by the Central Board of Direct Taxes, in the case of a remittance to a country with which a Double Tax Avoidance Agreement (DTAA) read with Multi-Lateral Instrument (MLI) is in force, the tax should be deducted at the rate provided in the Finance Act of the relevant year or at the rate provided in the DTAA, whichever is more beneficial to the assessee. However, submission of tax residency certificate ("TRC"), is a mandatory condition for availing benefits under any DTAA. If the TRC does not contain the prescribed particulars, a self-declaration in Form 10F would need to be provided by the assesse along with TRC.
- 6. Alternatively, to ensure non-deduction or lower deduction of tax at source, as the case may be, the Debenture Holder should furnish a certificate under section 197(1) of the I.T. Act, from the Assessing Officer before the prescribed date of closure of books for payment of debenture interest.

III. Tax benefit available to the Foreign Institutional Investors / foreign portfolio investors (FII's/ FPIs)

- 1. As per Section 2(14) of the I.T. Act, any securities held by FIIs which has invested in such securities in accordance with the regulations made under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act., 1992, shall be treated as capital assets. Accordingly, any gains arising from transfer of such securities shall be chargeable to tax in the hands of FIIs as capital gains.
- 2. In accordance with and subject to the provisions of section 115AD of the I.T. Act, long term capital gains on transfer of debentures by FIIs are taxable at 10% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) and short-term capital gains are taxable at 30% (plus applicable surcharge and cess). The benefit of cost indexation will not be available. Further, benefit of provisions of the first proviso of section 48 of the I.T. Act will not apply.
- 3. Interest on NCD may be eligible for concessional tax rate of 5 per cent (plus applicable surcharge and health and education cess) under section 194LD or 194LC of the IT Act. Further, in case where section 194LD or 194LC is not applicable, the interest income earned by FPI should be chargeable tax at the rate of 20 per cent under section 115AD of the IT Act. Vide Finance Act, 2021, a new provision has been introduced under section 196LD, wherein if DTAA is applicable to the payee, the rate of tax deduction shall be lower of rate as per DTAA or 20%, subject to the conditions prescribed therein.
- 4. Section 194LD in the I. T. Act provides for lower rate of withholding tax at the rate of 5% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) on payment by way of interest paid by an Indian company to FIIs and Qualified Foreign Investor in respect of rupee denominated bond of an Indian company till July 1, 2020 provided such rate does not exceed the rate as may be notified by the Government.
- 5. The income tax deducted shall be increased by applicable surcharge and health and education cess.
- 6. In accordance with and subject to the provisions of section 196D(2) of the I.T. Act, no deduction of tax at source is applicable in respect of capital gains arising on the transfer of debentures by FIIs.
- 7. The CBDT has issued a Notification No. 9 dated 22 January 2014 which provides that Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPI) registered under SEBI (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014 shall be treated as FII for the purpose of Section 115AD of the I.T. Act.

IV. Tax benefits available to Mutual Funds

As per section 10(23D) of the Act, any income of Mutual Funds registered under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or Regulations made thereunder, Mutual Funds set up by public sector banks or public financial institutions and Mutual Funds authorized by the Reserve Bank of India will be exempt from income tax, subject to such conditions as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify in this behalf.

V. Exemption under Section 54F & 54E of the I.T. Act

- 1. As per provisions of section 54F of the I.T. Act, any long-term capital gains on transfer of a long term capital asset (not being residential house) arising to a debenture holders who is an individual or Hindu Undivided Family, is exempt from tax if the entire net sales consideration is utilized, within a period of one year before, or two years after the date of transfer, in purchase of a new residential house, or for construction of residential house within three years from the date of transfer. If part of such net sales consideration is invested within the prescribed period in a residential house, then such gains would be chargeable to tax on a proportionate basis. This exemption is available, subject to the condition that the debenture holder does not own more than one residential house at the time of such transfer. If the residential house in which the investment has been made is transferred within a period of three years from the date of its purchase or construction, the amount of capital gains tax claimed earlier would became chargeable to tax as long term capital gains in the year in which such residential house is transferred. Similarly, if the debenture holder purchases within a period of two years or constructs within a period of three years after the date of transfer of capital asset, another residential house (other than the new residential house referred above), then the original exemption will be taxed as capital gains in the year in which the additional residential house is acquired.
- As per provisions of section 54E of the I.T. Act, any long term capital gain on the transfer of a long-term capital asset, arising to a debenture holders is exempt from tax, if the assessee invested the whole or any part of capital gains in the long-term specified asset at any time within a period of six months. If the cost of the long-term specified asset is less than the capital gain arising from the transfer of the original asset, then such gains would be chargeable to tax on a proportionate basis. This exemption is available, subject to the condition that the investment in the long-term specified asset by an assessee during any financial year does not exceed fifty lakh rupees: If the long term specified asset in which the investment has been made is transferred within a period of three years from the date of its acquisition, the amount of capital gains tax claimed earlier would became chargeable to tax as long term capital gains in the year in which such long term specified asset is transferred. Specified Asset means a unit or units, issued before the 1st day of April, 2019, of such fund as may be notified by the Central Government in this behalf.

VI. General Anti-Avoidance Rule ('GAAR)

In terms of Chapter XA of the I.T. Act, General Anti-Avoidance Rule may be invoked notwithstanding anything contained in the I.T. Act. By this Rule, any arrangement entered into by an assessee may be declared to be impermissible avoidance arrangement as defined in that Chapter and the consequence would be interalia denial of tax benefit. The GAAR provisions can be said to be not applicable in certain circumstances viz. the main purpose of arrangement is not to obtain a tax benefit etc. including circumstances enumerated in CBDT Notification No. 75/2013 dated September 23, 2013.

VII. Requirement to furnish PAN under the I.T. Act

- 1. Section 139A(5A) of the I.T. Act requires every person receiving any sum or income or amount from which tax has been deducted under Chapter XVII-B of the I.T. Act to furnish his PAN to the person responsible for deducting such tax.
- 2. Section 206AA of the I.T. Act requires every person entitled to receive any sum or income or amount, on which tax is deductible under Chapter XVIIB ("deductee") to furnish his PAN to the deductor, failing which tax shall be deducted at the higher of the following rates:
 - i. at the rate specified in the relevant provision of the I. T. Act; or

- ii. at the rate or rates in force; or
- iii. at the rate of twenty per cent.
- 3. As per Rule 37BC, the higher rate under section 206AA shall not apply to a non-resident, not being a company, or to a foreign company, in respect, of payment of interest, if the non-resident deductee furnishes the prescribed details *inter alia* TRC and Tax Identification Number (TIN). A declaration under Section 197A(1) or 197A(1A) or 197A(1C) shall not be valid unless the person furnishes his PAN in such declaration and the deductor is required to deduct tax as per para (2) above in such a case.
- 4. Where a wrong PAN is provided, it will be regarded as non-furnishing of PAN and para (2) above will apply apart from penal consequences.
- 5. Finance Act, 2021 has introduced a new section for higher withholding tax rate for non-filers of return of income. As per section 206AB of the IT Act, inserted by the FA 2021, with effect from 1 July 2021, payments made to specified persons will be subject to TDS at rate which is higher of the following:
 - twice the rate specified in the relevant provision of the Act; or
 - twice the rate or rates in force; or
 - the rate of 5%

For the purpose of this section, specified person means any person who has not filed an income-tax return for preceding AYs relevant to the previous years immediately prior to the previous year in which the tax is required to be deducted and the prescribed time limit to file the income-tax return has expired and the aggregate amount of TDS exceeds INR 50,000 or more in each of these previous years.

However, the provisions of this section will not apply on a non-resident who does not have permanent establishment in India.

VIII. Withholding Tax deduction on Purchase of Goods

As per section 194Q of the IT Act, inserted by FA, 2021, any sum payable by a 'buyer' to a resident for purchase of 'goods' of the value exceeding INR 50 Lakhs shall be liable to withholding at the rate of 0.1 percent.

Buyer means a person whose total sales, turnover or gross receipts from the business carried on by him exceeds INR 10 crores in the financial year immediately preceding the financial year in which the purchase is carried out.

TDS shall not be applicable where:

- a) Tax is deductible under any of the provisions of the IT Act; or
- b) Tax is collectible under the provisions of section 206C of the IT Act other than a transaction to which section 206C(1H) of the IT Act applies

Section will not be applicable if transactions in securities and commodities which are traded through recognized stock exchanges or cleared and settled by the recognized clearing corporation, including recognized stock exchanges or recognized clearing corporation located in International Financial Service Centre;

Tax Collection at source (TCS) of Sale of Goods

As per section 206C(1H) of the IT Act, FA, 2020, any sum receivable by a 'seller' from buyer for sale of 'goods' of the value exceeding INR 50 Lakhs shall be liable to collect TCS at the rate of 0.1 percent.

Seller means a person whose total sales, turnover or gross receipts from the business carried on by him exceeds INR 10 crores in the financial year immediately preceding the financial year in which the purchase is carried out.

Section will not be applicable if transactions in securities and commodities which are traded through recognized stock exchanges or cleared and settled by the recognized clearing corporation, including recognized stock exchanges or recognized clearing corporation located in International Financial Service Centre;

No such TCS is to be collected, if the seller is liable to collect TCS under other provision of section 206C or the buyer is liable to deduct TDS under any provision of the Act and has deducted such amount.

TDS on Benefit or Perquisites

As per section 194R of the IT Act, FA 2022 applicable from 1st July 2022, Any person responsible for providing to a resident, any benefit or perquisite whether convertible into money or not arising from business or profession, shall, ensure that tax has been deducted in respect of such benefit or perquisite at the rate of ten per cent of the value or aggregate of value of such benefit or perquisite.

TDS is applicable only if the value of the benefit or perquisite provided during the financial year exceeds Rs. 20,000/-

IX. Taxability of Gifts received for nil or inadequate consideration

As per section 56(2)(x) of the I.T. Act, where any person receives debentures from any person on or after 1st April, 2017:

- a. without consideration, aggregate fair market value of which exceeds fifty thousand rupees, then the whole of the aggregate fair market value of such debentures or;
- b. for a consideration which is less than the aggregate fair market value of the debenture by an amount exceeding fifty thousand rupees, then the aggregate fair market value of such debentures as exceeds such consideration shall be taxable as the income of the recipient at the normal rates of tax. The above is subject to few exceptions as stated in section 56(2)(x) of the I. T. Act.

NOTES:

- Surcharge is levied on individuals, HUF, association of persons, body of individuals and artificial juridical person as per para I (10) and para II(4) above.
- Surcharge is levied on firm, co-operative society and local authority at the rate of 12% on tax where the total income exceeds Rs. 1 crore.
- Surcharge is levied on domestic companies as per para I(10) or I(11) above.
- Surcharge is levied on every company other than domestic company as per para II(4) above.
- Health and Education Cess is to be applied at the rate of 4% on aggregate of base tax and surcharge.
- The above statement covers only certain relevant benefits under the Income Tax Act, 1961 and does not cover benefits under any other law
- This statement is intended only to provide general information to the Debenture Holders and is neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for professional tax advice. In view of the individual nature of tax consequences, each Debenture Holder is advised to consult his/her/its own tax advisor with respect to specific tax consequences of his/her/its holding in the debentures of the Company.
- No assurance is given that the revenue authorities/courts will concur with the views expressed herein. Our views are based on the existing provisions of law and its interpretation, which are subject to changes from time to time. We do not assume responsibility to update the views consequent to such changes. We shall not be liable to any claims, liabilities or expenses relating to this assignment except to the extent of fees relating to this assignment, as finally judicially determined to have resulted primarily from bad faith or intentional misconduct. We will not be liable to any other person in respect of this statement.

SECTION IV - ABOUT OUR COMPANY

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

The Information under this section has been derived from the industry report titled "NBFC Report (June 2022 update)" dated June 2022 prepared by CRISIL Research in an "as is where is basis" and the information in this section has not been independently verified by the Company, the Lead Managers, our Legal advisors or any of their respective affiliates or advisors. The information may not be consistent with other information compiled by third parties within or outside India. Industry sources and publications generally state that the information contained therein has been obtained from sources they believe to be reliable, but their accuracy, completeness and underlying assumptions are not guaranteed and their reliability cannot be assured. Industry and government publications are also prepared based on information as of specific dates and may no longer be current or reflect current trends. Industry and government sources and publications may also base their information on estimates, forecasts and assumptions which may prove to be incorrect. Accordingly, investment decisions should not be based on such information. Figures used in this section are presented as in the original sources and have not been adjusted, restated or rounded off for presentation in this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

OVERVIEW OF GLOBAL ECONOMY

Global Macro - economic Outlook

As per the latest International Monetary Fund's (IMF) World Economic Outlook growth projections released in April 2022, the world economy grew by 6.1% in CY21. For CY22, projection for global economic growth slashed to 3.6% citing disruptions due to the Russia-Ukraine conflict and inflationary concerns. It further added that emerging economies are expected to underperform than the advanced economies in CY22 and CY23 as they were hit harder by higher energy and food prices.

Global Growth Outlook Projections (Real GDP, Y-o-Y change in %)

Country/Group	2021	2022P	2023P
World Output	6.1	3.6	3.6
Advanced Economies	5.2	3.3	2.4
United States	5.7	3.7	2.3
Euro Area	5.3	2.8	2.3
Japan	1.6	2.4	2.3
United Kingdom	7.4	3.7	1.2
Canada	4.6	3.9	2.8
Remaining Advances Economies	5.0	3.1	3.0
Emerging Market & Developing Economies	6.8	3.8	4.4
Emerging and Developing Asia	7.3	5.4	5.6
China	8.1	4.4	5.1
India*	8.9	8.2	6.9
ASEAN**	3.4	5.3	5.9
Emerging and Developing Europe	6.7	-2.9	1.3
Latin America and the Caribbean	6.8	2.5	2.5
Middle East and Central Asia	5.7	4.6	3.7
Sub-Saharan Africa	4.5	3.8	4.0

Notes: P – Projection

Source: IMF – World Economic Outlook, April-2022

The growth of emerging market and developing economies group is evaluated as 6.8% in CY21. While, in CY22 the estimated growth is 3.8% which is 1% lower than the previous estimation made in January, 2022. In emerging market and developing economies, increases in food and fuel prices could significantly increase the risk of social unrest.

The war and the impending increase in global interest rates will further reduce fiscal space in many countries, especially

^{*}For India, data and forecasts are presented on a fiscal year basis and GDP from 2011 onward is based on GDP at market prices with fiscal year 2011/12 as a base year.

^{**}Includes Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Thailand and Vietnam

oil- and food-importing emerging market and developing economies. Moreover, with continued tight policies toward the real estate sector and the possibility of more widespread lockdowns as part of the strict zero-COVID strategy, China's economy could slow more than currently projected—with consequences for Asia and beyond. It has induced a downgrade to 4.4% growth for China in CY22. This could further set back the recovery, particularly in emerging market and developing economies.

The estimates for India has been lowered to 8.2% in CY22 by 0.8% point, while for CY23 the projection has been released at 6.9%. The downgrade is reflecting in part weaker domestic demand – as higher oil prices are expected to weigh on private consumption and investment and a drag from lower net exports. Despite, these estimates project India as the fastest growing major economy in the world.

Impact of Covid-19 on Global Economy

During the Pandemic in CY20, the global economy faced disruption in supply chain due to temporary trade restrictions and shortages of pharmaceuticals, critical medical supplies, and other products. As a consequence of all this, manufacturers worldwide felt greater political and competitive pressures to increase their domestic production, grow employment in their home countries, reduce or even eliminate their dependence on sources.

Worker shortages and mobility restrictions compounded supply disruptions and bottlenecks early in 2022, constraining activity and adding to inflation. Restrictions have begun to ease as the peak of the Omicron wave passes and global weekly Covid-19 deaths decline.

To address many of the difficulties faced by the world economy, it is vital to break the hold of the pandemic. This will require a global effort to ensure widespread vaccination, testing, and access to therapeutics, including the newly developed anti-viral medications.

OVERVIEW OF THE INDIAN ECONOMY:

Review and outlook on gross domestic product (GDP)

India's real GDP is estimated to have grown at 8.9% in fiscal 2022. This is largely a reflection of a higher base (as the economy had shrunk 6.6% in fiscal 2021). The estimate for real GDP growth in absolute terms is at ₹ 147.7 lakh crore, marginally higher than ₹ 147.5 lakh crore estimated earlier, suggesting that the downside from the omicron variant of Covid-19 has proven to be mild. It is also noteworthy that given the large output loss last fiscal, GDP is still only 1.8% above the pre-pandemic (fiscal 2020) level.

Private final consumption expenditure (PFCE) – the largest demand-side driver – which was hitherto estimated to be lagging the pre-pandemic level, is now estimated to have recovered some of the lost ground. At ₹ 83.6 lakh crore in fiscal 2022, PFCE is 1.2% above the fiscal 2020 level of ₹ 82.6 lakh crore. But given that PFCE growth still trails overall GDP growth, its share in GDP was lower than in fiscal 2020, suggesting that consumption recovery is expected to be gradual because of headwinds such as high inflation and limited direct support from the government.

On the supply side, performance of the manufacturing sector stands out. At 9.8%, manufacturing GDP has grown the most compared with other supply-side components — to above the pre-pandemic level. To some extent, this is a reflection of sharper focus on goods, and away from services, due to the pandemic. The latter, especially the contact-intensive ones, are still reeling under the impact of the pandemic, trailing 10.9% below the fiscal 2020 levels. On the other hand, agriculture is expected to maintain a healthy growth momentum – growing 3.3% in fiscal 2022, same as in fiscal 2021.

Further, on account of the slowing global growth, persistently high crude prices and rising domestic interest rates, CRISIL Research expects India's real GDP growth for fiscal 2023 at 7.3%.

Macroeconomic outlook

Macro variable	FY21	FY22E	FY23P	Rationale for outlook
Real GDP	-6.6	8.7	7.3	Downside risks to GDP growth have risen on account of surging
(%, y-o-y)				commodity prices and global supply disruptions. That said, growth will

Macro variable	FY21	FY22E	FY23P	Rationale for outlook	
				receive support from improving growth in contact-based services and	
				pickup in investments	
Consumer	6.2	5.5	6.8	CPI inflation is expected to rise to 6.3%, on average, this fiscal compared	
Price Index				with 5.5% in the previous year. Inflationary pressures are rising and	
(CPI)-linked inflation				becoming broad-based, driven by elevated commodity prices and persistent supply shocks	
(%, y-o-y)				A wide-ranging surge in prices of food, energy and industrial commodities	
(,0, , 0),				has raised cost pressures for Indian producers further, marking the second	
				year of elevated input costs. Producers will try to pass on these cost	
				pressures to consumers, which will raise core inflation	
Current	0.9	-1.6	-3.0	India's trade and current account deficits are expected to widen in fiscal	
account				2023 as imports of crude and commodities remain sticky, exports slow in	
balance/ GDP (%)				response to slowing global growth, and import prices rise faster than export prices	
				Surging international commodity prices, in particular crude oil, will push	
				up import vis-à-vis export growth on account of the impact on global	
				growth	
Rs/\$	72.8	76.5	78.0	The rupee is likely to depreciate further due to higher energy prices,	
				widening current account deficit, and rate hikes by the United States Fed	
				resulting in capital outflow. However, with the Reserve Bank of India's	
				intervention in the forex markets assisting in managing volatility, a sharp	
				depreciation in the rupee may be avoided though it could face volatility in	
				the near term so long as geopolitical tensions persist	

Note: P – Projected, E – Estimates

Source: Reserve Bank of India, NSO, CRISIL Research

Indigenous advantages to result in stronger economic growth rate in the longer term

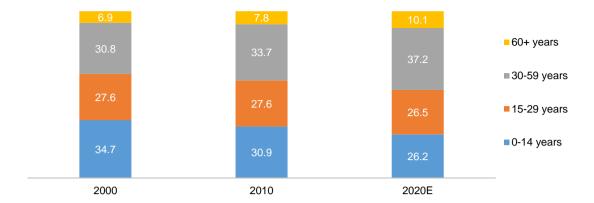
India has the second-largest population in the world

As per Census 2011, India's population was 1.23 billion, comprising nearly 246 million households. The population increased by more than 181 million during 2001-2011 and is expected to increase to 1.45 billion by 2025.

Favourable demographics

India is also one of the nations with the largest youth population, with a median age of 28 years. About 90% of Indians are aged below 60 years. CRISIL Research estimates that 63% of this population is aged between 15 and 59 years. We expect the existence of a large share of working population, coupled with rapid urbanisation and rising affluence, will propel growth of the Indian financial services sector.

India's demographic division (share of different age groups in India's population)



Note: E – Estimates

Source: United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs, CRISIL Research

Rise in urbanisation

Urbanisation is a key growth driver for India, as it leads to faster infrastructure development, job creation, development of modern consumer services, and the city's ability to mobilise savings. Share of urban population in total population has been consistently rising over the years and is expected to reach 35% by 2021 from 31% in 2011, spurring more demand. Urban consumption in India has shown signs of improvement and given India's favourable demographics coupled with rising disposable incomes, the trend is likely to continue and drive economic growth for the country.

Overview of the NBFC sector

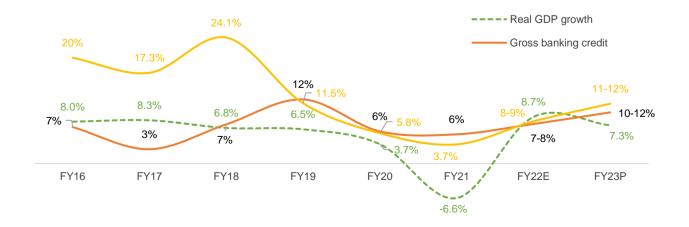
NBFCs are an important part of the credit system

Financing needs in India have risen in sync with the notable economic growth over the past decade. NBFCs have played a major role in meeting this need, complementing banks and other financial institutions.

NBFCs help fill gaps in the availability of financial services with respect to products as well as customer and geographic segments. A strong linkage at the grassroots level makes them a critical cog in the financial machine. They cater to the unbanked masses in rural and semi-urban reaches and lend to the informal sector and people without credit histories, thereby enabling the government and regulators to realise the mission of financial inclusion. As of March 2022, they are estimated to account for ~21% of the overall systemic credit.

NBFC segment to grow at 11-12% in fiscal 2023 with economic revival

NBFC growth to be led by retail segments during fiscal 2023



Note: P – Projected, E – Estimates

Source: RBI, NHB, Ministry of Finance, company reports, CRISIL Research

Inflation surprised on the upside and so did the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) with its mid-cycle rate hike of 40 basis points (bps) in May 2022. The rate hike by RBI was not telegraphed but became unavoidable due to broad basing of inflationary pressures as well as rising risks of capital outflows and currency volatility. Following the rate tightening action, both Consumer Price Index (CPI) and Wholesale Price Index (WPI) inflation for April printed higher than expected at 7.8% and 15.1%, respectively. Interestingly, economic activity was quite robust in April: Purchasing Manager's Index (PMI) for manufacturing and services was in the expansion zone at 54.7 and 57.8, respectively, and exports grew 25% on-year. Some of the downside risks contributing to the gross domestic product (GDP) growth projections of 7.3% for fiscal 2023, are slowing global growth, persistent high crude prices, and rising domestic interest rates.

The overall outstanding book for non-banking financial companies (NBFCs) is estimated to aggregate to ~₹ 25 trillion as on March 31,2022 and is projected at ~₹ 28 trillion as on March 31, 2023. With visible recovery in economic activities across most lending verticals, overall NBFC credit is expected to grow at 11-12% during fiscal 2023, following an estimated 8-9% growth during fiscal 2022. Growth will be driven by the retail vertical, including housing, gold and auto segments. Rapid revival in the economy is expected to drive consumer demand this fiscal, leading to healthy growth for NBFCs. There has been a pickup in disbursements since the second half of fiscal 2022, a trend that is expected to continue in fiscal 2023. Asset quality is expected to improve on account of normalcy in economic activities and improved collection efficiency. However, the impact on asset quality due to slippages arising from portfolio restructuring and revision of non-performing asset (NPA) classification norms by the RBI, remains a key monitorable.

NBFCs logged a healthy compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 14% over fiscals 2016 to 2020. However, their book grew at a slower rate of 5.8% during fiscal 2020 due to liquidity and funding shortages that started after the IL&FS default in mid-fiscal 2019. As the Covid-19 pandemic struck, growth in the loan book slowed down to 4% in fiscal 2021. In fiscal 2022, with the impact of the second wave of the pandemic in the first quarter, estimated growth seen by NBFCs was 8-9%, which is expected to follow an upward trend of 11-12% in fiscal 2023.

Retail segment, which showed resilience in fiscals 2021 and 2022, to drive growth again this fiscal

Retail segment gaining share due to risk averseness by lenders

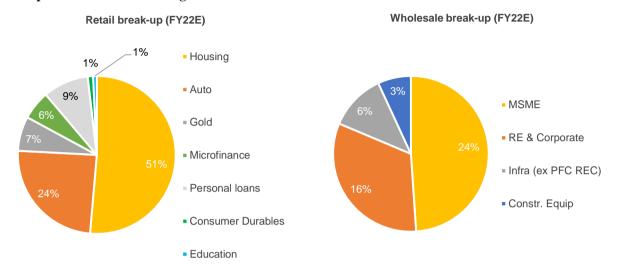
Share of retail vs wholesale in NBFCs Credit growth of segments (% yoy) 25% 18% 24% 12-14%^{14-16%} 17% 10% 4-6% FY17 FY18 FY19 FY20 FY21 FY22E FY23P FY17 FY22E FY23P FY18 FY19 FY20 FY21 Retail Wholesale ■ Retail ■ Wholesale

Note: P – Projected, E – Estimates

- 1) Retail includes housing, auto, gold, microfinance, personal loans, consumer durables and education
- 2) Wholesale includes MSME, real estate and large corporate, infrastructure (excluding PFC and REC) and construction equipment Source: Industry, CRISIL Research

After the NBFC crisis, growth in the NBFC segment has been mainly led by the retail segment, while the wholesale segment has shown muted performance since fiscal 2020 until fiscal 2022, but this trend is expected to see a reversal in fiscal 2023 with slow recovery. The retail segment is again expected to support NBFC sector growth by growing at 14-16% in fiscal 2023 as against stunted growth in the wholesale segment of 4-6%. The segment is expected to gain market share of 69% by the end of fiscal 2023, from 67% as of fiscal 2022.

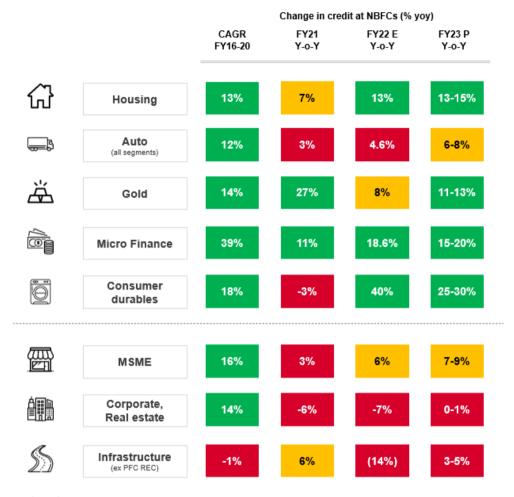
Break-up of retail vs wholesale segment in fiscal 2022



E: Estimated

Source: Industry, CRISIL Research

Growth in fiscal 2023 to be led by housing, auto, gold and microfinance



E: Estimated, P: Projected

Note: Red: <5%; Amber: 5-10%; Green: >10% Source: Company reports, CRISIL Research

Housing outstanding book at housing finance companies (HFCs) grew at a healthy CAGR of 15% over fiscals 2015-2020, led by increasing demand from Tier II and III cities, rising disposable incomes, and government initiatives such as the Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana, interest rate subvention schemes, and fiscal incentives. Growth slowed down in the first half of fiscal 2021 under the pandemic impact. However, there was faster-than-envisaged revival in the second half supported by the RBI, the Centre and state governments providing impetus, which led to 7% growth for fiscal 2021. The second Covid-19 wave impacted disbursements in the first quarter of fiscal 2022. However, with income levels of salaried customers largely intact and home loan rates at historical low during fiscal 2022, disbursements rebounded in the second half of fiscal 2022. With visible recovery across most sectors and increasing demand for housing, CRISIL Research expects NBFC housing credit to growth at 13-15% for fiscal 2023, following healthy growth of 13% during fiscal 2022.

Gold loan finance is estimated to have grown around 8% with demand restoring in fiscal 2022. In fiscal 2023, outstanding is projected to grow 11-13% on-year owing to better economic stability, expanding gold loan market and better reach by various initiatives taken by NBFCs. Lenders are now comfortable lending to customers, and both banks and NBFCs are aggressively pitching gold loan products to have good assets on the book. While the economic situation has improved significantly since the second pandemic wave, gold prices are expected to moderate in fiscal 2023. With demand reviving, players are expected to restore loan-to-value (LTV) ratios to pre-pandemic levels. We thus expect assets under management (AUM) to grow 11-13% in fiscal 2023, more than that seen in fiscal 2022 (8%).

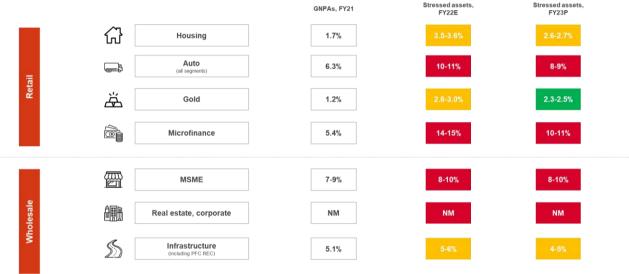
Microfinance sector grew by ~19% in fiscal 2022. Disbursements in the second half of fiscal 2022 grew 11% over the second half of fiscal 2021, and by more than 80% on a sequential basis over first half of fiscal 2022 as the second wave did not pose any significant stress to the industry. The gross loan portfolio will continue to grow at 15-20% range in fiscal 2023, driven by the pick-up in economic activity, and collection efficiencies bouncing back to 97-98% levels for most of

the major players.

Micro, small and medium enterprise (MSME) sector witnessed high impact of the first and second pandemic waves in fiscal 2021 and in the first quarter of fiscal 2022, respectively. Due to its close linkage to economic activities, the sector was significantly impacted by the frequent lockdowns and restrictions, which led to demand and supply disruptions. During the first half of fiscal 2022, the MSME book remained flat; however, the improving economic condition and the mild third wave assisted in the revival of MSMEs in the second half. CRISIL Research expects the outstanding book of NBFCs in the MSME segment to grow at 7-9% in fiscal 2023, following an estimated growth of 6% in fiscal 2022.

Real estate and corporate sectors: Lower disbursements resulted in degrowth of 6% at NBFCs in fiscal 2021. Going forward, the wholesale segment at NBFCs is estimated to witness a further decline on account of stress in the real estate and corporate sectors with many players having announced strategies to reduce their exposure to the real estate segment. CRISIL Research estimates the NBFCs wholesale segment to remain muted or grow marginally at 0-1% in fiscal 2023, following a de-growth of 7% during fiscal 2022.

Asset quality to see gradual improvement



Note: P – Projected, E – Estimates

- 1) Stressed advances refer to both GNPA and estimated segmental restructuring amounts put together
- 2) Green: <2.5%; Amber: 2.5-7.5%; Red: >7.5%
- 3) Stressed assets in real estate and corporate loans are not meaningful due to addition of contractual moratorium, DCCO extension and OTRs

Source: Company reports, CRISIL Research

The second wave adversely affected the fragile recovery witnessed in the fourth quarter of last fiscal and had affected collection efficiencies across asset classes in the first quarter of fiscal 2022. Collection efficiency, however, has seen a recovery since the second half of fiscal 2022, and collection efficiencies in most segments are back to pre-pandemic levels.

With the NPA standstill provision lifted in December 2021, gross NPAs (GNPAs) in segments such as auto, microfinance and MSME spiked as of March 2021 and were further impacted in the first quarter of fiscal 2022. However, the impact was not as severe as in the first wave, and players across segments have reported improvement in GNPAs from the second quarter.

Relief measures by the government and RBI, such as moratorium and restructuring, provided a breather to customers and industries in fiscals 2021 and 2022. After a moratorium of six months (between March and August 2020), accounts that were stressed because of the pandemic (classified as standard as on February 29, 2020) were eligible for a one-time restructuring (OTR) under the RBI's Resolution Framework. Stressed customers whose incomes were hit hard due to the economic slowdown opted for restructuring. With the second wave shattering the growing economy once again, the RBI introduced the second phase of restructuring in May 2021:

- Borrowers, i.e., individuals, small businesses and MSMEs, having aggregate exposure of up to ₹25 crore, and who have not availed of restructuring under earlier frameworks (including Resolution Framework 1.0), and who were classified as 'standard' as on March 31, 2021, will be eligible under Resolution Framework 2.0. Restructuring under the proposed framework can be invoked up to September 30, 2021, and will have to be implemented within 90 days post invocation
- With respect to individual borrowers and small businesses who have availed loan restructuring under Resolution Framework 1.0, where the resolution plan permitted a moratorium of less than two years, lending institutions are permitted to use this window to modify such plans to the extent of increasing the period of moratorium and/or extending the residual tenure up to two years

Retail segments like housing and gold loans will be least impacted in fiscal 2022 as well, whereas MSME and real estate loans will take a bigger hit because of the vulnerability of the underlying borrower class.

Housing segment is expected to perform relatively better, as salaried class, which is the primary customer profile of housing loans, was not majorly affected this time during both the pandemic years. Further, GNPAs of fiscal 2022 are estimated to have increased marginally on account of inherent stress in economically weaker sections (EWS) and low-income group (LIG) customers and implementation of the new NPA recognitions norms as per the RBI circular dated November 12, 2021. The applicability of circular is from September 2022; however, companies have proactively been transitioning to the new classification norms. CRISIL Research estimates the portfolio under stress (OTR 1.0 and 2.0) for individual housing loans to be in range of 1.6-1.7% as of March 2022.

Gold finance GNPA numbers remained high on account of the second wave, the impact of which was seen in fiscal 2022. GNPA for fiscal 2022 was at 2.3-2.5%, though it is expected to stabilise by the end of fiscal 2023 with better collection efficiency and overall economic stability being prevalent. Lenders have also made adequate provisioning for any pandemic-led NPA surge. CRISIL Research expects GNPAs of gold loan NBFCs to be gradually improving at 1.9-2.1% in fiscal 2023 with auctions helping players to restrict GNPAs at lower levels. The industry lends at low LTV of 75%, which safeguards it from price fluctuations, and in case of losses, gold finance companies can auction gold as it is a secured loan.

Microfinance players have seen their collection efficiencies bounced back to pre-covid levels from the third quarter of fiscal 2022. The same can be reflected in their GNPAs as well, where the top three players in the segment reported fall in GNPA levels on a sequential basis in fiscal 2022. The industry GNPA in fiscal 2022 stood at 6% levels. Collection efficiency of major players have bounced back to pre-pandemic levels of 97-99%. However, significant portion of the book of these players is currently under restructuring. Thus, coupled with some incremental stress due to the regulatory impact, we expect stressed assets in fiscal 2022 to be at 14-15%. With a fall in GNPA levels in fiscal 2023, and a portion of the book moving out of restructuring, CRISIL Research expects GNPAs in fiscal 2023 to reduce to 4-5% levels, and overall stress in the industry to be in the range of 10-11%.

MSME: In fiscal 2021, GNPAs for the MSME section are expected to have reached 7-8% due to increased stress in MSME borrowers, who were hit the hardest due to Covid-19. Further, in the first quarter of fiscal 2022, the second wave of pandemic again impacted economic activities, in turn leading to increased stress in the MSME segments. However, the impact on asset quality was cushioned by OTR 2.0 announced by the RBI in May 2021. With improvement in economic activities and mild impact of the waning pandemic, CRISIL Research expects the asset quality stress (GNPA and restructuring) to be in range of 8-10% for fiscals 2022 and 2023.

Real estate and Corporate: Overall stress in the real estate and corporate segment is the highest among the segments. CRISIL Research estimates overall stress in the wholesale book to be high. This includes contractual moratorium, book under extension by date for commencement for commercial operations (DCCO) extension and book that is estimated to have opted for OTR.

Securitisation clocks ₹ 1,350 billion, but remains below pre-pandemic levels

CRISIL-rated securitisation transactions have shown tremendous resilience during the past two amid the pandemic. Despite bouts of tremendous stress on underlying borrowers, there were very few downward rating actions. When

collection ratios were dented severely, credit enhancements (provided initially) came to the fore to iron out the collection shortfalls. These were subsequently replenished as a large majority of the rated transactions have witnessed smart recoveries and performance is back on the expected trajectory.

The securitisation market saw increased activity in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2022, with volume crossing $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 50,000 crore. That took the cumulative value of loan assets securitised in last fiscal to $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 1.35 lakh crore, a good 50% higher than $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 90,000 crore in fiscal 2021. That compares with the pre-pandemic volume of $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 1.9 lakh crore seen over fiscals 2019 and 2020.

Disbursements also picked up, necessitating incremental funding requirements. More than 130 financing entities have securitised their assets in the past 12 months. Investors such as mutual funds and foreign-owned financing entities, which were chary in the recent past, have picked up such securitised instruments.

Within asset-backed securitisation, CV (25%), gold (10%) and two-wheeler (2%) loans remained important asset segments. In addition, microfinance loans drew traction, comprising 10% of volume, especially in the last quarter of fiscal 2022, amid indications of resilience among low-ticket-size borrowers.

Housing finance

Housing finance growth to continue this fiscal

The housing finance segment was estimated at ₹ 24,524 billion in fiscal 2022. Of this, housing loans at non-banking finance companies (NBFCs), including housing finance companies (HFCs), accounted for ₹ 8,631 billion, up 13% on-year.

Banks dominate the housing finance segment with share of 65% as of fiscal 2022

Type	Share in book FY22E	Outstanding Book (₹ billion) FY22E	CAGR (FY18-21)	FY22E	Growth outlook for FY23P
HFCs / NBFCs	35%	8,631	6%	13%	13-15%
Banks	65%	15,893	13%	12%	14-16%
Overall	100%	24,524	10%	12.4%	14-16%

Note: 1. E: Estimated; P: Projected

Increased affordability on account of stable property rates, improved annual income of individual borrowers (over the past 4-5 years), and historically low interest rates provided substantial growth opportunities for the housing finance segment over the last two years. The second wave of Covid-19 led disbursements to decline 40-60% in the first quarter of fiscal 2022 vis-à-vis the quarter before. However, with income levels of salaried customers remaining largely intact and home loan rates hovering around historical lows, disbursements rebounded in the second half of fiscal 2022.

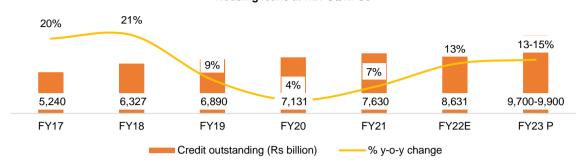
With recovery visible across most sectors, growth is expected to continue this fiscal, also supported by pent-up demand for housing as individuals working from home hasten their decision to own a house or purchase a larger unit because of favourable, though deteriorating, affordability. CRISIL Research forecasts HFC/NBFC housing credit growth at 13-15% this fiscal, following healthy growth of 13% last fiscal. However, new Covid-19 waves and regulatory changes pose downside risks.

Housing credit to continue uptrend this fiscal

^{2.} Credit deployment data published by the RBI has undergone revision with effect from January 2021. Hence, comparable numbers for the previous fiscal are revised accordingly.

^{3.} The merger of HDFC Ltd and HDFC Bank is under the approval process and was not effective as of March 2022. Hence, the impact of the merger is not considered for the analysis.

Housing loans at NBFCs/HFCs



Note:

- 1. E: Estimated; P: Projected
- 2. The merger of HDFC Ltd and HDFC Bank is under the approval process and was not effective as of March 2022. Hence, the impact of the merger is not considered for the analysis.

Source: Company reports, Reserve Bank of India (RBI), CRISIL Research

Home loans outstanding at NBFCs clocked a healthy 15% compound annual growth rate (CAGR) between fiscals 2015 and 2020, driven by increasing demand from tier II and III cities, rising disposable incomes, and government initiatives such as Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY), interest rate subvention schemes, and fiscal incentives.

The Covid-19 pandemic and subsequent nationwide and local lockdowns took a toll on the economy in early fiscal 2021. Incomes were impacted, too, especially for low-income group (LIG) and middle-income group (MIG) customers. With reduced disbursements in the first half of fiscal 2020, growth in housing loans outstanding of HFCs/ NBFCs was low at 2% on-year as of September 2020 versus March 2020. However, revival was faster than envisaged in the third and fourth quarters of fiscal 2021, with the RBI, the Centre and state governments providing impetus. Real estate developers offered discounts and/or freebies, and a few states such as Maharashtra and Karnataka cut stamp duty on real estate. Home loan interest rates were also slashed to a historical low of 6.5% (starting rate). Therefore, NBFCs clocked decent 7% growth in fiscal 2021, despite gloomy indicators at the beginning of the fiscal. The first quarter of fiscal 2022 witnessed the second wave of Covid-19 affecting credit growth. However, on account of improved affordability, pent-up demand and historically low interest rates, growth surged in the second half of the fiscal, leading to estimated credit growth of ~13% in the fiscal 2022.

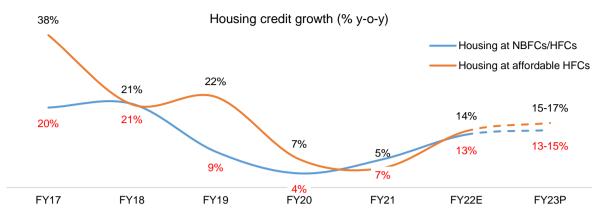
On the assets front, the share of the top 10 cities in India is more than 35% in terms of outstanding retail housing finance loans. CRISIL Research expects growth for the top 10 cities to be in the range of 5-10% in fiscal 2023, following estimated growth of 33-38% in fiscal 2022 (which was on account of a low base of fiscal 2021 and degrowth in the real estate segment for the last few years). This, coupled with expected growth of 6-10% in capital values and incremental construction under PMAY, will support estimated housing loan growth of 13-15% during fiscal 2023.

Affordable HFCs to outpace overall housing credit growth this fiscal

Before fiscal 2018, much of the growth was led by aggressive expansion of smaller HFCs that were aiming to gain share in affordable and/or tier II and III markets. This resulted in gross non-performing assets (GNPAs) rising, and after the IL&FS crisis, the growth of such companies slowed down.

In fiscal 2021, key companies, namely Housing Development Finance Corporation Ltd, LIC Housing Finance Ltd, Indiabulls Housing Finance Ltd, PNB Housing Finance Ltd and Can Fin Homes Ltd, grew 10%, and the overall HFC/NBFC segment grew 7%. Strong liquidity, parental support and lower interest rates (on par with leading banks) at these HFCs led to higher growth in fiscal 2021. The segment witnessed a slowdown in April and May 2021 on account of the second wave of Covid-19. Continued support from the government and central bank, an increase in demand for housing, and continued penetration in tier II and III cities by affordable HFCs led to a reversal of trend in the segment during fiscal 2022 — affordable HFCs grew at a faster pace than the key companies and the overall HFC/NBFC segment. CRISIL Research expects affordable HFCs to continue growing 15-17% in fiscal 2023.

Credit growth — affordable HFCs to outpace overall housing segment

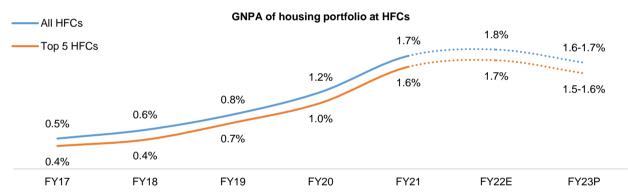


Note: E: Estimated; P: Projected

Source: Company reports, RBI, CRISIL Research

GNPAs for the housing portfolio to stabilise this fiscal

With economic revival and waning stress of the pandemic, GNPAs to improve marginally this fiscal



Note: P: Projected, E: Estimates

Source: Company reports, CRISIL Research

GNPAs for the housing loan portfolio increased a sharp 50 bps to 1.7% in fiscal 2021, mainly due to a significant economic slowdown, which impacted self-employed customers and micro, small and medium enterprises (MSMEs). Further, GNPAs for the housing loan portfolio are estimated to have increased to 1.8% in fiscal 2022 on account of stress witnessed by MIG and LIG borrowers post the second wave of Covid-19 during the first quarter of the fiscal 2022 and transition of NBFCs/ HFCs to new NPA recognition norms based on the RBI circular dated November 12, 2021. The circular is applicable from September 2022, but companies are proactively transitioning to the new classification norms. CRISIL Research expects GNPAs for the housing loan portfolio to improve 10-20 bps to 1.6-1.7% this fiscal, backed by improvement in asset quality stress for the segment.

Relief measures such as loan moratorium and restructuring provided a breather to customers in fiscals 2021 and 2022. Accounts that were stressed because of the pandemic (classified as standard as on February 29, 2020) were eligible for a one-time restructuring (OTR) under the RBI's Resolution Framework.

Restructuring for Individual housing loans is estimated at 1.6-1.7% for fiscal 2022



The second pandemic wave during the first quarter of fiscal 2022 again led to stress and slowdown in the economy due to restrictions and localised lockdowns announced by state governments. In May 2021, the RBI announced further

measures to ease the stress in the economy:

- Borrowers, i.e., individuals, small businesses and MSMEs, having aggregate exposure of up to ₹25 crore, and who had not availed of restructuring under earlier frameworks (including Resolution Framework 1.0), and who were classified as 'standard' as on March 31, 2021, were eligible under Resolution Framework 2.0. Restructuring under the proposed framework could be invoked up to September 30, 2021 and had to be implemented within 90 days post invocation.
- With respect to individual borrowers and small businesses who had availed of loan restructuring under Resolution Framework 1.0, where the resolution plan permitted a moratorium of less than two years, lending institutions were permitted to use this window to modify such plans to the extent of increasing the period of moratorium and/or extending the residual tenure up to two years.

CRISIL Research estimates the total stressed (GNPA + restructuring book) assets for the individual housing loan segment aggregated to 3.5-3.6% in fiscal 2022. It expects the stressed assets to be in the range of 2.6-2.7% in fiscal 2023.

The top five HFCs have historically reported GNPAs 10-20 bps lower than the NBFC segmental average. This trend is likely to have continued in fiscal 2022, with HFCs largely tackling their GNPAs through options such as restructuring.

Profitability: spreads to improve in fiscal 2023

The housing space saw signs of recovery during the second half of fiscal 2021, supported by initiatives of the Centre and state governments to revive economic activity. In fiscal 2022 as well, with home loan rates at a historical low, starting from 6.5%, yield on advances reduced 70-80 bps. The RBI having maintained an accommodative stance as well, and not increasing the repo rate in the fiscal 2022, supported a reduction in the cost of borrowing by 40-50 bps. This narrowed the spreads and lowered return on assets to 1.7% in fiscal 2022.

But with the central bank hiking the rate by 40 bps in May 2022, 90 bps in June 2022 and expectation of an additional 75 bps increase over fiscal 2023 leading the repo rates to 50 bps higher than the pre-covid levels, CRISIL Research expects yield on assets to improve vis-à-vis the increase in weighted average cost of funds at a slower pace (due to structure of the borrowing mix), translating into improvement in margins and return on assets to 2.6% and 2.2% respectively, in fiscal 2023.

Wholesale finance

Stress in the real estate sector continues to affect growth in wholesale finance

Wholesale finance represents lending services to medium-sized and large corporate firms, institutional customers and real estate developers by banks and other financial institutions. It encompasses long- and short-term funding. CRISIL Research excludes lease-rental discounting (LRD) from the wholesale book and lending to the infrastructure sector and covers only loans offered to large and mid-sized corporates in non-infrastructure segments.

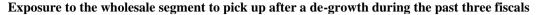
Real estate segment comprises 60% of the overall NBFC wholesale lending, as of fiscal 2022

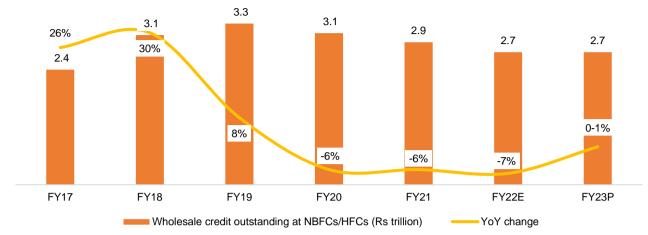
Type	Share in book FY22E	Outstanding Book (₹ billion) FY22E	CAGR (FY18-21)	FY22E	Growth outlook for FY23P
NBFCs	7%	2,717	-1%	-7%	0-1%
Banks	93%	33,879	3%	5%	7-9%
Overall	100%	36,596	2%	4%	6-8%

Note: 1, E – Estimated, P – Projected

Wholesale lending at NBFCs to revive with marginal growth in fiscal 2023

f. Credit deployment data published by the RBI has undergone revision with effect from January 2021. Hence, comparable numbers for the previous fiscal are revised accordingly.



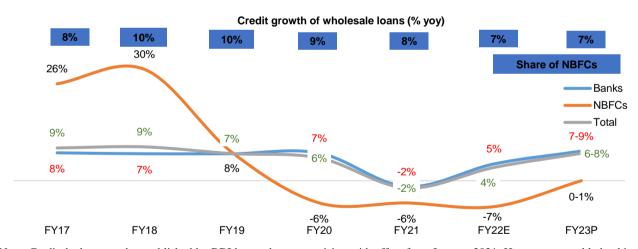


Source: Company reports, CRISIL Research

NBFCs were cautious in lending to the corporate segment as well, such as real estate, and hence wholesale books of NBFC/HFCs are estimated to have declined 7% in fiscal 2022. Fiscal 2023 is expected to witness a marginal improvement in credit leading to muted growth in this segment.

NBFCs to witness a sharp decline in the wholesale book vis-à-vis banks

Banks to outpace NBFCs with wholesale credit growing at 7-9% in fiscal 2023



Note: Credit deployment data published by RBI has undergone revision with effect from January 2021. Hence, comparable banking numbers for the previous fiscal are revised accordingly.

Source: Company reports, CRISIL Research

Lending to the wholesale segment witnessed a de-growth of 2% in fiscal 2021, because of uncertainties amid the pandemic and washout of first half of fiscal 2021 due to the nation-wide lockdown. In fiscal 2022, the second wave of pandemic hit in first quarter, leading to localised lockdowns by various state governments. However, in the second half of fiscal 2022 (especially in fourth quarter), the utilisation of wholesale credit improved, and credit demand picked up because of a revival in the capex cycle with an expectation of 15% growth in industrial capex in fiscal 2023. Banks are estimated to have clocked a growth of 5% in fiscal 2022 and are expected to grow at 7-9% in fiscal 2023, with NBFCs lagging with muted or marginal growth following a de-growth of 7% in fiscal 2022.

Asset quality

The overall stress in the real estate and corporate segments is highest compared with other segments. CRISIL Research estimates overall stress in the wholesale book to be high. This includes contractual moratorium, book under extension by "date for commencement for commercial operations (DCCO) extension" and book that is estimated to have opted for one-time restructuring.

MSME

Credit to the micro, small and medium enterprise (MSME) segment is estimated at ₹ 20,275 billion for fiscal 2022, with banks dominating the market share at 80%. Post the liquidity crisis, the share of non-banks reduced to an estimated ~20% in fiscal 2022 from ~22% in fiscal 2019.

Banks dominate the credit share in MSMEs at 80% as of fiscal 2022

Type	Share in book FY22E	Outstanding Book (₹ billion) FY22E	CAGR (FY17-21)	FY22E	Growth outlook for FY23
NBFCs	20%	4,100	11%	6%	7-9%
Banks	80%	16,174	6%	14.8%	11-13%
Overall	100%	20,275	7%	13%	10-12%

Note:

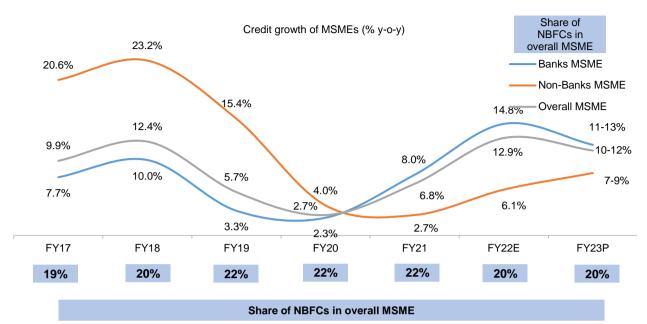
- 1. E: Estimated; P: Projected
- 2. Credit deployment data published by the RBI has undergone revision with effect from January 2021. Hence, comparable numbers for the previous fiscal are revised accordingly.
- 3. Companies with turnover $< \mathfrak{F}$ 5 crore and investment $< \mathfrak{F}$ 1 crore are classified as micro; companies with turnover between \mathfrak{F} 5 crore and \mathfrak{F} 25 crore and investment between \mathfrak{F} 1 crore and \mathfrak{F} 10 crore are classified as small; and companies with turnover between \mathfrak{F} 25 crore and \mathfrak{F} 250 crore and investment between \mathfrak{F} 10 crore and \mathfrak{F} 50 crore are classified as medium Source: CRISIL Research

The MSME sector faced a high impact of the first and second pandemic waves in fiscal 2021 and the first quarter of fiscal 2022, respectively. With the sector's close linkage to economic activities, the magnitude of the impact was significant due to frequent lockdowns and restrictions, which impacted demand, supply, and hence profitability across most sectors. This necessitated relief measures, which were promptly announced by the government in the form of the Emergency Credit Line Guarantee Scheme (ECLGS) last year, which was reviewed on a timely basis to reduce impact on the sector. However, most of the disbursements under the scheme were by banks (among which private-sector banks showed greater proclivity than public-sector banks for utilising ECLGS); hence, they saw book growth of 8%, while growth for non-banking finance companies (NBFCs) was lower at 3% in fiscal 2021. Decline in the book value was also restricted by moratoriums and asset classification standstill for MSMEs until March 2021.

In the first quarter of fiscal 2022, the second pandemic wave impacted the MSME segment again, leading to muted growth in the first half of fiscal 2022 on account of disruption in business activity due to localised lockdowns by various state governments. With the hit to the economy in the first quarter, the government extended the ECLGS then ending in June 2021 to September 2021 (currently extended till March 31, 2023), which supported the sector to revive from degrowth in the first quarter of fiscal 2022, with banks posting a sequential growth in MSME book at the end of the second quarter. Revival of economic activity, strong export and domestic support, coupled with a mild third wave, helped the segment grow an estimated 13% in fiscal 2022. Banking MSME saw higher growth than NBFCs (14.8% and 6%, respectively), owing to stress in the first half of fiscal 2022. CRISIL Research expects the banks to continue growing faster at 11-13% and NBFCs at 7-9% in fiscal 2023.

Demand improvement to drive MSME credit growth this fiscal

Banks to continue growth momentum



Note:

1. E: Estimated; P: Projected

2. Credit deployment data published by the RBI has undergone revision with effect from January 2021. Hence, comparable numbers for the previous fiscal are revised accordingly.

Source: Company reports, CRISIL Research

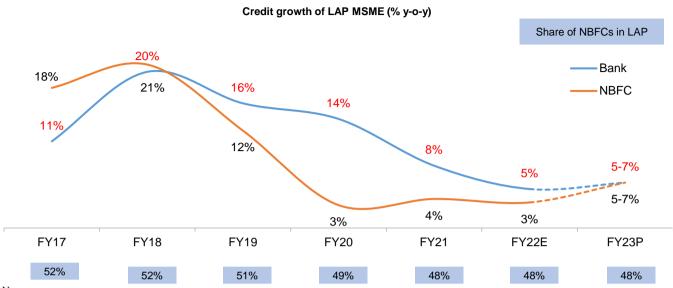
A faster-than-expected revival in economic activity and pent-up demand instilled a positive economic performance in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2021. Outstanding MSME book of non-bank companies grew 3% on-year in fiscal 2021, given the increased demand for loan against property (LAP). Further, during the first quarter of fiscal 2022, MSME book witnessed degrowth in both banks and non-banks due to the impact of the second pandemic wave. The segment started to recover from the second quarter with improvement in demand by MSMEs supported by the central government's decision to extend ECLGS till March 31, 2022 (further extended till March 31, 2023 in Union Budget 2022-23) and increase the guarantee amount from ₹ 3 trillion to ₹ 4.5 trillion (further increased to ₹ 5 trillion).

The outstanding book of NBFCs in the MSME segment is estimated to have grown 6.1% in fiscal 2022, supported by growth in the LAP and non-LAP (unsecured and secured non-LAP) segments of lending. With the revival of economic activity and improving cash flows, NBFCs will increase their funding in the unsecured segment and restrict their lending in the LAP segment due to the asset quality stress of past years. With improved underwriting practices, lending in unsecured portfolio is expected to improve, while secured non-LAP will face competition from banks. However, smaller non-banks will be wary of funding given the existing stress, and thus will witness moderate growth. Additionally, further Covid-19 waves and regulatory changes could pose downside risks this fiscal.

LAP: Growth in LAP to stabilise this fiscal

LAP portfolio at NBFCs is estimated at ₹ 2,500 billion for fiscal 2021. During the year, LAP witnessed higher growth than non-LAP (secured non-LAP and unsecured) as non-banks preferred mortgage-based lending over cash-flow-based lending in the short run given the potential risks in other segments. LAP portfolio at NBFCs is estimated to have grown 3% in fiscal 2022 with players shifting their focus to non-LAP portfolio.

LAP portfolio to grow 5-7% this fiscal



Note:

1. E: Estimated; P: Projected

2. Credit deployment data published by the RBI has undergone revision with effect from January 2021. Hence, comparable numbers for the previous fiscal are revised accordingly.

Source: Company reports, CRISIL Research

LAPs are availed by mortgaging properties (residential or commercial) with the lender. The end-use of the loan is not closely monitored. It could be used for either business or personal purposes. It can be availed by both salaried and self-employed individuals. LAP is a secured loan, as it provides collateral to the financier in the form of property. It has a lower interest rate than personal or business loans.

With improvement in the economy and lenders being positive towards mortgage-based lending, the LAP segment is expected to perform better this fiscal than in the last one. However, lenders (non-banks) are unlikely to be as aggressive as they were in the past, when the segment logged a double-digit CAGR of 12% between fiscals 2017 and 2020. Higher growth in the past was due to lower interest rates and increased penetration. However, after fiscal 2019, non-banks lost their share in the LAP market as they were focusing on containing asset quality deterioration. Banks registered strong growth in the segment due to their aggressive strategies, higher market penetration, lower cost of funds and adequate liquidity support. CRISIL Research expects the MSME LAP segment to grow 5-7% in fiscal 2023, driven by improving economic conditions and the mild impact of the third pandemic wave, assisting in normalisation of business activities.

MSME: Non-LAP loans

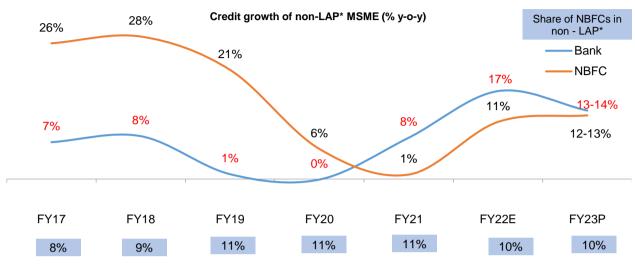
Non-LAP includes secured and unsecured non-LAP loans. Non-LAP secured MSME loans include working capital products (such as cash credit, overdraft facility and bill discounting) and other term loan products, such as asset-backed or hypothecated loans. Hypothecated loans are term loans where the collateral offered is a combination of property, inventory, etc.

Unsecured MSME loans are given to self-employed borrowers without collateral. It is cash-flow-based lending rather than collateral-based. Unsecured loans are underwritten based on financial statements, bank statements, GST returns, number of loans taken in the past, bureau checks, scorecards, etc. An unsecured small business loan is usually taken to tide over a liquidity crunch, take advantage of short-term opportunities, or to expand a small business, mostly when cash credit limit of the bank is exhausted. Many lenders give these loans on top of existing secured loans with them.

Due to non-availability of collateral, underwriting plays a key role in maintaining asset quality of unsecured business loans. Underwriting these loans requires a different expertise and is powered by new financial technology and increasing availability of data on credit history of customers. Competition in the secured loans market (especially retail loans) has compelled NBFCs and a few private banks to gain expertise in niche lending and build robust digital platforms to cash in on fresh opportunities in the unsecured business loans space, with an eye on maximising profitability.

Banks dominate this segment with a 90% share, aggregating to ~₹ 13 trillion as of fiscal 2022. NBFCs are estimated to have a non-LAP book of ~₹ 1.5 trillion in fiscal 2022.

NBFCs' non-LAP credit growth to stabilise this fiscal



Note:

1. E: Estimated; P: Projected

Source: Company reports, CRISIL Research

NBFCs were growing in double digits prior to fiscal 2019; the growth slowed after the liquidity crisis. In fiscal 2021, the growth was marginal due to lower disbursements, which are estimated to have halved due to Covid-19. Meanwhile, banks grew 8% due to the support from ECLGS. Due to the pandemic, non-bank lenders had turned more cautious over unsecured MSME lending, and preferred mortgage-based lending (LAP and non-LAP secured) over cash-flow-based (unsecured) lending.

Business activity started normalising from the second half of fiscal 2022. This, supported by a mild third wave, led to improvement in economic conditions and, in turn, a pickup in demand for credit. Banks and NBFCs shifted their focus towards non-LAP lending owing to higher returns on this portfolio, leading to non-banks growing at an estimate 11% in fiscal 2022. CRISIL Research expects the growth momentum to continue, with NBFCs' non-LAP segment growing 12-13% this fiscal. However, new Covid-19 waves and regulatory changes could pose downside risks.

Microfinance

Collection efficiency, disbursements surpass pre-pandemic levels and book to grow at 15-20% in fiscal 2023

Non-banking financial company-microfinance institutions (NBFC-MFIs) saw their disbursements surpass the disbursements seen in H2 of FY19 and FY20, where the disbursements were at its peak before the pandemic. With decline in cases, collections improved, and players saw significant uptick in collection efficiency on sequential basis. Indeed, collection efficiency of most players reached 98-99% in the fourth quarter of the fiscal, and have reached the levels seen before the pandemic

Disbursements in the sector have also seen a similar trend. Collection efficiency, which fell from ~85% in April to 75% in May-June of fiscal 2022, rebounded to normal levels of 98-99% for most of the players in the industry by Q3FY22. Improvement in collection efficiency was led by players such as Satin Creditcare and Creditaccess Gramen. Disbursements and repayments also grew at a faster rate than previously expected, indicating quick recovery in the industry, with repayment rates growing on a sequential basis in third the quarter of the fiscal.

Asset quality, however, remains a key monitorable due to portfolio restructuring by players. With the industry's gross

^{2.} Credit deployment data published by the RBI has undergone revision with effect from January 2021. Hence, comparable numbers for the previous fiscal are revised accordingly.

^{3. *}Non-LAP includes unsecured and secured non-LAP loans

non-performing assets (GNPAs) rising from 5.4% in fiscal 2021 to 6.4% in the third quarter of fiscal 2022, players' books remained under stress. That said, key players in the industry saw their GNPAs fall both on a sequential and an on-year basis as of the fourth quarter of the fiscal.

Though the third wave of the pandemic is expected to have had a slight impact on repayments and disbursements, the industry is estimated to have grown at 18-20% in fiscal 2022, and is expected to log a growth of 15-20% in fiscal 2023.

Share of NBFC-MFIs grew from 31% in FY21 to 35% in FY22

Туре	Share (FY22E)	Outstanding Book (₹ Billion, FY22E)	CAGR (FY17-21)	FY22E	Growth Outlook (FY23P)
NBFC- MFI	35%	966.10	15%	19%	15-20%

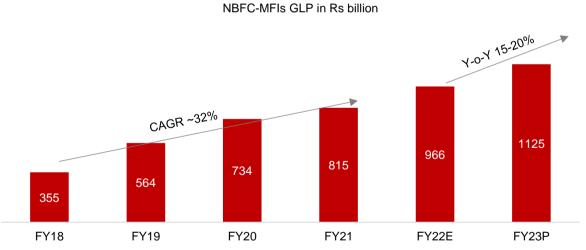
Source: CRISIL Research, Microfinance Institutions Network (MFIN)

Disbursements to pick up, growth to exceed pre-pandemic levels this fiscal

While disbursements had surpassed pre-Covid levels in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2021 itself, the second wave proved to be a dampener. However, as per player commentaries, fresh disbursements are healthy and repayment rates have also returned to pre-Covid levels. Given that the omicron wave had a negligible impact in the overall economic activity, disbursements are estimated to have remained healthy in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2022 as well.

Disbursements are expected to increase 40-45% on-year this fiscal, over a growth of ~35% seen in fiscal 2022. MFI customers require funds to meet their day-to-day expenses and release of additional funds depends on prompt repayments. With improvement in cash flows as business activities attain normalcy, disbursements should increase going forward.

NBFC-MFIs to grow 15-20% on-year in fiscal 2023



Source: CRISIL Research, MFIN, company reports

Banks continue to be an integral source of funds for NBFC-MFIs

Traditionally, banks used to be the key lenders to NBFC-MFIs. The smaller players had to resort to portfolio sell-outs to channel growth.

However, in fiscal 2021, funds raised through non-convertible debenture (NCD) issuances by NBFC-MFIs increased substantially, mainly due to the targeted long-term repo operations (TLTRO) announced by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) where lower rated entities could issue bonds at a lower interest rate. It also allowed banks to invest in specific sectors through debt instruments to push credit flow in the economy. The scheme was aimed at providing adequate system-level liquidity as well as targeted liquidity provision to sectors and entities experiencing liquidity constraints and difficulties in raising funds from the markets. Under the RBI's on-tap TLTRO scheme, liquidity availed by banks had to

be deployed in corporate bonds, commercial papers and NCDs issued by entities into sectors such as MFI and construction.

Even though the risk associated in the sector was high, banks continued to lend to the sector due to the partial guarantee of up to 20% of first loss to state-owned banks announced by the government for purchase of bonds or commercial papers of NBFCs, MFIs and housing finance companies having a credit rating of AA or below, including unrated paper with original maturity of up to one year.

NBFC-MFIs also raised funds through the Partial Credit Guarantee Scheme, in which the RBI had extended a special liquidity facility to NABARD, SIDBI and NHB to the tune of ₹ 25,000 crore, ₹ 15,000 crore and ₹ 10,000 crore, respectively, to be further lent to sectors such as construction and small and medium NBFC-MFIs.

In fiscal 2021, the top five NBFC-MFIs, whose books account for 50-55% of the entire GLP, raised funds through NCDs.

Gold Finance

Gold loans continue healthy performance, amid competition from banks

Outstanding	Share (FY22E)	Book	CAGR	Growth outlook	Growth outlook
book		(FY22, ₹ billion)	(FY18-FY21)	for FY22	for FY23
NBFCs	23%	1,184	20%	8-10%	11-13%
Banks	77%	3,967	22%	17-19%	12-14%
Overall	100%	5,151	21%	15-17%	12-14%

Note: E: Estimated, P: Projected Source: Company reports, CRISIL Research

With normalcy restored in the economy, lenders are now more comfortable lending to customers, and both banks and non-banking financial companies (NBFCs) are aggressively pitching gold loan products to have good assets on the book. While the economic situation has improved significantly, gold prices are also expected to increase marginally in fiscal 2023. With demand reviving, players are expected to restore loan-to-value (LTV) to pre-pandemic levels. CRISIL Research expects overall assets under management (AUM) to grow 12-14% in fiscal 2023, following 15-17% growth in fiscal 2022. Overall gold loan AUM is estimated to have stood at ₹ 5.1 trillion in fiscal 2022 and is expected to reach ₹ 5.8 trillion in fiscal 2023. The on-year growth for fiscal 2021 was around ~45%, of which banks grew at ~52% and NBFCs grew at ~27%.

AUM of gold loan NBFCs, which grew at a compound annual rate (CAGR) of 11% between fiscals 2015 and 2020, registered an exceptional growth of 27% on-year in fiscal 2021. Demand for gold loans was also driven by a sharp increase in prices. Gold prices rallied 30% on-year in fiscal 2021. Borrowers benefitted from the higher loan value from the same collateral, while lenders profited from the lower LTV ratio on their existing loans and higher demand. Both NBFCs and banks saw a jump in demand. Unlike previous years, banks aggressively promoted and launched gold loan schemes in fiscal 2022, leading to higher growth.

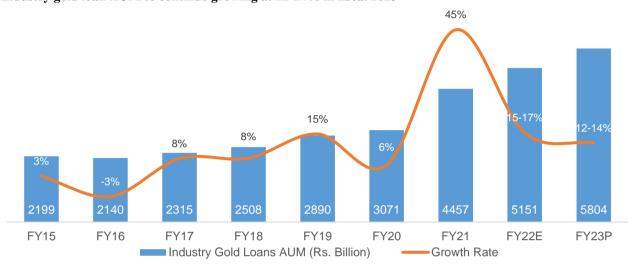
Gold loan market is expected to continue to post strong performance compared with other retail loans on account of the following factors:



Source: CRISIL Research

Demand for gold is likely to remain buoyant for it is considered as a secured asset. The transformation in the gold loan sector continues – shift from unorganised to organised and further from organised to digital and online means. Increasing focus on online gold loans in the current scenario is expected to support overall growth in the coming years.

Industry gold loan AUM to continue growing at 12-14% in fiscal 2023



Note: E: Estimated, P: Projected

Includes agriculture lending by banks with gold as collateral
Source: Company reports, CRISIL Research

NBFCs raise higher portion of bank borrowing to reduce borrowing cost

Gold loan NBFCs have maintained higher liquidity during the pandemic times. They also have managed their cost of funds better by reshuffling their borrowing mix in order to reduce the borrowing cost and support the lower yields due to competition. Gold loan NBFCs raised funds under the targeted long-term repo operations (TLTRO) scheme announced by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) in fiscal 2021. These funds were raised at a lower cost, reducing the overall funding cost for these NBFCs. Additionally, funding through the bank and financial institution route led to a reduction in the share of other borrowings. Commercial paper has seen the highest reduction in the past few years and is projected to be lower in fiscal 2023 as well. These NBFCs have also raised additional funds through overseas borrowing, non-convertible debentures (NCDs) and other sources. Since NBFCs have sufficient liquidity, they have not availed a moratorium from lenders.

Additional NCDs raised during fiscal 2021, especially under the TLTRO scheme, have led to a reduction in the overall cost of borrowing. However, CRISIL Research expects the RBI to increase the repo rate by ~75 basis points (bps) in fiscal 2023 in addition to the 90 bps hike made in May 2022 and June 2022. At an overall level, expected borrowing cost for fiscal is projected increase by 85-95 bps in fiscal 2023 based on its borrowing mix.

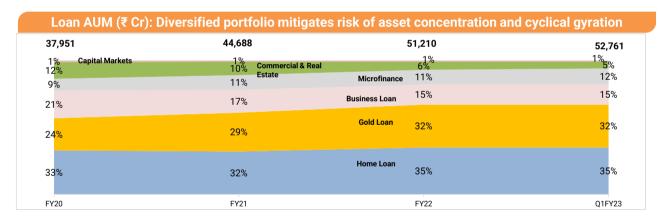
OUR BUSINESS

Some of the information in the following section, especially information with respect to our plans and strategies, contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, assumptions, estimates and uncertainties. This section should be read in conjunction with the sections "Forward Looking Statements", "Risk Factors", and "Financial Information" on pages 17, 18 and 185, respectively. Unless otherwise indicated, the financial information included herein is based on our Limited Review Financial Results as at June 30, 2022 and Reformatted Financial Statements for Fiscals 2022, Fiscals 2021 and Fiscals 2020. Our fiscal year ends on March 31 of each year and references to a particular fiscal year are to the twelve months ended March 31 of that year.

Our Company is a Systemically Important Non-deposit taking Non-Banking Financial Company ("NBFC-ND-SI") registered with the RBI, catering to the credit requirements of a diverse customer base with its plethora of products. Our offerings include home loans, gold loans, business loans including loans against property and medium and small enterprise financing, micro finance, construction and real estate finance and capital market finance, catering to both retail and corporate clients.

The Company has received a registration as a Non-Banking Financial Company bearing registration number N-13.02386 vide certificate dated March 6, 2020.

Over the past several years, we have diversified our products and expanded our presence into segments that are of greater relevance to the evolving business environment and customer demand trends. Our product offering evolution is depicted below:



In the Fiscal 2021 we completed the sale of our commercial vehicles' financing business as a going concern, in order to focus on scaling up existing business segments of Affordable Home Loans, Gold Loans, Business Loans and Microfinance.

Our key strategy is to steadily grow high quality, diversified retail assets focusing on under-banked segments, with effective risk management and cost optimization through well-defined processes and leveraging technology.

Our product offerings are detailed below:

Home Loans: include finance for purchase of flats, construction of houses, extension and for improvement in the flats/homes.

Business Loans: include loans against property and small and medium enterprise financing. Loan against property (LAP) is availed for working capital requirements, business use or acquisition of new commercial property. In the medium and small enterprise financing segment (MSME), we provide working capital finance to small business owners. We provide small ticket loans, thereby being able to meet the needs of small scale businesses including standalone shops etc.

Gold Loans: includes finance against security of mainly used gold ornaments. We offer loan against gold to small businessmen, vendors, traders, farmers and salaried people for their personal needs as well as for working capital needs.

Microfinance: includes credit support mainly to women, who have either limited or no access to formal banking channels. We provide financial services to the economically weaker sections of society with an aim to bring microfinance services to the doorstep of the rural and semi-urban BoP (Bottom of Pyramid) families in India. Loans are offered under various categories such as income generation, education, sanitation etc. We follow the Grameen Model (also regarded as joint liability group).

Construction and Real Estate finance: includes loans to developers for construction and development of predominantly affordable residential projects and a small proportion of mixed-use projects. In line with our broader retail strategy, the construction finance vertical is an enabler for providing retail loans under the approved project route, wherein the Company has tie-ups with developers for funding the property buyers under the retail home loan category.

Capital Market Finance: includes Loans against Securities, Margin Funding, IPO financing and other structured lending transactions.

As at June 30, 2022, March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020, our consolidated assets under management were ₹527,614.15 million, ₹ 512,097.87 million, ₹ 446,880.31 million and ₹ 379,511.30 million, respectively.

Our product wise split of assets under management on a consolidated basis is as under:

(₹ in million)

Products	AUM (Consolidated basis)			
Froducts	June 30, 2022	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Mortgage Loans	186,181.73	177,270.40	144,392.42	124,430.62
Construction and Real Estate Finance	24,871.32	28,991.75	42,349.09	47,269.76
Gold Loan	171,301.56	162,280.15	131,491.32	91,250.87
Capital Markets Financing	6,065.03	6,418.52	6,629.53	4,508.55
SME Loans & Others	76,433.87	75,590.62	74,642.29	78,267.38
Microfinance	62,760.64	61,546.43	47,375.65	33,784.12
Total AUM	527,614.15	512,097.87	446,880.31	379,511.30

The following table sets forth certain key performance metrics on a consolidated basis, as of and for the periods indicated:

(₹ in million)

Particulars	June 30, 2022	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
AUM	527,614.15	512,097.87	446,880.31	379,511.30
Total Comprehensive Income/Profit	3,316.15	11,971.12	7,358.03	4,951.77
After Tax (post minority/non-				
controlling interest)				
Pre-provision operating profit (PPOP)	6,740.00	23,463.68	20,018.12	12,533.49
PPOP/ Average AUM	5.1%	5.2%	4.9%	3.6%
Operating Expenses/ Average AUM	3.9%	3.5%	2.9%	3.6%
NIM (on average loans) (%)	10.35%	9.29%	9.15%	8.60%
NIM on On-book Assets	7.8%	7.0%	6.9%	6.4%
Cost/income ratio (%)	43.08%	39.64%	35.39%	51.55%
ROA (%)	2.93%	2.74%	2.03%	1.49%
ROE (%)	20.46%	20.60%	15.34%	11.25%
GNPA (%)	2.58%	3.15%	2.14%	2.31%
NNPA (%)	1.48%	1.83%	0.97%	0.97%
PCR (%) {including Stage 1, Stage 2	137.26%	122.82%	185.76%	130.55%
and SICR provision/ standard asset				
provision}				
No. of employees*	30,734	28,369	19,825	18,569
No. of branches*	3,595	3,296	2,563	2,377

^{*}Figures are not in million.

Our revenue from operations on a consolidated basis grew at a CAGR of 10.68% and on a standalone basis grew at a CAGR of 10.89% over the last three Fiscals.

During the three years ended June 30, 2022 and Fiscal 2022, our Company's total income, on a consolidated basis, amounted to ₹19,751.86 million and ₹70,062.79 million as compared to ₹59,896.89 million for the Fiscal 2021 and ₹49,261.25 million for the Fiscal 2020. Our profit before tax on a consolidated basis for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and for the Fiscal 2022 stood at ₹4,339.09 million and ₹15,359.84 million.

During the three months ended June 30, 2022 and Fiscal 2022, our Company's total income, on a standalone basis, amounted to ₹9,690.11 million and ₹ 40,892.54 million as compared to ₹ 34,362.04 million for the Fiscal 2021 and ₹ 26,712.00 million for the Fiscal 2020. Our profit before tax on a standalone basis for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and Fiscal 2022 stood at ₹2,103.51 million and ₹ 9,673.75 million.

Key Operational and Financial Parameters

The following table sets forth the Key Operational and Financial Parameters on a consolidated basis:

(₹ in million, unless stated otherwise)

(₹ in million, unless stated other					
Parameters	Fiscal 2022	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2020		
Balance Sheet					
Net Fixed assets	4,858.08	4,105.97	3,950.21		
Current assets	230,581.67	208,009.65	174,057.91		
Non-current assets	223,662.00	194,553.53	165,726.02		
Total assets	459,101.75	406,669.15	343,734.14		
Non-Current Liabilities (including maturities of	268,088.65	205,172.41	192,039.63		
long-term borrowings and short term borrowings)					
Financial (borrowings, trade payables, and other	267,951.82	205,051.50	191,713.43		
financial liabilities)					
Provisions	136.83	120.91	326.20		
Current Liabilities (including maturities of long-term	126,315.85	147,562.50	104,038.38		
borrowings)					
Financial (borrowings, trade payables, and other	125,309.52	146,678.05	103,423.95		
financial liabilities)					
Provisions	504.24	374.84	357.86		
Current tax liabilities (net)	502.09	509.61	256.57		
Equity (including other equity)	64,697.25	53,934.24	47,656.13		
Total equity and liabilities	459,101.75	406,669.15	343,734.14		
Profit and Loss					
Total revenue	70,062.79	59,896.89	49,261.25		
From operations	68,363.65	58,397.75	48,443.20		
Other income	1,699.14	1,499.14	818.05		
Total Expenses	54,702.95	49,849.05	42,009.41		
Profit / (Loss) before tax	15,359.84	10,047.84	7,251.84		
Profit / (Loss) after tax	11,882.50	7,608.10	5,034.73		
Other comprehensive income	92.14	(243.17)	(66.60)		
Total comprehensive income	11,974.64	7,364.93	4,968.13		
EPS					
(a) Basic	31.33	20.09	13.27		
(b) Diluted	31.14	20.04	13.24		
Cash Flow					
Net cash generated from operating activities	17,837.27	(35,868.48)	11,071.89		
Net cash used in / generated from investing activities	(9,957.95)	2,358.43	(9,256.55)		
Net cash used in financing activities	27,808.06	44,283.06	1,086.60		
Add: Opening cash and cash equivalents as at the	26,429.02	15,656.01	12,754.06		
beginning of the year		_	_		
Cash and cash equivalents	62,116.40	26,429.02	15,656.01		

(₹ in million, unless stated otherwise)

Parameters	Fiscal 2022	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2020
Additional Information	·		
Net worth	62,797.55	52,657.46	46,676.59
Cash and Cash Equivalents	62,116.40	26,429.02	15,656.01
Assets under Management	512,097.92	446,880.31	379,511.30
Off Balance Sheets Assets	171,432.12	110,760.52	97,171.21
Total Debts to Total assets	0.78	0.79	0.81
Debt Service Coverage Ratios	0.12	0.11	0.11
Interest Income	61,948.69	54,212.05	46,188.85
Interest Expense	29,910.05	26,258.27	24,050.18
Interest service coverage ratio	1.51	1.38	1.30
Provisioning & Write-Offs	8,874.76	11,686.32	4,662.04
Gross NPA (%)	3.15%	2.14%	2.31%
Net NPA (%)	1.83%	0.97%	0.97%
Tier I Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)*	16.02%	17.51%	12.71%
Tier II Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)*	7.83%	7.89%	3.88%

^{*} On Standalone basis

Notes:

1. Networth means share capital plus reserves less miscellaneous expenditure to the extent not written off.

The following table sets forth the Key Operational and Financial Parameters (Profit and Loss) on a consolidated basis:

(₹ in million, unless stated otherwise)

Profit and Loss	As on June 30, 2022 (on consolidated basis)
Total revenue	19,751.86
From operations	19,286.42
Other income	465.44
Total Expenses	15,412.78
Profit / (Loss) before tax	4,339.09
Profit / (Loss) after tax	3,297.18
Other comprehensive income	19.28
Total comprehensive income	3,316.46
<u>EPS</u>	
(a) Basic (Quarter ended numbers are not annualised)	8.68
(b) Diluted (Quarter ended numbers are not annualised)	8.63

The following table sets forth the Key Operational and Financial Parameters on a standalone basis:

(₹ in million, unless stated otherwise)

Parameters	Fiscal 2022	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2020
Balance Sheet		110001 2021	1100012020
Net Fixed assets	4,396.38	3,824.13	3,529.90
Current assets	136,717.52	148,015.09	106,940.71
Non-current assets	90,248.74	70,268.03	83,032.16
Total assets	231,362.64	222,107.25	193,502.76
Non-Current Liabilities (including maturities of long-term borrowings	128,529.09	99,205.00	89,580.26
and short term borrowings)			
Financial (borrowings, trade payables, and other financial liabilities)	128,458.08	99,142.57	89,300.38
Provisions	71.01	62.43	279.88
Current Liabilities (including maturities of long-term borrowings)	58,564.53	84,694.93	67,844.42
Financial (borrowings, trade payables, and other financial liabilities)	58,037.29	84,256.29	67,491.07
Provisions	342.83	253.20	172.93
Current tax liabilities (net)	184.41	185.44	180.42
Equity (including other equity)	44,269.02	38,207.32	36,078.08
Total equity and liabilities	231,362.64	222,107.25	193,502.76

(₹ in million, unless stated otherwise)

Donomotous	Fiscal 2022	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2020
Parameters	FISCAI 2022	FISCAI 2021	FISCAI 2020
Profit and Loss	40.902.52	24.262.05	26.712.00
Total revenue	40,892.53	34,362.05	26,712.00
From operations	40,623.09	33,972.68	26,496.21
Other income	269.44	389.37	215.79
Total Expenses	31,218.78	30,617.60	24,391.71
Exceptional Item	-	530.50	46.06
Profit / (Loss) before tax	9,673.75	4,274.95	2,366.35
Profit / (Loss) after tax	7,454.84	3,425.77	1,488.03
Other comprehensive income	(98.55)	(211.07)	(24.86)
Total comprehensive income	7,356.29	3,214.70	1,463.17
<u>EPS</u>			
(a) Basic	19.66	9.05	3.94
(b) Diluted	19.54	9.03	3.93
Cash Flow			
Net cash generated from operating activities	35,562.55	(7,947.96)	1,151.07
Net cash used in / generated from investing activities	(9,271.42)	4,586.51	(7,286.75)
Net cash used in financing activities	(3,240.48)	17,817.46	8,051.09
Add: Opening cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year	20,518.72	6,062.71	4,147.30
Cash and cash equivalents	43,569.37	20,518.72	6,062.71
Additional information			
Net worth	43,373.97	37,286.30	35,413.87
Cash and Cash Equivalents	43,569.37	20,518.72	6,062.71
Assets under Management	211,085.72	191,987.71	160,565.60
Off Balance Sheets Assets	84,835.11	45,585.22	29,371.14
Total Debts to Total assets	0.70	0.73	0.74
Debt Service Coverage Ratios	0.15	0.12	0.10
Interest Income	35,638.11	30,703.91	25,143.71
Interest Expense	16,156.07	15,549.75	12,483.57
Interest service coverage ratio	1.60	1.24	1.19
Provisioning & Write-Offs	4,995.49	7,667.13	2,864.47
Gross NPA (%)	2.90%	2.40%	3.15%
Net NPA (%)	1.63%	0.98%	0.88%
Tier I Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	16.02%	17.51%	12.71%
Tier II Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	7.83%	7.89%	3.88%
Notes:	1.03/0	1.07/0	3.00/0

Notes:

The following table sets forth the Key Operational and Financial Parameters (Profit and Loss) on a standalone basis:

(₹ in million, unless stated otherwise)

Profit and Loss	As on June 30, 2022 (on standalone basis)
Total revenue	9,690.11
From operations	9,634.50
Other income	55.61
Total Expenses	7,586.60
Profit / (Loss) before tax	2,103.51
Profit / (Loss) after tax	1,568.62
Other comprehensive income	(59.15)
Total comprehensive income	1,509.47
EPS	
(a) Basic (Quarter ended numbers are not annualised)	4.13
(b) Diluted (Quarter ended numbers are not annualised)	4.11

We have maintained our asset quality over the years, which is reflected in our levels of NPAs (gross and net). The NPAs

^{1.} Networth means share capital plus reserves less miscellaneous expenditure to the extent not written off.

as a percentage of our consolidated Loan Book is as set out below:

Financial Year	Gross NPA as a % of the loan book	Net NPA as a % of the Loan Book (net of provisioning)
March 31, 2020	2.31%	0.97%
March 31, 2021	2.14%	0.97%
March 31, 2022	3.15%	1.83%
June 30, 2022	2.58%	1.48%

Segment wise GNPA on a consolidated basis:

Particulars	June 30, 2022	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Home Loan	2.41%	2.6%	1.5%	1.4%
Gold Loans	0.88%	0.9%	0.6%	0.3%
Business Loan	5.27%	6.0%	6.5%	4.9%
Microfinance	3.66%	3.9%	1.8%	1.3%
Construction & Real Estate	0.20%	4.2%	1.1%	3.8%
Capital Market Finance	0.00%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

The following table sets forth details of our non-performing assets and provisions as at June 30, 2022, March 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 on a consolidated basis.

(₹ in million, unless stated otherwise)

			,	ss statea otnerwise)
Particulars Particulars	June 30, 2022	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,
		2022	2021	2020
Loan Book	3,43,430.69	340,665.81	336,119.79	282,340.09
GNPA	8,850.57	10,742.93	7,191.95	6,525.89
GNPA as % of Loan Book	2.58%	3.15%	2.14%	2.31%
Provision against NPA	3,752.47	4,521.47	3,920.30	3,799.02
NNPA	5,098.10	6,221.46	3,271.65	2,726.87
NNPA as % of Loan Book	1.48%	1.83%	0.97%	0.97%
Provision towards Standard assets	8,395.81	8,672.49	9,439.61	4,720.25
PCR % - Specific provision	42.40%	42.09%	54.51%	58.21%
PCR % - Overall provision	137.26%	122.82%	185.76%	130.55%

The following table sets forth details of our non-performing assets and provisions as at June 30, 2022, March 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 on a standalone basis.

(₹ in million, unless stated otherwise)

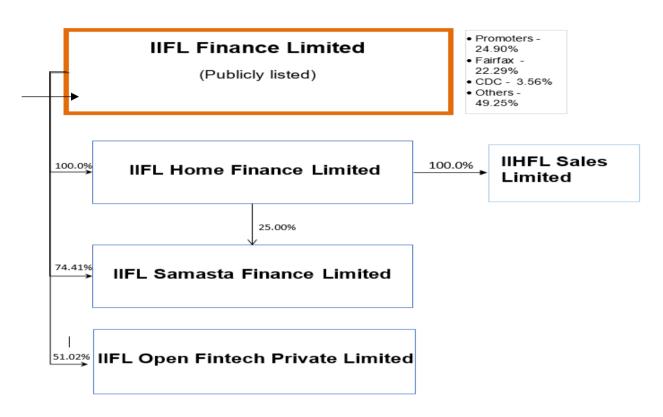
				is statea otherwise)
Particulars	June 30, 2022	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,
		2022	2021	2020
Loan Book	1,27,191.54	126,250.65	1,46,402.49	1,31,194.45
GNPA	2,025.00	3,664.47	3,519.55	4,130.47
GNPA as % of Loan Book	1.59%	2.90%	2.40%	3.15%
Provision against NPA	900.67	1,601.49	2,087.08	2,973.14
NNPA	1,124.33	2,062.98	1,432.47	1,157.33
NNPA as % of Loan Book	0.88%	1.63%	0.98%	0.88%
Provision towards Standard assets	3,355.11	4,044.15	5,679.00	3,109.76
PCR % - Specific provision	44.48%	43.70%	59.30%	71.98%
PCR % - Overall provision	210.16%	154.06%	220.66%	147.27%

We are subject to capital adequacy ratio ("CAR") requirements prescribed by RBI. We are currently required to maintain a minimum of 15% as prescribed under the Prudential Norms of RBI based on our total capital to risk weighted assets. As part of our governance policy, we ordinarily maintain capital adequacy higher than statutorily prescribed CAR. As of June 30, 2022, our capital adequacy ratio computed on the basis of applicable RBI requirement was 22.82% as compared to a minimum of capital adequacy requirement of 15% stipulated by RBI.

Set forth below is our capital adequacy ratio for quarter ended June 30, 2022 and the last three Fiscals on a standalone basis:

Particulars	June 30, 2022	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Capital Adequacy Ratio	22.82%	23.85%	25.40%	16.59%
Tier I Capital	15.26%	16.02%	17.51%	12.71%
Tier II Capital	7.56%	7.83%	7.89%	3.88%

Corporate Structure



¹ Based on equity shareholding as on June 30, 2022.

Our Strengths

We believe that the following are our key strengths:

Diversified product portfolio catering to a wide customer base

Our Company aims at promoting inclusive growth and with a wide variety of loan products including home loans, loans against property, gold loans, loans against securities, small and medium enterprise financing and micro finance, caters to all types of customers in the country – salaried, self-employed, informal sector, HNIs and corporates. We have a widespread network of branches spanning the length and breadth of the country which facilitates servicing a broad customer base while reducing dependency on a single or small number of regions. Our branch network also helps us adopt best practices developed in a region across all our branches. We provide multiple products from our branches thereby providing better accessibility to clients, reducing operating costs and improving total sales.

Strong asset quality with consistent low level of NPAs

The quality of our loan portfolio is reflected in the consistent low level of NPAs. We believe that our robust credit

approval mechanisms, credit control processes, audit and risk management processes and policies help us maintain the quality of our loan portfolio. We have in place product specific lending policies, credit approval committees and regular monitoring of exposures. We routinely monitor credit risk, risk concentration and compliance with board approved policies. Credit monitoring for retail products is undertaken at portfolio level wherein risk assessment is undertaken on various parameters like demographics, sector, geography, etc. As part of the credit assessment, we analyze past financial information, applicant's business performance/earnings history to assess their ability to repay loans. In addition to document verification and credit bureau reports, we conduct site verifications, interviews, as well as market and banking reference checks on the applicant, co-applicant and guarantor, as applicable. For institutional borrowers, additional assessment is undertaken on parameters of viability of business, credit history, and reputation and experience of the relevant promoters/founders/management of the organization. Additionally, as on June 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, 84.53% and 84.30% of our consolidated Loan Book is secured with adequate collaterals which helps mitigate risks further.

As on June 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022, on a consolidated basis, our Net NPA constituted 1.48% and 1.83%, respectively of our loan book, as compared to 0.97% of our loan book as on March 31, 2021. As on June 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022 on a consolidated basis, our Gross NPA constituted 2.58% and 3.15%, respectively of our Loan Book, as compared to 2.14% of our Loan Book as on March 31, 2021. Total provisions coverage ratio (including Stage 1 and Stage 2 provisions (as defined hereinafter)) for June 30, 2022 and Fiscal 2022 on a consolidated basis is 137.26% and 122.82% respectively. Our specific provision coverage ratio is 42.40% and 42.09% of gross NPAs as on June 30, 2022 and March 31, 2022 respectively.

Diversified funding sources and strong credit profile

Our funding requirements are currently predominantly sourced through term loans from banks, issue of secured and subordinated redeemable non-convertible debentures on public and private placement basis, refinance from all India financial institutions, securitization and direct assignment of our retail portfolio of loans with sufficient availability of working capital facilities from banks. We have access to funds from multiple classes of credit providers, including public sector banks, private commercial banks, other financial institutions, pension and provident funds, mutual funds, foreign institutional investors and domestic retail investors. Through our stable, long term relationships with our lenders, we have been able to borrow from a range of sources at competitive rates and have maintained adequate liquidity to meet our borrowing obligations and fund our growth, keeping a margin of safety.

In relation to our long-term debt instruments, we currently have long term ratings of AA (stable) from CRISIL, ICRA and CARE, and AA+ (negative) from Brickworks.

Further, in relation to our short-term debt instruments, we currently have short term rating of A1+ from CRISIL and ICRA.

Set forth below is our average cost of borrowing for quarter ended June 30, 2022 and the last three fiscal years on a consolidated basis:

Year	June 30, 2022	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Average cost of borrowing	8.46%	8.52%	9.00%	9.28%

Well-defined processes with a strong focus on technology

We believe our well-defined business processes ensure efficient achievement of organisational tasks and in turn effective service to our customers. Our robust credit approval and credit control processes, centralized operations unit, independent audit unit for checking compliance with the prescribed policies, and risk management processes and policies provide for multiple checks and verifications for both legal and technical parameters. Our loan approval and administration procedures, collection and enforcement procedures are designed to minimize delinquencies and maximize recoveries.

Further, we have a strong focus on digitization across all organisational functions and believe technology is a business enabler for our Company. Our technology driven processes aid in product innovation, reduced turnaround times, cost optimization and superior customer experience thereby creating balanced scalable growth models. We are incrementally leveraging technology to streamline processes across the loan lifecycle including sourcing and on-boarding, underwriting, administration, monitoring and collection in order to further improve turnaround times, enhance the quality of service

provided to customers as well as achieve a higher degree of productivity within the organization. We believe technology driven processes will facilitate us to respond to market opportunities and challenges swiftly, help monitor process and performance, and improve our risk management capabilities.

We believe that our end-to-end digitized processes, robust loan management system and strong analytics abilities offer us a significant competitive advantage. Our systems have the capability of end to end customer data capture, computation of income, margin monitoring, collateral data capture, and repayment management. Our loan approval is controlled by the loan application system. Our systems are customised for our services and help us reduce turnaround time and enhance our processes and operational excellence. Our systems fully integrate businesses in every aspect bringing together various departments in simple transitions and customer information updates. Continuous enhancement of our technology capabilities allows us better informed decision making and faster execution along with strong internal control mechanisms.

We have completely digitized our business loans journey, right from customer on-boarding to underwriting, disbursements and collections. We are collaborating with the fintech ecosystem to further enhance our platform and customer experience. With these strong partnerships, we intend to co-create solutions for enhanced experience in SME lending. We have launched 'My Money' app for paperless instant unsecured business loans. We have also launched instant loan disbursal via WhatsApp. We have enabled digital top-up to retain quality customers in home loan and secured MSME loan, wherein the entire journey is paperless – communication for accepting sanction letter and e-agreement is sent to eligible customers sent *via* SMS. The disbursement is automatic with no manual intervention.

Strong physical and digital footprint

A strong physical as well as digital footprint is very important in our business, as it increases reach and access to customers. Physical presence is required in the gold and micro finance business whereas a digital identity provides wider access in the home, personal and MSME loan categories. We have steadily expanded our branches over time and have 3,595 branches as of June 30, 2022. Our widespread branch network enhances the brand equity and enriches customer experience. Our branch network is well spread across Tier I/II and Tier III cities across the country, effectively providing credit to the underserved segments of customers in these areas. Our microfinance branches are well entrenched in rural and semi-urban areas as well, effectively serving the relevant customer segment. In line with our strategy to achieve greater digitization in the organisation and considering the ever increasing penetration of internet and mobile services in the country, we also have in place advanced technology led systems for loan applications through our website and portable tablet based applications. This caters to the growing section of population which prefers or is incrementally relying on digital channels to access services. Our cross-country branch presence coupled with well-developed digital infrastructure gives us a widespread presence across channels and enables us to access and service a diverse customer base and their multiple credit requirements. The Company in its board meeting dated April 28, 2022 approved making an application to RBI for obtaining approval in connection with prepaid payment instruments and issuance of credit cards.

Well established brand along with a strong and experienced management team

'IIFL' is a well-established brand among retail, institutional and corporate clientele in India. We believe we have benefited extensively from the Promoters' experience in the financial services industry to develop deep understanding of the market and related opportunities, gauge customer expectations and design suitable products for our target customer base.

We derive synergies from our group companies owing to the common brand. Our Company is able to leverage on the relationships of the promoter and the group companies for competitive advantage. IIFL Securities has a vast broker network and relationships with mutual funds, insurance companies etc which can be leveraged for cross sell of our loan products, cross sell insurance to our customers, and for raising funds. IIFL Wealth is one of the leading wealth management firms in the country and their large HNI customer base can be tapped for our bond placements, investments in real estate projects etc. Our company's wide branch network in turn offers reach and brand recognition, we are able to provide capital market funding to IIFL Securities clients and our vast customer base is a strong opportunity for cross sell of investment products and advisory services. All our group company transactions are strictly done on arms-length basis.

We are led by a qualified and experienced Board of Directors and key managerial personnel. The Board comprises nine directors with significant experience in the banking and finance sector. The members of our executive management team also have significant experience in the products and services offered by us. We believe that our senior management and experienced executives are and would continue to be the principal drivers of our growth and success in all of our

businesses; and that their extensive relevant experience and financial acumen will continue to provide us with a distinct competitive advantage. Our management organization structure is designed to support each product line with a dedicated team of executives with substantial experience in their particular business segment.

Our Strategies

Our key strategy is to steadily grow high quality, diversified retail assets focusing on under-banked segments, with effective risk management and cost optimization through well-defined processes and leveraging technology. Key elements of our strategy are:

Address growing financial needs in under-served markets

With a significant portion of population still being outside the reach of the formal credit system, our Company believes in contributing to bridging the credit gap in the country. We aim to efficiently and effectively provide credit to the underserved segment of customers and our diversified offerings have been built on a sound understanding of customer needs. With our widespread branch network, retail focus and a product suite catering to all classes of customers, we aim to contribute to financial inclusion in the country.

Build capacity and grow customer base through retail focus and geographic expansion

We are focused on high growth, dispersed risk- retail lending. We have innovatively designed our product and distribution strategies to fulfil our clients' credit requirements. Our product portfolio caters to all segments of customers — salaried, self-employed, informal sector, HNIs and corporates. We seek to further increase our presence in retail segments including home loans, gold loans, MSME and micro financing with an aim to capitalize on the opportunity arising from underserved customer segments as well as provide scale and diversify the risk across industries and collaterals.

We intend to utilize our extensive branch network to access a larger customer base and plan to expand our network as relevant with the aim of achieving deeper penetration in existing products and regions as well as tap new, lucrative markets. While assessing a potential branch site, we analyse the local market and proximity to target customers with the objective of providing ease of access to customers as well as enhancing brand visibility for the Company. Our diversification and expansion strategy aims to adapt to a constantly changing digital milieu, and thereby seize growth opportunities whilst remaining cognizant to associated risks to our value chain.

Achieve superior performance with further strengthening our operating processes and risk management system

We are focused on building a process driven organization with a culture of compliance, audit and risk management. Operations excellence and risk management forms an integral part of our business. Our processes have been standardized with the objective of providing high levels of service quality and we have implemented high levels of digitization in our operational processes which contribute to faster turnaround times with lesser incidence and occurrence of errors.

Our risk management procedures are integrated seamlessly across our business operations and ensure constant measurement and monitoring of various risks we are subject to. The risk management model involves initial management control at business entity level, risk control and compliance oversight functions and overall independent audit and assurance functions. We intend to continue to improve our operating processes and risk management systems that will further enhance our ability to manage the risks inherent to our business.

Continue to invest in digitization and technology which will reduce cost and improve efficiency

As retail lending needs a high degree of operational excellence and automation to reduce turnaround time, we have our own proprietary system for loan processing and booking. Our loan application system has been built in-house by leveraging the expertise of the business and technology teams. We regularly update our systems and continue to streamline our credit approval, administration and monitoring processes to meet customer requirements and maintain our risk profile. We continue to focus on developing and strengthening our technological capabilities to support our growth and improve the quality of our services.

Ensure effective asset-liability management, diversify borrowing sources and strengthen our credit profile

The Company has in place Risk Management Committee and Asset Liability Management Committee ("ALCO"),

consisting of Directors and senior officials. They regularly meet and review the policies, systems, controls, and positions of the financing business. Since our Company is a non-deposit taking NBFC and has a varied product mix of lending portfolio resulting into maturities of loans in different time buckets, efforts are made to match the maturity of liabilities with those of the assets and minimize the asset liability mismatch. We monitor liquidity risk through our ALCO Committee with the help of fortnightly and monthly liquidity and Asset Liability mismatch reviews. This involves the categorisation of all assets and liabilities in different maturity buckets and evaluating them for any mismatches in any particular maturity bucket, especially in the short-term. The ALM Policy has capped the maximum mismatches in the various maturities in line with RBI guidelines.

We secure funding from a variety of sources to meet our capital requirements. We believe that we have been able to access cost-effective debt financing and reduced our average cost of borrowings over the years due to several factors, including our financial performance and improving credit ratings. We will continue to focus on developing a diversified funding model to achieve an optimum cost of funds while balancing liquidity and concentration risks. We believe we will continue to improve our credit ratings and thereby access a greater pool of diversified funding sources.

Details of transactions undertaken by our Company in the last three financial years

(₹ in million)

Sr. No.	Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
1.	No. of Accounts /Pool	299,960	572,218	416,055
2.	Total book value of loan assets	16,820.00	31,650.00	34,088.37
3.	Sale Consideration Received	16,820.00	31,650.00	34,088.37

Details of Assignment transactions undertaken by our Company in the last three financial years

(₹ in million)

Sr. No.	Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
1.	No. of Accounts /Pool	1,187,478	1,083,460	1,159,950
2.	Total book value of loan assets	87,066.31	60,807.91	62,132.09
3.	Sale Consideration Received	87,066.31	60,807.91	62,132.09

Capital Optimized Value Innovation Driven (COVID) strategy

We are slowly transforming to a new business strategy- from a lending institution to a lending platform, which is Capital Optimized Value Innovation Driven (COVID) strategy. Banks have a strong capital base and risk appetite whereas we have access to customers and advanced niche underwriting skills. Working together will turn into a win-win approach wherein banks profitably expand their retail and priority loan assets and we are able to leverage our capital resources more effectively. We have entered into Co-lending agreements with banks for Gold loan, Home loan and secured MSME loan. We have already commenced disbursements under these tie-ups and are gaining good traction.

Several fintech players have also partnered with us to get access to lending platform for their innovative strategies to source and underwrite. Our Company has formed a joint venture with SME-focused neo-banking platform Open Financial Technologies to establish a neobank that would cater to micro and small businesses' banking and credit needs.

JV Proposition - Micro & Small Enterprises

Mobile First Business Banking Tool For Micro And Small Enterprises



We are uniquely placed due to our vast branch network to source, service & collect, strong online presence and proprietary technology and large base of existing customers coupled with a culture of innovation.

Our Products and Services

We operate in the following lines of business: (i) home loan; (ii) business loans including loans against property and medium and small enterprise financing (iii) gold loan; (iv) micro finance; (v) construction and real estate finance and (vi) capital market finance

Details of each product, originations, operations, underwriting policies and risk management are given below

Home Loans

Home loans include finance for purchase of flats, construction of houses, extension and for improvement in the flats/homes and for acquiring plots of land (which are intended to be used for construction of houses). Pricing of retail home loans is driven by the risk profile of the borrower, the product and market demand for the product. Loan applications are sourced through direct sourcing and other alternate channels. These loans are mortgage backed secured loans. Home loans are secured by equitable mortgage or a registered mortgage of the residential property, land, under construction residential/commercial properties and fully constructed properties, as applicable. As on June 30, 2022, our home loans accounted for 35.29% of the consolidated AUM with an average ticket size of ₹ 1.64 million, portfolio yield of 10.39% and tenor ranging upto 20 years. Collection efficiency for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 stands at 98.45%.

Business origination

For our home loan business, we rely on multiple sourcing channels including our direct sales teams (DSTs), direct selling agents (DSAs), our website, walk-ins at our branches as well as cross-sell options. We have a stringent selection criterion for the recruitment of DSTs and a dedicated policy defining the norms to be complied with for empanelling a DSA.

Our target customers include salaried and self-employed individuals with low to middle range income levels. Self-employed individuals include both professionals and small business owners and salaried individuals hail from a broad spectrum of companies/firms across industries. We cater to the broad segment with a range of loans with suitable ticket-sizes.

Our loan on-boarding is majorly being done via portable mobile/tablet based applications which is provided to our sales teams/ DSTs. Our application is also embedded with basic credit appraisal checks for assessing proposals (up to predefined limits) using analytical scorecards (as per our internal policy) and applications are processed through the same. For proposals within acceptable scorecard criteria, an instant, in-principal approval is granted thereby reducing the turnaround time. For cases where additional details are necessary to be assessed, the DSA/ DSTs collect all requisite documents as per policy norms and submit to credit appraisal teams for assessment.

Credit policy and controls

For all our products, the credit policy is approved by the Board of Directors. The policy ensures multiple checks are conducted through the process. The appraisal model requires an independent credit appraisal process, which ensures superior quality of loans owing to multiple check points and standard processes.

We conduct digital underwriting for salaried and small ticket self-employed borrowers, which involves utilizing logical and rule- managers, in-built in the tablet application, to provide instant decision on eligibility of the prospective borrower. Loan proposals are evaluated on the various prescribed parameters defined in our credit policy such as past repayment history, income source, KYC and property acceptance norms.

Upon sourcing of a customer and obtaining their loan application, the loan officer submits all the requisite documents to the credit team for assessment. Our credit team consists of highly qualified professionals, experienced in various appraisal and due diligence processes. The credit underwriting is done as specified in the credit control policies and procedures manual, which includes the following:

- checking the eligibility based on defined credit parameters. If these parameters are met, then the case is logged in for further processing;
- performing various checks on the documents provided by the borrower to assess genuineness. These checks are done through an independent Fraud Control Unit;
- conducting in-person meetings and/or video PD with borrowers by our loan officers at their business premises or residence;
- conducting credit and financial background check on each borrower; and
- conducting legal and technical evaluation of the offered security. We have empanelled professionally qualified legal vendors and valuation agencies to carry out security evaluation for us. These vendors are supervised by our professionally qualified, independent legal and technical teams.

Risk management

The company has a dedicated risk management team which works to achieve the below mentioned objectives:

- to identify the various types of risks involved in the business;
- to define the methodology to measure/ quantify the risks;
- to control and mitigate the variety of risks involved in business;
- to specify the risk tolerance of the Company;
- to ensure regulatory and statutory compliance on risk management and prudential norms;
- to improve the asset quality of the Company by using risk management tools; and
- to maximize the return on equity with an acceptable level of risk, for the purpose of protecting, preserving and increasing the net worth of the Company.

Business Loans

Business loans include loans against property and small and medium enterprise financing.

Loan against property (LAP) is availed for working capital requirements, business use, acquisition of new commercial property. These loans are mortgage backed secured loans. Pricing of the product is driven by risk profile of borrower and the type of property being funded along with current prevailing property market rates.

In the medium and small enterprise financing segment (MSME), we provide working capital finance to small business owners. We provide small ticket loans, thereby being able to meet the needs of small scale businesses including

standalone shops etc. This product helps facilitate customers having little or no access to banking channels, for loans, capital essential to keep their business running, and provides support to the plethora of micro and small-scale enterprises that are crucial to India's economy. We use a combination of direct sales force and direct selling agents for our sourcing. The pricing is driven by the risk profile of the borrower, the product and the market demand.

As of June 30, 2022, our business loans segment accounted for 14.49% of our AUM on a consolidated basis with an average ticket size of ₹ 0.95 million, portfolio yield of 16.75% and tenor ranging upto 12 years. 75.35% of the portfolio as on June 30, 2022 was collateralized. Collection efficiency for quarter ended June 30, 2022 stands at 90.91%.

Business origination

Business loan facilities are extended to entities with profitable business operations for certain pre-defined period as a mandatory criterion.

We source these loans through multiple channels like direct sales teams (DST), direct sales agents (DSA), website, walkins at our branches, and cross sell. Incrementally, most of our low-ticket loan originations are being done using our proprietary portable tablet-based application. Upon lead identification, our sales executives equipped with tablets visit and obtain requisite information including identity and address proof, business financials, bank statements and income tax returns. The application is entrenched with basic credit appraisal checks using analytical tools which analyses the basic data obtained from customer. Upon preliminary assessment of basic parameters, an instant in-principle approval for the loan application is granted. For cases where additional details are necessary to be assessed, the DSA/DSTs collect all requisite documents as per policy norms and submit to credit appraisal teams for assessment. Our on-field presence provides greater convenience to our customers and increases access to customers for the Company without incurring additional operational costs.

Credit policy and controls

For all our products, the credit policy is approved by the Board of Directors, senior management members, risk and audit committees.

We undertake digital underwriting for small ticket loan borrowers where logical policy checks and underwriting rule engines are in- built in the tablet-based loan application as well as in the Loan Processing System. In most cases the digital underwriting process is sufficient to assess eligibility of a prospective borrower and provide instant credit decision. For appraisal of applications of big-ticket customers, multiple document checks, financial and credit history and risk control checks are carried out and assessment is conducted/considered by various credit committees and at the board level, depending on the value of the transaction. Senior members of the credit teams are empowered at the local level to take credit decisions. Credit team members are authorized to underwrite and approve the cases depending on the value of the transaction and assigned approval authority.

In accordance with our credit policy, once a customer has been identified and has completed an application, the loan proposal is evaluated on the prescribed parameters such as past repayment history, income source, KYC and business profile. Credit underwriting is done as specified in the credit control policies and procedures manual.

The credit appraisal process is summarized as follows:

- Bureau Credit score is the gatekeeper for accepting a loan application. If score parameters defined in policy are met, then the case is logged in for further processing.
- Various checks are performed on the documents provided by the borrower to assess genuineness. These checks are done through an independent fraud control unit.
- Depending on the loan size, our loan officers either connect digitally or meet the borrowers at their business premises and carry out a personal discussion.
- A credit and financial background check on each borrower is mandatorily conducted.
- For collateralized loans, we conduct legal and technical evaluation of the offered security. We have empanelled professionally qualified legal vendors and valuation agencies to carry out security evaluation for us. These vendors are supervised by our professionally qualified, independent legal and technical teams.

In addition to the aforesaid, we have empanelled experienced and qualified vendors and agencies to carry out customer profile evaluation for us. These vendors are supervised by our independent credit and fraud control team.

Risk management

Our robust risk management procedures include monthly portfolio quality reports 'analysis and portfolio performance review TTD (Through-The-Door) population monitoring based these reports. We generate, analyse and review extensive MIS reports which are broken down by multiple segments (sourcing channels, salaried/self-employed etc.) in order to better understand each segment we are active in, logically analyse performance trends and mitigate potential/perceived risks in the portfolio by way of modification in credit policy or other measures as relevant.

Gold loans

We offer loan against gold to small businessmen, vendors, traders, farmers and salaried people for their personal needs as well as for working capital needs, at competitive rates and a fast turnaround time. We provide a range of schemes for our customers' diverse requirements along with multiple disbursal modes and repayment options for convenience of transacting.

As at June 30, 2022, gold loans accounted for 32.47% of the consolidated AUM with an average ticket size of ₹ 0.07 million portfolio yield of 17.20% and tenor upto 2 years. Collection efficiency for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 stands at 100.15%.

Business origination

We source clients directly at our branches which are conveniently spread across the country to grant ease of access to our diverse customer base, along with sourcing through our website, other online channels, customer referrals, DSA and partners. Our sales staff periodically conduct promotional activities and events around the catchment areas to drive visibility and generate leads. The campaigns create awareness on the various schemes on offer and contribute to brand recall. The fulfilment of all gold loan leads sourced are through branches or at customer doorstep.

Once a prospective customer walks into any of our gold branch, the customer care executive in the branch explains the various product schemes on offer and helps in identification of best scheme for the customer based on the current requirement. In case of doorstep service, loan manager explains the scheme on offer based on customer requirement. Upon selection of a suitable scheme by the customer, the customer care executive enters client details and uploads mandatory KYC documents into our in-house loan origination tablet application. This application is equipped to screen customers for earlier defaults, frauds and presence in negative customer list as circulated by concerned regulatory and government bodies from time to time.

Credit policy and controls

Post successful authentication of the mandatory documents, the customer proceeds for valuation where the physical gold is valued independently by an experienced team of valuers. Dual underwriting helps in enhancing controls further. We follow a strong verification process and our officers are certified and trained in asset quality practices. The pricing is driven by the risk profile of the borrower, the product and the market demand.

Our branch staff are trained to observe and/or handle fraudulent customers by observing their behaviour, verifying ownership of the gold and matching the jewellery with customer profile or location. For some of high ticket loans, a secondary evaluation may be required to be conducted by an independent internal auditor. After our branch staff have opened and verified the loan account, the loan is sanctioned/approved by the appropriate authorities. The disbursal is processed post completion of mandatory checks as per our credit policy.

Risk management

Ensuring the safety and security of the branch premises is vital to our business since our cash reserves and gold inventory are stored in each branch. The gold ornaments pledged with us are kept in a tamper proof packet with its details mentioned on the packet and then placed into a fire and burglary proof vault. The branch is also under centralised electronic surveillance at all times.

We follow mark-to-market process for valuation of the underlying collateral. In the event of drop in gold prices, collection is initiated from the customer to cover the margin. IIFL reserves the right to sell the collateral in the event of fall in prices below prescribed threshold.

Majority of our loans go through an audit process at a transaction level where, apart from a valuation done by independent valuers at the time of loan disbursement, an experienced and trained audit executive re-appraises the pledged jewels to ensure the purity of the gold is the same as mentioned. Basis risk based sampling criteria, gold loan cases are audited by our audit executives, customers' KYC and financing documents are also checked and scrutinised by offsite auditors and additionally, fraud triggers in place are well defined and identify early warning alarms of unusual behaviour and suspicious customers.

Micro finance

In the microfinance segment, we offer credit support to women who have either limited or no access to formal banking channels. We provide financial services to the economically weaker sections of society with an aim to bring microfinance services to the doorstep of the rural and semi-urban BoP (Bottom of Pyramid) families in India. Loans are offered under various categories such as income generation, education, emergency etc. We follow the Grameen Model (also regarded as "JLG" or Joint Liability Group). Through the model, loan is disbursed to each individual in the group, and the group guarantees for each other's loans.

As of June 30-, 2022, the segment accounted for 11.90% of our AUM on a consolidated basis with an average ticket size of ₹ 0.03 million, portfolio yield of 22.20% and tenor upto 2 years. Collection efficiency for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 stands at 94.21%.

Business origination

Before establishing any branch, a detailed area survey is conducted at field level which takes into account the credit culture, economic activity, political stability law and order situation, occurrence of natural events, demographic detail etc. Based on the area survey reports assessment, an approval will be signed off jointly by risk and business team centrally, thereby the Company is able to minimise the risk of operating in high risk areas.

A customer relationship officer is responsible for customer acquisition and maintenance while a branch manager and credit manager scrutinize and validate KYC documents. We have a dedicated credit manager at every branch, who carries out all the pre-disbursement checks in addition to that done by the branch manager, which helps in establishing the veracity of application documents. The loan application is processed only after the branch manager approves the customer upon physical verification of customer's address and documents provided.

Credit policy and controls

We require each member seeking a loan from us to submit an application in the centre meeting that is managed by our customer relationship officers. Once complete, a new loan application is only accepted at a group meeting if the majority of members in a group are present. Once we have accepted the loan application, we review the information provided by the member on items such as the purpose of the loan, the amount, and the relevant expertise of the member in the business, as well as the experience, if any. We also review the previous loan of customers with us as well as other lenders through the credit bureau reports.

A credit check is done mandatorily for all customers through an automated system integrated with the credit bureau. Apart from this, certain parameters are analysed to verify the customer's credit-worthiness and also to ensure they are not overburdened.

We approve new loans based on internal credit approval process and reports from credit bureau.

This approval process comprises of the following steps:

- credit bureau checks;
- consent from the centre/group members;
- customer understanding on company process and policy;

- · customer agreement for joint liability conditions; and
- approval of loan application by the branch manager and scrutinising of the customer documents by branch credit manager.

Most of the application and approval mechanism is controlled through the technology so that policy and regulatory aspects are adhered. In addition to this, we do have a maker checker concept at the branch to reduce the errors and to ensure proper control over the laid down process and policies.

Risk management

The initial focus of our loan portfolio management efforts is on our customer relationship officers, who are given primary responsibility for both the issuance of loans and the collection of repayments from our borrowers. They also regularly conduct checks or reviews of our borrowers and the end use of loans.

We regularly monitor defaults in the field and get in touch with the field teams to conduct prompt follow up. Central teams also report the observations to the management and seek guidance for further action to improve collections. In addition, we have an internal audit team, which reports on the exceptions in operational, system and other processes.

We have in place a dedicated risk management team to analyze and identify the risks associated with each line of business and suggest suitable policy and process changes to reduce the identified risks. The identified risks are reported & reviewed in the Product risk management committee on a regular basis and the risks associated with the enterprise as a whole are reported on a quarterly basis through Risk Management Committee to the Board for review.

Code of conduct and Fair Practices Policy as stipulated by the regulator has been adopted and the same is communicated to the field team so as to address any potential reputational risks. A dedicated vigilance team has been constituted which conducts regular screening of branch centers, and customers to identify frauds at an early stage and also to suggest suitable recommendations to prevent frauds.

Construction and Real Estate finance

Construction and Real Estate finance includes loans to developers for construction and development of predominantly affordable residential projects and a small proportion of mixed-use projects. In line with our broader retail strategy, the construction finance vertical is an enabler for providing retail loans under the approved project route, the Company has tie-ups with developers for funding the property buyers under the retail home loan category.

As at June 30, 2022, our construction and real estate finance accounted for 4.71% of the consolidated AUM with an average ticket size of $\stackrel{?}{_{\sim}}$ 270.25 million, portfolio yield of 15.09% and tenor upto 5 years or till completion of project sales or to a maximum of 6 months after the legal completion date, whichever is earlier. During the Fiscal 2022 a significant part of the CRE asset portfolio has been sold to an AIF.

Business origination

In the real estate financing business, we endeavour to enter into and maintain a relationship with the client, understanding their business requirement and structuring appropriate mix of construction finance option to the developer. In order to determine demand and supply in a market, we conduct surveys, either directly or through external vendors. We lend largely to residential projects and developers that are not subject to any concentration risks. We have also formulated a prudent lending criteria for borrowers in this segment.

Our sales teams meet with clients for deal origination and receive preliminary information. A name clearance memorandum is generated for the credit committee of the Board and post the committee's deliberation, the borrower may be considered for a loan. Our team then proceeds to collect requisite information and documentation from the prospective customer, prepares a proposal with case details for relevant authorities to review and logs the case into our loan management system for further processing.

Credit policy and controls

The loan application submitted by the sales team is checked for various parameters including the completeness of the

application form, relevant KYC documents, etc. A legal and technical assessment by reputed external vendors is initiated to verify the authenticity of the documents, the legal title to the collateral property and its market value. Our credit team also conducts in-person meeting with the prospective customer to gain understanding of their business, revenue streams, expenses and cash management. The credit team then prepares a credit appraisal note which is sent to our sanctioning authority for final approval.

We follow a strict underwriting and risk assessment mechanism for our real estate loan cases, which include the following:

- Borrower group and promoter profile check: wherein we check the developers' past and ongoing project details, financial and banking details, debt history and other outstanding loans etc.
- Project assessment/overview: wherein, in case of a developed/partially developed project, we check the location, total saleable area, number of units available for sale and the market conditions in the geographic region for assessing demand etc; and in case of a new/under construction project, we check the committed commencement and completion dates, percentage of work done, total cost incurred and projections for the planned duration of the project.
- Financial performance appraisal: which involves an in-depth assessment of the financial statements and health of the developer using ratio analysis, sensitivity analysis, credit worthiness assessments and total project cost and expected sales assessments.
- *Collateral/security evaluation by external agencies*: which involves assessment of the external valuation report along with various approvals received by the developer for the project, and the title search report.
- Cash flow and sensitivity analysis: wherein cash flows of the project are analysed on the rationale of sales, construction, approvals, contingencies and debt cost assumptions. A sensitivity check is performed to ascertain the project level debt service coverage ratio.
- Completion of requisite documentation: Prescribed financing documents and KYC documents are obtained and included in the loan application file.

Risk management

Our construction and real estate loan application proposals are screened by the senior management and a multi-level committee depending on the loan amount. We seek to mitigate the risk of default by including specific covenants in the financing documentation in addition to our general terms and conditions, on a case-to-case basis.

Our risk management system involves monitoring projects and assessing the facility on a regular basis. Strict project monitoring process post disbursement is followed which includes a quarterly site visit by the technical manager to evaluate technical progress of the project, monitoring of fund transfers, NOC issuances and sales, audit of escrow account, and annual asset quality review. Performance of the portfolio is also regularly reviewed at senior management level and suitable actions are taken either by change in credit policy or by other requisite actions.

Capital Market finance

Our capital market finance products are short term loans secured by pledge of listed equity shares, vested ESOPs, equity and debt mutual fund units, structured notes, bonds, debentures and collateral as approved by the credit policy ("**Approved Securities**"). In case of IPO financing, margins are dependent on over subscription of the issue.

As at June 30 2022, our capital market finance accounted for 1.15% of our AUM on a consolidated basis with an average ticket size of $\ref{12.92}$ million, portfolio yield of 12.21% and tenor upto 2 years. Capital market finance includes loan against shares, mutual fund units, debentures etc., margin funding, IPO financing and ESOP financing.

Business origination

In our loan against security product we offer an opportunity to borrowers generally HNIs, corporates, private trusts, HUFs, limited liability partnership firms etc. to monetise their investments (listed equity shares, mutual fund units, structured notes, bonds, debentures etc.) in order to raise capital for their personal, investments, or business financing

needs. The shares or securities are generally very liquid, from high quality companies, and highly valued securities. The amount depends on valuation of the shares, margin allowed by the company, and client's past credit history.

The origination/sourcing team is our group wealth and broking entities which directly meets with clients for deal origination and receives preliminary information

Credit policy and controls

A proper due diligence is conducted on the profile of the borrower and collateral offered for the loan, keeping in mind the concentration risk involved against the funding of the particular security at borrower level as well as entity level. The eligibility criteria for loan are very stringent with regards to borrower profile and nature of the security. The proposals are presented to the credit committee who decides on the final eligibility of a particular client before sanctioning the loan.

Upon sourcing a customer and obtaining a loan application along with the relevant documentation, the relationship officers fill in the case details on the online loan management portal or in hard copy format and hand over the documents and credit appraisal note to a credit officer. Thereafter, credit bureau checks and other relevant checks like watchout investor, google search, SEBI search etc. are conducted to identify any fraudulent activity at an early stage by our credit team. A credit bureau report is then generated where the credit score of the applicant is reviewed along with a track record of loan repayments, where relevant.

The loan application is checked by our internal audit team for various parameters including the completeness of the application form, relevant KYC documents, and income proofs, where applicable. Upon the receipt of security documents, which are to be used as collateral, the disbursement officer initiates a legal and technical assessment, to verify the authenticity of the collateral, the legal title to the collateral and its market value. A personal discussion is conducted by our credit managers over the telephone as well as through in-person meetings at the customer's house or place of business to understand their business, revenue streams, expenses etc., and based on income validations, determine their loan eligibility.

The credit risk team sends documents to the credit committee or sanctioning authority for final approval. We use a risk based pricing matrix to determine the interest rate to be charged for different loans. We seek to mitigate the risk of default by including specific covenants in the financing documentation in addition to our general terms and conditions, on a case-by-case basis.

We have implemented a robust process of credit assessment comprising:

- *Underwriting*: We have a credit team comprising credit managers and disbursement officers who conduct an independent verification of customers, evaluate their securities, and analyse their ability to repay loans;
- Legal assessments: We conduct legal assessments through our in-house team of lawyers and by engaging external vendors who help us perform functions such as the verification of documents and title to securities;
- Technical assessments: We conduct technical assessments through our in-house team of internal audit and by
 engaging external vendors who help us perform functions such as conducting valuation of collateral and the
 periodical review of overall portfolio; and
- Risk Control Unit: Our risk containment unit conducts credit bureau checks, security checks, scrutinizes documents, visits certain customers and seeks to identify fraud at early stages. They also conduct risk assessment of the portfolio on daily basis to maintain a healthy portfolio within the regulatory purview. Daily mark to mark valuation of securities is performed by the risk team so as to track portfolio quality and take necessary corrective action.

Risk management

A robust risk management process is conducted on a daily basis on the overall portfolio to maintain the portfolio quality.

The prices of the securities are updated daily on the basis of end of day price file received from the stock exchanges. On volatile days price files are uploaded on a real-time basis. The clients are then intimated of the margin shortfalls by business teams via phones/emails/letters. The collateral in the loan management system is reconciled with the securities

lying with the depositories on a daily basis through an automated process by the operations team. Margins on each of the loans are monitored on regular basis and further margin is called for as and when the need arises. This helps us to maintain comfortable margins and enables us to mitigate risks against potential defaults. Margin calls are sent to clients on a daily basis and in case of a shortfall when the client is unable to maintain the margin, the loan value is realised through the sale of the securities at the earliest. Our centralized risk management system helps us monitor our client's credit exposure on a real time basis, enabling us to make margin calls on a dynamic basis and take suitable action in volatile markets.

Operational controls

We have well defined policies and procedures that help maintain operational control across the lifecycle of the loan. The function is independent and centralized and among other tasks, majorly checks loan cases for adherence to policy parameters. For every loan proposal, disbursals are approved by the front-end operations after conducting proper non-discrepancy checks.

Collections and monitoring

We have developed a comprehensive collection mechanism leveraging both technology and on-field strength. Our collection mechanism strategy is centred on four important pillars comprising centralized tele-calling centres, on-field collection agents, NPA collection teams and legal recovery teams.

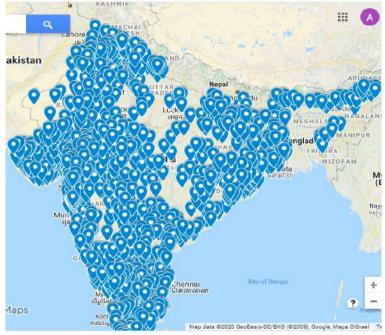
At the time of loan disbursement, customers are provided with various payment options like automated clearance house, cheque, ECS and digital mode (Quick Pay and Virtual Account). Prior to monthly EMI due-date, customers are reminded of their dues either in form of voice-blasts or SMS reminders. Customers are also sensitized about the implication of default on their credit history and bureau score.

For customers defaulting on payments, collection visits are carried out by our field agents to collect instalments in various methods. Our field agents have the responsibility for a specified number of borrowers, depending on the volume, past collection performance and business performance in the region. Additional measures are undertaken in order to balance customer accounts and effectively manage performance on periodic basis. We ensure that there is continuous monitoring of all customer accounts by collection agents, especially for strategic high-ticket cases and adopt various collection strategies (including legal and settlement) on a case-to-case basis.

Considering our business caters to diverse clientele, our company has a separate in-house collection mechanism for various products depending upon product characteristics, business origination type and legal recovery options. For a customer defaulting on payments, reasons for default are identified and prompt actions are initiated pursuant to well-defined internal collection policy. For secured loans with customers' default, our company may initiate the process for repossessing collateral. In spite of regular reminders with strong efforts of collection teams, if the customer continues to default over a period of time, and in cases where there is suspicion on customer's intent to service the loan, legal action is initiated. A dedicated team is in place for review of high delinquent geographic locations or resolution of certain strategic cases. Additionally, an experienced legal team having extensive experience in various legal recovery mechanisms has been established for supporting the collections teams. We have an independent risk department responsible for monitoring portfolio performance region, product and channel wise.

Branch Network

As on June 30, 2022, our Company had 3,595 branches across India. A distribution of our branches across the country is depicted below:



Note: Map for representational purposes only

Our Credit Ratings

Our current credit ratings for our Company are set forth below:

Credit Ratings for IIFL Finance Limited:

Credit Rating Agency	Instruments	Ratings
CRISIL	Long Term Bank Lines	CRISIL AA/Stable
	Long Term Principal Protected Market Linked Debentures	CRISIL PP-MLD AAr/Stable
	Subordinated Debt	CRISIL AA/Stable
	Non-Convertible Debentures	CRISIL AA/Stable
	Commercial Paper Programme (IPO Financing)	CRISIL A1+
ICRA	Long-term Bank Lines	[ICRA] AA (Stable)
	Secured NCD Programme	[ICRA] AA (Stable)
	Subordinated Debt Programme	[ICRA] AA (Stable))
	Unsecured NCD Programme	[ICRA] AA (Stable))
	Long-term Principal Protected Equity Linked Debenture Programme	PP-MLD[ICRA]AA (Stable)
	Long-term Principal Protected Market Linked Debenture Programme	PP-MLD[ICRA]AA ((Stable)
	Commercial Paper Programme	[ICRA]A1+
	Commercial Paper Programme (IPO Financing)	[ICRA]A1+
CARE	Long Term Bank Lines	CARE AA (Stable)
	Non-convertible Debenture	CARE AA (Stable)
	Subordinated Debt	CARE AA (Stable)
Brickworks	Secured NCDs	BWR AA+ 'Negative'
	Unsecured Subordinated NCDs	BWR AA+ 'Negative'
Moody's	Corporate family rating (CFR)	B2 / Stable Outlook
	Long-term foreign- and local-currency senior secured ratings to	B2 / Stable Outlook

Credit Rating	Instruments	Ratings
Agency		
	USD1 billion Medium Term Note (MTN) program.	
Fitch	Long-Term Issuer Default Rating (IDR)	B+ / Stable
	Senior secured notes issued under USD1 billion Medium Term Note	B+ / Stable
	(MTN) Programme	

Our Subsidiaries

Listed below are major subsidiaries of our Company, for more details about the subsidiaries of our Company, please see "History and Main Objects" on page 136.

i. IIFL Home Finance Limited

IIFL Home Finance Limited ("**IIHFL**") is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company registered with the National Housing Bank ("**NHB**"). The Company holds 100.00% of the paid up share capital of IIHFL. IIHFL holds Certificate of Registration (not valid for acceptance of public deposits) from the NHB dated September 14, 2018 to carry on the business of a housing finance institution.

IIHFL caters to a vast segment of retail and corporate customers through its loan offering – this includes both Home Loans and Loans against Property. IIHFL has a significant competitive advantage of the parent Company, which provides managerial, financial and operational support. IIHFL has access to the pan India branch and distribution network of the Company, and it leverages the same.

IIHFL uses its own proprietary loan software for loan originations and repayment management. The system offers greater control and flexibility over other available systems in the market since changes regarding the loan offering, policy parameters etc. can be implemented on real time basis.

(₹ in million)

AUM	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Home Loan	177,270.40	1,44,392.42	1,24,430.62
Loan against Property	53,461.35	53,811.47	48,821.48
Construction and Developer Finance	5,442.00	8,732.98	11,695.25
Total	236,173.75	206,936.87	184,947.35

Key financial numbers of IIHFL for last three financial years

(₹ in million)

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Total Income	22,214.41	20,677.50	18,030.21
Total Comprehensive Income	5,978.99	3,981.16	2,412.49

ii. IIFL Samasta Finance Limited (Formerly known as Samasta Microfinance Limited)

Samasta is a subsidiary of our Company and is registered with the Reserve Bank of India. As on March 31, 2022, the Company holds 74.41% of the paid up share capital of Samasta. Samasta holds Certificate of Registration (not valid for acceptance of public deposits) from the RBI dated May 17, 2011 to carry on the business of microfinance. Samasta began operations as an MFI in March 2008 with an aim to provide financial services to the financially weaker sections in the country.

(₹ in million)

AUM	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Microfinance loan	61,546.43	47,375.65	33,998.35
Loan against Property	3,291.97	580.07	-
Total	64,838.40	47,375.65	33,998.35

Key financial numbers of Samasta for last three financial years

(₹ in million)

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Total Income	10,199.28	7,022.02	5,821.08
Total Comprehensive Income	497.76	663.92	1,068.02

iii. IIHFL Sales Limited ("IIHFL Sales")

IIHFL Sales Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of IIFL Home Finance Limited which is a wholly owned subsidiary of our Company. IIHFL Sales was incorporated on September 28, 2021. The company primary activity involves sourcing of loans for IIFL Home Finance Ltd, for which it receives commission. The company also receives management fees against certain marketing support and other support functions.

Key financial numbers of IIHFL Sales for last three financial years

(₹ in million)

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Total Income	74.98	NA	NA
Total Comprehensive Income	27.88	NA	NA
Total	74.98	NA	NA

iv. IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited

IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited was incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 bearing CIN U72900MH2022PTC382767 on May 17, 2022 issued by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai. IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited is primarily engaged in offering neo-banking services to consumers and micro enterprises and retail customers including lending, investment, and wealth management services to certain target groups.

Provisioning norms

The Company recognizes loss allowances using expected credit loss ("ECL") model. Primarily, ECL accounts for credit losses in future based on observed portfolio behaviour. ECL Credit losses can be considered as difference observed between contractual future cash inflows and expected cash inflows. ECL accounts for two major characteristics: current behaviour of a financial instrument and observed portfolio losses in the portfolio over a period of time considering the time value of money and has following important parameters:

Exposure at default – Estimate of contractual cash inflows in future as on reporting date

Probability of default – Indicator of likelihood of default of financial instrument for a time period

Loss given default - Indicator of normalised loss incurred post default of financial instrument

Stage 1 includes financial instruments that have low credit risk as on the reporting date. For such assets, 12-month expected credit losses are computed on the exposure and interest revenue is accounted on gross asset value (without considering expecting credit losses). ECL is computed based on expected default events within 12 months since reporting date. It is a measure of likelihood of low credit risk portfolio transitioning to high credit risk (and losses post its transition) in next 12 months ("Stage 1").

Stage 2 includes financial instruments that have higher credit risk than Stage 1 but with no objective impairment evidence. For such assets, lifetime expected credit losses are computed on the exposure yet interest revenue is accounted on gross asset value (without considering expecting credit losses). ECL is computed based on expected default events over the balanced loan tenure ("Stage 2").

Stage 3 includes financial assets that have high credit risk and are considered default as per regulatory norms at the reporting date. For these assets, losses are computed based on empirical data and interest revenue is accounted on net asset value (considering credit losses) ("Stage 3").

Further, additional provisions are provided for certain weak accounts.

Sales and Marketing

Marketing activities for our Company are managed by our marketing and corporate communications department. Through in-house teams, external creative agencies and execution partners, the marketing department conducts various activities ranging from brand awareness, product awareness, creative development, lead generation activities and enhancing customer experience, with a focus on aligning product communication to create an economic, social and environmental impact and an overall aim to make our brand 'IIFL' the brand of choice for its customers. The above activities are implemented through various modes such as broadcast media (TV, print, radio), digital assets (website, social media platforms), digital advertising, out-of-home media and on-ground activities.

Risk and Asset-Liability Management

Risk management is a key element of our business strategy and is integrated seamlessly across all of its business operations. The objective of the Company's risk management process is to manage the risk-return equation and ensure meticulous compliance to all extant laws, rules, and regulations applicable for its business. We take a holistic view of risk management and undertakes an enterprise-wide risk management approach under the Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") framework.

In order to address the risks that are inherent to our business, we have developed a risk management architecture that includes monitoring by our Board through the Audit Committee, the Asset Liability Committee and the Risk Management Committee. We adopt a 'three lines-of-defence' model wherein management control at the business entity level is the first line of defence in risk management. Various risk control and compliance oversight functions, established by the management are the second line of defence. Finally, the third line comprises the internal audit/assurance function. In order to maintain financial soundness of the company, it seeks to promote a strong risk culture throughout the organization. All major risk classes viz credit risk, market risk, operational risk, fraud risk, liquidity risk, business risk and reputational risk are managed via well-defined risk management processes.

Risk	Risk Response Strategies
Credit, liquidity and finance risk	Our Company has separate multi-level credit and investment committee, consisting of Directors of the Board/head of the departments, to consider medium to large credit proposals. However, smaller proposals are decided at appropriate level as per the approval matrix.
	The Company has in place a risk management committee and asset liability management committee (ALCO), consisting of directors and senior officials. They regularly meet and review the policies, systems, controls, and positions of the financing business. The committee reviews the risk management processes, covering credit and underwriting controls, operations, technology and compliance risks.
	Liquidity risk arises due to non-availability of adequate funds or non-availability of adequate funds at an appropriate price, or of appropriate tenure, to meet our business requirements. This risk is minimised through flexibility in funding mix by way of sourcing the funds through money markets, debt markets and banks to meet its business and liquidity requirements. Also Priority sector qualified assets available for securitization gives ontap liquidity comfort to the company.
	We monitor liquidity risk through our ALCO Committee with the help of fortnightly and monthly liquidity and Asset Liability mismatch reviews. This involves the categorisation of all assets and liabilities in different maturity buckets and evaluating them for any mismatches in any particular maturity bucket, especially in the short-term. The ALM Policy has capped the maximum mismatches in the various maturities in line with RBI guidelines.
Technology Risk	Our management periodically reviews various technology risks such as protecting sensitive customer data, identity theft, cybercrimes, data leakage, business continuity, access controls, etc.
	We have put in processes, systems and tools for ensuring vigilant monitoring, audit logging and suspicious activity reporting.
	• Robust Business Continuity Framework including Business Continuity Plan (BCP) is in place and BCP was invoked one week before the lockdown. BCP Plan was regularly being tested in

Risk	Risk Response Strategies
	form of periodic BCP drills from alternate working sites with report submissions to Top Management and Board by Business Continuity Crisis Management Team (BCCMT) and Quick Response Team (QRT).
	• Sustained compliance with respect to various BCP Advisories in view of Covid-19 from applicable regulatory bodies.
	We successfully completed the ISO 27001:2013 annual re-certification in December 2021. During the year, many processes are automated to reduce the risk of manual error and frauds.
Compliance Risk	We have implemented business-specific Compliance Manuals, limit monitoring systems and AML/KYC policies.
	The compliance requirements across various service points have been communicated comprehensively to all through compliance manuals and circulars. To ensure complete involvement in the compliance process, reporting processes have been instituted by heads of all businesses/zones/area offices and departments, through submission of quarterly compliance reports. The compilations of these reports are reviewed by the Audit Committee/Board and are also submitted to regulatory authorities, periodically. Besides, the internal auditors verify the compliances as part of their audit process.
Operational risk management	Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people, systems and controls or from external events (as defined by Basel Committee on Banking Supervision).
	Independent operational risk management team reporting to the risk head is in place which is responsible for coordinating all the operational risk activities including building an understanding of the risk profile, implementing tools related to operational risk management, branch operations, cash handling, customer lifecycle management, etc., and working towards the goals of improved controls and lower risk.
Credit risk management	Credit Risk is a measure of loss arising due to failure of borrower to meet the contractual obligation of repayment as per agreement. Our Company has defined processes for identification, ongoing assessment and mitigation of credit risk for various products on regular basis.
	Our Company routinely monitors credit risk including asset impairment risks and ensures compliance within the board approved policies and risk limits. Additionally, we monitor risk concentrations based on various characteristics. Portfolio reviews are undertaken on monthly basis highlighting behaviour of products on various financial and non-financial parameters. Our Company's credit concentration monitoring is undertaken on continual basis. Our Company has board-approved policy capping credit concentration to entities. This is effectively undertaken to ensure avoidance of default of large exposures affecting our Company's financial performance.
Fraud Risk Management	Our Company has a comprehensive Fraud Risk Management framework in place with an independent Fraud Control Unit (FCU) team responsible for fraud prevention, fraud detection and fraud investigations supported by offsite Audit team, internal audit function, outsourced verification vendors and fraud analytics.

Internal Controls

The Company has an Internal Control System which is commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operation. The Internal Audit team monitors and evaluates the efficacy and adequacy of Internal Control systems in the Company, its compliance with operating systems and accounting procedures. Based on the report of the Internal Auditor, process owners undertake corrective action in their respective areas and thereby strengthen the controls. Significant audit observations, if any and corrective actions and implementation thereof are presented to the Audit Committee of the Board. Status of resolution tracking as well as pending issues is reported to senior management and audit committee of the Board on a regular basis as an 'Action Taken Report'.

Human Resources

Our human resource management systems and processes are future ready and go hand-in-hand with the demands of the business and environment. We have got a scalable talent acquisition system which seamlessly interacts with business and stakeholders to hire and onboard talent. Training and development which is central to our people development theme has the right mix of classroom, online, MDP trainings and certification courses.

We have been taking employee feedback through our annual Pulse Survey, which enables us to constantly recalibrate our policies and initiatives and improve on areas, based on the feedback. As of June 30, 2022, the Company (along with its subsidiaries) has a strong workforce of 30,734 employees on a consolidated basis.

Corporate Social Responsibility

On the social front, IIFL Foundation (the CSR arm of the group) has undertaken many initiatives for community welfare, with a special focus on education. Out-of-school children are one of the biggest challenges in India today and to address this, IIFL Foundation's Sakhiyon ki Baadi (SKB) is an initiative aimed at eradication of female illiteracy from Rajasthan, by setting up community based non-formal learning centres for girls in the age group of 4 years to 14 years old. The learning centres are established in the areas dominated by native Scheduled Tribe communities, where girls often dropout of school or are never enrolled at one. The lockdown phase brought quite a few 'blessings in disguise' for us. Since our SKB learning centers were brought to a halt, owing to the imposed lockdown, our team started to build an online connect with the children over apps like Google meet and Zoom. As on March 31, 2022, 32.264 girls have enrolled. The children. those who have access to mobile phone and internet connectivity are now learning from their teachers over Google meet. Since the onset of pandemic, schools and students have faced numerous challenges to keep the educational activity sustained. Owing to the nature of threat (Covid-19), classroom sessions have been moved to 'online sessions', which require access to a Device (Mobile/ Laptop) and Internet connectivity. IIFL Foundation has donated 200 Android Based Tablets to students attending Govt. School at rural villages in Rajasthan. The devices have been offered to those attending 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th class & are in crucial years of their academic career. The android based tablets are equipped with the 'Diksha App', offering learning material developed by Ministry of Education (Govt. Of India) that can be accessed offline as well. The devices shall be used by students as a shared resource.

IIFL Foundation donated 165 oxygen concentrators at Maharashtra and Rajasthan to Primary Health Care Centres (PHCs) & Govt. Hospitals. The machines were handed to the local authorities – District Collector (IAS) and Chief Medical & Health Officer (CMHO) of the respective blocks. The oxygen concentrators were installed at the Primary Health Care Centres (PHCs) & panchayat offices at village level. IIFL Foundation also partnered with central and state governments to start Maharashtra's first Covid-19 vaccine delivery through drones to reach the inaccessible terrains in Jawhar taluka of Palghar district.

Competition

Our Company offers a diversified range of products including home, gold, business and micro finance loans, loans against property and loans against securities. These are provided to a broad segment of customers including salaried and self-employed personnel and corporates. We face competition primarily from other NBFCs. The major competitive factors among the peer group are an extensive branch network, greater funding capabilities, wider range of products and services, and advanced technology offerings.

Insurance

Our Company has insured its various properties and facilities against the risk of fire, burglary, breakdown of office equipment, risk of financial loss due to fraud and other perils including public liability which covers the legal liability arising out of third party bodily injury or third-party property damage in company premises. Our Company has obtained money policy to cover "money in safe and till counter and money in transit" for the branches and various offices.

Our Company also has in place a group insurance policy for its employees and their dependent family members, group term life and group personal accident policies, which provide uniform benefits to all the employees.

Further, our Company has a Directors and Officers Liability Policy which provides a cover for the personal liability of directors and officers arising due to wrongful acts in their managerial capacity.

For a discussion of certain risks relating to our insurance coverage, please see the section "Risk Factors – Internal Risks and Risks Associated with our Business – Our insurance coverage may not adequately protect us against....." on page 38.

Property

Our Registered office is located at IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23, Thane Industrial Area, Wagle Estate, Thane $-400\,604$, Maharashtra, this office is leased by the Company. Our Corporate office is located at 802, 8^{th} Floor, Hubtown Solaris, N. S. Phadke Marg, Vijay Nagar, Andheri East, Mumbai $-400\,069$, Maharashtra, this office is leased by the Company. We have entered into lease / leave and license agreements for terms ranging from one to ten years for all of our branches.

Our Company owns the following properties* as at August 5, 2022:

- Unit no.12A/10, Unit no.14A/10 and Unit no.14A/09 at Parinee Cresenzo, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051.
- Shop No. G 22B, Revenue Survey No. 1001/1, Paiki Town Planning Scheme No.4, Final Plot No. 110, Paiki, City Survey No. 7396, Municipal Survey No. 1/12/94, Unjha, Mehsana.

Note: The above mentioned properties were owned by India Infoline Finance Limited (now merged with our Company). The said properties are in the process of transfer in the name of our Company.

Intellectual Property

Our Company has entered into a trademark license agreement with IIFL Securities Limited dated March 19, 2019. Pursuant to which, IIFL Securities Limited has granted our Company with a non-exclusive right and license to use the trademark, service mark and logos pertaining to "IIFL". The term for which the license is granted is in perpetuity, subject to the terms and conditions contained in the trademark license agreement. For details please see "History and Main Objects" on page 136. Further, our Company has applied for trademark application with the trademark and logo 'My Money' in class 36.

Information Technology

Information Technology in our Company is the core element which drives business growth and forms the backbone of our organization. Information technology is used as a strategic tool which comprises industry standard business applications and robust IT infrastructure setup which are used to manage business operations which improves our overall productivity and efficiency and provide seamless and world class experience to our customers. We believe that through our information systems and adequate controls we are able to manage our nationwide operations efficiently, market effectively to our target customers, and effectively monitor and control risks. Business applications including loan operating system are designed, developed and implemented to meet our business and regulatory requirements round the clock and is being used in all our branches across India to manage business operations, improve customer services and efficiency from time to time. IT and Information security and processes are aligned with RBI Master Directions, ISO 27001 and Industry best practices and industry standard security solutions are implemented to control security and Cyber Risks.

Treasury Operations

Our treasury operations are mainly focused on meeting our funding requirements and managing short term surpluses. Our funding requirements are currently predominantly sourced through term loans, issuance of debentures, commercial paper and securitisation of receivables. We believe that through our treasury operations we are able to maintain our ability to repay borrowings as they mature and obtain new loans at competitive rates. Our treasury department undertakes liquidity management by seeking to maintain an optimum level of liquidity and complying with the RBI requirements of asset liability management. The objective is to ensure smooth functioning of all our operations and at the same time avoid the holding of excessive cash. Our treasury maintains a balance between interest earning liquid assets and cash to optimize earnings. We actively manage our cash and funds flow using various cash management services provided by banks. As part of our treasury activities we also invest our temporary surplus funds in fixed deposits with banks, liquid debt-based

mutual funds and government securities. Our investments are made in accordance with the investment policy approved by the Board.

Awards and Accolades

During the last 12 months, the Company received the following awards and accolades:

- Recognized as 'The Most Preferred Brand' for Sustained Brilliance in Brand Building at Marksmen Daily Awards
- Conferred with 'Customer Services Excellence Award' at the World BFSI Congress for Our 'Gold Loan at Home' Initiative
- Bestowed with 'Financial Inclusion Initiative of the Year Award' at the World BFSI Congress.
- Identified as 'India Most Admired Financial Services Provider' at Asian BFSI Leadership Awards
- Presented the 'Best Financial Inclusion Initiative' at National Awards for Excellence in BFSI
- Received 'Best Use of Mobile Technology in Financial Services' Award for Our 'WhatsApp Loan' Product at the World BFSI Congress
- Awarded the 'Best Finance App' for IIFL Finance's MyMoney App at National Awards for Excellence in Digital Marketing
- Honored with 'The Economic Times Iconic Brand Award'
- Appreciated with the Impact Digital Influencer Award for #UmeedwaliSeedhiBaat Initiative
- Honored with 'Golden Peacock Award for Risk Management
- IIFL Finance received 'Great Place To Work' for the Fourth year in a row.

HISTORY AND MAIN OBJECTS

Corporate Profile:

Our Company was incorporated at Mumbai on October 18, 1995 as a private limited company with the name Probity Research & Services Private Limited under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The status of our Company was changed to a public limited company and our name was changed to 'Probity Research & Services Limited' pursuant to a fresh certificate of incorporation dated on April 28, 2000 issued by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai. The name of our Company was subsequently changed to 'India Infoline.Com Limited', and a fresh certificate of incorporation, consequent upon change of name was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai on May 23, 2000. The name of our Company was further changed to 'India Infoline Limited', and a fresh certificate of incorporation, consequent upon change of name was issued by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai on March 23, 2001. Thereafter, the name of our Company was changed to 'IIFL Holdings Limited', and a fresh certificate of incorporation, consequent upon change of name was issued by Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai on February 18, 2014. Thereafter, the name of our Company was changed to 'IIFL Finance Limited' and a fresh certificate of incorporation, consequent upon change of name was issued by Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai on May 24, 2019.

Our Company has obtained a certificate of registration dated March 06, 2020 bearing registration no. – N-13.02386 issued by the RBI to carry on the activities of a NBFC under section 45 IA of the RBI Act. Based on the revised regulatory framework prescribed by RBI for NBFCs, our Company was classified under the category "*Loan Company-Non-Deposit Accepting*" and is a systemically important non-deposit taking NBFC. Later on, RBI vide its circular no. RBI/2018-19/130 DNBR (PD) CC.No.097/03.10.001/2018-19 dated February 22, 2019 has classified all Loan Companies into a new category called NBFC – Investment and Credit Company (NBFC-ICC).

Change in registered office of our Company

The registered office of our Company was firstly changed from, 208-C, Agarwal Market, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai 400 057 to 1, Snehdeep, Gokhale Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai, 400057 with effect from August 06, 1999.

The registered office of the company was further changed from 1, Snehdeep, Gokhale Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai, 400057 to Building No. 24, Nirlon Complex, off Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East), Mumbai – 400 063, Maharashtra, India with effect from January 15, 2001.

The registered office of our Company was further changed from Building No 24, Nirlon complex, Off Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East) Mumbai-400 063 to Building No 75, Nirlon complex, Off Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East) Mumbai-400 063 with effect from July 22, 2005.

The registered office of our Company was further changed from Building No 75, Nirlon complex, Off Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East) Mumbai-400 063 to IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23, Thane Industrial Area, Wagle Estate, Thane $-400\,604$ with effect from April 24, 2010.

Main objects of our Company

The main objects of our Company as contained in our Memorandum of Association are:

- 1. To carry on the business of borrowing/lending money by way of pledge, mortgage, hypothecation, charge or otherwise with or without any securities to any person, individual, body-corporate, firm, organization, authority but the company shall not carry on banking business within the meaning of Banking Regulations Act, 1949.*
- 2. To solicit and procure insurance business as Corporate Agent and to undertake such other activities as are incidental or ancillary thereto. *
- 2A. To carry on the activities as investment company and to buy, sell, trade, invest, deal or to do broking in shares, stocks, debentures, bonds, derivatives, commodities, obligations, bills, securities, movable and immovable property and other investments. *

*Replaced pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement approved by the Shareholders at their meeting held on December 12, 2018 and approved by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai Bench vide its Order dated March 07, 2019

Key terms of Material Agreements and Material Contracts

Other than the below-mentioned agreements, our Company has not entered into material agreements and material contracts which are not in the ordinary course of business.

(i) Shareholders Agreement between our Company, and CDC Group Plc. ("CDC")

The Company had entered into a Shareholders Agreement with CDC Group PLC (CDC) dated December 17, 2018, which came into effect after the merger of India Infoline Finance Limited with the Company and on receiving of freely tradable shares by CDC. The Shareholders Agreement confers certain rights on CDC to regulate its relationship with respect to its investment in our Company. The Shareholders Agreement shall continue to be valid and binding on the parties to it until such time that CDC ceases to hold any equity shares of the Company.

(ii) Trademark License Agreement

Pursuant to the merger of India Infoline Finance Limited with the Company, in terms of the Scheme, the Trademarks of our Company stands transferred to IIFL Securities Limited and in furtherance thereof, the Company ("Licensee") has entered into a trademark license agreement with IIFL Securities Limited ("Licensor") dated March 19, 2019 ("Trademark License Agreement"). Pursuant to such Trademark License Agreement, the Licensee shall continue to use the trademark, service mark and logos pertaining to "IIFL", for a one time fee payable to the Licensor, as set out therein. The term for which the license is granted is in perpetuity, subject to the terms and conditions contained in the Trademark License Agreement. Further, the Trademark License Agreement contains the customary provisions relating to the protection of the intellectual property, warranties, indemnities and termination.

(iii) Joint Venture Agreement with Open Financial Technologies Private Limited:

The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting, held on May 02, 2022 approved a proposal of Joint Venture with Open Financial Technologies Private Limited ("**Open Fin Tech**") for the purposes of offering neo-banking services to consumers and micro enterprises and retail customers including lending, investment, and wealth management services to certain target groups. The Company on May 02, 2022 also executed a Joint Venture Agreement with Open Financial Technologies Private Limited ("**JV Agreement**") and with respect to the said Joint Venture, the Company incorporated a subsidiary in the name of IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited ("**JV Entity**"). The Ministry of Corporate Affairs approved incorporation of the said subsidiary on May 17, 2022 and issued a Certificate of Incorporation for the same.

Our Company's obligations under the JV Agreement inter alia includes (a) capital commitment in the JV Entity; (b) assistance in customer acquisition through online and offline modes; (c) providing lending capital and support to the JV Entity; (d) risk underwriting and lending through the JV Entity platforms.

Open Fin Tech's obligations under the JV Agreement inter alia includes (a) capital commitment in the JV Entity; (b) providing technological support, license and source code for the licensed technology; (c) providing digital acquisition, know-how and staffing support.

Subsidiaries of our Company

The Company has following subsidiaries:

(i) IIFL Home Finance Limited:

IIFL Home Finance Limited was incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 bearing CIN U65993MH2006PLC166475 on December 26, 2006, under the name of India Infoline Housing Finance Limited. Its name was changed to 'IIFL Home Finance Limited' pursuant to fresh certificate of incorporation dated May 02, 2018 issued by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai. It is registered with the NHB as housing finance company vide registration no. 09.0175.18 dated September 14, 2018. The NHB registration no. before change of

name of IIFL Home Finance Limited was 02.0070.09 dated February 03, 2009. The IIFL Home Finance Limited has been notified as a financial institution under SARFAESI Act vide Government notification dated June 23, 2010.

IIFL Home Finance is primarily engaged in providing mortgage loans, which includes housing loans and loans against property ("LAP") and developer loans. Housing loans include finance for purchase of flats, construction of houses, extension and for improvement in the flats/homes and for acquiring plots of land (which are intended to be used for construction of houses). LAP is availed for, working capital requirements, for business and personal use.

Change in registered office of IIFL Home Finance Limited:

The Registered office of the Company was subsequently changed from IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23, Thane Industrial Area, Wagle Estate, Thane – 400 604 to 12A-10, 13th Floor, Parinee Crescenzo, C-38 & 39, G-Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400 051, with effect from June 18, 2013. Further, IIFL Home Finance Limited shifted its Registered office from 12A-10, 13th Floor, Parinee Crescenzo, C-38 & 39, G-Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400 051 to IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23, MIDC Thane Industrial Area, Wagle Estate, Thane – 400 604 with effect from April 15, 2019.

Principal Business

IIFL Home Finance Limited is involved in carrying out activities of Housing Finance.

Board of Directors

Details of Board of Directors of IIFL Home Finance Limited is as set out in the below table:

S. No.	Name of Directors	Designation	DIN No.
1.	S. Sridhar	Chairman & Independent Director	00004272
2.	Kranti Sinha	Independent Director	00001643
3.	Mohua Mukherjee	Independent Director	08714909
4.	Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain	Non-Executive Director	00010535
5.	R. Venkataraman	Non-Executive Director	00011919
6.	Monu Ratra	Executive Director & CEO	07406284
7.	Arun Kumar Purwar	Independent Director	00026383

Shareholding Pattern

The Shareholding pattern of IIFL Home Finance Limited as on June 30, 2022 is as set out in the table below:

S. No.	Name of Equity Shareholders	No. of Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each	% of Equity Shares
1.	IIFL Finance Limited	2,09,67,581	100.00%
2.	Govind Modani*	100	0.00%
3.	Narendra Jain*	100	0.00%
4.	Rajesh Rajak*	100	0.00%
5.	Monu Ratra*	100	0.00%
6.	Amit Gupta*	100	0.00%
7.	Sneha Patwardhan*	100	0.00%
	Total	2,09,68,181	100.00%

^{*}As a nominee of IIFL Finance Limited

(ii) IIFL Samasta Finance Limited (Formerly known as Samasta Microfinance Limited)

Samasta* was incorporated as a public limited under the Companies Act, 1956 on August 09, 1995, in Bangalore, Karnataka bearing CIN U65191KA1995PLC057884. Its registered office is situated at 110/3, Lal Bagh Main Rd, Krishnappa Layout, Bengaluru, Karnataka 560027, India. Since its inception in March 2008, Samasta has been

[#] IIFL Finance Limited holds 100% shares in IIFL Home Finance Limited post-merger of India Infoline Finance Limited with IIFL Finance Limited

providing innovative and affordable financial products to women from unbanked sections of society in both rural and semi urban areas. Samasta as the organisation caters to 17 states across India, Samasta with its wide array of responsible financial products and services acts as a catalyst for sustainable and inclusive economic growth. As on June 30, 2022, IIFL Samasta has 962 branches across 17 states.

*Pursuant to change of name certificate issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), received on September 3, 2021, the name of Subsidiary of the Company is changed from 'Samasta Microfinance Limited' to 'IIFL Samasta Finance Limited' with effect from September 1, 2021.

Samasta has received Certificate of Registration from RBI dated September 20, 2021 pursuant to change of its name from 'Samasta Microfinance Limited' to 'IIFL Samasta Finance Limited' w.e.f. September 1, 2021.As a business correspondent, Samasta uses its market know-how and accessibility to the rural and semi urban bottom of pyramid families in India to bring microfinance services like micro loans, credit linked insurance, group based savings account etc. to their doorstep.

Principal Business

Samasta is involved in the business of microfinance lending.

Investment in Samasta by our Company

Pursuant to the approval of the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on December 18, 2020, the Company subscribed for 42,426,147 equity shares of ₹10 each for an amount aggregating to ₹ 675 million at a price of ₹15.91 per share in the right issue of Samasta.

Pursuant to the approval of the Finance Committee at its meeting held on June 12, 2021, the Company subscribed for 91,575,091 equity shares of ₹10 each for an amount aggregating to ₹1,500 million at a price of ₹16.38 per share in the right issue of Samasta.

Pursuant to the approval of the Finance Committee at its meeting held on March 22, 2022, the Company subscribed for 41,482,300 equity shares of ₹10 each for an amount aggregating to ₹75 crores at a price of ₹18.08/- per share in the right issue of Samasta.

Pursuant to the approval of the Board of Directors, the Company has purchased 12,45,55,797 equity shares of ₹10 each for an amount aggregating to ₹259,07,60,580/- at a price of ₹20.80/- on July 27, 2022.

Principal Business

Samasta is involved in the business of microfinance lending.

Board of Directors

Details of the board of directors of Samasta is as set out in the table below:

S. No.	Name of Directors	Designation	DIN
1.	Badrinarayanan Seshadri	Independent Director	00507371
2.	Malini B. Eden	Independent Director	00732954
3.	Venkatesh N.	Managing Director	01018821
4.	Vikraman Ampalakkat	Independent Director	01978341
5.	Shivaprakash D.	Wholetime Director	02216802
6.	Ramanathan Annamalai	Independent Director	02645247
7.	Monu Ratra	Director	07406284

Shareholding Pattern

The Shareholding pattern of Samasta as on June 30, 2022 is as set out in the table below:

S. No.	Name of the Share holder	No. of Equity Shares held	% of Share Holding
1.	Shivaprakash. Deviah	345,000	0.07
2.	Venkatakrishnama Appa Naidu Narayanaswamy	1,052,938	0.21
3.	Anitha Shivanna	193,200	0.04
4.	Venkatesh Narayanaswamy	1,335,840	0.27
5.	IIFL Finance Limited	370,740,413	74.41
6.	IIFL Home Finance Limited	124,555,797	25.00
7.	Prema Narayanaswamy	1	0.00
8.	Vidhya Anand	1	0.00
	TOTAL	498,223,190	100.00

Note: Prema Narayanaswamy and Vidhya Anand holding 1 equity share of ₹10 each respectively are Registered owners and Beneficial Interest of such shares lies with Narayanaswamy V.A

(iii) IIHFL Sales Limited

IIHFL Sales Limited was incorporated on September 28, 2021 as a wholly owned subsidiary of IIFL Home Finance Limited. The Company offers professional/ consultancy services that include sourcing, marketing, promoting, publicizing, advertising, brand building, selling and distributing, servicing any kind of financial products or financial instruments or all classes of insurance products or investment products or wealth products. It also intends to provide all kinds of advisory/consultancy services and fees based intermediation, syndication, Liasoning services.

Board of Directors

Details of the board of directors of IIHFL Sales Limited is as set out in the table below:

S. No.	Name of Directors	Designation	DIN
1.	Ajay Jaiswal	Director	01618047
2.	Amit Kumar Gupta	Director	09338024
3.	Rashmi Priya	Director	09338025

Shareholding Pattern

The Shareholding pattern of IIHFL Sales Limited as on June 30, 2022 is as set out in the table below:

S. No.	Name of the Share holder	No. of Equity Shares held	% of Share Holding
1.	IIFL Home Finance Limited	49,994	100%
2.	Abhishikta Chadda Munjal*	1	-
3.	Lokesh Goyal*	1	-
4.	Rachhit Gehani*	1	-
5.	Siddhi Chandiwal*	1	-
6.	Amit Kumar Gupta*	1	-
7.	Rashmi Priya*	1	-
TOTAL		50,000	100.00%

^{*} As a nominee of HFL Home Finance Limited.

Registered office of the IIHFL Sales Limited

IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23, MIDC, Thane Industrial Area, Wagle Estate, Thane – 400 604.

Principal Business (IIHFL Sales Ltd.)

IIHFL Sales Limited offers Professional/ consultancy services related to financial products or financial instruments.

(iv) IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited

IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited was incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 bearing CIN U72900MH2022PTC382767 on May 17, 2022 issued by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai.

IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited is primarily engaged in offering neo-banking services to consumers and micro enterprises and retail customers including lending, investment, and wealth management services to certain target groups.

Shareholding Pattern

The Shareholding pattern of IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited as on June 30, 2022 is as set out in the table below:

S.	Name of the Share holder	No. of Equity Shares held	% of Shareholding
No.			
1.	IIFL Finance Limited*	85,91,398	51.02
2.	Open Financial Technologies Private Limited	82,47,312	48.98
	Total	1,68,38,710	100

^{*1 (}One) Share is held by Ms. Mehekka Oberai in the capacity of nominee of IIFL Finance Limited.

Registered Office

IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23, Thane Industrial Area, Thane - 400604

Principal Business

To carry on the business as a fintech platform and offer neo-banking services to small and micro enterprises and retail customers including providing lending, investment, and wealth management services and financial products to customers, designers, developers, consultant, advisor, buyers, sellers, importers, exporters, dealers, intermediary through information technology and other cloud platform between all financial institutions, brokers, consumers in all kinds of computer software, computer technology and information technology products including cloud hosted business platforms and computer application products, systems, peripheral and materials and to undertake the business of system and network integration and development, product application and development, computer maintenance and technical support services, internet access, networking and electronic media, telecommunication and web commerce application services.

Board of Directors

Details of Board of Directors IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited is as set out in the below table:

S. No.	Name of Directors	Designation	DIN No.
1.	Nirmal Jain	Non-Executive Director	00010535
2.	Vibhore Sharma	Independent Director	03314559
3.	Mehekka Oberai	Non-Executive Director	08829128
4.	Ajeesh Achuthan	Non-Executive Director	07948982
5.	Anish Achuthan	Non-Executive Director	02853403
6.	Deena Jacob	Non-Executive Director	06552579

Associates of our Company

As on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, our Company does not have any associate.

OUR MANAGEMENT

Board of Directors

The general superintendence, direction and management of our affairs and business are vested in our Board of Directors. The Articles of Association sets out that the number of Directors in our Company shall be not less than three and not more than Fifteen.

As of the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, we have nine Directors on the Board, out of which two Directors are Executive Directors and seven Directors are Non-Executive Directors. Out of the seven Non-Executive Directors, six Directors are Independent Directors. Our Company has 1 (one) woman independent director on the Board.

Details of Board of Directors as on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus:

Name, Designation, DIN, Nationality, Occupation and Term	J	Address	Date of Appointment	Details of other directorship	Whether Willful defaulter (Yes or No)
Arun Kumar Purwar Designation: Chairman & Independent Director DIN: 00026383 Nationality: Indian Occupation: Professional	76	C-2303/4, Flr- 23, Ashok Tower, Dr. SS Rao Road, Parel, Mumbai 400 012	March 10, 2008	Alkem Laboratories Limited Balaji Telefilms Ltd. Heroute Technologies Private Limited Energy Infratech Private Limited Mizuho Securities India Private Limited	No
Term of Appointment: Five years w.e.f. April 01, 2019					
Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain Designation: Managing Director Nationality: Indian Occupation: Business DIN: 00010535 Term of Appointment: Five years w.e.f. April 01, 2022		103 A Wing, Guruprasad CHS Limited, TPS II, CTS 777, F.P., 10 Hanuman Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai 400 057	1995	I.IIFL Wealth Management Limited IIFL Home Finance Limited MNJ Consultants Private Limited Pratham Education Foundation IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited.	No
R Venkataraman Designation: Joint Managing Director Nationality: Indian Occupation: Business DIN: 00011919	55	604, Glen Heights, Hiranandani Gardens, Powai, Mumbai – 400 076.	July 5, 1999	 IIFL Wealth Management Limited IIFL Home Finance Limited IIFL Management Services Limited IIFL Securities Limited Orpheus Trading Private Limited. 	

Name, Designation, DIN, Nationality, Occupation and Term	Age	Address	Date of Appointment	Details of other directorship	Whether Willful defaulter (Yes or No)
Term of Appointment: W.E.F April 01, 2022 upto April 22, 2025					
Designation: Independent Director Nationality: Indian Occupation: Professional DIN: 02139552 Term of Appointment: Five Years w.e.f. September 18, 2019	55	B-1/8, Vasant Vihar-1, New Delhi 110057.	September 18, 2014	 NIIT Limited IIFL Wealth Management Limited TATA Communications Transformation Services Limited Sentiss Pharma Private Limited Ummeed Housing Finance Private Limited IPE Global Centre For Knowledge And Development Info Edge (India) Limited Onmobile Global Limited Canara HSBC Oriental Bank Of Commerce Life Insurance Company Limited. Healthcare Global Enterprises Limited Motherson Sumi Wiring India Limited 	No
Vijay Kumar Chopra Designation: Independent Director Nationality: Indian Occupation: Professional DIN: 02103940 Term of Appointment: Five Years w.e.f. May 21,	76	B-3102, India Bulls BLU Complex, B- Tower, Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Near Worli Naka, Mumbai-400013	May 21, 2019	 Pegasus Assets Reconstruction Private Limited Milestone Capital Advisors Private Limited Greenlam Industries Limited Nippon Life India Trustee Limited 	

Name, Designation, DIN,			Whether		
Nationality, Occupation and Term			Appointment		Willful defaulter (Yes or No)
Nilesh Vikamsey Designation: Independent Director Nationality: Indian Occupation: Professional DIN: 00031213 Term of Appointment: Five Years w.e.f. April 01, 2019	57	Kalpataru Habitat, 184 / A Wing, Dr. SS. Rao Road, near Gandhi Hospital, Parel, Mumbai 400012.	2005	 IIFL Wealth Management Limited Navneet Education Limited Thomas Cook (India) Limited PNB Housing Finance Limited SOTC Travel Limited Nippon Life India Trustee Limited Gati Limited Gati-Kintetsu Express Private Limited Allcargo Logistics Limited 	` /
Vibhore Sharma Designation: Independent Director Nationality: Indian Occupation: Professional DIN: 03314559 Term of Appointment: Five Years w.e.f. July 01, 2021	48	P-3/03, Tower 3 Silver City Sector 93 Noida UP – 201301	July 1, 2021	Redstart Labs (India) Limited IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited	No
Chandran Ratnaswami Designation: Non-Executive Director Nationality: Canadian Occupation: Professional DIN: 00109215 Term of Appointment: Retirement by rotation	73	177 Mckee Avenue, Ontario, M2N4C6 Toronto M2N4C6 CA	15/05/2012	 Thomas Cook (India) Limited Quess Corp Limited Chemplast Sanmar Limited Bangalore International Airport Limited Sanmar Engineering Services Limited Go Digit General Insurance Limited Fairbridge Capital Private Limited National Commodities Management Services Limited Go Digit Infoworks Services Private Limited Zoomer Media Limited, Canada Thai Reinsurance Public Company Limited ORE Holdings Limited HWIC Asia Fund Fairfax India Holdings Corporation 	No

Name, Designation, DIN, Nationality, Occupation and Term	Age	Address	Date of Appointment	Details of other directorship	Whether Willful defaulter (Yes or No)
				16.Fairbridge Capital (Mauritius) Limited 17.FIH Mauritius Investments Limited, 18.FIH Private Investments Limited 19.Fairfirst Insurance Limited (Union Assurance General Limited amalgamated with Asian Alliance General Limited) 20. Primary Real Estate Investments 21. H Investments Limited 22.I Investments Limited 23.HW Private Investments Limited 24.Fairbridge Investments (Mauritius) Limited 25.Fairfax Consulting Services India Limited 26.11470370 Canada Inc. 27. Chanvima Limited	
Ramakrishnan Subramanian Designation: Independent Director Nationality: Singapore Occupation: Professional DIN: 02192747 Term of Appointment: Five Years w.e.f. September 06, 2021	54	110 TG RHU Road, #01-01 Camelot, Singapore – 436928	06/09/2021	1.Fincrest Management Advisors Pte Ltd	No

Relationship between Directors

As on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, none of our Directors are related to each other:

None of our Directors is, or was, a director of any listed company, which has been or was delisted from any recognised stock exchange, during the term of his/her directorship in such company.

Brief profile/particulars of the Directors of the Company

Arun Kumar Purwar

Mr. Arun Kumar Purwar works as Chairman of Eroute Technologies Private Limited, a fintech Co. He also works as an Independent Director in Companies across diverse sectors like power, telecom, steel, engineering consultancy, pharma and financial services. He also acts as an advisor to Mizuho Securities, Japan. He was Chairman of the State Bank of

India ("SBI") from 2002 to 2006 and Chairman of the Indian Bank Association during 2005 to 2006. He has previously held positions such as Managing Director of State Bank of Patiala and has been associated in the setting up of SBI Life. Post his retirement from SBI, he was associated with a leading industry house in setting up the first healthcare focused private equity fund as well as a non-banking finance company focused on funding real estate projects as well as educational institutions. He has won a number of awards including the CEO of the year award from the Institute of Technology and Management (2004), "Outstanding Achiever of the Year" award from the Indian Banks' Association (2004) and "Finance Man of the Year" Award by the Bombay Management Association in 2006.

Nirmal Jain

Mr. Nirmal Jain is the founder and Managing Director of the Company. He holds a PGDM (Post Graduate Diploma in Management) from the Indian Institute of Management (IIM), Ahmedabad and is a rank holder Chartered Accountant and a Cost Accountant. He started his career in 1989 with Hindustan Unilever Limited. He founded IIFL Group in 1995. It started as an independent equity research Company in India. Over the last 26 years, he has led the expansion of the group, while remaining focused on financial services. The group through four listed entities, has leading presence in India's Wealth & Asset management, consumer lending, securities trading & discount Broking spaces. With an impeccable track record of governance and growth, the group has attracted marquee investors and won accolades internationally.

R Venkataraman

Mr. R Venkataraman is the Co-Promoter and Joint Managing Director of the Company. He holds Post Graduate Diploma in Management from Indian Institute of Management (IIM), Bangalore and Bachelor in Electronics and Electrical Communications Engineering from IIT Kharagpur. He joined the Company's Board in July 1999. He has been contributing immensely in the establishment of various businesses and spearheading key initiatives of the group over the past 23 years. He previously held senior managerial positions in ICICI Limited, including ICICI Securities Limited, their investment banking joint venture with J P Morgan of US and Barclays –BZW. He worked as an Assistant Vice President with G E Capital Services India Limited in their private equity division. He has a varied experience of more than 30 years in the financial services sector.

Chandran Ratnaswami

Mr. Chandran Ratnaswami is a Non-Executive Director of the Company. He is the Chief Executive Officer and Director of Fairfax India Holdings Corporation, a Company listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange and is also a Managing Director of Hamblin Watsa Investment Counsel Limited, a wholly owned investment management company of Fairfax Financial Holdings Limited.

Mr. Ratnaswami serves on the Boards of, among others, Chemplast Sanmar Limited, Quess Corp Limited, Bangalore International Airport Limited, National Commodities Management Services Limited, Go Digit General Insurance Limited, Thomas Cook (India) Limited, Fairbridge Capital Private Limited in India, Zoomer Media, Fairfax India Holdings Corporation in Canada, Thai Reinsurance, Thailand, and Fairfirst Insurance Limited, Sri Lanka. He holds a Bachelor's degree in Civil Engineering from IIT Madras, India and an MBA from the Rotman School of Management, University of Toronto, Canada.

Geeta Mathur

Ms. Geeta Mathur, a Chartered Accountant, having worked as a banker both on the asset side and risk side and with large corporate treasuries and investor relations. She started her career with ICICI, where she worked for over 10 years in the field of project, corporate and structured finance as well represented ICICI on the Board of reputed companies such as Eicher Motors, Siel Limited among others. She has developed, reorganised, streamlined and led large national teams. She transitioned from the corporate sector to the development sector as CFO of Helpage India, where besides successful implementation of Oracle ERP and setting up processes for budgeting and MIS, she was consistently awarded by the Institute of Chartered Accountants and South Asian Federation of Accountants for best presentation and transparency in accounts She has worked in various capacities in large organisations such as IBM and Emaar MGF across areas of Corporate Finance, Treasury, Risk Management and Investor Relations. She currently serves as an independent director in various large organisations across manufacturing and services such as Motherson Sumi Wiring India Limited, Info Edge (India) Ltd and NIIT Ltd. She also co-chairs the India chapter of Women Corporate Directors Foundation, a global membership organisation and community of Women Corporate Directors with a mission to foster a powerful, trusted

community of influential Women Corporate Directors. She is a graduate in Commerce from the Shriram College of Commerce, Delhi University and did her articleship with the Price Waterhouse while pursuing her Chartered Accountancy.

Nilesh Vikamsey

Mr. Nilesh Vikamsey is a senior partner at KKC & Associates LLP (Formerly - Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP) – an 85-year-old Chartered Accountants firm. Mr. Vikamsey is a Independent Director in other listed & unlisted Companies & a Committee member of organisations like West India Council of Indo American Chamber of Commerce, Bombay Chartered Accountants' Society (BCAS), The Chamber of Tax Consultants (CTC). He is a trustee in 'Sayagyi U Ba Khin' Memorial Trust (Vipassana International Academy, Igatpuri) & few educational trusts in Mumbai. He is presently a member of the Advisory Committee on Mutual Funds & also Working Group to review the Role and Eligibility of a Sponsor of a Mutual Fund of Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), and Expert Advisory Committee of Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). He is member of Advisory Boards of Blacksoil Group, IC3 Institute & MentorMyBoard. He was the President of ICAI in the past. He was an observer on the Board of International Federation of Accountants and Member of IFAC's Technology Advisory Group. He was the Past Chairman of Federal Bank Limited and member of IRDA. He was the Chairman of SEBI's Qualified Audit Report Committee and member of Corporate Governance Committee chaired by Uday Kotak, Primary Market Advisory Committee and Committee on Disclosures and Accounting Standards (SCODA). He was member of International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (IAASB) Reference Group for Audits of Less Complex Entities. He is a Speaker/Chairman at various seminars, meetings, lectures held by ICAI & other organisations.

Ramakrishnan Subramanian

Mr. Ramakrishnan Subramanian is a Chartered Accountant, Cost Accountant and Masters in Commerce. He has served several leading Banks, FIs in leadership roles since 1990 in India and abroad. He has also served as a Boards member of ING Vysya Bank and Shriram Capital, Shriram Transport, Shriram City Union, in the past apart from having done senior Executive roles such as CEO, MD, Country Head, Asia Regional head roles in domestic and international banks.

He is currently engaged as a Sr. Advisor, Operating Partner, Consultant with PE, VC, FIs and Fintech in India. Within financial sector services, his deep expertise and experience are in Retail Financing – Mortgage, LAP, Personal Loans, Business Loans, SME, LAS, Gold, Auto, CV/CE, Securitisation. He has worked in senior capacities involving Strategy, Board, Governance coupled with strong track record on execution across functions covering Channels, Product, Pricing, Portfolio management, Funding, Credit policy, Credit underwriting, Collections management of large Universal banks, Non-Banking Financial Companies ("NBFCs") and Fintech. Mr. Ramakrishnan Subramanian does not hold any directorship in any other listed Company.

Vijay Kumar Chopra

Mr. Vijay Kumar Chopra is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. He was the whole-time member of SEBI for two years; prior to that he has been a career banker and has held several top positions during his 37 years' of experience in banking industry. Some of his accomplishments include being the Chairman and Managing Director at Corporation Bank and SIDBI, 3 years as an Executive Director at the Oriental Bank of Commerce and 31 years in various capacities at the Central Bank of India.

Vibhore Sharma

Mr. Vibhore Sharma is an Engineering & Product leader with over 20 years of experience in building and leading teams engaged in software and systems engineering. He has helped to build and evolve some decent money-making products of both B2C as well as B2B archetypes. He was amongst the earliest team members of InfoEdge India and played a pivotal role in scaling the company's technology and products. He assists emerging science and tech startups to invest in and scale their tech and product capabilities. Mr. Vibhore Sharma does not hold any directorship in any other listed Company.

Remuneration of Directors

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") determines and recommends to the Board the compensation to be paid to Directors. The Board of Directors or the shareholders, as the case may be, approve the compensation to

Directors. The tables below sets forth the details of the remuneration pertaining to the last three financial years which has been paid or was payable to the Directors by the Company. The Directors do not receive any remuneration from our subsidiary and associate companies except Mr. R Venkataraman who was paid remuneration upto May 14, 2019 by the subsidiary of the Company i.e. India Infoline Finance Limited which got merged with the Company w.e.f March 30, 2020 under the Composite Scheme of Arrangement approved by the Hon'ble NCLT vide its Order dated March 07, 2019. Mr. R Venkataraman was also appointed as the Managing Director of IIFL Securities Limited, another group company with effect from May 15, 2019 and thereafter his entire Remuneration was paid by IIFL Securities Limited, Mr. Arun Kumar Purwar, who is also a Non-Executive Independent Director of IIFL Home Finance Limited, subsidiary of the Company receives sitting fees from IIFL Home Finance Limited.

Remuneration paid to our Directors in the last Fiscal by our Company, Subsidiary Company and Associate companies

Details of remuneration paid to the Executive Directors for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and financial years ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020, by our Company:

(₹ in million)

Name of Director	June 30, 2022	Fiscal 2022#	Fiscal 2021#	Fiscal 2020#
Nirmal Jain^	20.11	86.72	80.01	86.97
R Venkataraman*	-	-	-	5.50

[#]Inclusive of charge towards Gratuity / leave liability.

Remuneration paid by Subsidiary and associate companies to the Directors

Except Mr. Arun Kumar Purwar, who is appointed as Independent Director in IIFL Home Finance Limited pursuant to provisions of Regulation 24 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, has received the sitting fees amounting to ₹3,10,000 during the Fiscal 2022 from IIFL Home Finance Limited (subsidiary of the Company), none of our Directors have received any remuneration from Subsidiary and Associate companies.

The terms of remuneration of the Executive Directors are as below:

1. Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain, Managing Director

The following sets forth Terms of Remuneration of Mr. Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain, Managing Director appointed with effect from April 01, 2022. The following terms of remuneration has been approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on June 09, 2022 and the same will be placed before the Shareholders of the Company at the ensuing Annual General Meeting for their approval.

- Basic salary of Rs. 6 million per month subject to change as may be proposed by the NRC/Board from time to time.
- b) Housing/HRA: He shall be entitled to a Company provided house or house rent allowance of 20% of basic salary if house owned by him but furnished by the Company or house rent allowance of 50% of basic salary if house owned and furnished by himself.
- c) Leave Travel: Expenses for him and his family, once in a year subject to a maximum of one month's basic salary.
- d) Other benefits: In addition to the above, he will be entitled to claim reimbursement of expenses on account of residence telephones, two cars, business promotion, entertainment, professional development and traveling, full re-imbursement of the education expenses of his children and other incidental expenses incurred in the normal course of the Company's business, full medical expenses incurred for self and his family, including premium for medical insurance or any other benefit as approved by the NRC. Other benefits will be subject to a maximum of Rs. 2.50 Million per month.

[^]Till Fiscal 2020, the entire remuneration was paid by the subsidiary of the Company i.e. India Infoline Finance Limited which got merged with the Company w.e.f March 30, 2020 under the Composite Scheme of Arrangement approved by the Hon'ble NCLT vide its Order dated March 07, 2019.

^{*}Mr. R Venkataraman who was paid remuneration upto May 14, 2019 by the subsidiary of the Company i.e. India Infoline Finance Limited which got merged with the Company w.e.f March 30, 2020 under the Composite Scheme of Arrangement approved by the Hon'ble NCLT vide its Order dated March 07, 2019. Mr. R Venkataraman was also appointed as the Managing Director of IIFL Securities Limited, one of the group company w.e.f May 15, 2019 and thereafter his entire Remuneration was paid by IIFL Securities Limited.

- e) Increment: Board/NRC can determine the remuneration on an annual basis subject to increment not exceeding 25% p.a. of basic salary, allowances and perquisites.
- f) Commission: He shall be paid commission as permissible under the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and as determined by the Board/NRC from time to time. In addition, he will be eligible for contribution to provident funds, gratuity and superannuation and leave encashment as per the rules of the Company.
- g) Other terms: He shall not be paid any sitting fees or any other salary for attending Meetings of the Board of Directors or Committees thereof.
 - In case of absence or inadequacy of profit in any financial year, the aforesaid remuneration and perquisites shall be paid to Mr. Nirmal Jain as minimum remuneration, subject to provisions of the Act.
- h) Termination of Employment:
 - This employment shall be deemed to be terminated on the occurrence of death, on expiration of tenure, permanent disability or on resignation, the notice period will be as per the Company's Policy.
 - In the event of termination for any of the reasons specified above, he or his Nominee(s) shall be entitled to receive as a lump sum severance payment, a sum equal to 5 times the annual salary including allowances and perquisites.

2. R Venkataraman, Joint Managing Director

Mr. R Venkataraman is also a Managing Director of IIFL Securities Limited, an IIFL group company. He is drawing his entire remuneration from IIFL Securities Limited and not drawing any remuneration from the Company.

Remuneration of Non-Executive and Independent Directors

The Non-Executive Independent Directors are paid remuneration by way of sitting fees, commission and other expenses (travelling, boarding and lodging incurred for attending the Board/Committee meetings). The Non-Executive Non-Independent Directors are not paid any sitting fees.

With effect from October 1, 2020 the Company shall pay sitting fees of ₹1,00,000 (Rupees One Lakh only) per meeting to Non – Executive Independent Directors for attending meetings of the Board and Audit Committee and ₹ 30,000 (Rupees Thirty Thousand only) per meeting for attending other Committee meetings plus reimbursement directly related to the actual travel and out-of-pocket expenses, if any, incurred by them. Except the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee meetings for which there is no sitting fees is payable.

Before October 01, 2020 the Company was paying sitting fees of ₹ 30,000 (Rupees Thirty Thousand only) per meeting to the Non-Executive Independent Directors for attending meetings of the Board and Audit Committee and ₹ 15,000 (Rupees Fifteen Thousand only) towards attending each of the other committee meetings plus reimbursement directly related to the actual travel and out-of-pocket expenses, if any, incurred by them. Except the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee meetings for which there is no sitting fees is payable.

Apart from above, the Non-Executive Independent Directors are eligible for commission as approved by the shareholders of the Company at the Annual General Meeting held on June 30, 2021. The amount of commission is based on the overall financial performance of the Company and Board of Directors. The commission payable to the Non-Executive Independent Directors of the Company is as recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and as decided by the Board of the Company from time to time provided it does not exceed one percent of the net profit of the Company for the respective year.

The following table sets forth all compensation recorded by the Company to the Non-Executive Independent Directors for quarter ended June 30, 2022 and in financial years ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020, by our Company:

(in ₹ million)

Name of Director	For three months ended June 30, 2022		March 31	, 2022	March 31, 2021		March 31, 2020	
	Commission	Sitting Fees	Commission	Sitting Fees	Commission	Sitting Fees	Commission	Sitting Fees*
Nilesh Vikamsey	-	0.49	0.50	1.94	-	1.56	1.00	1.2

Name of Director	For three months ended June 30, 2022		March 31	, 2022	March 31, 2021 March 31, 2		1, 2020	
	Commission	Sitting Fees	Commission	Sitting Fees	Commission	Sitting Fees	Commission	Sitting Fees*
Geeta Mathur	-	0.73	0.50	1.88	-	1.41	1.00	1.005
Arun Kumar Purwar	-	0.72	1.10	1.07	-	0.88	1.00	0.39
Kranti Sinha#	N.A.	N.A.	-	1	-	1	-	0.195
S Narayan#	N.A.	N.A.	-	1	-	1	-	0.12
Vijay Kumar Chopra ^{##}	-	0.72	0.50	2.00	-	1.51	1.00	1.23
Mr. Vibhore Sharma \$	-	0.50	0.375	0.66	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mr. Ramakrishnan Subramanian \$	-	0.60	0.285	0.40	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nagarajan Srinivasan**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Notes:

Terms of Appointment of Independent Directors

1. Appointment

Appointment will be for a term of five years from the date of appointment unless terminated earlier or extended, as per the provisions of this letter or applicable laws ("**Term**"). As an Independent Director you will not be liable to retire by rotation.

Re-appointment for another term of maximum period of five years at the end of the current term shall be based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and subject to the approval of the Board and the shareholders by way of Special Resolution. Your reappointment would be considered by the Board based on the outcome of the performance evaluation process and you continuing to meet the independence criteria.

2. Role, duties and responsibilities

As member of the Board you along with the other Directors will be collectively responsible for ensuring the objectives of the Board which include:

- a) The Company ensuring the requirements under the Companies Act, 2013
- b) Responsibilities of the Board as outlined in the Corporate Governance requirements as prescribed by Stock Exchanges under the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI LODR Regulations
- c) Accountability under the Directors' Responsibility Statement,
- d) Overseeing the maintenance of high standards of company's values and ethical conduct of business,

^{*}The sitting fees includes the fees paid as Independent Director of India Infoline Finance Limited for its Committees and Board Meetings attended.

[#] Mr. Kranti Sinha and Mr. S Narayan ceased to be Directors w.e.f. May 21, 2019.

^{##} Mr. Vijay Kumar Chopra was appointed as Independent Director w.e.f. May 21, 2019 and subsequently his appointment was approved by the shareholders at the 24th Annual General Meeting of the Company held on September 30, 2019.

^{\$} Mr. Vibhore Sharma was appointed as Independent Director w.e.f. July 01, 2021 and Mr. Ramakrishnan Subramanian was appointed as Independent Director w.e.f. September 06, 2021 and subsequently their appointment was approved by the shareholders at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on September 30, 2021.

^{**} Nagarajan Srinivasan was the Non-Executive Non-Independent Director of the Company and was not paid any Sitting fees and Commission.

- e) Reviewing the business plan, model and monitoring the action plan,
- f) Overseeing the Company's contribution to enhancing the corporate social responsibility
- g) Act not in a manner that unfairly obstructs the functioning of the board and its committees
- f) Strive to attend all meetings of the board and its committees
- g) Abide by the 'Code for Independent Directors' as outlined in Schedule IV to section 149(8) of the 2013 Act, and duties of directors as provided in the 2013 Act (including Section 166) and under the SEBI LODR Regulations, as may be applicable from time to time.

3. Time Commitment

You shall devote such time as is prudent and necessary for the proper performance of your role, duties and responsibilities as an Independent Director.

4. Remuneration

As an Independent Director you shall be paid sitting fees for attending the meetings of the Board and the Committees of which you are a member as fixed by the Board from time to time.

In addition to the sitting fees, you may be eligible for commission as may be decided by the Board subject to the necessary approval of the shareholders of the Company.

Further, the Company may pay or reimburse to you such reasonable travel, hotel or other related expenditure, as may have been incurred by you while performing your role as an Independent Director of the Company. This could include reimbursement of expenditure incurred by you for attending Board/ Committee meetings, Annual General Meetings, Extraordinary General Meetings, court convened meetings, meetings with shareholders/ creditors/ management, induction and training (organized by the Company for Directors) and in obtaining, subject to prior consultation with the Board, professional advice from independent advisors in the furtherance of your duties as an Independent Director.

5. Insurance

The Company has obtained Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance policy and you will be covered under the same.

6. Code of Conduct

As an Independent Director of the Company, you agree to comply with the Code of Conduct for Non-Executive Directors (NEDs). For your reference, the Code of Conduct for Non-Executive Directors is outlined below:

- a) Non-Executive Directors of a Company will always act in the interest of the Company and ensure that any other business or personal association which they may have, does not involve any conflict of interest with the operations of the Company and his/ her role therein,
- b) Non-Executive Directors will comply with all applicable laws and regulations of all the relevant regulatory and other authorities as may be applicable to such Directors in their individual capacities,
- c) Non-Executive Directors will strictly safeguard the confidentiality of all information received by them by virtue of their position.
- d) Unless specifically authorised by the Company, you shall not disclose company and business information to public constituencies such as the media, the financial community, employees, shareholders, agents, franchisees, dealers, distributors and importers.
- e) Your obligation of confidentiality shall survive termination or cessation of your directorship with the Company.

f) We would also like to draw your attention to the applicability of both, Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992 and the Code of Conduct on Prevention of Insider Trading Policy, prohibiting disclosure or use of unpublished price sensitive information.

Additionally, you shall not participate in any business activity which might impede the application of your independent judgment in the best interest of the Company. You are required to sign a confirmation of acceptance of the Code of Conduct for NEDs on annual basis.

7. Familiarization program

The Company shall, if required, conduct formal familiarization program for its Independent Directors.

8. Performance Appraisal / Evaluation Process

As a member of the Board, your performance as well as the performance of the entire Board and its Committees shall be evaluated annually. Evaluation of each director shall be done by all the other directors. The criteria for evaluation shall be determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and disclosed in the Company's Annual Report.

However, the actual evaluation process shall remain confidential and shall be a constructive mechanism to improve the effectiveness of the Board / Committee.

9. Disclosures, other directorships and business interests

During the Term, you agree to promptly notify the Company of any change in your directorships, and provide such other disclosures and information as may be required under the applicable laws. You also agree that upon becoming aware of any potential conflict of interest with your position as Independent Director of the Company, you shall promptly disclose the same to the Chairman and the Company Secretary. Please confirm that as on date of this letter, you have no such conflict of interest issues with your existing directorships. Further, you are required to obtain prior consent of the Company in case you intent to join the board of any companies engaged in the same sphere of activities that of IIFL group.

During your term, you agree to promptly provide a declaration under Section 149(7) of the 2013 Act, every year and upon any change in circumstances within 20 days which may affect your status as an Independent Director.

10. Changes of personal details

During the term, you shall promptly intimate the Company Secretary and the Registrar of Companies in the prescribed manner, of any change in address or other contact and personal details provided to the Company.

11. Termination

Your directorship on the Board of the Company shall terminate or cease in accordance with law. Apart from the grounds of termination as specified in the 2013 Act, your directorship may be terminated in case of violation of any provision of the Code of Conduct as applicable to Non-Executive Directors.

You may resign from the directorship of the Company by giving a notice in writing to the Company stating the reasons for resignation and also to Registrar of Companies (RoC). The resignation shall take effect from the date on which the notice is received by the Company or the date, if any, specified by you in the notice, whichever is later.

If at any stage during the Term, there is a change that may affect your status as an Independent Director as envisaged in Section 149(6) of the 2013 Act or, if applicable, you fail to meet the criteria for "independence" under the provisions of the SEBI LODR Regulations, you agree to promptly submit your resignation to the Company with effect from the date of such change.

12. Co-operation

In the event of any claim or litigation against the Company, based upon any alleged conduct, act or omission on your part during your Term, you agree to render all reasonable assistance and cooperation to the Company and provide such information and documents as are necessary and reasonably requested by the Company or its counsel.

13. Miscellaneous

This letter represents the entire understanding, and constitutes the whole agreement, in relation to your appointment and supersedes any previous agreement between yourself and the Company with respect thereto and, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, excludes any warranty, condition or other undertaking implied at law or by custom.

No waiver or modification of this letter shall be valid unless made in writing and signed by you and the Company.

As per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Clause 49 of the Listing Agreement, the terms of this letter along with your detailed profile shall be disclosed on the website of the Company and the relevant stock exchange.

Confirmations

- None of our Directors have been restrained or prohibited or debarred from accessing the securities market or dealing in securities by SEBI.
- None of our directors is a promoter or director of another company which is debarred from accessing the securities
 market or dealing in securities by the SEBI.
- None of our Directors have been identified as a 'Wilful Defaulter', as defined under SEBI NCS Regulations.
- None of our Directors is, or was, a director or person in control of any company which has been or was delisted from any recognised stock exchange within a period of ten years preceding the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, in accordance with Chapter V of the SEBI (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021.
- None of the Directors of our Company interested in the appointment of or acting as lead managers, credit rating agency(ies), underwriter, registrar, debenture trustee, advertising agency, printers, banker to the Issue or any other such intermediary appointed in connection with the Issue.

We confirm that the PAN of the Directors of the Company has been submitted to the Stock Exchange at the time of filing this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

Changes in the Board of Directors during the last three years preceding the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus:

Name of Director, Designation and DIN	Appointment / Resignation/ Change in Designation	Date of Appointment / Resignation	Director of the Company since (in case of resignation)	Remarks (if any)
Vijay Kumar Chopra	Appointment	May 21, 2019	-	-
Designation: Independent Director				
DIN: 02103940				
Nagarajan Srinivasan	Appointment	May 21, 2019	-	-
Designation: Non-Executive Director				
DIN: 01480303				
Kranti Sinha	Resignation	May 21, 2019	January 27,	-
Designation: Independent Director			2005	
DIN: 00001643				
Subbaraman Narayan	Resignation	May 21, 2019	August 1, 2012	-
Designation: Independent Director				

Name of Director, Designation and DIN	Appointment / Resignation/ Change in Designation	Date of Appointment / Resignation	Director of the Company since (in case of resignation)	Remarks (if any)
DIN: 00094081				
Nagarajan Srinivasan Designation: Non-Executive Director DIN: 01480303	Resignation	June 15, 2021	May 21, 2019	-
Vibhore Sharma Designation: Independent Director DIN: 03314559	Appointment	July 1, 2021		-
Ramakrishnan Subramanian Designation: Independent Director DIN: 02192747	Appointment	September 6, 2021		-
Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain Designation: Managing Director DIN: 00010535	Appointment	April 01, 2022	-	Appointed as Managing Director of the Company w.e.f. April 01, 2022
R Venkataraman Designation: Joint Managing Director DIN: 00011919	Change in designation	April 01, 2022	-	Designation of Mr. R Venkataraman has been changed from Managing Director to Joint Managing Director

Interest of the Directors

All the directors of our Company, including our independent directors, may be deemed to be interested to the extent of fees, if any, payable to them for attending meetings of the Board or a committee thereof as well as to the extent of other remuneration and reimbursement of expenses payable to them. All the Non-Executive Independent Directors of our Company are entitled to sitting fees for every meeting of the Board or a committee thereof except the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee meetings for which no sitting fees is payable. The Executive Directors of our Company are interested to the extent of remuneration paid for services rendered, if any, as an officer or employee of our Company. The Non-Executive Non-Independent Director(s) are not paid any sitting fees and/or commission.

All the directors of our Company, including independent directors, may also be deemed to be interested to the extent of Equity Shares, if any, held by them or by companies, firms and trusts in which they are interested as directors, partners, members or trustees and also to the extent of any dividend payable to them and other distributions in respect of the said Equity Shares.

All our Directors may be deemed to be interested in the contracts, agreements/arrangements entered into or to be entered into by our Company with any company in which they hold directorships or any partnership firm in which they are partners as declared in their respective declarations. Except as otherwise stated in this Draft Shelf Prospectus and statutory registers maintained by our Company in this regard, our Company has not entered into any contract, agreements or arrangements during the preceding two years from the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus in which the directors are interested directly or indirectly and no payments have been made to them in respect of these contracts, agreements or arrangements which are proposed to be made with them. Our Company's directors have not taken any loan from our Company.

As on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, our Directors have not taken any loan from our Company. Except as disclosed in the Section "Financial Information" on page 185 none of our Directors may be deemed to be interested to the extent of consideration received/paid or any loans or advances provided to anybody corporate, including companies, firms, and trusts, in which they are interested as directors, members, partners or trustees.

None of our Directors are interested in their capacity as a member of any firm or company and no sums have been paid or are proposed to be paid to any Director or to such firm of company in which he is interested, by any person, in cash or shares or otherwise, either to induce them to become, or to help them qualify as a director, or otherwise for services rendered by him or by such firm or company, in connection with the promotion or formation of our Company.

None of our Directors' relatives have been appointed to an office or place of profit.

Except as disclosed hereinabove and the section titled "Risk Factors" page 18, the Directors do not have an interest in any venture that is involved in any activities similar to those conducted by our Company.

Except as stated in the section titled "Financial Information" on page 185 and to the extent of compensation and commission if any, and their shareholding in our Company, our Directors do not have any other interest in our business.

Our Directors have no interest in any immovable property acquired or proposed to be acquired by the Company in the preceding two years of filing this Draft Shelf Prospectus with the Stock Exchanges nor do they have any interest in any transaction regarding the acquisition of land, construction of buildings and supply of machinery, etc. with respect to the Company.

Shareholding of Directors

As on June 30, 2022, none of our Directors hold any qualification shares in our Company.

Details of the shares held in the Company by the Directors, as on June 30, 2022 are provided in the table given below:

S. No.	Name of the Director, Designation and DIN	No. of Equity Shares of ₹ 2 each	% of total shares of our Company
1.	Mr. Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain Designation: Managing Director ¹ DIN: 00010535	4,77,19,154	12.57
2.	Mr. R Venkataraman Designation: Joint Managing Director ² DIN: 00011919	1,09,84,432	2.89
3.	Mr. Nilesh Vikamsey Designation: Independent Director DIN: 00031213	1,65,000	0.04
4.	Mr. Arun Kumar Purwar Designation: Chairman & Independent Director ³ DIN: 00026383	95,000	0.03

^{1.} Appointed as Managing Director of the Company w.e.f. April 01, 2022.

As on June 30, 2022, none of our Directors hold any stock options of our Company.

Details of the shares held in Subsidiary Company by the Directors, as on June 30, 2022 are provided in the table given below. Further, our Company does not have associate company as on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus:

As of the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, none of our Directors hold any shares in our Subsidiary companies and any associate company.

Borrowing Powers of the Board:

Pursuant to resolution passed by the shareholders of our Company at their AGM held on September 30, 2019 and in accordance with provisions of Section 180 (1)(c) and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Articles of Association the Board has been authorised to borrow sums of money as they may deem necessary for the purpose of the business of our Company, which together with the monies already borrowed by our Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from our Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business), may exceed at any time, the

² Change in Designation to Joint Managing Director w.e.f. April 01, 2022.

³ Appointed as the Chairman of the Board w.e.f. April 01, 2022.

aggregate of the paid-up capital of our Company and its free reserves (that is to say, reserves, not set apart for any specific purposes) by a sum not exceeding ₹ 350,000 million.

Debenture holding of Directors

None of our Directors hold any debentures in our Company as on June 30, 2022.

Key Managerial Personnel

Rajesh Rajak, the Chief Financial Officer comes with more than 23 years of work experience in the Financial Sector. Prior to this, he was working as Senior Vice President with HDFC Bank Ltd., where he has been for the past 14 years, heading the Business Finance function across all business of the Bank. Mr. Rajesh has also worked with IDBI Bank, Union National Bank- UAE and Ernst & Young.

Sneha Patwardhan, the Company Secretary & Compliance Officer, is a qualified member of the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, a Law Graduate and Post Graduate in Commerce. She has around 14 years of experience in the field of Secretarial, Compliance, Legal, Corporate Advisory, Corporate Governance and Mergers & Acquisitions. Prior to joining IIFL, she was part of the General Corporate Law Practice at Cyril Amarchand Mangaldas.

Apart from the Key Managerial Personnel's of our Company as disclosed above, Nirmal Jain and R. Venkataraman are also the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their profiles are stated in this section under the head "Brief profiles / particulars of the Directors of the Company".

Corporate Governance

We are in compliance with the requirements in relation to the composition of the Board of Directors and constitution of Committees such as Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Corporate Social Responsibility Committee, Stakeholders' Relationship Committee and Risk Management Committee as mandated under the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Pursuant to Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 and as amended from time to time, all NBFC-ND-SIs are required to adhere to certain corporate governance norms including constitution of Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Asset Liability Management Committee, Risk Management committee, IT Strategy Committee and certain other norms in connection with disclosure and transparency and connected lending. Our Company is in compliance with these corporate governance requirements.

Committees of the Board

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was last reconstituted vide a resolution passed by the Board on April 28, 2022. As on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, it comprises of:

Name	Designation	Nature of Directorship
Nilesh Vikamsey	Chairman	Independent Director
Geeta Mathur	Member	Independent Director
Arun Kumar Purwar	Member	Independent Director
Ramakrishnan Subramanian	Member	Independent Director

The scope of the Audit Committee includes the references made under Regulation 18 read with Part C of Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as well as Section 177 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 besides the other terms that may be referred by the Board and RBI Master Directions. The broad terms of reference of the Audit Committee are:

i) Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;

- ii) Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company;
- iii) Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditor;
- iv) Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - a) Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013;
 - b) Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
 - c) Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
 - d) Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
 - e) Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
 - f) Disclosure of any Related Party Transactions;
 - g) Modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report.
- v) Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval;
- vi) Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses/application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, right issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/ prospectus/notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilization of proceeds of a public or rights issue and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter;
- vii) Review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
- viii) Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties;
- ix) Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- x) Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary;
- xi) Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- xii) Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;
- xiii) Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit:
- xiv) Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up thereon;
- xv) Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters
- xvi) where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure or internal control systems or a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board;
- xvii) Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- xviii) To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- xix) To review the functioning of the Whistle Blower Mechanism;
- (xix) Approval of appointment of CFO (i.e., the whole-time Finance Director or any other person

heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate:

- (xx) Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee;
- (xxi) Reviewing the utilization of loans and / or advances from / investment by the Company in

its subsidiaries exceeding rupees 100 Crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever

is lower including existing loans / advances / investments existing;

(xxii) Reviewing the following information:

- a) Management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
- b) Management letters/letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
- c) Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses; and
- d) The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Internal Auditor shall be subject to review by the Audit Committee.
- e) Statement of deviations:
 - i. Quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to Stock Exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 32(1).
 - ii. Annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/prospectus/notice in terms of Regulation 32(7).
- (xxiii) Consider and comment on rationale, cost-benefits and impact of schemes involving merger, demerger, amalgamation etc., on the listed entity and its shareholders.
- (xxiv) Responsibility under Risk Based Internal Audit pursuant to RBI Circular dated February 03, 2021:

- a) Primarily responsible for overseeing IA function
- b) Approve RBIA Policy defining purpose, authority & responsibility with demarcating roles & responsibilities for IA & Risk Management function.
- c) Approve RBIA plan ensuring coverage of all risks with defined time lines
- d) Review of Audit Function atleast annually
- e) Promote use of new audit technologies / tools
- f) Periodic review of RBIA policy
- g) Developing effective audit function for providing quality assurance on the internal control mechanism.
- h) Understanding the risk assessment methodology and approving the audit plan
- i) Ensuring the adequate audit coverage to monitor compliance with policies and procedures.
- j) Approving the audit charter.
- k) Receiving the audit reports and deliberating on action plans to enhance the internal control environment.
- l) Discussing status of (key) open issues from the previous audits and remediation action steps taken by the management.
- m) Assessing the performance of IAF. The AC should also periodically assess the performance of risk based internal audits for its reliability, accuracy and objectivity.
- n) Review the findings identified in the RBI Inspection report and other regulatory inspections (SEBI/Audit/Exchange Audit) and follow up on corrective actions.
- o) Review the key findings in the monthly Concurrent Audit Reports.
- p) Review the key audit findings with the entity Audit Committees; analyse potential impact and remediation plans.
- q) To formulate and maintain a quality assurance and improvement programme that covers all aspects of the internal audit function.

Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee was last reconstituted vide a resolution passed by the Board on June 15, 2021. As on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, it comprises:

Name	Designation	Nature of Directorship
Vijay Kumar Chopra	Chairman	Independent Director
Arun Kumar Purwar	Member	Independent Director
Nilesh Vikamsey	Member	Independent Director

The scope of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee includes the references made under Regulation 19 read with Part C of Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 well as Section 178 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 besides the other terms that may be referred by the Board and RBI Master Directions. The broad terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are:

- (i) Succession planning of the Board of Directors and Senior Management Employees;
- (ii) Identifying and selection of candidates for appointment as Directors/Independent Directors based on certain laid down criteria:
- (iii) Identifying potential individuals for appointment as Key Managerial Personnel and to other Senior Management positions;
- (iv) Formulate and review from time to time the policy for selection and appointment of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and senior management employees and their remuneration;
- (v) Review the performance of the Board of Directors and Senior Management Employees based
- on certain criteria as approved by the Board. In reviewing the overall remuneration of the Board of Directors and Senior Management, the Committee ensures that the remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate the best managerial talent, it also ensures that the relationship of remuneration to performance is clear, that the performance meets the appropriate performance benchmarks and that the remuneration involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay, reflecting the short- term and long- term objectives of the Company;
- (vi) Devising a policy on diversity of Board of Directors;
- (vii) Administer, monitor and formulate detailed terms and conditions of the employees' stock option scheme;
- (viii) Recommend to the Board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management.
- (ix) Ensure 'fit and proper' status of proposed/ existing directors as per RBI guidelines.

- (x) Evaluate the balance of skills, knowledge and experience on the Board and on the basis of such evaluation, prepare a description of the role and capabilities required of an independent director, at the time of every appointment of independent director. For the purpose of identifying suitable candidates:
 - a. may use the services of an external agency if required;
 - b. may consider candidates from a wide range of backgrounds, having due regard to diversity; and
 - c. may consider the time commitments of the candidates.

Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee was last reconstituted vide a resolution passed by the Board on May 6, 2021. As on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, it comprises:

Name	Designation	Nature of Directorship
Arun Kumar Purwar	Chairman	Independent Director
Vijay Kumar Chopra	Member	Independent Director
R Venkataraman	Member	Joint Managing Director

The scope of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee includes the references made under Regulation 20 read with Part D of Schedule II of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as well as Section 178 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 besides the other terms that may be referred by the Board. The broad terms of reference of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee are:

- 1. Approval of transfer/ transmission of shares/ debentures and such other securities as may be issued by the Company from time to time;
- 2. Approval to issue of duplicate share certificates for shares/ debentures and other securities reported lost, defaced or destroyed, as per the laid down procedure;
- 3. Approval to issue new certificates against subdivision of shares, renewal, split or consolidation of share certificates/ certificates relating to other securities;
- 4. Approval to issue and allot right shares/ bonus shares pursuant to a Rights Issue/ Bonus Issue made by the Company, subject to such approvals as may be required;
- To approve and monitor dematerialization of shares/ debentures/ other securities and all matters incidental or related thereto:
- 6. Monitoring expeditious redressal of investors/ stakeholders grievances;
- 7. Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders;
- 8. Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the listed entity in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent;
- 9. Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the listed entity for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/ statutory notices by the shareholders of the Company;
- 10. All other matters incidental or related to shares, debentures and other securities of the Company.

Risk Management Committee

The Risk Management Committee was last reconstituted vide a resolution passed by the Board on April 28, 2022. As on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, it comprises:

Name	Designation	Nature of Directorship
Geeta Mathur	Chairperson	Independent Director
Nilesh Vikamsey	Member	Independent Director
Ramakrishnan Subramanian	Member	Independent Director
R Venkataraman	Member	Joint Managing Director
Sanjeev Srivastava	Member	Chief Risk Officer

The scope of the Risk Management Committee includes references made under Regulation 21 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and RBI Master Directions. The broad terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee are as under:

- 1. Reviewing risks including cyber security and evaluating the treatment including initiating mitigation actions;
- 2. To monitor and review the overall risk management plan of the Company including liquidity risk;
- 3. To ensure there is an embedded, robust process in place throughout the Company to identify, assess, mitigate and report business risks with clear lines of ownership;
- 4. To drive and co-ordinate risk management process covering all areas of risk (including operational, strategic, financial, commercial, regulatory, reputational etc);
- 5. To ensure that the business risk strategy and management processes comply with applicable regulatory requirements and corporate governance principles;
- 6. To ensure that the business risk management principles and processes are widely understood across the Company through adequate induction, training and awareness programmes;
- 7. To periodically monitor and review Company's key business risks and risk mitigation plans, and advise the Board of business risks which could materially impact Company's delivery of its business plans, strategy, and reputation, if left untreated:
- 8. To monitor external developments in the business environment which may have an adverse impact on Company's risk profile, and make recommendations, as appropriate;
- 9. To sponsor specialist reviews of key risk areas as appropriate;
- 10. To report to the Board on key risks, risk management performance and the effectiveness of internal controls;
- 11. To constitute operating risk management committee and delegate such powers to it as may be deemed necessary;
- 12. To formulate a detailed risk management policy which shall include:
 - a) A framework for identification of internal and external risks specifically faced by the Company, in particular including financial, operational, sectoral, sustainability (particularly, ESG related risks), information, cyber security risks or any other risk as may be determined by the Committee.
 - b) Measures for risk mitigation including systems and processes for internal control of identified risks.
 - c) Business continuity plan.
- 13. To ensure that appropriate methodology, processes and systems are in place to monitor and evaluate risks associated with the business of the Company;
- 14. To monitor and oversee implementation of the risk management policy, including evaluating the adequacy of risk management systems;
- 15. To periodically review the risk management policy, at least once in two years, including by considering the changing industry dynamics and evolving complexity;
- 16. To keep the board of directors informed about the nature and content of its discussions, recommendations and actions to be taken;
- 17. To review the appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Risk Officer (if any).
- 18. To seek information from any employee, obtain outside legal or other professional advice and secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it required.
- 19. Any other matter as may be mandated/referred by the Authority/Board.

Corporate Social Responsibility Committee ("CSR Committee")

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee was reconstituted vide a resolution passed by the Board on April 28, 2022. As on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, it comprises:

Name	Designation	Nature of Directorship
Vibhore Sharma	Chairman	Independent Director
Vijay Kumar Chopra	Member	Independent Director
Nilesh Vikamsey	Member	Independent Director
R Venkataraman	Member	Joint Managing Director

The scope of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee includes references made under the provisions of the Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. The broad terms of reference of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee are as under:

- 1. To review the existing CSR Policy indicating activities to be undertaken as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013. The CSR policy of the Company may be accessed on the website of the company i.e. www.iifl.com
- 2. To provide guidance on various CSR activities and to monitor the same.

Asset Liability Management Committee ("ALCO")

The Asset Liability Management Committee was last reconstituted vide a resolution passed by the Board on April 28, 2022. As on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, it comprises:

Name	Designation	Nature of Directorship
R Venkataraman	Chairman	Joint Managing Director
Vijay Kumar Chopra	Member	Independent Director
Arun Kumar Purwar	Member	Independent Director
Ramakrishnan Subramanian	Member	Independent Director
Rajesh Rajak	Member	Chief Financial Officer
Sanjeev Srivastava	Member	Chief Risk Officer
Govind Modani	Member	VP Treasury

The scope of the ALCO includes the references made under RBI Master Directions. The broad terms of reference of the ALCO are:

- 1. Ensuring adherence to the limits set by the Board as well as for deciding the business strategy of the Company (on the assets and liabilities sides) in line with the Company's budget and decided risk management objectives;
- 2. Prepare forecasts (simulations) showing the effects of various possible changes in market conditions related to the balance sheet and recommend the action needed to adhere to Company's internal limits;
- 3. Ensure that the Company operates within the limits / parameters set by the Board;
- 4. ALCO would also articulate the current interest rate view of the Company and base its decisions for future business strategy on this view;
- 5. Measuring and managing liquidity needs and ensure Company's ability to meet its liabilities as they become due, liquidity management can reduce probability of an adverse situation developing;
- 6. Present to the Board statement of assets and liabilities;
- 7. Update Board on various assets and securitization of mortgage loans, commercial vehicle & gold loans;
- 8. Recommending Board about the viable source of finance to cater fund requirements of the Company;
- 9. Any other matter as may be mandated/referred by the Authority/Board.

Finance Committee

The Finance Committee was last reconstituted vide a resolution passed by the Board on January 29, 2021. As on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, it comprises:

Name	Designation	Nature of Directorship
R Venkataraman	Chairman	Joint Managing Director
Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain	Member	Managing Director
Rajesh Rajak	Member	Chief Financial Officer
Sanjeev Srivastava	Member	Chief Risk Officer

The terms of reference of the Finance Committee inter alia includes the following:

- 1. To borrow funds for and on behalf of the Company up to the maximum amount as determined by the Board of Directors of the Company from time to time.
- 2. To invest funds of the Company from time to time in equity shares, preference shares, debt securities, bonds, whether listed or unlisted, secured or unsecured, fixed deposits, units of mutual fund, security receipts, securities, etc taking into consideration all investment parameters subject to such amount and limits as provided in the Investment policy of the Company and any amount above this said amount shall require the approval of Board at its Board Meeting;

- 3. To allot securities of the Company including equity shares, preference shares, debt securities, bonds, etc from time to time:
- 4. To enter into derivative transactions viz. Generic and/ or Structured derivative transactions on behalf of the Company subject to condition that structured derivative shall not have any naked position.
- 5. To enter into securitization/assignment transaction/s in the name of Company in terms of RBI Guidelines.
- 6. To borrow funds for meeting short term requirements of funds of the Company by issuing Commercial Paper.
- 7. To authorize various persons from time to time to open, operate and close Bank Accounts, Demat Accounts, Trading Account, Subsidiary General Ledger Account, Constituent Subsidiary General Ledger Account, Gilt Account, Custodian Account in the name of the Company;
- 8. Addition / Substitution / Withdrawal of the Signatories from time to time to operate the Bank Accounts, Demat Accounts, Trading Account, Subsidiary General Ledger Account, Constituent Subsidiary General Ledger Account, Gilt Account, Custodian Account, etc necessitated on account of change in, relocation or separation of employees;
- 9. To avail various value added services from the Banks for operation of account(s) held with the Banks including but not limited to cash management services, internet banking, operation of the accounts by fax or such other mode as may be feasible from time to time;
- 10. To authorize various persons from time to time for various operational purposes including signing of master loan agreements, loan documents, subscription agreement, escrow agreements, security documents, term sheets, non-disclosure agreement, other agreements, sanction letter, power of attorney, plaints, notices, applications, documents, submissions, instructions, etc;
- 11. To authorize various persons from time to time to perform various acts under the Loan Agreements or Documents, Power of Attorney(s) executed by the borrowers in favor of the Company, to open and operate bank and demat accounts on behalf of the borrower and to generally act under the said Power of Attorney(s);
- 12. To authorize various persons from time to time to sanction loans under various financial products and matters pertaining to credit, risk, release of collateral, sale of collateral, signing and execution of loan document, etc;
- 13. To authorize various persons from time to time to sign the Vakalatnamas, Plaints, Applications, Replies, Written Statements, Affidavits and other paper/documents in the legal proceedings, appeals etc filed by the Company or against the Company and to appear before the Court, Tribunal and other Judicial/Quasi Judicial bodies, Local Authority and other Government Authorities;
- 14. To avail guarantee from companies, body corporates and any person from time to time in connection with a loan, financial assistance, etc availed by the Company from Bank, Financial Institution, Non-Banking Financial Companies, other body corporates, etc;
- 15. To avail security from Companies, body corporates and any person from time to time to be provided as collateral/security in connection with a loan, financial assistance, etc availed by the Company from Bank, Financial Institution, Non-Banking Financial Companies, other body corporates, etc;
- 16. To offer assurances on behalf of other Companies, body corporates and any person from time to time, in the form of guarantee, security, undertakings, letters (including without limitation, letter of comfort), deeds, declarations or any other instruments in connection with loan availed by them from Bank, Financial Institution, Non-Banking Financial Companies, other body corporates, etc upto such limit, if applicable, as delegated / decided by the Board from time to time;
- 17. To appoint Direct Selling Agent (DSA) for sourcing the business, fix criteria for selecting DSA, adopt code of conduct for DSAs and lay down guidelines for outsourcing;
- 18. To authorize various persons from time to time to act as a representative of the Company in respect of a) the investments in shares, securities, debentures, instruments, etc held by the Company; and b) companies to which Company is a creditor and to do the following:-
 - (i) To attend the general meetings & meetings of the creditors;
 - (ii) To sign proxy form, postal ballot form, shorter consent notice, consent for dispensation from holding meeting in case of Merger and Amalgamation and other documents;
 - (iii) To exchange correspondence & communication with the Investee companies, companies to which the Company is a creditor;
 - (iv) Approving the request of transfer and transmission of securities of the Company; and
 - (v) Approving the request for issue of duplicate Security certificate, split Security certificates, etc.
- 19. To write off/ waivers and settlement cases involving POS/interest of ₹ 25 Lakhs to ₹ 1 Crore.
- 20. Powers relating to issuance and allotment of Debentures:
 - (a) To determine terms and conditions and number of debentures to be issued.

- (b) Determining timing, nature, type, pricing and such other terms and conditions of the issue including coupon rate, minimum subscription, retention of oversubscription, if any and early redemption thereof.
- (c) To approve and make changes to the Draft Shelf Prospectus, to approve the Final Shelf Prospectus, and Tranche Prospectus including any corrigendum, amendments supplements thereto, and the issue thereof.
- (d) To identify the select group of persons to whom the debentures shall be issued & allotted.
- (e) To do all such acts, deeds and things which the Board is empowered to do as per Section 42 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules framed thereunder, as may be necessary or expedient, from time to time.
- (f) To approve all other matters relating to the issue and do all such acts, deeds, matters and things including execution of all such deeds, documents, instruments, applications and writings as it may, at its discretion, deem necessary and desirable for such purpose including without limitation the utilization of the issue proceeds, modify or alter any of the terms and conditions, including size of the Issue, as it may deem expedient, extension of Issue and/or early closure of the Issue
- 21. To authorize various persons from time to time to sign and execute applications, documents and agreements related to lease, rent, telephone connection, electricity connection, shops and establishment license, trade license, road permit and Internet and broadband connection, opening of new branches and other operational matters in the ordinary course of business of the Company or incidental or in connection thereto.
- 22. To authorize various persons from time to time under Income Tax Act, Goods and Services Tax and other taxation laws
- 23. To authorize various persons from time to time to sign and execute various agreements, papers, documents, undertakings, letters, memorandum of understanding, applications, statements, submissions, etc including any modification of the above, and other necessary documents, for and on behalf of the Company, as may be required in the ordinary course of business of the Company.
- 24. To do all such acts, deeds, matter and things, as may be necessary in connection with the Median Term Notes (Notes), including but not limited to appointment of various intermediaries//agencies/exchanges, seeking necessary regulatory consents and further to delegate the powers extended unto them to such person(s) as they may deem fit for execution of documents pertaining to the Notes.
- 25. To do all such acts, deeds, matter and things, as may be necessary in connection with the Public Issue of NCDs, including but not limited to appointment of various intermediaries//agencies/exchanges, seeking necessary regulatory consents and further to delegate the powers extended unto them to such person(s) as they may deem fit for execution of documents pertaining to the NCDs.

IT Strategy Committee

The IT Strategy Committee was last reconstituted vide a resolution passed by the Board on July 27, 2022. As on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, it comprises:

Constitution of the IT Strategy Committee is as set out below:

Name of Member	Designation	Nature of Directorship	
Vibhore Sharma	Chairman	Independent Director	
Nilesh Vikamsey	Member	Independent Director	
Arun Kumar Purwar	Member	Independent Director	
Ramakrishnan Subramanian	Member	Independent Director	
Aditya Sisodia	Member	Leader NBFC Applications	
Mr. Gaurav Sharma	Member	Chief Information Officer//Chief Technology	
		Officer	
Mitesh Vora	Member	Head – IT	
		Infrastructure & Cyber Security	
	26.1	CIL ADIA OCC	
Sanjeev Srivastava	Member	Chief Risk Officer	
Geeta Mathur	Member	Independent Director	
Shanker Ramrakhiani	Member	Chief Information	
		Security Officer	

The scope of the IT Strategy Committee includes the references made under RBI Master Directions. The broad terms of reference of the IT Strategy Committee are:

- 1. Approving IT strategy and policy documents and ensuring that the management has put an effective strategic planning process in place;
- Ascertaining that management has implemented processes and practices that ensure that the IT delivers value to the business:
- 3. Ensuring IT investments represent a balance of risks and benefits and that budgets are acceptable;
- 4. Monitoring the method that management uses to determine the IT resources needed to achieve strategic goals and provide high-level direction for sourcing and use of IT resources;
- 5. Ensuring proper balance of IT investments for sustaining NBFC's growth and becoming aware about exposure towards IT risks and controls:
- 6. Instituting an appropriate governance mechanism for outsourced processes, comprising of risk based policies and procedures, to effectively identify, measure, monitor and control risks associated with outsourcing in an end to end manner:
- 7. Defining approval authorities for outsourcing depending on nature of risks and materiality of outsourcing;
- 8. Developing sound and responsive outsourcing risk management policies and procedures commensurate with the nature, scope, and complexity of outsourcing arrangements;
- 9. Undertaking a periodic review of outsourcing strategies and all existing material outsourcing arrangements;
- 10. Evaluating the risks and materiality of all prospective outsourcing based on the framework developed by the Board;
- 11. Periodically reviewing the effectiveness of policies and procedures;
- 12. Communicating significant risks in outsourcing to the NBFC's Board on a periodic basis;
- 13. Ensuring an independent review and audit in accordance with approved policies and procedures;
- 14. Ensuring that contingency plans have been developed and tested adequately;
- 15. Ensuring that the business continuity preparedness is not adversely compromised on account of outsourcing;
- 16. To work in partnership with other Board committees and Senior Management to provide input to them. It will also carry out review and amend the IT strategies in line with the corporate strategies, Board Policy reviews, cyber security arrangements and any other matter related to IT Governance;
- 17. Any other matter as may be mandated/referred by the Authority/Board.

Further, the Board of Directors of the Company has constituted various other committees comprising of senior management persons for day to day operations of the Company viz. Credit Committee, Group Credit Committee, Environment Social and Governance Committee and Stressed Assets Governance Committee.

OUR PROMOTERS

The Promoters of our Company are Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain and R Venkataraman. As on June 30, 2022, our Promoters collectively with other Promoter Group and persons acting in concert hold 94,547,490 Equity Shares equivalent to 24.90% of the Equity Share capital of our Company.

Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain
Date of Birth: December 11, 1966
PAN: ABRPJ9235G
Address: 103 A Wing, Guruprasad CHS Limited, TPS II, CTS 777, F.P., 10Hanuman Road, Vile Parle (East), Mumbai – 400 057
R Venkataraman
Date of Birth: July 27, 1967
PAN: ADHPR6633G
Address: 604, Glen Heights, Hiranandani Gardens, Powai, Mumbai – 400 076

The Permanent Account Number, Aadhaar Number, Driving License Number, Bank Account Number(s) and Passport Number of the Promoters and Permanent Account Number of Directors will be submitted to the Stock Exchanges, at the time of filing the Draft Shelf Prospectus with the Stock Exchanges.

For detailed profile of our Promoters please see "Our Management" on page 142.

Other Confirmations

Our Promoter has not been identified as Wilful Defaulter by any financial institution or bank or a consortium thereof in accordance with the guidelines on identification of Wilful Defaulters prescribed by the RBI.

Except as disclosed in the section titled "Outstanding Litigation- Material litigation or legal or regulatory actions involving our Promoter" on page 241, no violations of securities laws have been committed by our Promoter in the past or no proceedings are currently pending against them.

None of the promoter of the Company is a promoter or a whole-time director of another company that is a wilful defaulter.

None of our Promoters have been declared as fugitive economic offender.

Our Promoters have not been restrained or debarred or prohibited from accessing the capital markets or restrained or debarred or prohibited from buying, selling or dealing in securities under any order or directions passed for any reasons by SEBI or any other authority or refused listing of any of the securities issued by any stock exchange in India or abroad. Further, our Promoters are not promoter or directors of another company which is debarred from accessing the securities market or dealing in securities under any order or directions passed for any reasons by SEBI.

None of the member forming part of our Promoter Group have been restrained or debarred or prohibited from accessing the capital markets or restrained or debarred or prohibited from buying, selling or dealing in securities under any order or directions passed for any reasons by SEBI or any other authority or refused listing of any of the securities issued by any stock exchange in India or abroad.

No regulatory action is pending against the Promoters before SEBI or the RBI.

Shareholding of our Promoter in the Company

As on June 30, 2022 our Promoters shareholding is as follows:

Name of Promoter shareholder	Total Number of Equity Shares	Number of shares in demat form	Total shareholding as % of total no of equity shares	Number of shares pledged	% of shares pledged with respect to shares owned
Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain	4,77,19,154	477,19,154	12.57	Nil	Nil
R Venkataraman	1,09,84,432	1,09,84,432	2.89	Nil	Nil

There have been no changes in the Promoters' holding in our Company during last financial year beyond the threshold prescribed by RBI.

Interest of our Promoter in the Company

Except as stated under the "Related Party Transaction" segment of the Financial Statements of the Company, available at page 167 and other than as our shareholders, our Promoter and / or Promoter Group and persons acting in concert, to the extent of the dividend declared by our Company, do not have any other interest in our Company.

Our Promoter does not intend to subscribe to this Issue.

Our Promoter has no financial or other material interest in the Issue and no benefit / interest will accrue to our Promoter out of the objects of the Issue.

Payment of benefit to the Promoter in last three years

Other than as disclosed under the "Related Party Transactions" segment of the Financial Statements of the Company, available at page 167 and other than the dividend declared and paid by our Company, the Company has not made payments of any benefits to the Promoter during the last three years preceding the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

Details of shares pledged or encumbered by our Promoter

No shares have been pledged or encumbered by our Promoter as of the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

Promoter Group and persons acting in concert

In addition to the Promoters named above, the names of the persons and entities constituting the Promoter Group of our Company in terms of Regulation 2(I)(zb) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations and Section 2(1)(ff) of SEBI NCS Regulations along with their shareholding as on June 30, 2022 are set out below:

Sr. No.	Name of Promoter Group	No. of Equity Shares	% Percentage
1.	Madhu N Jain	12,075,000	3.18
2.	Aditi Athavankar	200,000	0.05
3.	Harshita Jain and Mansukhlal Jain (In their capacity as Trustees	10,000,000	2.63
	of Nirmal Madhu Family Private Trust)		
4.	Aditi Avinash Athavankar (In her capacity as Trustee of Kalki	9,000,000	2.37
	Family Private Trust)		
5.	Ardent Impex Private Limited	3,268,904	0.86
6.	Orpheus Trading Private Limited	1,300,000	0.34

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

For details of the related party transactions for the Fiscals 2022, 2021 and 2020 in accordance with the requirements under Ind AS 24 "Related Party Disclosures" notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015, as amended from time to time, see "Financial Information" on page 185.

REGULATIONS AND POLICIES

The regulations summarised below are not exhaustive and are only intended to provide general information to investors and are neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for any professional legal advice. Taxation statutes such as the IT Act, 1961 and applicable tax statutes, labour regulations such as the Employees State Insurance Act, 1948 and the Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952, and other miscellaneous regulations such as the Trade Marks Act, 1999 and applicable Shops and Establishments statutes apply to us as they do to any other Indian company and therefore have not been detailed below. For purposes of this section, references to any legislation, act, regulation, rule, guideline, policy, circular, notification or clarification are to such legislation, act, regulation, rule, guideline, policy, circular, notification or clarification as amended from time to time. Investors shall carefully consider the information described below, together with the information set out in other sections of this Shelf Prospectus including the financial statements before making an investment decision relating to the NCDs, as any changes in the regulations and policies could have a material adverse effect on our Company's business.

The following description is a summary of certain sector specific laws and regulations and policies as prescribed by the Government of India and other regulatory bodies, which are applicable to our Company. The information detailed in this section has been obtained from publications available in the public domain. The regulations set out below may not be exhaustive, and are only intended to provide general information to the investors and are neither designed nor intended to substitute for professional legal advice. The statements below are based on the current provisions of the Indian law, and the judicial and administrative interpretations thereof, which are subject to change or modification by subsequent legislative, regulatory, administrative or judicial decisions.

Our Company is a systemically important NBFC which does not accept public deposits. As such, our business activities are regulated by RBI regulations applicable to a Systemically Important Non – Deposit taking Non –Banking Financial Company ("NBFC-ND-SI").

As of July 22, 2022, the RBI issued an updated Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016, (as updated from time to time) applicable to all NBFC-ND-SI ("RBI Master Directions").

The major regulations governing our Company are detailed below:

NBFC Regulations

The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934

The RBI regulates and supervises activities of NBFCs. Chapter III B of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 ("**RBI Act**") empowers the RBI to regulate and supervise the activities of all NBFCs in India. The RBI Act defines an NBFC under Section 45-I (f) as:

- (i) "a financial institution which is a company;
- (ii) a non-banking institution which is a company and which has as its principal business the receiving of deposits, under any scheme or arrangement or in any other manner, or lending in any manner;
- (iii) such other non-banking institution or class of such institutions as the RBI may, with the previous approval of the Central Government and by notification in the Official Gazette, specify."

Section 45-I(c) of the RBI Act, defines "financial institution" to mean any non-banking institution which, among other things, carries on the business of, or part of its business of, financing, by way of making of loans or advances or otherwise, of any activity other than its own; the acquisition of shares, stock, bonds, debentures or securities issued by a Government or local authority or other marketable securities of a like nature, leasing, hire-purchase, insurance business, chit business but does not include any institution whose principal business is that of carrying out any agricultural or industrial activities or the sale/purchase/construction of immovable property.

The RBI has clarified through a press release (Ref. No. 1998-99/1269) dated April 08, 1999, that in order to identify a particular company as an NBFC, it will consider both the assets and the income pattern as evidenced from the last audited balance sheet of the company to decide its principal business. The company will be treated as an NBFC if (a) its financial

assets are more than 50 per cent of its total assets (netted off by intangible assets); and (b) income from financial assets should be more than 50 per cent of the gross income. Both these tests are required to be satisfied as the determinant factor for principal business of a company.

Every NBFC is required to submit to the RBI a certificate, from its statutory auditor within one month from the date of finalization of the balance sheet and in any case, not later than December 30 of that year, stating that it is engaged in the business of non-banking financial institution requiring it to hold a certificate of registration.

With effect from 1997, NBFCs were not permitted to commence or carry on the business of a non-banking financial institution without obtaining a Certificate of Registration ("CoR"). Further, with a view to imparting greater financial soundness and achieving the economies of scale in terms of efficiency of operations and higher managerial skills, the RBI has raised the requirement of minimum net owned fund ("NOF") from `2.5 million to `20 million for the NBFC which commences business on or after April 21, 1999 also it shall be mandatory for all NBFCs to attain a minimum NOF of `20 million by the end of April 1, 2017. Further as per RBI Scale based regulation (SBR) circular dated October 22, 2021 it shall be mandatory for NBFC ICC to achieve NOF of Rs. 5 crore by the end of March 31, 2025 and Rs. 10 crore by March 31, 2027.

NBFCs are primarily governed by the RBI Act and the RBI Master Directions. In addition to these regulations, NBFCs are also governed by various circulars, notifications, guidelines and directions issued by the RBI from time to time.

Although by definition, NBFCs are permitted to operate in similar sphere of activities as banks, there are a few important and key differences. The most important distinctions are:

- An NBFC cannot accept deposits repayable on demand in other words, NBFCs can only accept fixed term deposits;
- NBFCs do not form part of the payment and settlement system and cannot issue cheques drawn on itself; and
- Deposit insurance facility of Deposit Insurance and Credit Guarantee Corporation is not available to depositor of NBFCs.

Section 45-IA of the RBI Act makes it mandatory for every NBFC to get itself registered with the Reserve Bank in order to be able to commence any of the aforementioned activities.

Further, an NBFC may be registered as a deposit accepting NBFC ("NBFC-D") or as a non-deposit accepting NBFC ("NBFC-ND"). NBFCs registered with RBI are further classified as:

- Systemically Important Core Investment Company;
- Investment and Credit Company
- Infrastructure finance companies;
- Infrastructure debt fund NBFCs;
- NBFC micro finance institutions;
- NBFC Factors;
- Mortgage guarantee companies;
- NBFC- non-operative financial holding company; and
- Non-Banking Financial Company-Peer to Peer Lending Platform.

Our Company has been classified as a loan company and is an NBFC-ND-SI, being an Investment and Credit Company ("NBFC-ICC").

RBI Master Directions define 'NBFC ICC' to mean a company which is a financial institution carrying on as its principal business of asset finance, the providing of finance whether by making loans or advances or otherwise for any activity other than its own and the acquisition of securities.

Systemically Important NBFC-NDs

The RBI in its notification (RBI/2014-15/520 DNBR (PD) CC.No.024/03.10.001/2014-15) dated March 27, 2015, the revised threshold for defining systemic significance for NBFCs-ND in the light of the overall increase in the growth of the NBFC sector. NBFCs-ND-SI will henceforth be those NBFCs-ND which have asset size of `5000 million and above as per the last audited balance sheet. Moreover, as per this amendment, all NBFCs-ND with assets of `5000 million and above, irrespective of whether they have accessed public funds or not, shall comply with prudential regulations as applicable to NBFCs-ND-SI. NBFCs-ND-SI is required to comply with conduct of business regulations if customer interface exists.

All systemically important NBFCs are required to maintain a minimum Capital to Risk-Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) of 15%.

Rating of NBFCs

Pursuant to RBI Master Directions all applicable NBFCs are required to furnish information about downgrading or upgrading of the assigned rating of any financial product issued by them, within 15 days of such a change in rating to Regional Office.

Prudential Norms

The RBI Master Directions, amongst other requirements, prescribe guidelines on NBFCs-ND-SI regarding income recognition, asset classification, provisioning requirements, constitution of audit committee, capital adequacy requirements, concentration of credit/investment and norms relating to infrastructure loans. The RBI Master Directions state that the credit/ investment norms shall not apply to a systemically important non-banking financial company not accessing public funds in India, either directly or indirectly, and not issuing guarantees.

Provisioning Requirements

An NBFC-NDSI, after taking into account the time lag between an account becoming non-performing, its recognition, the realization of the security and erosion overtime in the value of the security charged, shall make provisions against standard assets, sub-standard assets, doubtful assets and loss assets in the manner provided for in the RBI Master Directions.

In the interests of counter cyclicality and so as to ensure that NBFCs create a financial buffer to protect them from the effect of economic downturns, RBI vide their circular no. DNBS.PD.CC. No.207/ 03.02.002/2010-11 dated January 17, 2011, introduced provisioning for Standard Assets by all NBFCs. NBFCs are required to make a general provision at 0.25% of the outstanding standard assets. RBI vide their circular no. DNBR (PD) CC No. 037/03.01.001/2014-15 dated June 3, 2015 raised the provision for standard assets to 0.40% to be met by March 2018. The provisions on standard assets are not reckoned for arriving at net NPAs. The provisions towards Standard Assets are not needed to be netted from gross advances but shown separately as 'Contingent Provisions against Standard Assets' in the balance sheet. NBFCs are allowed to include the 'General Provisions on Standard Assets' in Tier II Capital which together with other 'general provisions/ loss reserves' will be admitted as Tier II Capital only up to a maximum of 1.25% of the total risk-weighted assets.

Capital Adequacy Norms

Every NBFC-ND-SI should maintain, with effect from April 1, 2007, a minimum capital ratio consisting of Tier I and Tier II Capital of not less than 15% of its aggregate risk weighted assets on balance sheet and of risk adjusted value of off-balance sheet items is required to be maintained. Further, NBFCs primarily engaged in lending against gold jewellery (such loans comprising 50% or more of their financial assets) are required to maintain a minimum Tier I capital of 12.00%. Also, the total of the Tier II Capital of a ND-NBFC shall not exceed 100% of the Tier I capital.

Tier – I Capital means, owned fund as reduced by investment in shares of other non-banking financial companies and in shares, debentures, bonds, outstanding loans and advances including hire purchase and lease finance made to and deposits with subsidiaries and companies in the same group exceeding, in aggregate, ten per cent of the owned fund; and perpetual debt instruments issued by a Systemically important non-deposit taking non-banking financial company in each year to the extent it does not exceed 15% of the aggregate Tier I Capital of such company as on March 31 of the previous accounting year.

Owned Funds means, paid-up equity capital, Cumulative Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares which are compulsorily convertible into equity, free reserves, balance in share premium account; capital reserve representing surplus arising out of sale proceeds of asset, excluding reserves created by revaluation of assets; less accumulated loss balance, book value of intangible assets and deferred revenue expenditure, if any.

Tier – II Capital means to include the following (a) Preference Shares other than those which are compulsorily convertible into equity; (b) revaluation reserves at discounted rate of 55%; (c) general provisions and loss reserves to the extent these are not attributable to actual diminution in value or identifiable potential loss in any specific asset and are available to meet unexpected losses, to the extent of one-and one-fourth per cent of risk weighted assets; (d) hybrid debt capital instruments; (e) subordinated debt to the extent the aggregate does not exceed Tier – I capital; and (f) perpetual debt instrument issued by a systemically important NDSI-NBFC, which is in excess of what qualifies for Tier I Capital to the extent that the aggregate Tier-II capital does not exceed 15% of the Tier – I capital.

Hybrid debt means, capital instrument, which possess certain characteristics of equity as well as debt.

Subordinated debt means a fully paid up capital instrument, which is unsecured and is subordinated to the claims of other creditors and is free from restrictive clauses and is not redeemable at the instance of the holder or without the consent of the supervisory authority of the NBFC. The book value of such instrument is subjected to discounting as prescribed.

Exposure Norms

In order to ensure better risk management and avoidance of concentration of credit risks, the RBI has, in terms of the Master Direction, prescribed credit exposure limits for NBFC-ND-SI (except for NBFC-MFIs with asset size of ₹ 500 crore and above) in respect of their lending to single/ group borrowers. Credit exposure to a single borrower shall not exceed 15 per cent of the owned funds of the systemically important NBFC-ND, while the credit exposure to a single group of borrowers shall not exceed 25 per cent of the owned funds of the systemically important NBFC-ND. Further, the systemically important NBFC-ND may not invest in the shares of another company exceeding 15 per cent of its owned funds, and in the shares of a single group of companies exceeding 25 per cent of its owned funds. However, this prescribed ceiling shall not be applicable on a NBFC-ND-SI for investments in the equity capital of an insurance company to the extent specifically permitted by the RBI. Any NBFC-ND-SI not accessing public funds, either directly or indirectly may make an application to the RBI for modifications in the prescribed ceilings Any systemically important NBFC-ND classified as asset finance company by RBI, may in exceptional circumstances, exceed the above ceilings by 5% of its owned fund, with the approval of its Board of Directors. The loans and investments of the systemically important NBFC-ND taken together may not exceed 25% of its owned funds to or in single party and 40% of its owned funds to or in single group of parties. A systemically important ND-NBFC may, make an application to the RBI for modification in the prescribed ceilings. RBI circular DOR.CRE.REC.No.60/03.10.001/2021-22 dated October 22, 2021 has prescribed a single credit concentration limit (as against separate limits for lending and investments) for NBFCs in the middle and upper layers. Such limit must now be determined with reference to the tier 1 capital of the NBFC (as against owned funds). Such NBFCs must ensure that their exposure to a single party and a single borrower group does not exceed 25% and 40% of their tier 1 capital respectively with effect from October 1, 2022.

Credit Concentration Norms

In order to ensure better risk management and avoidance of concentration of credit risks, the RBI has, in terms of the RBI Master Direction, prescribed credit exposure limits for financial institutions in respect of their lending to single/group borrowers. Credit exposure to a single borrower shall not exceed 15% of the owned funds of the systemically important NBFC-ND, while the credit exposure to a single group of borrowers shall not exceed 25% of the owned funds of the systemically important NBFC-ND may not invest in the shares of another company exceeding 15% of its owned funds, and in the shares of a single group of companies exceeding 25% of its owned funds. Any systemically important NBFC-ND classified as asset finance company by RBI, may in exceptional circumstances, exceed the above ceilings by 5% of its owned fund, with the approval of its Board of Directors. Further, the loans and investments of the systemically important NBFC-ND taken together may not exceed 25% of its owned funds to or in a single party and 40% of its owned fund to or in single group of parties.

However, this prescribed ceiling shall not be applicable on a NBFC-ND-SI for investments in the equity capital of an insurance company to the extent specifically permitted by the RBI.

The above norms shall apply to any NBFC-ND-SI not accessing public funds, either directly or indirectly and not issuing guarantees. Further, NBFC-ND-SI may exceed the concentration of credit / investment norms, by 5% for any single party and by 10% for a single group of parties, if the additional exposure is on account of infrastructure loan and / or investment.

RBI circular DOR.CRE.REC.No.60/03.10.001/2021-22 dated October 22, 2021 has prescribed a single credit concentration limit (as against separate limits for lending and investments) for NBFCs in the middle and upper layers. Such limit must now be determined with reference to the tier 1 capital of the NBFC (as against owned funds). Such NBFCs must ensure that their exposure to a single party and a single borrower group does not exceed 25% and 40% of their tier 1 capital respectively with effect from October 1, 2022.

Corporate governance norms

As per the RBI Master Directions, all NBFC-ND-SI are required to adhere to certain corporate governance norms, including constitution of an audit committee, a nomination committee, an asset liability management committee and risk management committee. NBFCs are required to furnish to the RBI a quarterly statement on change of directors, and a certificate from the managing director of the NBFC that fit and proper criteria in selection of the directors has been followed. Further, all applicable NBFCs shall have to frame their internal guidelines on corporate governance with the approval of its board of directors, enhancing the scope of the guidelines without sacrificing the spirit underlying the above guidelines and it shall be published on the company's web-site, if any, for the information of various stakeholders constitution of a nomination committee, a risk management committee and certain other norms in connection with disclosure, transparency and connected lending has also been prescribed in the RBI Master Directions. Further, RBI vide notification dated November 10, 2014 has mandated the Audit Committee to ensure that an information systems audit of the internal systems and processes is conducted at least once in two years to assess operational risks faced by the company. RBI has also mandated the NBFCs to have a policy to ascertain the 'fit and proper criteria' at the time of appointment of directors and on a continuing basis.

Asset Classification

The RBI Master Directions require that every NBFC shall, after taking into account the degree of well-defined credit weaknesses and extent of dependence on collateral security for realisation, classify its lease/hire purchase assets, loans and advances and any other forms of credit into the following classes:

- (i) Standard assets;
- (ii) Sub-standard assets;
- (iii) Doubtful assets; and
- (iv) Loss assets.

Further, such class of assets would not be entitled to be upgraded merely as a result of rescheduling, unless it satisfies the conditions required for such upgradation. At present every NBFC is required to make a provision for standard assets at 0.40%.

Other stipulations

All NBFCs are required to frame a policy for demand and call loan that includes provisions on the cut-off date for recalling the loans, the rate of interest, periodicity of such interest and periodical reviews of such performance.

The RBI Master Directions also specifically prohibit NBFCs from lending against its own shares.

Net Owned Fund

Section 45-IA of the RBI Act provides that to carry on the business of a NBFC, an entity would have to register as an NBFC with the RBI and would be required to have a minimum net owned fund of `20 million. Further as per RBI circular on Scale based regulation (SBR) dated October 22, 2021 it shall be mandatory for NBFC ICC to achieve NOF of Rs. 5 crore by the end of March 31, 2025 and Rs. 10 crore by March 31, 2027.

For this purpose, the RBI Act has defined "net owned fund" to mean:

Net Owned Fund - The aggregate of the paid-up equity capital and free reserves as disclosed in the latest balance sheet of the company, after deducting (i) accumulated balance of losses, (ii) deferred revenue expenditure, (iii)deferred tax asset (net); and (iv) other intangible assets; and further reduced by the amounts representing,

- (i) investment by such companies in shares of (i) its subsidiaries, (ii) companies in the same group, (iii) other NBFCs; and
- (ii) the book value of debentures, bonds, outstanding loans and advances (including hire purchase and lease finance) made to, and deposits with (i) subsidiaries of such companies; and (ii) companies in the same group, to the extent such amount exceeds 10% of (a) above.

Further, in accordance with RBI/DNBR/2016-17/45 Master Direction DNBR.PD.008/03.10.119/2016-17 dated September 1, 2016 updated as on July 22, 2022 (as amended), which provides that a non-banking financial company holding a certificate of registration issued by RBI and having minimum net owned fund of less than Rs. 20 million may continue to carry on the business of non-banking financial institution, if such company achieves net owned fund of `20 million before April 1, 2017. Further as per RBI circular on Scale based regulation (SBR) dated October 22, 2021 it shall be mandatory for NBFC ICC to achieve NOF of Rs. 5 crore by the end of March 31, 2025 and Rs. 10 crore by March 31, 2027.

Reserve Fund

Under Section 45 – IC of the RBI Act, every NBFC must create a reserve fund and transfer thereto a sum not less than 20 per cent of its net profit every year, as disclosed in the statement of profit and loss account and before any dividend is declared. Such a fund is to be created by every NBFC irrespective of whether it is a ND-NBFC or not. Further, no appropriation can be made from the fund for any purpose by the NBFC except for the purposes specified by the RBI from time to time and every such appropriation shall be reported to the RBI within 21 days from the date of such appropriation.

An NBFC-ND is required to inform the RBI of any change in the address, telephone no's, etc. of its Registered Office, names and addresses of its directors/auditors, names and designations of its principal officers, the specimen signatures of its authorised signatories, within one month from the occurrence of such an event. Further, an NBFC-ND would need to ensure that its registration with the RBI remains current.

Maintenance of liquid assets

The RBI through notification dated January 31, 1998, as amended has prescribed that every NBFC shall invest and continue to invest in unencumbered approved securities valued at a price not exceeding the current market price of such securities an amount which shall, at the close of business on any day be not less than 10% in approved securities and the remaining in unencumbered term deposits in any scheduled commercial bank; the aggregate of which shall not be less than 15% of the public deposit outstanding at the last working day of the second preceding quarter.

NBFCs such as the Company, which do not accept public deposits, are subject to lesser degree of regulation as compared to a NBFC-D and are governed by the RBI's Non-Deposit Accepting Companies Directions.

An NBFC-ND is required to inform the RBI of any change in the address, telephone no's, etc. of its Registered Office, names and addresses of its directors/auditors, names and designations of its principal officers, the specimen signatures of its authorised signatories, within one month from the occurrence of such an event. Further, an NBFC-ND would need to ensure that its registration with the RBI remains current.

Liquidity Risk Management

RBI has mandated non-deposit taking NBFC-SIs and all deposit taking NBFCs (irrespective of their asset size), save and except, Type 1 NBFC-NDs (i.e. NBFCs not accepting public funds/ not intending to accept public funds in the future and not having customer interface/not intending to have customer interface in the future), non-operating financial holding companies and standalone primary dealers, to comply with the liquidity risk management guidelines, which inter alia deal with: (i) liquidity risk management policy, strategies and practices; (ii) management information system; (iii) internal controls; (iv) maturity profiling; (v) liquidity risk measurement – stock approach; (vi) currency risk; (vii) managing interest rate risk; and (viii) liquidity risk monitoring tools.

Similarly, all NBFCs are required to comply with "Know Your Customer Guidelines - Anti Money Laundering Standards" issued by the RBI, with suitable modifications depending upon the activity undertaken by the NBFC concerned.

RBI, vide circular bearing reference number RBI/2018-19/130 DNBR (PD) CC.No.097/03.10.001/2018-19 dated February 22, 2019, has harmonised different categories of NBFCs into fewer ones, based on the principle of regulation by activity rather than regulation by entity. Accordingly, RBI has merged the three categories of NBFCs viz. Asset Finance Companies (AFC), Loan Companies (LCs) and Investment Companies (ICs) into a new category called NBFC - Investment and Credit Company (NBFC-ICC). Further differential regulations relating to bank's exposure to the three categories of NBFCs viz., AFCs, LCs and ICs were harmonised. Further, a deposit taking NBFC-ICC shall invest in unquoted shares of another company which is not a subsidiary company or a company in the same group of the NBFC, an amount not exceeding twenty per cent of its owned fund.

Adherence to KYC Direction

Similarly, all NBFCs are required to comply with Master Direction on Know Your Customer Direction, 2016" issued by the RBI and as amended from time to time, with suitable modifications depending upon the activity undertaken by the NBFC concerned.

Fair Practices Code

The RBI Master Directions requires all NBFCs having customer interface to formulate with the approval of their Boards a Fair Practices Code (which shall preferably be in the vernacular language or a language as understood by the borrower) based on the directions outlined therein. Applicable NBFCs will have the freedom of drafting the Fair Practices Code, enhancing the scope of the directions but in no way sacrificing the spirit underlying the directions. The same shall be put up on their web-site, if any, for the information of various stakeholders.

Guidelines for NBFCs with gold loan business

The RBI pursuant to the RBI Master Directions has prescribed that all NBFCs shall maintain a loan to value ratio not exceeding 75% for loans granted against the collateral of gold jewellery. NBFCs primarily engaged in lending against gold jewellery (such loans comprising 50% or more of their financial assets) shall maintain a minimum Tier I capital of 12%. The RBI Master Directions has issued guidelines with regard to the following:

- (i) Appropriate infrastructure for storage of gold ornaments: A minimum level of physical infrastructure and facilities is available in each of the branches engaged in financing against gold jewellery including a safe deposit vault and appropriate security measures for operating the vault to ensure safety of the gold and borrower convenience. Existing NBFCs should review the arrangements in place at their branches and ensure that necessary infrastructure is put in place at the earliest. No new branches should be opened without suitable storage arrangements having been made thereat. No business of grant of loans against the security of gold can be transacted at places where there are no proper facilities for storage/security.
- (ii) NBFCs shall not grant any advance against bullion / primary gold and gold coins. NBFCs shall not grant any advance for purchase of gold in any form including primary gold, gold bullion, gold jewellery, gold coins, units of Exchange Traded Funds (ETF) and units of gold mutual fund.
- (iii) Prior approval of RBI for opening branches in excess of 1,000: It is henceforth mandatory for NBFC to obtain prior approval of the Reserve Bank to open branches exceeding 1,000. However, NBFCs which already have more than 1,000 branches may approach the Bank for prior approval for any further branch expansion. Besides, no new branches will be allowed to be opened without the facilities for storage of gold jewellery and minimum security facilities for the pledged gold jewellery.
- (iv) Standardization of value of gold in arriving at the loan to value ratio: For arriving at the value of gold jewellery accepted as collateral, it will have to be valued at the average of the closing price of 22 carat gold for the preceding 30 days as quoted by BBA or the historical spot gold price data publicly disseminated by a commodity exchange regulated by the Forward Markets Commission.
- (v) Verification of the Ownership of gold: NBFCs should have Board approved policies in place to satisfy ownership of the gold jewellery and adequate steps be taken to ensure that the KYC guidelines stipulated by the Reserve

Bank are followed and due diligence of the customer undertaken. Where the gold jewellery pledged by a borrower at any one time or cumulatively on loan outstanding is more than 20 grams, NBFCs must keep record of the verification of the ownership of the jewellery. The method of establishing ownership should be laid down as a Board approved policy.

- (vi) Auction Process and Procedures: The following additional stipulations are made with respect to auctioning of pledged gold jewellery:
 - (a) The auction should be conducted in the same town or taluka in which the branch that has extended the loan is located. NBFCs are allowed to pool gold jewellery from different branches within a district and auction the pooled gold jewellery at any location within the district, subject to meeting the following conditions:

 (i) The first auction has failed; and
 - (ii) All compliance requirement regarding the auction (prior notice, reserve price, arms-length relationship, disclosures, etc.) are met by the NBFC.
 - (b) While auctioning the gold the NBFC should declare a reserve price for the pledged ornaments. The reserve price for the pledged ornaments should not be less than 85% of the previous 30 day average closing price of 22 carat gold as declared by The Bombay Bullion Association Limited and value of the jewellery of lower purity in terms of carats should be proportionately reduced.
 - (c) It will be mandatory on the part of the NBFCs to provide full details of the value fetched in the auction and the outstanding dues adjusted and any amount over and above the loan outstanding should be payable to the borrower.
 - (d) NBFCs must disclose in their annual reports the details of the auctions conducted during the financial year including the number of loan accounts, outstanding amounts, value fetched and whether any of its sister concerns participated in the auction.

(vii) Other Instructions:

- (a) NBFCs financing against the collateral of gold must insist on a copy of the PAN Card of the borrower for all transaction above `500,000.
- (b) High value loans of `20,000 and above must only be disbursed by cheque.
- (c) Documentation across all branches must be standardized.
- (d) NBFCs shall not issue misleading advertisements like claiming the availability of loans in a matter of 2-3 minutes.

Reserve Bank of India (Know Your Customer (KYC)) Master Directions, 2016 dated February 25, 2016, as amended ("RBI KYC Directions")

The RBI KYC Directions are applicable to every entity regulated by the RBI (including Housing Finance Companies), specifically, scheduled commercial banks, regional rural banks, local area banks, primary (urban) co-operative banks, state and central co-operative banks, all India financial institutions, NBFCs, miscellaneous non-banking companies and residuary non-banking companies, amongst others. In terms of the RBI KYC Directions, every entity regulated there under is required to formulate a KYC policy which is duly approved by the board of directors of such entity or a duly constituted committee thereof. The KYC policy formulated in terms of the RBI KYC Directions is required to include four key elements, being customer acceptance policy, risk management, customer identification procedures and monitoring of transactions. It is advised that all NBFC'S adopt the same with suitable modifications depending upon the activity undertaken by them and ensure that a proper policy framework of anti-money laundering measures is put in place. The RBI KYC Directions provide for a simplified procedure for opening accounts by NBFCs. It also provides for an enhanced and simplified due diligence procedure. It has further prescribed detailed instructions in relation to, inter alia, the due diligence of customers, record management, and reporting requirements to Financial Intelligence Unit – India.

The RBI KYC Directions have also issued instructions on sharing of information while ensuring secrecy and confidentiality of information held by Banks and NBFCs. The regulated entities must also adhere to the reporting requirements under Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act and Common Reporting Standards. The RBI KYC Directions also require the regulated entities to ensure compliance with the requirements/obligations under international agreements. The regulated entities must also pay adequate attention to any money-laundering and financing of terrorism threats that may arise from new or developing technologies, and ensure that appropriate KYC procedures issued from time to time are duly applied before introducing new products/services/technologies. The RBI KYC Directions were updated on April 20, 2018 to enhance the disclosure requirements under the Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 and in accordance with the Prevention of Money-Laundering Rules vide Gazette Notification GSR 538 (E) dated June 1, 2017 and the final judgment of the Supreme Court in the case of Justice K.S. Puttaswamy (Retd.) & Another v. Union of India (Writ Petition (Civil) 494/2012). The Directions were updated to accommodate authentication as per the AADHAR (Targeted Delivery of Financial and Other Subsidies, Benefits and Services) Act, 2016 and use of an Indian resident's Aadhar number as a document for the purposes of fulfilling KYC requirement. The RBI KYC Directions were further updated on January 9, 2020 with a view to leveraging the digital channels for customer identification process by regulated entities, whereby the RBI has decided to permit video based customer identification process as a consent based alternate method of establishing the customer's identity, for customer onboarding and have been further updated on April 1, 2021 and May 10, 2021.

Financing of NBFCs by banks

RBI Master circular DBR.BP.BC.No.5/21.04.172/2015-16 on Financing of NBFCs by bank

The RBI has issued guidelines vide a circular bearing number DBOD No. FSD. BC.46/24.01.028/2006-07 dated December 12, 2006 relating to the financial regulation of systemically important NBFC-NDs and the relationship of banks with such institutions. In particular, these guidelines prohibit banks from lending to NBFCs for the financing of certain activities, such as (i) bill discounting or rediscounting, except where such discounting arises from the sale of commercial vehicles and two wheelers or three wheelers, subject to certain conditions; (ii) unsecured loans or corporate deposits by NBFCs to any company; (iii) investments by NBFCs both of current and long term nature, in any company; (iv) all types of loans and advances by NBFCs to their subsidiaries, group companies, entities;(v) further lending to individuals for the purpose of subscribing to an initial public offer.

In addition to the above the RBI has issued guidelines vide a circular dated bearing number DBR.BP.BC.No.5/21.04.172/2015- 16 dated July 1, 2015 relating to bank financing of NBFCs predominantly engaged in lending against gold has directed banks to (i) reduce their regulatory exposure ceiling on a single NBFC, having gold loans to the extent of 50% or more of its total financial assets 10% of banks' capital funds. However, the exposure ceiling may go up by 5%, i.e., up to 15% of banks' capital funds if the additional exposure is on account of funds on-lent by NBFCs to the infrastructure sector and (ii) to have an internal sub-limit on their aggregate exposures to all such NBFCs, having gold loans to the extent of 50% or more of their total financial assets, taken together. The sub-limits should be within the internal limit fixed by the banks for their aggregate exposure to all NBFCs put together.

Norms for excessive interest rates

In addition, the RBI has introduced vide a circular bearing reference number RBI/ 2006-07/ 414 dated May 24, 2007 whereby RBI has requested all NBFCs to put in place appropriate internal principles and procedures in determining interest rates and processing and other charges. In addition to the aforesaid instruction, the RBI has included norms for regulation of excessive interest charged by NBFCs in the Fair Practice Code chapter of Master Direction –NBFC SI Non Deposit taking Company & Deposit taking Company Directions, 2016 and as updated from time to time.

These circulars stipulate that the board of each NBFC is required to adopt an interest rate model taking into account the various relevant factors including cost of funds, margin and risk premium. The rate of interest and the approach for gradation of risk and the rationale for charging different rates of interest for different categories of borrowers are required to be disclosed to the borrowers in the application form and expressly communicated in the sanction letter. Further, this is also required to be made available on the NBFC's website or published in newspapers and is required to be updated in the event of any change therein. Further, the rate of interest would have to be an annualized rate so that the borrower is aware of the exact rates that would be charged to the account.

Supervisory Framework

In order to ensure adherence to the regulatory framework by systemically important ND-NBFCs, the RBI has directed such NBFCs to put in place a system for submission of an annual statement of capital funds, and risk asset ratio, etc. as. submitted electronically within a period of three months from the close of every financial year. Further, a NBFC is required to submit a certificate from its statutory auditor that it is engaged in the business of non-banking financial institution requiring to hold a certificate of registration under the RBI Act. This certificate is required to be submitted within one month of the date of finalization of the balance sheet and in any other case not later than December 30 of that particular year electronically. Further, in addition to the auditor's report under Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, the auditors are also required to make a separate report to the Board of Directors on certain matters, including correctness of the capital adequacy ratio as disclosed in the return NBS-7 (now DNBS 03) to be filed with the RBI and its compliance with the minimum CRAR, as may be prescribed by the RBI. Where the statement regarding any of the items referred relating to the above, is unfavorable or qualified, or in the opinion of the auditor the company has not complied with the regulations issued by RBI, it shall be the obligation of the auditor to make a report containing the details of such unfavourable or qualified statements and/or about the non-compliance, as the case may be, in respect of the company to the concerned Regional Office of the Department of Non-Banking Supervision of the Bank under whose jurisdiction the Registered Office of the company is located.

Liquidity Risk Management Framework

All non-deposit taking NBFCs with asset size of ₹ 100 crore and above, systemically important Core Investment Companies and all deposit taking NBFCs irrespective of their asset size, shall adhere to Liquidity Risk Management framework issued by RBI dated November 4, 2019. The Liquidity risk management shall rests on the functioning of Board of Directors, Risk Management Committee, Asset Liability Management ("ALM") organization including an Asset Liability Committee ("ALCO") and ALM support groups, and the ALM process including liquidity risk management, management of marketing risk, funding and capital planning, profit planning and growth projection, and forecasting/preparation of contingency plans. It has been provided that the management committee of the board of directors or any other specific committee constituted by the board of directors should oversee the implementation of the system and reviews functioning periodically. The ALM Guidelines mainly address liquidity and interest rate risks. In case of structural liquidity, the negative gap (i.e. where outflows exceed inflows) in the 1 to 30/31 days' time-bucket should not exceed the prudential limit of 15% of outflows of each time-bucket and the cumulative gap of up to one year should not exceed 15% of the cumulative cash outflows of up to one year. In case these limits are exceeded, the measures proposed for bringing the gaps within the limit should be shown by a footnote in the relevant statement.

Anti-Money Laundering

The RBI has issued a Master Circular dated July 01, 2015, updated from time to time, to ensure that a proper policy frame work for the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 ("PMLA") is put into place. The PMLA seeks to prevent money laundering and provides for confiscation of property derived from, or involved in money laundering and for other matters connected therewith or incidental thereto. It extends to all banking companies, financial institutions, including NBFCs and intermediaries. Pursuant to the provisions of PMLA and the RBI guidelines, all NBFCs are advised to appoint a principal officer for internal reporting of suspicious transactions and cash transactions and to maintain a system of proper record (i) for all cash transactions of value of more than ` 10 lakh; (ii) all series of cash transactions integrally connected to each other which have been valued below `10 lakh where such series of transactions have taken place within one month and the aggregate value of such transaction exceeds ` 10 lakh.

Further, all NBFCs are required to take appropriate steps to evolve a system for proper maintenance and preservation of account information in a manner that allows data to be retrieved easily and quickly whenever required or when requested by the competent authorities. Further, NBFCs are also required to maintain for at least ten years from the date of transaction between the NBFCs and the client, all necessary records of transactions, both domestic or international, which will permit reconstruction of individual transactions (including the amounts and types of currency involved if any) so as to provide, if necessary, evidence for prosecution of persons involved in criminal activity.

Additionally, NBFCs should ensure that records pertaining to the identification of their customers and their address are obtained while opening the account and during the course of business relationship, and that the same are properly preserved for at least ten years after the business relationship is ended. The identification records and transaction data is to be made available to the competent authorities upon request.

RBI Notification dated December 3, 2015 titled "Anti-Money Laundering (AML)/ Combating of Financing of Terrorism (CFT) – Standards" states that all regulated entities (including NBFCs) are to comply with the updated FATF Public Statement and document 'Improving Global AML/CFT Compliance: on-going process' as on October 23, 2015, as amended from time to time.

Master Direction dated September 29, 2016 on Monitoring of Frauds in NBFCs (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016

All NBFC-ND-SIs shall put in place a reporting system for frauds and fix staff accountability in respect of delays in reporting of fraud cases to the RBI. An NBFC-ND-SI is required to report all cases of fraud of `1 lakh and above, and if the fraud is of `100 lakh or above, the report should be sent in the prescribed format within three weeks from the date of detection thereof. The NBFC-ND-SI shall also report cases of fraud by unscrupulous borrowers and cases of attempted fraud. RBI vide its circular DOS.CO. FMG.No. S96/23.04.001/2022-23 dated June 06, 2022 introduced XBRL based online fraud reporting system for NBFCs and included online quarterly reporting of cases of Theft, Burglary, Dacoity and Robberies (FMR 4) and Fraud Update Application (Revised FMR 3) on as and when basis.

Accounting Standards & Accounting policies

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has amended the existing Indian Accounting Standards vide Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2017 on March 17, 2017 and the same is applicable to the Company from April 1, 2018. RBI vide notification number RBI/2019-20/170DOR (NBFC).CC.PD.No.109/22.10.106/2019-20 dated March 13, 2020 framed regulatory guidance on Ind AS which will be applicable on Ind AS implementing NBFCs and Asset Reconstruction Companies (ARCs) for preparation of their financial statements from financial year 2019-20 onwards. These guidelines focus on the need to ensure consistency in the application of the accounting standards in specific areas, including asset classification and provisioning, and provide clarifications on regulatory capital in the light of Ind AS implementation. The guidelines cover aspects on governance framework, prudential floor and computation of regulatory capital and regulatory ratios.

Reporting by Statutory Auditor

The statutory auditor of the NBFC-ND is required to submit to the Board of Directors of the company along with the statutory audit report, a special report certifying that the Directors have passed the requisite resolution mentioned above, not accepted any public deposits during the year and has complied with the prudential norms relating to income recognition, accounting standards, asset classification and provisioning for bad and doubtful debts as applicable to it. In the event of non-compliance, the statutory auditors are required to directly report the same to thereby.

Ombudsman scheme for customers of NBFCs

The RBI has on November 12, 2021 introduced the Ombudsman Scheme for Non-Banking Financial Companies, 2018 (the "Scheme"). The stated objective of the Scheme is to enable the resolution of complaints free of cost, relating to certain aspects of services rendered by certain categories of NBFCs registered with the RBI to facilitate the satisfaction or settlement of such complaints, and matters connected therewith. The Scheme provides for the appointment by RBI of one or more officers not below the rank of general manager as ombudsmen (the "Ombudsmen") for a period not exceeding three years at a time, to carry out the functions entrusted to Ombudsmen under the Scheme. The Scheme describes the nature of complaints which any person could file with an Ombudsman alleging deficiency in services by an Covered NBFC, which include inter alia failure to convey in writing the amount of loan sanctioned along with the terms and conditions including annualised rate of interest and method of application thereof, failure or refusal to provide adequate notice on proposed changes being made in the sanctioned terms in vernacular or a language understood by the borrower, levying of charges without adequate prior notice to the borrower/customer and failure or inordinate delay in releasing the securities documents to the borrower on repayment of all dues. The complaints may be settled by the Covered NBFC within a specified period or may be decided by an award passed by Ombudsman after affording the parties a reasonable opportunity to present their case, either in writing or in a meeting. Where the Ombudsman decides to allow the complaint, the award passed is required to contain the direction/s, if any, to the Covered NBFC for specific performance of its obligations and in addition to or otherwise, the amount, if any, to be paid by the Covered NBFC to the complainant by way of compensation for any loss suffered by the complainant, arising directly out of the act or omission of the Covered NBFC. The Covered NBFC is required to implement the settlement arrived at with the complainant or the award passed by the Ombudsman when it becomes final and send a report in this regard to the RBI within 15 days of the award becoming final. The Ombudsman is required to send a report to the RBI governor annually (as on June 30 every year) containing general review of the activities of his office during the preceding financial year and provide such other information as may be required by the RBI. Further RBI through its circular CEPD. PRD. No.S873/13.01.001/2021-22

dated November 12, 2021 integrates the three Ombudsman schemes – (i) the Banking Ombudsman Scheme, 2006, as amended up to July 01, 2017; (ii) the Ombudsman Scheme for Non-Banking Financial Companies, 2018; and (iii) the Ombudsman Scheme for Digital Transactions, 2019 into the Reserve Bank - Integrated Ombudsman Scheme, 2021 in order to make the alternate dispute redress mechanism simpler and more responsive to the customers of entities regulated by it. It will also provide cost-free redress of customer complaints involving deficiency in services rendered by entities regulated by RBI, if not resolved to the satisfaction of the customers or not replied within a period of 30 days by the regulated entity.

Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Companies Auditor's Report (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016

In addition to the report made by the auditor under Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 on the accounts of an NBFC-ND-SI, the auditor shall make a separate report to the Board of Directors of the company on, *inter alia*, examination of validity of certificate of registration obtained from the RBI, whether the NBFC is entitled to continue to hold such certificate of registration in terms of its Principal Business Criteria (financial asset / income pattern) as on March 31 of the applicable year, whether the NBFC is meeting the required net owned fund requirement, whether the board of directors has passed a resolution for non-acceptance of public deposits, whether the company has accepted any public deposits during the applicable year, whether the company has complied with the prudential norms relating to income recognition, accounting standards, asset classification and provisioning for bad and doubtful debts as applicable to it, whether the capital adequacy ratio as disclosed in the return submitted to the Bank in form DNBS07, has been correctly arrived at and whether such ratio is in compliance with the minimum CRAR prescribed by the Bank, whether the company has furnished to the Bank the annual statement of capital funds, risk assets/exposures and risk asset ratio (DNBS07) within the stipulated period, and whether the non-banking financial company has been correctly classified as NBFC Micro Finance Institutions ("MFI").

Master Direction- Non-Banking Financial Company Returns (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016

All NBFCs are required to put in place a reporting system for filing various returns with the RBI. An NBFC-ND-SI is required to file on a quarterly basis a return on important financial parameters, including components of assets and liabilities, profit and loss account, exposure to sensitive sectors etc. DNBS07 on prudential norms on a quarterly basis, multiple returns on asset-liability management to address concerns regarding, *inter alia*, asset liability mismatches and interest rate risk, quarterly report on branch information, and Central Repository of Information on Large Credits ("CRILC") on a monthly basis as well as all Reporting Borrower's Default ("RDB") status on a weekly basis to facilitate early recognition of financial distress, prompt steps for resolution and fair recovery for lenders.

Reserve bank of India (Prudential Framework for Resolution of Stressed Assets) Directions 2019

Reserve Bank of India (Prudential Framework for Resolution of Stressed Assets) Directions 2019 sets out a framework to ensure that there is an early recognition, reporting and time bound resolution of stressed assets. The Stressed Assets Directions apply to (a) Scheduled Commercial Banks (excluding Regional Rural Banks); (b) All India Term Financial Institutions (NABARD, NHB, EXIM Bank, and SIDBI); (c) Small Finance Banks; and, (d) Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Non-Banking Financial Companies (NBFC-ND-SI) and NBFC-Ds. In the event of a default, the said lenders shall recognize the stress in the loan accounts and classify these loan accounts into three categories namely: (i) SMA-0, where the principal and/or interest, whether partly or wholly is overdue between 1-30 days; (ii) SMA-1, where the principal and/or interest, whether partly or wholly is overdue between 31-60 days; and (iii) SMA-2, where the principal and/or interest whether partly or wholly is overdue between 61-90 days. The said lenders shall report credit information, including classification of an account as SMA to Central Repository of Information on Large Credits ("CRILC"), on all borrowers having aggregate exposure of ₹500 lakhs and above with them. Once a borrower is reported to be in default by any of the lenders mentioned at (a), (b) and (c) hereinabove, the lenders shall undertake a prima facie review of the borrower account within thirty days from such default ("Review Period") to inter alia decide on a resolution strategy, including nature of the resolution plan ("RP").

During the Review Period for the implementation of an RP, all lenders shall enter into an inter-creditor agreement, which shall among other things provide that any decision agreed by lenders representing 75 per cent.by value of total outstanding credit facilities (fund based as well non-fund based) and 60 per cent of lenders by number shall be binding upon all the lenders. In particular, the RPs shall provide for payment not less than the liquidation value due to the dissenting lenders, being the estimated realisable value of the assets of the relevant borrower, if such borrower were to be liquidated as on the date of commencement of the Review Period.

Master Direction on Information Technology Framework for the NBFC Sector, 2017

All systemically important NBFCs must implement the security enhancement requirements under the Master Direction with respect to enhancing security of its Information Technology/Information security Framework ("IT") business continuity planning, disaster recovery and management. NBFCs must constitute a IT Strategy Committee and IT Steering Committee and formulate an IT and Information security policy in furtherance of the same. Further, a Cyber Crisis Management Plan must be formulated to address cyber intrusions and attacks.

Directions on Managing Risks and Code of Conduct in Outsourcing of Financial Services by NBFCs, 2017

With a view to put in place necessary safeguards applicable to outsourcing of activities by NBFCs, the RBI has issued directions on managing risks and code of conduct in outsourcing of financial services by NBFCs ("Risk Management Directions"). The Risk Management Directions specify that core management functions like internal auditing, compliance functions, decision making functions such as compliance with KYC norms shall not be outsourced by NBFCs. Further, the Risk Management Directions specify that outsourcing of functions shall not limit its obligations to its customers.

The Recovery of Debts due to Banks and Financial Institutions Act, 1993

The Recovery of Debts due to Banks and Financial Institutions Act, 1993 (the "DRT Act") provides for establishment of the Debts Recovery Tribunals (the "DRTs") for expeditious adjudication and recovery of debts due to banks and public financial institutions or to a consortium of banks and public financial institutions. Under the DRT Act, the procedures for recovery of debt have been simplified and time frames have been fixed for speedy disposal of cases. The DRT Act lays down the rules for establishment of DRTs, procedure for making application to the DRTs, powers of the DRTs and modes of recovery of debts determined by DRTs. These include attachment and sale of movable and immovable property of the defendant, arrest of the defendant and his detention in prison and appointment of receiver for management of the movable or immovable properties of the defendant.

The DRT Act also provides that a bank or public financial institution having a claim to recover its debt, may join an ongoing proceeding filed by some other bank or public financial institution, against its debtor, at any stage of the proceedings before the final order is passed, by making an application to the DRT.

RBI Master Circular on Wilful Defaulters dated July 1, 2015

In the Master Circular on 'Willful Defaulters' the term 'willful default' has been redefined, which would be deemed to have occurred if any of the following events occur: (a) Default in repayment obligations despite having capacity to honour the said obligations. (b) Default in repayment obligations and diversion of funds for other purposes, including nonutilization of funds for the specific purposes for which finance was availed. (c) Default in repayment obligations and siphoning off the funds and non-utilization of funds for the specific purposes for which finance was availed moreover when the funds are not available with the unit in the form of other assets. (d) Default in repayment obligations to a lender and disposal or removal of assets (movable, fixed or immovable) which have been given as security without the knowledge of the lender. Further, special emphasis has been added on siphoning-off of funds. Diversion and siphoning of funds includes the following situations: (i) utilization of short-term working capital funds for long-term purposes in contravention of the terms of sanction; (ii) utilization of borrowed funds for creation of assets other than those for which loan was sanctioned; (iii) Transferring of funds to subsidiaries or group companies or other corporates; (iv) routing of funds through any bank other than the lender bank or consortium without prior permission of the lender; (v) investment in other companies by acquiring equities / debt instrument without the approval of lenders; (vi) shortfall in deployment of funds vis-à-vis the amounts disbursed / drawn without the difference being accounted for. After identification of Willful Defaulters, the guidelines mandatorily direct the lenders to adopt certain penal measures, which include the following: (a) No additional facilities will be granted by banks and financial institutions. (b) Promoters of companies that have been identified for siphoning of funds, misrepresentation of accounts and fraudulent transactions will be debarred from institutional finance for floating new ventures for a period of five years (c) Legal process (criminal and civil) will be initiated expeditiously. (d) Willful defaulters will not be allowed to take up board positions in any company and those who are on board will be removed expeditiously.

The Securitisation and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002 ("SARFAESI Act")

The SARFAESI Act regulates the securitization and reconstruction of financial assets of banks and financial institutions. The RBI has issued guidelines to banks and financial institutions on the process to be followed for sales of financial assets to asset reconstruction companies. These guidelines provide that a bank or a financial institution or an NBFC may sell financial assets to an asset reconstruction company provided the asset is a Non Performing Asset ("NPA"). Securitisation Companies and Reconstruction Companies ("SCs/RCs") are required to obtain, for the purpose of enforcement of security interest, the consent of secured creditors holding not less than 60 per cent of the amount outstanding to a borrower as against 75 per cent. While taking recourse to the sale of secured assets in terms of Section 13(4) of the SARFAESI Act, a SC/RC may itself acquire the secured assets, either for its own use or for resale, only if the sale is conducted through a public auction.

As per the SARFAESI (Amendment) Act of 2004, the constitutional validity of which was upheld in a recent Supreme Court ruling, non-performing assets have been defined as an asset or account of a borrower, which has been classified by a bank or financial institution as sub-standard, doubtful or loss asset in accordance with directions or guidelines issued by the RBI. In case the bank or financial institution is regulated by a statutory body/authority, NPAs must be classified by such bank in accordance with guidelines issues by such regulatory authority. The RBI has issued guidelines on classification of assets as NPAs. Further, these assets are to be sold on a "without recourse" basis only.

The SARFAESI Act provides for the acquisition of financial assets by Securitization Company or Reconstruction Company from any bank or financial institution on such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon between them. A securitization company or reconstruction company having regard to the guidelines framed by the RBI may, for the

purposes of asset reconstruction, provide for measures such as the proper management of the business of the borrower by change in or takeover of the management of the business of the borrower, the sale or lease of a part or whole of the business of the borrower and certain other measures such as rescheduling of payment of debts payable by the borrower; enforcement of security.

Additionally, under the provisions of the SARFAESI Act, any Securitization company or reconstruction company may act as an agent for any bank or financial institution for the purpose of recovering its dues from the borrower on payment of such fee or charges as may be mutually agreed between the parties. Various provisions of the SARFAESI Act have been amended by the Enforcement of Security Interest and Recovery of Debt Laws and Miscellaneous Provisions (Amendment) Act, 2016 as also the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016. As per this amendment, the Adjudicating Authority under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 shall by order declare moratorium for prohibiting, *inter alia*, any action to foreclose, recover or enforce any security interest created by the corporate debtor in respect of its property including any action under the SARFAESI Act.

Further, in accordance with Ministry of Finance notification no. S.O. 856(E) dated February 24, 2020, the eligibility limit for to enforcement of security interest with respect to secured debt recovery by NBFCs (having assets worth $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 100 Crores and above) has been reduced from $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 1 Crore to $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 50 Lakhs. This limit was further reduced to $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 20 Lakhs from the existing limit of $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$ 50 Lakhs.

Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016

The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("Bankruptcy Code") was notified on August 5, 2016. The Bankruptcy Code offers a uniform and comprehensive insolvency legislation encompassing all companies, partnerships and individuals (other than financial firms). It allows creditors to assess the viability of a debtor as a business decision, and agree upon a plan for its revival or a speedy liquidation. The Bankruptcy Code creates a new institutional framework, consisting of a regulator, insolvency professionals, information utilities and adjudicatory mechanisms, which will facilitate a formal and time-bound insolvency resolution and liquidation process.

RBI vide its circular dated June 7, 2019, laid down the Prudential Framework for Resolution of Stressed Assets whereby prescribing the regulatory approach for resolution of stressed assets *inter alia* by: (i) early recognition and reporting of default by banks, financial institutions and NBFCs in respect of large borrowers; (ii) Affording complete discretion to lenders with regard to design and implementation of resolution plans, in supersession of earlier resolution schemes (S4A, SDR, 5/25 etc.), subject to the specified timeline and independent credit evaluation; (iii) Laying down a system of disincentives in the form of additional provisioning for delay in implementation of resolution plan or initiation of insolvency proceedings; (iv) Withdrawal of asset classification dispensations on restructuring. Future upgrades to be

contingent on a meaningful demonstration of satisfactory performance for a reasonable period; and (v) Requiring the mandatory signing of an inter-creditor agreement (ICA) by all lenders, which will provide for a majority decision making criteria. MCA vide notification dated November 15, 2019, issued the Insolvency and Bankruptcy (Insolvency and Liquidation Proceedings of Financial Service Providers and Application to Adjudicating Authority) Rules, 2019 ("FSP Rules") inter alia governing the corporate insolvency resolution process and liquidation process of Financial Service Providers (FSPs) under the Bankruptcy Code. The issuance of the FSP Rules has made viable and unified resolution process accessible for the FSPs and their creditors with some procedural differences.

Companies Act, 2013

The Companies Act, 2013 ("Companies Act") has been notified by the Government of India on August 30, 2013 (the "Notification"). Under the Notification, Section 1 of the Companies Act has come into effect and the remaining provisions of the Companies Act have and shall come into force on such dates as the Central Government has notified and shall notify. Section 1 of the Companies Act deals with the commencement and application of the Companies Act and among others sets out the types of companies to which the Companies Act applies.

The Companies Act provides for, among other things, changes to the regulatory framework governing the issue of capital by companies, corporate governance, audit procedures, corporate social responsibility, requirements for independent directors, director's liability, class action suits, and the inclusion of women directors on the boards of companies. The Companies Act is complemented by a set of rules that set out the procedure for compliance with the substantive provisions of the Companies Act. As mentioned above, certain provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 have already come into force and the rest shall follow in due course.

Under the Companies Act every company having net worth of `5,000 million or more, or turnover of `10,000 million or more or a net profit of `50 million or more during the immediately preceding financial year shall formulate a corporate social responsibility policy. Further, the board of every such company shall ensure that the company spends, in every financial year, at least two percent of the average net profits of the company made during the three immediately preceding financial years in pursuance of its corporate social responsibility policy.

SEBI Regulations

The Securities and Exchange Board of India ("**SEBI**") governs listed entities pursuant to the powers granted to it under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as amended from time to time. In pursuance of these powers, SEBI prescribes regulations with respect to listed entities, ensuring high standards of investor safety and corporate governance. SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), 2015, as amended from time to time, list out the continuous disclosure obligations of a listed entity for securing transparency in process and ethical capital market dealings. Listed NDSI-NBFCs are subject to SEBI Regulations and face penal actions for any violation thereof.

Foreign Investment Regulations

Foreign investment in Indian securities is regulated through the Consolidated Foreign Direct Investment ("FDI") Policy and Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 ("FEMA"). The government bodies responsible for granting foreign investment approvals are the concerned ministries/ departments of the Government of India and the RBI. The Union Cabinet has approved phasing out the Foreign Investment Promotion Board, as provided in the press release dated May 24, 2017. Accordingly, pursuant to the office memorandum dated June 5, 2017, issued by the Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance, approval of foreign investment under the FDI policy has been entrusted to concerned ministries/departments. Subsequently, the Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion ("DIPP") issued the Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for Processing FDI Proposals on June 29, 2017 (the "SOP"). The SOP provides a list of the competent authorities for granting approval for foreign investment for sectors/activities requiring Government approval. For sectors or activities that are currently under automatic route but which required Government approval earlier as per the extant policy during the relevant period, the concerned administrative ministry/department shall act as the competent authority (the "Competent Authority") for the grant of post facto approval of foreign investment. In circumstances where there is a doubt as to which department shall act as the Competent Authority, the DIPP shall identify the Competent Authority. The DIPP has from time to time made policy pronouncements on FDI through press notes and press releases which are notified by RBI as amendment to FEMA. In case of any conflict FEMA will prevail.

The Foreign Exchange Management (Debt Instruments) Regulations, 2019 notified by RBI on October 17, 2019, regulate investment in India by a person resident outside India in listed NCDs.

The Consolidated FDI Policy consolidates the policy framework in place as on August 27, 2017. Further, on January 4, 2018 the RBI released the Master Direction on Foreign Investment in India. Under the approval route, prior approval from the relevant ministry and competent authorities, as per the procedure established under the Standard Operating Procedure for Processing FDI Proposals ("SOP") dated June 29, 2017 or RBI is required. FDI for the items/activities that cannot be brought in under the automatic route may be brought in through the approval route. Approvals are accorded on the recommendation of the FIPB, which is chaired by the Secretary, DIPP, with the Union Finance Secretary, Commerce Secretary and other key Secretaries of the Government of India as its members.

As per the sector specific guidelines of the Government of India, 100 per cent FDI/ Non-Resident Indian ("NRI") investments are allowed under the automatic route in certain NBFC activities subject to compliance with guidelines of the RBI in this regard.

Shops and establishments regulations in various states

The provisions of various Shops and Establishments legislations, as applicable, regulate the conditions of work and employment in shops and commercial establishments and generally prescribe obligations in respect of *inter alia* registration, opening and closing hours, daily and weekly working hours, holidays, leave, health, termination of services and safety measures and wages for overtime work.

Labour laws

India has stringent labour related legislations. Our Company is required to comply with certain labour laws, which include the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 1952, the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965, Workmen Compensation Act, 1923, the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 and the Payment of Wages Act, 1936, amongst others.

Intellectual property regulations

Intellectual Property in India enjoys protection under both common law and statute. Under statute, India provides for patent protection under the Patents Act, 1970, copyright protection under the Copyright Act, 1957 and trademark protection under the Trade Marks Act, 1999. The above enactments provide for protection of intellectual property by imposing civil and criminal liability for infringement.

Regulatory measures on account of the COVID-19 pandemic

The Government of India on October 23, 2020 has announced the 'Scheme for grant of ex-gratia payment of difference between compound interest and simple interest for six months to borrowers in specified loan accounts (1.3.2020 to 31.8.2020)' (the 'Scheme'), which mandates ex-gratia payment to certain categories of borrowers by way of crediting the difference between simple interest and compound interest for the period between March 1, 2020 to August 31, 2020 by the respective lending institutions.

The RBI has issued circulars, the Statement of Developmental and Regulatory Policies dated May 22, 2020 and Monetary Policy Statement, 2020-2021: Resolution of Monetary Policy Committee dated May 22, 2020 announcing certain additional regulatory measures with an aim to revive growth and mitigate the impact of COVID-19 on business and financial institutions in India, including:

- (a) permitting banks to grant a moratorium of six months on all term loan instalments and working capital facilities sanctioned in the form of cash credit/overdraft ("CC/OD"), falling due between March 1, 2020 and August 31, 2020, subject to the fulfilment of certain conditions;
- (b) permitting the recalculation of 'drawing power' of working capital facilities sanctioned in the form of cash/ credit overdraft facilities by reducing the margins till the extended period, being August 31, 2020, and permitting lending institutions to restore the margins to the original levels by March 31, 2021;
- (c) permitting the increase in the bank's exposures to a group of connected counterparties from 25% to 30% of the eligible capital base of the bank, up to June 30, 2021;
- (d) deferring the recovery of the interest applied in respect of all working capital facilities sanctioned in the form of cash/credit overdraft facilities during the period from March 1, 2020 to August 31, 2020;

- (e) permitting lending institutions to convert the accumulated interest on working capital facilities up to the deferment period (up to August 31, 2020) into a funded interest term loan which shall be repayable not later than the end of the current financial year (being, March 31, 2021);
- (f) permitting the lending institutions to exclude the moratorium period wherever granted in respect of term loans as stated in(a) above, from the number of days past-due for the purpose of asset classification under the income recognition and asset classification norms, in respect of accounts classified as standard as on February 29, 2020, even if overdue;
- (g) permitting the lending institutions to exclude deferment period on recovery of the interest applied, wherever granted as stated in (d) above, for the determination of out of order status, in respect of working capital facilities sanctioned in the form of CC/OD where the account is classified as standard, including special mention accounts, as on February 29, 2020; and
- (h) requiring lending institutions to make general provisions of not less than 10% of the total outstanding of accounts in default but standard as on February 29, 2020 and asset classification benefit is availed, to be phased over two quarters as provided: (i) not less than 5% for the quarter ended March 31, 2020; and (ii) not less than 5% for the quarter ended June 30, 2020, subject to certain adjustments.

It must be noted that pursuant order dated September 10, 2020 passed in relation to Gajendra Sharma vs. Union of India & Anr. (Civil Writ Petition No. 825/2020), the Supreme Court imposed status quo with respect to the moratorium, extending the moratorium until further hearing. The Supreme Court ("Court") on the hearing dated November 27, 2020 acknowledged that the Union of India vide its circular dated October 23, 2020 has taken specific measures. The Court disposed the petition with directions to the respondents to ensure that all steps be taken to implement the decision dated October 23, 2020 of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance so that benefit as contemplated by the Government of India percolates to those for whom the financial benefits have been envisaged and extended.

SECTION V – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

S. No.	Particulars Particulars	Page Nos.
1.	Reformatted Ind AS Standalone Financial Information	[•]
2.	Reformatted Ind AS Consolidated Financial Information	[•]
3.	The Unaudited Standalone Financial Results for the three months ended June 30, 2022	[•]
4.	The Unaudited Consolidated Financial Results for the three months ended June 30, 2022	[•]

2-C Court Chambers, 35, New Marine Lines, Mumbai, Maharashtra-400020

Chhajed & Doshi Chartered Accountants

101, Hubtown Solaris, N S Phadke Marg, Near East West Flyover, Andheri (East) Mumbai – 400 069

Auditors' report on the Reformatted Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at March 31,2022, 2021 and 2020, the Reformatted Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, the Reformatted Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and the Reformatted Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the years ended March 31,2022, 2021 and 2020 and the Statement of Significant Accounting Policies and other Explanatory Information of IIFL Finance Limited (collectively, the "Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements")

The Board of Directors
IIFL Finance Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Holdings Limited)
8" Floor, Unit no 802, Hub town Solaris,
N S Phadke Marg, Vijay Nagar,
Andheri East - Mumbai - 400 069

Dear Sirs / Madams,

- 1. We have examined the attached reformatted consolidated financial statements ("Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements") of IIFL Finance Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Holdings Limited) (the "Company" or the "Holding Company"), its subsidiary companies (the Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") as at and for the years ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 annexed to this report and prepared by the Company for the purpose of inclusion in the offer document in connection with its proposed issue of secured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value of ₹ 1,000 each ("Issue"). The Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements, which have been approved by Finance Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on June 23,2022, have been prepared by the Company in accordance with the requirements of:
 - a) Section 26 of Part I of Chapter III of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended (the "Act");
 - b) relevant provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended (the "SEBI NCS Regulations") issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"); and
 - c) The Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectus (Revised 2019) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, as amended from time to time (the "Guidance Note").
- 2. The Management of the Company is responsible for the preparation of the Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements for the purpose of inclusion in the Draft Shelf Prospectus to be filed with SEBI, BSE Limited, National Stock Exchange of India Limited and the Shelf Prospectus and relevant Tranche Prospectus to be filed with SEBI, BSE Limited, National Stock Exchange of India Limited and Registrar of Companies, Mumbai ("Offer Documents") in connection with the Issue. The Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared by the Management of the Company on the basis stated in Note No.1 to the Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements. The Management's responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining adequate internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements. The Management of the Company is also responsible for identifying and ensuring that the Group complies with the Act, the SEBI NCS Regulations and the Guidance Note.

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- 3. We have examined such Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements taking into consideration:
 - a) The terms of reference and terms of our engagement agreed upon with you in accordance with our engagement letter dated June 10,2022 requesting us to carry out work on such Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements in connection with the Company's Issue;
 - b) The Guidance Note. The Guidance Note also requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI;
 - c) Concepts of test checks and materiality to obtain reasonable assurance based on verification of evidence supporting the Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements; and
 - d) The requirements of Section 26 of the Act and the SEBI NCS Regulations. Our work was performed solely to assist you in meeting your responsibilities in relation to your compliance with the Act, the SEBI NCS Regulations and the Guidance Note in connection with the Issue.
- 4. These Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements have been compiled by the Management of the Company from the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the years ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS) which comprises mandatory Accounting Standards as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, which have been approved by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on April 28, 2022, May 6, 2021 and May 28, 2020 respectively. The consolidated financial statements for the year ended on March 31,2022 were audited by us; for the year ended on March 31, 2021 were audited by one of the current joint statutory auditors of the company i.e., V Sankar Aiyar & Co. and for the year ended on March 31, 2020 were audited by the previous statutory auditors of the company i.e., Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP. In relation to the aforesaid consolidated financial statements audited by the previous statutory auditors of the Company and furnished to us by the management, we have not carried out any audit tests or review procedures, and, accordingly reliance has been placed on the consolidated financial statements audited by the previous statutory auditors for the said year.
- 5. The Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the presentation / disclosure requirements of the financial year ended March 31, 2022.
- 6. For the purpose of our examination, we have relied on the statutory auditors' report on the consolidated financial statements of the company, issued by us dated April 28, 2022 for the year ended March 31,2022; by the one of the current joint statutory auditors i.e V Sankar Aiyar & Co dated May 6, 2021 for the year ended March 31, 2021 and by the previous statutory auditors of the company i.e Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP dated June 7,2020 for the year ended March 31, 2020. These Consolidated Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the Company in those years, as referred in paragraph 4 above.
 - a. Audit report dated April 28,2022 issued by us on the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022, included the following Emphasis of Matter and Other matter:

Emphasis of Matter:

We draw attention to Note 8.3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, which fully describes that the Company has recognised impairment on financial assets to reflect the business impact and uncertainties arising from the COVID 19 pandemic. Such estimates are based on current facts and circumstances and

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may not necessarily reflect the future uncertainties and events arising from the full impact of the COVID 19 pandemic.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Matters

The financial statements of 3 wholly owned subsidiary companies have been audited by other auditors. The financial statements of 2 subsidiary trusts have been audited by one of the joint statutory auditors of the Holding company. The financial statements of the said subsidiary companies and trusts reflect total assets of Rs. 244,170.99 million as at March 31, 2022, Group's share of total revenue of Rs. 33,035.96 million, Group's share of total net profit of Rs. 5,178.68 million and Group's share of total comprehensive income Af Rs. 5,369.44 million and net cash inflows Rs. 12,927.42 million for the year ended on the date as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The reports of auditors of the said subsidiary companies and trusts have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiary companies and trusts, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) and (11) of section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary companies is based solely on the reports of the other auditors/reports of one of the joint statutory auditors of the Holding Company.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors.

The Consolidated Financial Statements of the company for the previous year ended March 31,2021 were audited by one of the current joint statutory auditors who had expressed unmodified opinion vide their report dated May 6, 2021.

b. Audit report dated May 6,2021 issued by one of the current joint statutory auditors of the company i.e V Sankar Aiyar & Co on the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021, included the following Emphasis of Matter and Other matter:

Emphasis Of Matter

We draw attention to Note 8.3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, which fully describes that the Company has recognised impairment on financial assets to reflect the business impact and uncertainties arising from the COVID 19 pandemic. Such estimates are based on current facts and circumstances and may not necessarily reflect the future uncertainties and events arising from the full impact of the COVID 19 pandemic.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other matters:

We did not audit the financial statements of one wholly owned subsidiary company, whose financial statements reflect total assets of Rs 159,778.10 million as at March 31, 2021, total revenues of Rs 20,677.50 million and net cash outflows amounting to Rs 5,128.40 million for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiary company, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) and (11) of section

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143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary company is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Our opinion above on the audited consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements above, is not modified in respect of the above matters.

c. Audit report dated June 7, 2020 issued by previous statutory auditors of the company i.e Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP on the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020, included the following Emphasis of matter and Other matter paragraph:

Emphasis Of Matter

"We draw attention Note No. 41 to the Consolidated Financial Statements which describes the reasons for implementation of the composite scheme of arrangement amongst the Company, India Infoline Media and Research Services Limited, IIFL Securities Limited, IIFL Wealth Management Limited, India Infoline Finance Limited and IIFL Distribution Services Limited, and their respective shareholders, under Sections 230 - 232 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Scheme"), in Parts, based on the legal opinion obtained by the Company. The Scheme has been approved by the National Company Law Tribunal vide its order dated March 07, 2019 and filed with the Registrar of Companies on April 11, 2019.

Subsequent to the receipt of certificate of registration by the Company for carrying on business of non-banking financial institution from the Reserve bank of India on March 11, 2020, the said Scheme has been refiled with Registrar of Companies on March 30, 2020 to give effect to the final part of the Scheme.

Our report is not modified in respect of this matter.

We draw attention to Note 8.3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, which fully describes that the Group has recognised impairment on financial assets to reflect the business impact and uncertainties arising from the COVID 19 pandemic. Such estimates are based on current facts and circumstances and may not necessarily reflect the future uncertainties and events arising from the full impact of the COVID 19 pandemic.

Our report is not modified in respect of this matter."

Other matters:

"We did not audit the financial statements of two subsidiaries and two trusts with residual beneficial interest, whose financial statements / Financial Statements reflect total assets of Rs. 36,192.59 million as at 31 March 2020, total revenues of Rs.6,681.93 million and net cash outflows amounting to Rs. 190.21 million for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements / Financial Statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and trusts with residual beneficial interest, and our report in terms of subsection (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries and trusts with residual beneficial interest is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Our opinion above on the audited consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements above, is not modified in respect of the above matters."

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- 7. We have performed adequate tests and procedures which in our opinion were necessary for the purpose of issuing our examination report on the Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group for the aforesaid periods. These procedures mainly involved comparison of the attached Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements with the Group's audited consolidated financial statements for financial years ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 and regrouping and reclassification as per schedule III of Companies Act 2013 and requirements of SEBI NCS Regulations.
- 8. Based on our examination and according to the statements and explanations given to us, we report that the Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared, in all material aspects, on the basis described in Note no 1 to the Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements.
- 9. At the request of the Company, we have also examined the Consolidated statement of Dividend, enclosed as Annexure VI for the years ended March 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, prepared by the Management and approved by the Finance Committee of the Board of Directors vide Resolution dated June 23,2022.
- 10. In the preparation and presentation of Reformatted Consolidated Financial Information based on audited financial statements as referred to in paragraph 4 above, no adjustments have been made for any events occurring subsequent to dates of the audit reports specified in paragraph 4 above.
- 11. This report should not in any way be construed as a reissuance or re-dating of any of the previous audit reports issued by us or by one of the current joint statutory auditors (i.e V Sankar Aiyar & Co) or by previous statutory auditors (i.e Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP) nor should this report be construed as a new opinion on any of the financial statements referred to herein.
- 12. We have no responsibility to update our report for events and circumstances occurring after the date of the report.
- 13. Our report is intended solely for use of the Management of the Company for inclusion in the Offer Document to be filed in connection with the proposed Issue and is not to be used, referred to, or distributed for any other purpose except with our prior consent.

Signed by the Statutory Auditors of the Company

For V Sankar Aiyar & Co. **Chartered Accountants** (FRN: 109208W)

For Chhajed & Doshi **Chartered Accountants** (FRN: 101794W)

G Sankar Partner M. No.046050 Place: Mumbai Date: June 23, 2022

UDIN: 22046050ALXYKO3708

M. P. Chhajed Partner M. No. 049357 Place: Mumbai Date: June 23, 2022

UDIN:22049357ALXYPX3420

REFORMATTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

(₹ in millions)

Sr.			As at	As at	(₹ in millions) As at
Sr. No	Particulars	Notes	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
	Assets				
[1]	Financial assets				
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	4	62,116.40	26,429.02	15,656.01
(b)	Bank balance other than (a) above	5	19,452.94	21,411.54	16,503.17
(c)	Derivative financial instruments	6	742.81	503.87	2,426.49
(d)	Receivables				
	(i) Trade receivables	7	1,831.95	1,922.77	298.35
	(ii) Other receivables	7	158.00	5.10	-
(e)	Loans	8	336,928.94	335,331.60	285,346.51
(f)	Investments	9	11,921.61	315.71	7,703.86
(g)	Other financial assets	10	9,237.85	4,903.70	3,581.47
[2]	Non-financial assets		442,390.50	390,823.31	331,515.86
(a)	Current tax assets (net)		2,341.66	2,628.37	2,115.98
(b)	Deferred tax assets (net)	11	2,858.11	3,111.43	2,429.46
(c)	Investment property	12	2,951.94	2,710.60	2,142.63
(d)	Property, plant and equipment	13	1,505.22	1,042.92	1,141.50
(e)	Capital work-in-progress	13.1	56.44	65.61	24.94
(f)	Right to use assets	14	3,275.30	2,985.99	2,771.26
(r) (g)	Other intangible assets	15	21.12	11.45	12.51
(h)	Other non-financial assets	16	3,525.95	3,150.01	1,580.00
(i)	Assets held for sale	17	175.51	139.46	1,380.00
(1)	Assets field for sale	"	16,711.25	15,845.84	12,218.28
			20,722,20	25,6 15.6 1	12)210:20
	Total Assets		459,101.75	406,669.15	343,734.14
	Liabilities And Equity				
	Liabilities				
[1]	Financial liabilities				
(a)	Derivative financial instruments	6	1,643.91	1,565.76	439.18
(b)	Payables				
	(I)Trade payables	18			
	(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises			-	
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and		1,424.27	1,093.91	787.23
	small enterprises				
	(II) Other payables				
	(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises			-	-
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and		99.06	-	-
	small enterprises				
(c)	Finance lease obligation	14	3,606.78	3,265.02	2,913.53
(d)	Debt securities	19	78,380.78	83,303.50	87,047.31
(e)	Borrowings (other than debt securities)	20	253,190.28	216,243.58	168,316.12
(f)	Subordinated liabilities	21	25,680.49	23,019.28	21,683.77
(g)	Other financial liabilities	22	28,206.34	20,913.77	13,085.81
			392,231.91	349,404.82	294,272.95
[2]	Non-financial liabilities	1			
(a)	Current tax liabilities (net)	1	502.09	1,024.39	424.97
(b)	Provisions	23	641.07	495.75	684.06
(c)	Other non-financial liabilities	24	1,029.43	1,809.95	696.03
			2,172.59	3,330.09	1,805.06
	Total Liabilities		394,404.50	352,734.91	296,078.01
[3]	Equity	1	334,404.30	332,/34.31	250,078.01
	1	25	759.20	757.68	756.68
(a) (b)	Equity share capital Other equity	25.1	63,879.09	53,117.45	46,843.05
(c)	Non-controlling interest	25.1	58.96	53,117.45	46,843.05
(0)	Non-controlling interest	23.1	64,697.25	53,934.24	47,656.13
			0.,007.23	30,30	,000.110
	Total Liabilities and Equity		459,101.75	406,669.15	343,734.14
See acc	ompanying notes forming part of the financial statements	1 - 47			

In terms of our report attached

For V Sankar Aiyar & Co. For Chhajed & Doshi
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 109208W Firm Registration No. 101794W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IIFL FINANCE LIMITED

G. SankarM.P. ChhajedNirmal JainR. VenkataramanPartnerPartnerManaging DirectorJoint Managing DirectorMembership No. 046050Membership No. 049357DIN : 00010535DIN : 00011919

Place : Mumbai Dated: June 23, 2022 Rajesh Rajak Sneha Patwardhan Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

REFORMATTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED) REFORMATTED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

No.					_	(₹ in millions)
Marche M		Particulars	Notes			Year ended
10 Interest income	NO	Payanua from aparations		March 31, 2022	Warch 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
	(i)	•	26.1	61 948 69	54 212 05	46 188 85
				· ·		10.90
				· ·		1,163.00
						1 059 30
		iver gain on derecognition of financial instruments under amortised cost category	31	4,112.27	1,297.00	1,036.39
	(1)	Total revenue from operations		68,363.65	58,397.75	48,443.20
Expenses	(II)	Other income	29	1,699.14	1,499.14	818.05
	(III)	Total Income (I+II)		70,062.79	59,896.89	49,261.25
(ii) Nect loss or fiar value changes 78				1		
(iii) No bas on derecognition of financial instruments under amortised cost category of impairment on financial instruments 31 9,042.17 6,482.98 4,431 (iv) Impairment on financial instruments 32 (167.40) 5,203.35 2,20.91 7,460 (iv) Depreciation, amortisation and impairment 8,15 1,216.98 1,056.76 1,056 (iv) Oberegones 34 5,393.82 3,616.78 4,160 (iv) Oberegones 34 5,393.82 3,616.78 4,160 (iv) Oberegones 34 5,393.82 3,616.78 4,160 (iv) Oberedot as (III-VI) 15,359.84 10,047.84 7,251 (iv) Profit before tax (III-VI) 15,359.84 10,047.84 7,231 (iv) Profit before tax (III-VI) 15,359.84 10,047.84 7,231 (iv) Profit before tax (III-VI) 15,359.84 10,047.84 7,240 (iv) Tax espense 13 3,277.50 3,173.33 1,77 (iv) Tax espense	٠,			29,910.05	26,258.27	24,050.18
(iv) Impairment on financial instruments 32 (167.40) 5.203.35 7.230.91 7.460				-	-	619.75
Mary Semployee benefits expenses 33 9,307.33 7,20.91 7,60	(iii)	Net loss on derecognition of financial instruments under amortised cost category	31	9,042.17	6,482.98	4,431.65
(v) Depreciation, amortisation and impairment 12,13,14 8,15 1,216.98 1,056.76 1,056. 1	(iv)	Impairment on financial instruments		(167.40)	5,203.35	230.39
VIII Deprecation, amorisation and impairment & 15 1.216.98 1.056.76 1.056	(v)	Employee benefits expenses	33	9,307.33	7,230.91	7,460.92
VI Others expenses 34 5,339.82 3,361.78 4,160 VI Total Expenses (IV) 15,359.84 10,047.84 7,251 VI Tatal Expenses (IV) 15,359.84 10,047.84 7,251 VI Tax expenses 11,835 3,277.75 3,173.53 1,778 (1) Current tax ((vi)	Depreciation, amortisation and impairment				
(IV) Total Expenses (IV)	(*1)	bepreciation, unfortisation and impairment	& 15	1,216.98	1,056.76	1,056.49
V(V) Profit before tax (III-IV) 15,359.84 10,047.84 7,251	(vii)	'	34			4,160.03
(VI) Tax expense:	(IV)	Total Expenses (IV)		54,702.95	49,849.05	42,009.41
(VI) Tax expense:						
13 Current tax 35 3,277.76 3,173.53 1,778 2 Deferred tax 2 Deferred tax 36 5.74 45.67 (28 5.74 45.47 (28 5.74 45.47	(V)	Profit before tax (III-IV)		15,359.84	10,047.84	7,251.84
13 Current tax 35 3,277.76 3,173.53 1,778 2 Deferred tax 2 Deferred tax 36 5.74 45.67 (28 5.74 45.47 (28 5.74 45.47						
(2) Deferred tax (3) Current tax expenses relating to previous years (3) Current tax expenses relating to previous years (3) Current tax expenses relating to previous years (3) Current tax expenses (4) Profit for the year from continuing operations (V-VI) (1) Profit for the year from continuing operations (V-VI) (1) Impact of change in the rate of opening deferred tax (1) Impact of change in the rate of opening deferred tax (1) Impact of change in the rate of opening deferred tax (1) Impact of change in the rate of opening deferred tax (1) Profit for the year (V-VI) (2) Profit for the year (V-VI) (3) Profit for the year (V-VI) (4) (I) Impact shat will not be reclassified to profit or loss (3) Subtoal (A) (4) (I) Impact tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (3) Subtoal (A) (4) (I) Impact tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (3) Subtoal (B) (3) (I) Impact tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (3) Subtoal (B) (3) (I) Impact tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (3) Subtoal (B) (4) (I) Impact tax expenses relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (3) Subtoal (B) (4) (I) Impact tax expenses relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (4) (I) Impact tax expenses relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (4) (I) Impact tax expenses relat	(VI)	Tax expense:				
(3) Current tax expenses relating to previous years				· · ·	· ·	1,778.98
Total tax expense 3,477.34 2,439.74 1,718				l l		(32.69)
(VII) Profit for the year from continuing operations (V-VI)		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	36			(28.21)
(VIII) Impact of change in the rate of opening deferred tax		Total tax expense		3,477.34	2,439.74	1,718.08
The first for the year (V-VI) Total Comprehensive Income (A+B) Total Comprehensive Income for the year Total Comprehensive Income (A+B) Total Comp	(VII)	Profit for the year from continuing operations (V-VI)		11,882.50	7,608.10	5,533.76
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest (A) Other Comprehensive Income (A) (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (a) Remeasurement of defined benefit (liabilities)/assets (a) Cash flow hedge (net) (b) Fair value of loans carried at FVTOCI (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iv) Fair value of loans carried at FVTOCI (iv) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Subtotal (B) Other Comprehensive Income (A+B) (XI) Total Comprehensive Income (A+B) Attributable to: Owners of the Company Attributable to: Owners	(VIII)	Impact of change in the rate of opening deferred tax	11	-	-	499.03
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest	(IX)	Profit for the year (V-VI)		11,882.50	7,608.10	5,034.73
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest		Attributable to:				
Non-controlling interest				11.878.93	7.601.18	5,018.30
(X) Other Comprehensive Income (A) (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (a) Remeasurement of defined benefit (liabilities)/assets (ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (b) (ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (a) Cash flow hedge (net) (b) Fair value of loans carried at FVTOCI (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (iii) Income tax relating t		· ·		3.57		16.43
(A) (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(V)					
(a) Remeasurement of defined benefit (liabilities)/assets (ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (B) (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (a) Cash flow hedge (net) (b) Fair value of loans carried at FVTOCI (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Subtotal (B) (iii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Subtotal (B) Other Comprehensive Income (A+B) (XI) Total Comprehensive Income for the year Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest (XII) Earnings per equity share of face value ₹ 2 each Basic (₹) Diluted (₹) (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss 11 & 35 (13.04) 35 (13.04) (338.79) (43 (338.79) (43 (31.09) 87.19 10 (32 (31.09) 87.19 11 & 35 (31.09) 87.19 10 (259.24) 32 (259.24) 32 (259.24) 32 (243.17) (66 (7.364.93 4.968 3.52 6.90 16.07 3.52 6.90 16.07 3.52 6.90 16.07 3.52 6.90 16.07 3.52 6.90 16.07 3.52 6.90 16.07 3.52 6.90 16.07 3.53 3.53 3.00 3.1.34 3		•				
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Subtotal (A) (B) (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (a) Cash flow hedge (net) (b) Fair value of loans carried at FVTOCI (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Subtotal (B) (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Subtotal (B) Other Comprehensive Income (A+B) (XI) Total Comprehensive Income for the year Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest Sasic (₹) Diluted (₹) Other Comprehensive share of face value ₹ 2 each Basic (₹) Diluted (₹) 11 & 35 0.09 (13.04) 35 (13.04) 35 (13.04) (338.79) (43 (31.09) 87.19 10 (32 (32) (32-40) (259.24) (32 (243.17) (66 7,364.93 4,968 4,951 3.52 6.90 13 3.133 20.09 13 30.09 13 31.14 30.00 31.14			35	(0.35)	21.48	(45.42)
Subtotal (A)				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		11.43
(B) (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			11 & 33			(33.99)
(a) Cash flow hedge (net) (b) Fair value of loans carried at FVTOCI (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Subtotal (B) Other Comprehensive Income (A+B) (XI) Total Comprehensive Income for the year Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest Basic (₹) Diluted (₹) (35 (13.04) (35 (13.05) (31.09) 87.19 (259.24) (259.24) (259.24) (259.24) (243.17) (66 (7.64) (7				(0.20)	10.07	(33.33)
(b) Fair value of loans carried at FVTOCI (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Subtotal (B) Other Comprehensive Income (A+B) (XI) Total Comprehensive Income for the year Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest (XII) Earnings per equity share of face value ₹ 2 each Basic (₹) Diluted (₹) (I) Fair value of loans carried at FVTOCI (35 (31.09) 87.19 (259.24) (259.24) (299.24) (299.24) (299.24) (243.17) (66 (7.64) 11.8.35 (31.09) 87.19 10 10 11.974.64 7,364.93 7,358.03 7,3					(
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Subtotal (B) Other Comprehensive Income (A+B) (XI) Total Comprehensive Income for the year Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest Earnings per equity share of face value ₹ 2 each Basic (₹) Diluted (₹) (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (31.09) 87.19 (259.24) (2259.24) (243.17) (66 7,364.93 4,968 4,951 11,971.12 7,358.03 4,951 (XII) 8 arrings per equity share of face value ₹ 2 each Basic (₹) Diluted (₹) 31.33 20.09 13 20.09 13		, ,		· 'I	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(43.58)
Subtotal (B) 92.40 (259.24) (32 (243.17) (66 (243.17) (66 (243.17) (66 (243.17) (66 (243.17) (243.17) (66 (243.17) (243.17) (66 (243.17) (243.17) (66 (243.17) (24				l l		-
Other Comprehensive Income (A+B) 92.14 (243.17) (666			11 & 35	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		10.97
(XI) Total Comprehensive Income for the year 11,974.64 7,364.93 4,968 Attributable to: Owners of the Company 11,971.12 7,358.03 4,951 Non-controlling interest 3.52 6.90 16 (XII) Earnings per equity share of face value ₹ 2 each Basic (₹) Diluted (₹) 31.33 20.09 13 Diluted (₹) 31.14 20.04 13						(32.61)
Attributable to: 11,971.12 7,358.03 4,951 Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest 3.52 6.90 16 (XII) Earnings per equity share of face value ₹ 2 each Basic (₹) Diluted (₹) 36 31.33 20.09 13 Diluted (₹) 31.34 20.04 13		Other Comprehensive Income (A+B)		92.14	(243.17)	(66.60)
Owners of the Company 11,971.12 7,358.03 4,951 Non-controlling interest 3.52 6.90 16 Earnings per equity share of face value ₹ 2 each Basic (₹) 31.33 20.09 13 Diluted (₹) 31.14 20.04 13	(XI)	Total Comprehensive Income for the year		11,974.64	7,364.93	4,968.13
Non-controlling interest 3.52 6.90 16		Attributable to:		I		
Non-controlling interest 3.52 6.90 16				11,971.12	7,358.03	4,951.77
(XII) Earnings per equity share of face value ₹ 2 each Basic (₹) 36 Diluted (₹) 31.33 20.09 13 31.14 20.04 13		· ·				16.36
Basic (₹) 31.33 20.09 13 Diluted (₹) 31.14 20.04 13	/v::\	-	36	I		
Diluted (₹) 31.14 20.04 13	(XII)		36	24.22	20.00	42.27
						13.27
ee accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements 1 - 47				31.14	20.04	13.24
	See acc	ompanying notes forming part of the financial statements	1 - 47			

In terms of our report attached

For V Sankar Aiyar & Co. For Chhajed & Doshi
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 109208W Firm Registration No. 101794W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IIFL FINANCE LIMITED

 G. Sankar
 M.P. Chhajed
 Nirmal Jain

 Partner
 Partner
 Managing Director

 Membership No. 046050
 Membership No. 049357
 DIN: 00010535

irmal Jain R. Venkataraman lanaging Director Joint Managing Director IN: 00010535 DIN: 00011919

Place: MumbaiRajesh RajakSneha PatwardhanDated: June 23, 2022Chief Financial OfficerCompany Secretary

REFORMATTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED) REFORMATTED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Notes	Year ended M	larch 31, 2022	Year ended N	March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020		
	Notes		91, 2022			Tear chaca W		
A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Profit before tax			15,359.84		10,047.84		7,251.84	
Adjustments for:								
	12, 13, 14							
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	& 15	1,216.98		1,056.76		1,056.49		
Impairment on loans	32	(81.59)		4,842.85		134.94		
Impairment on other financial instruments		(85.82)		360.49		56.95		
(Profit)/ loss on sale of assets		(3.29)		2.97		6.76		
(Gain)/Loss on termination - Ind AS 116		0.01		(9.81)		(12.20)		
Net (Gain)/ loss on fair value changes on investment - realised		(771.98)		(1,616.74)		634.81		
Net (Gain)/ loss on fair value changes on investment - unrealised		1.29		(97.86)		44.43		
Net (Gain)/ loss on derecognition of financial instruments under amortised cost		(4,112.27)		(1,297.66)		(1,058.39)		
Employee benefit expenses - share based		30.98		4.36		89.36		
Employee benefit expenses - others		123.01		157.38		105.03		
Interest on loans		(59,717.13)		(53,255.64)		(44,528.77)		
Interest on deposits with banks	26.1	(900.12)		(827.29)		(897.87)		
Dividend Income	26.2	(0.01)		(59.44)		(10.90)		
Finance cost	1	27,354.57		25,944.34		24,303.23		
Interest expenses - Ind AS 116	30	307.87		269.44		239.02		
Loss on buy back of commercial paper (net)		-		-		9.92		
Loss/(Gain) on buy back of debentures (net)		(7.86)		(7.06)		(581.33)		
Income received on loans		65,763.91		47,390.69		44,442.50		
Interest received on deposits with banks		879.13		858.95		898.16		
Finance cost paid	1 1	(30,261.74)	(264.06)	(25,372.17)	(1,655.44)	(23,045.99)	1,886.15	
Operating profit before working capital changes			15,095.78		8,392.40		9,137.99	
Decrease/ (increase) in financial and non financial assets		(225.91)		(2,476.44)		17,400.53		
Increase/ (decrease) in financial and non financial liabilities		6,214.61	5,988.70	10,433.74	7,957.30	(2,243.38)	15,157.15	
Cash (used in)/ generated from operations			21,084.48		16,349.70		24,295.13	
Taxes paid			(2,943.33)		(2,952.89)		(2,275.87	
Net cash (used in)/ generated from operating activities			18,141.15		13,396.81		22,019.26	
Loans (disbursed)/ repaid (net)			(303.88)		(49,265.29)		(10,947.37	
Net cash (used in)/ generated from operating activities (A)			17,837.27		(35,868.48)		11,071.89	
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets			(1,007.74)		(363.05)		(564.62	
Sale of property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets			11.72		20.25		73.68	
Purchase of investment property			(245.14)		(63.08)		(111.83	
Proceeds from investments property			-		24.10		20.00	
Proceeds/(Purchase) of Investments			(10,752.26)		8,658.75		(5,739.33	
Dividend received			0.01		59.44		10.90	
Proceeds/(Deposits) from maturity of deposits placed with Banks			2,035.46		(5,977.98)		(2,945.35	
Net cash (used in)/ generated from investing activities (B)			(9,957.95)		2,358.43		(9,256.55	
C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Proceeds from issue of equity share capital			86.04		45.59		20.45	
Payment of Stamp duty			(83.40)		-			
Adjustment due to Composite Scheme of arrangement on account of merger			-		-		(22.10	
Dividend paid (including dividend distribution tax)			(1,328.20)		(1,136.87)		(986.76	
Proceeds from debt securities			29,103.19		31,011.80		57,993.6	
Repayment of debt securities			(32,741.40)		(34,101.56)		(83,092.7	
Proceeds from borrowings (other than debt securities)			121,982.11		121,238.50		163,873.39	
Repayment of borrowings (other than debt securities)			(91,239.86)		(72,693.40)		(141,013.6	
Proceeds from subordinated liabilities			7,058.23		6,708.60		7,036.78	
Repayment of subordinated liabilities			(4,109.71)		(6,010.29)		(2,002.50	
Payment of lease liability			(918.94)		(779.31)		(719.8	
Net cash (used in)/ generated from financing activities (C)			27,808.06		44,283.06	[1,086.6	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)			35,687.38		10,773.01		2,901.95	
Add : Opening cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year			26,429.02		15,656.01		12,754.06	
Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year	4	ļ	62,116.40		26,429.02	ľ	15,656.01	
See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements	1 - 47							

In terms of our report attached

For V Sankar Aiyar & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 109208W

Stration No. 101794W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IIFL FINANCE LIMITED

 G. Sankar
 M.P. Chhajed
 Nirmal Jain
 R. Venkataraman

 Partner
 Partner
 Managing Director
 Joint Managing Director

 Membership No. 046050
 Imbership No. 049357
 DIN : 00010535
 DIN : 00011919

 Place : Mumbai
 Rajesh Rajak
 Sneha Patwardhan

 Dated: June 23, 2022
 Chief Financial Officer
 Company Secretary

REFORMATTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED) REFORMATTED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

A. Equity Share Capital (₹ in millions) Balance at the Changes in equity Balance at the Particulars beginning of the share capital end of the during the year reporting year reporting year As at March 31, 2022 (refer note 25) 759.20 757.68 1.52 As at March 31, 2021 (refer note 25) 756.68 1.00 757.68 As at March 31, 2020 (refer note 25) 638.41 118.27 756.68

B. Other Equity															(₹ in millions)
						Reserves & Surplus					Other	Comprehensive	Income		
Particulars	Share Application Money (Note 1)	Capital Reserve (Note 2)	Securities Premium Reserve (Note 3)	General Reserve (Note 4)	Special Reserve Pursuant to Section 45 IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (Note 5)	Special Reserve Pursuant to Section 29C of National Housing Bank Act, 1987 (Note 6)	Capital Redemption Reserve (Note 7)	Debenture Redemption Reserve (Note 8)	Retained Earnings (Note 9)	Stock Compensation Reserve (Note 10)	Effective portion of Cash Flow Hedges (Note 11)	Fair value of loans carried at FVTOCI	Remeasurements of defined benefit (Note 12)	Total	Non-Controlling Interest
Balance as at April 01, 2019	-	838.85	18,319.12	5,986.91	4,750.72	1,575.70	2,301.11	513.75	8,522.48	95.37	(98.01)	-	(18.74)	42,787.26	44.07
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,018.30	-	-	-	-	5,018.30	16.43
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		(32.61)	-	(33.92)	(66.53)	(0.07)
Interim dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(817.05)	-	-	-	-	(817.05)	(1.46)
Dividend distribution tax on interim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(167.95)	-	-	-	-	(167.95)	(0.30)
dividend									, ,					, ,	, ,
Change in minority	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.27	-	-	-	-	2.27	(2.27)
Transfer to/ from reserves	-	-	10.26	537.74	832.22	493.00	-	(385.71)	(1,476.92)	(10.59)	-	-	-	-	-
On account of merger	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(25.83)	-	-	-	-	(25.83)	-
Addition during the year	-	-	23.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	89.36	-	-	-	112.58	-
Balance as at April 01, 2020	-	838.85	18,352.60	6,524.65	5,582.94	2,068.70	2,301.11	128.04	11,055.30	174.14	(130.62)	-	(52.66)	46,843.05	56.40
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,601.18	-	-	-	-	7,601.18	6.92
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(253.52)	(5.72)	16.09	(243.15)	(0.02)
Interim dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,135.41)	-	-	-	-	(1,135.41)	(1.46)
Dividend distribution tax on interim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
dividend															1
Change in minority	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.73	-	-	-	-	2.73	(2.73)
Transfer to/ from reserves	-	-	12.62	6.82	819.59	805.00	-	-	(1,624.59)	(19.44)	-	-	-	(0.00)	-
Addition during the year	-	-	44.59	-	-	-	-	-	0.10	4.36	-	-	-	49.05	-
Balance as at March 31, 2021	-	838.85	18,409.81	6,531.47	6,402.53	2,873.70	2,301.11	128.04	15,899.31	159.06	(384.14)	(5.72)	(36.57)	53,117.45	59.11
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	11,878.93	-	-	-	- 1	11,878.93	3.57
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9.76)	102.16	(0.21)	92.19	(0.05)
Interim dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,328.20)	-	-	-	- 1	(1,328.20)	-
Share issue expenses	-	-	(83.40)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(83.40)	-
Change in minority	-	-	- '	-	-	-	-	-	3.67	-	-	-	-	3.67	(3.67)
Transfer to/ from reserves	-	-	47.57	0.66	2,053.51	1,156.00	-	-	(3,126.57)	(48.22)	-	-	-	82.95	-
Addition during the year	-	-	84.52	-	-	-	-	-	- '	30.98	-	-	-	115.50	-
Balance as at March 31, 2022	-	838.85	18.458.50	6.532.13	8,456.04	4.029.70	2.301.11	128.04	23.327.14	141.82	(393.90)	96.44	(36.78)	63.879.09	58.96

REFORMATTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED) REFORMATTED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Notes:

- 1. Share application money pending allotment: Money received for share application for which allotment is pending.
- 2. Capital Reserves: Capital reserve is created on account of Composite Scheme of Arrangement.
- 3. Securities Premium Reserve: The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in Securities Premium Reserve (including debenture premium). Total additions to Securities Premium is after netting of share issue expenses.
- 4. General Reserve: The reserve can be distributed/utilised by the Group, in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013
- 5. Special Reserve: Pursuant to section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934, being 20% of the profit after tax for the year of IIFL Finance Limited and Samasta Microfinance Limited has been transferred from Retained Earnings to Special Reserve.
- 6. Special Reserve: Pursuant to section 29C of the National Housing Bank Act, 1987 the Housing Finance Company ("HFC") is required to transfer atleast 20% of its net profit every year to a reserve before any dividend is declared.
- 7. Capital Redemption Reserve: This reserve has been created on redemption of preference shares capital as per section 55 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 8. Debenture Redemption Reserve: Pursuant to Section 71 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 18 of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, Non Banking Finance Company ("NBFC") and Housing Finance Company ("HFC") are required to create Debenture Redemption Reserve of a value equivalent to 25% of the debentures offered through public issue. Pursuant to Ministry of Corporate Affairs circular dated August 16, 2019, reserve is not required to be created for the Non Convertible Debentures going forward.
- 9. Retained Earnings: These are the profits that the Group has earned till date, less any transfers to Statutory Reserve, Debenture Redemption Reserve, General Reserve, Dividend distribution and capital redemption reserve.
- 10. Stock Compensation Reserve: The employee stock options reserve represents reserve in respect of equity settled share options granted to the employees of the Company and its Group in pursuance of employee stock options plan.
- 11. Effective portion of Cash Flow Hedges: This reserve refers to changes in the fair value of Derivative Financial Contracts which are designated as effective Cash Flow Hedge.
- 12. Remeasurements of defined benefit: This reserve refers to remeasurement of gains and losses arising from experience adjustments, changes in actuarial assumptions and return on plan assets of the defined benefit plan.

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements (1 - 47)

In terms of our report attached

For V Sankar Aiyar & Co. For Chhajed & Doshi
Chartered Accountants Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 109208W Firm Registration No. 101794W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

of IIFL FINANCE LIMITED

 G. Sankar
 M.P. Chhajed

 Partner
 Partner

 Membership No. 046050
 Membership No. 049357

Nirmal Jain Managing Director DIN: 00010535 R. Venkataraman
Joint Managing Director
DIN: 00011919

Place : Mumbai Dated: June 23, 2022 Rajesh Rajak Chief Financial Officer Sneha Patwardhan Company Secretary Notes forming part of Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

Note 1. Annexure V

The Group has prepared the Reformatted Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 and Reformatted Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss and the Reformatted Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the years ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 and Reformatted Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the years ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 and the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (together comprising the "Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements"). Accordingly these Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements will be included in the Offer Document (collectively "Draft Shelf Prospectus, Shelf Prospectus, Tranche Prospectus (es) and any other issue material") proposed to be filed by the Company with the National Stock Exchange of India Limited, BSE Limited, Securities and Exchange Board of India (the "SEBI") and the Registrar of Companies — Mumbai (the "Prospectus") in connection with the proposed issue by the Company.

The Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements are based on and have been extracted by the Management of the Company from the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group for the years ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020. The Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the years ended March 31, 2020 has been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the presentation / disclosure in line with the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 to comply with requirements of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended from time to time (the "SEBI (NCS) Regulations") issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (the "SEBI").

These Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements, do not reflect the effects of events that occurred subsequent to the dates of approval of the audited consolidated financial statements of the respective years by the Board of Directors of the Company and also do not reflect the effects of change in accounting policies from one year to another, if any.

These Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements have been approved by the Finance Committee of the Board of Directors on its meeting held on June 23, 2022.

Note 1.1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

Company overview

IIFL Finance Limited (the "Company/ Parent/ Holding Company") is a Systemically Important Non-Banking Financial Company not accepting public deposits ("NBFC-ND-SI") registered with the Reserve Bank of India ("the RBI") under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and primarily engaged in financing and related activities. The Company had received the certificate of registration from RBI on Mar 12, 2020, enabling the Company to carry on business as a Non-Banking Financial Company. The Company offers a broad suite of financial products such as mortgage loan, gold loan, loan against securities loans to small & medium enterprise ("SME"), Micro finance loans ("MFI") and digital finance loans.

Note 2. Basis of consolidation

i. Basis of preparation of financial statements

Notes forming part of Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

The consolidated financial statements relates to IIFL Finance Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiary/group companies (together hereinafter referred to as "Group"). The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time).

Control is achieved when the Company has:

- Power over the investee
- Is exposed or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and
- Has the ability to use its power over investee to affect its returns

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control. To support this presumption and when the Holding Company has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- The Holding Company's voting rights and potential voting rights
- The size of the Company's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of the holdings of the other voting rights holders.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Ind AS as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and relevant amendment rules issued thereafter ("Ind AS") on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period as explained below, the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") and the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") and National Housing Bank ("NHB") to the extent applicable.

ii. Principles of consolidation:

a) The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period as explained in the accounting policies below and the relevant provisions of The Companies Act, 2013 ("Act").

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the

Notes forming part of Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/ or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share based payment transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 102, leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as value in use in Ind AS 36.

Fair value measurements under Ind AS are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company can access at measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within level 1, (that are not traded in active market) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the valuation of assets or liabilities.
- b) The effects of all inter-Group transactions and balances have been eliminated on consolidation. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year by the Group.
- c) The consolidated financial statements of the subsidiary companies used in the consolidation are drawn up to the same reporting date as that of the Group, March 31, 2022.
- d) The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been combined on a line-by-line basis by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, after eliminating intra-group balances, intra-group transactions and resulting unrealised profits or losses, unless cost cannot be recovered.
- e) Business combinations: Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. At the acquisition date, identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are measured at fair value. For this purpose, the liabilities assumed include contingent liabilities representing present obligation and they are measured at their acquisition date fair values irrespective of the fact that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is not probable. The consideration transferred is measured at fair value at acquisition date and includes the fair value of any contingent consideration. However, deferred tax asset or liability and any liability or asset relating to employee benefit arrangements arising from a business combination are measured and recognised in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 12, Income Taxes and Ind AS 19, Employee Benefits, respectively. Where the consideration transferred exceeds the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed, the excess is recorded as goodwill. Alternatively, in case of a bargain purchase wherein the consideration transferred is lower than the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed, the difference is recorded as a gain in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as capital reserve. The costs of acquisition excluding those relating to issue of equity or debt securities are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred Business combinations involving entities under common control are accounted for using the pooling of interests method. The net assets of the transferor entity or business are accounted at their carrying

Notes forming part of Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

amounts on the date of the acquisition subject to necessary adjustments required to harmonise accounting policies.

f) Goodwill is an asset representing the future economic benefits arising from other assets acquired in a business combination that are not individually identified and separately recognised. Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the consideration transferred over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed, measured in accordance with Ind AS 103 – Business Combinations.

Goodwill is considered to have indefinite useful life and hence is not subject to amortisation but tested for impairment at least annually. After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment.

Any impairment loss on goodwill is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. An impairment loss recognised on goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination, is from the acquisition date.

The excess of cost to the Group of its investments in the subsidiary companies over its share of equity of the subsidiary companies, at the dates on which the investments in the subsidiary companies are made, is recognised as 'Goodwill' being an asset in the consolidated financial statements. Alternatively, where the share of equity in the subsidiary companies as on the date of investment is in excess of cost of investment of the Group, it is recognised as 'Capital Reserve' and shown under the head 'Reserves and Surplus', in the consolidated financial statements. Goodwill/ Capital reserve has been netted off and disclosed in the consolidated financial statements. Goodwill arising on consolidation is not amortised but tested for impairment.

- g) Non-controlling Interest in the net assets of the consolidated subsidiaries consist of the amount of equity attributable to the minority shareholders at the date on which investments in the subsidiary companies were made and further movements in their share in the equity, subsequent to the dates of investments. Net profit and loss/ other comprehensive income ("OCI") for the year of the subsidiaries attributable to non-controlling interest is identified and adjusted against the profit after tax/ other comprehensive income ("OCI") of the Group in order to arrive at the income attributable to shareholders of the Group.
- h) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income ("OCI") are attributed to the equity holders of the Holding Company and to the non-controlling interests, if any.

Notes forming part of Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

iii. List of subsidiaries consolidated

The individual Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, Statement of Profit and Loss and cash flow statement for the year ended March 31, 2022 of following subsidiaries are included in consolidation:

		Country of	% of holding and voting power either directly or indirectly through subsidiary				
Name of the entity	Relationship	Incorporation	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020		
IIFL Home Finance Limited (HFC)	Direct Subsidiary	India	100%	100%	100%		
IIFL Samasta Microfinance Limited (Formerly Samasta Microfinance Limited) (Samasta)	Direct Subsidiary	India	99.41%	99.09%	98.89%		
IIHFL Sales Limited	Step down Subsidiary	India	100%	100%	N.A		
Clara Developers Private Limited (Clara) (Upto July 26, 2020)	Direct Subsidiary	India	N.A	N.A	100%		
Eminent Trust Trust with October 2019 Residual Beneficial Interest		India	N.A	N.A	N.A		
Eminent Trust Trust with November 2019 Residual Beneficial Interest		India	N.A	N.A	N.A		

iv. Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") requires the management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as the management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Notes forming part of Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

v. Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Ind AS notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs in exercise of the powers conferred by section 133 read with sub-section (1) of section 210A of the Companies Act, 2013 along with the applicable guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") and National Housing Bank ("NHB"). In addition, the guidance notes/ announcements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") are also applied except where compliance with other statutory promulgations require a different treatment.

vi. Presentation of financial statements

The Balance Sheet and the Statement of Profit and Loss are prepared and presented in the format prescribed in the Division III to Schedule III to the Act applicable for Non-Banking Finance Companies ("NBFC"). The Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared and presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows". The disclosure requirements with respect to items in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss, as prescribed in the Schedule III to the Act, are presented by way of notes forming part of the consolidated Financial Statements along with the other notes required to be disclosed under the notified Accounting Standards and regulations issued by the RBI and NHB.

Note 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured and there exists reasonable certainty of its recovery.

i. Interest income and dividend income

Interest income on financial instruments at amortised cost is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the effective interest rate ("EIR") applicable.

Interest on financial instruments measured at fair value is included within the fair value movement during the period.

The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows of the financial instrument through the expected life of the financial instrument or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial instrument. The future cash flows are estimated taking into account all the contractual terms of the instrument.

The calculation of the EIR includes all fees paid or received between parties to the contract that are incremental and directly attributable to the specific lending arrangement, transaction costs, and all other premiums or discounts. For financial assets at fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"), transaction costs are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss at initial recognition.

Penal Interest are recognised as income only when revenue is virtually certain which generally

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

coincides with receipts.

Dividend on equity shares, preference shares and on mutual fund units is recognised as income when the right to receive the dividend is established.

ii. Fees and charges

Fees and charges include fees other than those that are an integral part of EIR. The fees included in this part of the Group's Statement of Profit and Loss include, among other things, fees charged for servicing a loan.

Cheque bounce charges, late payment charges and foreclosure charges are recognised on a point-in-time basis, and are recorded when realised.

Fee and commission expenses with regards to services are accounted for as and when the services are delivered.

iii. Income from financial instruments at FVTPL

Income from financial instruments at FVTPL includes all gains and losses from changes in the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL.

iv. Assignment transactions

In accordance with Ind AS 109, in case of assignment transactions with complete transfer of risks and rewards without any retention of residual interest, gain arising on such assignment transactions is recorded upfront in the Statement of Profit and Loss and the corresponding asset is derecognised from the Balance Sheet immediately upon execution of such transaction. Further, the transfer of financial assets qualifies for derecognition in its entirety, the whole of the interest spread at its present value (discounted over the life of the asset) is recognised on the date of derecognition itself as interest only strip receivable (interest strip on assignment) and correspondingly recognised as profit on derecognition of financial asset.

v. Securitisation transactions

In accordance with Ind AS 109, in case of securitisation transactions, the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

vi. Other operational revenue

Other operational revenue represents income earned from the activities incidental to the business and is recognised when the right to receive the income is established as per the terms of the contract.

(b) Property, plant and equipment ("PPE")

PPE is recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. PPE is stated at original cost net of tax, if any, less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes professional fees related to the

Notes forming part of Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

acquisition of PPE and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy.

Depreciation is charged using the straight-line method, based on the useful life of fixed assets as estimated by the Management, as specified below. Depreciation is charged from the month in which new assets are put to use. No depreciation is charged from the month in which assets are sold. In case of transfer of used fixed assets from group companies, depreciation is charged over the remaining useful life of the asset. Individual assets / group of similar assets costing up to ₹ 5,000 have been depreciated in full in the year of purchase. Leasehold land is depreciated on a straight line basis over the leasehold period.

The estimated useful life of assets is as under:

Class of assets	Useful life
Buildings	20 years
Computers	3 years
Office equipment	5 years
Plant and Equipment	5 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 years
Vehicles	5 years

For above class of assets, based on internal assessment and independent technical evaluation carried out by external valuers, the Management believes that the useful lives as given above best represent the period over which Management expects to use these assets.

An item of PPE is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of PPE is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Capital work in progress

Projects under which tangible fixed assets are not yet ready for their intended use are carried at cost, comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable interest and are disclosed as "capital work-in-progress".

(c) Intangible assets

Intangible assets are recognised when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are stated at original cost net of tax, less accumulated amortisation and cumulative impairment.

Intangible assets i.e. Software are amortised on straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of 3 years. Amortisation on impaired assets is provided by adjusting the amortisation charge in the remaining periods so as to allocate the assets revised carrying amount over its remaining useful life.

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset are

Notes forming part of Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

(d) Investment property

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/ or for capital appreciation (including property under construction for such purposes). Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the Investment property is derecognised.

Freehold land and properties under construction are not depreciated.

(e) Non-current Assets held for Sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount is intended to be recovered principally through a sale (rather than through continuing use) when the asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sale of such asset and the sale is highly probable and is expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

The Group repossess properties or other assets to settle outstanding recoverable and the surplus (if any) post auction is refunded to the obligors. These assets physically acquired by the company under SARFASI Act, 2002 and sale is highly probable has been classified as assets held for sale, as their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale of asset. In accordance with Ind AS 105, the company is committed to sell these assets. Non-current assets classified as held for sale are measured at lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

(f) Impairment of assets

As at the end of each accounting year, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its PPE, intangible assets and investment property assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If such indication exists, the PPE, intangible assets and investment property are tested for impairment so as to determine the impairment loss, if any.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. If recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, such deficit is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss as impairment loss and the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reverse, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that it does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

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(g) Share-based payment arrangements

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity.

Securities premium includes:

- The difference between the face value of the equity shares and the consideration received in respect of shares issued pursuant to Stock Option Scheme.
- The fair value of the stock options which are treated as expense, if any, in respect of shares allotted pursuant to Stock Options Scheme

(h) Employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

The Group's contribution towards Provident Fund and Family Pension Fund are considered as defined contribution plans and are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees and are accounted for on an accrual basis and recognised in the Statement of Profit and loss.

Defined benefit plans

Short term employee benefits: Employee benefits falling due wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits and are expensed in the period in which the employee renders the related service. Liabilities recognised in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related service. These benefits include performance incentive and compensated absences.

Post employment benefits: The employees' gratuity fund scheme represents defined benefit plan. The present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate based on the market yield on government securities of a maturity period equivalent to the weighted average maturity profile of the defined benefit obligations at the Balance Sheet date.

Re-measurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset) and any change in the effect of asset ceiling (if applicable) is recognised in other comprehensive income and is reflected in retained earnings and the same is not eligible to be reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

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Defined benefit costs comprising current service cost, past service cost and gains or losses on settlements are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as employee benefit expenses. Gains or losses on settlement of any defined benefit plan are recognised when the settlement occurs. Past service cost is recognised as expense at the earlier of the plan amendment or curtailment and when the Group recognises related restructuring costs or termination benefits.

In case of funded plans, the fair value of the plan assets is reduced from the gross obligation under the defined benefit plans to recognise the obligation on a net basis.

Long term employee benefits: The obligation recognised in respect of long term benefits such as long term compensated absences, is measured at present value of estimated future cash flows expected to be made by the Group and is recognised in a similar manner as in the case of defined benefit plan above.

(i) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. average market value of the outstanding shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

(j) Taxes on income

Current tax

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and other applicable tax laws.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Group's financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in computation of taxable profit and quantified using the tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted as on the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is not recognized for:

- Temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss
- Temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences

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and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and

- Taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Future taxable profits are determined based on business plans and the reversal of temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. For this purpose, the carrying amount of investment property measured at fair value is presumed to be recovered through sale, and the company has not rebutted this presumption.

For transactions and other events recognised in profit or loss, any related tax effects are also recognised in profit or loss. For transactions and other events recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity), any related tax effects are also recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively).

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off assets against liabilities, representing current tax and where the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relates to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

(k) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Group's Balance Sheet when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Recognised financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs and revenues that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs and revenues directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial assets

Classification and measurement

The Group classifies its financial assets into the following measurement categories: amortised cost;

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fair value through other comprehensive income; and fair value through profit or loss.

All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of Ind AS 109 are required to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value on the basis of the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

Financial instruments measured at amortised cost

Debt instruments that meet the following criteria are measured at amortised cost (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding.

For the purpose of SPPI test, principal is the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition. The principal amount may change over the life of the financial asset (e.g. if there are repayments of principal). Interest consists of consideration for the time value of money, for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs, as well as a profit margin. The SPPI assessment is made in the currency in which the financial asset is denominated.

Contractual cash flows that are SPPI are consistent with a basic lending arrangement. Contractual terms that introduce exposure to risks or volatility in the contractual cash flows that are unrelated to a basic lending arrangement, such as exposure to changes in equity prices or commodity prices, do not give rise to contractual cash flows that are SPPI. An originated or an acquired financial asset can be a basic lending arrangement irrespective of whether it is a loan in its legal form.

An assessment of business models for managing financial assets is fundamental to the classification of a financial asset. The Group determines the business models at a level that reflects how financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. The Group's business model does not depend on management's intentions for an individual instrument, therefore the business model assessment is performed at a higher level of aggregation rather than on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Debt instruments that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are subject to impairment.

Financial instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI")

Debt instruments that meet the following criteria are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Interest income is recognised in Statement of profit and loss for FVTOCI debt instruments. Other changes in fair value of FVTOCI financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income.

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When the asset is disposed of, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in reserve is transferred to Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial instruments measured at fair value through Profit and Loss ("FVTPL")

Instruments that do not meet the amortised cost or FVTOCI criteria are measured at FVTPL. Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The gain or loss on disposal is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for FVTPL debt instruments. Dividend on financial assets at FVTPL is recognised when the Group's right to receive dividend is established.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Group makes an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income pertaining to investments in equity instruments. This election is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading. These elected investments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the 'Reserve for equity instruments through other comprehensive income'. The cumulative gain or loss is not reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss on disposal of the investments. Dividends from these investments are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the Group's right to receive dividends is established.

Reclassifications

If the business model under which the Group holds financial assets changes, the financial assets affected are reclassified. The classification and measurement requirements related to the new category apply prospectively from the first day of the first reporting period following the change in business model that result in reclassifying the Group's financial assets. Changes in contractual cash flows are considered under the accounting policy on modification and derecognition of financial assets described below.

Impairment of financial assets

Group recognizes loss allowances using the Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit and loss. ECL is calculated using a model which captures portfolio performance over a period of time. ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. A credit loss is the difference between the cash flows that are due to an entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the entity expects to receive discounted at the original EIR. Vintage loss curve model is used for ECL computation of retail portfolio which involves assessment of performance of segmented portfolio over a time period. The model tracks monthwise losses during the loan tenor. Vintage loss rate models provide a simple, reasonable model for both one-year and lifetime expected credit loss forecasts. For wholesale portfolio, ECL computation is done for each loan account based on CRISIL default study and International Review Board ("IRB") guidelines.

ECL is measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:

12-month ECL, i.e. ECL that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are

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possible within 12 months after the reporting date (referred to as Stage 1); or

• full lifetime ECL, i.e. lifetime ECL that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instrument (referred to as Stage 2 and Stage 3).

A loss allowance for full lifetime ECL is required for a financial instrument if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. For all other financial instruments, ECLs are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL.

The Group measures ECL on an individual basis, or on a collective basis for portfolios of loans that share similar economic risk characteristics. The measurement of the loss allowance is based on the present value of the asset's expected cash flows using the asset's original EIR, regardless of whether it is measured on an individual basis or a collective basis.

Key elements of ECL computation are outlined below:

- Probability of default ("PD") is an estimate of the likelihood that customer will default over a given time horizon. A default may only happen at a certain time over the assessed period, if the facility has not been previously de-recognised and is still in the portfolio.
- Loss given default ("LGD") estimates the normalised loss which Group incurs post customer default. It is usually expressed as a percentage of the Exposure at default ("EAD").
- Effective interest rate ("EIR") is the rate that discounts estimated future cash flows through the expected life of financial instrument. For calculating EIR any upfront fees needs to be excluded from the loans and advance amount.

Credit impaired financial assets

A financial asset is 'credit impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Credit-impaired financial assets are referred to as Stage 3 assets. Evidence of credit-impairment includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as a default or past due event;
- the lender of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties; or
- the purchase of a financial asset at a deep discount that reflects the incurred credit losses.

A loan is considered credit-impaired when a concession is granted to the borrower due to a deterioration in the borrower's financial condition, unless there is evidence that as a result of granting the concession the risk of not receiving the contractual cash flows has reduced significantly and there are no other indicators of impairment.

Definition of default

Critical to the determination of ECL is the definition of default. The definition of default is used in measuring the amount of ECL and in the determination of whether the loss allowance is based on 12-month or lifetime ECL, as default is a component of the probability of default ("PD") which affects both the measurement of ECLs and the identification of a significant increase in credit risk.

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Default considered for computation of ECL computation is as per the applicable prudential regulatory norms.

Significant increase in credit risk

The Group monitors all financial assets, issued loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts that are subject to the impairment requirements to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. The Group's accounting policy is not to use the practical expedient that financial assets with 'low' credit risk at the reporting date are deemed not to have had a significant increase in credit risk.

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the reporting date based on the remaining maturity of the instrument with the risk of a default occurring that was anticipated for the remaining maturity at the current reporting date when the financial instrument was first recognised. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort, based on the Group's expert credit assessment.

Modification and derecognition of financial assets

A modification of a financial asset occurs when the contractual terms governing the cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified between initial recognition and maturity of the financial asset. A modification affects the amount and/ or timing of the contractual cash flows either immediately or at a future date. In addition, the introduction or adjustment of existing covenants of an existing loan would constitute a modification even if these new or adjusted covenants do not yet affect the cash flows immediately but may affect the cash flows depending on whether the covenant is or is not met (e.g. a change to the increase in the interest rate that arises when covenants are breached).

The Group renegotiates loans to customers in financial difficulty to maximise collection and minimise the risk of default. Loan forbearance is granted in cases where although the borrower made all reasonable efforts to pay under the original contractual terms, there is a high risk of default or default has already happened and the borrower is expected to be able to meet the revised terms. The revised terms in most of the cases include an extension of the maturity of the loan, changes to the timing of the cash flows of the loan (principal and interest repayment), reduction in the amount of cash flows due (principal and interest forgiveness) and amendments to covenants.

When a financial asset is modified, the Group considers the following:

Qualitative factors, such as contractual cash flows after modification are no longer SPPI, change in currency or change of counterparty, the extent of change in interest rates, maturity, covenants. If these do not clearly indicate a substantial modification, then a quantitative assessment is performed to compare the present value of the remaining contractual cash flows under the original terms with the contractual cash flows under the revised terms, both amounts discounted at the original effective interest.

In the case where the financial asset is derecognised, the loss allowance for ECL is remeasured at the date of derecognition to determine the net carrying amount of the asset at that date. The difference

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between this revised carrying amount and the fair value of the new financial asset with the new terms will lead to a gain or loss on derecognition. The new financial asset will have a loss allowance measured based on 12-month ECL except in the rare occasions where the new loan is considered to be originated-credit impaired. This applies only in the case where the fair value of the new loan is recognised at a significant discount to its revised par amount because there remains a high risk of default which has not been reduced by the modification. The Group monitors credit risk of modified financial assets by evaluating qualitative and quantitative information, such as if the borrower is in past due status under the new terms.

When the contractual terms of a financial asset are modified and the modification does not result in derecognition, the Group determines if the financial asset's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition.

For financial assets modified, where modification did not result in derecognition, the estimate of PD reflects the Group's ability to collect the modified cash flows taking into account the Group's previous experience of similar forbearance action, as well as various behavioural indicators, including the borrower's payment performance against the modified contractual terms. If the credit risk remains significantly higher than what was expected at initial recognition the loss allowance will continue to be measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. The loss allowance on forborne loans will generally only be measured based on 12-month ECL when there is evidence of the borrower's improved repayment behaviour following modification leading to a reversal of the previous significant increase in credit risk.

Where a modification does not lead to derecognition the Group calculates the modification gain/ loss comparing the gross carrying amount before and after the modification (excluding the ECL allowance). Then the Group measures ECL for the modified asset, where the expected cash flows arising from the modified financial asset are included in calculating the expected cash shortfalls from the original asset.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the asset's cash flows expire (including expiry arising from a modification with substantially different terms), or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are transferred to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain/loss that had been recognised in OCI and accumulated in equity is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, with the exception of equity investment designated as measured at FVTOCI, where the cumulative gain/loss previously recognised in OCI is not subsequently reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Write-off

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Loans and debt securities are written off when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering the financial asset (either in its entirety or a portion of it). This is the case when the Group determines that the borrower does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. The Group may apply enforcement activities to financial assets written off. Recoveries resulting from the Group's enforcement activities will result in impairment gains.

Financial liabilities and equity Instruments

Debt and equity instruments that are issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement. *Equity instruments*

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Compound instruments

The component parts of compound instruments (e.g. convertible notes) issued by the Group are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. A conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Group's own equity instruments is an equity instrument.

At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for similar non-convertible instruments.

A conversion option classified as equity is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound instrument as a whole. This is recognised and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently re-measured. In addition, the conversion option classified as equity will remain in equity until the conversion option is exercised, in which case, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to other component of equity. Where the conversion option remains unexercised at the maturity date of the convertible note, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to retained earnings. No gain/ loss is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss upon conversion or expiration of the conversion option.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible notes are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are recognised directly in equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability component and are amortised over the life of the convertible notes using the effective interest rate method.

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Financial liabilities that are not held-for-trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are determined based on the effective interest rate method.

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The effective interest rate method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(I) Cash and bank balances

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash and bank balances also include fixed deposits, margin money deposits, earmarked balances with banks and other bank balances which have restrictions on repatriation. Short term and liquid investments being subject to more than insignificant risk of change in value, are not included as part of cash and cash equivalents.

(m) Goods and service tax input credit

Goods and service tax input credit is accounted for in the books in the period in which the supply of goods or service received is accounted and when there is no uncertainty in availing/ utilising the credits.

(n) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include interest expense calculated using the EIR method.

(o) Foreign currencies

In preparing the consolidated financial statements of, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

(p) Segment reporting

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The Group's primary business segments are reflected based on the principal business carried out, i.e. financing. All other activities of the Group revolve around the main business. The risk and returns of the business of the Group is not associated with geographical segmentation, hence there is no secondary segment reporting based on geographical segment. As such, there are no separate reportable segments.

(q) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognised only when:

- an entity has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event; and
- it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Provisions (excluding retirement benefits) are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Onerous contracts

Present obligations arising under onerous contracts are recognised and measured as provisions. An onerous contract is considered to exist where the Group has a contract under which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received from the contract.

Contingent liability is disclosed in case of:

- a present obligation arising from past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and
- a present obligation arising from past events, when no reliable estimate is possible.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the Notes. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the consolidated financial statements.

(r) Commitments

Commitments are future liabilities for contractual expenditure, classified and disclosed as follows:

- a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for;
- b) Funding related commitment to associate and joint venture companies; and
- c) Other non-cancellable commitments, if any.

(s) Statement of cash flows

Statement of Cash Flows is prepared segregating the cash flows into operating, investing and financing activities. Cash flow from operating activities is reported using indirect method adjusting the net profit for the effects of:

• changes during the period in operating receivables and payables transactions of a non-cash nature;

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- non-cash items such as depreciation, provisions, deferred taxes and unrealised foreign currency gains and losses.
- all other items for which the cash effects are investing or financing cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents (including bank balances) shown in the Statement of Cash Flows exclude items which are not available for general use as on the date of balance sheet.

(t) Exceptional Items

When items of income and expense within profit or loss from ordinary activities are of such size, nature or incidence that their disclosure is relevant to explain the performance of the enterprise for the period, the nature and amount of such items is disclosed separately as Exceptional items.

(u) Derivative financial instruments and hedging

The Group enters into derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risks, including foreign exchange forward contracts, interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in the Statement of Profit and Loss depends on the nature of the hedging relationship and the nature of the hedged item.

Hedge accounting

The Group designates certain hedging instruments, which include derivatives in respect of foreign currency risk, as cash flow hedge.

At the inception of the hedge relationship, the entity documents the relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item, along with its risk management objectives and its strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. Furthermore, at the inception of the hedge and on an ongoing basis, the Group documents whether the hedging instrument is highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk.

Cash flow hedges

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of cash flow hedge reserve. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in profit or loss, and is included in the 'Other income' line item.

Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity relating to (effective portion as described above) are reclassified to profit or loss in the periods when the hedged item affects profit or loss, in the same line as the recognised hedged item. However, when the hedged forecast transaction results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or a non-financial liability, such gains and losses are transferred from equity (but not as a reclassification adjustment) and included in the initial measurement of the cost of the non-financial asset or non-financial liability. Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or

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exercised, or when it no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. Any gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognised when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in profit or loss. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the gain or loss accumulated in equity is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(v) Leases

The Group assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at the inception of the contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group considers whether (i) the contract involves the use of identified asset; (ii) the Group has substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of the asset through the period of lease and (iii) the Group has right to direct the use of the asset.

As a lessee

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

Certain lease arrangements include the option to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. The right-of-use assets and lease liabilities include these options when it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprises of fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments, amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and the exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option.

The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the

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right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

Lease liability and the right of use asset have been separately presented in the balance sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing activities.

The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short term leases that have a lease term of less than or equal to 12 months with no purchase option and assets with low value leases. The Group recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense in statement of profit and loss over the lease term. The related cash flows are classified as operating activities.

As a lessor

Leases for which the Group is a lessor is classified as finance or operating leases. When the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sublease separately. The sublease is classified as a finance or operating lease by reference to the right of use asset arising from the head lease.

Critical accounting estimate and judgement

1. Determination of lease term

Ind AS 116 Leases requires lessee to determine the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease adjusted with any option to extend or terminate the lease, if the use of such option is reasonably certain. The Group makes assessment on the expected lease term on lease by lease basis and thereby assesses whether it is reasonably certain that any options to extend or terminate the contract will be exercised. In evaluating the lease term, the Group considers factors such as any significant leasehold improvements undertaken over the lease term, costs relating to the termination of lease and the importance of the underlying to the Group's operations taking into account the location of the underlying asset and the availability of the suitable alternatives. The lease term in future periods is reassessed to ensure that the lease term reflects the current economic circumstances.

2. Discount rate

The discount rate is generally based on the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease being evaluated or for a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

The Group as a lessee

As a lessee, the Group leases assets which includes gold loan branches/office premises and vehicles to employees. The Group previously classified leases as operating or finance leases based on its assessment of whether the lease transferred significantly all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset to the Group. Under Ind AS 116, the Group recognises right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

Note 4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Cash on hand	501.95	225.25	805.91
Balance with Banks	39,209.17	24,763.18	11,169.28
- In current accounts	39,209.17	24,765.18	11,109.20
- In deposit accounts	22,396.86	1,440.36	3,680.00
- Interest accrued on fixed deposits	8.42	0.23	0.82
Total	62,116.40	26,429.02	15,656.01

Note 5. Bank Balance (other than cash and cash equivalents)

(₹ in millions)

			(
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Balance with Banks in earmarked accounts towards unclaimed	107.05	121 12	1 100 00
amount on NCD and dividend	187.85	131.12	1,169.06
In deposit accounts (refer note 5.1)	19,145.41	21,180.87	15,202.89
Interest accrued on fixed deposits (refer note 5.1)	119.68	99.55	131.22
Total	19,452.94	21,411.54	16,503.17

Note 5.1 Out of the Fixed Deposits shown above

note oil out of the linear persons should about		(*	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Lien marked	12,948.90	14,796.64	8,675.66
Margin for credit enhancement	6,316.19	6,446.33	5,986.56
Other deposits	-	37.45	671.89
Total	19,265.09	21,280.42	15,334.11

Note 6: Derivative Financial Instruments

(₹ in millions)

		As at March 31, 2022	2	Į.	As at March 31, 2021			As at March 31, 2020		
Part I	Notional amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	Notional amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	Notional amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	
(i) Currency derivatives:				-	-	-	-	-	-	
Spot and forwards	36,943.78	458.52	1,494.63	39,396.29	416.88	973.81	40,648.82	2,405.21	-	
Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps	3,630.75	-	50.59	3,630.75	-	292.08	3,630.75	-	150.27	
(ii) Interest rate derivatives							-	-	-	
Forward Rate Agreements and Interest Rate Swaps	6,955.00	185.60	-	6,955.00	-	212.88	6,955.00	-	267.63	
Options Purchased (Note i)	43.16	98.69	98.69	55.62	86.99	86.99	55.62	21.28	21.28	
(iii) Credit derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(iv) Equity linked derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(v) Other derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Forward exchange contract	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	47,572.69	742.81	1,643.91	50,037.66	503.87	1,565.76	51,290.19	2,426.49	439.18	

									(₹ in millions)
		As at March 31, 2022		I	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020		
Part II	Notional amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	Notional amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	Notional amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities
Included in above (Part I) are derivatives									
held for hedging and risk management									
purposes as follows:									
(i) Fair value hedging									
Options Purchased	43.16	98.69	98.69	55.62	86.99	86.99	55.62	21.28	21.28
(ii) Cash flow hedging									
Currency derivatives	40,574.53	458.52	1,545.22	43,027.04	416.88	1,265.89	3,630.75	-	150.27
Interest rate derivative	6,955.00	185.60	-	6,955.00	-	212.88	-	-	-
(iii) Net investment hedging	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Undesignated derivatives							-	-	-
Currency derivative	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,648.82	2,405.21	
Interest rate derivative	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,955.00	-	267.63
Forward exchange contract	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Total	47,572.69	742.81	1,643.91	50,037.66	503.87	1,565.76	51,290.19	2,426.49	439.18

Credit Risk and Currency Risk

(₹ in millions)

	Tot	Total		Exchange Traded		Exchange Traded Over the Cou		
	Notional	Fair value	Notional	Fair value	Notional	Fair value		
As at March 31, 2022								
Derivative Asset	13,868.16	742.81	43.16	98.69	13,825.00	644.12		
Derivative Liabilities	33,747.70	1,643.91	43.16	98.69	33,704.53	1,545.22		
As at March 31, 2021								
Derivative Asset	6,925.62	503.87	55.62	86.99	6,870.00	416.88		
Derivative Liabilities	43,167.66	1,565.76	55.62	86.99	43,112.04	1,478.77		
As at March 31, 2020								
Derivative Asset	40,707.44	2,426.49	55.62	21.28	40,648.82	2,405.21		
Derivative Liabilities	10,641.37	439.18	55.62	21.28	10,585.75	417.90		

Note:

(i) During the year ended March 31, 2020 the Group had open derivatives contracts of USD 2,643,750 without any corresponding financial instruments. The Group has subsequently cancelled the same on May 26, 2020.

(i) Options invested are tied up to Secured Non Convertible Debentures of Nil (March 31, 2021 ₹ 18.13 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 18.13 million) and Unsecured Non Convertible Debentures of ₹ 98.69 million P.Y. (March 21, 2021 ₹ 68.85 million and March 21, 2020 ₹ 20.05 million) made as per the terms of issue and on maturity will be transferred to the investors of the NCD.

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6.1 Hedging activities and derivatives

The Group is exposed to certain risks relating to its ongoing business operations. The primary risks managed using derivative instruments are interest rate and currency risk.

6.1.1 Derivatives designated as hedging instruments

The foreign currency and interest rate risk on borrowings have been actively hedged through a combination of forward contracts and cross currency interest rate swaps.

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk arising from its foreign currency borrowings. Interest on the borrowing is payable at a floating rate linked to the Benchmark Plus Margin. The Group economically hedged the interest rate risk arising from the debt with a 'receive floating pay fixed' cross currency interest rate swap.

The Group uses Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps (IRS) Contracts (Floating to Fixed) and Forward Exchange Contracts to hedge its risks associated with interest rate and currency fluctuations relating interest rate and currency risk arising from foreign currency loans / external commercial borrowings. The Group designates such contracts in a cash flow hedging relationship by applying the hedge accounting principles as per IND AS standards. These contracts are stated at fair value of the Spot element of the forward exchange contracts at each reporting date. Changes in the fair value of these contracts that are designated and effective as hedges of future cash flows are recognised directly in "Cash Flow Hedge Reserve" under Other Equity and the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting.

There is an economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument as the terms of the Forward contracts/Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps match that of the foreign currency borrowings (notional amount, interest payment dates, principal repayment date, etc.). The Group has established a hedge ratio of 1:1 for the hedging relationships as the underlying risk of the Forward contracts/Cross currency interest rate swaps are identical to the hedged risk components.

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Notional amount	47,529.53	49,982.04	3,630.75
Carrying amount	901.07	1,061.89	150.27
Line item in the statement of financial position	Derivative financial	Derivative financial	Derivative financial
	instrument	instrument	instrument
Change in fair value used for measuring ineffectiveness for the year	(9.75)	(253.52)	(32.61)

(₹ in millions)

			(
Impact of hedging item	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Change in fair value	(9.75)	(253.52)	(32.61)
Cash flow hedge reserve	(9.75)	(253.52)	(32.61)
Cost of hedging	-	-	-

Effect of Cash flow hedge	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Total hedging gain / (loss) recognised in OCI	(9.75)	(253.52)	(32.61)
Ineffectiveness recognised in profit or (loss)	-	-	(53.10)

Note 7. Receivables (₹ in millions)

Receivables	As at March	As at March	As at March
neceivables	31, 2022	31, 2021	31, 2020
(i) Trade Receivables			
Receivables considered good - Secured	1,345.00	1,564.65	-
Receivables considered good - Unsecured*	483.87	358.12	298.35
Receivables considered good - significant increase in credit risk	3.85	=	
Receivables - credit impaired	0.03	2.95	2.95
Total (i) - Gross	1,832.75	1,925.72	301.30
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(0.80)	(2.95)	(2.95)
Total (i) - Net	1,831.95	1,922.77	298.35
(ii) Other Receivables			
Receivables considered good - Unsecured	158.00	5.10	-

^{*} including receivable from Group Companies (refer note 41.2)

Notes:

- 1. No trade or other receivables are due from directors or other officer of the Group either severally or jointly, with any other person. Nor trade or other receivables are due from firms including limited liability partnerships, private companies in which any director is a partner or a director or a member.
- 2. The Group had adopted simplified approach for impairment allowance on trade receivables. Expected credit loss ("ECL") has been recognised on credit impaired receivables.
- 3. Trade receivables are non-interest bearing.

Note 7.1 Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule

(₹ in millions)

		Outstar	ding for follov	ving periods fr	om due date of	payment	(X III IIIIIIIOIIS)
Particulars (As at March 31, 2022)	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i)Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	46.37	1,781.24	1.07	0.19	-	-	1,828.87
(ii)Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk		3.85	-	-	-	-	3.85
(iii)Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired		-	-	-	0.03	-	0.03
(iv)Disputed Trade Receivables– considered good		-	-	-	-	-	-
(v)Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk		-	-	-	=	-	-
(vi)Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired		-	-	-	-	-	-
	46.37	1,785.09	1.07	0.19	0.03	-	1,832.75

(₹ in millions)

		Outstan	ding for faller	dan madada fi	ana dua data at		(till illillions)
		Outstar	iaing for follov	ving perioas ti	om due date of	payment	
Particulars (As at March 31, 2021)	Not due	Less than 6	6 months - 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	Total
Particulars (As at Warch 31, 2021)		months	year			years	
(t) the discrete d Tondo manifest black and described	12.08	1,624.07	286.49	0.03	0.08	0.02	1,922.77
i)Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good							
(ii)Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
significant increase in credit risk							
(iii)Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	0.13	0.03	2.79	-	2.95
(iv)Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v)Disputed Trade Receivables – which have	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
significant increase in credit risk							
(vi)Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	12.08	1,624.07	286.62	0.06	2.87	0.02	1,925.72

Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment							(< III IIIIIIIIII)
				٠.			
Particulars (As at March 31, 2020)	Not due	Less than 6	6 months - 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	Total
		months	year			years	
(i)Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	8.42	267.44	20.31	2.08	0.10	-	298.35
(ii)Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii)Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	2.95	-	-	2.95
(iv)Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v)Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi)Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	8.42	267.44	20.31	5.03	0.10	-	301.30

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(₹ in millions) Note 8. Loans

	As at March 31, 2022				
Particulars	Amortised cost	At Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income *	Total		
(A)					
(i) Term Loans	266,370.77	57,124.58	323,495.35		
(ii) Non Convertible Debentures - for financing real estate projects	17,168.44	-	17,168.44		
(iii) Related Parties	2.02	-	2.02		
(iv) Others (Dues from Customers etc)	10,491.72	-	10,491.72		
Total (A) - Gross	294,032.95	57,124.58	351,157.53		
Less: Impairment loss allowance (including Stage 3 ECL on Principal ₹	(13,728.61)	(499.98)	(14,228.59)		
4,092.20 million and Stage 3 Interest ₹ 1,124.94 million)					
Total (A) - Net	280,304.34	56,624.60	336,928.94		
(B)					
(i) Secured by tangible assets (refer note 8.1 and 8.2)	213,436.41	57,124.58	270,560.99		
(ii) Secured by intangible assets	-	-	-		
(iii) Covered by Bank/ Government guarantees	3,449.20	-	3,449.20		
(iv) Unsecured	77,147.34	-	77,147.34		
Total (B) - Gross	294,032.95	57,124.58	351,157.53		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(13,728.61)	(499.98)	(14,228.59)		
Total (B) - Net	280,304.34	56,624.60	336,928.94		
(C)					
(I) Loans in India					
(i) Public Sector	-	-	-		
(ii) Others	294,032.95	57,124.58	351,157.53		
Total(C) (I) - Gross	294,032.95	57,124.58	351,157.53		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(13,728.61)	(499.98)	(14,228.59)		
Total(C) (I) - Net	280,304.34	56,624.60	336,928.94		
(II) Loans outside India (C) (II)	-	-	-		
Total C (I) and C (II)	280,304.34	56,624.60	336,928.94		

	As at March 31, 2021				
Particulars	Amortised cost	At Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income *	Total		
(A)					
(i) Term Loans	260,743.51	52,662.86	313,406.37		
(ii) Non Convertible Debentures - for financing real estate projects	22,713.41	-	22,713.41		
(iii) Others (Dues from Customers etc)	13,651.49	-	13,651.49		
Total (A) - Gross	297,108.41	52,662.86	349,771.27		
Less: Impairment loss allowance (including Stage 3 ECL on Principal ₹	(13,948.47)	(491.20)	(14,439.67)		
3,828.96 million and Stage 3 Interest ₹ 1,169.47 million)					
Total (A) - Net	283,159.94	52,171.66	335,331.60		
(B)					
(i) Secured by tangible assets (refer note 8.1 and 8.2)	238,337.53	49,451.28	287,788.81		
(ii) Secured by intangible assets	-	-	-		
(iii) Covered by Bank/ Government guarantees	3,359.70	34.91	3,394.61		
(iv) Unsecured	55,411.18	3,176.67	58,587.85		
Total (B) - Gross	297,108.41	52,662.86	349,771.27		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(13,948.47)	(491.20)	(14,439.67)		
Total (B) - Net	283,159.94	52,171.66	335,331.60		
(C)					
(I) Loans in India					
(i) Public Sector	-	-	-		
(ii) Others	297,108.41	52,662.86	349,771.27		
Total (C) (I)-Gross	297,108.41	52,662.86	349,771.27		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(13,948.47)	(491.20)	(14,439.67)		
Total (C) (I)-Net	283,159.94	52,171.66	335,331.60		
(II) Loans outside India (C) (II)	-	-	-		
Total C (I) and C (II)	283,159.94	52,171.66	335,331.60		

(₹ in millions)

	As at March 31, 2020				
Particulars	Amortised cost	At Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive	Total		
Loans					
(A)					
(i) Term Loans	200,039.38	58,513.66	258,553.03		
(ii) Non Convertible Debentures - for financing real estate projects	23,787.05	-	23,787.05		
(iii) Inter Corporate Deposit (refer note 41.2)	4,293.60	-	4,293.60		
(iii) Related parties	-	-	-		
(iii) Others (Dues from Customers etc)	8,684.98	-	8,684.98		
Total (A) - Gross	236,805.01	58,513.66	295,318.66		
Less: Impairment loss allowance (including Stage 3 ECL on Principal ₹	(9,569.16)	(403.00)	(9,972.16)		
3,798.87 million and Stage 3 Interest ₹ 1,608.83 million)					
Total (A) - Net	227,235.85	58,110.66	285,346.51		
(B)					
(i) Secured by tangible assets (refer note 8.1 and 8.2)	186,510.56	54,543.88	241,054.44		
(ii) Secured by intangible assets	-	-	-		
(iii) Covered by Bank/ Government guarantees	-	-	-		
(iv) Unsecured	50,294.45	3,969.78	54,264.23		
Total (B) - Gross	236,805.01	58,513.66	295,318.67		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(9,569.16)	(403.00)	(9,972.16)		
Total (B) - Net	227,235.85	58,110.66	285,346.51		
(C)					
(I) Loans in India					
(i) Public Sector	-	-	-		
(ii) Others	236,805.01	58,513.66	295,318.67		
Total (C) (I)-Gross	236,805.01	58,513.66	295,318.67		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(9,569.16)	(403.00)	(9,972.16)		
Total (C) (I)-Net	227,235.85	58,110.66	285,346.51		
(II) Loans outside India (C) (II)	-	-	-		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	-	-		
Total (C) (II)- Net	-	-	-		
Total C (I) and C (II)	227,235.85	58,110.66	285,346.51		

^{*}Loans classified under Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income relate to those available for sale in their present condition.

Notes

- 8.1 Secured loans are secured by way of equitable mortgage of property, pledge of shares, hypothecation of assets, company personal guarantees, physical gold, undertaking to create security. Loans secured by Government Guarantee are credit facilities provided under the Emergency Credit Line Guarantee Scheme backed by an unconditional and irrevocable guarantee provided by Government of India.
- 8.2 Secured loans include loans aggregating to ₹2,009.43 million (March 31, 2021 ₹2,677.98 million and March 31, 2021 ₹3,467.03 million) in respect of which the creation of security is under process.
- 8.3 The Group assessment of impairment loss allowance on its loans and other assets is subject to a number of management judgments and estimates. In relation to COVID-19, judgments and assumptions included the extent and duration of the pandemic, the impacts of actions of governments and other authorities, and the responses of businesses and consumers in different industries, along with the associated impact on the global economy. Given the dynamic nature of pandemic situation, the Group's impairment loss allowance estimates are inherently uncertain due to severity and duration of the pandemic and, as a result, actual results may differ from these estimates as on the date of approval of these Consolidated Financial Statements.
- 8.4 The Group has complied with the RBI circular dated November 12, 2021 "Prudential norms on Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning pertaining to Advances Clarifications'. On February 15, 2022, RBI allowed deferment till September 30, 2022 of Para 10 of this circular pertaining to upgrade of non performing accounts. However, the Group has not opted for this deferment.

Note 9. Investments (₹ in millions)

	As at March 31, 2022				
Particulars	At Fair Value through profit and loss	At Amortised cost	Total		
(A)					
Mutual funds	0.04	i	0.04		
Alternate investment funds	10,992.17	-	10,992.17		
Security receipts	4,453.91	-	4,453.91		
Debt securities	-	95.90	95.90		
Equity instruments	-	0.50	0.50		
Total – Gross (A)	15,446.12	96.40	15,542.52		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(3,620.91)	-	(3,620.91)		
Total – Net (A)	11,825.21	96.40	11,921.61		
(B)					
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	-		
(ii) Investments in India	15,446.12	96.40	15,542.52		
Total – (B)	15,446.12	96.40	15,542.52		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(3,620.91)	-	(3,620.91)		
Total Net (B)	11,825.21	96.40	11,921.61		

(₹ in millions)

	As at March 31, 2021				
Particulars	At Fair Value through profit and loss	At Amortised cost	Total		
(A)					
Mutual funds	118.18	i	118.18		
Alternate investment funds	71.06	1	71.06		
Debt securities	-	125.97	125.97		
Equity instruments	-	0.50	0.50		
Total – Gross (A)	189.24	126.47	315.71		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	i	-		
Total – Net (A)	189.24	126.47	315.71		
(B)					
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	-		
(ii) Investments in India	189.24	126.47	315.71		
Total – (B)	189.24	126.47	315.71		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	-	-		
Total Net (B)	189.24	126.47	315.71		

	As at March 31, 2020				
Particulars	At Fair Value through profit and loss	At Amortised cost	Total		
(A)					
Mutual funds	66.32	-	66.32		
Alternate investment funds	50.01	-	50.01		
Government securities	5,220.80	-	5,220.80		
Debt securities	0.23	155.57	155.80		
Equity instruments	2,192.16	-	2,192.16		
Others	18.77	-	18.77		
Total – Gross (A)	7,548.29	155.57	7,703.86		
Less: Impairment loss allowance					
Total – Net (A)	7,548.29	155.57	7,703.86		
(B)			-		
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	-		
(ii) Investments in India	7,548.29	155.57	7,703.86		
Total – (B)	7,548.29	155.57	7,703.86		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	-	-		
Total Net (D) = A - C	7,548.29	155.57	7,703.86		

Note 9.1 Investment Details Script Wise

	А	s at March 31, 202	2	As at March 31, 2021			As at March 31, 2020		
Particulars	Quantity (in actuals)	Face value per unit (in ₹)	Carrying Value (₹ in millions)	Quantity (in actuals)	Face value per unit (in ₹)	Carrying Value (₹ in millions)	Quantity (in actuals)	Face value per unit (in ₹)	Carrying value per unit
Mutual funds			0.04			118.18			66.32
IIFL Focused Equity Fund-Direct Plan-Growth	-	-	-	4,562,418.45	10.00	118.18	4,562,418.45	10	66.32
Nippon India Mutual Fund ETF Liquid Bees	35.20	1,000	0.04	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alternate investment fund	+		10,992.17			71.06			50.01
Phi Capital Growth Fund-I	306.78	100,000.00	100.56	298.40	100,000.00	43.08	173.97	100,000	21.17
Indiareit Apartment Fund - Class B	20.01	100,000.00	2.36	22.63	100,000.00	3.58	23.20	100,000	4.27
IIFL Income Opportunities Fund- Special Situation - Class B	-	-	-	932,923.14	3.9963	2.03	932,923.14	3.9963	2.04
IIFL Income Opportunities Fund- Special Situation - Class S	-	-	-	10,278,484.68	3.9963	22.37	10,278,484.68	3.9963	22.53
IIFL One Value Fund Series B - Class B	608,837,542.29	10.0000	6,335.03	-	-	-	-	-	-
IIFL One Value Fund Series B - Class C	415,940,426.88	10.0000	4,459.38	-	-	-	-	-	-
Faering Capital Growth Fund III	15,500.00	1,000.0000	15.01	-	-	-	-	-	-
IIFL Securities Capital Enhancer Fund - Class S	3,999,800.01	10.0000	40.29	-	-	-	-	-	-
IIFL Securities Capital Enhancer Fund - Class E	1,999.90	10.0274	0.02	-	-	-	-	-	-
IIFL One Opportunities FOF - Series 1	3,065,261.70	10.0000	39.52	-	-	-	-	-	-
Security receipts	+		4.453.91			_			_
ACRE - 110 - Trust	3,825,000.00	951,7500	3,620.91	-	-	_	-	_	-
Arcil-SBPS-049-I- Trust	833,000.00	1,000.00	833.00	-	-	-	-	-	-
Government securities						_			5.220.80
Government securities	_	_		_	_		50,000,000.00	100	5,220.80
- Covernment securities							30,000,000.00	100	3,220.00
Debt securities			95.90			125.97			155.80
9.25% DHFL - 2023	-	-	-				8,908.00	1.000	0.23
Elite Mortgage HL Trust June 2019 Series A PTC	5.00	35,854,404.00	95.90	5.00	35,854,404.00	125.97	5.00	35,854,404	155.57
Equity instruments	+		0.50			0.50			2.192.16
TransUnion CIBIL Limited	_	-	- 0.30			0.30	250.000.00	10	988.50
SBI Cards and Payment Services Limited (formerly known as SBI Cards and	<u> </u>	-	-				1,944,804.00	10	1,203.16
Payment Services Private Limited)	1	_	-				1,544,604.00		1,203.10
Alpha Microfinance Consultants Private Limited	50,000.00	10.00	0.50	50,000.00	10.00	0.50	50,000.00	10	0.50
	+								
Others			-			-			18.77
IRB InvIT Fund	-	-	-				732,500.00	93.50	18.77
Total Gross			15,542.52			315.71			7,703.86

Note 10. Other financial assets

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
(Unsecured, considered good)			
Security deposits	409.05	324.19	292.03
Deposit with Exchange	2.50	2.80	25.40
Interest strip asset on assignment	7,955.28	3,843.01	2,545.35
Staff advances	2.13	1.41	1.04
Insurance receivable	505.79	525.24	353.93
Less: Provisions on insurance receivables (refer note 10.1)	(266.29)	(181.73)	(112.48)
Other receivables	573.66	342.08	326.78
Accrued interest on investments	-	-	102.72
Other advance	55.73	46.70	46.70
(Unsecured, considered doubtful)			
Security deposit for rented premises	11.24	11.26	12.99
Less: Impairment loss allowance on security deposit (refer note 10.2)	(11.24)	(11.26)	(12.99)
Total	9,237.85	4,903.70	3,581.47

Note 10.1: Provisions on insurance receivables

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Opening	181.73	112.48	71.38
Addition	162.18	72.80	59.04
Reduction	(77.62)	(3.55)	(17.94)
Closing	266.29	181.73	112.48

Note 10.2: Provisions on security deposit

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Opening	11.26	12.99	16.34
Addition	7.43	4.79	3.51
Reduction	(7.45)	(6.52)	(6.86)
Closing	11.24	11.26	12.99

Note 11. Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities

Significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the year ended March 31, 2022 are as follows:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Opening balance (as on April 1, 2021)	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in/ reclassified from OCI **	Closing balance (as on March 31, 2022)
Deferred tax assets				
Property, plant and equipment	246.24	31.14	-	277.38
Provisions, allowances for doubtful receivables / loans	3,392.04	(48.14)		3,343.90
Compensated absences and retirement benefits	58.62	7.24	0.09	65.95
Deduction for Provision for Doubtful debts	-	55.74		55.74
MTM on derivative financial instruments	68.13	-	(60.78)	7.35
Expenses deductible in future years	130.97	6.29	-	137.26
C/f losses on investments	-	(151.74)	-	(151.74)
Cash flow hedge reserve	73.24	908.93	35.57	1,017.74
Fair value of loans carried at FVTOCI	1.92	-	(34.36)	(32.44)
Leases - Ind AS 116	71.38	13.61	-	84.99
Income amortisation (net)	(854.51)	(1,005.26)	-	(1,859.77)
Provision for 36(1)(viia)	(76.60)	(11.65)	-	(88.25)
Deferred tax assets (net)	3,111.43	(193.84)	(59.48)	2,858.11

Significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the year ended March 31, 2021 are as follows:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Opening balance (as on April 1, 2020)	Recognised in profit or loss*	Recognised in/ reclassified from OCI **	Closing balance (as on March 31, 2021)
Deferred tax assets				
Property, plant and equipment	212.03	34.21		246.24
Provisions, allowances for doubtful receivables / loans	2,351.63	1,040.41	-	3,392.04
Compensated absences and retirement benefits	67.12	(3.09)	(5.41)	58.62
MTM on derivative financial instruments	68.88	(36.44)	35.69	68.13
Expenses deductible in future years	89.26	41.71	-	130.97
C/f losses on investments	142.19	(142.19)	-	-
Cash flow hedge reserve	-		73.24	73.24
Fair value of loans carried at FVTOCI	-	-	1.92	1.92
Leases - Ind AS 116	47.47	23.91	-	71.38
Income amortisation (net)	(549.12)	(305.39)	-	(854.51)
Provision for 36(1)(viia)	-	(76.60)	-	(76.60)
Deferred tax assets (net)	2,429.46	576.53	105.44	3,111.43

 $Significant\ components\ of\ deferred\ tax\ assets\ and\ liabilities\ for\ the\ year\ ended\ March\ 31,\ 2020\ are\ as\ follows:$

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Opening balance (as on April 1, 2019)	Effect of Rate Change (refer note 11.1)	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in/ reclassified from OCI **	Closing balance (as on March 31, 2020)
Deferred tax assets					
Property, plant and equipment	210.74	(28.96)	30.25	-	212.03
Provisions, allowances for doubtful receivables / loans	2,617.63	(408.33)	142.33	-	2,351.63
Compensated absences and retirement benefits	57.31	(10.21)	8.59	11.43	67.12
MTM on derivative financial instruments	188.34	(58.04)	6.80	(68.22)	68.88
Expenses deductible in future years	187.38	(85.11)	(13.01)	-	89.26
C/f losses on investments	68.36	(9.28)	83.11	-	142.19
Leases - Ind AS 116	-		47.47	-	47.47
Income amortisation (net)	(361.07)	96.39	(284.44)	-	(549.12)
Provision for 36(1)(viia)	(16.11)	4.51	11.60	-	-
Deferred tax assets (net)	2,952.58	(499.03)	32.70	(56.79)	2,429.46

^{*} Includes prior period amount of ₹ 202.94 million.

Note 11.1.

The recently promulgated Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance 2019 had inserted section 115BAA in the Income Tax Act, 1961 providing existing domestic companies with an option to pay tax at concessional rate of 22% plus applicable surcharge & cess. The reduced tax rates come with the consequential surrender of specified deductions & incentives. The option was to be exercised within the prescribed time for filling the return of income under section 139(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 for assessment year (AY) 20-21 or subsequent AYs. Once exercised, such an option cannot be withdrawn for the same or subsequent AYs.

These consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis that the parent company and some of its subsidiaries would avail the option to pay income tax at the lower rate. Consequently, wherever applicable, the opening deferred tax asset (net) has been measured at the lower rate, with a one-time charge of ₹ 499.03 million to the statement of Profit & Loss during the year ended March 31, 2020.

^{**} Excluding amount of C.Y. ₹ 28.48 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 23.66 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 79.19 million) towards tax expense for MTM on derivative financial instruments

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 12. Investment property (at cost)

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Property (Flats) (refer note 12.1) *	Building	Land (refer note 12.1)	Total
Gross carrying value				
As at April 1, 2021	1,556.02	74.84	1,121.93	2,752.79
Additions during the year	-	-	259.69	259.69
Deductions/adjustments during the year	-		-	=
As at March 31, 2022	1,556.02	74.84	1,381.62	3,012.48
Less: Impairment loss allowance/Adjustment	(0.10)	(8.53)	(51.91)	(60.54)
Net carrying value as at March 31, 2022	1,555.92	66.31	1,329.71	2,951.94
Fair value as on March 31, 2022	1,759.67	87.80	1,329.89	3,177.36
(Fair value hierarchy : Level 3)				

^{*}Distress value of above flats is ₹ 1,578.97 million as on March 31, 2022.

(₹ in millions)

				(\ 111 1111110113)
Particulars	Property (Flats) (refer note 12.1) *	Building	Land (refer note 12.1)	Total
Gross carrying value				
As at April 1, 2020	1,556.02	111.83	1,058.85	2,726.70
Additions during the year	-	-	63.08	63.08
Deductions/adjustments during the year	-	(36.99)	-	(36.99)
As at March 31, 2021	1,556.02	74.84	1,121.93	2,752.79
Less : Impairment loss allowance	(0.07)	(4.79)	(37.33)	(42.19)
Net carrying value as at March 31, 2021	1,555.95	70.05	1,084.60	2,710.60
Fair value as on March 31, 2021	1,710.35	86.84	1,084.82	2,882.02
(Fair value hierarchy : Level 3)				

^{*}Distress value of above flats is ₹ 1,596.10 million as on March 31, 2021.

(₹ in millions)

				(\ 111 1111110113)
Particulars	Property (Flats) (refer note 12.1) *	Building	Land (refer note 12.1)	Total
Gross carrying value				
As at April 1, 2019	1,556.02	-	1,078.85	2,634.87
Additions during the year	-	111.83	-	111.83
Deductions/adjustments during the year	-	-	(20.00)	(20.00)
As at March 31, 2020	1,556.02	111.83	1,058.85	2,726.70
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(478.20)	-	(105.87)	(584.07)
Net carrying value as at March 31, 2020	1,077.82	111.83	952.98	2,142.63
Fair value as on March 31, 2020	1,710.38	111.83	1,067.45	2,889.66
(Fair value hierarchy : Level 3)				

^{*}Distress value of above flats is ₹ 1,197.07 million as on March 31, 2020.

12.1: Management has acquired possession of these properties in satisfaction of the debts and intends to dispose them in due course, subject to conducive market conditions. These properties have been valued taking into consideration various factors such as location, facilities & amenities, quality of construction, percentage of completion of construction (as for some properties the construction is currently on hold), residual life of building, business potential, supply & demand, local nearby enquiry, market feedback of investigation and ready recknor published by government. These valuations has been performed by an independent registered valuer registered under rule 2 of Companies (Registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules, 2017. The fair values are based on market values, being the estimated amount for which a property could be exchanged in an arm's length transaction. These properties are not depreciated as they have not been put to use.

Note 13. Property, Plant and Equipment

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Freehold Land *	Electrical Equipment	Furniture And Fixtures	Vehicles	Office Equipment	Buildings	Plant & Equipment	Computer	Total
Cost as at April 1, 2021	0.86		879.80	17.12	113.40	359.31	277.61	480.63	2,146.07
Additions during the year	-	6.69	497.66	0.16	178.06		133.65	269.00	1,085.22
Deductions/adjustments	-	(1.51)	(17.81)	(1.55)	(1.74)	(113.72)	(9.34)	(50.73)	(196.40)
As at March 31, 2022	0.86	22.52	1,359.65	15.73	289.72	245.59	401.92	698.90	3,034.89
Depreciation									
As at April 1, 2021	-	11.00	424.67	14.66	69.45	84.60	136.80	361.97	1,103.15
Depreciation for the year	-	4.60	240.01	2.23	41.16	21.15	82.18	132.65	523.98
Deductions/adjustments	-	(1.29)	(13.88)	(1.55)	(1.40)	(35.17)	(7.24)	(36.93)	(97.46)
Up to March 31, 2022	-	14.31	650.80	15.34	109.21	70.58	211.74	457.69	1,529.67
Net block as at March 31, 2022	0.86	8.21	708.85	0.39	180.51	175.01	190.18	241.21	1,505.22

^{*} The above freehold Land is hypotheticated with Debenture Trustee(s) for issue of secured non-convertible debentures.

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Freehold	Electrical	Furniture And	Vehicles	Office Equipment	Buildings	Plant & Equipment	Computer	Total
1 di dicalalis	Land *	Equipment	Fixtures	Verneies	Office Equipment	ice Equipment Dunumgs		tant a Equipment	
Cost as at April 1, 2020	0.86	17.94	732.04	17.12	136.04	359.31	198.85	472.81	1,934.97
Additions during the year		2.36	176.24		15.52	-	45.80	62.12	302.04
Deductions/adjustments		(2.96)	(28.48)	-	(38.16)	-	32.96	(54.30)	(90.94)
As at March 31, 2021	0.86	17.34	879.80	17.12	113.40	359.31	277.61	480.63	2,146.07
Depreciation									
As at April 1, 2020	•	10.33	296.40	12.01	67.85	63.45	85.02	258.41	793.47
Depreciation for the year	-	2.81	138.54	2.65	16.24	21.15	50.19	143.16	374.74
Deductions/adjustments		(2.14)	(10.27)	-	(14.64)	-	1.59	(39.60)	(65.06)
Up to March 31, 2021	-	11.00	424.67	14.66	69.45	84.60	136.80	361.97	1,103.15
Net block as at March 31, 2021	0.86	6.34	455.13	2.46	43.95	274.71	140.81	118.66	1,042.92

^{*} The above freehold Land is hypotheticated with Debenture Trustee(s) for issue of secured non-convertible debentures.

(₹ in millions)

									(*
Particulars	Freehold Land *	Electrical Equipment	Furniture And Fixtures	Vehicles	Office Equipment	Buildings	Plant & Equipment	Computer	Total
Cost as at April 1, 2019	0.86	14.09	446.64	15.55	117.49	359.31	98.91	414.12	1,466.97
Additions during the year		4.87	297.18	-	20.15		109.84	163.28	595.32
Deductions/adjustments	-	(1.02)	(11.78)	1.57	(1.60)		(9.90)	(104.59)	(127.32)
As at March 31, 2020	0.86	17.94	732.04	17.12	136.04	359.31	198.85	472.81	1,934.97
Depreciation									-
As at April 1, 2019	-	5.20	150.82	7.22	50.29	42.30	35.33	148.01	439.17
Depreciation for the year	-	3.73	144.22	3.19	27.85	21.15	55.21	153.50	408.85
Deductions/adjustments	-	1.40	1.36	1.60	(10.29)		(5.52)	(43.10)	(54.55)
Up to March 31, 2020	-	10.33	296.40	12.01	67.85	63.45	85.02	258.41	793.47
Net block as at March 31, 2020	0.86	7.61	435.64	5.11	68.19	295.86	113.83	214.40	1,141.50

^{*} The above freehold Land is hypotheticated with Debenture Trustee(s) for issue of secured non-convertible debentures.

Note 13.1. Capital-Work-in Progress (CWIP)

Ageing schedule

(₹ in millions

					(\ 111 11111110113)	
Particulars		As at March 31, 2022				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3	More than 3	Total	
			years	years		
Projects in progress	51.40	5.04	-	-	56.44	
Projects temporarily suspended	_	-		_	-	

(₹ in millions)

Particulars		As at March 31, 2021					
	Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3			More than 3	Total		
			years	years			
Projects in progress	62.41	2.26	0.39	0.55	65.61		
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-		

(₹ in millions)

					(v III IIIIIIIIIII)
Particulars					
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3	More than 3	Total
			years	years	
Projects in progress	22.35	2.04	0.55	-	24.94
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

No projects were delayed for completion or had exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

Note 14. Leases

(i) As a Lessee

a) Changes in the carrying value of right to use assets:

			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	Premises	Vehicle	Total
Opening Balance as at April 01, 2021	2,977.57	8.42	2,985.99
Addition during the year	1,017.53	11.19	1,028.72
Deduction/Adjustment	(60.40)	-	(60.40)
Depreciation during the year	(671.35)	(7.66)	(679.01)
Closing Balance as at March 31, 2022	3,263.35	11.95	3,275.30

			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	Premises	Vehicle	Total
Opening Balance as at April 01, 2020	2,749.84	21.42	2,771.26
Addition during the year	1,016.45	1.54	1,017.99
Deduction/Adjustment	(149.78)	(3.63)	(153.41)
Depreciation during the year	(638.94)	(10.91)	(649.85)
Closing Balance as at March 31, 2021	2,977.57	8.42	2,985.99

			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	Premises	Vehicle	Total
Opening Balance as at April 01, 2019	2,141.65	27.68	2,169.34
Addition during the year	1,514.15	9.38	1,523.53
Deduction/Adjustment	(285.66)	(3.77)	(289.43)
Depreciation during the year	(620.30)	(11.87)	(632.17)
Closing Balance as at March 31, 2020	2,749.84	21.42	2,771.26

b) Break up value of the Current and Non - Current Lease Liabilities:

b) break up value of the current and Non - current lease Liabilities.			
			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Current lease liabilities	754.26	515.51	478.68
Non-current lease liabilities	2,852.52	2,749.51	2,434.85
Total	3 606 78	3 265 02	2 012 52

c) Movement in lease liabilities:

			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	Premises	Vehicle	Total
Balance as at April 01, 2021	3,255.70	9.32	3,265.02
Addition during the year	1,013.45	11.20	1,024.65
Deduction/Adjustment	(63.20)		(63.20)
Finance cost accrued during the period	306.69	1.18	307.87
Payment of lease liabilities	(918.64)	(8.92)	(927.56)
Closing Balance as at March 31, 2022	3,594,00	12.78	3.606.78

			(₹ in millions)
Particulars Particulars	Premises	Vehicle	Total
Balance as at April 01, 2020	2,890.93	22.60	2,913.53
Addition during the year	1,011.46	1.55	1,013.01
Deduction/Adjustment	(160.00)	(3.86)	(163.86)
Finance cost accrued during the period	268.04	1.41	269.45
Payment of lease liabilities	(754.73)	(12.38)	(767.11)
Closing Balance as at March 31, 2021	3.255.70	9.32	3.265.02

			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	Premises	Vehicle	Total
Balance as at April 01, 2019	2,141.65	27.68	2,169.33
Addition during the year	1,514.15	9.38	1,523.53
Deduction/Adjustment	(294.79)	(3.70)	(298.49)
Finance cost accrued during the period	236.74	2.28	239.02
Payment of lease liabilities	(706.82)	(13.04)	(719.86)
Closing Balance as at March 31, 2020	2,890.93	22.60	2,913.53

d) Details regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities on an undiscounted basis:

(₹in	millions)
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Particulars	As at	As at	As at
Falticulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Less than one year	1,005.93	764.28	698.48
One to two years	906.12	743.59	638.54
Two to five years	1,775.02	1,660.16	1,537.89
More than five years	916.20	1,189.18	941.25
Total	4,603.27	4,357.21	3,816.16

e) Rental expense recorded for short-term leases was ₹ 197.59 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 130.15 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 230.83 million)

f) Amounts recognised in profit or loss

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Interest on lease liabilities	307.87	269.45	239.02
Expenses relating to leases of low-value assets, excluding short-term leases of low value assets	4.59	4.66	6.62
Depreciation relating to leases	679.03	649.86	632.17
Total	991.49	923.97	877.81

g) Amounts recognised in the statement of cash flows

g) Amounts recognised in the statement of cash flows			(₹ in millions)
Particulars Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Total cash outflow for leases	927.55	767.11	719.87

(ii) As a Lessor

Operating Lease

The Group has entered into operating lease for one of its office building. These leases have terms of between 2 to 3 years. All leases include a clause to enable upward revision of the rental charge on an annual basis according to prevailing market conditions. The total contingent rents recognised as income during the year is ₹ Nil million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 26.62 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 32.88 million). Future minimum rentals receivable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	As at	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Upto 1 Year		-	36.41
Upto 2 Year		-	36.41
Upto 3 Year	٠		6.07

Note 15. Other Intangible Assets

(₹ in millions)

	(*
Particulars	Software
Cost or valuation as at April 01, 2021	79.70
Additions during the year	19.87
Deductions /Adjustments	-
As at March 31, 2022	99.57
Amortisations	
As at April 01, 2021	68.25
Additions during the year	10.20
Deductions /Adjustments	-
Up to March 31, 2022	78.45
Net block as at March 31, 2022	21.12

(₹ in millions)

	(\ 111 11111110113)
Particulars	Software
Cost or valuation as at April 01, 2020	56.69
Additions during the year	23.01
Deductions /Adjustments	-
As at March 31, 2021	79.70
Amortisations	
As at April 01, 2020	44.18
Additions during the year	24.07
Deductions /Adjustments	-
Up to March 31, 2021	68.25
Net block as at March 31, 2021	11.45

Particulars	Software
Cost or valuation as at April 01, 2019	52.27
Additions during the year	4.54
Deductions /Adjustments	(0.12)
As at March 31, 2020	56.69
Amortisations	
As at April 01, 2019	28.77
Additions during the year	15.44
Deductions /Adjustments	(0.03)
Up to March 31, 2020	44.18
Net block as at March 31, 2020	12.51

Note 16. Other Non-Financial Assets

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Unsecured, considered good			
Prepaid expenses	540.42	143.96	295.05
Receivable from securitisation trust	2,364.98	2,312.07	843.04
Advances for operational expenses	430.32	501.77	262.45
Deposit with government	19.71	18.92	18.92
GST / Service tax input	51.99	159.43	155.13
Advance towards gratuity (refer note 33.2)	11.77	8.25	-
Capital Advance	0.65	1.82	0.53
Other assets	106.11	3.79	4.88
Total	3,525.95	3,150.01	1,580.00

^{*} Includes foreign currency payments amounting to ₹ 90.70 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 90.70 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 90.70 million)

Note 17. Assets Held For Sale

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Assets held for sale	175.51	139.46	-
Total	175.51	139.46	-

(i) Assets held for sale includes Group owned property which it intends to sell in the near future.

(ii) The Group follows various collection mechanisms for recovery of dues from the borrowers, which involves initiating SARFAESI, actual/physical repossession of assets after eviction in lieu of the loan outstanding and subsequent sale of repossessed assets via auction process in case of default by the borrowers. The Company's endeavour is to sell the re-possessed assets, in a public auction and realise the sale proceeds to recover the Loan amount outstanding at the earliest. The Group has all opportunity to repay the Loan amount before finalization of sale of the property and take back the possession. Since borrowers may settle the loans and in such cases, the property is handed back to them(in case the property is not yet sold in auction), the Company's management is of the view that acquiring such properties does not change the nature of the assets and that such re-possessed assets continue to be classified as financial assets. Therefore, such re-possessed properties are not classified as Assets Held for Sale as per IND AS 105. Expert Advisory Committee of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India has been approached by the Company for an opinion in the classification of such repossessed assets as "Non-Current Assets Held For Sale", which is awaited.

Note 18. Payables (₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
(I) Trade payables			
(i)Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small	-	-	
enterprises (Refer note 18.1)			
(ii)Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises			
Outstanding dues of creditors	228.94	146.91	55.61
Accrued salaries and benefits	28.50	23.08	53.14
Provision for expenses	1,131.73	914.13	676.18
Other trade payables *	35.10	9.79	2.30
Total	1,424.27	1,093.91	787.23
(II) Other Payables			
(i)Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	
(ii)Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	99.06	-	-
Total (II)	99.06	-	-

^{*} including payable to Group Companies (refer note 41.2)

Note 18.1 Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

The following disclosure is made as per the requirement under The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2016 ("MSMED Act") on the basis of confirmations sought from suppliers on registration with the specified authorities under MSMED:

Particulars	2021-2022	2020-2021	2019-2020
(a) Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier at the year end	-	-	-
(b) Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier at the year end	-	-	-
(c) Amount of interest paid and payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-	-
(d) Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Act	-	-	-
(e) Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the year end	-	-	-
(f) Amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Act	-	-	-

The aforementioned is based on the responses received by the Group to its inquiries with suppliers with regard to applicability under the said Act. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

No interest has been paid/is payable by the Group during the year to the suppliers registered under this Act.

Note 18.2 Trade Payables ageing schedule

(₹ in millions)

						(
Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
As at March 31, 2022	Unbilled	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	477.40	936.64	0.25	0.15	9.83	1,424.27
(iii)Disputed dues – MSME	-	•	•	-	-	-
(iv)Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
As at March 31, 2021	Unbilled	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	-	-	-		-	-
(ii) Others	335.50	745.33	5.11	0.29	7.68	1,093.91
(iii)Disputed dues – MSME	-	-	-		-	-
(iv)Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-		-	-

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
As at	Unbilled	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3	More than 3 years	Total
March 31, 2020	Offbilled	Less tilali 1 year	1-2 years	years	Wiore than 3 years	iotai
(i) MSME	-	-	-		-	-
(ii) Others	259.67	515.15	8.40	0.07	3.94	787.23
(iii)Disputed dues – MSME	-	-	-		-	-
(iv)Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-		-	-

Note 19. Debt Securities (₹ in millions)

	At Amortised Cost						
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020				
(i) Non Convertible Debentures (Refer Note (a), (b),	74,636.58	78,377.98	82,352.74				
(c), (d), 19.1 and 19.2) - Secured							
Less: Unamortised debenture issue expenses	(431.94)	(338.26)	(451.40)				
Less : Unexpired discount on NCD	(15.70)	(36.29)	(56.19)				
(ii) Commercial Papers - Unsecured	1,009.00	-	-				
Less: Unexpired discount on Commercial Paper	(17.40)	-	-				
(iii) Interest accrued but not due	3,200.24	5,300.07	5,202.16				
Total (A)	78,380.78	83,303.50	87,047.31				
Debt Securities in India	53,173.49	54,555.68	57,967.05				
Debt Securities outside India	25,207.29	28,747.82	29,080.26				
Total (B)	78,380.78	83,303.50	87,047.31				

- (a) These Non Convertible Debentures are secured by way of first pari-passu charge on immovable property, current assets, book debts, loans and advances including receivables other than those specifically charged.
- (b) Non Convertible Debentures Secured includes redeemable non convertible debenture which carries call option and contain a repayment clause by way of reduction in face value ₹ 281.25 Millions (May 15, 2022), ₹ 150.00 Millions (from December 20, 2023) and ₹ 150.00 Millions (from March 20, 2024) {as at March 31, 2021 ₹ 843.75 Millions (May 15, 2021 and every six months thereafter), ₹ 150.00 Millions (from December 20, 2023) and ₹ 150.00 Millions (from March 20, 2024)} {as at March 31, 2020 ₹ 1406.25 Millions (May 15, 2020 and every six months thereafter), ₹ 150.00 Millions (from December 20, 2023) and ₹ 150.00 Millions (from March 20, 2024)}.
- (c) During the year ended March 31, 2020 the Company had borrowed ₹ 28,557.00 million (equivalent to USD 400 million) under Secured Medium Term Note Programme. These are secured by way of all rights, titles, interest, benefits, claims and demands, whatsoever of the Company in, to and in respect of, all present and future, receivables/assets, including Company's accounts, operating cash flows, current assets, book debts, stock in trade, loans and advances and receivables, both present and future to the extent of complying with the Security Coverage Ratio, but excluding the Ineligible Assets.
- (d) Non Convertible Debenture Secured includes redeemable Non convertible debenture amounting to ₹ Nil (March 31, 2021 ₹ 140 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 140.00 Million) which carries call option effective from July 13, 2018

Note 19.1 - Terms of repayment (₹ in millions)

	As at March	n 31, 2022	As at Marc	h 31, 2021	As at March 3	31, 2020
Residual Maturity	Rate of Interest /	Amount	Rate of Interest /	Amount	Rate of Interest /	Amount
	Yield	(₹ in millions)	Yield	(₹ in millions)	Yield	(₹ in millions)
Non Convertible Debenture (Secured):		74,636.58		78,377.98		82,352.74
Fixed:		68,840.51		62,093.63		56,411.91
More than 5 years	5.00 % - 9.18%	19,359.13	8.60% - 9.18%	6,370.00	9.18% - 10.33%	3,300.00
3- 5 years	8.20 % - 10.33%	4,915.84	10.05% - 10.33%	300.00	9.75% - 10.20%	32,058.40
1-3 years	8.25% - 11.50%	37,967.55	8.00% - 15.25%	39,746.83	8.00% - 15.25%	13,020.18
Less than 1 years	7.75% -15.25%	6,597.99	7.70% - 10.50%	15,676.80	8.65% - 11.08%	8,033.33
Floating:^		281.25		2,843.75		8,406.25
1-3 years	0.00%	-	8.56%	281.25	8.56%- 9.85%	2,843.75
Less than 1 years	7.51%	281.25	8.56% - 9.40%	2,562.50	8.56% - 9.77%	5,562.50
Zero Coupon:		5,514.82		13,440.60		17,534.58
More than 5 years	8.75%	55.27	-	-	-	-
3- 5 years	8.50% - 8.75%	335.57	9.00% - 10.30%	1,291.89	9.12% - 10.30%	701.89
1-3 years	8.00 % - 10.30%	3,256.57	9.35% - 9.85%	2,259.53	8.20% - 10.20%	8,903.90
Less than 1 years	9.35% - 9.85%	1,867.41	8.20% - 10.20%	9,889.18	8.10% - 10.00%	7,928.79
Commercial Papers (Unsecured):		1,009.00		-		-
Less than 1 years	6.30 % - 6.35%	1,009.00	-	-	-	-
Total		75,645.58		78,377.98		82,352.74

[^] The floating rate non convertible debentures are linked with Government securities / Treasury Bills interest rates plus applicable spread.

Note 19.2 - Non Convertible Debentures - instrument wise details

				(₹ in millions)
Description of security	Coupon/ Yield	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Zero Coupon Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures.	0.200/			250.00
Series C5. Date of Maturity 06/04/2020	9.20%	-	-	350.00
Zero Coupon Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Series B3 Option	0.050/			110.00
li. Date of Maturity 07/04/2020	8.85%	-	-	110.00
Zero Coupon Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Series B3 Option	0.050/			440.00
II. Date of Maturity 07/04/2020	8.85%	-	-	110.00
Zero Coupon Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Series A11. Date	0.200/			4 002 00
of Maturity 20/04/2020	9.30%	-	-	1,093.00
Zero Coupon Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Series A13. Date	0.400/			2 522 22
of Maturity 20/04/2020	9.40%	-	-	2,500.00
Zero Coupon 10 Year G-Sec Rate Linked Secured Listed Rated Redeemable Non	0.750/			252.22
Convertible Debentures. Series C11. Date of Maturity 21/04/2020	8.75%	-	-	262.00
Zero Coupon 10 Year G-Sec Rate Linked Secured Listed Rated Redeemable Non	0.000/			205.52
Convertible Debentures. Series C12. Date of Maturity 27/04/2020	9.00%	-	-	295.52
,				
Secured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Date of Maturity 30/04/2020	8.77%	-	-	5,000.00
Zero Coupon Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Series B3 Option				
I. Date of Maturity 12/05/2020	8.85%	-	-	640.00
Zero Coupon Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Series B4. Date				
of Maturity 12/05/2020	8.64%	-	-	180.00
10.80% Secured Listed Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Date of				
Maturity 22/05/2020	10.80%	-	-	1,500.00
Zero Coupon Secured Non Convertible Debentures - 10 Year G-Sec Price MLD				
2020. Series D2. Date of Maturity - 09/07/2020	9.00%	-	-	285.58
Zero Coupon Secured Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series B5.				
Date of Maturity 17/08/2020	8.10%	-	-	1,150.00
9.98% Secured Listed Rated Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series C14				
Option II. Date of Maturity 28/09/2020	9.98%	-	-	1,000.00
11.08% Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Date of Maturity				
28/09/2020	11.08%	-	-	33.33
8.65% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Series B9				
Option A. Date of Maturity 05/10/2020	8.65%	-	-	625.00
9.75% Secured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures - Series F1. Date of				
Maturity - 09/10/2020	9.75%	-	-	1,500.00
10.20% Secured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Date of Maturity				
03/11/2020	10.20%	-	-	2,875.00
9.87% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series C10.				
Date of Maturity 20/11/2020	9.87%	-	-	500.00
Zero Coupon Secured Non Convertible Debentures - Tranche II. Series I. Date of				
Maturity - 06/12/2020	10.00%	-	-	952.69
Zero Coupon Secured Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series B8				
Option B. Date of Maturity 06/04/2021	8.20%	-	270.60	270.60
8.00% Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Series C6. Date of				
Maturity 29/04/2021	8.00%	-	2,500.00	2,500.00
Zero Coupon Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Series C8. Date		-		
of Maturity 30/04/2021	8.75%	-	100.00	100.00
Zero Coupon Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures.		 		
· ·	8.70%	-	532.56	532.56
Series B9 Option B. Date of Maturity 30/04/2021				
Zero Coupon Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures.	9.25%	-	500.00	500.00
Series B12 Option 1. Date of Maturity 19/05/2021				

Note 19.2 - Non Convertible Debentures - instrument wise details

Description of security	Coupon/ Yield	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Zero Coupon Secured Listed Rated Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures.	9.25%	_	260.00	260.00
Series C10. Date of Maturity 25/05/2021 Zero Coupon Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures.	3.2375		200.00	200.00
Series B10 Option B. Date of Maturity 25/05/2021	8.80%	-	260.00	260.00
IDFC MCLR Linked Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures.	0.200/		2 000 00	2 000 00
Series B11. Date of Maturity 28/06/2021	9.20%	-	2,000.00	2,000.00
Zero Coupon Secured Non Convertible Debentures - G-Sec MLD 2021. D3 Option I	9.50%	-	1,070.13	1,070.13
Date of Maturity - 27/09/2021 Zero Coupon Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures.			•	
Series C3 Option 2. Date of Maturity 15/07/2021	9.35%	-	240.00	240.00
Zero Coupon Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures.	0.250/		2 250 50	2 250 50
Series C3 Option 1. Date of Maturity 26/07/2021	9.35%	-	2,350.59	2,350.59
Zero Coupon Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures.	9.25%	-	250.00	250.00
Series B12 Option 2. Date of Maturity 05/08/2021 Zero Coupon Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures.				
Series C4. Date of Maturity 11/08/2021	9.35%	-	967.80	987.80
Nifty Linked Secured Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Date of	0.06%		1 110 00	1 110 00
Maturity 19/10/2021	9.96%	-	1,110.00	1,110.00
Nifty Linked Secured Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Date of	9.75%	-	1,000.00	1,000.00
Maturity 19/10/2021 Nifty Linked Secured Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Date of				
Maturity 19/10/2021	9.87%	-	500.00	500.00
Nifty Linked Secured Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Date of	0.030/		350.00	350.00
Maturity 19/10/2021	9.93%	-	250.00	250.00
Zero Coupon Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures.	10.20%	-	100.00	100.00
Series C9. Date of Maturity 26/10/2021 10.20% Secured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Date of Maturity				
03/11/2021	10.20%	-	2,875.00	2,875.00
8.90% Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Series B2 Option I. Date	8.90%		50.00	50.00
of Maturity 03/11/2021	8.90%	-	50.00	50.00
8.00% 10 Year G-SEC Rate Linked Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non	8.00%	-	751.80	-
Convertible Debenture Series D8. Date of Maturity 01/12/2021 8.00% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture Series D6.				
Date of Maturity 07/01/2022	8.00%	-	2,000.00	-
9.38% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series C3	9.38%	_	500.00	500.00
Option 3. Date of Maturity 24/01/2022	3.3070		300.00	
8.00% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture Series D7.	8.00%	-	1,000.00	-
Date of Maturity 18/02/2022 Nifty Linked Secured Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Date of				
Maturity 14/03/2022	8.73%	-	127.50	127.50
7.70% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Senior Non Convertible Debenture	7.70%	_	1,000.00	
Series D12. Date of Maturity 24/03/2022	717.075		1,000.00	
8.00% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Senior Non Convertible Debenture Series D9. Date of Maturity 30/03/2022	8.00%	-	2,250.00	-
Zero Coupon Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures.				
Series C7. Date of Maturity 04/04/2022	9.45%	240.00	240.00	240.00
G-Sec Linked Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures.	9.35%	298.00	334.00	334.00
Series C6. Date of Maturity 21/04/2022 9.50% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series I.				
Date of Maturity 07/05/2022	9.50%	2,605.00	2,605.00	2,605.00
9.60% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series I.	0.500/	255.00	251.11	
Date of Maturity 07/05/2022	9.60%	366.92	364.44	380.38
Zero Coupon Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture.	9.60%	422.42	437.10	468.79
Series II - Category II,III & IV Date of Maturity 07/05/2022				<u> </u>
10.00% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. SMFL NCD Series 5 Date of Maturity 11/02/2022	10.00%	-	250.00	-
10.00% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. SMFL	40.000/		350.00	
NCD Series 5 Date of Maturity 11/02/2022	10.00%	-	250.00	-
10.00% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. SMFL	10.00%	_	500.00	-
NCD Series 5 Date of Maturity 11/02/2022 8.00% Secured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series Series D1. Date				
of Maturity: 18/02/2022	8.00%	-	1,250.00	-
8.61% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series B10	0.500/	204.25	042.75	4 400 35
Option A. Date of Maturity 13/05/2022	8.56%	281.25	843.75	1,406.25

Note 19.2 - Non Convertible Debentures - instrument wise details

(₹ in ı				
Description of security	Coupon/ Yield	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
8.00% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Senior Non Convertible Debenture Series D10. Date of Maturity 17/05/2022	8.00%	1,000.00	1,000.00	-
8.00% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture Series D11. Date of Maturity 26/05/2022	8.00%	250.00	250.00	-
G- Sec Linked Secured Rated Listed Senior Redeemable Principal Protected Market Linked Non Convertible Debentures. Series 1. Date of Maturity 02/06/2022	9.55%	150.00	150.00	-
15.25% Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Date of Maturity 30/06/2022	15.25%	50.00	50.00	50.00
Zero Coupon Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series CB. Date of Maturity 29/09/2022	9.55%	580.00	580.00	580.00
Zero Coupon Secured Non Convertible Debentures - Nifty Enhancer Structure- MLD 2022. D3 Option II. Date of Maturity 27/09/2022	9.50%	219.30	254.50	254.50
G-sec Linked Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Market Linked Principal Protected Non Convertible Debentures.Date Of Maturity 26/12/2022	7.75%	500.00	-	-
9.50% Secured Non Convertible Debentures - Tranche II. Series II. Date of Maturity 06/12/2022	9.50%	331.65	343.16	360.07
Zero Coupon Secured Non Convertible Debentures - Tranche II. Series III. Date of Maturity 06/12/2022	9.85%	107.69	113.93	117.44
9.85% Secured Non Convertible Debentures - Tranche II. Series IV. Date of Maturity 06/12/2022	9.85%	644.42	646.96	649.72
G-Sec Linked Secured Rated Listed Senior Redeemable Principal Protected Market Linked Non Convertible Debentures. Series 2. Date of Maturity 02/01/2023	9.65%	150.00	150.00	-
8.25% Secured Rated Annual Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series I. Date Of Maturity 14/10/2023	8.25%	3,075.30	-	-
Zero Coupon Secured Rated Cummulative Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series II Date Of Maturity 14/10/2023	8.25%	714.25	-	-
9.75% Secured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures - Series D4. Date of Maturity 17/01/2023	9.85%	50.00	50.00	50.00
10.50% Secured Rated Unlisted Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Date of Maturity 18/03/2023	10.50%	500.00	1,000.00	-
9.00% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture Series D5. Date of Maturity 08/05/2023	9.00%	1,000.00	1,000.00	-
11.50% Rated, Listed, Senior, Secured, Taxable, Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series 1. Date of Maturity 05/06/2023	11.50%	200.00	200.00	-
11.50% Rated, Listed, Senior, Secured, Taxable, Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series 1. Date of Maturity 05/06/2023	11.50%	150.00	150.00	-
11.50% Rated, Listed, Senior, Secured, Taxable, Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series 1. Date of Maturity 05/06/2023	11.50%	250.00	250.00	-
5.875% Secured MTN Dollar Bond. Date of Maturity- 20/04/2023 *	11.03% (P.Y 11.09%)	24,534.03	28,074.23	29,023.57
11.50% Secured Listed, Rated Senior Taxable Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. SMFL NCD Series 3. Date of Maturity 21/04/2023	11.50%	1,000.00	1,000.00	-
11.50% Secured Listed, Rated Senior Taxable Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. SMFL NCD Series 3. Date of Maturity 21/04/2023	11.50%	150.00	150.00	-
11.50% Rated, Listed, Senior, Secured, Redeemable, Taxable, INR Denominated Non-Convertible Debentures. SMFL NCD Series 4. Date of Maturity 10/07/2023	11.50%	250.00	250.00	-
9.75% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series III. Date of Maturity - 07/02/2024	9.75%	1,704.24	1,729.16	1,812.85
10.20% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series IV. Date of Maturity - 07/02/2024	10.20%	1,118.01	1,133.88	1,221.98
G-sec Linked Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series D14. Date Of Maturity 07/09/2024	8.00%	1,000.00	-	-
8.50% Secured Rated Annual Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series III. Date Of Maturity 14/10/2024	8.50%	940.80	-	-
Zero Coupon Secured Ratedcumulative Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series IV. Date Of Maturity 14/10/2024	8.50%	573.10	-	-
G- Sec Linked Secured Rated Listed Principal Protected Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series C 12. Date of Maturity 25/04/2024	9.12%	501.89	501.89	501.89

Note 19.2 - Non Convertible Debentures - instrument wise details

				(₹ in millions)
Description of security	Coupon/ Yield	As at	As at	As at March 31, 2020
G- Sec Linked Secured Rated Listed Senior Redeemable Market Linked Principal	Yleid	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	2020
Protected Non Convertible Debentures. Date of Maturity 30/04/2024	9.00%	590.00	590.00	-
G- Sec Linked Secured Rated Unlisted Principal Protected Redeemable Non				
Convertible Debentures. Series C 14. Date of Maturity 27/06/2024	10.30%	200.00	200.00	200.00
G-sec Linked Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Market Linked Principal Protected				
Non Convertible Debentures.Date Of Maturity 30/04/2024	9.00%	748.00	-	-
10.33% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series C11.	40.330/	450.00	450.00	450.00
Date of Maturity - 19/12/2025	10.33%	150.00	150.00	150.00
8.25% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series I	8.25%	2 257 16		
Tranche II. Date Of Maturity 03/01/2025	0.23//	2,257.16		
Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series II Tranche II.	8.25%	267.33	_	_
Date Of Maturity 03/01/2025.	0.2370	207.55		
10.05% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series C13.	10.05%	150.00	150.00	150.00
Date of Maturity 20/03/2026				
8.20% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures.Series	8.20%	1,120.00	-	-
D7.Date Of Maturity 28/09/2026		·		
8.42% Secured Rated Monthly Listed Redeemable Senior Non Convertible	8.42%	1,472.51	-	-
Debentures. Series V. Date Of Maturity 14/10/2026				
8.75% Secured Rated Annually Listed Redeemable Senior Non Convertible	8.75%	1,360.83	-	-
Debentures. Series VI. Date Of Maturity 14/10/2026 Zero Coupon Secured Rated Cummulative Listed Redeemable Non Convertible				
· '	8.75%	293.09	-	-
Debentures. Series VII. Date Of Maturity 14/10/2026 8.20% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series III				
Tranche II. Date Of Maturity 03/01/2027	8.20%	526.52	-	-
8.50% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series IV				
Tranche II. Date Of Maturity 03/01/2027	8.50%	135.98	-	-
Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series V Tranche				
II. Date Of Maturity 03/01/2027.	8.50%	42.49	-	-
8.60% Secured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series. Seris D3. Date of	0.500/	100.00	400.00	
Maturity: 11/02/2028	8.60%	180.00	180.00	-
8.62% Secured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series. Series D4.Date	8.62%		190.00	
of Maturity 12/03/2028	8.02%	-	190.00	•
8.62% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series	8.62%	190.00	_	_
D4.Date Of Maturity 12/03/2028	8.02/6	190.00	_	
8.70% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series	8.70%	360.00	_	_
D5.Date Of Maturity 16/04/2029		550.55		
9.18% Secured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series C15. Date of	9.18%	3,000.00	3,000.00	3,000.00
Maturity 03/10/2029		,	,	,
8.43% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series VI	8.43%	537.36	-	-
Tranche II. Date Of Maturity 03/01/2029. 8.75% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series VII				
Tranche II. Date Of Maturity 03/01/2029	8.75%	221.77	-	-
Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series VIII Tranche				
II. Date Of Maturity 03/01/2029	8.75%	55.27	-	-
8.69% Secured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series. Series D2. Date				
of Maturity 12/11/2030.	8.69%	3,000.00	3,000.00	-
8.70% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series				
D6.Date Of Maturity 14/05/2030	8.70%	1,090.00	-	-
8.59% Secured Rated Unlisted Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series Ad				
I.Date Of Maturity 25/02/2030	8.59%	4,333.00	-	-
8.33% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series D13.	0.000/	- aaa aa		
Date Of Maturity 30/06/2031	8.33%	5,000.00	-	
5.00% Secured Rated Unlisted Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series Ad	E 000/	747.00		
II. Date Of Maturity 28/02/2031	5.00%	747.00	-	
8.50% Secured Rated Listed Non Convertible Debenture.Series D15.Date Of	0 = 00/	100.00		
Maturity 21/01/2032	8.50%	100.00		
8.60% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series D 16	8 EU0/	600.00		
Option A.Date of Maturity 24/03/2032	8.60%	600.00	-	
TOTAL		74,636.58	78,377.98	82,352.74

^{*} includes hedging cost

Note 20. Borrowings (other than debt securities)

(₹ in millions)

	At Amortised Cost				
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020		
(A)					
(a) Term loan					
(i) From Banks, NHB and Financial Institutions (refer note (a), (b) and 20.1)	218,645.63	163,852.17	132,381.10		
(ii) From others (refer note b and c and 20.1)	7,579.25	7,311.00	7,538.59		
Less : Prepaid expenses	(846.69)	(494.07)	(320.33)		
(b) Other loans					
(i) Cash credit/ overdraft (refer note (a) and 20.2)	3,350.85	6,693.66	8,409.70		
(ii) Securitisation liability (refer note 20.2)	24,065.08	38,405.62	19,709.62		
Less : Prepaid expenses	(117.92)	(104.09)	-		
(c) Interest accrued but not due	514.08	579.29	597.44		
Total (A)	253,190.28	216,243.58	168,316.12		
(B)					
Borrowings in India	237,914.96	205,261.04	157,062.27		
Borrowings outside India	15,275.32	10,982.54	11,253.85		
Total (B)	253,190.28	216,243.58	168,316.12		

Notes:

(a) These loans are secured by way of a first pari-passu charge over the current assets in the form of receivables, book debts, bills, outstanding monies receivables including future movable assets, other than those specifically charged.

(b) During the year ended March 31, 2022, the Company had borrowed ₹ 3,792.50 Million (equivalent to US\$ 50 Million) under the External Commercial Borrowings towards refinancing of existing outstanding Medium Term Notes. These are secured by way of all rights, titles, interest, benefits, claims and demands, whatsoever of the Company in, to and in respect of, all present and future, receivables/assets, including Company's accounts, operating cash flows, current assets, book debts, stock in trade, loans and advances and receivables, both present and future to the extent of complying with the Security Coverage Ratio.

(c) During the previous year ended March 31, 2020 the Company had borrowed an amount of 6,870.00 million (equivalent to USD 100 million) as external commercial borrowings under automatic route.

(d) These loans are secured by way of first paripassu charge by way of hypothecation on the standard receivables of the company with asset cover of 1.20 times of the sanction amount

Note 20.1 - Terms of repayment of Term loans

	As at March	31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
Residual Maturity	Rate of Interest/ Yield	Amount (₹ in millions)	Rate of Interest/ Yield	Amount (₹ in millions)	Rate of Interest/ Yield	Amount(₹ in millions)
Term loans from Banks and Financial institutions:*						
Fixed:		22,193.21		14,811.63		4,663.66
More than 5 years			8.70%	90.00	-	-
3- 5 years	8.45%-9.80%	1,317.90	8.62% - 11.50%	983.66	11.50%	450.00
1-3 years	8.00% -11.50%	11,247.48	8.10% - 12.00%	8,388.25	11.25% - 12.00%	1,807.26
Less than 1 year	7.05% -12.00%	9,627.83	7.00% - 12.00%	5,349.72	9.30% - 12.00%	2,406.40
Floating:		168,815.44		121,584.57		108,232.38
More than 5 years	7.70% - 9.50%	14,259.62	7.80% - 9.50%	10,623.50	9.10% - 9.50%	3,973.38
3- 5 years	7.70% -9.75%	23,132.28	7.60% - 10.30%	17,387.04	8.40% - 11.20%	16,881.47
1-3 years	7.40% -11.00%	73,840.97	7.50% - 11.75%	52,238.16	8.20% - 12.15%	51,474.43
Less than 1 year	6.00%-11.75%	57,582.57	6.21% - 12.15%	41,335.87	8.00% - 12.20%	35,903.10
Term loans from NHB:						
Fixed:		27,636.98		27,455.97		19,485.06
More than 5 years	2.94 % - 6.85 %	6,526.29	3.00% - 8.95%	6,030.38	4.86% - 8.95%	6,425.64
3- 5 years	2.94 % - 8.18 %	5,941.45	3.00% - 8.95%	5,763.08	4.61% - 8.95%	5,302.38
1-3 years	2.94 % - 8.18 %	9,098.82	3.00% - 8.95%	7,319.86	4.61% - 8.95%	5,618.60
Less than 1 year	2.94 % - 8.80 %	6,070.42	3.00% - 8.95%	8,342.65	4.61% - 8.95%	2,138.44
Term loans from others:**						
Floating:		7,579.25		7,311.00		7,538.59
3- 5 years	8.62%	7,579.25	8.62%	7,311.00	8.62%	7,538.59
Total		226,224.88		171,163.17		139,919.69

^{*} The rate of interest for the above term loans is linked to marginal cost of funds based lending rate/ treasury bills plus applicable spread. The above categorisation of loans has been based on the interest rates prevalent as on the respective reporting dates.

	As at Marc	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
Residual Maturity	Rate of Interest/ Yield	Amount (₹ in millions)	Rate of Interest/ Yield	Amount (₹ in millions)	Rate of Interest/ Yield	Amount (₹ in millions)	
Less than 1 year - CC/ ODFD ***	3.75% - 10.00%	3,350.85	3.75% - 10.50%	6,693.66	6.97% - 10.95%	8,409.70	
Securitisation:		24,065.08		38,405.62		19,709.62	
Fixed:		19,892.16		33,031.36		13,140.77	
3- 5 years			10.00%	713.81	10.03% - 10.10%	9.36	
1-3 years	7.25% - 7.95%	19,452.46	7.50% - 10.10%	28,430.53	10.05% - 10.10%	2,373.43	
Less than 1 year	9.75% - 10.00%	439.70	7.72%	3,887.02	9.57% - 10.75%	10,757.98	
Floating:		4,172.92		5,374.26		6,568.85	
More than 5 years	6.35% - 7.80%	3,192.04	6.45% - 8.20%	3,852.22	7.25% - 9.25%	4,721.06	
3- 5 years	6.35% - 7.80%	391.94	6.45% - 8.20%	641.88	7.25% - 9.25%	743.63	
1-3 years	6.35% - 7.80%	443.00	6.45% - 8.20%	605.81	7.25% - 9.25%	656.89	
Less than 1 year	6.35% - 7.80%	145.94	6.45% - 8.20%	274.35	7.25% - 9.25%	447.27	
Total		27,415.93		45,099.28		28,119.32	

^{***}The rate of interest for the above loans is linked to marginal cost of funds based lending rate/ fixed deposits plus applicable spread. The above categorisation of loans has been based on the interest rates prevalent as on the respective reporting dates

^{**} The rate of interest for the above loan is linked to the benchmark plus appropriate spread.

Note 21. Subordinated Liabilities

	At Amortised Cost			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	
(A)				
(i) Non Convertible Debentures (Refer Note	24,298.04	21,349.52	20,651.21	
21.1, 21.2 and 21.3)				
Less : Unamortised debenture issue expenses	(503.14)	(340.35)	(207.81)	
(ii) Interest accrued but not due	1,885.59	2,010.11	1,240.37	
Total (A)	25,680.49	23,019.28	21,683.77	
(B)				
Subordinated liabilities in India	22,209.63	19,550.64	18,216.63	
Subordinated liabilities outside India	3,470.86	3,468.64	3,467.14	
Total (B)	25,680.49	23,019.28	21,683.77	

Note 21.1 - Terms of repayment

	As at March	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
Residual Maturity	Rate of Interest / Yield	Amount (₹ in millions)	Rate of Interest / Yield	Amount (₹ in millions)	Rate of Interest / Yield	Amount (₹ in millions)	
Non Convertible Debenture (Unsecured)		(XIII IIIIIIIIIII)		(XIII IIIIIIIOIIS)	rielu	(XIII IIIIIIIIIII)	
Fixed:		21,836.77		14,598.54		12,121.39	
More than 5 years	8.70% -10.50%	19,347.52	8.70% - 10.50%	12,289.29	8.70% - 10.50%	6,521.39	
3- 5 years	10.00%	259.25	10.00%	259.25	8.93% - 10.00%	1,750.00	
1-3 years	8.93% -12.10%	1,750.00	8.93% - 16.90%	1,230.00	9.30% - 16.90%	1,300.00	
Less than 1 years	12.15% -16.90%	480.00	9.30% - 10.75%	820.00	10.75% - 11.25%	2,550.00	
Zero Coupon		2,461.27		6,750.98		8,529.82	
More than 5 years	9.35% -10.03%	2,403.44	9.35% - 10.03%	2,446.60	9.35% - 10.50%	1,779.82	
3- 5 years	10.50%	57.83	9.05% - 10.50%	1,014.67	-	-	
1- 3 years	-	-	-	-	9.00%	6,750.00	
Less than 1 years	-	-	9.00%	3,289.71	-	-	
Total		24,298.04		21,349.52		20,651.21	

^{21.2:} Non Convertible Debentures – Unsecured includes redeemable non convertible debenture which carries call option ₹ 100.00 Millions (from February 28, 2024), ₹ 1,265.16 Millions (from May 14, 2024), ₹ 400.00 Millions (from June 18, 2025) and ₹ 300.00 Millions (from July 14, 2025) {as at March 31, 2021 Non Convertible Debentures – Unsecured includes redeemable non convertible debenture which carries call option ₹ 100.00 Millions (from February 28, 2024), ₹ 1,265.16 Millions (from May 14, 2024), ₹ 400.00 Millions (from June 18, 2025) and ₹ 300.00 Millions (from July 14, 2025)}, {as at March 31, 2020 Non Convertible Debentures – Unsecured includes redeemable non convertible debenture which carries call option ₹ 100.00 Millions (from February 28, 2024), ₹ 1,265.16 Millions (from May 14, 2025)}.

^{21.3:} Includes debentures amounting to ₹110 million (March 31, 2021 ₹110 million) in respect of which the company is having a call option at the end of the 5th year from the date of allotment July 20, 2018 and every year there after.

Note 21.4 - Non Convertible Debentures - instrument wise details

				(₹ in millions)
Description of security	Coupon/		As at	As at
	Yield	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
10.75% Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Date of Maturity 30/04/2020	10.75%	-	-	450.00
10.75% Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Subordinated Debentures In The Nature of Tier II Capital. Date of Maturity 03/06/2020	10.75%	-	-	100.00
11.25% Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Date of Maturity 05/09/2020	11.25%	-	-	2,000.00
10.50% Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Subordinated Debentures. Series U01. Date of Maturity 26/07/2021	10.50%	-	170.00	170.00
10.50% Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Subordinated Debentures. Series U02. Date of Maturity 10/08/2021	10.50%	-	100.00	100.00
10.75% Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series U01. Date of Maturity 10/09/2021	10.75%	-	200.00	200.00
10.50% Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series U02.	10.50%	-	150.00	150.00
Date of Maturity 16/09/2021 Zero Coupon Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. G-Sec	9.00%	-	1,130.09	2,750.00
Linked Covered PPMLD Series G1. Date of Maturity 21/10/2021 Zero Coupon Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. G-Sec	9.00%	-	2,159.63	4,000.00
Linked Covered PPMLD Series G2. Date of Maturity 22/11/2021 9.30% Unsecured Subordinate Non Convertible Debentures. Series U03. Date	9.30%	-	100.00	100.00
of Maturity 25/01/2022 9.30% Unsecured Subordinate Non Convertible Debentures. Series U04. Date	9.30%	-	100.00	100.00
of Maturity 11/02/2022 16.90% Unsecured Subordinated Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures.	16.90%	50.00	50.00	50.00
Date of Maturity 30/06/2022 12.15% Unsecured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debenture. Date of	12.15%	200.00	200.00	200.00
Maturity 30/08/2022 12.20% Unsecured Redeemable Subordinated Taxable Non Convertible	12.20%	230.00	230.00	230.00
Debentures. Date of Maturity 04/11/2022 8.93% Unsecured Subordinated Listed Redeemable Non-Convertible	8.93%	500.00	500.00	500.00
Debentures. Series U07. Date of Maturity 14/04/2023 12.10% Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series 1.Date	12.10%	100.00	100.00	100.00
of Maturity 24/05/2023 9.30% Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Subordinated Debentures.	9.30%	150.00	150.00	150.00
Series Uo5. Date of Maturity 29/05/2023 Nifty Linked Unsecured Listed Subordinated Redeemable Non-Convertible	10.24%	218.50	218.50	218.50
Debentures. Date of Maturity 19/04/2024 Nifty Linked Unsecured Listed Subordinated Redeemable Non-Convertible	10.15%	671.50	671.50	671.50
Debentures. Date of Maturity 19/04/2024 Nifty Linked Unsecured Listed Subordinated Redeemable Non-Convertible	9.05%	66.84	66.84	66.84
Debentures. Date of Maturity 19/04/2024 10.00% Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Tranche II.				
Series V. Date of Maturity - 06/06/2025 Zero Coupon Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Tranche	10.00%	259.25	259.25	259.25
II. Series VI. Date of Maturity 06/06/2025 8.85% Unsecured Subordinated Listed Redeemable Non-Convertible	8.85%	57.83	57.83	57.83
Debentures. Series U06. Date of Maturity 27/07/2027 8.70% Unsecured Redeemable Non-Convertible Subordinated Debentures –	8.85%	750.00	750.00	750.00
Series U03. Date of Maturity 19/11/2027	8.70%	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,000.00
9.05% Unsecured Subordinated Rated Listed Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Series U08. Date of Maturity 28/02/2028	9.05%	100.00	100.00	100.00
9.85% Unsecured Subordinated Rated Listed Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Series U09. Date of Maturity 16/06/2028	9.85%	400.00	400.00	400.00

Note 21.4 - Non Convertible Debentures - instrument wise details

Description of security		As at	As at	As at	
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	
10.00% Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture.	10.00%	2,746.92	2,746.92		
Series I . Date of Maturity 24/06/2028	10.00%	2,740.92	2,740.92	-	
9.60% Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture.	9.60%	3,280.23	3,280.23		
Series II . Date of Maturity 24/06/2028	9.00%	3,280.23	3,280.23	-	
Zero Coupon Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible	10.03%	681.44	681.44		
Debenture. Series III . Date of Maturity 24/06/2028	10.03%	061.44	001.44	_	
9.00% India Infoline (Regs) 18-2028_Rupee Denominated Bond. Date of	9.00%	3,250.00	3,250.00	3,250.00	
Maturity - 28/06/2028	9.00%	3,230.00	3,230.00	3,230.00	
9.85% Unsecured Subordinated Rated Listed Redeemable Non-Convertible	9.85%	300.00	300.00	300.00	
Debentures. Series U010. Date of Maturity 13/07/2028	9.03/6	300.00	300.00	300.00	
G-Sec Linked Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non-Convertible	9.40%	1,265.16	1,265.16	1,265.16	
Debentures. Series Ua3. Date of Maturity 11/08/2028	3.40/0	1,203.10	1,203.10	1,203.10	
Zero coupon Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible					
Subordinated Debentures IIFL MLD-2028. Series U04. Date of Maturity	9.35%	500.00	500.00	500.00	
25/08/2028					
10.00% Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible	10.00%	2,327.22	_	_	
Debentures.Series I.Date Of Maturity: 03/11/2028	10.00%	2,327.22	_		
9.60% Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible	9.60%	3,828.24			
Debentures.Series II.Date Of Maturity: 03/11/2028	9.00%	3,020.24	-	_	
10.02% Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible	10.02%	402.78			
Debentures.Series III.Date Of Maturity: 03/11/2028	10.02%	402.76	_	_	
10.00% Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture.	10.00%	307.65	307.65	307.65	
Series V. Date of Maturity - 07/02/2029	10.00%	307.03	307.03	307.03	
10.50% Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture.	10.50%	154.48	154.48	154.48	
Series VI. Date of Maturity - 07/02/2029	10.50%	154.46	154.46	134.40	
9.35% Unsecured Rated Listed Subordinated Redeemable Non Convertible	9.35%	500.00		_	
Debenture Series D16 Option B.Date of Maturity 24/03/2032	9.33%	300.00	_	_	
TOTAL		24,298.04	21,349.53	20,651.21	

Note 22. Other Financial Liabilities

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
r ai ticulai 3	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Temporary overdrawn bank balances	7,471.86	4,633.92	36.01
Payable on account of assignment/securitisation	20,233.37	15,811.40	3,818.93
Payable towards NCD	34.60	41.13	1,100.94
Unclaimed dividend	5.19	5.52	13.57
Payable to Indostar	-	-	2,721.70
Payable towards purchase of Government Securities	-	-	5,326.11
Other payables (auction proceeds, retention payable, etc.) (refer	461.32	421.80	68.55
note 22.1 and 22.2)			
Total	28,206.34	20,913.77	13,085.81

Note 22.1: During the year, amount of ₹ 5.94 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 3.45 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 1.29 million) was transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF). As of March 31, 2022, ₹ 0.12 Million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 0.71 Million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 0.95 Million) was due for transfer to the IEPF. The same has been subsequently transferred. and was transferred within 30 days of becoming due

Note 22.2: Includes liability towards Credit Link Subsidy Scheme received from NHB of ₹ 0.37 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 0.16 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ Nil)

Note 23: Provisions (₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
rai ticulai s	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Provision for employee benefits	315.25	274.32	314.66
Provision for leave encashment	187.90	154.53	123.49
Provision for gratuity (refer note 33.2)	47.92	30.50	52.44
Expected loan loss provision on loans sanctioned but undrawn	90.00	36.40	193.47
Total	641.07	495.75	684.06

Note 24. Other Non-Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Income received in advance	0.41	31.64	74.82
Advances from customers	638.08	1,535.85	480.12
Statutory remittances	390.94	242.46	141.09
Total	1,029.43	1,809.95	696.03

Note 25: Equity Share Capital

(i) Authorised, Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital

(₹ in millions)

	As at	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Authorised Share Capital			
2,355,250,000 Equity Shares (March 31, 2021 - 2,355,250,000; March 31, 2020 - 2,355,250,000) of ₹ 2 each	4,710.50	4,710.50	4,710.50
500,000,000 Preference Shares (March 31, 2021 - 500,000,000; March 31, 2020 - 500,000,000) of ₹ 10 each	5,000.00	5,000.00	5,000.00
Total	9,710.50	9,710.50	9,710.50
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital			
379,598,711 Equity Shares (March 31, 2021 - 378,840,676; March 31, 2020	759.20	757.68	756.68
- 378,340,922) of ₹ 2 each fully paid with voting rights			
Total	759.20	757.68	756.68

(ii) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Particulars	As at Marc	ch 31, 2022	As at Mar	rch 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020		
Faiticulais	No. of Shares	₹ in millions	No. of Shares	₹ in millions	No. of Shares	₹ in millions	
Equity Shares							
At the beginning of the year	378,840,676	757.68	378,340,922	756.68	319,203,092	638.41	
Add: Shares issued during the year	758,035	1.52	499,754	1.00	483,274	0.96	
Add: Shares issued due to Composite Scheme of Arrangement	-	-	-		58,654,556	117.31	
Outstanding at the end of the year	379,598,711	759.20	378,840,676	757.68	378,340,922	756.68	

(iii) Rights attached to equity shares

The Company has issued only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 2/- per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. During the year ended March 31, 2022, equity shareholders were paid an interim dividend of ₹ 3.50/- (March 31, 2021 ₹ 3.00/- ; March 31, 2020 ₹ 2.25/-) per share.

In the event of liquidation of the Group, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Group after the distribution of all preferential amounts. However, no such preferential amount exits currently. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders

(iv) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Name of the shareholder	As at March 31, 2022		As at Mar	ch 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2021		
Name of the Shareholder	No. of Shares	% Holdings	No. of Shares	% Holdings	No. of Shares	% Holdings	
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid up							
FIH Mauritius Investments Ltd.	84,641,445	22.30%	84,641,445	22.34%	84,641,445	22.37%	
CDC Group PLC	29,501,587	7.77%	58,501,587	15.44%	58,501,587	15.46%	
Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain	47,719,154	12.57%	47,719,154	12.60%	47,265,154	12.49%	
HWIC Asia Fund Class A shares	-	0.00%	28,362,530	7.49%	28,362,530	7.50%	
Smallcap World Fund, Inc	19,671,937	5.18%	-	0.00%		0.00%	
Parajia Bharat Himatlal	20,388,602	5.37%	19,695,000	5.20%	19,925,766	5.27%	

(v) Details of Shareholding of Promoters

As at March 31, 2022

Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year*
Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain	47,719,154	12.57%	-0.03%
Madhu N Jain	12,075,000	3.18%	-0.01%
Venkataraman Rajamani	10,984,432	2.89%	-0.01%
Harshita Jain and Mansukhlal Jain (in their capacity as Trustees of Nirmal			
Madhu Family Private Trust)	10,000,000	2.63%	-0.01%
Aditi Avinash Athavankar (in her capacity as Trustee of Kalki Family Private			
Trust)	9,000,000	2.37%	-0.01%
Aditi Athavankar	200,000	0.05%	0.00%
Ardent Impex Pvt Ltd	3,268,904	0.86%	0.00%
Orpheus Trading Pvt Ltd	1,300,000	0.34%	0.00%
Total	94,547,490	24.91%	

^{*} The change in percentage is due to dilution of Share Capital

As at March 31, 2021

Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain	47,719,154	12.60%	0.11%
Madhu N Jain	12,075,000	3.19%	Nil
Venkataraman Rajamani	10,984,432	2.90%	Nil
Harshita Jain and Mansukhlal Jain (in their capacity as Trustees of Nirmal Madhu Family Private Trust)	10,000,000	2.64%	Nil
Aditi Avinash Athavankar (in her capacity as Trustee of Kalki Family Private Trust)	9,000,000	2.38%	Nil
Aditi Athavankar	200,000		
Ardent Impex Pvt Ltd	3,268,904	0.86%	-0.07%
Orpheus Trading Pvt Ltd	1,300,000	0.34%	Nil
Total	94,547,490	24.96%	

As at March 31, 2020

Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year#
Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain	47,265,154	12.49%	-2.05%
Madhu N Jain	12,075,000	3.19%	-0.59%
Venkataraman Rajamani	10,984,432	2.90%	-0.54%
Harshita Jain and Mansukhlal Jain (in their capacity as Trustees of Nirmal			
Madhu Family Private Trust)	10,000,000	2.64%	-0.49%
Aditi Avinash Athavankar (in her capacity as Trustee of Kalki Family Private			
Trust)	9,000,000	2.38%	-0.44%
Aditi Athavankar	200,000	0.05%	-0.01%
Ardent Impex Pvt Ltd	3,518,904	0.93%	0.08%
Orpheus Trading Pvt Ltd	1,300,000	0.34%	-0.07%
Total	94,343,490	24.94%	

[#] Change in percentage is due to infusion of Equity Share Capital pursuant to Composite Scheme of Arrangement w.e.f March 30, 2020. Also, during the year Mr. Nirmal Jain bought 8,63,154 shares and Ardent Impex Pvt Ltd sold 8,18,904 shares

(vi) During the period of five years immediately preceding the Balance Sheet date, the Company has not issued any shares without payment being received in cash or by way of bonus shares or shares bought back except for 58,654,556 equity shares alloted on account of merger during the year ended March 31, 2020.(refer note 38.1)

(vii) Shares reserved for issue under options and contracts/ commitments for sale of shares/ disinvestments, including the terms and amount: Refer note 39 for details of shares reserved for issue under Employee Stock Option Plan of the Group.

Note 25.1: Other Equity

	mil	

			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Share Application Money	-	-	-
Capital Reserve	838.85	838.85	838.85
Consulting Property of Property			
Securities Premium Reserve Opening Balance	18,409.81	18,352.60	18,319.12
Add: Share issue expenses	(83.40)	18,332.00	10,319.12
Add: Addition during the year	84.52	44.59	23.22
Add/(Less): Transfer to/ (from) reserves	47.57	12.62	10.26
Closing Balance	18,458.50	18,409.81	18,352.60
General Reserve			
Opening Balance	6,531.47	6,524.65	5,986.91
Add/(Less): Transfer to/ (from) reserves	0.66	6.82	537.74
Closing Balance	6,532.13	6,531.47	6,524.65
Special Reserve Pursuant to Section 45 IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934			
Opening Balance	6,402.53	5,582.94	4,750.72
Add/(Less): Transfer to/ (from) reserves	2,053.51	819.59	832.22
Closing Balance	8,456.04	6,402.53	5,582.94
	,	,	,
Special Reserve Pursuant to Section 29C of National Housing Bank Act, 1987			
Opening Balance	2,873.70	2,068.70	1,575.70
Add/(Less): Transfer to/ (from) reserves	1,156.00	805.00	493.00
Closing Balance	4,029.70	2,873.70	2,068.70
Contact Destruction Description	2 201 11	2 204 44	2.301.11
Capital Redemption Reserve	2,301.11	2,301.11	2,301.11
Debenture Redemption Reserve			
Opening Balance	128.04	128.04	513.75
Add/(Less): Transfer to/ (from) reserves	-	-	(385.71)
Closing Balance	128.04	128.04	128.04
Retained Earnings			
Opening Balance	15,899.31	11,055.30	8,522.48
Add: Profit for the year	11,878.93	7,601.18	5,018.30
Less: Interim dividend	(1,328.20)	(1,135.41)	(817.05)
Less: Dividend Distribution tax Add: Change in minority	3.67	2.73	(167.95) 2.27
Add/(Less): Transfer to/ (from) reserves	(3,126.57)	(1,624.59)	(1,476.92)
Add/(Less): On account of merger	(3,120.31)	(1,024.55)	(25.83)
Add: Addition during the year	-	0.10	-
Closing Balance	23,327.14	15,899.31	11,055.30
Stock Compensation Reserve			
Opening Balance	159.06	174.14	95.37
Add: Addition during the year	30.98	4.36	89.36
Add/(Less): Transfer to/ (from) reserves	(48.22)	(19.44)	(10.59)
Closing Balance	141.82	159.06	174.14
Effective portion of Cash Flow Hedges	+		
Opening Balance	(384.14)	(130.62)	(98.01)
Add: Other comprehensive income/ (loss)	(9.76)	(253.52)	(32.61)
Closing Balance	(393.90)	_ ' '	
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,	,,
Fair value of loans carried at FVTOCI			
Opening Balance	(5.72)	-	-
Add: Other comprehensive income/ (loss)	102.16	(5.72)	-
Closing Balance	96.44	(5.72)	-
Damage upon onto of defined bonefit			
Remeasurements of defined benefit	/20 573	(53.66)	/10 741
Opening Balance Add: Other comprehensive income/ (loss)	(36.57)	(52.66) 16.09	(18.74)
Closing Balance	(36.78)	(36.57)	
	(30.78)	(50.57)	(52.00)
Total	63,879.09	53,117.45	46,843.05
t.			

Non-Controlling Interest

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020			
Opening Balance	59.11	56.40	44.07			
Profit for the year	3.57	6.92	16.43			
Other comprehensive income	(0.05)	(0.02)	(0.07)			
Interim dividend	-	(1.46)	(1.46)			
Dividend Distribution tax	-	-	(0.30)			
Change in minority	(3.67)	(2.73)	(2.27)			
Closing Balance	58.96	59.11	56.40			

Note 26.1 Interest Income (₹ in millions)

		FY 2021-22 FY 2020-21 FY 2020-21			FY 2020-21							
Particulars	On financial assets measured at amortised cost	On financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss	On financial assets classified at fair value through OCI	Total	On financial assets measured at amortised cost	On financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss	On financial assets classified at fair value through OCI	Total	On financial assets measured at amortised cost	On financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss	On financial assets classified at fair value through OCI	Total
Interest on loans	53,391.17	-	6,833.11	60,224.28	45,495.17	-	7,480.78	52,975.95	35,571.23	-	8,595.41	44,166.64
Interest on investments	9.01	696.17	-	705.18	12.34	129.12	-	141.46	12.28	73.79	-	86.07
Interest on deposits with banks	900.12	-	-	900.12	827.29	-	-	827.29	897.87	-	-	897.87
Interest on inter corporate deposit	118.93	-	-	118.93	267.35	-	-	267.35	349.85	-	-	349.85
Other income	0.18	-	-	0.18	-	-	-	-	688.42	-	-	688.42
Total	54,419.41	696.17	6,833.11	61,948.69	46,602.15	129.12	7,480.78	54,212.05	37,519.65	73.79	8,595.41	46,188.85

Note 26.2 Dividend Income

The Group received dividend income amounting to ₹ 0.01 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 59.44 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 10.90 million).

Note 27. Fees and Commission Income

			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Administration Fees & Other charges	1,379.35	978.73	1,113.56
Insurance Commission	152.64	133.82	71.50
Total	1.531.99	1.112.55	1.185.06

Note 28. Net gain/(loss) on fair value changes

			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value			
through profit or loss			
On trading portfolio			
- Investments	770.69	1,716.05	(619.75)
- Derivatives		-	
Fair value changes			
- Realised	771.98	1,618.19	(603.67)
- Unrealised	(1.29)	97.86	(16.08)

770.69

1,716.05

(619.75)

Note 29. Other Income

- Unrealised Total net gain/(loss) on fair value changes

			(₹ in millions
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Interest on income tax refund	6.75	1.22	27.20
Rent income	-	26.62	32.88
Profit on sale of fixed assets	3.59	2.92	5.44
Gain/(loss) on cancellation of forwards, swaps, options		174.98	
and modification	-		
Profit on sale of Held for Sale Assets	15.39	-	
Marketing, advertisement and support service fees	1,331.51	1,107.84	-
Miscellaneous income	341.90	185.56	752.53
Total	1,699,14	1,499,14	818.05

Note 30. Finance Cost

(₹ in millions)

	On Financial liabilities measured at Amortised Cost						
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20				
Interest on debt securities (refer note 30.1)	8,498.16	8,345.89	6,350.89				
Interest on borrowings (other than debt securities) (refer note 30.1)	17,804.30	15,091.90	14,663.27				
Interest on subordinated liabilities	2,347.16	1,826.37	1,948.68				
Interest on inter corporate deposit	91.95	88.93	205.74				
Interest expense on lease - Ind AS 116	307.87	269.45	239.02				
Other borrowing cost (refer note 30.1)	860.61	635.73	642.58				
Total	29,910.05	26,258.27	24,050.18				

Note 30.1: Includes foreign currency expenses amounting to ₹2,515.44 million (March 31, 2021 ₹2,014.39 million and March 31, 2020 ₹939.47 million)

Note 31. Net (gain)/ loss on derecognition of financial instruments under amortised cost category

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20	
(A) Net (gain) on derecognition of financial				
instruments under amortised cost category				
- Interest strip on assignment of loans	(4,112.27)	(1,297.66)	(1,058.39)	
(B) Net loss on derecognition of financial instruments				
under amortised cost category				
- Bad debts written off (net)	9,042.17	6,482.98	4,431.65	

Note 32. Impairment on Financial Instruments

		FY 2021-22			FY 2020-21			FY 2019-20	
Particulars	On financial assets	On financial assets		On financial assets	On financial assets		On financial assets	On financial assets	
ratticulais	measured at amortised	classified at fair value	Total	measured at	classified at fair value	Total	measured at	classified at fair	Total
	cost	through OCI		amortised cost	through OCI		amortised cost	value through OCI	
Loans (refer note 8.3)	(90.36)	8.78	(81.58)	4,754.65	88.20	4,842.85	256.40	(121.46)	134.94
Other financial assets	(85.82)		(85.82)	360.50	-	360.50	95.45	-	95.45
Total	(176.18)	8.78	(167.40)	5,115.15	88.20	5,203.35	351.85	(121.46)	230.39

Note 33. Employee benefit expenses

(₹ in millions)

			(*
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Salaries	8,313.33	6,448.56	6,633.34
Contribution to provident and other funds (refer note 33.1)	548.80	412.14	422.95
Leave encashment	91.18	88.67	60.37
Gratuity (refer note 33.2)	64.42	67.09	44.88
Staff welfare expenses*	270.12	196.94	241.98
Share based payments	19.48	17.51	57.40
Total	9,307.33	7,230.91	7,460.92

^{*} Includes foreign currency expenses incurred amounting to ₹0.05 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ Nil and March 31, 2020 ₹ Nil)

33.1 Defined contribution plans
The Group has recognised the following amounts as an expense and included in the Employee benefit expenses

(₹ in millions) FY 2019-20 200.49 Particulars FY 2021-22 Contribution to Provident fund Contribution to Employee State Insurance Corporation
Contribution to Labour welfare fund 78.68 64.25 72.99 1.47 0.99 0.82 Company contribution to employee pension scheme
Contribution to NPS & IVTB 132.28 100.46 144.30 4.35 4.02 422.95 548.80 412.14 Total

33.2 Gratuity disclosure statement

Particulars	FY 2021-22			FY 2020-21			FY 2019-20		
i di ticulai 3	Finance	HFC	Samasta	Finance	HFC	Samasta	Finance	HFC	Samasta
Type of Benefit	Gratuity			Gratuity			Gratuity		
Country		India		India			India		
Reporting Currency	INR		INR			INR			
Reporting Standard	Indian Accounting Standard 19 (Ind AS 19)		Indian Accounting Standard 19 (Ind AS 19)			Indian Accounting Standard 19 (Ind AS 19)			
Funding Status	Funded		Funded			Funded			
Starting Period	01-Apr-21		01-Apr-20		01-Apr-19				
Date of Reporting	31-Mar-22		31-Mar-21		31-Mar-20				
Period of Reporting		12 Months		12 Months			12 Months		

Assumptions		FY 2021-22			FY 2020-21			FY 2019-20		
Expected Return on Plan Assets		5.66% - 6.96%			5.18% - 6.85%			5.45% - 6.84%		
Rate of Discounting		5.66% - 6.96%			5.18% - 6.85%			5.45% - 6.84%		
Rate of Salary Increase		6.00% - 9.00%			6.00% - 9.00%			6.00% - 9.00%		
Rate of Employee Turnover	and below 28.00% p.a.	For service 4 years and below 28.00% p.a. For service 5 years and above 1.00% p.a.	years and below 35.00% p.a. For	For service 4 years and below 28.00% p.a. & thereafter 2.00% p.a.	For service 4 years and below 28.00% p.a. For service 5 years and above 1.00% p.a.	below: 35.00%p.a	below 27.00%	For service 4 years and below 27.00% p.a. For service 5 years and above 1.00% p.a.	24.00%	
Mortality Rate During Employment	Indian Assured L	Indian Assured Lives Mortality 2012-14 (Urban)			Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)		Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)			
Mortality Rate After Employment		N.A.			N.A.		N.A.			

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED) Notes forming part of Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Table Showing Change in the Present Value of Projected Benefit	Obligation		
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the Beginning of the Year	281.15	246.37	161.42
Interest Cost	17.91	15.32	12.19
Current Service Cost	62.95	63.92	43.74
Past Service Cost	-	-	-
Liability Transferred In/ Acquisitions	2.54	11.54	4.22
(Liability Transferred Out/ Divestments)	(3.27)	(13.52)	(2.70)
(Gains)/ Losses on Curtailment	-	-	-
(Liabilities Extinguished on Settlement)	-	-	-
(Benefit Paid Directly by the Employer)	(0.05)	(8.28)	(2.02)
(Benefit Paid From the Fund)	(29.96)	(17.50)	(13.94)
The Effect Of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	-	-	-
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Change in	(0.02)	(6.81)	8.64
Demographic Assumptions			
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Change in	(23.35)	(6.83)	30.54
Financial Assumptions			
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Obligations - Due to Experience	19.80	(3.04)	4.28
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the End of the Year	327.70	281.17	246.37

			(₹ in millions)
Table Showing Change in the Fair Value of Plan Assets	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the Beginning of the Year	258.92	193.93	145.80
Interest Income	16.89	12.15	11.05
Contributions by the Employer	50.07	65.54	52.98
Expected Contributions by the Employees		-	-
Assets Transferred In/Acquisitions		-	-
(Assets Transferred Out/ Divestments)		-	-
(Benefit Paid from the Fund)	(29.95)	(17.50)	(13.94)
(Assets Distributed on Settlements)	•	-	-
Effects of Asset Ceiling	•	-	-
The Effect of Changes In Foreign Exchange Rates	•	-	-
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	(3.92)	4.80	(1.97)
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the End of the Year	292.01	258.92	193.93

			(₹ in millions)
Amount Recognized in the Balance Sheet	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
(Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the end of the Year)	(327.70)	(281.17)	(246.37)
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the Year	292.01	258.92	193.93
Funded Status (Surplus/ (Deficit))	(35.69)	(22.25)	(52.44)
Net (Liability)/Asset Recognized in the Balance Sheet	(35.69)	(22.25)	(52.44)
Assets recognised in the Balance Sheet under "Other non-	11.78	8.25	-
financial assets"			
Liabilities recognised in the Balance Sheet under "Provisions"	(47.47)	(30.50)	(52.44)

Unfunded gratuity- The above table does not depict unfunded gratuity liability amounting to < 0.45 millions, correspondingly expense of the equivalent amount has been charged to Profit and Loss A/c

			(₹ in millions)
Net Interest Cost for Current Year	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the Beginning of the Year	281.15	246.37	161.42
(Fair Value of Plan Assets at the Beginning of the Year)	(258.92)	(193.93)	(145.80)
Net Liability/(Asset) at the Beginning	22.23	52.44	15.62
Interest Cost	17.91	15.32	12.19
(Interest Income)	(16.89)	(12.15)	(11.05)
Net Interest Cost for Current Year	1.02	3.17	1.14

			(₹ in millions)
Expenses Recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss for Current Year	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Current Service Cost	62.95	63.92	43.74
Net Interest Cost	1.02	3.17	1.14
Past Service Cost	-	-	-
(Expected Contributions by the Employees)	-	-	-
(Gains)/Losses on Curtailments And Settlements	•	-	-
Net Effect of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	=	-	-
Expenses Recognized	63.97	67.09	44.88

			(₹ in millions)
Balance Sheet Reconciliation	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Opening Net Liability	22.24	52.44	15.62
Expenses Recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss	63.97	67.09	44.88
Expenses Recognized in OCI	0.35	(21.48)	45.42
Net Liability/(Asset) Transfer In	2.52	11.55	4.22
Net (Liability)/Asset Transfer Out	(3.27)	(13.52)	(2.70)
(Benefit Paid Directly by the Employer)	(0.05)	(8.28)	(2.02)
(Employer's Contribution)	(50.07)	(65.54)	(52.98)
Net Liability/(Asset) Recognized in the Balance Sheet	35.69	22.25	52.44

			(₹ in millions)
Category of Assets	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Government of India Assets	-	-	-
State Government Securities	-	-	-
Special Deposits Scheme	-	-	-
Debt Instruments	-	-	-
Corporate Bonds	-	-	-
Cash And Cash Equivalents	-	-	-
Insurance fund	292.01	258.22	193.93
Asset-Backed Securities	=	-	-
Structured Debt	=	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Total	292.01	258.22	193.93

Information for major category of plan assets of gratuity fund is not available with the Group and hence not disclosed.

			(₹ in millions)
Net interest cost for next year	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Present value of benefit obligation at the end of the year	6.42	281.16	246.37
(Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year)	(63.62)	(258.91)	(193.93)
Net liability/ (asset) at the end of the year	(57.20)	22.25	52.44
Interest cost	21.96	17.91	15.32
(Interest income)	(20.09)	(16.89)	(12.15)
Net interest cost for next year	1.87	1.02	3.17

			(₹ in millions)
Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss for	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
next year	11 2021 22	11 2020 21	11 2023 20
Current service cost	77.95	62.95	63.92
Net interest cost	1.87	1.02	3.17
(Expected contributions by the employees)	-	-	-
Expenses recognised	79.82	63.97	67.09

			(₹ in millions)
Maturity Analysis of the Benefit Payments: From the Fund	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Projected Benefits Payable in Future Years From the Date of Rep	orting		
1st Following Year	6.89	15.74	15.28
2nd Following Year	9.26	5.47	6.76
3rd Following Year	10.72	7.24	7.48
4th Following Year	11.29	8.29	9.98
5th Following Year	12.09	8.68	10.79
Sum of Years 6 To 10	74.13	56.07	53.70
Sum of Years 11 and above	1,004.79	822.81	642.77

(₹ in millions

			(11111111111111111111111111111111111111
Sensitivity Analysis	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Projected Benefit Obligation on Current Assumptions	327.70	281.17	246.37
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Discounting	(44.42)	(38.67)	(31.77)
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Discounting	54.65	47.85	39.14
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	47.75	42.02	33.75
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	(40.61)	(35.66)	(28.93)
Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	(2.15)	(3.84)	(3.95)
Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Employee Turnover	2.08	4.17	4.32

The sensitivity analysis have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the projected benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the projected benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same method as applied in calculating the projected benefit obligation as recognised in the balance sheet.

There was no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from prior years.

Note

Actuarial gains/losses are recognised in the period of occurrence under Other Comprehensive Income (OCI). All above reported figures of OCI are gross of taxation.

Salary escalation & attrition rate are in line with the industry practice considering promotion and demand and supply of the employees.

Maturity analysis of benefit payments is undiscounted cashflows considering future salary, attrition & death in respective year for members as mentioned above.

Average Expected Future Service represents Estimated Term of Post - Employment Benefit Obligation.

Value of asset is considered as fair value of plan asset for the period of reporting.

Qualitative disclosure

Characteristics of defined benefit plan

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan in India (funded). The company's defined benefit gratuity plan is a final salary plan for employees, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund.

The fund is managed by a trust which is governed by the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees are responsible for the administration of the plan assets and for the definition of the investment strategy.

Risks associated with defined benefit plan

Gratuity is a defined benefit plan and company is exposed to the following risks:

Interest rate risk: A fall in the discount rate which is linked to the G.Sec. Rate will increase the present value of the liability requiring higher provision. A fall in the discount rate generally increases the mark to market value of the assets depending on the duration of asset.

Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of members. As such, an increase in the salary of the members more than assumed level will increase the plan's

Investment risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. If the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, for the plan in India, it has a relatively balanced mix of investments in government securities, and other debt instruments.

Asset liability matching risk: The plan faces the ALM risk as to the matching cash flow. Since the plan is invested in lines of Rule 101 of Income Tax Rules, 1962, this generally reduces ALM risk.

Mortality risk: Since the benefits under the plan is not payable for life time and payable till retirement age only, plan does not have any longevity risk.

Characteristics of defined benefit plans

During the year, there were no plan amendments, curtailments and settlements.

A separate trust fund is created to manage the Gratuity plan.

Note: The above information is as provided by the Actuary, which has been relied upon by the auditors.

Note 34. Other Expenses (₹ in millions)

Particulars Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Advertisement and marketing expenses (refer note 34.1)	500.54	323.70	434.79
Direct operating expenses	520.86	170.77	288.56
Bank charges	251.69	124.98	79.70
Commission to non whole-time directors	3.26	-	4.14
Communication costs	129.24	103.69	133.92
Electricity	153.53	114.87	175.33
Exchange and statutory charges	45.43	10.48	31.53
Legal & professional fees (refer note 34.1)	821.98	550.29	820.39
Directors sitting fees	13.39	12.01	8.52
Office expenses	201.09	160.93	163.29
Postage & courier	77.13	42.42	80.02
Printing & stationery	89.62	56.92	64.52
Rates & taxes	19.81	7.81	89.01
Rent	197.59	130.15	230.83
Repairs & maintenance			
- Computer	20.48	18.52	21.83
- Others (refer note 34.1)	138.87	73.66	119.96
Remuneration to auditors			
- Audit fees	9.99	7.52	5.43
- Certification / other services (refer note 34.2)	2.38	2.60	3.22
- Out of pocket expenses	0.61	0.77	1.68
Software charges (refer note 34.1)	392.56	226.72	301.43
Travelling & conveyance (refer note 34.1)	403.02	227.94	402.10
Corporate social responsibility expenses (refer note 43)	187.68	126.16	183.66
Miscellaneous expenses	84.45	58.51	85.95
Insurance premium	202.29	236.23	102.30
Security expenses	926.02	814.78	327.92
Loss on sale of fixed assets (net)	0.31	14.35	
Total	5,393.82	3,616.78	4,160.03

Note 34.1: Includes below payments done in foreign currency

(₹ in millions)

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Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Advertisement and marketing expenses	-	1.39	0.57
Travelling & conveyance	0.27	-	0.09
Repairs & maintenance- Others	0.26	-	-
Software charges	0.61	0.92	4.05
Legal & professional fees	13.93	1.76	7.00

Note 34.2: During the year the Group has paid ₹ 9.67 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 2.30 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 11.99 million) to the auditors towards certification required under its Public Issue of Non Convertible Debentures and Secured Medium Term Note Programme, the same has been amortised over the tenure of the borrowings.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 35. Income Taxes

Amounts recognised in statement of profit or loss	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Current tax expense			
Current year	3,277.76	3,173.53	1778.98
Changes in estimates related to prior years	5.74	45.67	(28.21)
Deferred tax expense			
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	193.84	(779.46)	466.34
Total	3,477.34	2,439.74	2,217.11

									(₹ in millions)
Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income		FY 2021-22			FY 2020-21			FY 2019-20	
Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income	Before tax	Tax expense	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax expense	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax expense	Net of tax
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability/ (asset)	(0.35)	0.09	(0.26)	21.48	(5.41)	16.07	(45.42)	11.43	(33.99)
Cash flow hedge (net)	(13.04)	(65.45)	(78.49)	(338.79)	85.27	(253.52)	(43.58)	10.97	(32.61)
Fair value of loans carried at FVTOCI	136.53	34.36	170.89	(7.64)	1.92	(5.72)	-	-	-
Total	123.14	(31.00)	92.14	(324.95)	81.78	(243.17)	(89.00)	22.40	(66.60)

			(₹ in millions)
Reconciliation of income tax expense of the year to accounting year	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Profit before tax	15,359.84	10,047.84	7,251.84
Tax using the Group's domestic tax rate	4,054.76	2,845.62	1,920.26
Tax effect of:			
Non-deductible expenses	56.02	35.88	30.93
Tax-exempt income - others (includes deduction under section	(355.72)	(303.66)	
80JJAA)			(196.32)
Tax-exempt income- dividend	(158.32)	(186.90)	(111.19)
Income taxed at different rates	(40.78)	(72.90)	1.75
Others	1.02	6.37	10.52
Change in tax rates (refer note 11.1)	-	-	499.03
Adjustments for current tax for prior periods	5.66	45.68	(28.21)
Differential tax rate in subsidiary	(99.52)	66.97	32.56
Recognition of previously unrecognised deductible temporary differences	14.22	2.68	57.78
Total income tax expense	3,477.34	2,439.74	2,217.11

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 36. Earnings Per Share

Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share ["EPS"] computed in accordance with INDAS 33 "Earnings per share".

Particulars		FY 2021-2022	FY 2020-2021	FY 2020-2021
Face value of equity shares in ₹ fully paid up		2.00	2.00	2.00
BASIC				
Profit after tax as per statement of Profit and Loss (₹ in millions)		11,878.93	7,601.18	5,018.30
Profit after tax attributable to equity share holders (₹ in millions)	Α	11,878.93	7,601.18	5,018.30
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding	В	379,194,372	378,417,476	378,044,762
Basic EPS (In ₹)	A/B	31.33	20.09	13.27
DILUTED				
Weighted average number of equity shares for computation of basic EPS		379,194,372	378,417,476	378,044,762
Add: Potential equity shares on account conversion of Employees Stock Options		2,254,850	806,252	936,649
Weighted average number of equity shares for computation of diluted EPS	С	381,449,222	379,223,728	378,981,411
Diluted EPS (In ₹)	A/C	31.14	20.04	13.24

Note 37. Risk Management

The Group's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk.

Risk management is integral to the Group's strategy. An enterprise wide risk management framework is in place to govern the Group's risk management processes. A strong risk management team and an effective credit operations structure ensures that risks are properly identified and timely addressed to ensure minimal impact on the Group's growth and performance.

The Group has developed the necessary competency to identify early stress signals and has also defined processes, including corrective and remedial actions as regards people and processes, for mitigation to ensure minimum damage.

A stress testing mechanism is put in place to carry out the event based sensitivity analysis and identify the accounts under stress due to expected market movement.

The Group's central treasury department identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co- operation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments and investment of excess liquidity. The Group's Treasury is responsible for managing its assets and liabilities and the overall financial structure. It is also primarily responsible for the funding and liquidity risks of the Group.

Risk management is integral to Group's strategy. The comprehensive understanding of risk management throughout the various levels of an organization aids in driving key decisions related to risk-return balance, capital allocation and produc pricing. The Group operates under the guidance of the Board approved risk appetite statement that covers business composition, guidance around gross non-performing assets and net non-performing assets, leverage, funding and liquidity, etc.

Additionally, it is also ensured that appropriate focus is on managing risk proactively by ensuring business operations are in accordance with laid-down risk. A strong risk management team and an effective credit operations structure ensures that risks are properly identified and timely addressed, to ensure minimal impact on the Group's growth and performance.

Risk Management Structure

The Group has established multi-level risk governance for monitoring & control of product and entity level risks. The Board of Directors are responsible for the overall risk management approach and for approving the risk management strategies and principles. The Board has constituted the Risk Management Committee ("RMC") which is responsible for monitoring the overall risk process within the Group. The RMC is empowered to develop an independent risk strategy comprising of principles, frameworks, policies and limits and ensuring its effective implementation. Independent function of Risk management is in place headed by the Chief Risk Officer ("CRO") who reports to the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") with oversight of RMC of the Board. The Risk department primarily operationalises risk management framework approved by RMC.

The group has a well –defined risk framework constituting various lines of defence – the first line of defence, consisting of management, is responsible for seamless integration of risk principles across all businesses. Additionally, it ensures adequate managerial and supervisory controls to ensure compliance and highlight inadequate processes and unexpected events. The Group has well-defined internal control measures in every process.

Independent risk and policy team constitutes second line of defence which is responsible for identification and assessment of entity-wide risks. Post its identification, it aims to mitigate risks either through portfolio trigger and caps (Credit risk) or through ongoing risk control and self assessment (Operational risk)

Internal Audit function is the third line of defence that independently reviews activities of the first two lines of defence and reports to the Audit Committee of the Board.

Risk Management Practices

The Group has developed the necessary competency to identify early stress signals and has also defined processes, including corrective and remedial actions as regards people and processes, for mitigation to ensure minimum damage. A stress testing mechanism is put in place to carry out the event based sensitivity analysis and identify the accounts under stress due to expected market movement. In event of susceptibility to external triggers, appropriate risk mitigation would be undertaken and thereby minimize the losses to the Group.

It has initiated a detailed portfolio quality review mechanism which enables analysis of portfolio along various behavioural, demographic and financial parameters. Additionally, through tie-ups with external bureaus, an analysis of collection performance coupled with continuous credit assessment for various key segments is undertaken. The practices aid in proactive course correction thereby modifying credit or sourcing mechanisms, if required. Additionally, application scorecard has been developed enabling the Group to standardize credit underwriting & improve sourcing quality in the long run.

The Group's policy is to measure and monitor the overall risk-bearing capacity in relation to the aggregate risk exposure across all risk types and activities. Information pertaining to different type of risks are identified, analysed and tested on timely basis. The same is presented to Risk Management Committee at periodic intervals.

In order to minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group, derivative financial instruments, such as cross currency interest rate swaps are entered to hedge certain foreign currency risk exposures and variable interest rate exposures.

The Group's central treasury department identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co- operation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments and investment of excess liquidity. The Group's Treasury is responsible for managing its assets and liabilities and the overall financial structure. It is also primarily responsible for the funding and liquidity risks of the Group.

37A.1. Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group.

Credit risk arises primarily from financial assets such as trade receivables, investments, derivative financial instruments, other balances with banks, loans and other receivables.

Credit quality analysis

The following tables sets out information about the credit quality of financial assets measured at amortised cost. Unless specifically indicated, for financial assets, the amounts in the table represent gross carrying amounts.

(₹ in millions)

		As at Marc	ch 31, 2022		(
Particulars	Financial Assets where loss allowance measured at 12-month ECL	Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit not impaired	Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit impaired	Financial Assets where loss allowance measured using simplified approach	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	62,116.40	62,116.40
Bank Balance other than above	-	•	-	19,452.94	19,452.94
Receivables					
(i) Trade Receivables	341.02	3.85	0.03	1,487.85	1,832.75
(ii) Other Receivables	-		-	158.00	158.00
Loans *	261,052.97	21,225.39	9,723.54	-	292,001.90
Other Financial assets	-	٠	-	9,515.38	9,515.38

^{*} Loans comprises of outstanding principal, interest accrued but not due and principal and interest overdue.

(₹ in millions)

		As at Marc	ch 31, 2021		(till millions)
Particulars	Financial Assets where loss allowance measured at 12-month ECL	Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit not impaired	Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit impaired	Financial Assets where loss allowance measured using simplified approach	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	26,429.02	26,429.02
Bank Balance other than above	-	-	-	21,411.54	21,411.54
Receivables					
(i) Trade Receivables	306.35	-	2.95	1,616.42	1,925.72
(ii) Other Receivables	-	-	-	5.10	5.10
Loans *	250,831.64	36,661.05	8,121.49	-	295,614.19
Other Financial assets	-	-	-	5,096.69	5,096.69

^{*} Loans comprises of outstanding principal, interest accrued but not due and principal and interest overdue.

		As at Marc	ch 31, 2020		
Particulars	Financial Assets where loss allowance measured at 12-month ECL	Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit not impaired	Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit impaired	Financial Assets where loss allowance measured using simplified approach	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	15,656.01	15,656.01
Bank Balance other than above	-		-	16,503.17	16,503.17
Receivables					
(i) Trade Receivables	-	•	2.95	295.40	298.35
(ii) Other Receivables	-	-	-	-	
Loans *	212,832.85	13,701.75	8,134.58	1,535.10	236,204.28
Other Financial assets	-		-	3,706.96	3,706.96

^{*} Loans comprises of outstanding principal, interest accrued but not due and principal and interest overdue.

Financial Assets measured using simplified approach:

The Group follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on Cash and Cash Equivalents, Bank Balances, Trade Receivables, other receivables and Other Financial Assets. The application of simplified approach does not require the Group to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

37A.2. Collateral held

The Group holds collateral and other credit enhancements against certain of its credit exposures. The loans are collateralised against equitable mortgage of property, pledge of shares, hypothecation of assets, company personal guarantees, physical gold, undertaking to create security.

37A.3. Loss allowance and Exposure at default

The following tables show reconciliations from the opening to the closing balance of the loss allowance by class of financial instrument.

								(₹ in millions)
Reconciliation of loss allowance	Financial Assets where loss allowance measured at 12-month ECL		Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit not impaired		Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit impaired		Total	ı
	Principal	Others	Principal	Others Principal Others	Others	Principal	Others	
Opening ECL Mar-21	6,299.92	672.88	1,947.03	557.81	3,828.96	1,169.47	12,075.91	2,400.16
New loans disbursed during the year	3,234.19	242.21	167.50	18.24	886.09	27.44	4,287.78	287.89
Loans closed/written off during the year	(2,780.77)	(368.68)	(761.45)	(456.60)	(2,413.82)	(506.10)	(5,956.04)	(1,331.38)
Movement in provision without change in asset staging	(159.92)	41.31	716.38	37.00	443.15	399.45	999.61	477.76
Movement in provision due to change in asset staging	(182.08)	30.69	(111.43)	(42.78)	1,347.82	34.68	1,054.31	22.59
Closing ECL Mar-22	6,411,34	618.41	1.958.03	113.67	4.092.20	1.124.94	12.461.57	1.857.02

(₹ in milli									
Reconciliation of loss allowance	Financial Assets where loss allowance measured at 12-month ECL		Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit not impaired		Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit impaired		То	tal	
	Principal	Others	Principal	Others	Principal	Others	Principal	Others	
Opening ECL Mar-20	3,366.21	309.50	908.96	173.25	3,798.87	1,608.83	8,074.04	2,091.58	
New loans disbursed during the year	1,808.82	145.65	506.54	412.97	895.56	34.83	3,210.92	593.45	
Loans closed/written off during the year	(639.66)	(57.53)	(245.86)	(38.07)	(2,738.92)	(1,186.70)	(3,624.44)	(1,282.30)	
	1,914.63	282.17	567.95	(35.75)	594.16	428.52	3,076.74	674.94	
Movement in provision without change in asset staging									
Movement in provision due to change in asset staging	(150.08)	(6.91)	209.44	45.41	1,279.29	283.99	1,338.65	322.49	
Closing ECL Mar-21	6,299.92	672.88	1,947.03	557.81	3,828.96	1,169.47	12,075.91	2,400.16	

								(₹ in millions)
Reconciliation of loss allowance	Financial Assets where loss allowance measured at 12-month ECL		Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit not impaired		Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit impaired		То	tal
	Principal	Others	Principal	Others	Principal	Others	Principal	Others
Opening ECL Mar-19	1,546.04	112.23	2,139.64	1,010.10	3,700.09	986.09	7,385.77	2,108.42
New loans disbursed during the year	1,352.03	99.12	167.99	7.25	513.23	86.51	2,033.25	192.88
Loans closed/written off during the year	(468.47)	(22.27)	(368.73)	(54.59)	(3,002.25)	(756.67)	(3,839.45)	(833.53)
Movement in provision without change in asset staging	885.64	96.08	(71.97)	(76.80)	260.72	174.40	1,074.39	193.68
Movement in provision due to change in asset staging								
	50.97	24.34	(957.97)	(712.71)	2,327.08	1,118.50	1,420.08	430.13
Closing ECL Mar-20	3,366.21	309.50	908.96	173.25	3,798.87	1,608.83	8,074.04	2,091.58

The following tables show reconciliations from the opening to the closing balance of the exposure at default (EAD) by class of financial instrument.

(₹ in millions)

Reconciliation of exposure at default	Financial Assets where loss allowance measured at 12-month ECL		occure at default increased significantly and credit not		Financial assets for vincreased significantly		Total		
	Principal	Others	Principal	Others	Principal	Others	Principal	Others	
Opening EAD Mar-2021	295,179.81	23,859.05	33,977.70	2,681.50	6,962.27	1,163.53	336,119.78	27,704.09	
New loans disbursed during the year	211,565.73	8,574.89	5,013.53	230.05	1,555.29	20.93	218,134.55	8,825.86	
Loans closed/written off during the year	(131,306.03)	(10,332.00)	(17,980.69)	(1,542.24)	(3,894.86)	(505.02)	(153,181.58)	(12,379.26)	
Movement in EAD without change in asset staging	(53,945.11)	4,174.79	(2,304.09)	(108.55)	(105.48)	272.56	(56,354.68)	4,338.80	
Movement in EAD due to change in asset staging	(9,827.43)	(585.62)	1,690.47	111.85	4,084.70	167.97	(4,052.26)	(305.79)	
Closing EAD Mar-2022	311,666.97	25,691.11	20,396.92	1,372.61	8,601.92	1,119.97	340,665.81	28,183.70	

(₹ in millions)

Reconciliation of exposure at default	Financial Assets wh measured at 1		impaired			which credit risk has y and credit impaired	Tot	al
	Principal	Others	Principal Others		Principal	Others	Principal	Others
Opening EAD Mar-2020	263,416.60	24,479.69	12,397.62	1,739.06	6,525.87	1,608.70	282,340.09	27,827.45
New loans disbursed during the year	158,027.67	10,176.67	17,084.87	1,091.60	1,279.17	32.55	176,391.71	11,300.82
Loans closed/written off during the year	(78,533.05)	(4,528.73)	(4,108.63)	(1,005.19)	(3,906.97)	(1,189.24)	(86,548.65)	(6,723.16)
Movement in EAD without change in asset staging	(28,939.48)	(6,140.77)	(343.38)	(25.73)	(59.66)	326.82	(29,342.52)	(5,839.68)
Movement in EAD due to change in asset staging	(18,791.93)	(127.81)	8,947.22	881.77	3,123.86	384.70	(6,720.85)	1,138.68
Closing EAD Mar-2021	295,179.81	23,859.05	33,977.70	2,681.50	6,962.27	1,163.53	336,119.78	27,704.09

(₹ in millions)

Reconciliation of exposure at default	Financial Assets wh measured at 1		increased significantly and credit not increased significantly and credit impaired Total		reased significantly and credit not impaired Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit impaired		al	
	Principal	Others	Principal Others		Principal	Others	Principal	Others
Opening EAD Mar-2019	255,955.30	26,177.84	13,840.52	2,457.71	5,452.02	988.83	275,247.84	29,624.38
New loans disbursed during the year	132,569.21	11,604.96	4,619.13	199.98	960.69	85.49	138,149.03	11,890.43
Loans closed/written off during the year	(92,829.98)	(2,756.50)	(5,472.73)	(366.78)	(3,920.50)	(759.41)	(102,223.21)	(3,882.69)
Movement in EAD without change in asset staging	(26,319.61)	(10,202.21)	(943.16)	(91.90)	(109.50)	54.08	(27,372.27)	(10,240.03)
Movement in EAD due to change in asset staging	(5,958.32)	(344.40)	353.86	(459.95)	4,143.16	1,239.71	(1,461.30)	435.36
Closing EAD Mar-2020	263,416.60	24,479.69	12,397.62	1,739.06	6,525.87	1,608.70	282,340.09	27,827.45

37A.4. Write off

Contractual amount outstanding on financial assets that were written off during the reporting period is ₹ 9,042.17 million(F.Y 21 ₹ 6,482.98 million and F.Y 20 ₹ 4,431.65 million)

37A.5. Modified Financial Instruments

For financial assets, such as a loan to a customer, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that the modification does not result in cash flows that are substantially different (thereby not resulting into derecognition), the Group has recorded a modification gain or loss based on the change in cash flows discounted at the original EIR (Effective Interest Rate).

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	FY 2021-2022	FY 2020-2021	FY 2019-2020
Value of Modified Assets at the time of modification	23,729.08	30,311.96	758.55
Value of Modified Assets outstanding at end of year	25,093.50	29,561.57	686.01
Modification Gain/ (Loss)	45.41	(294.66)	(3.67)

The above modification is in accordance with the provisions defined in the Master Direction Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 Circular No DNBR.PD.008/03.10.119/2016-17 dated September 01, 2016 (updated as on February 22, 2019) and the "The Housing Finance Companies (NHB) Directions, 2010".

37A.6. Credit Risk Grading of loans

Credit Risk Grading is an important tool for credit risk management as it helps in understanding and evaluating risks for different credit transactions.

The Group has established overall credit limits at the level of individual borrowers and counterparties, and groups of connected counterparties. It manages and controls credit risk by confining the amount of risk it is willing to accept for individual counterparties, for geographical concentrations, and by closely monitoring such exposures.

The Group has a Credit Risk Policy which is board approved and shared with all credit approving authorities. All customers will be evaluated on a set of pre-defined parameters as detailed below and accordingly classified into any of the following categories:

- 1. Low Risk
- 2. Medium Risk
- 3. High Risk This category of customers will not be actively sourced by the Group. Any customer, identified as High Risk, can be funded by the Group basis exceptional comfort and availability of justifying mitigates. The extent and nature of due diligence will be the highest for this category.

The assessment of a customer being classified into high, medium or low is based on various parameters at the time of on-boarding which are captured in the Credit Approval Memorandum by the credit manager and validated by the relevant approving authority. The parameters are as follows:

- 1. Customer Profile
- 2. Financial health
- Business vintage
- Credit history
- 5. Industry feedback
- 6. Other qualitative/ quantitative factors as mentioned in the policy

Every customer once being stamped into a risk category on a periodic basis would further be subjected to change of his risk profile depending on the repayment history and DPDs through an independent credit quality review process. This process aims to allow the Group to assess the potential loss as a result of the risks to which it is exposed and take corrective actions.

Credit Grading details :

(₹ in millions)

Period	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total EAD
March 31, 2022	337,358.08	21,769.53	9,721.89	368,849.50
March 31, 2021	319,038.86	36,659.20	8,125.80	363,823.86
March 31, 2020	287,896.29	14,136.68	8,134.57	310,167.54

37A.7. Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions.

In order to avoid excessive concentrations of risk, the Group's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to focus on spreading its lending portfolio across various products/states/customer base with a cap on maximum limit of exposure for an individual/Group. Accordingly, the Group does not have concentration risk.

37B Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Group may not be able to meet its short-term financial obligations. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and by having access to funding through an adequate amount of credit lines. Further, the Group has well defined Asset Liability Management (ALM) framework with an appropriate organizational structure to regularly monitor and manage maturity profiles of financial assets and financial liabilities including debt financing plans, cash and cash equivalent instruments to ensure liquidity. The Group seeks to maintain flexibility in funding mix by way of sourcing the funds through money markets, debt markets and banks to meet its business and liquidity requirements.

(i) Maturities of financial liabilities

(₹ in millions)

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities (including financial guarantee) As at March 31, 2022	Total	Upto 3 months	Over 3 months to 6 months	Over 6 months to 1 year	Over 1 year to 3 years	Over 3 to 5 years	Over 5 years
Derivative financial instruments	1,643.91	30.58	-	31.69	1,482.94	98.70	-
Trade payables	1,424.27	1,402.26	1.87	9.91	0.40	9.83	-
Other payables	99.06	99.06	-	-	-	-	-
Finance lease obligation *	4,603.27	246.28	243.30	516.73	1,577.24	1,103.91	915.81
Debt securities	75,612.48	8,341.54	1,555.41	2,402.52	41,262.26	5,263.18	19,342.28
Borrowings (other than debt securities) (Note 1)	253,640.81	18,269.90	19,589.51	42,792.30	118,501.85	30,442.24	23,680.85
Subordinated liabilities	24,298.04	387.46	311.47	282.82	1,750.00	333.99	22,214.37
Other financial liabilities	28,206.34	27,914.46	31.69	-	-	260.19	-
Financial guarantee contracts	8,454.96	8,454.96	-	-	-	-	-
Total	397,983.14	65,146.50	21,733.25	46,035.97	164,574.69	37,512.04	66,153.31

/∓ in millions\

							(₹ in millions)
Contractual maturities of financial liabilities (including financial guarantee) As at March 31, 2021	Total	Upto 3 months	Over 3 months to 6 months	Over 6 months to 1 year	Over 1 year to 3 years	Over 3 to 5 years	Over 5 years
Derivative financial instruments	1,565.76	-	212.88	18.13	1,265.89	68.86	-
Trade payables	1,093.91	1,031.71	-	62.20	-	-	-
Other payables	-	-	-		-	-	-
Finance lease obligation *	4,357.20	193.78	191.42	379.08	1,380.88	1,022.86	1,189.18
Debt securities	78,341.69	6,829.41	5,003.51	16,308.06	42,238.82	1,591.89	6,370.00
Borrowings (other than debt securities) (Note 1)	216,262.45	25,077.17	26,172.76	33,008.04	78,614.62	32,329.98	21,059.88
Subordinated liabilities	21,349.52	-	620.00	3,489.71	1,230.00	1,317.08	14,692.73
Other financial liabilities	20,913.77	20,862.48	-	2.18	49.11	-	-
Financial guarantee contracts	12,255.43	12,255.43	-	0	-	-	-
Total	356.139.73	66,249,98	32,200,57	53.267.40	124,779,32	36.330.67	43.311.79

-				
₹	ın	mil	ПO	ns

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities (including financial guarantee) As at March 31, 2020	Total	Upto 3 months	Over 3 months to 6 months	Over 6 months to 1 year	Over 1 year to 3 years	Over 3 to 5 years	Over 5 years
Derivative financial instruments	439.18	-	267.63		-	171.55	-
Trade Payables	787.23	763.47	-	23.76	-	-	-
Other Payables	-	-	-		-	-	-
Finance lease obligation *	3,816.16	184.15	178.54	335.78	1,232.45	943.98	941.26
Debt Securities	82,296.55	12,338.44	2,452.25	6,733.94	24,767.82	32,704.10	3,300.00
Borrowings (other than debt securities)(Note 1)	168,039.01	13,927.68	12,706.88	28,442.61	66,916.33	30,925.44	15,120.07
Subordinated Liabilities	20,651.21	550.00	2,000.00	-	8,050.00	1,750.00	8,301.21
Other financial liabilities	13,085.81	13,067.61	=		18.20	=	-
Financial guarantee contracts	17,524.37	17,524.37	-	-	-	-	-
Total	306,639.52	58,355.72	17,605.30	35,536.09	100,984.80	66,495.07	27,662.54

^{*} The amount represent undiscounted cash flows

Note 1: Borrowings includes cash credit facilities, has been slotted in "over 6 months to 1 year" and "over 1 year to 3 years" in the ratio of 40% and 60% respectively.

Note 2: In computing the above information with respect to cash credit and overdraft facilities with Banks, the Management has made certain estimates and assumptions which have been

(ii) Financing arrangements

(ii) Financing arrangements			
The Group had access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of the reporting period:			(₹ in millions)
	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Floating rate			
- Expiring within one year (bank overdraft and other facilities)	17,798.73	6,131.55	3,173.43
- Expiring beyond one year (bank loans)	-	-	-

Market Risk is the risk that the value of on and off-balance sheet positions of a financial institution will be adversely affected by movements in market rates or prices such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices, credit spreads and/or commodity prices resulting in a loss to earnings and capital.

Financial institutions may be exposed to Market Risk in variety of ways. Market risk exposure may be explicit in portfolios of securities / equities and instruments that are actively traded.

Conversely it may be implicit such as interest rate risk due to mismatch of loans and deposits. Besides, market risk may also arise from activities categorized as off-balance sheet item. Therefore market risk is potential for loss resulting from adverse movement in market risk factors such as interest rates, forex rates, equity and commodity prices. The Group's exposure to market risk is primarily on account of interest rate risk and Foreign exchange risk.

37C.1 Interest rate risk

(a) The exposure of the Group's borrowing to interest rate changes at the end of the

reporting period are as follows:			(₹ in millions)
	As at	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Variable rate borrowings	184,199.71	143,807.25	139,155.77
Fixed rate borrowings	168,360.03	172,146.41	131,831.00
Total borrowings	352,559.74	315,953.66	270,986.77

The Group had the following variable rate borrowings outstanding and cross currency interest rate swap contracts outstanding:

	As at March 31, 2022				s at March 31, 2021		A	As at March 31, 2020			
	Weighted average interest rate (%)	Balance	% of total borrowings	Weighted average interest rate (%)	Balance	% of total borrowings	Weighted average interest rate (%)	Balance	% of total borrowings		
Bank overdrafts, bank loans	8.59%	176,339.21	50.02%	8.63%	133,652.50	42.30%	9.30%	123,210.93	45.44%		
External Commercial borrowings	8.62%	7,579.25	2.15%	8.62%	7,311.00	2.31%	8.62%	7,538.59	2.78%		
Non convertible debentures	7.51%	281.25	0.08%	9.15%	2,843.75	0.90%	8.99%	8,406.25	3.10%		
Net exposure to cash flow interest rate risk		184,199.71			143,807.25			139,155.77			
Currency Interest Rate Swaps	9.36%	3,876.44	1.10%	9.36%	3,675.23	1.16%	9.36%	3,769.29	1.39%		

An analysis by maturities is provided in note 37(B)(i) above. The percentage of total loans shows the proportion of loans that are currently at floating rates in relation to

The Group had the following variable rate loans outstanding:

(₹ in millions)

	As at March 31, 2022			As at March 31, 2021			As at March 31, 2020		
	Weighted average interest rate (%)	Balance	% of total loans	Weighted average interest rate (%)	Balance	% of total loans	Weighted average interest rate (%)	Balance	% of total loans
Floating rate loans	11.44%	158,629.60	45.17%	11.66%	150,243.89	42.95%	11.87%	129,532.84	43.86%

(b) Sensitivity

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates (assuming other variable constant)

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Impact on profit after tax			Impact on other components of equity		
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Interest rates – increase by 30 basis points	(413.52)	(322.84)	(312.04)	-	-	=
Interest rates – decrease by 30 basis points	413.52	322.84	312.04	ı	ń	-

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest income from loans as a result of changes in interest rates (assuming other variable constant)

Particulars	lm	pact on profit after	tax	Impact on other components of equity		
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Interest rates – increase by 30 basis points	356.12	337.29	290.80	-	-	-
Interest rates – decrease by 30 basis points	(356.12)	(337.29)	(290,80)	-	-	-

37C.2. Exposure to currency risks

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign currency rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primary to the foreign currency borrowings taken from banks and External Commercial Borrowings (ECB). The Group follows a conservative policy of hedging its foreign currency exposure through Forwards and / or Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps (CCRIS) in such a manner that it has fixed determinate outflows in its functional currency and as such there would be no significant impact of movement in foreign currency rates on the Group's profit before tax (PBT) and equity.

The Group's currency position is as under

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	USD	EUR	CHF	JPY	SGD	Other Currencies
Foreign Currency Assets (in INR)*	458.52	=	-	-	=	-
Foreign Currency Liabilities (in INR)*	1,545.22	-	-	-	-	-
Net Gap as at 31.03.2022	(1,086.70)	-	-	-	-	-

						(₹ in millions)
Particulars	USD	EUR	CHF	JPY	SGD	Other Currencies
Foreign Currency Assets (in INR)*	416.88	=	-	-	=	-
Foreign Currency Liabilities (in INR)*	1,478.77	-	-	-	=	-
Net Gap as at 31.03.2021	(1.061.89)			-	-	

						(₹ in millions)
Particulars	USD	EUR	CHF	JPY	SGD	Other Currencies
Foreign Currency Assets (in INR)*	2,405.21	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Liabilities (in INR)*	417.90	-	-	-	-	-
Net Gap as at 31.03.2020	1,987.31	-	-	-	-	-

^{*}It is fully hedged by forward contract and CCIRS

The sensitivity of profit or loss to changes in the exchange rates arises mainly from foreign currency denominated financial instruments.

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Impact on profit after tax			Impact on other components of equity		
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
USD sensitivity						
INR/USD -Increase by 5%	-		(1,368.01)	(1,343.34)	(1,323.97)	-
INR/USD -Decrease by 5%	-	1	1,368.01	1,343.34	1,323.97	-

The sensitivity on profit and loss is due to the timing difference of the maturity of the Cross currency interest rate swap. On the date of maturity of the Cross currency interest rate swap, the sensitivity of profit and loss to changes in the exchange rates will be Nil.

37C.3. Price Risk

(a) Exposure
The Group's exposure to assets having price risk is as under

Particulars	Equity Share	Mutual Funds /Alternate investment funds/ others	Bonds	Security Receipts	Total
Market Value as on March 31, 2022	0.50	10,992.21	-	833.00	11,825.71
Market Value as on March 31, 2021	0.50	189.24	-	-	189.74
Market Value as on March 31, 2020	2.192.16	135.10	0.23	5.220.80	7,548,29

To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities/other assets, the Group diversifies its portfolio.

The table below summarises the impact of increases/decreases of the index on the Group's equity/other assets and profit for the period. The analysis is based on the assumption that the instrument index has increased by 5% or decreased by 5% with all other variables held constant.

Particulars	lmı	Impact on profit after tax			Impact on other components of equity		
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	
Increase 5%	442.47	7.10	282.43	-	-	-	
Decrease 5%	(442 47)	(7.10)	(282 43)		_	_	

37D.Capital Management

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Group. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value. The Group monitors capital in accordance with the capital adequacy ratio prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI")/ National Housing Bank ("NHB") as applicable.

37E. Fair values of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer an liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy or valuation techniques.

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at Fair Value hierarchy:

	mil	

	As at March 31, 2022					
Particulars	Fair Value through profit or loss	Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income	Amortised cost / Cost			
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	62,116.40			
Bank Balance other than (a) above	-	-	19,452.94			
Derivative financial instruments	98.69	644.12	-			
Receivables						
(i) Trade receivables	-	-	1,831.95			
(ii) Other receivables	-	-	158.00			
Loans	-	56,624.60	280,304.34			
Investments	11,825.21	-	96.40			
Other financial assets	-	-	9,237.85			
Total financial assets	11,923.90	57,268.72	373,197.88			
Financial liabilities						
Derivative financial instruments	98.69	1,545.22	-			
Trade payables	-	-	1,424.27			
Other Payables	-	-	99.06			
Finance lease obligation	-	-	3,606.78			
Debt securities	-	-	78,380.78			
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	-	-	253,190.28			
Subordinated liabilities	-	-	25,680.49			
Other financial liabilities	-	-	28,206.34			
Total financial liabilities	98.69	1,545.22	390,588.00			

(₹ in millions)

	As at March 31, 2021					
Particulars	Fair Value through profit or loss	Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income	Amortised cost / Cost			
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	26,429.02			
Bank Balance other than (a) above	-	-	21,411.54			
Derivative financial instruments	86.99	416.88	-			
Receivables						
(i) Trade receivables	-	-	1,922.77			
(ii) Other receivables	-	-	5.10			
Loans	-	52,171.66	283,159.94			
Investments	189.24	-	126.47			
Other financial assets	-	=	4,903.70			
Total financial assets	276.23	52,588.54	337,958.54			
Financial liabilities						
Derivative financial instruments	86.99	1,478.77	-			
Trade payables	-	-	1,093.91			
Finance lease obligation	-	-	3,265.02			
Debt securities	-	-	83,303.50			
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	-	-	216,243.58			
Subordinated liabilities	-	-	23,019.28			
Other financial liabilities	-	-	20,913.77			
Total financial liabilities	86.99	1,478.77	347,839.06			

		As at March 31, 2020				
Particulars	Fair Value through profit or loss	Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income	Amortised cost / Cost			
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	15,656.01			
Bank Balance other than (a) above	-	-	16,503.17			
Derivative financial instruments	2,426.49	-	-			
Receivables						
(i) Trade Receivables	-	-	298.35			
(ii) Other Receivables	-	-	-			
Loans	-	58,110.66	227,235.85			
Investments	7,548.29	-	155.57			
Other Financial assets	-	-	3,581.47			
Total financial assets	9,974.78	58,110.66	263,430.42			
Financial liabilities						
Derivative financial instruments	288.91	150.27	-			
Trade Payables	-	-	787.23			
Finance lease obligation	-	-	2,913.53			
Debt Securities	-	-	87,047.31			
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	-	-	168,316.12			
Subordinated Liabilities	-	-	21,683.77			
Other financial liabilities	-	-	13,085.81			
Total financial liabilities	288.91	150.27	293,833.77			

37E. 1. Financial instruments measured at fair value – Fair value hierarchy

The following table analyses financial instruments measured at fair value at the reporting date, by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised. The amounts are based on the values recognised in the statement of financial position.

37E.2. Valuation methodologies of financial instruments measured at fair value

- (i) Quoted equity/instruments are measured based on the last traded price in the exchange and are classified as level 1.
- (ii) Mutual Funds are measured based on the published net asset value (NAV) by AMFI and are classified as level 1.
- (iii) Alternate Investment Funds are measured based on the latest NAV provided by the fund house and are classified as level 3.
- (iv) Equity instruments in non-listed entities are initially recognised at transaction price and re-measured (to the extent information is available) and valued by external independent valuer and classified as Level 3.
- (v) Equity instruments in listed entities that are quoted market prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical instruments are classified at level 1.
- (vi) Government Securities are valued based on the closing price published by CCIL/ FIMMDA for March 2020 respectively and are classified as level 2.
- (vii) Unquoted debt securities are measured based on average of security level prices received from AMFI appointed/designated agencies viz: CRISIL and ICRA and are classified as level 2.
- (viii) The fair value of interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the net of Pay and Receive side estimated future cash flows based on observable appropriate yield curve inputs.
- (ix) Fair value of loans measured at FVOCI approximates its carrying value and are classified as level 3.
- (x) Fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined by computing present value of payoff between contractual rate (Strike) and forward exchange rates at the testing date and are classified as Level 2.
- (xi) The fair value principal swap is calculated as the present value of the net of Pay and Receive side estimated future cash flows based on observable appropriate yield curve inputs and spot exchange rate as of the testing date and are classified as Level 2.

					(3 in millions)
Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value - recurring fair value measurements	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Carrying Value
As at March 31, 2022					
Financial assets					
Forward rate agreements and interest rate swaps	-	644.12	-	644.12	644.12
Call option included under Debt securities & Subordinated	-	98.69	-	98.69	98.69
liabilities					
Loans - classified under FVOCI	-	-	56,624.60	56,624.60	56,624.60
Investments	0.04	5,893.91	9,552.67	15,446.62	15,446.62
(i) Mutual Funds/Alternate Investment fund / Others	0.04	1,440.00	9,552.17	10,992.21	10,992.21
(ii) Security Receipts	-	4,453.91	-	4,453.91	4,453.91
(iii) Equity	-	-	0.50	0.50	0.50
Total financial assets	0.04	6,636.72	66,177.27	72,814.03	72,814.03
Financial liabilities					
Forward rate agreements /CCIRS	=	1,545.22	-	1,545.22	1,545.22
Interest rate derivative	-	-	=	-	-
Call option included under Debt securities & Subordinated liabilities	-	98.69	-	98.69	98.69
Total financial liabilities	-	1,643.91	-	1,643.91	1,643.91

					(< in millions)
Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value - recurring fair value measurements	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Carrying Value
As at March 31, 2021					
Financial assets					
Forward rate agreements and interest rate swaps	-	416.88	-	416.88	416.88
Call option included under Debt securities & Subordinated	-	86.99	-	86.99	86.99
liabilities					
Loans - classified under FVOCI	-	-	52,171.66	52,171.66	52,171.66
Investments	118.18	-	71.06	189.24	189.24
(i) Mutual Funds/Alternate Investment fund / Others	118.18	-	71.06	189.24	189.24
Total financial assets	118.18	503.87	52,242.72	52,864.77	52,864.77
Financial liabilities					
Forward rate agreements /CCIRS	-	1,265.89	-	1,265.89	1,265.89
Interest rate derivative	-	212.88	-	212.88	212.88
Call option included under Debt securities & Subordinated	-	86.99	-	86.99	86.99
liabilities					
Total financial liabilities	-	1,565.76	-	1,565.76	1,565.76

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value - recurring	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Carrying Value
fair value measurements					
As at March 31, 2020					
Financial assets					
Forward rate agreements and interest rate swaps	-	2,405.21	-	2,405.21	2,405.21
Call option included under Debt securities & Subordinated					21.28
liabilities	-	21.28	-	21.28	
Loans - classified under FVOCI	-	-	58,110.66	58,110.66	58,110.66
Investments	1,288.48	5,220.80	1,039.01	7,548.28	7,548.28
(i) Mutual Funds/Alternate Investment fund / Others	85.09	-	50.01	135.10	135.10
(ii) Government Securities	-	5,220.80	-	5,220.80	5,220.80
(iii) Debt Securities	0.23	-	-	0.23	0.23
(iv) Equity	1,203.16	-	989.00	2,192.16	2,192.16
Total financial assets	1,288.48	7,647.29	59,149.67	68,085.44	68,085.44
Financial liabilities					
Forward exchange contract	-	150.27	-	150.27	150.27
Interest rate derivative	-	267.63	-	267.63	267.63
Call option included under Debt securities & Subordinated	-	21.28	-		
liabilities				21.28	21.28
Total financial liabilities	-	439.18	-	439.18	439.18

37E.3. Valuation methodologies of financial instruments not measured at fair value

Below are the methodologies and assumptions used to determine fair values for the above financial instruments which are not recorded and measured at fair value in the Group's financial statements. These fair values were calculated for disclosure purposes only.

Short-term financial assets and liabilities

For financial assets and financial liabilities that have a short-term nature, the carrying amounts, which are net of impairment, are a reasonable approximation of their fair value. Such instruments include: cash and bank balances, Trade receivables, other receivables, balances other than cash and cash equivalents and trade payables.

Loans, Debts, Borrowings and Subordinated Debts

The fair values of these instruments are estimated by determining the price of the instrument taking into consideration the origination date, maturity date, coupon rate, actual or approximation of frequency of interest payments and incorporating the actual or estimated/proxy yields of identitical or similar instruments through the discounting factor. For instruments, having contractual residual maturity less than one year, the carrying value has been considered as fair value. Loans and advances are presented net of provisions for impairment.

			(\
Assets and liabilities which are measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed	Total fair value	Carrying Value	Valuation Hierarchy
As at March 31, 2022			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	62,116.40	62,116.40	
Bank Balance other than included above	19,452.94	19,452.94	
Receivables			
(i) Trade Receivables	1,831.95	1,831.95	
(ii) Other Receivables	158.00	158.00	
Loans	272,183.14	280,304.34	Level 3
Investment in debt securities	96.40	96.40	
Other Financial assets	9,237.85	9,237.85	
Total financial assets	365,076.68	373,197.88	
Financial Liabilities			
Trade Payables	1,424.27	1,424.27	
Finance lease obligation	3,606.78	3,606.78	
Debt Securities *	76,628.58	78,380.78	Level 3
Borrowings (Other than debt securities)	241,828.35	253,190.28	Level 3
Subordinated Liabilities	25,918.60	25,680.49	Level 3
Other financial liabilities	28,206.34	28,206.34	
Total financial liabilities	377,612.92	390,488.94	

(₹ in millions)

			(× III IIIIIIolis)
Assets and liabilities which are measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed	Total fair value	Carrying Value	Valuation Hierarchy
As at March 31, 2021			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	26,429.02	26,429.02	
Bank Balance other than included above	21,411.54	21,411.54	
Receivables			
(i) Trade Receivables	1,922.77	1,922.77	
(ii) Other Receivables	5.10	5.10	
Loans	280,587.05	283,159.94	Level 3
Investment in debt securities	126.47	126.47	
Other Financial assets	4,903.70	4,903.70	
Total financial assets	335,385.65	337,958.54	
Financial Liabilities			
Trade Payables	1,093.91	1,093.91	
Finance lease obligation	3,265.02	3,265.02	
Debt Securities *	82,107.08	83,303.50	Level 3
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	216,335.22	216,243.58	Level 3
Subordinated Liabilities	23,278.11	23,019.28	Level 3
Other financial liabilities	20,913.77	20,913.77	
Total financial liabilities	346,993.11	347,839.06	

^{*} For MTN Bond book value is been considered as fair value.

Assets and liabilities which are measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed	Total fair value	Carrying Value	Valuation Hierarchy
As at March 31, 2020			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	15,656.01	15,656.01	
Bank Balance other than included above	16,503.17	16,503.17	
Receivables			
(i) Trade Receivables	298.35	298.35	
(ii) Other Receivables	-	1	
Loans	233,370.39	227,235.85	Level 3
Investment in debt securities	155.57	155.57	
Other Financial assets	3,581.47	3,581.47	
Total financial assets	269,564.96	263,430.42	
Financial Liabilities			
Trade Payables	787.23	787.23	
Finance lease obligation	2,913.53	2,913.53	
Debt Securities *	91,511.85	87,047.31	Level 3
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	168,820.19	168,316.12	Level 3
Subordinated Liabilities	22,689.48	21,683.77	Level 3
Other financial liabilities	13,085.81	13,085.81	
Total financial liabilities	299,808.09	293,833.77	

^{*} For MTN Bond book value is been considered as fair value.

37.E.4 Movements in Level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value :

The following tables show the reconciliation of the opening and closing amounts of Level 3 financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Loans - Classified under FVOCI	Alternate Investment fund	Equity
Balances as at April 1, 2021	52,171.66	71.06	0.50
Issuances	124,443.75	10,526.43	-
Re-classified to amortised cost	(8,210.67)		
Sale of financial instrument classified as level 3 at the beginning of	(111,780.14)	(1,740.46)	-
the financial year			
Total gain /losses recognised in profit and loss	=	695.14	=
Transfers in	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	1	-
Balances as at March 31, 2022	56,624.60	9,552.17	0.50
Unrealised gain /losses related to balances held at the end of	-	685.67	-
financial year			

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Loans - Classified under FVOCI	Alternate Investment fund	Equity
Balances as at April 1, 2020	58,110.66	50.01	989.00
Issuances	69,756.05	12.44	-
Sale of financial instrument classified as level 3 at the beginning of	(75,695.05)	(0.06)	(1,450.00)
the financial year			
Total gain /losses recognised in profit and loss	=	8.67	461.50
Transfers in	-	1	-
Transfers out	-	1	-
Balances as at March 31, 2021	52,171.66	71.06	0.50
Unrealised gain /losses related to balances held at the end of financial year	-	(9.46)	-

			(
Particulars	Loans - Classified under	Alternate Investment fund	Equity
Balances as at April 1, 2020	59,751.52	63.19	592.00
Issuances	81,323.75	1.70	-
Sale of financial instrument classified as level 3 at the beginning of	(82,964.61)	(0.50)	-
Total gain /losses recognised in profit and loss	-	(14.38)	397.00
Transfers in	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-
Balances as at March 31, 2021	58,110.66	50.01	989.00
Unrealised gain /losses related to balances held at the end of financial year	-	(18.12)	833.50

37 F. Transferred financial assets that are derecognised in their entirety

During the year ended March 31, 2022, the Group has sold some loans and advances measured at FVTOCI as per assignment deals, as a source of finance. As per the terms of deal, since the derecognition criteria as per IND AS 109, including transfer of substantially all the risks and rewards relating to assets being transferred to the buyer being met, the assets have been derecognised. The management has evaluated the impact of the assignment transactions done during the year for its business model. Based on the future business plans, the Group's business model remains to hold the assets for collecting contractual cash flows.

The following table provide a summary of the amount of the derecognised financial assets during the year and the gain/(loss) on derecognition, which qualify for derecognition:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Financial assets derecognised during the year	111,780.13	75,695.04	82,964.61
Gain from derecognition	5,152.65	2,445.34	2,026.63

37 G. Transferred financial assets that are recognised in their entirety:

The Group uses securitisations as a source of finance. Such transaction resulted in the transfer of contractual cash flows from portfolios of financial assets to holders of issued debt securities. Such deals resulted in continued recognition of the securitised assets since the Group retains substantial risks and rewards. The table below outlines the carrying amounts and fair values of all financial assets transferred that are not derecognised in their entirety and associated liabilities.

Securitisations	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Carrying amount of transferred assets measured at amortised	24,065.08	38,405.62	19,709.62
cost			
Carrying amount of associated liabilities	24,065.08	38,484.40	19,839.00
Fair value of assets	24,057.58	38,418.47	20,039.66
Fair value of associated liabilities	24,060.98	38,497.25	20,169.05
Net position at Fair value	-	-	-

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 38. Capital, Other Commitments and Contingent Liabilities at Balance Sheet date:

Contingent Liabilities:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
r articulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
In respect of Income tax demands (refer note a and e)	663.07	486.49	539.76
In respect of Service tax demands (including interest accrued and refer note b)	831.66	617.50	342.01
In respect of Profession Tax demands (refer note c)	1.55	1.55	1.53
In respect of Bank guarantees given (refer note d)	8,454.96	12,255.43	17,524.37
In respect of Corporate guarantees given	233.40	233.40	253.40
In respect of legal case/ penalties/others	1.58	1.15	-
Contingent liability in respect of credit enhancement for securitisation transaction	1,956.72	1,900.56	1,868.12
In respect of Stamp Duty (refer note f)	166.60	-	-

- (a) The Group has filed appeal against the said demands raised by the Income Tax Department.
- (b) Amount paid under protest with respect to service tax demand ₹ 18.92 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 18.92 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 18.92 million)
- (c) Amount paid under protest with respect to profession tax demand ₹ 0.47 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 0.47 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 0.47 million)
- (d) The above guarantee has been given on behalf of subsidiaries/group companies.
- (e) Amount paid under protest with respect to income tax demand is ₹417.70 million (March 31, 2021 ₹233.89 million and March 31, 2020 ₹267.16 million).
- (f) The Group has received demand towards stamp duty on account of the Composite Scheme of Arrangement. The demand has been raised for a sum of ₹ 750.00 million. As per the scheme document any incidental expenses will be borne by the resulting companies i.e IIFL Finance Limited, IIFL Securities Limited and IIFL Wealth Management Limited equally. The Company has appealed against the same and paid ₹ 83.40 million under protest towards its share of the liability and shown ₹ 166.60 million as Contingent.
- (g) Apart from the above, Group is subject to legal proceedings and claims which have arisen in the ordinary course of the business. The Group's Management does not reasonably expect that these legal actions, when ultimately concluded and determined, will have material and adverse effect on the Group's financial position.

Commitments not provided for:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Commitments related to loans sanctioned but undrawn	24,831.13	15,670.79	17,536.15
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital and operating account	187.51	325.42	169.28
Commitments related to alternate investment funds	205.95	20.16	32.60

Note 38.1: Composite Scheme of Arrangement

The Company received the Non-banking Financial Company License dated March 06, 2020, bearing Certificate of Registration No. No. 13.02386 from the Reserve Bank of India to carry on the Non Banking Financial Activity on March 11, 2020. Thereafter, the Company had decided to give effect to the amalgamation of India Infoline Finance and the Company with effect from March 30, 2020 with Appointed date as April 1, 2018.

Consequently, the residual shareholders of India Infoline Finance Limited were allotted 58,654,556 shares of the Company on March 30, 2020 in the ratio 135 fully paid up equity shares of ₹ 2 each in the Company for every 100 shares held in India Infoline Finance Limited. The said new shares got listed and admitted for trading w.e.f. April 27, 2020 in terms of final listing and trading approval received from NSE and BSE.

(I) In accordance with the accounting treatment, as provided under the Scheme of Arrangement, following Assets Liabilities and Other Equity were transferred from India Infoline Finance Limited as on April 01, 2018 as per the composite scheme of arrangement

	As at
Particulars	April 01, 2018
ASSETS	
1. Financial Assets	
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	1,535.36
(b) Bank Balance other than (a) above	8,946.97
(c) Receivables	
(I) Trade receivables	207.19
(d) Loans	155,971.83
(e) Investments	17,235.69
(f) Other financial assets	1,013.61
Sub-total	184,910.65
2. Non-financial Assets	
(a) Current tax assets (net)	1,186.54
(b) Deferred tax assets (net)	2,967.34
(c) Investment property	2,451.14
(d) Property, plant and equipment	626.96
(e) Capital work-in-progress	41.93
(f) Other intangible assets	13.07
(g) Other non-financial assets	122.76
Sub-total	7,409.74
Total Assets	192,320.39
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	
LIABILITIES	
1. Financial Liabilities	
(a) Payables	
(I)Trade payables	
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-
(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and s	412.66
(II) Other payables	
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-
(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and sr	-
(b) Debt securities	92,958.27
(c) Borrowings (other than debt securities)	50,535.75
(d) Subordinated liabilities	9,413.66
(e) Other financial liabilities	5,424.09
Sub-total	158,744.43

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at April 01, 2018
2. Non-Financial Liabilities	
(a) Current tax liabilities (Net)	459.49
(b) Provisions	160.73
(c) Other non-financial liabilities	864.94
Sub-total	1,485.16
Total Liabilities	160,229.59
Net Assets	32,090.80
Less : Other equity	(29,283.38)
Net Assets transferred	2,807.42

(II) Following table showing movement of capital reserve

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at April 01, 2018
Cancellation of investments in IIFL Finance Limited (a)	10,189.71
Net Assets transferred (b)	2,807.42
Securities premium to be cancelled on account of merger (c)	7,816.25
Cancellation of Non Controlling Interest (d)	4,527.28
Issue of new equity share of IIFL Finance Limited in Ratio 135:100 (e)	117.31
Total Comprehensive Income for the year (d)	-
Capital reserve created on account out of above (a-b-c-d+e)	(4,843.93)

Previous year numbers have been recasted to give effect to the above scheme of merger w.e.f April 01, 2018, being the appointed date of merger as per the Court approved scheme.

Note 40. Employee Stock Option

The Company has implemented Employee Stock Option Scheme 2008 (ESOP Schemes) and has outstanding options granted under the said Schemes. The options vest in graded manner and must be exercised within a specified period as per the terms of the grants made by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and ESOP

a) The details of various Employee Stock Option Schemes are as under:

Particulars	As at March 2022 ESOP 2008	As at March 2021 ESOP 2008	As at March 2020 ESOP 2008		
Number of Option outstanding	1,147,105	331,525	434,937		
Method of accounting	Fair Value	Fair Value	Fair Value		
Vesting Plan	Options granted would vest over a period of five years subject to a minimum period of one year from the date of grant of options.				
Exercise Period	Seven years from the date of grant				
Grant Date	I Δnr-2017 04-Sen-2020 06-May-2021 20-Δμσ-	05-Aug-2014, 02-Mar-2015, 08-Mar-2016, 29-Apr- 2017 and 04-Sep-2020	05-Aug-2014, 02-Mar-2015, 08-Mar-2016 and 29-Apr-2017		
Grant Price (₹ Per Share)		₹ 61.40, ₹ 82.73, ₹ 82.02, ₹ 218.71 and ₹ 126.64	₹ 61.40, ₹ 82.73, ₹ 82.02 and ₹ 218.71		

(b) (i) Movement of options during the year ended March 31, 2022

Particulars	Option Outstanding	Range of exercise price (in ₹)	Weight average exercise price (in ₹)	Weight average remaining contractual life (Years)
Outstanding as on April 01, 2021	331,525	82.02-218.71	93.70	2.65
Granted during the year	925,000	252.00-271.40	252.52	-
Expired/forfeited during the year	14,360	82.02	82.65	-
Exercised during the year	95,060	82.02-82.73	82.04	-
Outstanding as on March 31, 2022	1,147,105	82.02-218.71	222.89	5.44
Exercisable as on March 31, 2022	177,105	82.02-218.71	92.54	1.14

b) (ii) Movement of options during year ended March 31, 2021

Particulars	Option Outstanding	Range of exercise price (in ₹)	Weight average exercise price (in ₹)	Weight average remaining contractual life (Years)
Outstanding as on April 01, 2020	434,937	61.40-218.71	87.76	2.89
Granted during the year	50,000	126.64	126.64	-
Expired/forfeited during the year	27,315	82.02-218.71	132.06	-
Exercised during the year	126,097	61.40-82.73	77.95	-
Outstanding as on March 31, 2021	331,525	82.02-218.71	93.70	2.65
Exercisable as on March 31, 2021	276,725	82.02-218.71	85.58	1.96

b) (iii) Movement of options during year ended March 31, 2020

Particulars	Option Outstanding	Range of exercise price (in ₹)	Weight average exercise price	Weight average remaining contractual
Outstanding as on April 01, 2019	948,456	25.79-218.71	62.76	2.88
Granted during the year	-	-	-	-
Expired/forfeited during the year	30,245	82.02-218.71	127.21	-
Exercised during the year	483,274	25.79-82.73	36.23	-
Outstanding as on March 31, 2020	434,937	61.40-218.71	87.76	2.89
Exercisable as on March 31, 2020	419,537	61.40-218.71	82.95	2.85

Fair Value Methodology:

The fair value of the shares are measured using Black scholes formulae. Measurement inputs include share price on measurement date, exercise date of the instrument, exercise price, expected life, risk free interest rate, dividend yield, expected volatility.

Key Assumptions used in Black-Scholes model for calculating fair value as on the date of grant are as follows:

	ESOP 2008						
Particulars		2021-22			2019-20		
	06-May-21	19-Aug-21	22-Dec-21	04-Sep-20	Not applicable		
Stock price (₹)	252.00	252.00	271.40	87.85	-		
Volatility	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	-		
Risk-free Rate	5.66%	5.77%	5.81%	6.56%	-		
Exercise price (₹)	252.00	252.00	271.40	126.64	-		
Time to Maturity (Years)	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	-		
Dividend yield	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	-		
Weight Average Value (₹)	34.72	35.40	35.40	21.10	=		

Stock Price: The closing market price on NSE one day prior to the date of grant has been considered for the purpose of Option valuation.

Volatility: The daily volatility of the stock prices on BSE, over a period prior to the date of grant, corresponding with the expected life of the Options has been considered to calculate the fair value.

Risk-free rate of return: The risk-free rate being considered for the calculation is the India Government Bond Generic Bid Yield with a maturity about equal to the expected life of the options.

Exercise Price: Price of each specific grant has been considered.

Time to Maturity: Time to Maturity / Expected Life of Options is the period for which the Company expects the Options to be live. The minimum life of a stock option is the minimum period before which the Options cannot be exercised and the maximum life is the period after which the Options cannot be exercised.

Expected dividend yield: Expected dividend yield has been calculated as an average of dividend yields for the three financial years preceding the date of the grant. The dividend yield for the year is derived by dividing the dividend per share by the average price per share of the respective period.

The Company has granted Employee Stock Options under IIFL Finance Employee Stock Option Plan 2020 – Merger Scheme pursuant to aforesaid Composite Scheme of Arrangement.

a) The details of various Employee Stock Option Schemes are as under:

Particulars	As at March 2022 ESOP 2020	As at March 2021 ESOP 2020	As at March 2020 ESOP 2020			
Number of Option outstanding	3,572,033	4,433,233	8,265,678			
Method of accounting	Fair Value	Fair Value	Fair Value			
Vesting Plan	Options granted would vest over a period of five years subject to a minimum period of one year from the date of grant of options.					
Exercise Period	Seven years from the date of grant	Seven years from the date of grant				
Grant Date	02-Dec-2015, 09-Mar-2016, 08-Feb-2017, 02-May-2018, 04-Sep-2018, 21-Nov-2018, 18-Jan-2019 and 18-Sep-2019	02-Dec-2015, 09-Mar-2016, 08-Feb-2017, 02-May-2018, 04-Sep-2018, 21-Nov-2018, 18-Jan-2019 and 18-Sep-2019	02-Dec-2015, 09-Mar-2016, 08-Feb-2017, 02-May-2018, 04-Sep-2018, 21-Nov-2018, 18-Jan-2019 and 18-Sep-2019			
Grant Price (₹ Per Share)	₹ 61.48, ₹ 61.48, ₹ 106.67, ₹ 142.22, ₹ 177.04, ₹ 177.04, ₹ 182.22, ₹ 129.63	₹61.48, ₹61.48, ₹106.67, ₹142.22, ₹177.04, ₹ 177.04, ₹182.22, ₹129.63	₹ 61.48, ₹ 61.48, ₹ 106.67, ₹ 142.22, ₹ 177.04, ₹ 177.04, ₹ 182.22, ₹ 129.63			

(b) (i) Movement of options during the year ended March 31, 2022

Particulars	Option Outstanding	Range of exercise price (in ₹)	Weight average exercise price (in ₹)	Weight average remaining contractual life (Years)
Outstanding as on April 01, 2021	4,433,233	61.48-182.22	150.40	4.06
Granted during the year	-	-	-	-
Expired/forfeited during the year	198,225	177.04-182.22	177.37	-
Exercised during the year	662,975	61.48-182.22	118.03	-
Outstanding as on March 31, 2022	3,572,033	61.48-182.22	154.91	3.19
Exercisable as on March 31, 2022	2,031,205	61.48-182.22	150.73	3.05

(b) (ii) Movement of options during the year ended March 31, 2021

Particulars	Option Outstanding	Range of exercise	Weight average exercise price (in ₹)	Weight average remaining contractual life (Years)
Outstanding as on April 01, 2020	8,265,678	61.48 -182.22	157.65	5.15
Granted during the year	-	-	-	-
Expired/forfeited during the year	3,458,788	61.48-182.22	173.65	-
Exercised during the year	373,657	61.48-182.22	95.69	-
Outstanding as on March 31, 2021	4,433,233	61.48-182.22	150.40	4.06
Exercisable as on March 31, 2021	2,001,004	61.48-182.22	132.44	3.57

(b) (iii) Movement of options during the year ended March 31, 2020 $\,$

Particulars	Option Outstanding		Weight average exercise price	Weight average remaining contractual
Outstanding as on April 01, 2019	9,173,539	61.48 -182.22	157.60	6.15
Granted during the year	13,500	129.63	129.63	-
Expired/forfeited during the year	921,361	61.48 -182.22	156.73	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding as on March 31, 2020	8,265,678	61.48 -182.22	157.65	5.15
Exercisable as on March 31, 2020	1,795,582	61.48 -182.22	125.01	4.34

Fair Value Methodology:

The fair value of the shares are measured using Black scholes formulae. Measurement inputs include share price on measurement date, exercise date of the instrument, exercise price, expected life, risk free interest rate, dividend yield, expected volatility.

Key Assumptions used in Black-Scholes model for calculating fair value as on the date of grant are as follows:

key Assumptions used in black scholes model for calculating fair value as on the date of grant are as follows.							
Particulars		ESOP 2020					
ratticulais	21-Nov-18	04-Sep-18	02-May-18	02-May-18			
Stock price (₹)	179.63	179.63	179.63	179.63			
Volatility	59%	59%	59%	59%			
Risk-free Rate	7.21% - 7.40%	7.21% - 7.44%	7.13% - 7.40%	7.13% - 7.34%			
Exercise price (₹)	177.04	177.04	142.22	142.22			
Time to Maturity (Years)	5.39	5.43	5.09	4.84			
Dividend yield	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%			
Weight Average Value (₹)	102.29	102.87	106.78	106.94			

Particulars			
raiticulais	18-Sep-19	18-Jan-19	18-Jan-19
Stock price (₹)	179.63	179.63	179.63
Volatility	59%	59%	59%
Risk-free Rate	7.34% - 7.49%	7.28% - 7.49%	7.28% - 7.44%
Exercise price (₹)	129.63	182.22	182.22
Time to Maturity (Years)	6.22	5.80	5.55
Dividend yield	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
Weight Average Value (₹)	118.06	161.25	102.16

Stock Price: The fair value of stock as on Appointed Date, i.e., April 1, 2018 ("the Effective date" or the "Date of Modification") has been used to value the outstanding grants based on Mercahnt Banker's Report.

Volatility: The daily volatility of the stock prices on BSE, based on post demerger traded prices, has been considered to calculate the fair value.

Risk-free rate of return: The risk-free rate being considered for the calculation is the India Government Bond Generic Bid Yield with a maturity about equal to the

Exercise Price: Price of each specific grant has been considered based on equity swap ratio of the Composite Scheme of Arrangement.

Time to Maturity: Time to Maturity | Expected Life of Options is the period for which the Company expects the Options to be live. The minimum life of a stock option is the minimum period before which the Options cannot be exercised and the maximum life is the period after which the Options cannot be exercised.

Expected dividend yield: Expected dividend yield has been calculated as an average of dividend yields for the three financial years preceding the date of the grant. The dividend yield for the year is derived by dividing the dividend per share by the average price per share of the respective period.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 40. Additional Dislcoure requirements

(i) Relationship with Struck off Companies

The Group has not entererd into any transactions with strike off companies

(ii) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies (ROC)

There are no charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.

(iii) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 is not applicable to the Group.

(iv) Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium

- (A) The Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall:
- (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (B) The Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:-
- (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(v) Undisclosed income

The Group has disclosed all its Income appropriately and in the ongoing Tax Assessments as well there has not been any such undisclosed income recognised by the relavant tax authorities.

(vi) Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The Group has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

(vii) Disclosure of Benami Property

The Group does not possess any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1985 and rules made thereunder.

(viii) Disclosure of Borrowings

- (a) The quarterly returns and statements of current assets filed by the Group with banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of accounts.
- (b) The Group has utilised the borrowings from banks and financial institutions for the specific purpose for which it was taken as at March 31, 2022.

(ix) Wilful Defaulter

The Group has not been declared as Wilful Defaulter by any Bank or Financial Institution or other Lender.

(x) Title Deeds Of Immovable Properties Not Held In Name Of The Group

Except the details as disclosed below all the title deeds of immovable properties (other than properties where the Group is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) are held in the name of the Group.

Title deeds of Immovable Property not held in name of the Group

(₹ in Millions)

Particulars	Description of item of property	Gross Carrying Value	Title Deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is promoter, director or relative of promoter. director or employee of promoter/director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the Group
Investment Property (Refer	Building	27.50	Borrower to whom loan has been given	No	January 10, 2020	Acquired in the SARFAESI Proceedings
note 12)	Building	47.34	Borrower to whom loan has been given	No	December 31, 2019	Acquired in the SARFAESI Proceedings
Non-current Assets Held for Sale (Refer note 17)	Building (19 Properties)	96.99	Borrowers to whom loan has been given	No	Various dates	Properties repossessed under SARFAESI Act

Note: Due to the voluminous nature of transactions and sensitivity of the information, individual borrower wise details, in whose name the title deeds are held are not disclosed.

(xi) Disclosure on Loans and Advances

The Group has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment, to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

41. List of Related Parties

Nature of relationship	Name of party *
	IIFL Securities Limited
	IIFL Management Services Limited
	IIFL Insurance Brokers Limited (Formerly India Infoline Insurance Brokers Limited)
	IIFL Wealth Management Limited
	IIFL Facilities Services Limited (Formerly IIFL Real Estate Limited)
	India Infoline Foundation
Other related parties	India Infoline Employee Trust
	IIFL Wealth Portfolio Managers Limited (Formerly IIFL Alternate Asset Advisors Limited)
	IIFL Asset Management Limited (Formerly India Infoline Asset Management Company Limited)
	IIFL Wealth Finance Limited
	Livlong Protection & Wellness Solutions Limited (Formerly IIFL Corporate Services Limited)
	5paisa Capital Limited
	5paisa P2P Limited
	Mr.Nirmal Jain
	Mr.R. Venkataraman
Key managerial personnel	Mr.Rajesh Rajak (w.e.f. March 12, 2020)
	Mr. Sumit Bali (upto June 30, 2020)
	Mr. Prabodh Agarwal (upto February 01, 2020)
	Mr. Shankar Subramanian (Brother of Independent Director Mr. Ramakrishnan Subramanian) (w.e.f September
Relatives of Key managerial personnel	06, 2021)
	Mrs. Aditi Athavankar (Spouse of Mr.R. Venkataraman)

^{*} The above list includes related parties with whom transactions have been carried out during the year.

41.1 Significant transactions with related parties

Nature of transaction Interest income Spaisa Capital Limited	Relationship	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	
		III ZUZI-ZZ	F1 2020-21	FY 2019-20
5paisa Capital Limited				
	Other related parties	50.73	118.20	53.63
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	0.13	28.17	82.96
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	20.40	119.67	211.76
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	47.55	1.30	2.92
Mr. Shankar Subramanian	Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives	0.22	-	-
Interest expense				
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	90.13	84.47	223.97
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	19.59	-	
IIFL Wealth Finance Limited	Other related parties	11.72	_	23.54
IIFL Insurance Brokers Limited	Other related parties	_	_	2.16
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	8.12	4.45	-
Trademark License Fee	Other related parties	0.12	1.13	
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	T -	0.10	-
Investment Banking Income Pass Through	Other related parties		0.10	
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	_		15.69
	Other related parties	-	_	13.03
Donation paid India Infoline Foundation	Other related parties	152.70	110.60	170 01
	Other related parties	152.70	118.60	178.81
Arranger/ processing fees /brokerage on non convertib		42.00	120.52	111.52
IIFL Wealth Management Limited	Other related parties	43.90	129.62	114.63
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	464.60	4.08	148.39
5paisa Capital Limited	Other related parties	-	0.68	11.18
IIFL Management Service Limited	Other related parties	-	-	97.76
Mr. Shankar Subramanian	Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives	0.01	-	-
Rent expenses				
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	19.24	17.50	17.50
Aditi Athavankar	Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives	-	-	1.80
Commission / brokerage expense				
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	0.88	0.19	0.90
Remuneration paid				
Mr.Nirmal Jain	Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives	86.72	80.01	86.97
Mr. R Venkataraman	Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives	-	-	5.50
Mr.Sumit Bali	Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives	-	5.41	62.50
Equity dividend paid				
India Infoline Emoloyee Trust	Other related parties	0.26	0.23	0.17
ICD/loan taken				
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	42,955.96	51,081.50	83,080.00
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	2.000.00	25,650.00	30,785.00
IIFL Insurance Brokers Limited	Other related parties	-	-	146.60
IIFL Wealth Finance Limited	Other related parties	_	_	1,000.00
ICD/loan returned	Other related parties			1,000.00
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	42,955.96	51,081.50	83,080.00
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties Other related parties	2,000.00	25,650.00	30,785.00
IIFL Insurance Brokers Limited	Other related parties Other related parties	2,000.00	23,030.00	146.60
	Other related parties Other related parties	-	_	
IIFL Wealth Finance Limited	Other related parties	-	_	1,000.00
ICD/loan given	Other related parties	6 000 00	20.420.00	2 440 40
5paisa Capital Limited	Other related parties	6,000.00	28,130.00	3,418.10
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	26,635.00	27,037.00	58,659.20
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	500.00	-	6,628.60
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	17,390.00	4,367.50	5,590.00
ICD/loan received back		_		
5paisa Capital Limited	Other related parties	6,000.00	29,130.00	2,418.10
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	500.00	569.10	6,349.50
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	26,635.00	29,761.50	56,462.20
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	17,390.00	4,367.50	5,590.00
Allocation / reimbursement of expenses paid	Other related parties	137.05	124.95	377.82
Allocation / reimbursement of expenses paid IIFL Securities Limited				
	Other related parties	2.62	5.22	20.32
IIFL Securities Limited	·	2.62 22.13	5.22 17.29	20.32 37.70
IIFL Securities Limited IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties			
IIFL Securities Limited IIFL Management Services Limited IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties Other related parties			37.70

	Nature of transaction	Relationship	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
IFL Insurance Brokers Limited	Allocation / reimbursement of expenses paid others				
Spaisa 2P2 Limited	IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	2.00	3.17	0.79
Spaisa P2 P2 Limited	IIFL Insurance Brokers Limited	Other related parties	0.11	0.57	2.50
IFL Management Services Limited	5paisa Capital Limited	Other related parties	3.96	3.03	2.43
IFL Securities Limited United (Formely United (Formely United Corporate Services Limited) Other related parties 0.19 - 0.12 1.12 IFL Wealth Management Limited Other related parties 0.87 3.96 0.62 IFL Wealth Management Limited Other related parties 0.87 3.96 0.62 IFL Realities Services Limited Other related parties 0.87 3.96 0.62 IFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 0.87 3.96 0.62 IFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 0.88 7.1 4.57 8.26 IFL Securities Limited Other related parties 0.88 7.1 4.57 8.26 IFL Securities Limited Other related parties 3.1.46 33.53 40.10 United Corporate Services Limited Other related parties 3.1.46 33.53 40.10 IFL Wealth Management Limited Other related parties 0.09 IFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 0.00 IFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 0.00 IFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 0.00 IFL Asset Management Limited Other related parties 0.00 IFL Asset Management Limited Other related parties 0.00 IFL Asset Management Limited Other related parties 0.00 IFL Securities Limited Other related parties 0.00 IFL Securities Limited Other related parties 0.00 IFL Commodities Limited Other related parties 0.00 IFL Commodities Limited Other related parties 0.03 - IFL Commodities Limited Other related parties 0.03 - IFL Commodities Limited Other related parties 0.03 - IFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 0.04 - IFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 0.04 - IFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 0.04 - IFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 0.04 - IFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 0.	5paisa P2P Limited	Other related parties	0.01	0.03	-
Living Protection & Wellness Solutions Limited (Formely IIFL Corporate Services Limited	IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	0.33	0.43	0.82
IIFL Corporate Services Limited Other related parties 0.19 	IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	22.87	12.17	50.05
IFF. Wealth Management Limited Other related parties 0.87 3.96 0.62 IIF. Management Services Limited Other related parties 0.26 0.31 0.64 IIF. Management Services Limited Other related parties 0.26 0.31 0.64 Spaisa Capital Limited Other related parties 3.1.6 33.53 40.10 Living Protection & Wellness Solutions Limited (Formely IIF. Ceruitres Services Simited Other related parties 3.1.6 33.53 40.10 Living Protection & Wellness Solutions Limited (Formely IIF. Ceruitres Services Limited) Other related parties 0.09 IIF. Wealth Management Limited Other related parties - 0.18 5.64 Allocation / relimbursement of expenses received others IIF. Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 0.09 IIF. Management Limited Other related parties - 0.18 5.64 Allocation / relimbursement of expenses received others IIF. Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 0.04 0.94 3.26 IIF. Insurance Brokers Limited Other related parties 0.04 0.94 3.26 IIF. Insurance Brokers Limited Other related parties 0.070 0.29 2.10 IIF. Asset Management Limited Other related parties 0.070 0.29 2.10 IIF. Asset Management Limited Other related parties 0.09 - 0.09 2.47 India Infoline Foundation Other related parties 0.00 0.09 3.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	Livlong Protection & Wellness Solutions Limited (Formely				
Allocation / reimbursement of expenses received Other related parties 0.87 3.96 0.62 0.61 Other related parties 0.26 0.31 0.64 Spaisa Capital Limited Other related parties 0.26 0.31 0.64 Spaisa Capital Limited Other related parties 8.71 4.57 8.26 IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties 31.46 33.53 40.10 Uthor person of the parties 0.09	IIFL Corporate Services Limited)	Other related parties	0.19	-	-
IFL Facilities Services Limited	IIFL Wealth Management Limited	Other related parties	-	0.12	1.12
IFL Management Services Limited	Allocation / reimbursement of expenses received				
Spaisa Capital Limited Other related parties 8.71 4.57 8.26 IFL Securities Limited Other related parties 31.46 33.53 40.10 IFL Corporate Services Limited Other related parties 0.09 - - IFL Wealth Management Limited Other related parties 0.09 - - IFL Wealth Management Imited Other related parties 0.09 - - IFL Wealth Management of expenses received others IFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 1.02 1.33 0.23 IFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 0.04 0.94 3.26 IFL Insurance Brokers Limited Other related parties 0.70 0.29 2.10 IFL Asset Management Limited Other related parties 0.70 0.29 2.10 IFL Asset Management Limited Other related parties - 0.59 2.47 India Infoline Foundation Other related parties - 0.59 2.47 India Infoline Foundation Other related parties - 0.08 - IFL Corporate Services Limited Other related parties - 0.08 - IFL Commodities Limited Other related parties - 0.63 - IFL Commodities Limited Other related parties - 0.63 - IFL Comporate Services Limited Other related parties 0.33 - - IFL Securities Limited Other related parties 0.33 - - IFL Securities Limited Other related parties 0.33 - - IFL Wealth Management Limited Other related parties 0.40 7.96 50.04 IFL Wealth Management Limited Other related parties - - 0.29 Security Deposit Paid	IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	0.87	3.96	0.62
IIFL Securities Limited	IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	0.26	0.31	0.64
LiViong Protection & Wellness Solutions Limited (Formely IIFL Corporate Services Limited) Other related parties - 0.18 5.64 Allocation / reimbursement of expenses received others IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties Other related parties IIFL Analymagement Services Limited Other related parties - 0.59 2.47 India Infoline Foundation Other related parties - 0.59 2.47 India Infoline Foundation Other related parties - 0.59 2.47 India Infoline Foundation Other related parties - 0.09 2.40 Spaisa Capital Limited Other related parties - 0.08 - 0.09 IIFL Commodities Limited Other related parties - 0.08 - 0.08 - IIFL Commodities Limited Other related parties - 0.03 - 0.03 - IIFL Commodities Limited Other related parties - 0.03 - 0.03 - IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties Other related parties - 0.03 - 0.03 IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties Other related parties Other related parties - 0.33 - 0.03 IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties Other related parties - 0.059 Security Deposit Paid IIFL Wealth Management Limited Other related parties Other related parties - 0.43 - 0.29 Security Deposit Paid IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties Other related parties - 0.43 - 0.29 Sale of investment IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties Other related parties - 0.4483.00 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties Other related parties - 0.400.00 IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties Other related parties - 0.400.00 - 0.43 - 0.40 IIFL General Research Limited Other related parties - 0.400.00 - 0.43 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 - 0.63 -	5paisa Capital Limited	Other related parties	8.71	4.57	8.26
IIFL Corporate Services Limited Other related parties - 0.09	IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	31.46	33.53	40.10
IIFL Wealth Management Limited	Livlong Protection & Wellness Solutions Limited (Formely				
Allocation / reimbursement of expenses received others IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties IIFL Management Services Limited Other related parties Other related	IIFL Corporate Services Limited)	Other related parties	0.09	-	-
IFL Facilities Services Limited	IIFL Wealth Management Limited	Other related parties	-	0.18	5.64
IIFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 0.04 0.94 3.26 IIFL Insurance Brokers Limited Other related parties 0.70 0.29 2.10 IIFL Asset Management Limited Other related parties - 0.59 2.47 IIIGA Infoline Foundation Other related parties - 0.09 2.40 IIIGA Infoline Foundation Other related parties - 0.09 Spaisa Capital Limited Other related parties 1.30 0.95 4.60 Spaisa P2P Limited Other related parties - 0.08 - 1 IIFL Commodities Limited Other related parties - 0.63 - 1 IIFL Comporate Services Limited Other related parties - 0.63 - 1 IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties - 0.33 1 IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties - 0.33 0.63 IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties - 0.29 Security Deposit Paid IIFL Realities Services Limited Other related parties - 0.29 Security Deposit Paid IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 513.93 Sale of investment IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 5.31.93 Sale of investment IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 5.00.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 5.00.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 5.00.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 5.00.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 7.00.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 9.00.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 9.00.00 IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties - 9.00.00 IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties 9.00.00 751.80 - 9.00.00 IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties 9.00.00 751.80 - 9.00.00 IIFL Mealth Finance Limited Other related parties 9.00.00 751.80 - 9.00.00 IIFL Mealth Finance Limited Other related parties 9.00.00 751.80 - 9.00.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 9.00.00 751.80 - 9.00.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 9.00.00 751.80 - 9.00.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 9.00.00 751.80 - 9.00.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 9.00.00 751	Allocation / reimbursement of expenses received others				
IIFL Insurance Brokers Limited Other related parties 0.70 0.29 2.10 IIFL Asset Management Limited Other related parties - 0.59 2.47 India Infoline Foundation Other related parties - 0.59 2.47 India Infoline Foundation Other related parties - 0.04 Spaisa Capital Limited Other related parties 1.30 0.95 4.60 Spaisa P2P Limited Other related parties - 0.08 - IIFL Commodities Limited Other related parties - 0.63 - IIFL Commodities Limited Other related parties - 0.63 - IIFL Commodities Limited Other related parties - 0.63 - IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties - 0.33 IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties - 0.33 IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties - 0.05 - 0.04 IIFL Wealth Management Limited Other related parties - 0.43 0.29 Security Deposit Paid IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 0.29 Security Deposit Paid IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 513.93 Sale of investment IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 513.93 Sale of investment IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 2,011.10 507.93 Non convertible debenture Issued IIFL Alternate Asset Advisors Limited Other related parties 2,011.10 507.93 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 500.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 4,483.00 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 2,222.00 Non convertible debenture Redeemed IIFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 1,038.43 1,523.79 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 1,038.43 1,523.79 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 2,221.11 3,475.00 Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback	IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	1.02	1.33	0.23
IIFL Asset Management Limited Other related parties - 0.59 2.47 India Infoline Foundation Other related parties - 0.04 Spaisa Capital Limited Other related parties 1.30 0.95 4.60 Spaisa P2P Limited Other related parties - 0.08 - 0.63 IIFL Commodities Limited Other related parties - 0.63 - 0.63 IIFL Comporate Services Limited) Other related parties - 0.63 - 0.63 IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties - 0.33 - 0.05 IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties - 0.29 Security Deposit Paid IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties - 0.29 Security Deposit Paid IIFL Wealth Management Limited Other related parties - 0.29 Security Deposit Paid IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 0.43 - 0.029 Security Deposit Paid IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 0.43 - 0.029 Security Deposit Paid Other related parties - 0.43 - 0.029 Security Deposit Paid Other related parties - 0.43 - 0.029 Security Deposit Paid Other related parties - 0.43 - 0.029 Security Deposit Paid Other related parties - 0.43 - 0.029 Security Deposit Paid Other related parties - 0.43 - 0.029 Security Deposit Paid Other related parties - 0.43 - 0.029 Security Deposit Paid Other related parties - 0.43 - 0.029 Security Deposit Paid Other related parties - 0.43 - 0.029 Security Deposit Paid Other related parties - 0.40 0.000 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 0.029 Security Deposit Paid Other Paid Paid Paid Paid Paid Paid Paid Paid	IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	0.04	0.94	3.26
India Infoline Foundation Other related parties 0.04 Spaisa Capital Limited Other related parties 1.30 0.95 4.60 Spaisa PZP Limited Other related parties - 0.08 - 0.08 IFL Commodities Limited Other related parties - 0.63 - 0.63 IFL Corporate Services Limited Other related parties - 0.63 - 0.63 IFL Corporate Services Limited Other related parties - 0.33 0.63 IFL Securities Limited Other related parties 10.10 7.96 50.04 IIFL Wealth Management Limited Other related parties - 0.29 Security Deposit Paid IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 0.43 0.29 Security Deposit Paid IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 513.93 Sale of investment IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 2,011.10 507.93 Non convertible debenture Issued IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 2,011.10 507.93 Non convertible debenture Issued IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 4,483.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 4,483.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 2,012.00 IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties 1,038.43 2,012.00 IIFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 2,020.00 IIFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 2,022.00 Non convertible debenture Redeemed IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 1,038.43 1,523.79 IIFL Mealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 2,222.11 3,475.00 Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback	IIFL Insurance Brokers Limited	Other related parties	0.70	0.29	2.10
Spaisa Capital Limited	IIFL Asset Management Limited	Other related parties	-	0.59	2.47
Spaisa PZP Limited Other related parties - 0.08 - 0.63 -	India Infoline Foundation	Other related parties	-	-	0.04
IFE Commodities Limited	5paisa Capital Limited	Other related parties	1.30	0.95	4.60
Livlong Protection & Wellness Solutions Limited (Formely IIFL Corporate Services Limited) Other related parties Other related parties 10.10 7.96 50.04 IIFL Wealth Management Limited Other related parties 0.29 Security Deposit Paid IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties Other related parties Other related parties IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 513.93 Sale of investment IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 2,011.10 507.93 Non convertible debenture Issued IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 500.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 500.00 IIFL Securities Services Limited Other related parties 2,011.10 Other related parties 2,011.10 Other related parties Other related parties 2,011.10 IIFL Management Services Limited Other related parties Other related parties Other related parties Other related parties IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties Other related parties 2,012.00 Non convertible debenture Redeemed IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 1,038.43 1,523.79 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties - 222.11 3,475.00 Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback	5paisa P2P Limited	Other related parties	-	0.08	-
IIFL Corporate Services Limited Other related parties 10.10 7.96 50.04 IIFL Wealth Management Limited Other related parties 10.10 7.96 50.04 IIFL Wealth Management Limited Other related parties - - 0.29 Security Deposit Paid	IIFL Commodities Limited	Other related parties	-	0.63	-
IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties 10.10 7.96 50.04 IIFL Wealth Management Limited Other related parties 0.29 Security Deposit Paid IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 0.43 Purchase of investment IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 513.93 Sale of investment IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 2,011.10 507.93 Non convertible debenture Issued IIFL Alternate Asset Advisors Limited Other related parties - 500.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 4,483.00 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 0.40 1,000.00 - IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties 943.00 - 2,322.00 Non convertible debenture Redeemed IIFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 943.00 - 2,322.00 Non convertible debenture Redeemed IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 943.00 - 2,322.00 Non convertible Services Limited Other related parties - 1,038.43 1,523.79 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties - 222.11 3,475.00 Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback	Livlong Protection & Wellness Solutions Limited (Formely				
IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties 10.10 7.96 50.04 IIFL Wealth Management Limited Other related parties 0.29 Security Deposit Paid IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 0.43 Purchase of investment IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 2,011.10 507.93 Sale of investment IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 2,011.10 507.93 Non convertible debenture Issued IIFL Alternate Asset Advisors Limited Other related parties 500.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 4,483.00 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 0.40 1,000.00 IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties 943.00 - 2,322.00 Non convertible debenture Redeemed IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 943.00 - 2,322.00 Non convertible debenture Redeemed IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 1,038.43 1,523.79 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties - 222.11 3,475.00 Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback	IIFL Corporate Services Limited)	Other related parties	0.33	-	-
Security Deposit Paid IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 0.43 Purchase of investment IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 513.93 Sale of investment IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 2,011.10 507.93 Non convertible debenture Issued IIFL Alternate Asset Advisors Limited Other related parties - 500.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - - 4,483.00 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 0.40 1,000.00 - IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties 500.00 751.80 - IIFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 943.00 - 2,322.00 Non convertible debenture Redeemed IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 1,038.43 1,523.79 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties - 222.11 3,475.00 Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback	IIFL Securities Limited		10.10	7.96	50.04
IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 0.43 Purchase of investment IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 513.93 Sale of investment IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 2,011.10 507.93 Non convertible debenture Issued IIFL Alternate Asset Advisors Limited Other related parties - 500.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 4,483.00 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 0.40 1,000.00 - IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties 500.00 751.80 - IIFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 943.00 - 2,322.00 Non convertible debenture Redeemed IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 1,038.43 1,523.79 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties - 222.11 3,475.00 Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback	IIFL Wealth Management Limited	Other related parties	-	-	0.29
Purchase of investment IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 513.93 Sale of investment IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 2,011.10 507.93 Non convertible debenture Issued IIFL Alternate Asset Advisors Limited Other related parties 500.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 4,483.00 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 4,483.00 IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties 500.00 751.80 IIFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 943.00 - 2,322.00 Non convertible debenture Redeemed IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 1,038.43 1,523.79 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties - 222.11 3,475.00 Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback	Security Deposit Paid	·			
IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 513.93 Sale of investment IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 2,011.10 507.93 Non convertible debenture Issued IIFL Alternate Asset Advisors Limited Other related parties 500.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 4,483.00 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 4,483.00 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 0.40 1,000.00 - 0.00 IIFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 500.00 751.80 - 0.00 IIFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 943.00 - 2,322.00 Non convertible debenture Redeemed IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 1,038.43 1,523.79 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties - 222.11 3,475.00 Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback	IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	0.43	-	-
Sale of investment IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 2,011.10 507.93 Non convertible debenture Issued IIFL Alternate Asset Advisors Limited Other related parties - 500.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 4,483.00 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties - 4,483.00 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 0.40 1,000.00 - IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties 500.00 751.80 - IIFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 943.00 - 2,322.00 Non convertible debenture Redeemed IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 1,038.43 1,523.79 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties - 222.11 3,475.00 Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback	Purchase of investment				
IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 2,011.10 507.93 Non convertible debenture Issued IIFL Alternate Asset Advisors Limited Other related parties - 500.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 4,483.00 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 0.40 1,000.00 - IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties 500.00 751.80 - IIFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 943.00 - 2,322.00 Non convertible debenture Redeemed IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 1,038.43 1,523.79 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties - 222.11 3,475.00 Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback	IIFL Wealth Finance Limited	Other related parties	-	-	513.93
Non convertible debenture Issued IIFL Alternate Asset Advisors Limited Other related parties 500.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 4,483.00 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 0.40 1,000.00 - IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties 500.00 751.80 - IIFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 943.00 - 2,322.00 Non convertible debenture Redeemed IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 1,038.43 1,523.79 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties - 222.11 3,475.00 Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback	Sale of investment				
IIFL Alternate Asset Advisors Limited Other related parties 500.00 IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 4,483.00 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 0.40 1,000.00 - IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties 500.00 751.80 - IIFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 943.00 - 2,322.00 Non convertible debenture Redeemed IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 1,038.43 1,523.79 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties - 222.11 3,475.00 Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback	IIFL Wealth Finance Limited	Other related parties	-	2,011.10	507.93
IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties 4,483.00 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 0.40 1,000.00 - IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties 500.00 751.80 - IIFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 943.00 - 2,322.00 Non convertible debenture Redeemed IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 1,038.43 1,523.79 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties - 222.11 3,475.00 Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback	Non convertible debenture Issued				
IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties 943.00 - 2,322.00 Non convertible debenture Redeemed IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 1,038.43 1,523.79 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties - 222.11 3,475.00 Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback	IIFL Alternate Asset Advisors Limited	Other related parties	-	-	500.00
IIFL Securities Limited Other related parties 500.00 751.80 - IIFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 943.00 - 2,322.00 Non convertible debenture Redeemed IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 1,038.43 1,523.79 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties - 222.11 3,475.00 Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback	IIFL Wealth Finance Limited	Other related parties	-	-	4,483.00
IIFL Management Services Limited Other related parties 943.00 - 2,322.00	IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	0.40	1,000.00	-
Non convertible debenture Redeemed IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 1,038.43 1,523.79 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties - 222.11 3,475.00 Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback	IIFL Securities Limited	·	500.00		-
IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 1,038.43 1,523.79 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties - 222.11 3,475.00 Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback	IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	943.00	-	2,322.00
IIFL Wealth Finance Limited Other related parties - 1,038.43 1,523.79 IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties - 222.11 3,475.00 Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback	Non convertible debenture Redeemed				
IIFL Facilities Services Limited Other related parties - 222.11 3,475.00 Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback		Other related parties	-	1,038.43	1,523.79
Investment in Non convertible debentures/Buyback		·	-		
		Other related parties	1,081.09	-	-

Note 41.2 Closing balances with related parties

Trin willion				
Nature of transaction	Relationship	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Other payable				
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	1.31	-	1.24
5paisa Capital Limited	Other related parties	1.75	2.17	-
5paisa P2P Limited	Other related parties	-	0.01	-
IIFL Wealth Management Limited	Other related parties	40.25	10.90	-
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	-	0.00	-
IIFL Insurance Brokers Limited	Other related parties	-	0.36	-
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	12.61	4.52	0.69

Nature of transaction	Relationship	EV 2021 22	FY 2020-21	EV 2010 20
Other receivable	Relationship	F1 2021-22	FT 2020-21	F1 2019-20
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	0.06	_	0.03
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties Other related parties	- 0.00	1.87	0.03
IIFL Asset Management Limited	Other related parties Other related parties	-	1.07	2.47
IIFL Insurance Brokers Limited	Other related parties Other related parties	0.42		2.47
Livlong Protection & Wellness Solutions Limited (Formely	Other related parties	0.42		
IIFL Corporate Services Limited)	Other related parties	0.50	_	_
India Infoline Foundation	Other related parties Other related parties	54.90		_
IIFL Wealth Management Limited	Other related parties Other related parties	34.90		0.63
Security Deposit receivable	Other related parties	_	_	0.03
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	9.18	8.75	8.75
Outstanding ICD (Given)	Other related parties	9.16	8.73	8.73
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	Ι -	_	569.10
Spaisa Capital Limited	Other related parties Other related parties	+ -	-	1,000.00
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties Other related parties	-		2,724.50
Outstanding non convertible debenture issued	Other related parties	-		2,724.30
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	0.01	-	200.00
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties Other related parties	40.00	22.22	221.30
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties Other related parties	523.00	40.90	221.30
IIFL Wealth Finance Limited		267.00	218.00	11.00
	Other related parties	267.00	218.00	11.00
Interest accrued on outstanding non convertible debentu		0.00		12.88
	Other related parties	0.00	3.46	
IIFL Management Services Limited IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	19.67		7.88
	Other related parties		1.91	- 4.24
IIFL Wealth Finance Limited	Other related parties	19.67	-	1.24
Loan receivable	Lu	2.02		ı
Mr. Shankar Subramanian	Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives	2.02	-	-
Gratuity payable*	Lu	1 47	4.42	1 4 42
Mr.Nirmal Jain	Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives	1.47	1.43	1.42
Mr.R. Venkataraman	Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives	-	-	1.44
Mr. Sumit Bali	Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives	-	_	0.46
Leave encashment payable*	Tr	1		
Mr.Nirmal Jain	Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives	6.44	4.59	6.69
Mr.R. Venkataraman	Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives	-	-	3.54
Mr. Sumit Bali	Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives	-	-	0.24

Note 42.1. Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities as at March 31, 2022

	te 42.1. Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities as at March 31, 2022 (₹ in millions)					
Sr. No	Particulars	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total		
110	Assets					
[1]	Financial assets					
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	62,116.40	-	62,116.40		
(b)	Bank balance other than (a) above	14,140.66	5,312.28	19,452.94		
(c)	Derivative financial instruments	-	742.81	742.81		
(d)	Receivables					
	(i) Trade receivables	1,831.75	0.20	1,831.95		
	(ii) Other receivables	158.00	-	158.00		
(e)	Loans	149,408.85	187,520.09	336,928.94		
(f)	Investments	3.35	11,918.26	11,921.61		
(g)	Other financial assets	1,645.92	7,591.93	9,237.85		
[2]	Non-financial assets					
(a)	Current tax assets (net)	16.36	2,325.30	2,341.66		
(b)	Deferred tax assets (net)	-	2,858.11	2,858.11		
(c)	Investment property	-	2,951.94	2,951.94		
(d)	Property, plant and equipment	-	1,505.22	1,505.22		
(e)	Capital work-in-progress	51.40	5.04	56.44		
(f)	Right to use assets	-	3,275.30	3,275.30		
(g)	Other intangible assets	-	21.12	21.12		
(h)	Other non-financial assets	1,033.47	2,492.48	3,525.95		
(i)	Assets held for sale	175.51	-	175.51		
	Total Assets	230,581.67	228,520.08	459,101.75		
	Liabilities And Equity					
	Liabilities					
	Financial liabilities					
	Derivative financial instruments	62.26	1,581.65	1,643.91		
(b)	Payables					
	(I)Trade payables					
	(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	- 442.00	-	-		
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and	1,413.99	10.28	1,424.27		
	small enterprises					
	(II) Other payables					
	(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-		
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and	99.06	-	99.06		
	small enterprises					
(c)	Finance lease obligation	754.26	2,852.52	3,606.78		
(d)	Debt securities	12,387.82	65,992.96	78,380.78		
(e)	Borrowings (other than debt securities)	80,638.30	172,551.98	253,190.28		
(f)	Subordinated liabilities	978.22	24,702.27	25,680.49		
(g)	Other financial liabilities	27,946.17	260.17	28,206.34		
[2]	Non-financial liabilities					
(a)	Current tax liabilities (net)	502.09	-	502.09		
(b)	Provisions	504.24	136.83	641.07		
(c)	Other non-financial liabilities	1,029.43	-	1,029.43		
[3]	EQUITY					
	Equity share capital	-	759.20	759.20		
	Other equity		63,879.09	63,879.09		
(c)	Non-controlling interest	-	58.96	58.96		
_	Total Liabilities and Facility	126,315.84	332,785.91	459,101.75		
	Total Liabilities and Equity	120,313.84	332,763.91	433,101./5		

Note 42.2. Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities as at March 31, 2021

	e 42.2. Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities as at March 31, 2021 (₹ in millions)					
Sr. No	Particulars	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total		
	Assets					
[1]	Financial assets					
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	26,429.02	-	26,429.02		
(b)	Bank balance other than (a) above	18,373.21	3,038.33	21,411.54		
(c)	Derivative financial instruments	-	503.87	503.87		
(d)	Receivables					
	(i) Trade receivables	1,922.77	-	1,922.77		
	(ii) Other receivables	5.10	-	5.10		
` ′	Loans	158,733.12	176,598.48	335,331.60		
(f)	Investments	4.23	311.48	315.71		
(g)	Other financial assets	1,923.40	2,980.30	4,903.70		
	Non-financial assets					
(a)	Current tax assets (net)	16.13	2,612.24	2,628.37		
(b)	Deferred tax assets (net)	-	3,111.43	3,111.43		
	Investment property	-	2,710.60	2,710.60		
	Property, plant and equipment	-	1,042.92	1,042.92		
	Capital work-in-progress	-	65.61	65.61		
) î î	Right to use assets	-	2,985.99	2,985.99		
	Other intangible assets	-	11.45	11.45		
`'	Other non-financial assets	463.21	2,686.80	3,150.01		
(i)	Assets held for sale	139.46 208,009.65	198,659.50	139.46 406,669.15		
├	Total Assets Liabilities And Equity	200,003.03	130,033.30	400,003.13		
	Liabilities Liabilities					
	Financial liabilities					
	Derivative financial instruments	212.88	1,352.88	1,565.76		
` ′	Payables	212.00	2,002.00	1,303.70		
(-,	(I)Trade payables					
	(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-		
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and	1,093.91	-	1,093.91		
	small enterprises					
	(II) Other payables					
	(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-		
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and	-	-	-		
	small enterprises					
(c)	Finance lease obligation	515.51	2,749.51	3,265.02		
(d)	Debt securities	32,601.10	50,702.40	83,303.50		
(e)	Borrowings (other than debt securities)	84,287.27	131,956.31	216,243.58		
(f)	Subordinated liabilities	5,292.78	17,726.50	23,019.28		
(g)	Other financial liabilities	20,864.65	49.12	20,913.77		
	Non-financial liabilities					
` ′	Current tax liabilities (net)	509.61	514.78	1,024.39		
` ′	Provisions	374.84	120.91	495.75		
(c)	Other non-financial liabilities	1,809.95	-	1,809.95		
[3]	EQUITY					
(a)	Equity share capital	-	757.68	757.68		
(b)	Other equity	-	53,117.45	53,117.45		
(c)	Non-controlling interest	-	59.11	59.11		
	Total Liabilities and Equity	147,562.50	259,106.65	406,669.15		

Note 42.2. Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities as at March 31, 2020

Sr.	Particulars	Within 12 months	After 12 months	(3 in millions)
No		Within 12 months	Arter 12 months	Total
	Assets			
	Financial assets			
	Cash and cash equivalents	15,656.01	-	15,656.01
	Bank balance other than (a) above	15,483.00	1,020.17	16,503.17
(-,	Derivative financial instruments	-	2,426.49	2,426.49
(d)	Receivables (i) Trade receivables	- 208.25	-	200 25
	(i) Trade receivables (ii) Other receivables	298.35	-	298.35
(a)	Loans	- 133,801.95	- 151,544.56	- 285,346.51
` ′	Investments	6,449.77	1,254.09	7,703.86
	Other financial assets	926.58	2,654.89	3,581.47
.g)	Other infancial assets	320.36	2,034.03	3,361.47
[2]	Non-financial assets			
a)	Current tax assets (net)	41.89	2,074.09	2,115.98
b)	Deferred tax assets (net)	-	2,429.46	2,429.46
(c)	Investment property	-	2,142.63	2,142.63
(d)	Property, plant and equipment	-	1,141.50	1,141.50
(e)	Capital work-in-progress	-	24.94	24.94
(f)	Right to use assets	-	2,771.26	2,771.26
(g)	Other intangible assets	-	12.51	12.51
(h)	Other non-financial assets	1,400.36	179.64	1,580.00
(i)	Assets held for sale	-	-	-
	Total Assets	174,057.91	169,676.23	343,734.14
	Liabilities And Equity			
- 1	Liabilities			
[1]	Financial liabilities			
` ′	Derivative financial instruments	267.63	171.55	439.18
(b)	Payables	-	-	
	(I)Trade payables	-	-	
	(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and	787.23	-	787.23
	small enterprises			
	(II) Other payables	-	-	
	(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and	_	-	_
	small enterprises			
c)	Finance lease obligation	478.68	2,434.85	2,913.53
	Debt securities	24,566.52	62,480.79	87,047.31
	Borrowings (other than debt securities)	60,444.05	107,872.07	168,316.12
	Subordinated liabilities	3,118.46	18,565.31	21,683.77
g)	Other financial liabilities	13,065.35	20.46	13,085.81
	Non-financial liabilities	05055	460.40	
	Current tax liabilities (net)	256.57	168.40	424.9
` .′	Provisions	357.86	326.20	684.0
(c)	Other non-financial liabilities	696.03	-	696.03
_[3]	EQUITY			
	Equity share capital	-	756.68	756.68
	Other equity	-	46,843.05	46,843.05
	Non-controlling interest	_ 	56.40	56.40
` 	Total Liabilities and Equity	104,038.38	239,695.76	343,734.14

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 43. Corporate Social Responsibility:

During the financial year 2021-2022, the Group has spent ₹ 127.38 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 126.16 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 183.66 million) out of the total amount of ₹ 187.68 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 126.16 million and March 31, 2021 ₹ 126.16 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 183.66 million) resulting into shortall of ₹ 60.29 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ Nil and March 31, 2020 ₹ Nil). The shorfall amount pertains towards the ongoing projects. The unspent amount has been transferred to a separate Bank account and will be spent during the FY 2022-23. The aforementioned amount has been contributed to India Infoline Foundation.

Note 44. Additional information pursuant to para 2 of general instructions for the preparations of Consolidated Financial Statements:

	Net Assets i.e Total Assets less Total Liabilities		Share in prof	Share in profit or loss Share in other comprehensive income income income		income As % of consolidated other comprehensive income (₹ in millions) comprehensive income (9 (107.04%) (98.63) 55.16%		
Name of entity in the Group	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount (₹ in millions)	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (₹ in millions)	consolidated other comprehensive		consolidated total comprehensive	Amount (₹ in millions)
IIFL Finance Limited	46.63%	30,165.72	56.42%	6,703.79	(107.04%)	(98.63)	55.16%	6,605.16
Indian Subsidiaries								
IIFL Home Finance Limited	37.88%	24,510.32	48.64%	5,779.95	216.02%	199.04	49.93%	5,978.99
Samasta Microfinance Limited	15.35%	9,933.87	4.23%	502.46	(8.92%)	(8.22)	4.13%	494.24
Indian Step down Subsidiary								
IIHL Sales Limited	0.04%	28.38	0.23%	27.88	-	-	0.23%	27.88
Trust with Residual Beneficial Interest								
Eminent Trust October 2019	0.00%	-	(4.19%)	(497.70)	-	-	(4.16%)	(497.70)
Eminent Trust November 2019	0.00%	-	(5.36%)	(637.45)	-	-	(5.32%)	(637.45)
Subtotal	99.91%	64,638.29	99.97%	11,878.93	100.05%	92.19	99.97%	11,971.12
Non Controlling interest in subsidiaries	0.09%	58.96	0.03%	3.57	(0.05%)	(0.05)	0.03%	3.52
Total		64,697.25		11,882.50		92.14		11,974.64

Note 45. Segment Reporting

The Group's primary business segments are reflected based on the principal business carried out, i.e. financing. All other activities of the Group revolve around the main business. The risk and returns of the business of the Group is not associated with geographical segmentation, hence there is no secondary segment reporting based on geographical segment. As such, there are no separate reportable segments as per the Indian Accounting Standard 108 on 'Segment Reporting'.

Note 46. Shared services

The Group operates from and uses the premises, infrastructure and other facilities and services as provided to it by its group companies, which are termed as 'Shared Services'. Hitherto, such shared services consisting of administrative and other revenue expenses paid for by the Group were identified and recovered/recoverable from them based on reasonable management estimates, which are constantly refined in the light of additional knowledge gained relevant to such estimation. These expenses are recovered on an actual basis and the estimates are used only where actual were difficult to determine.

Note 47. Previous year's figures are regrouped, reclassified and rearranged wherever considered necessary to confirm to current year's presentation.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IIFL FINANCE LIMITED

Nirmal Jain Managing Director DIN: 00010535 R. Venkataraman
Joint Managing Director
DIN: 00011919

Rajesh Rajak Chief Financial Officer Sneha Patwardhan Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai Dated: June 23, 2022

Form AOC-I

Salient features of financial statements of Subsidiaries as per Companies Act, 2013 as on March 31, 2022

(₹ in millions)

Sr. No.	Particulars	IIFL Home Finance Limited	Samasta Microfinance Limited	IIHFL Sales Limited
1	Share Capital	209.68	4,982.23	0.50
2	Other Equity	26,597.36	5,010.60	27.88
3	Total Assets	180,099.01	63,944.30	127.67
4	Total Liabilities	153,291.97	53,951.47	99.29
5	Investments	3,832.63	0.50	-
6	Total Turnover	22,214.41	10,199.28	74.98
7	Profit/ (loss) before taxation	7,459.63	589.45	37.83
8	Provision for taxation (including deferred tax)	1,679.68	83.41	9.95
9	Total Comprehensive Income	5,978.99	497.76	27.88
10	Proposed preference dividend	-	-	-
11	Extent of interest in subsidiary *	100.00%	99.41%	100.00%

^{*} IIFL Finance Limited have holding of 74.41% in Samasta Microfinance Limited and 25.00% is been hold by IIFL Home Finance Limited.

Note: Reporting period for the subsidiary is the same as holding company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IIFL FINANCE LIMITED

NIRMAL JAIN Managing Director

DIN: 00010535

RAJESH RAJAK

Chief Financial Officer

Place : Mumbai Dated: June 23, 2022 R. VENKATARAMAN

Joint Managing Director

DIN: 00011919

SNEHA PATWARDHAN

Company Secretary

V Sankar Aiyar & Co. Chartered Accountants

2-C Court Chambers, 35, New Marine Lines, Mumbai, Maharashtra-400020

Chhajed & Doshi Chartered Accountants

101, Hubtown Solaris, N S Phadke Marg, Near East West Flyover, Andheri (East) Mumbai – 400 069

Auditors' report on the Reformatted Standalone Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at March 31,2022, 2021 and 2020, the Reformatted Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss, the Reformatted Standalone Statement of Cash Flows and the Reformatted Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the years ended March 31,2022, 2021 and 2020 and the Statement of Significant Accounting Policies and other Explanatory Information of IIFL Finance Limited (collectively, the "Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements")

The Board of Directors

IIFL Finance Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Holdings Limited) 8" Floor, Unit no 802, Hub town Solaris, N S Phadke Marg, Vijay Nagar, Andheri East - Mumbai - 400 069

Dear Sirs / Madams,

- 1. We have examined the attached reformatted standalone financial statements ("Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements") of IIFL Finance Limited (formerly known as IIFL Holdings Limited) (the "Company" or the "Issuer") as at and for the years ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 annexed to this report and prepared by the Company for the purpose of inclusion in the offer document in connection with its proposed issue of secured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value of ₹ 1,000 each ("Issue"). The Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements, which have been approved by Finance Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on June 23,2022, have been prepared by the Company in accordance with the requirements of:
 - a) Section 26 of Part I of Chapter III of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended (the "Act");
 - b) relevant provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended (the "SEBI NCS Regulations") issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"); and
 - c) The Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectus (Revised 2019) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, as amended from time to time (the "Guidance Note").
- 2. The Management of the Company is responsible for the preparation of the Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements for the purpose of inclusion in the Draft Shelf Prospectus to be filed with SEBI, BSE Limited, National Stock Exchange of India Limited and the Shelf Prospectus and relevant Tranche Prospectus to be filed with SEBI, BSE Limited, National Stock Exchange of India Limited and Registrar of Companies, Mumbai ("Offer Documents") in connection with the Issue. The Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared by the Management of the Company on the basis stated in Note no.1 to the Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements. The Management's responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining adequate internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements. The Management of the Company is also responsible for identifying and ensuring that the Company complies with the Act, the SEBI NCS Regulations and the Guidance Note.
- 3. We have examined such Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements taking into consideration:
 - a) The terms of reference and terms of our engagement agreed upon with you in accordance with our engagement letter dated June 10,2022 requesting us to carry out work on such Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements in connection with the Company's Issue;

- b) The Guidance Note. The Guidance Note also requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI;
- c) Concepts of test checks and materiality to obtain reasonable assurance based on verification of evidence supporting the Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements; and
- d) The requirements of Section 26 of the Act and the SEBI NCS Regulations. Our work was performed solely to assist you in meeting your responsibilities in relation to your compliance with the Act, the SEBI NCS Regulations and the Guidance Note in connection with the Issue.
- 4. These Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements have been compiled by the Management of the Company from the audited standalone financial statements of the Company as at and for the years ended March 31, 2022, March 31,2021 and March 31, 2020 prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS) which comprises mandatory Accounting Standards as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, which have been approved by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on April 28, 2022, May 6, 2021 and May 28, 2020 respectively. The standalone financial statements for the year ended on March 31, 2022 were audited by us; for the year ended on March 31, 2021 were audited by one of the current joint statutory auditors of the company i.e., V Sankar Aiyar & Co. and for the year ended on March 31, 2020 were audited by the previous statutory auditors of the company i.e., Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP. In relation to the aforesaid standalone financial statements audited by the said previous statutory auditors of the Company and furnished to us by the management, we have not carried out any audit tests or review procedures, and, accordingly reliance has been placed on the standalone financial statements audited by the said previous statutory auditors for the year ended on that date.
- 5. The Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the presentation / disclosure requirements of the financial year ended March 31, 2022.
- 6. For the purpose of our examination, we have relied on the statutory auditors' report on the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company, issued by us dated April 28,2022 for the year ended March 31, 2022; by one of the current joint statutory auditors i.e V Sankar Aiyar & Co, of the company dated May 6,2021 for the year ended March 31,2021 and by the previous statutory auditors i.e Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP of the company dated June 7,2020 for the year ended March 31, 2020. These Standalone Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the Company in those years, as referred in paragraph 4 above.
 - a. Statutory audit report dated April 28, 2022 issued by us on the audited standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022, included the following Emphasis of Matter paragraph:

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 8.3 to the Standalone Financial Statements, which fully describes that the Company has recognised impairment on financial assets to reflect the business impact and uncertainties arising from the COVID 19 pandemic. Such estimates are based on current facts and circumstances and may not necessarily reflect the future uncertainties and events arising from the full impact of the COVID 19 pandemic.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Chhajed & Doshi Chartered Accountants

Other matters

The standalone financials statements of the company for the previous year ended March 31,2021 were audited by one of the current joint statutory auditors who had expressed unmodified opinion *vide* their report dated May 6,2021.

b. Statutory audit report dated May 6, 2021 issued by one of the current joint statutory auditors of the company i.e V Sankar Aiyar & Co, on the audited standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021, included the following Emphasis of Matter paragraph:

Emphasis Of Matter

We draw attention to Note 8.3 to the Standalone Financial Statements, which fully describes that the Company has recognised impairment on financial assets to reflect the business impact and uncertainties arising from the COVID 19 pandemic. Such estimates are based on current facts and circumstances and may not necessarily reflect the future uncertainties and events arising from the full impact of the COVID 19 pandemic.

Our opinion above on the audited standalone financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements above, is not modified in respect of the above matters.

c. Statutory Auditors' report dated June 7, 2020 issued by previous statutory auditors of the company i.e Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, on the audited standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020, included the following Emphasis of matter paragraph:

Emphasis Of Matter

"We draw attention Note No.38 to the Standalone Financial Statements which describes the reasons for implementation of the composite scheme of arrangement amongst the Company, India Infoline Media and Research Services Limited, IIFL Securities Limited, IIFL Wealth Management Limited, India Infoline Finance Limited and IIFL Distribution Services Limited, and their respective shareholders, under Sections 230 - 232 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Scheme"), in Parts, based on the legal opinion obtained by the Company. The Scheme has been approved by the National Company Law Tribunal vide its order dated March 07, 2019 and filed with the Registrar of Companies on April 11, 2019

Subsequent to the receipt of certificate of registration by the Company for carrying on business of non-banking financial institution from the Reserve bank of India on March 11, 2020, the said Scheme has been refiled with Registrar of Companies on March 30, 2020 to give effect to the final part of the Scheme.

We draw attention to Note 8.3 to the Standalone Financial Statements, which fully describes that the Company has recognised impairment on financial assets to reflect the business impact and uncertainties arising from the COVID 19 pandemic. Such estimates are based on current facts and circumstances and may not necessarily reflect the future uncertainties and events arising from the full impact of the COVID 19 pandemic.

Our opinion above on the audited standalone financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements above, is not modified in respect of the above matters.

V Sankar Aiyar & Co. Chartered Accountants

Chhajed & Doshi Chartered Accountants

- 7. We have performed adequate tests and procedures which in our opinion were necessary for the purpose of issuing our examination report on the Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the aforesaid periods. These procedures mainly involved comparison of the attached Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements with the Company's audited standalone financial statements for financial years ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 and regrouping and reclassification as per schedule III of Companies Act 2013 and requirements of SEBI NCS Regulations.
- 8. Based on our examination and according to the statements and explanations given to us, we report that the Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements are prepared, in all material aspects, on the basis described in Note 1 to the Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements.
- 9. At the request of the Company, we have also examined the Standalone Statement of Dividend, enclosed as Annexure VI for the years ended March 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, prepared by the Management and approved by the Finance Committee of the Board of Directors vide Resolution dated June 23,2022.
- 10. In the preparation and presentation of Reformatted Standalone Financial Information based on audited financial statements as referred to in paragraph 4 above, no adjustments have been made for any events occurring subsequent to dates of the audit reports specified in paragraph 4 above.
- 11. This report should not in any way be construed as a reissuance or re-dating of any of the previous audit reports issued by us or by one of the current joint statutory auditors (i.e V Sankar Aiyar & Co) or by previous statutory auditors (i.e Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP) nor should this report be construed as a new opinion on any of the financial statements referred to herein.
- 12. We have no responsibility to update our report for events and circumstances occurring after the date of the report.
- 13. Our report is intended solely for use of the management of the Company for inclusion in the Offer Documents to be filed in connection with the proposed Issue and is not to be used, referred to, or distributed for any other purpose except with our prior consent.

Signed by the Statutory Auditors of the Company

For V Sankar Aiyar & Co. Chartered Accountants (FRN: 109208W) For Chhajed & Doshi Chartered Accountants (FRN: 101794W)

G Sankar Partner M. No.046050 Place: Mumbai Date: June 23, 2022

UDIN: 22046050ALXYIN9013

M. P. Chhajed Partner M. No. 049357 Place: Mumbai Date: June 23, 2022

UDIN:22049357ALXYIC5771

REFORMATTED STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED) REFORMATTED STANDALONE STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

(₹ in millions)

Sr. No [1] (a)	Particulars	Notes	As at	As at	As a
[1]	Assats		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 202
	Assets			a. a	
	Financial assets				
	Cash and cash equivalents	4	43,569.37	20,518.72	6,062.71
(b)	Bank balance other than (a) above	5	12,518.66	15,406.27	10,444.00
(c)	Derivative financial instruments	6	644.13	416.88	2,405.2
(d)	Receivables	ĭ	044.13	410.00	2,403.2
(α)	(i) Trade receivables	7	1,405.43	1,593.73	122.2
	(ii) Other receivables	7	158.00	5.10	122.2
(e)	Loans	8	128,840.46	155,942.99	142,191.7
(f)	Investments	9	24,488.54	12,042.57	19,585.4
(r) (g)	Other financial assets	10	5,185.75	2,079.67	1,623.1
(8)	Other illiancial assets	- ·	216,810.34	208,005.93	182,434.4
[2]	Non-financial assets	ŀ	210,010.34	200,003.33	102,434.4
	Current tax assets (net)		2 270 22	2,468.67	1 046 0
(a)	· ·		2,270.23		1,946.0
(b)	Deferred tax assets (net)	11	1,584.97	2,063.60	2,028.0
(c)	Investment property	12	2,885.13	2,640.02	2,030.2
(d)	Property, plant and equipment	13	1,348.24	955.44	1,012.0
(e)	Capital work-in-progress	14	56.44	65.60	24.9
(f)	Right to use assets	15	2,972.54	2,793.94	2,486.5
(g)	Other intangible assets	16	19.16	9.15	6.3
(h)	Other non-financial assets	17	3,337.15	3,104.90	1,534.0
(i)	Assets held for sale	18	78.44	-	-
			14,552.30	14,101.32	11,068.3
	Total Assets		231,362.64	222,107.25	193,502.7
	Liabilities And Equity				
	Liabilities				
[1]	Financial liabilities				
(a)	Derivative financial instruments	6	1,494.62	1,186.69	267.6
(b)	Payables				
	(I)Trade payables				
	(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	19	-	-	-
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and	40	861.67	664.22	477.2
	small enterprises	19			
	(II) Other payables				
	(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	_	-
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and		99.06	_	_
	small enterprises	19			
(c)	Finance lease obligation	15	3,276.24	3,054.22	2,613.3
(d)	Debt securities	20	51,052.83	53,446.73	58,188.1
(e)	Borrowings (other than debt securities)	21	97,710.68	92,179.83	69,315.9
(f)	Subordinated liabilities	22	13,696.40	17,373.98	16,304.0
(r) (g)	Other financial liabilities	23	17,844.92	14,854.73	9,164.1
(8)	Other illiancial habilities	23	186,036.42	182,760.40	156,330.5
		ŀ	180,030.42	182,700.40	130,330.3
[2]	Non-financial liabilities				
[2]			404.44	105.44	100
(a)	Current tax liabilities (net)		184.41	185.44	180.4
(b)	Provisions	24	413.84	315.63	452.8
(c)	Other non-financial liabilities	25	458.95	638.46	460.9
	L	ļ.	1,057.20	1,139.53	1,094.1
	Total Liabilities	ļ.	187,093.62	183,899.93	157,424.6
	Equity				
[3]	I I		759.20	757.68	756.6
(a)	Equity share capital	26			
	Equity share capital Other equity	26.1	43,509.82	37,449.64	
(a)					35,321.4 36,078.0 193,502.7

In terms of our report attached

For V Sankar Aiyar & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 109208W

For Chhajed & Doshi Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 101794W For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (Formerly known as IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

G. Sankar Partner Membership No. 046050 M.P. Chhajed Partner Membership No. 049357 Nirmal Jain Managing Director DIN: 00010535

R. Venkataraman Joint Managing Director DIN: 00011919

REFORMATTED STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED) REFORMATTED STANDALONE STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS

(₹ in millions)

					(₹ in millions)
Sr.	Particulars	Notes	As at	As at	As at
No	Revenue from operations		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
(i)	Interest income	27.1	35,638.11	30,703.91	25,143.71
(ii)	Dividend income	27.2	629.05	701.88	441.81
(iii)	Fees and commission income	27.2	501.52	362.31	480.78
(iv)	Net gain on fair value changes	28	720.32	1,553.43	
(v)	Net gain on derecognition of financial instruments under amortised cost category	31	3,134.09	651.15	429.91
	Total revenue from operations	31	40,623.09		
(1)	l '		•	33,972.68	26,496.21
(II)	Other income	29	269.44	389.37	215.79
(III)	Total Income (I+II)		40,892.53	34,362.05	26,712.00
	Expenses				
(i)	Finance costs	30	16,156.07	15,549.75	12,483.57
(ii)	Net loss on fair value changes	28	´ -	, <u>-</u>	943.69
(iii)	Net loss on derecognition of financial instruments under amortised cost category	31	7,238.33	5,686.45	3,540.74
(iv)	Impairment on financial instruments	32	(2,242.84)	1,980.68	(676.27
(v)	Employee benefits expenses	33	5,199.05	4,071.14	4,407.39
(vi)	Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	13, 15 & 16	1,064.26	908.83	894.09
(vii)	Other expenses	34	3,803.91	2,420.75	2,798.50
(IV)	Total Expenses (IV)		31,218.78	30,617.60	24,391.71
(V)	Profit before exceptional items and tax (III-IV)		9,673.75	3,744.45	2,320.29
VI)	Exceptional items	35.1	-	530.50	46.06
VII)	Profit before tax (V +VI)		9,673.75	4,274.95	2,366.35
VIII)	Tax expense:				
	(1) Current tax	36	1,712.83	972.83	419.33
	(2) Deferred tax	11 & 36	511.79	(167.48)	98.60
	(3) Current tax expenses relating to previous years	36	(5.71)	43.83	(20.69
	Total tax expense		2,218.91	849.18	497.24
(IX)	Profit before impact of change in the rate of opening deferred tax (VII-VIII)		7,454.84	3,425.77	1,869.11
(X)	Impact of change in the rate of opening deferred tax	11	-	-	381.08
(XI)	Profit for the year (IX-X)		7,454.84	3,425.77	1,488.03
(XII)	Other Comprehensive Income				
(,	(A) (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss				
	(a) Remeasurement of defined benefit liability/(asset)	36	9.61	8.99	(33.22)
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	11 & 36	(2.41)	(2.26)	8.36
	Subtotal (A)	11 000	7.20	6.73	(24.86
	(B) (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss				,
	(a) Cash flow hedge (net)	36	(141.32)	(291.04)	_
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	11 & 36	35.57	73.24	_
	Subtotal (B)	11 4 30	(105.75)	(217.80)	_
	Other Comprehensive Income (A+B)		(98.55)	(211.07)	(24.86
(XIII)	Total Comprehensive Income for the year (XI+XII)		7,356.29	3,214.70	1,463.17
/vn/	Equalities have applied above of face value # 2 cosh	37			
(XIV)	Earnings per equity share of face value ₹ 2 each Basic (₹)	3/	19.66	9.05	3.94
	Basic (≺) Diluted (₹)		19.54	9.03	3.93
	ccompanying notes forming part of the financial statements	1 - 60	25.5 .	5.00	3.33

In terms of our report attached

For V Sankar Aiyar & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 109208W
Firm Registration No. 101794W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (Formerly known as IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

G. Sankar Partner Membership No. 046050 M.P. Chhajed Partner Membership No. 049357 Nirmal Jain Managing Director DIN: 00010535 R. Venkataraman Joint Managing Director DIN: 00011919

Place : Mumbai Dated: June 23, 2022 Rajesh Rajak Chief Financial Officer **Sneha Patwardhan**Company Secretary

REFORMATTED STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED) REFORMATTED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Notes	Year ended I	March 31, 2022	Year ended N	larch 31, 2021	Year ended M	arch 31, 2020
A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Profit before tax			9,673.75		4,274.95		2,366.35
Adjustments for:	42 45 0 46	1.051.35		200.02		004.00	
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	13, 15 & 16	1,064.26		908.83		894.09	
Impairment on loans	32	(2,159.60)		1,691.10		(719.10)	
Impairment on other financial instruments		(83.24)		289.58		4.33	
(Profit)/ loss on sale of assets (Gain)/ loss on termination of lease - Ind AS 116		(0.30)		1.53 (4.45)		6.19 (12.20)	
Net (gain)/ loss on fair value changes on investments- realised	28	(3.29) (721.61)		(2,043.68)		958.05	
Net (gain)/ loss on fair value changes on investments- realised	28	1.29		(40.25)		(14.36)	
Net (gain)/ loss on derecognition of financial instruments under	31	(3,134.09)		(651.15)		(429.91)	
amortised cost	31	(3,134.03)		(031.13)		(423.31)	
Employee benefit expenses - share based		30.98		4.36		89.36	
Employee benefit expenses - others		67.36		78.41		48.39	
Interest on loans		(34,340.12)		(30,015.51)		(23,652.21)	
Interest on deposits with banks	27.1	(601.82)		(530.90)		(689.64)	
Dividend income	27.2	(629.05)		(701.88)		(441.81)	
Finance cost		15,820.12		15,271.54		12,772.84	
Interest expenses - Ind AS 116	15	285.69		245.87		211.60	
Net (gain)/ loss on buy back of commercial paper		-		-		8.21	
Net (gain)/ loss on buy back of debentures		(7.85)		(2.67)		(546.19)	
Income received on loans		39,198.33		23,257.46		23,604.88	
Interest received on deposits with banks		603.44		549.51		706.77	
Finance cost paid		(16,456.44)	(1,065.94)	(14,577.99)	(6,270.30)	(12,732.14)	67.15
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes		(-,	8,607.81	, ,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(1,995.35)	, , ====,/	2,433.50
Decrease/ (increase) in financial and non financial assets		(183.59)	-,-,	(3,079.94)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	18,549.98	,
Increase/(decrease) in financial and non financial liabilities		4,190.62	4,007.03	7,516.55	4,436.60	72.23	18,622.20
Cash (used in)/ generated from operations		,,	12,614.84	.,,=====	2,441.25		21,055.70
Taxes paid			(1,509.74)		(1,331.32)		(919.50)
Net cash (used in)/ generated from operating activities			11,105.10		1,109.93		20,136.20
Loans (disbursed)/ repaid (net)			24,457.45		(9,057.89)		(18,985.13)
Net cash (used in)/ generated from operating activities (A)			35,562.55		(7,947.96)		1,151.07
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						•	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets			(842.26)		(321.31)		(462.50)
Sale of property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets			6.99		15.77		47.37
Purchase of equity investments in subsidiary			(2,250.00)		(675.00)		(1,500.00)
Proceeds from equity investment in subsidiary			-		1,321.23		
Investment in debentures of subsidiary			-				(472.83)
Redemption in debentures of subsidiary			· •		499.88		471.96
Proceeds/(Purchase) of investment property			(245.10)		(63.08)		20.00
Proceeds from investment property					-		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Proceeds/(Purchase) of Investments			(9,475.65)		8,067.21		(5,455.91)
Dividend income			629.05		701.88		441.81
Proceeds/(Deposits) from maturity of deposits placed with Banks			2,905.55	1	(4,960.05)		(376.65)
Net cash (used in)/ generated from investing activities (B)			(9,271.42)	-	4,586.51		(7,286.75)
C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Proceeds from issue of equity share (including securities premium)			86.05		45.59		20.45
Adjustment due to Composite Scheme of Arrangement on account of			80.03		43.59		20.43
merger			-		_		(22.09)
Payment of stamp duty on account of merger			(83.40)		_		-
Dividend paid (including dividend distribution tax)			(1,328.20)		(1,135.41)		(896.39)
Proceeds from debt securities			15,148.20		9,251.80		33,842.29
Repayment of debt securities			(18,357.89)		(13,685.10)		(50,286.84)
Proceeds from borrowings (other than debt securities)			40,323.71		121,298.60		132,906.30
Repayment of borrowings (other than debt securities)			(35,027.92)		(97,956.56)		(113,931.32)
Proceeds from subordinated liabilities			500.00		6,708.60		7,067.08
Repayment of subordinated liabilities			(3,639.71)		(6,010.29)		(2.50)
Payment of lease liability			(861.32)		(699.77)		(645.89)
Net cash (used in)/ generated from financing activities (C)			(3,240.48)		17,817.46		8,051.09
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)			23,050.65		14,456.01		1,915.41
				I	6,062.71		4,147.30
Add: Opening cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year			20,518.72				
Add: Opening cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year	4		43,569.37		20,518.72	-	6,062.71

In terms of our report attached

For V Sankar Aiyar & Co. For Chhajed & Doshi
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 109208W Firm Registration No. 101794W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (Formerly known as IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

 G. Sankar
 M.P. Chhajed

 Partner
 Partner

 Membership No. 046050
 Membership No. 049357

Nirmal Jain Managing Director DIN: 00010535 R. Venkataraman Joint Managing Director DIN: 00011919

Place : Mumbai Dated: June 23, 2022 Rajesh Rajak Chief Financial Officer Sneha Patwardhan Company Secretary

REFORMATTED STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED) REFORMATTED STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

A. Equity Share Capital

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Balance at the beginning of the reporting year	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance at the end of the reporting year
As at March 31, 2022 (Refer Note 26)	757.68	1.52	759.20
As at March 31, 2021 (Refer Note 26)	756.68	1.00	757.68
As at March 31, 2020 (Refer Note 26)	638.41	118.27	756.68

B. Other Equity												(₹ in millions)
	Share	Reserves & Surplus Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)										
Particulars	application money pending allotment (Note 1)	Capital Reserve (Note 2)	Securities Premium Reserve (Note 3)	General Reserve (Note 4)	Special Reserve pursuant to Section 45 IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (Note 5)	Capital Redemption Reserve (Note 6)	Debenture Redemption Reserve (Note 7)	Retained Earnings (Note 8)	Stock Compensation Reserve (Note 9)	Effective portion of Cash Flow Hedges (Note 10)	Remeasurements of defined benefit (Note 11)	
Balance as at April 01, 2019	-	838.85	18,310.88	5,048.31	4,637.50	2,301.11	97.00	3,328.38	95.37	-	10.45	34,667.85
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,488.03	-	-	-	1,488.03
Other comprehensive income/ (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(24.86)	(24.86)
Interim dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(817.05)	-	-	-	(817.05)
Dividend distribution tax on interim dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(79.34)	-	-	-	(79.34)
Transfer to/ (from) reserves	-	-	10.26	37.74	617.61	-	31.04	(686.05)	(10.59)	-	-	0.00
On account of merger	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(25.82)	-	-	-	(25.82)
Addition during the year	-	-	23.22	-	-	-	-	-	89.36	-	-	112.58
Balance as at March 31, 2020	-	838.85	18,344.36	5,086.05	5,255.11	2,301.11	128.04	3,208.15	174.14	-	(14.41)	35,321.40
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,425.77	-	-	-	3,425.77
Other comprehensive income/ (loss)	=	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	(217.80)	6.73	(211.07)
Interim dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,135.41)	1	-	-	(1,135.41)
Transfer to/ (from) reserves	-	-	12.62	6.82	686.80	-	-	(686.80)	(19.44)	-	-	-
Addition during the year	-	-	44.59	-	-	-	-	-	4.36	-	-	48.95
Balance as at March 31, 2021	-	838.85	18,401.57	5,092.87	5,941.91	2,301.11	128.04	4,811.71	159.06	(217.80)	(7.68)	37,449.64
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,454.84	1	-	-	7,454.84
Other comprehensive income/ (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1	(105.75)	7.20	(98.55)
Interim dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,328.21)	-	-	-	(1,328.21)
Share issue expenses	-	-	(83.40)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(83.40)
Transfer to/ (from) reserves	-	-	47.57	0.65	1,952.30	-	-	(1,952.30)	(48.22)	-	-	0.00
Addition during the year	-	-	84.52	-	-	-	-	-	30.98	-	-	115.50
Balance as at March 31, 2022	-	838.85	18,450.26	5,093.52	7,894.21	2,301.11	128.04	8,986.04	141.82	(323.55)	(0.48)	43,509.82

REFORMATTED STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED) REFORMATTED STANDALONE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Notes:

- 1. Share application money pending allotment: Money received for share application for which allotment is pending.
- 2. Capital Reserves: Capital reserve is created on account of Composite Scheme of Arrangement.
- 3. Securities Premium Reserve: The amount received in excess of face value of the equity shares is recognised in Securities Premium Reserve.
- 4. General Reserve: The reserve can be distributed/ utilised by the Company, in accordance with The Companies Act, 2013.
- 5. Special Reserve: Pursuant to section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, 20% of the profit after tax for the year has been transferred from Retained Earnings to Special Reserve.
- 6. Capital Redemption Reserve: This reserve has been created on redemption of preference shares capital as per section 55 of The Companies Act, 2013.
- 7. **Debenture Redemption Reserve:** Pursuant to Section 71 of The Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 18 of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 the Company being an NBFC is required to create Debenture Redemption Reserve of a value equivalent to 25% of the debentures offered through public issue. Pursuant to Ministry of Corporate Affairs circular dated August 16, 2019, reserve is not required to be created for the Non Convertible Debentures going forward.
- 8. Retained Earnings: These are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfers to Statutory Reserve, Debenture Redemption Reserve, General Reserve, Dividend distribution and Capital Redemption Reserve.
- 9. Stock Compensation Reserve: The employee stock options reserve represents reserve in respect of equity settled share options granted to the employees of the Company and its Group in pursuance of employee stock options plan.
- 10. Effective portion of Cash Flow Hedges: These reserve refers to changes in the fair value of Derivative Financial Contracts which are designated as effective Cash Flow Hedge.
- 11. Remeasurements of defined benefit: This reserve refers to remeasurement of gains and losses arising from experience adjustments, changes in actuarial assumptions and return on plan assets of the defined benefit plan.

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements (1 - 60)

In terms of our report attached For V Sankar Aiyar & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 109208W

For Chhajed & Doshi Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 101794W For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (Formerly known as IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

G. Sankar Partner Membership No. 046050 **M.P. Chhajed** Partner Membership No. 049357 Nirmal Jain Managing Director DIN: 00010535 R. Venkataraman
Joint Managing Director
DIN: 00011919

Place : Mumbai Dated: June 23, 2022 Rajesh Rajak Chief Financial Officer Sneha Patwardhan Company Secretary

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

Note 1. Annexure V

The Company has prepared the Reformatted Standalone Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 and Reformatted Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss and the Reformatted Standalone Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 and Reformatted Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the years ended March 31, 2022 and the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (together comprising the "Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements"). Accordingly these Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements will be included in the Offer Document (collectively "Draft Shelf Prospectus, Shelf Prospectus, Tranche Prospectus (es) and any other issue material") proposed to be filed by the Company with the National Stock Exchange of India Limited, BSE Limited, Securities and Exchange Board of India (the "SEBI") (the "Prospectus") in connection with the proposed issue by the Company.

The Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements are based on and have been extracted by the Management of the Company from the Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the years ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020. The Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2020 has been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the presentation / disclosure in line with the Audited Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 to comply with requirements of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended from time to time (the "SEBI (NCS) Regulations") issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (the "SEBI").

These Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements, do not reflect the effects of events that occurred subsequent to the dates of approval of the audited standalone financial statements of the respective years by the Board of Directors of the Company and also do not reflect the effects of change in accounting policies from one year to another, if any.

These Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements have been approved by the Finance Committee of the Board of Directors on its meeting held on June 23, 2022.

Note 1.1 CORPORATE INFORMATION:

Company overview

IIFL Finance Limited (the "Company") is a Systemically Important Non-Banking Financial Company not accepting public deposits ("NBFC-ND-SI") registered with the Reserve Bank of India ("the RBI") under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and primarily engaged in financing and related activities. The Company had received the certificate of registration from RBI on March 12, 2020, enabling the Company to carry on business as a Non-Banking Financial Company. The Company offers a broad suite of financial products such as gold loan, loans to Micro, small & medium enterprise ("MSME"), loan against securities and digital finance loans.

On 28 April 2022, Board of Directors of the Company approved and recommended the audited financial statements for consideration and adoption by the shareholders in its Annual General Meeting.

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

Note 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period as explained in the accounting policies below and the relevant provisions of The Companies Act, 2013 ("Act").

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/ or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share based payment transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 102, leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as value in use in Ind AS 36.

Fair value measurements under Ind AS are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company can access at measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within level 1,(that are not traded in active market) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the valuation of assets or liabilities.

(a) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") requires the management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions. These estimates, judgements and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as the management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

(b) Statement of compliance

The standalone financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Ind AS notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs in exercise of the powers conferred by section 133 read with sub-section (1) of section 210A of the Companies Act, 2013 along with the applicable guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India ("RBI"). In addition, the guidance notes/ announcements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") are also applied except where compliance with other statutory promulgations requires a different treatment.

(c) Presentation of financial statements

The Balance Sheet and the Statement of Profit and Loss are prepared and presented in the format prescribed in the Division III to Schedule III to Act applicable for Non-Banking Finance Companies ("NBFC"). The Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared and presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows". The disclosure requirements with respect to items in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss, as prescribed in the Schedule III to the Act, are presented by way of notes forming part of the Financial Statements along with the other notes required to be disclosed under the notified Accounting Standards and regulations issued by the RBI.

Note 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured and there exists reasonable certainty of its recovery.

i. Interest income and dividend income

Interest income on financial instruments at amortised cost is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the effective interest rate ("EIR") applicable.

Interest on financial instruments measured at fair value is included within the fair value movement during the period.

The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows of the financial instrument through the expected life of the financial instrument or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial instrument. The future cash flows are estimated taking into account all the contractual terms of the instrument.

The calculation of the EIR includes all fees paid or received between parties to the contract that are incremental and directly attributable to the specific lending arrangement, transaction costs, and all other premiums or discounts. For financial assets at fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"), transaction costs are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss at initial recognition.

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

Dividend on equity shares, preference shares and on mutual fund units is recognised as income when the right to receive the dividend is established.

ii. Fees and charges

Fees and charges include fees other than those that are an integral part of EIR. The fees included in this part of the Company's Statement of Profit and Loss include, among other things, fees charged for servicing a loan.

Cheque bounce charges, late payment charges and foreclosure charges are recognised on a point-in-time basis, and are recorded when realised.

Fee and commission expenses with regards to services are accounted for as and when the services are delivered.

iii. Income from financial instruments at FVTPL

Income from financial instruments at FVTPL includes all gains and losses from changes in the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL.

iv. Assignment transactions

In accordance with Ind AS 109, in case of assignment transactions with complete transfer of risks and rewards without any retention of residual interest, gain arising on such assignment transactions is recorded upfront in the Statement of Profit and Loss and the corresponding asset is derecognised from the Balance Sheet immediately upon execution of such transaction. Further, the transfer of financial assets qualifies for derecognition in its entirety, the whole of the interest spread at its present value (discounted over the life of the asset) is recognised on the date of derecognition itself as interest only strip receivable (interest strip on assignment) and correspondingly recognised as profit on derecognition of financial asset.

v. Securitisation transactions

In accordance with Ind AS 109, in case of securitisation transactions, the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

vi. Other operational revenue

Other operational revenue represents income earned from the activities incidental to the business and is recognised when the right to receive the income is established as per the terms of the contract.

(b) Property, plant and equipment ("PPE")

PPE is recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. PPE is stated at original cost net of tax, if

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

any, less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes professional fees related to the acquisition of PPE and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Company's accounting policy.

Depreciation is charged using the straight-line method, based on the useful life of fixed assets as estimated by the Management, as specified below. Depreciation is charged from the month in which new assets are put to use. No depreciation is charged from the month in which assets are sold. In case of transfer of used fixed assets from group companies, depreciation is charged over the remaining useful life of the asset. Individual assets / group of similar assets costing up to ₹ 5,000 have been depreciated in full in the year of purchase.

The estimated useful life of assets is as under:

Class of assets	Useful life			
Buildings	20 year 3 year 5 year 5 year			
Computers	3 years			
Office equipment	5 years			
Plant and Equipment	5 years			
Furniture and fixtures	5 years			
Vehicles	5 vears			

For above class of assets, based on internal assessment and independent technical evaluation carried out by external valuers, the Management believes that the useful lives as given above best represent the period over which Management expects to use these assets.

An item of PPE is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of PPE is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Capital work in progress

Projects under which tangible fixed assets are not yet ready for their intended use are carried at cost, comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable interest and are disclosed as "capital work-in-progress".

(c) Intangible assets

Intangible assets are recognised when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are stated at original cost net of tax, less accumulated amortisation and cumulative impairment.

Intangible assets i.e. Software are amortised on straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of 3 years.

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Amortisation on impaired assets is provided by adjusting the amortisation charge in the remaining periods so as to allocate the assets revised carrying amount over its remaining useful life.

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

(d) Investment property

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/ or for capital appreciation (including property under construction for such purposes). Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the Investment property is derecognised.

Freehold land and properties under construction are not depreciated.

(e) Non-current Assets held for Sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount is intended to be recovered principally through a sale (rather than through continuing use) when the asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sale of such asset and the sale is highly probable and is expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification. Non-current assets classified as held for sale are measured at lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

(f) Impairment of assets

As at the end of each accounting year, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its PPE, intangible assets and investment property assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If such indication exists, the PPE, intangible assets and investment property are tested for impairment so as to determine the impairment loss, if any.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. If recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, such deficit is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss as impairment loss and the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to an extent that it does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

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(g) Share-based payment arrangements

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Company's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity.

Securities premium includes:

- The difference between the face value of the equity shares and the consideration received in respect of shares issued pursuant to Stock Option Scheme.
- The fair value of the stock options which are treated as expense, if any, in respect of shares allotted pursuant to Stock Options Scheme

(h) Employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

The Company's contribution towards Provident Fund and Family Pension Fund are considered as defined contribution plans and are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees and are accounted for on an accrual basis and recognised in the Statement of Profit and loss.

Defined benefit plans

Short term employee benefits: Employee benefits falling due wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits and are expensed in the period in which the employee renders the related service. Liabilities recognised in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related service. These benefits include performance incentive and compensated absences

Post employment benefits: The employees' gratuity fund scheme represents defined benefit plan. The present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate based on the market yield on government securities of a maturity period equivalent to the weighted average maturity profile of the defined benefit obligations at the Balance Sheet date.

Re-measurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset) and any change in the effect of asset ceiling (if applicable) is recognised in other comprehensive income and is reflected in retained earnings and the same is not eligible to be reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Defined benefit costs comprising current service cost, past service cost and gains or losses on settlements are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as employee benefit expenses. Gains or losses on settlement of any defined benefit plan are recognised when the settlement occurs. Past

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service cost is recognised as expense at the earlier of the plan amendment or curtailment and when the Company recognises related restructuring costs or termination benefits.

In case of funded plans, the fair value of the plan assets is reduced from the gross obligation under the defined benefit plans to recognise the obligation on a net basis.

Long term employee benefits: The obligation recognised in respect of long term benefits being long term compensated absences, is measured at present value of estimated future cash flows expected to be made by the Company and is recognised in a similar manner as in the case of defined benefit plan above.

(i) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. average market value of the outstanding shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

(j) Taxes on income

Current tax

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and other applicable tax laws.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Company's financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in computation of taxable profit and quantified using the tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted as on the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is not recognized for:

- Temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss
- Temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- Taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

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Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Future taxable profits are determined based on business plans and the reversal of temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. For this purpose, the carrying amount of investment property measured at fair value is presumed to be recovered through sale, and the company has not rebutted this presumption.

For transactions and other events recognised in profit or loss, any related tax effects are also recognised in profit or loss. For transactions and other events recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity), any related tax effects are also recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively).

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off assets against liabilities, representing current tax and where the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relates to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in the Statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

(k) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Company's Balance Sheet when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Recognised financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs and revenues that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs and revenues directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial assets

Classification and measurement

The Company classifies its financial assets into the following measurement categories: amortised cost; fair value through other comprehensive income; and fair value through profit or loss.

All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of Ind AS 109 are required to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value on the basis of the entity's business model for managing the

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financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

Financial instruments measured at amortised cost

Debt instruments that meet the following criteria are measured at amortised cost (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding.

For the purpose of SPPI test, principal is the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition. The principal amount may change over the life of the financial asset (e.g. if there are repayments of principal). Interest consists of consideration for the time value of money, for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs, as well as a profit margin. The SPPI assessment is made in the currency in which the financial asset is denominated.

Contractual cash flows that are SPPI are consistent with a basic lending arrangement. Contractual terms that introduce exposure to risks or volatility in the contractual cash flows that are unrelated to a basic lending arrangement, such as exposure to changes in equity prices or commodity prices, do not give rise to contractual cash flows that are SPPI. An originated or an acquired financial asset can be a basic lending arrangement irrespective of whether it is a loan in its legal form.

An assessment of business models for managing financial assets is fundamental to the classification of a financial asset. The Company determines the business models at a level that reflects how financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. The Company's business model does not depend on management's intentions for an individual instrument, therefore the business model assessment is performed at a higher level of aggregation rather than on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Debt instruments that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are subject to impairment.

Financial instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI")

Debt instruments that meet the following criteria are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Interest income is recognised in Statement of profit and loss for FVTOCI debt instruments. Other changes in fair value of FVTOCI financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income. When the asset is disposed of, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in reserve is transferred to Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial instruments measured at fair value through Profit and Loss ("FVTPL")

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Instruments that do not meet the amortised cost or FVTOCI criteria are measured at FVTPL. Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on re-measurement recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The gain or loss on disposal is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for FVTPL debt instruments. Dividend on financial assets at FVTPL is recognised when the Company's right to receive dividend is established.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income pertaining to investments in equity instruments. This election is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading. These elected investments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the 'Reserve for equity instruments through other comprehensive income'. The cumulative gain or loss is not reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss on disposal of the investments. Dividends from these investments are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the Company's right to receive dividends is established.

Reclassifications

If the business model under which the Company holds financial assets changes, the financial assets affected are reclassified. The classification and measurement requirements related to the new category apply prospectively from the first day of the first reporting period following the change in business model that result in reclassifying the Company's financial assets. Changes in contractual cash flows are considered under the accounting policy on modification and derecognition of financial assets described below.

Impairment of financial assets

Company recognizes loss allowances using the Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit and loss. ECL is calculated using a model which captures portfolio performance over a period of time. ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. A credit loss is the difference between the cash flows that are due to an entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the entity expects to receive discounted at the original EIR. Vintage loss curve model is used for ECL computation of retail portfolio which involves assessment of performance of segmented portfolio over a time period. The model tracks month-wise losses during the loan tenor. Vintage loss rate models provide a simple, reasonable model for both one-year and lifetime expected credit loss forecasts. For wholesale portfolio, ECL computation is done for each loan account based on CRISIL default study and International Review Board ("IRB") guidelines.

ECL is measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:

- 12-month ECL, i.e. ECL that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date (referred to as Stage 1); or
- full lifetime ECL, i.e. lifetime ECL that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instrument (referred to as Stage 2 and Stage 3).

A loss allowance for full lifetime ECL is required for a financial instrument if the credit risk on that

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financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. For all other financial instruments, ECLs are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL.

The Company measures ECL on an individual basis, or on a collective basis for portfolios of loans that share similar economic risk characteristics. The measurement of the loss allowance is based on the present value of the asset's expected cash flows using the asset's original EIR, regardless of whether it is measured on an individual basis or a collective basis.

Key elements of ECL computation are outlined below:

- Probability of default ("PD") is an estimate of the likelihood that customer will default over a given time horizon. A default may only happen at a certain time over the assessed period, if the facility has not been previously de-recognised and is still in the portfolio.
- Loss given default ("LGD") estimates the normalised loss which Company incurs post customer default. It is usually expressed as a percentage of the Exposure at default ("EAD").
- Effective interest rate ("EIR") is the rate that discounts estimated future cash flows through the expected life of financial instrument. For calculating EIR any upfront fees needs to be excluded from the loans and advance amount.

Credit impaired financial assets

A financial asset is 'credit impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Credit-impaired financial assets are referred to as Stage 3 assets. Evidence of credit-impairment includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as a default or past due event;
- the lender of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties; or
- the purchase of a financial asset at a deep discount that reflects the incurred credit losses.

A loan is considered credit-impaired when a concession is granted to the borrower due to a deterioration in the borrower's financial condition, unless there is evidence that as a result of granting the concession the risk of not receiving the contractual cash flows has reduced significantly and there are no other indicators of impairment.

Definition of default

Critical to the determination of ECL is the definition of default. The definition of default is used in measuring the amount of ECL and in the determination of whether the loss allowance is based on 12-month or lifetime ECL, as default is a component of the probability of default ("PD") which affects both the measurement of ECLs and the identification of a significant increase in credit risk.

Default considered for computation of ECL computation is as per the applicable prudential regulatory norms.

Significant increase in credit risk

The Company monitors all financial assets, issued loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts that are subject to the impairment requirements to assess whether there has been a

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significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. The Company's accounting policy is not to use the practical expedient that financial assets with 'low' credit risk at the reporting date are deemed not to have had a significant increase in credit risk.

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the reporting date based on the remaining maturity of the instrument with the risk of a default occurring that was anticipated for the remaining maturity at the current reporting date when the financial instrument was first recognised. In making this assessment, the Company considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort, based on the Company's expert credit assessment.

Modification and derecognition of financial assets

A modification of a financial asset occurs when the contractual terms governing the cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified between initial recognition and maturity of the financial asset. A modification affects the amount and/ or timing of the contractual cash flows either immediately or at a future date. In addition, the introduction or adjustment of existing covenants of an existing loan would constitute a modification even if these new or adjusted covenants do not yet affect the cash flows immediately but may affect the cash flows depending on whether the covenant is or is not met (e.g. a change to the increase in the interest rate that arises when covenants are breached).

The Company renegotiates loans to customers in financial difficulty to maximise collection and minimise the risk of default. Loan forbearance is granted in cases where although the borrower made all reasonable efforts to pay under the original contractual terms, there is a high risk of default or default has already happened and the borrower is expected to be able to meet the revised terms. The revised terms in most of the cases include an extension of the maturity of the loan, changes to the timing of the cash flows of the loan (principal and interest repayment), reduction in the amount of cash flows due (principal and interest forgiveness) and amendments to covenants.

When a financial asset is modified, the Company assesses whether this modification results in derecognition. In accordance with the Company's policy, a modification results in derecognition when it gives rise to substantially different terms. To determine if the modified terms are substantially different from the original contractual terms the Company considers the following:

Qualitative factors, such as contractual cash flows after modification are no longer SPPI, change in currency or change of counterparty, the extent of change in interest rates, maturity, covenants. If these do not clearly indicate a substantial modification, then a quantitative assessment is performed to compare the present value of the remaining contractual cash flows under the original terms with the contractual cash flows under the revised terms, both amounts discounted at the original effective interest.

In the case where the financial asset is derecognised, the loss allowance for ECL is remeasured at the date of derecognition to determine the net carrying amount of the asset at that date. The difference between this revised carrying amount and the fair value of the new financial asset with the new terms will lead to a gain or loss on derecognition. The new financial asset will have a loss allowance measured based on 12-month ECL except in the rare occasions where the new loan is considered to be originated-credit impaired. This applies only in the case where the fair value of the new loan is recognised at a significant discount to its revised par amount because there remains a high risk of

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default which has not been reduced by the modification. The Company monitors credit risk of modified financial assets by evaluating qualitative and quantitative information, such as if the borrower is in past due status under the new terms.

When the contractual terms of a financial asset are modified and the modification does not result in derecognition, the Company determines if the financial asset's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition.

For financial assets modified, where modification did not result in derecognition, the estimate of PD reflects the Company's ability to collect the modified cash flows taking into account the Company's previous experience of similar forbearance action, as well as various behavioural indicators, including the borrower's payment performance against the modified contractual terms. If the credit risk remains significantly higher than what was expected at initial recognition the loss allowance will continue to be measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. The loss allowance on forborne loans will generally only be measured based on 12-month ECL when there is evidence of the borrower's improved repayment behaviour following modification leading to a reversal of the previous significant increase in credit risk.

Where a modification does not lead to derecognition the Company calculates the modification gain/loss comparing the gross carrying amount before and after the modification (excluding the ECL allowance). Then the Company measures ECL for the modified asset, where the expected cash flows arising from the modified financial asset are included in calculating the expected cash shortfalls from the original asset.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the asset's cash flows expire (including expiry arising from a modification with substantially different terms), or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are transferred to another entity. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain/loss that had been recognised in OCI and accumulated in equity is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, with the exception of equity investment designated as measured at FVTOCI, where the cumulative gain/loss previously recognised in OCI is not subsequently reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Write-off

Loans and debt securities are written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering the financial asset (either in its entirety or a portion of it). This is the case when the Company determines that the borrower does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. The Company may apply enforcement activities to financial assets written off. Recoveries resulting from the Company's enforcement activities will result in impairment gains.

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Financial liabilities and equity Instruments

Debt and equity instruments that are issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Compound instruments

The component parts of compound instruments (e.g. convertible notes) issued by the Company are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. A conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is an equity instrument.

At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for similar non-convertible instruments.

A conversion option classified as equity is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound instrument as a whole. This is recognised and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently re-measured. In addition, the conversion option classified as equity will remain in equity until the conversion option is exercised, in which case, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to other component of equity. Where the conversion option remains unexercised at the maturity date of the convertible note, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to retained earnings. No gain/ loss is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss upon conversion or expiration of the conversion option.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible notes are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are recognised directly in equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability component and are amortised over the life of the convertible notes using the effective interest rate method.

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Financial liabilities that are not held-for-trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are determined based on the effective interest rate method.

The effective interest rate method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the

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amortised cost of a financial liability.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet only if there is an enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts with an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously

(I) Investment in subsidiaries

Investment in subsidiaries is recognised at cost and is not adjusted to fair value at the end of each reporting period as allowed by Ind AS 27 'Separate financial statement'. Cost of investment represents amount paid for acquisition of the said investment.

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period, if there are any indications that the said investment may be impaired. If so, the Company estimates the recoverable value/amount of the investment and provides for impairment, if any i.e. the deficit in the recoverable value over cost.

(m) Cash and bank balances

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash and bank balances also include fixed deposits, margin money deposits, earmarked balances with banks and other bank balances which have restrictions on repatriation. Short term and liquid investments being subject to more than insignificant risk of change in value, are not included as part of cash and cash equivalents.

(n) Goods and service tax input credit

Goods and service tax input credit is accounted for in the books in the period in which the supply of goods or service received is accounted and when there is no uncertainty in availing/ utilising the credits.

(o) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include interest expense calculated using the EIR method.

(p) Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

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Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

(q) Segment reporting

The Company's primary business segments are reflected based on the principal business carried out, i.e. financing. All other activities of the Company revolve around the main business. The risk and returns of the business of the Company is not associated with geographical segmentation, hence there is no secondary segment reporting based on geographical segment. As such, there are no separate reportable segments.

(r) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognised only when:

- an entity has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event; and
- it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Provisions (excluding retirement benefits) are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent liability is disclosed in case of:

- a present obligation arising from past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and
- a present obligation arising from past events, when no reliable estimate is possible.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the Notes. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

(s) Statement of Cash Flows

Statement of Cash Flows is prepared segregating the cash flows into operating, investing and financing activities. Cash flow from operating activities is reported using indirect method adjusting the net profit for the effects of:

- changes during the period in operating receivables and payables transactions of a non-cash nature;
- non-cash items such as depreciation, provisions, deferred taxes and unrealised foreign currency gains and losses.
- all other items for which the cash effects are investing or financing cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents (including bank balances) shown in the Statement of Cash Flows exclude

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items which are not available for general use as on the date of balance sheet.

(t) Derivative financial instruments and hedging

The company holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency and interest rate risk exposures relating to foreign currency borrowings. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if certain criteria are met.

The company designates only the change in fair value of the spot element of the forward exchange contract as the hedging instrument in cash flow hedging relationships. The effective portion of changes in fair value of hedging instruments is accumulated in a cash flow hedge reserve as a separate component of equity.

The forward cost are separately accounted for as a cost of hedging and are recognised in OCI and accumulated in a cost of hedging reserve as a separate component within equity.

Cash flow hedges

When a derivative is designated as a cash flow hedging instrument, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognised in OCI and accumulated under the heading of Cash Flow Hedge Reserve. Any ineffective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognised immediately in profit or loss, and is included in the other Income line item.

The amount accumulated in equity is retained in OCI and reclassified to profit or loss in the same period or periods during which the hedged forecast cash flows affect profit or loss or the hedged item affects profit or loss.

If the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, or the designation is revoked, then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. If the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, then the amount accumulated in equity is reclassified to profit or loss.

(u) Leases

The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at the inception of the contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company considers whether (i) the contract involves the use of identified asset; (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of the asset through the period of lease and (iii) the Company has right to direct the use of the asset.

As a lessee

The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

Certain lease arrangements include the option to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. The right-of-use assets and lease liabilities include these options when it is reasonably

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certain that the option will be exercised.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprises of fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments, amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and the exercise price under a purchase option that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option.

The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

Lease liability and the right of use asset have been separately presented in the balance sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing activities.

The Company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short term leases that have a lease term of less than or equal to 12 months with no purchase option and assets with low value leases. The Company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense in statement of profit and loss over the lease term. The related cash flows are classified as operating activities.

As a lessor

Leases for which the Company is a lessor is classified as finance or operating leases. When the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

When the Company is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sublease separately. The sublease is classified as a finance or operating lease by reference to the right of use asset arising from the head lease.

Critical accounting estimate and judgement

1. Determination of lease term

Ind AS 116 Leases requires lessee to determine the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease

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adjusted with any option to extend or terminate the lease, if the use of such option is reasonably certain. The Company makes assessment on the expected lease term on lease by lease basis and thereby assesses whether it is reasonably certain that any options to extend or terminate the contract will be exercised. In evaluating the lease term, the Company considers factors such as any significant leasehold improvements undertaken over the lease term, costs relating to the termination of lease and the importance of the underlying to the Company's operations taking into account the location of the underlying asset and the availability of the suitable alternatives. The lease term in future periods is reassessed to ensure that the lease term reflects the current economic circumstances.

2. Discount rate

The discount rate is generally based on the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease being evaluated or for a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

The Company as a lessee

As a lessee, the Company leases assets which includes gold loan branches/office premises and vehicles to employees. The Company previously classified leases as operating or finance leases based on its assessment of whether the lease transferred significantly all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset to the Company. Under Ind AS 116, the Company recognises right-to-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

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Note 4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Cash and cash equivalents			
Cash on hand	486.47	202.19	799.73
Balance with Banks			
- In current accounts	34,908.53	20,210.04	1,962.37
- In deposit accounts	8,170.64	106.32	3,300.00
- Interest accrued on above fixed deposits	3.73	0.17	0.61
Total	43,569.37	20,518.72	6,062.71

Note 5. Bank Balance (Other Than Cash and Cash Equivalents)

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Balance with Banks in earmarked accounts towards unclaimed amount on NCD and dividend	136.07	116.53	95.70
In Deposit accounts (refer note 5.1)	12,324.60	15,230.05	10,270.00
Interest accrued on fixed deposits (refer note 5.1)	57.99	59.69	78.30
Total	12,518.66	15,406.27	10,444.00

Note 5.1 Out of the Fixed Deposits shown above

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Lien marked	8,034.96	10,752.43	6,021.13
Margin for credit enhancement	4,347.63	4,537.31	4,063.00
Other deposits	-	-	264.17
Total	12,382.59	15,289.74	10,348.30

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 6: Derivative Financial Instruments

(₹ in millions)

	As	As at March 31, 2022			at March 31, 202	1	As at March 31, 2020		
Part I	Notional amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	Notional amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	Notional amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities
(i) Currency derivatives									
- Spot and forwards	36,943.78	458.53	1,494.62	39,396.29	416.88	973.81	40,648.82	2,405.21	-
(ii) Interest rate derivatives									
- Forward rate agreements and interest rate swaps	6,955.00	185.60	-	6,955.00	-	212.88	6,955.00	-	267.63
(iii) Credit derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Equity linked derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Other derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Forward exchange contract	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	43,898.78	644.13	1,494.62	46,351.29	416.88	1,186.69	47,603.82	2,405.21	267.63

(₹ in millions)

	As	at March 31, 20	1 31, 2022 As at		at March 31, 2021		As	at March 31, 20	20
Part II	Notional amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	Notional amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	Notional amounts	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities
Included in above (Part I) are derivatives held for hedging and risk management purposes as follows:									
(i) Fair value hedging	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Cash flow hedging									
- Currency derivatives	36,943.78	458.53	1,494.62	39,396.29	416.88	973.81	-	-	-
- Interest rate derivative	6,955.00	185.60	-	6,955.00	-	212.88	-	-	-
(iii) Net investment hedging	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Undesignated derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Currency derivative				-	-	-	40,648.82	2,405.21	-
- Interest rate derivative		-		-	-	-	6,955.00	-	267.63
Forward exchange contract	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	43,898.78	644.13	1,494.62	46,351.29	416.88	1,186.69	47,603.82	2,405.21	267.63

Credit Risk and Currency Risk

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Tota	Total		e Traded	Over the Counter	
Par ticulars	Notional	Fair value	Notional	Fair value	Notional	Fair value
Year ended March 31, 2022						
Derivative Asset	13,825.00	644.13	-	-	13,825.00	644.13
Derivative Liabilities	30,073.78	1,494.62	-	-	30,073.78	1,494.62
Year ended March 31, 2021						
Derivative Asset	6,870.00	416.88	-	-	6,870.00	416.88
Derivative Liabilities	39,481.29	1,186.69	-	-	39,481.29	1,186.69
Year ended March 31, 2020						
Derivative Asset	40,648.82	2,405.21	-	-	40,648.82	2,405.21
Derivative Liabilities	6,955.00	267.63	-	-	6,955.00	267.63

Note: During the year ended March 31, 2020 the Company had open derivatives contracts of USD 2,643,750 without any corresponding financial instruments. The Company had subsquently cancelled the same on May 26, 2020.

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6.1 Hedging activities and derivatives

The Company is exposed to certain risks relating to its ongoing business operations. The primary risks managed using derivative instruments are interest rate and currency risk.

6.1.1 Derivatives designated as hedging instruments

The foreign currency and interest rate risk on borrowings have been actively hedged through a combination of forward contracts and interest rate swaps.

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk arising from its foreign currency borrowings. Interest on the borrowing is payable at a floating rate linked to the Benchmark plus Margin. The Company has hedged the interest rate risk arising from the debt with a 'receive floating pay fixed' interest rate swap.

The Company uses Cross Currency Swap Contracts and Forward Exchange Contracts to hedge its risks associated with interest rate and currency risk arising from the foreign currency loans. The Company designates such contracts in a cash flow hedging relationship by applying the hedge accounting principles as per IND AS. These contracts are stated at fair value of the spot element of the forward exchange contracts at each reporting date. Changes in the fair value of these contracts that are designated as effective hedge of future cash flows are recognised directly in the "Cash Flow Hedge Reserve" under Other Comprehensive Income and the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedged instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting.

There is an economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument as the terms of the Forward contracts/Interest Rate Swaps match that of the foreign currency borrowings (notional amount, interest payment dates, principal repayment date, etc.). The Company has established a hedge ratio of 1:1 for the hedging relationships as the underlying risk of the Forward contracts/interest rate swaps are identical to the hedged risk components.

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Notional amount	43,898.78	46,351.29	-
Carrying amount	850.49	769.81	-
Line item in the statement of financial position	Derivative financial	Derivative financial	Derivative financial
	instrument	instrument	instrument
Change in fair value used for measuring ineffectiveness for the year	(105.75)	(217.80)	-
(Profit/ (Loss))			

(₹ in millions)

Impact of hedging item	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Change in fair value (Profit/ (Loss))	(105.75)	(217.80)	-
Cash flow hedge reserve (Profit/ (Loss))	(105.75)	(217.80)	-
Cost of hedging	-	-	•

(₹ in millions)

Effect of Cash flow hedge	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Total hedging gain / (loss) recognised in OCI	(105.75)	(217.80)	-
Ineffectiveness recognised in profit/ (loss)	-	-	(53.10)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 7. Receivables (₹ in millions)

Deutlindens	As at March 31,	As at March 31,	As at March 31,
Particulars	2022	2021	2020
(i) Trade Receivables			
Receivables considered good - Secured	1,345.00	1,564.65	-
Receivables considered good - Unsecured *	60.43	29.08	122.20
Receivables - credit impaired	0.03	2.95	2.95
Total- Gross	1,405.46	1,596.68	125.15
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(0.03)	(2.95)	(2.95)
Total- Net	1,405.43	1,593.73	122.20
(ii) Other Receivables			
Receivables considered good - Unsecured	158.00	5.10	

^{*} Including receivables from Group/Subsidiaries Company (refer note 42.2)

Note 7.1 Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule (Gross)

(₹ in millions)

	As at March 31, 2022						
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
(i)Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	1,404.17	1.07	0.19	-	-	1,405.43	
(ii)Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(iii)Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	0.03	-	0.03	
(iv)Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(v)Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(vi)Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	1,404.17	1.07	0.19	0.03	-	1,405.46	

(₹ in millions)

	As at March 31, 2021						
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
(i)Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	1,593.55	0.05	0.03	0.08	0.02	1,593.73	
(ii)Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in	-	-	-	-	-	-	
credit risk							
(iii)Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	0.13	0.03	2.79	-	2.95	
(iv)Disputed Trade Receivables– considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(v)Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in	-	-	-	-	-	-	
credit risk							
(vi)Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-		•	-	-	
Total	1,593.55	0.18	0.06	2.87	0.02	1,596.68	

(₹ in millions)

	As at March 31, 2020						
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
(i)Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	99.71	20.31	2.08	0.10	-	122.20	
(ii)Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(iii)Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	2.95	-	-	2.95	
(iv)Disputed Trade Receivables – considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(v)Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(vi)Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	99.71	20.31	5.03	0.10	-	125.15	

Notes

- 1. No trade or other receivables are due from directors or other officer of the company either severally or jointly, with any other person. No trade or other receivables are due from firms including limited liability partnerships, private companies in which any director is a partner or a director or a member.
- 2. The Company has adopted simplified approach for impairment allowance on trade receivables. Expected credit loss ("ECL") has been recognised on credit impaired receivables.
- 3. Trade receivables are non-interest bearing.

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Note 8. Loans (₹ in millions)

	As at March 31, 2022					
Particulars	Amortised cost	At Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income *	Total			
(A)						
(i) Term Loans	81,082.82	27,997.37	109,080.19			
(ii) Non Convertible Debentures - for financing real estate projects	17,168.44	-	17,168.44			
(iii) Inter corporate deposit	-	-	-			
(iv) Related parties	2.02	-	2.02			
(v) Others (Dues from Customers etc)	8,543.05	-	8,543.05			
Total (A) - Gross	106,796.33	27,997.37	134,793.70			
Less: Impairment loss allowance (including Stage 3 ECL on Principal ₹	(5,726.46)	(226.78)	(5,953.24)			
1,601.47 million and Stage 3 Interest ₹ 397.62 million)						
Total (A) - Net	101,069.87	27,770.59	128,840.46			
(B)						
(i) Secured by tangible assets (refer note 8.1 and 8.2)	85,762.21	27,997.37	113,759.58			
(ii) Secured by intangible assets	-	-	-			
(iii) Covered by Bank/ Government guarantees	1,025.16	-	1,025.16			
(iv) Unsecured	20,008.96	-	20,008.96			
Total (B) - Gross	106,796.33	27,997.37	134,793.70			
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(5,726.46)	(226.78)	(5,953.24)			
Total (B) - Net	101,069.87	27,770.59	128,840.46			
(C)						
(I) Loans in India						
(i) Public Sector	-	-	-			
(ii) Others	106,796.33	27,997.37	134,793.70			
Total (C) (I) - Gross	106,796.33	27,997.37	134,793.70			
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(5,726.46)	(226.78)	(5,953.24)			
Total (C) (I) - Net	101,069.87	27,770.59	128,840.46			
(II) Loans outside India (C) (II)	-	-	-			
Total C (I) and C (II)	101,069.87	27,770.59	128,840.46			

^{*} Loans classified under Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income relate to those available for sale in their present condition.

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

	As at March 31, 2021				
Particulars	Amortised cost	At Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income *	Total		
(A)					
(i) Term Loans	94,549.65	29,139.42	123,689.07		
(ii) Non Convertible Debentures - for financing real estate projects	22,713.41	-	22,713.41		
(iii) Inter corporate deposit (refer note 42.2)	4,842.14	-	4,842.14		
(iv) Others (Dues from Customers etc)	13,028.09	-	13,028.09		
Total (A) - Gross	135,133.29	29,139.42	164,272.71		
Less: Impairment loss allowance (including Stage 3 ECL on Principal ₹	(8,095.05)	(234.67)	(8,329.72)		
2,087.08 million and Stage 3 Interest ₹ 560.88 million)					
Total (A) - Net	127,038.24	28,904.75	155,942.99		
(B)					
(i) Secured by tangible assets (refer note 8.1 and 8.2)	112,943.47	25,962.75	138,906.22		
(ii) Secured by intangible assets	-	-	-		
(iii) Covered by Bank/ Government guarantees	1,478.08	-	1,478.08		
(iv) Unsecured	20,711.74	3,176.67	23,888.41		
Total (B) - Gross	135,133.29	29,139.42	164,272.71		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(8,095.05)	(234.67)	(8,329.72)		
Total (B) - Net	127,038.24	28,904.75	155,942.99		
(C)					
(I) Loans in India					
(i) Public Sector	-	-	-		
(ii) Others	135,133.29	29,139.42	164,272.71		
Total (C) (I) - Gross	135,133.29	29,139.42	164,272.71		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(8,095.05)	(234.67)	(8,329.72)		
Total (C) (I) - Net	127,038.24	28,904.75	155,942.99		
(II) Loans outside India (C) (II)	-	-	-		
Total C (I) and C (II)	127,038.24	28,904.75	155,942.99		

^{*} Loans classified under Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income relate to those available for sale in their present condition.

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

(₹ in millions)

	As at March 31, 2020				
Particulars	Amortised cost	At Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income *	Total		
Loans					
(A)					
(i) Term Loans	78,893.74	28,513.66	107,407.40		
(ii) Non Convertible Debentures - for financing real estate projects	23,787.05	-	23,787.05		
(iii) Inter corporate deposit (refer note 42.2)	11,060.93	-	11,060.93		
(iv) Others (Dues from Customers etc)	7,175.28	-	7,175.28		
Total (A) - Gross	120,917.00	28,513.66	149,430.66		
Less: Impairment loss allowance (including Stage 3 ECL on Principal ₹ 2,973.14 million and Stage 3 Interest ₹ 1,318.26 million)	(6,973.37)	(265.56)	(7,238.93)		
Total (A) - Net	113,943.63	28,248.10	142,191.73		
(B)		29,2 10.20			
(i) Secured by tangible assets (refer note 8.1 and 8.2)	86,394.50	24,543.88	110,938.38		
(ii) Secured by intangible assets	-	-	-		
(iii) Covered by Bank/ Government guarantees	-	-	-		
(iv) Unsecured	34,522.50	3,969.78	38,492.28		
Total (B) - Gross	120,917.00	28,513.66	149,430.66		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(6,973.37)	(265.56)	(7,238.93)		
Total (B) - Net	113,943.63	28,248.10	142,191.73		
(C)					
(I) Loans in India					
(i) Public Sector	-	-	-		
(ii) Others	120,917.00	28,513.66	149,430.66		
Total (C) (I) - Gross	120,917.00	28,513.66	149,430.66		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(6,973.37)	(265.56)	(7,238.93)		
Total (C) (I) - Net	113,943.63	28,248.10	142,191.73		
(II) Loans outside India (C) (II)	-	-	-		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	-	-		
Total (C) (II)- Net		-	-		
Total C (I) and C (II)	113,943.63	28,248.10	142,191.73		

^{*} Loans classified under Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income relate to those available for sale in their present condition.

Notes:

- 8.1 Secured loans are secured by way of equitable mortgage of property, pledge of shares, hypothecation of assets, company personal guarantees, physical gold, undertaking to create security.
- 8.2 Secured loans include loans aggregating to ₹2,003.15 million (March 31, 2021 ₹2,664.76 million and March 31, 2020 ₹3,434.30 million) in respect of which the creation of security is under process.
- 8.3 The Company's assessment of impairment loss allowance on its loans and other assets is subject to a number of management judgments and estimates. In relation to COVID-19, judgments and assumptions included the extent and duration of the pandemic, the impacts of actions of governments and other authorities, and the responses of businesses and consumers in different industries, along with the associated impact on the global economy. Given the dynamic nature of pandemic situation, the Company's impairment loss allowance estimates are inherently uncertain due to severity and duration of the pandemic and, as a result, actual results may differ from these estimates as on the date of approval of these Standalone Financial Statements.

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 9. Investments (₹ in millions)

	Λ.	s at March 31, 2022	(**************************************
		S at March 31, 2022	
Particulars	At Fair Value through profit and loss	At Cost	Total
(A)			
Mutual funds	0.04	-	0.04
Alternate investment funds	9,552.17	-	9,552.17
Security receipts	4,453.91	-	4,453.91
Equity instruments:			
in subsidiaries	-	14,103.33	14,103.33
in others	-	-	-
Total (A) - Gross	14,006.12	14,103.33	28,109.45
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(3,620.91)	-	(3,620.91)
Total (A) - Net	10,385.21	14,103.33	24,488.54
(B)			
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	-
(ii) Investments in India	14,006.12	14,103.33	28,109.45
Total (B) - Gross	14,006.12	14,103.33	28,109.45
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(3,620.91)	-	(3,620.91)
Total (B) - Net	10,385.21	14,103.33	24,488.54

	A	As at March 31, 2021			
Particulars	At Fair Value through profit and loss	At Cost	Total		
(A)					
Mutual funds	118.18	-	118.18		
Alternate investment funds	71.06	-	71.06		
Equity instruments:					
in subsidiaries	-	11,853.33	11,853.33		
in others	-	-	-		
Total (A) - Gross	189.24	11,853.33	12,042.57		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	-	-		
Total (A) - Net	189.24	11,853.33	12,042.57		
(B)					
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	-		
(ii) Investments in India	189.24	11,853.33	12,042.57		
Total (B) - Gross	189.24	11,853.33	12,042.57		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	-	-		
Total (B) - Net	189.24	11,853.33	12,042.57		

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

		As at March 31, 2020				
Particulars	At Fair Value through profit and loss	At Cost	Total			
(0)						
(A)			22.22			
Mutual funds	66.32	-	66.32			
Alternate investment funds	50.01	-	50.01			
Government securities	5,220.80	-	5,220.80			
Debt securities:						
in subsidiaries	447.01	-	447.01			
in others	0.23	-	0.23			
Equity instruments:						
in subsidiaries	-	11,969.21	11,969.21			
in others	1,813.13	-	1,813.13			
Others	18.76		18.76			
Total (A) - Gross	7,616.26	11,969.21	19,585.47			
Less: Impairment loss allowance						
Total (A) - Net			-			
(B)						
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	-			
(ii) Investments in India	7,616.26	11,969.21	19,585.47			
Total (B) - Gross	7,616.26	11,969.21	19,585.47			
Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	-	-			
Total (B) - Net	7,616.26	11,969.21	19,585.47			

Note 9.1 Investment details script wise

Mutual funds IIFL Focused Equity Fund-Direct Plan-Growth Nippon India Mutual Fund ETF Liquid Bees	Quantity (in actuals)	Face value per unit (in ₹)		Quantity	Face value per	Carrying Value	Quantity	Face value per unit	
IIFL Focused Equity Fund-Direct Plan-Growth	(in actuals)	unit (in ₹)							
IIFL Focused Equity Fund-Direct Plan-Growth			(₹ in millions)	(in actuals)	unit (in ₹)	(₹ in millions)	(in actuals)	(in ₹)	Carrying Value
IIFL Focused Equity Fund-Direct Plan-Growth			0.04			118.18			66.3
	-	-	-	4,562,418.45	10	118.18	4,562,418.45	10	66.3
	35.20	1,000	0.04	1,002,120.10			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Alternate investment fund	55.25	2,000	9,552.17			71.06			50.0
Phi Capital Growth Fund-I	306.78	100,000	100.56	298.40	100,000	43.08	173.97	100,000	21.1
Indiareit Apartment Fund - Class B	20.01	100,000	2.36	22.63	100,000	3.58	23.20	100,000	4.2
IIFL Income Opportunities Fund- Special Situation - Class B	-	-	-	932,923.14	3.9963	2.03	932,923.14	3.9963	2.04
IIFL Income Opportunities Fund- Special Situation - Class S	-	-	-	10,278,484.68	3.9963	22.37	10,278,484.68	3.9963	22.53
IIFL One Value Fund Series B - Class B	474,523,611.28	10	4,895.03	-	-	-		-	-
IIFL One Value Fund Series B - Class C	415,940,426.88	10	4,459.38	_	-	_	_	-	_
Faering Capital Growth Fund III	15,500.00	1,000	15.01	_	-	_	_	-	-
IIFL Securities Capital Enhancer Fund - Class S	3,999,800.01	10	40.29	-	_	_	_	-	_
IIFL Securities Capital Enhancer Fund - Class E	1,999.90	10.03	0.02	_	-	_	_	-	_
IIFL One Opportunities FoF - Series 1	3,065,261.70	10	39.52	-	-	-	=	-	-
Security receipts			4,453.91			-			-
ACRE - 110 - Trust	3,825,000.00	951.75	3,620.91	-	-	-			
Arcil-SBPS-049-I- Trust	833,000.00	1,000	833.00						
Government securities									5,220.80
Government securities	_	_	_	_		_	50,000,000.00	100	5,220.80
dovernment securities	-		_			_	30,000,000.00	100	3,220.80
Debt securities (in subsidiaries)			-			-			447.01
8.93 % IIFL Home Finance-2023 (formerly known as India	-	-	=		-	-	500.00	1,000,000	447.0
Infoline Housing Finance Limited)									
Debt securities (other than subsidiaries)			-			-			0.23
9.25% DHFL - 2023	_	_	_	_		_	8,908.00	1,000	0.23
3.23% DTH E 2023							0,300.00	1,000	0.2.
Equity instruments (other than subsidiaries)			-			_			1,813.13
TransUnion CIBIL Limited	-	-	_	-	-	-	250,000.00	10	988.50
SBI Cards and Payment Services Limited (formerly known as SB	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,332,955.00	10	824.63
Cards and Payment Services Private Limited)									
Equity instruments (in subsidiaries)			14,103.33			11,853.33			11,969.2
IIFL Home Finance Limited	20,968,181.00	10	8,254.77	20,968,181.00	10	8,254.77	20,968,181.00	10	8,254.7
IIFL Samasta Finance Limited (Formerly Samasta Microfinance		10	5,848.56	237,683,022.00	10	3,598.56	261,318,160.00	10	3,714.29
Limited)									
Clara Developers Private Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,000.00	10	0.1
Others			-			-			18.7
IRB InvIT Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	732,500.00	93.50	18.70
Fotal Gross			28,109.45			12,042.57			19,585.47

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 10. Other Financial Assets

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
(Unsecured, considered good)	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Security deposits	318.51	259.45	232.24
Deposit with Exchange	2.50	2.80	25.40
Interest strip asset on assignment	4,558.08	1,423.99	772.84
Staff advances	0.48	0.47	0.76
Insurance receivable	446.57	472.77	286.10
Less: Provision on insurance receivable (refer note 10.1)	(220.09)	(129.26)	(59.87)
Other receivables	23.97	2.75	185.75
Accrued interest on investments	-	-	133.18
Other advances	55.73	46.70	46.70
(Unsecured, considered doubtful)			
Security deposits	3.20	2.81	4.90
Less : Provision on security deposits (refer note 10.2)	(3.20)	(2.81)	(4.90)
Total	5,185.75	2,079.67	1,623.10

Note 10.1 Provision on Insurance Receivable:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Opening	129.26	59.87	71.38
Addition	162.19	72.79	6.43
Reduction	(71.36)	(3.40)	(17.94)
Closing	220.09	129.26	59.87

Note 10.2 Provision on Security Deposits:

Particulars	As at	As at	As at March 31, 2020	
ratticulats	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021		
Opening	2.81	4.90	8.05	
Addition	7.42	4.43	2.88	
Reduction	(7.03)	(6.52)	(6.03)	
Closing	3.20	2.81	4.90	

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 11. Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities

Significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Opening balance (as on April 01, 2021)	Recognised in profit and loss account	Recognised in/ reclassified from OCI	Closing balance (as on March 31, 2022)
Deferred tax assets				
Property, plant and equipment	224.20	27.64	-	251.84
Provisions, allowances for doubtful receivables / loans	1,996.93	(564.31)	-	1,432.62
Compensated absences and retirement benefits	32.39	(1.77)	(2.42)	28.20
Deduction for provision for doubtful debts	-	55.74	-	55.74
Income amortisation (net)	(329.37)	(795.98)	-	(1,125.35)
Expenses deductible in future years	6.07	(1.23)	-	4.84
Carry-forward losses on investments	-	(151.74)	-	(151.74)
MTM on investment and derivative financial instruments	(5.38)	908.93	-	903.55
Cash flow hedge reserve	73.24	-	35.57	108.81
Leases- Ind AS 116	65.52	10.93	-	76.45
Total	2,063.60	(511.79)	33.15	1,584.97

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Opening balance (as on April 01, 2020)	Recognised in profit and loss account *	Recognised in/ reclassified from OCI	Closing balance (as on March 31, 2021)
Deferred tax assets				
Property, plant and equipment	209.38	14.82	ı	224.20
Provisions, allowances for doubtful receivables / loans	1,745.21	251.72	-	1,996.93
Compensated absences and retirement benefits	34.36	0.29	(2.26)	32.39
Income amortisation (net)	(149.86)	(179.51)		(329.37)
Expenses deductible in future years	4.84	1.23	-	6.07
Carry-forward losses on investments	121.19	(121.19)	-	-
MTM on investment and derivative financial instruments	31.06	(36.44)	-	(5.38)
Cash flow hedge reserve	-	=	73.24	73.24
Leases- Ind AS 116	31.90	33.62	-	65.52
Total	2,028.08	(35.46)	70.98	2,063.60

^{*} Includes prior period amount of ₹ 202.94 million.

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Opening balance (as on April 01, 2019)	Transfer through slump sale (refer note 35)	Effect of Rate Change (refer note 11.1)	Recognised in profit and loss account	Recognised in/ reclassified from OCI	Closing balance (as on March 31, 2020)
Deferred tax assets						
Property, plant and equipment	203.69	-	(27.64)	33.33	-	209.38
Provisions, allowances for doubtful receivables / loans	2,179.38	(74.60)	(275.89)	(83.68)	-	1,745.21
Compensated absences and retirement benefits	35.08	-	(4.76)	(4.32)	8.36	34.36
Income amortisation (net)	0.01	(7.97)	3.37	(145.27)	-	(149.86)
Expenses deductible in future years	54.34	-	(50.03)	0.53	-	4.84
Carry-forward losses on investments	68.36	-	(9.28)	62.11	-	121.19
MTM on investment and derivative financial instruments	41.11		(16.85)	6.80	-	31.06
Leases- Ind AS 116	-	-	-	31.90	-	31.90
Total	2,581.97	(82.57)	(381.08)	(98.60)	8.36	2,028.08

Note 11.1:

The recently promulgated Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance 2019 had inserted section 115BAA in the Income Tax Act, 1961 providing existing domestic companies with an option to pay tax at concessional rate of 22% plus applicable surcharge & cess. The reduced tax rates come with the consequential surrender of specified deductions & incentives. The option was to be exercised within the prescribed time for filing the return of income under section 139(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 for assessment year (AY) 20-21 or subsequent AYs. Once exercised, such an option cannot be withdrawn for the same or subsequent AYs.

The Company availed the option from previous year to pay income tax at the lower rate. Consequently, the opening deferred tax asset (net) was measured at the lower rate, with a one-time charge of ₹ 381.08 million to the statement of Profit & Loss during the year ended March 31, 2020.

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 12. Investment Property (At Cost)

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Property (Flats)*	Land	Total	
Gross carrying value				
As at April 1, 2021	1,555.53	1,121.82	2,677.35	
Additions during the year	-	259.69	259.69	
Deductions/ adjustments during the year	-	-	-	
As at March 31, 2022	1,555.53	1,381.51	2,937.04	
Less : Impairment loss allowance	-	(51.91)	(51.91)	
Net carrying value as at March 31, 2022	1,555.53	1,329.60	2,885.13	
"Fair value as on March 31, 2022	1,759.42	1,329.60	3,089.02	
(Fair value hierarchy : Level 3)"	1,759.42	1,529.00	3,069.02	

^{*}Distress value of above flats is ₹ 1,578.97 million.

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Property (Flats)*	Land	Total
Gross carrying value			
As at April 1, 2020	1,555.53	1,058.74	2,614.27
Additions during the year	-	63.08	63.08
Deductions/ adjustments during the year	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2021	1,555.53	1,121.82	2,677.35
Less : Impairment loss allowance	-	(37.33)	(37.33)
Net carrying value as at March 31, 2021	1,555.53	1,084.49	2,640.02
"Fair value as on March 31, 2021	1 710 10	1 004 53	2 704 62
(Fair value hierarchy : Level 3)"	1,710.10	1,084.53	2,794.63

^{*}Distress value of above flats is ₹ 1,596.10 million.

(₹ in millions)

			(
Particulars	Property (Flats)*	Land	Total
Gross carrying value			
As at April 1, 2019	1,555.53	1,078.74	2,634.27
Additions during the year	-	-	-
Acquisition through business combinations		(20.00)	(20.00)
Deductions/ adjustments during the year	-	-	ı
As at March 31, 2020	1,555.53	1,058.74	2,614.27
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(478.16)	(105.87)	(584.03)
Net carrying value as at March 31, 2020	1,077.37	952.87	2,030.24
"Fair value as on March 31, 2021	1,710.13	1,067.16	2,777.29
(Fair value hierarchy : Level 3)"	1,/10.13	1,067.16	2,777.29

^{*}Distress value of above flats is ₹ 1,197.07 million.

Note 12.1: Management had acquired possession of these properties in satisfaction of the debts and intends to dispose them in due course, subject to conducive market conditions. These properties have been valued taking into consideration various factors such as location, facilities & amenities, quality of construction, percentage of completion of construction (as for some properties the construction is currently on hold), residual life of building, business potential, supply & demand, local nearby enquiry, market feedback of investigation and ready recknor published by government. These valuations has been performed by an independent registered valuer registered under Rule 2 of Companies (Registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules, 2017. The fair values are based on market values, being the estimated amount for which a property could be exchanged in an arm's length transaction. These properties are not depreciated as they have not been put to use.

Note 13. Property, Plant and Equipment

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Furniture And Fixtures	Vehicles	Office Equipment	Buildings	Plant & Equipment	Computer	Total
Cost as at April 1, 2021	808.13	11.50	75.70	359.31	274.66	284.11	1,813.41
Additions during the year	471.15	-	167.69	-	132.87	149.03	920.74
Deductions/ adjustments	(16.42)	-	(1.37)	(113.72)	(9.34)	(39.32)	(180.17)
As at March 31, 2022	1,262.86	11.50	242.02	245.59	398.19	393.82	2,553.98
Depreciation							
As at April 1, 2021	365.08	9.36	46.11	84.60	135.64	217.18	857.97
Depreciation for the year	215.29	1.98	33.07	21.15	81.56	81.16	434.21
Deductions/ adjustments	(12.76)	-	(1.19)	(35.17)	(7.24)	(30.08)	(86.44)
Up to March 31, 2022	567.61	11.34	77.99	70.58	209.96	268.26	1,205.74
Net block as at March 31, 2022	695.25	0.16	164.03	175.01	188.23	125.56	1,348.24

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Furniture And Fixtures	Vehicles	Office Equipment	Buildings	Plant & Equipment	Computer	Total
Cost as at April 1, 2020	660.02	11.50	102.24	359.31	195.93	296.07	1,625.07
Additions during the year	169.12	-	11.00	-	45.77	28.80	254.69
Deductions/ adjustments	(21.01)	-	(37.54)	-	32.96	(40.76)	(66.35)
As at March 31, 2021	808.13	11.50	75.70	359.31	274.66	284.11	1,813.41
Depreciation							
As at April 1, 2020	244.52	7.38	50.64	63.45	84.43	162.65	613.07
Depreciation for the year	127.76	1.98	9.74	21.15	49.62	86.84	297.09
Deductions/ adjustments	(7.20)	-	(14.27)	-	1.59	(32.31)	(52.19)
Up to March 31, 2021	365.08	9.36	46.11	84.60	135.64	217.18	857.97
Net block as at March 31, 2021	443.05	2.14	29.59	274.71	139.02	66.93	955.44

(₹ in millions)

1/11					(\ 111 11111110113)		
Particulars	Furniture And Fixtures	Vehicles	Office Equipment	Buildings	Plant & Equipment	Computer	Total
Cost as at April 1, 2019	398.13	11.50	92.65	359.31	98.50	271.71	1,231.80
Additions during the year	273.67	-	11.17	-	107.33	103.02	495.19
Deductions/ adjustments	(11.78)	-	(1.58)	-	(9.90)	(78.66)	(101.92)
As at March 31, 2020	660.02	11.50	102.24	359.31	195.93	296.07	1,625.07
Depreciation							
As at April 1, 2019	123.14	5.00	39.12	42.30	35.26	100.79	345.61
Depreciation for the year	127.75	2.38	12.59	21.15	54.74	97.28	315.89
Deductions/ adjustments	(6.37)	-	(1.07)	-	(5.57)	(35.42)	(48.43)
Up to March 31, 2020	244.52	7.38	50.64	63.45	84.43	162.65	613.07
Net block as at March 31, 2020	415.50	4.12	51.60	295.86	111.50	133.42	1,012.00

Note 14. Capital-Work-in Progress (CWIP)

Ageing schedule

(₹ in millions)

		As at March 31, 2022					
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
Projects in progress	51.40	5.04	-	-	56.44		
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-		

(₹ in millions)

	As at March 31, 2021					
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3	More than 3	Total	
	Less than I year	1-2 years	years	years	Total	
Projects in progress	62.41	2.26	0.39	0.54	65.60	
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	•	-	

(₹ in millions)

					(\ 111 11111110113)		
		As at March 31, 2020					
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3	More than 3	Total		
			years	years			
Projects in progress	22.35	2.04	0.55	1	24.94		
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-		

No projects were delayed for completion or had exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

Note 15. Leases

(i) As a Lessee

a) Changes in the carrying value of right to use assets:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Premises	Vehicle	Total
Opening Balance as at April 01, 2021	2,789.50	4.44	2,793.94
Addition during the year	861.22	-	861.22
Deduction/Adjustment	(60.26)	-	(60.26)
Depreciation during the year	(620.32)	(2.04)	(622.36)
Closing Balance as at March 31, 2022	2,970.14	2.40	2,972.54

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Premises	Vehicle	Total
Opening Balance as at April 01, 2020	2,478.39	8.17	2,486.56
Addition during the year	987.79	0.56	988.35
Deduction/Adjustment	(88.17)	(1.12)	(89.29)
Depreciation during the year	(588.51)	(3.17)	(591.68)
Closing Balance as at March 31, 2021	2,789.50	4.44	2,793.94

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Premises	Vehicle	Total
Opening Balance as at April 01, 2019	1,854.83	6.27	1,861.10
Addition during the year	1,468.06	7.19	1,475.25
Deduction/Adjustment	(280.65)	(2.31)	(282.96)
Depreciation during the year	(563.85)	(2.98)	(566.83)
Closing Balance as at March 31, 2020	2,478.39	8.17	2,486.56

b) Break up value of the Current and Non - Current Finance Lease Obligations:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Current lease liabilities	680.49	480.76	426.11
Non-current lease liabilities	2,595.75	2,573.46	2,187.20
Total	3,276.24	3,054.22	2,613.31

c) Movement in Finance Lease Obligations:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Premises	Vehicle	Total
Balance as at April 01, 2021	3,049.39	4.83	3,054.22
Addition during the year	861.21	-	861.21
Deduction/Adjustment	(63.55)	-	(63.55)
Finance cost accrued during the period	285.32	0.35	285.67
Payment of lease liabilities	(858.87)	(2.45)	(861.32)
Closing Balance as at March 31, 2022	3,273.50	2.73	3,276.24

(₹ in millions)

			(
Particulars	Premises	Vehicle	Total
Balance as at April 01, 2020	2,604.81	8.50	2,613.31
Addition during the year	987.79	0.56	988.35
Deduction/Adjustment	(92.38)	(1.16)	(93.54)
Finance cost accrued during the period	245.27	0.60	245.87
Payment of lease liabilities	(696.10)	(3.67)	(699.77)
Closing Balance as at March 31, 2021	3,049.39	4.83	3,054.22

Particulars	Premises	Premises Vehicle		
Balance as at April 01, 2019	1,854.83	6.27	1,861.10	
Addition during the year	1,468.06	7.19	1,475.25	
Deduction/Adjustment	(286.51)	(2.24)	(288.75)	
Finance cost accrued during the period	210.91	0.69	211.60	
Payment of lease liabilities	(642.48)	(3.41)	(645.89)	
Closing Balance as at March 31, 2020	2,604.81	8.50	2,613.31	

d) Details regarding the contractual maturities of finance lease obligation on an undiscounted basis:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Less than one year	917.19	712.31	621.82
One to two years	816.55	697.95	560.66
Two to five years	1,603.41	1,548.28	1,384.91
More than five years	844.40	1,121.78	858.38
Total	4,181.55	4,080.32	3,425.77

e) Rental expense recorded for short-term leases was ₹ 24.64 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 7.84 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 86.59 million)

f) Amounts recognised in profit or loss

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Interest on lease liabilities	285.67	245.87	211.60
Expenses relating to leases of low-value assets, excluding short-term leases of low value asset	2.93	2.84	4.25
Depreciation for the year	622.36	591.68	566.83
Total	910.96	840.39	782.68

g) Amounts recognised in the statement of cash flows

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Total cash outflow for leases	861.32	699.77	645.89

(ii) As a Lessor

Operating Lease

The Company had entered into operating lease for one of its office premises. The lease had tenure between 2 to 3 years. All leases include a clause to enable upward revision of the rental charge on an annual basis according to prevailing market conditions. The total rent recognised as income during the year is Nil (March 31, 2021 ₹ 26.62 million and March 31, 2022 ₹ 32.88 million). Future minimum rentals receivable under non-cancellable operating leases are, as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Upto 1 Year	-	=	36.41
Upto 2 Year	-	-	36.41
Upto 3 Year	-	-	6.07

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 16. Other Intangible Assets

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Software
Cost or valuation as at April 1, 2021	62.08
Additions during the year	17.69
Deductions /Adjustments	-
As at March 31, 2022	79.77
Amortisation	
As at April 1, 2021	52.93
Amortisation during the year	7.68
Up to March 31, 2022	60.61
Net block as at March 31, 2022	19.16

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Software
Cost or valuation as at April 1, 2020	39.24
Additions during the year	22.84
Deductions /Adjustments	-
As at March 31, 2021	62.08
Amortisations	
As at April 1, 2020	32.85
Amortisation during the year	20.08
Up to March 31, 2021	52.93
Net block as at March 31, 2021	9.15

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Particulars	Software
Cost or valuation as at April 1, 2019	36.73
Additions during the year	2.59
Deductions /Adjustments	(0.08)
As at March 31, 2020	39.24
Amortisations	
As at April 1, 2019	21.48
Amortisation during the year	11.37
Up to March 31, 2020	32.85
Net block as at March 31, 2020	6.39

Note 17. Other Non-financial Assets

(₹ in millions)

Particulars		As at	As at
		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Unsecured, considered good			
Prepaid expenses	477.50	109.73	255.03
Receivable from securitisation trust	2,364.98	2,312.07	843.04
Advances for operational expenses*	410.74	501.04	260.87
Deposits with government	19.71	18.92	18.92
GST input	51.99	159.43	155.13
Advance towards gratuity (refer note 33.2)	10.75	2.35	-
Other assets	1.48	1.36	1.10
Total	3,337.15	3,104.90	1,534.09

^{*} Includes foreign currency payments amounting to ₹ 90.70 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 90.70 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 90.70 million)

Note 18. Assets Held For Sale

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Assets held for sale	78.44	-	-

Assets held for sale is towards a Company owned property which it intends to sell in the near future.

Note 19. Payables (₹ in millions)

	As at	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
(I)Trade payables			
(i)Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	=	-
(ii)Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and			
Outstanding dues of creditors	166.13	115.28	36.17
Accrued salaries and benefits	23.20	22.55	45.46
Provision for expenses	613.90	518.79	393.30
Other trade payables *	58.44	7.60	2.35
Total (I)	861.67	664.22	477.28
(II)Other payables			
(i)Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-
(ii)Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and	99.06	-	-
Total (II)	99.06	-	-

^{*} Including payable to Group /Subsidiaries Company (refer note 42.2)

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 19.1 Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

The following disclosure is made as per the requirement under The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2016 ("MSMED Act") on the basis of confirmations sought from suppliers on registration with the specified authorities under MSMED Act:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20
(a) Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier at the year end	-	1	-
(b) Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier at the year end	-	-	-
(c) Amount of interest paid and payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the year	-	-	-
(d) Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Act	-	-	-
(e) Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the year end	-	-	-
(f) Amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act	-	-	-

The aforementioned is based on the responses received by the Company to its inquiries with suppliers with regard to applicability under the MSMED Act. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

Note 19.2 Trade Payables Ageing Schedule

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
As at March 31, 2022	Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 More than 3 years years					
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	
(ii)Others	851.44	0.25	0.15	9.83	861.67	
(iii)Disputed dues – MSME	-	-	-	-	-	
(iv)Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	851.44	0.25	0.15	9.83	861.67	

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
As at March 31, 2021	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	
(ii)Others	651.14	5.11	0.29	7.68	664.22	
(iii)Disputed dues – MSME	-	-	-	-	=	
(iv)Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	=	
Total	651.14	5.11	0.29	7.68	664.22	

Particulars	Out	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
As at March 31, 2020	Less than 1 year	Less than 1 year 1-2 years 2-3 More than 3 years years					
(i) MSME	-	-	-	=	-		
(ii)Others	472.77	0.50	0.07	3.94	477.28		
(iii)Disputed dues – MSME	-	-	-	-	-		
(iv)Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-		
Total	472.77	0.50	0.07	3.94	477.28		

Note 20. Debt Securities (₹ in millions)

	At Amortised Cost						
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020				
(i) Non Convertible Debentures (refer note (a), (b) and 20.1) - Secured	49,483.57	51,809.28	57,123.20				
Less: Unamortised debenture issue expenses	(266.61)	(266.23)	(383.15)				
Less : Unexpired discount on NCD	(15.70)	(36.29)	(56.19)				
(ii) Interest accrued but not due	1,851.57	1,939.97	1,504.30				
Total (A)	51,052.83	53,446.73	58,188.16				
Debt securities in India	25,845.54	24,698.91	29,107.90				
Debt securities outside India	25,207.29	28,747.82	29,080.26				
Total (B)	51,052.83	53,446.73	58,188.16				

(a) The Non Convertible Debentures are secured by way of first pari-passu charge on immovable property, current assets, book debts, loans and advances including receivables other than those specifically charged.

(b) During the year ended March 31, 2020 the Company had borrowed ₹ 28,557.00 million (equivalent to USD 400 million) under Secured Medium Term Note Programme. These are secured by way of all rights, titles, interest, benefits, claims and demands, whatsoever of the Company in, to and in respect of, all present and future, receivables/assets, including Company's accounts, operating cash flows, current assets, book debts, stock in trade, loans and advances and receivables, both present and future to the extent of complying with the Security Coverage Ratio, but excluding the Ineligible Assets.

Note 20.1 - Terms of repayment

	As at Marc	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
Residual Maturity	Rate of Interest / Yield	Amount (₹ in millions)	Rate of Interest / Yield	Amount (₹ in millions)	Rate of Interest / Yield	Amount	
Non Convertible Debentures (Secured)							
Fixed:		46,153.71		49,573.63		46,853.57	
More than 5 years	8.33% - 8.60%	5,700.00	-	=	-	=	
3-5 Years	8.42% - 8.75%	2,833.34	-	=	9.75% - 10.20%	32,058.40	
1-3 Years	8.00% - 11.03%	32,372.38	8.00% - 11.09%	37,196.83	8.00% - 10.20%	9,420.17	
Less than 1 year	8.00% - 9.85%	5,247.99	7.70% - 10.20%	12,376.80	9.75% - 10.20%	5,375.00	
Floating:^		-		-		5,000.00	
Less than 1 year	-	=	-	=	8.77%	5,000.00	
Zero Coupon:		3,329.86		2,235.65		5,269.63	
3-5 Years	8.75%	293.09	-	=	-	=	
1-3 Years	8.00% - 8.50%	2,287.35	9.50% - 9.85%	805.53	8.75% - 9.85%	2,270.85	
Less than 1 year	9.50% - 9.85%	749.42	8.75% - 9.50%	1,430.12	8.75% - 10.00%	2,998.78	
TOTAL		49,483.57		51,809.28		57,123.20	

 $^{{\}bf ^{\Lambda} The\ floating\ rate\ Non\ Convertible\ Debentures\ are\ linked\ with\ Government\ securities\ /\ Treasury\ Bills\ interest\ rates\ plus\ applicable\ spread.}$

Note 20.2 - Non Convertible Debentures - Secured - Instrument Wise Details

				(₹ in millions)
Description of security	Coupon/ Yield	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31,2020
9.50% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series I. Maturity Date - 07/05/2022	9.50%	2,605.00	2,605.00	2,605.00
9.60% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series I. Maturity Date - 07/05/2022	9.60%	366.92	364.44	380.38
Zero Coupon Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series II - Category II,III & IV. Maturity Date - 07/05/2022	9.60%	422.42	437.10	468.79
8.00% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Senior Non Convertible Debentures. Series D10. Date Of Maturity 17/05/2022	8.00%	1,000.00	1,000.00	-
8.00% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series D11. Date Of Maturity 26/05/2022	8.00%	250.00	250.00	1
Market Linked Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Series D3 Option II. Date Of Maturity 27/09/2022	9.50%	219.30	254.50	254.50
9.50% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Series II. Date Of Maturity 06/12/2022	9.50%	331.65	343.16	360.07
Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Series III. Date Of Maturity 06/12/2022	9.85%	107.69	113.93	117.44
9.85% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Series IV. Date Of Maturity 06/12/2022	9.85%	644.42	646.96	649.72
9.85% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture Series D4. Date Of Maturity 17/01/2023	9.85%	50.00	50.00	50.00
5.875% Secured Medium Term Note. Date of Maturity- 20/04/2023 *	11.03% (P. Y 11.09%)	24,534.03	28,074.23	29,023.57
9.00% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series D5. Date Of Maturity 08/05/2023	9.00%	1,000.00	1,000.00	-
8.25% Secured Rated Annual Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series I. Date Of Maturity 14/10/2023	8.25%	3,075.30	-	-
Zero Coupon Secured Rated Cummulative Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series II Date Of Maturity	8.25%	714.25	-	-
14/10/2023 9.75% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series III. Maturity Date - 07/02/2024	9.75%	1,704.24	1,729.16	1,812.85
10.20% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series IV. Maturity Date - 07/02/2024	10.20%	1,704.24	1,133.88	1,812.85
Gsec Linked Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series 14. Date Of Maturity 07/09/2024	8.00%	1,000.00	1,155.66	1,221.97
8.50% Secured Rated Annual Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series III. Date Of Maturity 14/10/2024	8.50%	940.80	-	-
Zero Coupon Secured Ratedcummulative Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series IV. Date Of Maturity	8.50%	573.10	-	-
14/10/2024 8.42% Secured Rated Monthly Listed Redeemable Senior Non Convertible Debentures. Series V. Date Of Maturity	8.42%	1,472.51		_
14/10/2026 8.75% Secured Rated Annually Listed Redeemable Senior Non Convertible Debentures. Series VI. Date Of Maturity	8.75%	1,360.83		
14/10/2026 Zero Coupon Secured Rated Cummulative Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series VII. Date Of Maturity			-	-
14/10/2026	8.75%	293.10	-	-
8.33% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series D13. Date Of Maturity 30/06/2031	8.33%	5,000.00	-	ı
8.50% Secured Rated Listed Non Convertible Debentures. Series D15. Date Of Maturity 21/01/2032	8.50%	100.00	-	-
8.60% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series D16 Option A. Date Of Maturity 24/03/2032	8.60%	600.00	-	-
8.00% Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Series C6. Date of Maturity 29/04/2021	8.00%	-	2,500.00	2,500.00
Zero Coupon Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Series C8. Date of Maturity 30/04/2021	8.75%	-	100.00	100.00
Zero Coupon Secured Listed Rated Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series C10. Date of Maturity 25/05/2021	9.25%	-	260.00	260.00
Zero Coupon Secured Non Convertible Debentures - Nifty 50 Index MLD 2021. D3 Option I. Date of Maturity- 27/09/2021	9.50%	-	1,070.12	1,070.12
10.20% Secured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Date of Maturity 03/11/2021	10.20%	-	2,875.00	2,875.00
8.00% 10 Year G-SEC Rate Linked Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture Series D8. Date of maturity 01/12/2021	8.00%	-	751.80	-
8.00% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture Series D6. Date of Maturity 07/01/2022	8.00%	_	2,000.00	-
8.00% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture Series D7. Date of maturity 18/02/2022	8.00%	_	1,000.00	-
7.70% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Senior Non Convertible Debenture Series D12. Date of maturity 24/03/2022	7.70%	-	1,000.00	-
8.00% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Senior Non Convertible Debenture Series D9. Date of maturity 30/03/2022	8.00%	-	2,250.00	-
Zero Coupon Non Convertible Debentures with Date of Maturity 07/04/2020	8.85%	-	_	110.00
Zero Coupon Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures. Series A11. Date of Maturity 20/04/2020	9.30%	-	-	1,093.00
Zero Coupon 10 Year G-Sec Rate Linked Secured Listed Rated Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series C11. Date of Maturity 21/04/2020	8.75%	-	-	262.00
Zero Coupon 10 Year G-Sec Rate Linked Secured Listed Rated Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series C12.	9.00%	-	-	295.52
Date of Maturity 27/04/2020 Secured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Date of Maturity 30/04/2020	9 770/	_	_	5,000.00
	8.77%	-	-	285.58
Zero Coupon Secured Non Convertible Debentures - 10 Year G-Sec Price MLD 2020. Series D2. Date of Maturity	9.00%			
09/07/2020 9.98% Secured Listed Rated Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series C14 Option Ii. Date of Maturity		_	=	1 000 00
09/07/2020 9.98% Secured Listed Rated Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series C14 Option Ii. Date of Maturity 28/09/2020	9.98%	-	-	
09/07/2020 9.98% Secured Listed Rated Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series C14 Option Ii. Date of Maturity 28/09/2020 9.75% Secured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures - Series F1. Date of Maturity 09/10/2020	9.98% 9.75%	-	-	1,000.00 1,500.00 2,875.00
09/07/2020 9.98% Secured Listed Rated Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series C14 Option Ii. Date of Maturity 28/09/2020	9.98%	-	-	

^{*} Includes hedging cost

Note 21. Borrowings (Other than Debt securities)

(₹ in millions)

	At Amortised Cost						
Particulars	As at	As at	As at				
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020				
(A)							
(a) Term loan (refer note 21.1)							
(i) From banks and financial institution (refer note (a)	67,313.64	40,542.59	31,036.61				
and (b))							
(ii) From others (refer note (c) and (d))	7,579.25	7,311.00	7,538.59				
Less : Prepaid expenses	(290.14)	(255.64)	(126.86)				
(b) Other loans (refer note 21.2)							
(i) Cash credit/ overdraft (refer note (a))	3,200.94	5,433.07	7,829.56				
(ii) Securitisation liability	19,892.16	39,138.16	22,405.61				
Less: Prepaid expenses	(117.92)	(104.09)	-				
(c) Inter corporate deposit (refer note 42.2)	-	-	500.00				
(d) Interest accrued but not due	132.75	114.74	132.40				
Total (A)	97,710.68	92,179.83	69,315.91				
(B)							
Borrowings in India	86,326.43	84,872.52	61,797.33				
Borrowings outside India (refer note (b) and (c))	11,384.25	7,307.31	7,518.58				
Total (B)	97,710.68	92,179.83	69,315.91				

Notes:

(a) These loans are secured by way of a first pari-passu charge over the current assets in the form of receivables, book debts, bills, outstanding monies receivables including future movable assets, other than those specifically charged.

(b) During the year ended March 31, 2022, the Company borrowed ₹ 3,792.50 million (equivalent to USD 50 million) through the External Commercial Borrowings towards refinancing of existing outstanding Medium Term Notes. These are secured by way of all rights, titles, interest, benefits, claims and demands, whatsoever of the Company in, to and in respect of, all present and future, receivables/assets, including Company's accounts, operating cash flows, current assets, book debts, stock in trade, loans and advances and receivables, both present and future to the extent of complying with the Security Coverage Ratio.

(c) During the previous year ended March 31, 2020 the Company had borrowed an amount of ₹ 6,870.00 million (equivalent to USD 100 million) as external commercial borrowings under

(d) These loans are secured by way of first paripassu charge by way of hypothecation on the standard receivables of the company with asset cover of 1.20 times of the sanction amount.

Note 21. 1 - Terms of Repayment of Term Loans

(₹ in millions)

	As at Marc	ch 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021		n 31, 2021 As at March 31,	
Residual Maturity	Rate of Interest/	Amount	Rate of Interest/	Amount	Rate of Interest/	Amount
	Yield	(₹ in millions)	Yield	(₹ in millions)	Yield	(₹ in millions)
(i) From Banks and Financial Institution						
Floating:*		49,113.64		40,542.59		31,036.61
More than 5 years	-	-	-		9.35%	250.00
3 - 5 Years	7.95% - 9.00%	5,880.53	8.50% - 10.30%	8,377.39	9.35% - 10.30%	4,088.82
1 - 3 Years	7.70% - 9.80%	26,796.07	8.50% - 10.30%	19,445.30	9.10% - 10.30%	15,837.46
Less than 1 year	7.70% - 9.80%	16,437.04	6.21% - 10.30%	12,719.90	9.00% - 10.50%	10,860.33
Fixed:		18,200.00		•		-
3 - 5 Years	8.45% - 9.75%	3,577.90	-	٠	•	-
1 - 3 Years	8.00% - 9.75%	9,818.80	-		-	-
Less than 1 year	8.00% - 9.75%	4,803.30	-			-
(ii) From Others						
Floating:**		7,579.25		7,311.00		7,538.59
3 - 5 Years	-	-	8.62%	7,311.00	8.62%	7,538.59
1 - 3 Years	8.62%	7,579.25	-	,	٠	-
Total		74,892.89		47,853.59		38,575.20

^{*} The rate of interest for the above term loans from banks is linked to marginal cost of funds based lending rate/ treasury bills plus applicable spread. The above categorisation of loans has been based on the interest rates prevalent as on the respective reporting dates.

Note 21. 2 - Terms of Repayment of Other Loans

	As at Mar	As at March 31, 2022		ch 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	
Residual Maturity	Rate of Interest/	Amount	Rate of Interest/	Amount	Rate of Interest/	Amount
	Yield	(₹ in millions)	Yield	(₹ in millions)	Yield	(₹ in millions)
Floating:						
Cash credit/ overdraft: Less than 1 year ***	7.60% - 8.45%	3,200.94	3.75% - 10.50%	5,433.07	6.97% - 10.95%	7,829.56
Securitisation liability						
Fixed:		19,892.16		33,031.36		13,005.14
3- 5 Years	-	-	10.00%	713.81	10.03% - 10.10%	9.36
1-3 Years	7.25% - 7.95%	19,452.46	7.50% - 10.10%	28,430.53	10.05% - 10.10%	2,373.43
Less than 1 year	9.75% - 10.00%	439.70	7.72%	3,887.02	9.57% - 10.75%	10,622.35
Project IRR		-		6,106.80		9,400.47
Less than 1 year	-	-	20.23% - 20.89%	6,106.80	20.65% - 21.93%	9,400.47
Inter corporate deposit						
Floating:		-		•		500.00
Less than 1 year (refer note 42.2)	-	-	-	-	11.40%	500.00
Total		23,093.10		44,571.23		30,735.17

^{***}The rate of interest for the above loans is linked to marginal cost of funds based lending rate/ fixed deposits plus applicable spread. The above categorisation of loans has been based on the interest rates prevalent as on the respective reporting dates.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{**}}$ The rate of interest for the above loan is linked to the benchmark plus appropriate spread.

Note 22. Subordinated Liabilities

(₹ in millions)

	At Amortised Cost				
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020		
(A)					
(i) Non Convertible Debentures- Unsecured (refer note 22.1)	13,267.81	16,407.52	15,709.21		
Less: Unamortised debenture issue expenses	(220.39)	(295.05)	(154.19)		
(ii) Interest accrued but not due	648.98	1,261.51	749.06		
Total (A)	13,696.40	17,373.98	16,304.08		
(B)					
Subordinated liabilities in India	10,225.54	13,905.34	12,836.94		
Subordinated liabilities outside India	3,470.86	3,468.64	3,467.14		
Total (B)	13,696.40	17,373.98	16,304.08		

Note 22. 1 - Terms of Repayment

	As at March	As at March 31, 2022		h 31, 2021	As at Marc	th 31, 2020
Residual Maturity	Rate of Interest / Yield	Amount (₹ in millions)	Rate of Interest / Yield	Amount (₹ in millions)	Rate of Interest / Yield	Amount (₹ in millions)
Non Convertible Debenture (Unsecured)						
Fixed		12,028.54		11,878.54		8,401.39
More than 5 years	8.70 % - 10.50%	11,239.29	8.70% - 10.50%	10,739.29	8.70% - 10.50%	4,971.39
3- 5 Years	10.00%	259.25	10.00%	259.25	12.10%	100.00
1-3 Years	12.10%	100.00	12.10% - 12.20%	530.00	10.50% - 12.20%	780.00
Less than 1 year	12.15% -12.20%	430.00	10.50% - 10.75%	350.00	10.75% - 11.25%	2,550.00
Zero Coupon		1,239.27		4,528.98		7,307.82
More than 5 years	9.35 % - 10.03%	1,181.44	9.35% - 10.03%	1,181.44	9.35% - 10.50%	557.82
3- 5 Years	10.50%	57.83	10.50%	57.83	-	-
Less than 1 year	-	-	9.00%	3,289.71	9.00%	6,750.00
Total		13,267.81		16,407.52		15,709.21

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 22.2 - Non Convertible Debentures - Unsecured - Instrument Wise Details

(₹ in million					
Description of security	Coupon/Yield	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31,2020	
12.15% Unsecured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debenture. Date Of Maturity	12.15%	200.00	200.00	200.00	
30/08/2022	12.15%	200.00	200.00	200.00	
12.20% Unsecured Redeemable Subordinated Taxable Non Convertible Debentures.	12.20%	230.00	230.00	230.00	
Date Of Maturity 04/11/2022	12.20%	230.00	230.00	230.00	
12.10% Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series 1.Date Of	12.10%	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Maturity 24/05/2023	12.1070	100.00	100.00	100.00	
10.00% Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non-Convertible Debenture. Series V.	10.00%	259.25	259.25	259.25	
Date Of Maturity 06/06/2025.	20.0070	253.25	233.23		
Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non-Convertible Debenture. Series VI. Date	10.50%	57.83	57.83	57.83	
Of Maturity 06/06/2025					
8.70% Unsecured Listed Redeemable Subordinated Non Convertible Debentures.	8.70%	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,000.00	
Series U03. Date Of Maturity 19/11/2027		,	,	·	
10.00% Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture.Series I .	10.00%	2,746.92	2,746.92	-	
Date Of Maturity 24/06/2028					
9.60% Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture.Series II .	9.60%	3,280.23	3,280.24	-	
Date Of Maturity 24/06/2028					
Zero Coupon Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible	10.03%	681.44	681.44	-	
Debenture. Series III . Date Of Maturity 24/06/2028					
9.00% India Infoline (Regs) 18-2028_Rupee Denominated Bond. Date of Maturity	9.00%	3,250.00	3,250.00	3,250.00	
28/06/2028 Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Subordinated Debentures IIFL					
	9.35%	500.00	500.00	500.00	
MLD-2028. Series U04. Date Of Maturity 25/08/2028					
10.00% Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series V.	10.00%	307.65	307.65	307.65	
Maturity Date - 07/02/2029					
10.50% Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series VI.	10.50%	154.48	154.48	154.48	
Maturity Date - 26/02/2029					
9.35% Unsecured Rated Listed Subordinated Redeemable Non Convertible	9.35%	500.00	-	-	
Debenture. Series D16 Option B. Date Of Maturity 24/03/2032 10.75% Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series U01. Date of					
Maturity 10/09/2021	10.75%	-	200.00	200.00	
10.50% Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series U02. Date of					
Maturity 16/09/2021	10.50%	-	150.00	150.00	
Zero Coupon Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. G-Sec Linked					
Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series G1. Date	9.00%	_	1,130.09	2,750.00	
Of Maturity 21/10/2021	3.00%		1,130.03	2,750.00	
Zero Coupon Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. G-Sec Linked					
Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series G2. Date	9.00%	-	2,159.62	4,000.00	
Of Maturity 22/11/2021			_,	,,,,,,,,,,,	
10.75% Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Date of Maturity					
30/04/2020	10.75%	-	-	450.00	
10.75% Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Subordinated Debentures In The	10 ===:				
Nature of Tier II Capital. Date of Maturity 03/06/2020	10.75%	-	-	100.00	
11.25% Unsecured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Date of Maturity	44.050/				
05/09/2020	11.25%	-	-	2,000.00	
TOTAL	•	13,267.80	16,407.52	15,709.21	

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 23. Other Financial Liabilities

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Payable on account of assignment/securitisation	17,475.45	14,454.01	988.26
Temporary overdrawn bank balances	3.80	128.15	36.01
Payables towards NCD	22.20	26.87	30.39
Unpaid dividends	5.19	5.52	13.57
Payable to Indostar	-	-	2,721.70
Payable towards purchase of Government Securities	-	-	5,326.11
Other payables (auction proceeds, retention payable, etc.)	338.28	240.18	49.10
(refer note 23.1)			48.10
Total	17,844.92	14,854.73	9,164.14

Note 23.1 During the year, ₹ 4.11 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 3.20 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 1.29 million) was transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund. For March 31, 2021 ₹ 0.66 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 0.95 million was pending to be transferred and was transferred within 30 days of becoming due. As on March 31, 2020 ₹ 0.03 million pending transfer due to pandemic and for which extension was granted was transferred during the year.

Note 24. Provisions (₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
raiticulais	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Provision for employee benefits	228.27	196.30	168.87
Provision for leave encashment	95.57	82.93	65.76
Provision for gratuity (refer note 33.2)	-	-	24.71
ECL provision on sanctioned undisbursed loans	90.00	36.40	193.47
Total	413.84	315.63	452.81

Note 25. Other Non-Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at	As at	As at	
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	
Income received in advance	0.36	28.22	28.77	
Advances from customers	267.20	491.37	363.67	
Statutory remittances	191.39	118.87	68.50	
Total	458.95	638.46	460.94	

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 26: Equity Share Capital

(i) Authorised, Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Authorised Share Capital			
2,355,250,000 Equity Shares (March 31, 2021 - 2,355,250,000; March 31, 2020 - 2,355,250,000) of ₹ 2 each	4,710.50	4,710.50	4,710.50
500,000,000 Preference Shares (March 31, 2021 - 500,000,000; March 31, 2020 - 500,000,000) of ₹ 10 each	5,000.00	5,000.00	5,000.00
Total	9,710.50	9,710.50	9,710.50
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital			
379,598,711 Equity Shares (March 31, 2021 - 378,840,676; March 31, 2020 - 378,340,922) of ₹ 2 each fully paid with voting rights	759.20	757.68	756.68
Total	759.20	757.68	756.68

(ii) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
Faiticulais	No. of Shares	₹ in millions	No. of Shares	₹ in millions	No. of Shares	₹ in millions
Equity Shares						
At the beginning of the year	378,840,676	757.68	378,340,922	756.68	319,203,092	638.41
Add: Shares issued during the year	758,035	1.52	499,754	1.00	483,274	0.96
Add: Shares issued due to Composite Scheme of Arrangement	-	-	-	-	58,654,556	117.31
Outstanding at the end of the year	379,598,711	759.20	378,840,676	757.68	378,340,922	756.68

(iii) Rights attached to equity shares

The Company has issued only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 2/- per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. During the year ended March 31, 2022, equity shareholders were paid an interim dividend of ₹ 3.50/- (March 31, 2021 ₹ 3.00/-; March 31, 2020 ₹ 2.25/-) per share.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts. However, no such preferential amount exists currently. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(iv) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Name of the shareholder	As at Marc	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
Name of the Shareholder	No. of Shares	% Holdings	No. of Shares	% Holdings	No. of Shares	% Holdings	
Equity shares of ₹ 2 each fully paid up							
FIH Mauritius Investments Ltd.	84,641,445	22.30%	84,641,445	22.34%	84,641,445	22.37%	
CDC Group PLC	29,501,587	7.77%	58,501,587	15.44%	58,501,587	15.46%	
Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain	47,719,154	12.57%	47,719,154	12.60%	47,265,154	12.49%	
HWIC Asia Fund Class A shares	-	0.00%	28,362,530	7.49%	28,362,530	7.50%	
Smallcap World Fund, Inc	19,671,937	5.18%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	
Parajia Bharat Himatlal	20,388,602	5.37%	19,695,000	5.20%	19,925,766	5.27%	

(v) Details of Shareholding of Promoters

As at March 31, 2022						
Name of the promoter	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year*			
Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain	47,719,154	12.57%	-0.03%			
Madhu N Jain	12,075,000	3.18%	-0.01%			
Venkataraman Rajamani	10,984,432	2.89%	-0.01%			
Harshita Jain and Mansukhlal Jain (in their capacity as Trustees of Nirmal Madhu Family Private Trust)	10,000,000	2.63%	-0.01%			
Aditi Avinash Athavankar (in her capacity as Trustee of Kalki Family Private Trust)	9,000,000	2.37%	-0.01%			
Aditi Athavankar	200,000	0.05%	0.00%			
Ardent Impex Pvt Ltd	3,268,904	0.86%	0.00%			
Orpheus Trading Pvt Ltd	1,300,000	0.34%	0.00%			
Total	94,547,490	24.91%				

^{*} The change in percentage is due to dilution of Share Capital.

As at March 31, 2021			
Name of the promoter	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the
			year
Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain	47,719,154	12.60%	0.11%
Madhu N Jain	12,075,000	3.19%	Nil
Venkataraman Rajamani	10,984,432	2.90%	Nil
Harshita Jain and Mansukhlal Jain (in their capacity as Trustees of Nirmal Madhu Family Private	10,000,000	2.64%	Nil
Trust)			
Aditi Avinash Athavankar (in her capacity as Trustee of Kalki Family Private Trust)	9,000,000	2.38%	Nil
Aditi Athavankar	200,000	0.05%	Nil
Ardent Impex Pvt Ltd	3,268,904	0.86%	-0.07%
Orpheus Trading Pvt Ltd	1,300,000	0.34%	Nil
Total	94,547,490	24.96%	

As at March 31, 2020					
Name of the promoter	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the		
			year#		
Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain	47,265,154	12.49%	-2.05%		
Madhu N Jain	12,075,000	3.19%	-0.59%		
Venkataraman Rajamani	10,984,432	2.90%	-0.54%		
Harshita Jain and Mansukhlal Jain (in their capacity as Trustees of Nirmal Madhu Family Private	10,000,000	2.64%	-0.49%		
Aditi Avinash Athavankar (in her capacity as Trustee of Kalki Family Private Trust)	9,000,000	2.38%	-0.44%		
Aditi Athavankar	200,000	0.05%	-0.01%		
Ardent Impex Pvt Ltd	3,518,904	0.93%	0.08%		
Orpheus Trading Pvt Ltd	1,300,000	0.34%	-0.07%		
Total	94,343,490	24.94%			

[#] Change in percentage is due to infusion of Equity Share Capital pursuant to Composite Scheme of Arrangement w.e.f March 30, 2020. Also, during the year Mr. Nirmal Jain bought 8,63,154 shares and Ardent Impex Pvt Ltd sold 8,18,904 shares

- (vi) During the period of five years immediately preceding the Balance Sheet date, the Company has not issued any shares without payment being received in cash or by way of bonus shares or shares bought back except for 58,654,556 equity shares alloted on account of merger. (refer note 35.2)
- (vii) Shares reserved for issue under options and contracts/ commitments for sale of shares/ disinvestments, including the terms and amount: Refer note 40 for details of shares reserved for issue under Employee Stock Option Plan of the Company.

Note 26.1: Other Equity (₹ in millions)

Note 26.1: Other Equity (₹ in millions				
Particulars	As at	As at	As at	
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	
Share Application Money	-	-	-	
Capital Reserve	838.85	838.85	838.85	
Securities Premium Reserve				
Opening Balance	18,401.57	18,344.36	18,310.88	
Add: Share issue expenses	(83.40)	-	-	
Add: Addition during the year	84.52	44.59	23.22	
Add/(Less): Transfer to/ (from) reserves	47.57	12.62	10.26	
Closing Balance	18,450.26	18,401.57	18,344.36	
Closing Balance	18,430.20	10,401.37	10,344.30	
General Reserve				
	E 002 97	E 006 0E	E 0/10 21	
Opening Balance	5,092.87	5,086.05	5,048.31	
Add/(Less): Transfer to/ (from) reserves	0.65	6.82	37.74	
Closing Balance	5,093.52	5,092.87	5,086.05	
Special Reserve Pursuant to Section 45 IC of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934				
Opening Balance	5,941.91	5,255.11	4,637.50	
Add/(Less): Transfer to/ (from) reserves	1,952.30	686.80	617.61	
Closing Balance	7,894.21	5,941.91	5,255.11	
Capital Redemption Reserve	2,301.11	2,301.11	2,301.11	
Debenture Redemption Reserve				
Opening Balance	128.04	128.04	97.00	
Add/(Less): Transfer to/ (from) reserves	-	-	31.04	
Closing Balance	128.04	128.04	128.04	
Retained Earnings				
Opening Balance	4,811.71	3,208.15	3,328.38	
Add: Profit for the year	7,454.84	3,425.77	1,488.03	
Less: Interim dividend	(1,328.21)	(1,135.41)	(817.05)	
Less: Dividend distribution tax on interim dividend	-	-	(79.34)	
Add/(Less): Transfer to/ (from) reserves	(1,952.30)	(686.80)	(686.05)	
Add/(Less): On account of merger	(1,332.30)	(000:00)	(25.82)	
Closing Balance	8,986.04	4,811.71	3,208.15	
Closing balance	8,380.04	4,011.71	3,208.13	
Stock Compensation Reserve				
	159.06	174 14	95.37	
Opening Balance		174.14		
Add: Addition during the year	30.98	4.36	89.36	
Add/(Less): Transfer to/ (from) reserves	(48.22)	(19.44)	(10.59)	
Closing Balance	141.82	159.06	174.14	
Effective portion of Cash Flow Hedges				
Opening Balance	(217.80)	-	-	
Add: Other comprehensive income/ (loss)	(105.75)	(217.80)	-	
Closing Balance	(323.55)	(217.80)	-	
Remeasurements of defined benefit				
Opening Balance	(7.68)	(14.41)	10.45	
Add: Other comprehensive income/ (loss)	7.20	6.73	(24.86)	
Closing Balance	(0.48)	(7.68)	(14.41)	
-	<u> </u>	,,	. ,	
Total	43.509.82	37.449.64	35,321.40	
Total	43,509.82	37,449.64	35,321.	

Note 27.1 Interest Income (₹ in millions)

Note 27.1 interest income												
	FY 2021-22				FY 202	0-21		FY 2019-20				
Particulars	On financial assets measured at amortised cost	On financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss		Total	measured at		classified at fair value	Total	On financial assets measured at amortised cost	fair value through	On financial assets classified at fair value through OCI	Total
Interest on loans	29,210.72	-	4,734.47	33,945.19	24,249.29	-	5,507.96	29,757.25	18,425.82	-	4,975.12	23,400.94
Interest on investments	-	696.17	-	696.17	-	157.50		157.50	-	113.43	-	113.43
Interest on deposits with banks	601.82	-	=	601.82	530.90	=	=	530.90	689.64	-	-	689.64
Interest on inter corporate deposit	394.93	-	-	394.93	258.26	-	-	258.26	251.28	-	-	251.28
Other income	-	-	-	-	=	=	-	-	688.42	-	-	688.42
Total	30,207.47	696.17	4,734.47	35,638.11	25,038.45	157.50	5,507.96	30,703.91	20,055.16	113.43	4,975.12	25,143.71

Note 27.2 Dividend Income

The Company received dividend income amounting to ₹ 629.05 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 701.88 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 441.81 million). Dividend received from subsidiary company ₹ 629.05 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 643.05 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 431.06 million)

Note 28. Net Gain/ (Loss) on Fair Value Changes

Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value			
through profit or loss			
On trading portfolio			
- Investments	720.32	1,553.43	(943.69)
Total net gain/(loss) on fair value changes	720.32	1,553.43	(943.69)
Fair value changes			
- Realised	721.61	1,513.18	(958.05)
- Unrealised	(1.29)	40.25	14.36
Total net gain/(loss) on fair value changes	720.32	1,553.43	(943.69)

Note 29. Other Income				
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20	
Interest on income tax refund	-	-	27.09	
Rent Income	-	26.62	32.88	
Profit on sale of fixed assets	3.59	2.92	6.00	
Gain/(loss) on cancellation of forwards, swaps and	-	174.98	-	
options				
Miscellaneous income	265.85	184.85	149.82	
Total	260.44	200.27	215 70	

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 30. Finance Costs (₹ in millions)

Particulars	On Financial liabilities measured at Amortised Cost			
	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20	
Interest on debt securities*	6,238.55	5,803.90	3,559.30	
Interest on borrowings other than debt securities*	7,618.16	7,301.57	6,823.67	
Interest on subordinated liabilites*	1,408.86	1,313.48	1,130.26	
Interest on inter corporate deposit	90.07	466.16	333.58	
Interest expense on lease - INDAS 116	285.67	245.87	211.60	
Other borrowing cost *	514.76	418.77	425.16	
Total	16,156.07	15,549.75	12,483.57	

^{*} Includes foreign currency expenses incurred amounting to ₹ 2,515.44 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 2,014.39 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 939.47 million)

Note 31. Net (Gain)/ Loss on Derecognition of Financial Instruments under Amortised Cost Category

			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
(i) Net gain on derecognition of financial instruments			
under amortised cost category			
Interest strip on assignment of loans	(3,134.09)	(651.15)	(429.91)
(ii) Net loss on derecognition of financial instruments			
under amortised cost category			
Bad debts written off (net)	7,238.32	5,686.45	3,540.74
Total	4,104.23	5,035.30	3,110.83

Note 32. Impairment on Financial Instruments (₹ in m							(₹ in millions)		
		FY 2021-22			FY 2020-21			FY 2019-20	
Particulars	On financial assets measured at amortised cost	On financial assets classified at fair value through OCI	Total	On financial assets measured at amortised cost	On financial assets classified at fair value through OCI	Total	On financial assets measured at amortised cost	On financial assets classified at fair value through OCI	Total
Loans (refer note 8.3)	(2,151.70)	(7.90)	(2,159.60)	1,721.99	(30.89)	1,691.10	(581.11)	(137.99)	(719.10)
Other financial assets	(83.24)	-	(83.24)	289.58	-	289.58	42.83	-	42.83
Total	(2,234.94)	(7.90)	(2,242.84)	2,011.57	(30.89)	1,980.68	(538.28)	(137.99)	(676.27)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 33. Employee Benefit Expenses

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Salaries	4,638.52	3,621.17	3,894.83
Contribution to provident and other funds (refer note 33.1)	301.86	236.75	258.55
Leave encashment	34.43	43.44	26.93
Gratuity (refer note 33.2)	32.93	34.97	21.46
Staff welfare expenses*	171.82	117.30	148.22
Share based payments	19.48	17.51	57.40
Total	5,199.04	4,071.14	4,407.39

^{*} Includes foreign currency expenses incurred amounting to ₹ 0.05 million (March 31, 2021 is Nil and March 31, 2020 is Nil)

33.1 Defined contribution plans

The Company has recognised the following amounts as an expense and included in the Employee benefit expenses

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Contribution to Provident fund	154.79	122.42	95.56
Contribution to Employee State Insurance Corporation	35.20	32.18	37.54
Contribution to Labour welfare fund	0.81	0.57	0.58
Contribution to employee pension scheme	109.10	78.79	121.22
Contribution to National Pension Scheme	1.96	2.79	3.65
Total	301.86	236.75	258.55

33.2 Gratuity disclosure statement

Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Type of benefit	Gratuity	Gratuity	Gratuity
Country	India	India	India
Reporting currency	INR	INR	INR
Reporting standard	Indian Accounting Standard	Indian Accounting Standard	Indian Accounting Standard
Reporting standard	19 (Ind AS 19)	19 (Ind AS 19)	19 (Ind AS 19)
Funding status	Funded	Funded	Funded
Starting period	01-Apr-21	01-Apr-20	01-Apr-19
Date of reporting	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Period of reporting	12 Months	12 Months	12 Months

Assumptions (current year)			
Expected return on plan assets	6.96%	6.44%	6.04%
Rate of discounting	6.96%	6.44%	6.04%
Rate of salary increase	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%
Rate of employee turnover	For service 4 years and below 28.00% p.a. For service 5 years and above 2.00% p.a.	For service 4 years and below 28% p.a. & thereafter 2% p.a.	For service 4 years and below 27% p.a. & thereafter 3% p.a.
Mortality rate during employment	Indian Assured Lives Mortality 2012-14 (Urban)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)
Mortality rate after employment	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

(₹	in	mil	lions

Table showing change in the present value of projected benefit obligation	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Present value of benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	157.35	145.72	96.76
Interest cost	10.13	8.80	7.40
Current service cost	33.08	33.48	20.94
Past service cost	-	-	-
Liability transferred in/ acquisitions	2.04	5.32	3.44
(Liability transferred out/ divestments)	(2.44)	(9.55)	(2.51)
(Gains)/ losses on curtailment	-	-	-
(Liabilities extinguished on settlement)	-	-	-
(Benefit paid directly by the employer)	(0.03)	(8.21)	(1.75)
(Benefit paid from the fund)	(23.13)	(10.23)	(11.46)
The effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	-	-	-
Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligations - due to change in demographic assumptions	(0.08)	(2.15)	7.26
Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligations - due to change in financial assumptions	(14.61)	(10.11)	27.87
Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligations - due to experience	4.75	4.28	(2.23)
Present value of benefit obligation at the end of the year	167.06	157.35	145.72
	•		(₹ in millions)

FY 2021-22 FY 2020-21 FY 2019-20 Table showing change in the Fair Value of Plan Assets 90.00 Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year 159.70 121.01 10.29 7.31 6.88 Interest income Contributions by the employer 31.29 40.60 35.92 Expected contributions by the employees Assets transferred in/acquisitions (Assets transferred out/ divestments) (Benefit paid from the fund) (23.13)(10.23)(11.46)(Assets distributed on settlements) Effects of asset ceiling The effect of changes in foreign exchange rates 1.01 (0.34)(0.33)Return on plan assets, excluding interest income Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year 177.81 159.70 121.01

(₹ in millions)

(6.88)

0.52

Amount recognised in the Balance Sheet	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
(Present value of benefit obligation at the end of the year)	(167.06)	(157.35)	(145.72)
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	177.81	159.70	121.01
Funded status (surplus/ (deficit))	10.75	2.35	(24.71)
Net (liability)/asset recognised in the Balance Sheet	10.75	2.35	(24.71)
(₹ in millio			(₹ in millions)

FY 2021-22 Net interest cost for current year FY 2020-21 FY 2019-20 Present value of benefit obligation at the beginning of the year 157.35 145.72 96.76 (90.00) (159.70) (121.01) (Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year) Net liability/(asset) at the beginning 24.71 6.76 (2.35)Interest cost 10.13 8.80 7.40

 (Interest income)
 (10.29)
 (7.31)

 Net interest cost for current year
 (0.16)
 1.49

			(₹ in millions)
Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss for current year	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Current service cost	33.08	33.48	20.94
Net interest cost	(0.16)	1.49	0.52
Past service cost	-	ı	ı
(Expected contributions by the employees)	-	•	•
(Gains)/losses on curtailments and settlements	-	-	-
Net effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	-	•	•
Expenses recognised	32.92	34.97	21.46

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

(₹ in millions)

Expenses recognised in OCI for current year	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Actuarial (gains)/ losses on obligation for the year	(9.94)	(7.97)	32.90
Return on plan assets, excluding interest income	0.34	(1.02)	0.32
Change in asset ceiling	-	-	-
Net (income)/ expense for the year recognised in OCI	(9.60)	(8.99)	33.22

(₹ in millions)

Balance Sheet reconciliation	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Opening net liability	(2.35)	24.71	6.76
Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss	32.93	34.97	21.46
Expenses recognised in OCI	(9.61)	(8.99)	33.22
Net liability/(asset) transfer in	2.04	5.32	3.44
Net (liability)/asset transfer out	(2.45)	(9.55)	(2.51)
(Benefit paid directly by the employer)	(0.03)	(8.21)	(1.75)
(Employer's contribution)	(31.29)	(40.60)	(35.91)
Net liability/(asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet	(10.76)	(2.35)	24.71

(₹ in millions)

Category of Assets	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Government of India Assets	T.	ı	•
State Government Securities	T.	•	•
Special Deposits Scheme	ı	•	-
Debt Instruments	T.	ı	•
Corporate Bonds	ı	•	•
Cash And Cash Equivalents	T.	ı	·
Insurance fund	177.81	159.71	121.01
Asset-Backed Securities	T.	ı	·
Structured Debt	ı	•	-
Other	T.	ı	·
Total	177.81	159.71	121.01

Information for major category of plan assets of gratuity fund is not available with the Company and hence not disclosed

Net interest cost for next year	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Present value of benefit obligation at the end of the year	167.06	157.35	145.72
(Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year)	(177.81)	(159.70)	(121.01)
Net liability/ (asset) at the end of the year	(10.75)	(2.35)	24.71
Interest cost	11.63	10.13	8.80
(Interest income)	(12.38)	(10.29)	(7.31)
Net interest cost for next year	(0.75)	(0.15)	1.49

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

(₹ in millions)

Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss for next year	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Current service cost	39.70	33.08	33.48
Net interest cost	(0.75)	(0.15)	1.49
(Expected contributions by the employees)	-	-	-
Expenses recognised	38.95	32.93	34.97

(₹ in millions)

Maturity analysis of the benefit payments: From the Fund	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20	
Projected benefits payable in future years from the date of reporting				
1st following year	3.54	11.59	12.21	
2nd following year	3.83	3.08	3.96	
3rd following year	4.57	3.62	4.31	
4th following year	4.84	4.18	4.81	
5th following year	5.20	4.38	5.32	
Sum of years 6 To 10	38.45	31.70	33.56	
Sum of years 11 and above	569.46	463.37	342.35	

(₹ in millions)

Sensitivity analysis	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Projected benefit obligation on current assumptions	167.07	157.36	145.72
Delta effect of +1% change in rate of discounting	(23.91)	(21.75)	(18.32)
Delta effect of -1% change in rate of discounting	29.65	27.06	22.58
Delta effect of +1% change in rate of salary increase	28.25	25.38	20.59
Delta effect of -1% change in rate of salary increase	(23.31)	(20.90)	(17.27)
Delta effect of +1% change in rate of employee turnover	1.84	0.33	(0.68)
Delta effect of -1% change in rate of employee turnover	(2.40)	(0.59)	0.63

The sensitivity analysis have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the projected benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the projected benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same method as applied in calculating the projected benefit obligation as recognised in the balance sheet.

There was no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from prior years.

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Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note:

Actuarial gains/losses are recognised in the period of occurrence under Other Comprehensive Income (OCI). All above reported figures of OCI are gross of taxation.

Salary escalation & attrition rate are in line with the industry practice considering promotion and demand and supply of the employees.

Maturity analysis of benefit payments is undiscounted cashflows considering future salary, attrition & death in respective year for members as mentioned above.

Average Expected Future Service represents Estimated Term of Post - Employment Benefit Obligation.

Value of asset is considered as fair value of plan asset for the period of reporting.

Qualitative disclosures

Characteristics of defined benefit plan

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan in India (funded). The company's defined benefit gratuity plan is a final salary plan for employees, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund.

The fund is managed by a trust which is governed by the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees are responsible for the administration of the plan assets and for the definition of the investment strategy.

Risks associated with defined benefit plan

Gratuity is a defined benefit plan and company is exposed to the following risks:

Interest rate risk: A fall in the discount rate which is linked to the G.Sec. Rate will increase the present value of the liability requiring higher provision. A fall in the discount rate generally increases the mark to market value of the assets depending on the duration of asset.

Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of members. As such, an increase in the salary of the members more than assumed level will increase the plan's liability.

Investment risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. If the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, for the plan in India, it has a relatively balanced mix of investments in government securities, and other debt instruments.

Asset liability matching risk: The plan faces the ALM risk as to the matching cash flow. Since the plan is invested in lines of Rule 103 of Income Tax Rules, 1962, this generally reduces ALM risk.

Mortality risk: Since the benefits under the plan is not payable for life time and payable till retirement age only, plan does not have any longevity risk.

Characteristics of defined benefit plans

During the year, there were no plan amendments, curtailments and settlements.

A separate trust fund is created to manage the Gratuity plan.

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 34. Other Expenses (₹ in millions)

Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Advertisement and marketing expenses*	408.59	283.68	362.42
Books & Periodicals	-	-	-
Direct operating expenses	480.93	100.14	184.44
Bank charges	143.30	41.08	27.24
Commission to non whole-time directors	3.26	-	4.14
Communication costs	75.90	62.43	96.38
Electricity	122.33	89.70	140.86
Exchange and statutory charges	34.07	5.93	12.43
Legal & professional fees*	566.02	336.71	565.62
Directors sitting fees	7.03	5.79	4.33
Office expenses	126.75	100.88	98.70
Postage & courier	47.82	28.33	59.46
Printing & stationary	45.56	30.22	37.78
Rates & taxes	12.21	1.79	76.30
Rent	24.64	7.84	86.59
Repairs & maintenance			
- Computer	12.26	10.58	12.78
- Others*	128.78	65.71	112.13
Remuneration to auditors			
- Audit fees	4.53	4.46	3.07
- Certification / other services **	0.51	0.44	2.61
- Out of pocket expenses	0.12	-	0.24
Software charges*	226.07	111.32	194.99
Travelling & conveyance*	136.92	53.37	153.86
Corporate social responsibility expenses (refer note 43)	82.00	47.10	120.19
Miscellaneous expenses	2.45	4.44	27.86
Insurance premium	202.29	236.23	102.30
Security expenses	909.54	792.58	311.77
Total	3,803.90	2,420.75	2,798.50

*Includes below expenses incurred in foreign currency on accrual basis

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Advertisement and marketing expenses	-	1.39	0.57
Travelling & conveyance	0.27	-	0.09
Repairs & Maintenance: Others	0.26	•	-
Software charges	0.61	0.92	3.82
Legal & professional fees	13.93	1.76	7.00

^{**} During the year the Company has paid ₹ 2.12 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 2.30 million and March 31, 2020 ₹ 11.99 million) to the auditors towards certification required for Public Issue of Non Convertible Debentures during March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 (Secured Medium Term Note Programme during March 31, 2020) and the same has been amortised over the tenure of the borrowings.

Note 35.1 Exceptional Items

- i) During the previous year ended March 31, 2021, the Company had transferred 66,061,285 number of fully paid equity shares of ₹ 10/- each constituting of 25% equity shares held by the Company in IIFL Samasta Finance Limited (Formerly Samsata Microfinance Limited), a subsidiary Company, to IIFL Home Finance Limited, a Wholly-owned subsidiary Company, at fair value of ₹ 20 per share. The Profit on sale aggregating to ₹ 530.50 million had been disclosed as an exceptional item.
- ii) During the previous year ended March 31, 2020, the Company had transferred its mortgage loan business undertaking with its respective assets and liabilities as a going concern on a slump sale basis, to IIFL Home Finance Limited (Formerly Known as 'India Infoline Housing Finance Limited'), a Wholly Owned Subsidiary of the Company w. e. f. June 30, 2019. The profit on sale aggregating to ₹ 15.04 million has been disclosed as exceptional item
- iii) During the previous year ended March 31, 2020, the Company had transferred its Microfinance Business undertaking with its respective assets and liabilities as a going concern on a slump sale basis, to IIFL Samasta Finance Limited (formerly known as Samasta Microfinance Limited) a subsidiary Company w.e.f October 31, 2019. The profit on sale aggregating to ₹ 31.02 million has been disclosed as exceptional item

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 35.2: Composite Scheme of Arrangement

The Company received the Non-banking Financial Company License dated March 06, 2020, bearing Certificate of Registration No. N-13.02386 from the Reserve Bank of India to carry on the Non Banking Financial Activity on March 11, 2020. Thereafter, the Company had decided to give effect to the amalgamation of India Infoline Finance and the Company with effect from March 30, 2020 with Appointed date as April 1, 2018.

Consequently, the residual shareholders of India Infoline Finance Limited were allotted 58,654,556 shares of the Company on March 30, 2020 in the ratio 135 fully paid up equity shares of ₹ 2 each in the Company for every 100 shares held in India Infoline Finance Limited. The said new shares got listed and admitted for trading w.e.f. April 27, 2020 in terms of final listing and trading approval received from NSE and BSE.

(I) In accordance with the accounting treatment, as provided under the Scheme of Arrangement, following Assets Liabilities and Other Equity were transferred from India Infoline Finance Limited as on April 01, 2018 as per the composite scheme of arrangement

	(₹ in millions)
Particulars	As at
	April 01, 2018
ASSETS	
1. Financial Assets	
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	1,535.36
(b) Bank Balance other than (a) above	8,946.97
(c) Receivables	
(I) Trade receivables	207.19
(d) Loans	155,971.83
(e) Investments	17,235.69
(f) Other financial assets	1,013.61
Sub-total	184,910.65
2. Non-financial Assets	
(a) Current tax assets (net)	1,186.54
(b) Deferred tax assets (net)	2,967.34
(c) Investment property	2,451.14
(d) Property, plant and equipment	626.96
(e) Capital work-in-progress	41.93
(f) Other intangible assets	13.07
(g) Other non-financial assets	122.76
Sub-total	7,409.74
Total Assets	192,320.39
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	
LIABILITIES	
1. Financial Liabilities	
(a) Payables	
(I)Trade payables	
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-
(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	412.66
(II) Other payables	
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-
(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-
(b) Debt securities	92,958.27
(c) Borrowings (other than debt securities)	50,535.75
(d) Subordinated liabilities	9,413.66
(e) Other financial liabilities	5,424.09
Sub-total	158,744.43

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at
	April 01, 2018
2. Non-Financial Liabilities	
(a) Current tax liabilities (Net)	459.49
(b) Provisions	160.73
(c) Other non-financial liabilities	864.94
Sub-total	1,485.16
Total Liabilities	160,229.59
Net Assets	32,090.80
Less : Other equity	(29,283.38)
Net Assets transferred	2,807.42

(II) Following table showing movement of capital reserve

(₹ in millions)

	(
Particulars	As at April 01, 2018
Cancellation of investments in IIFL Finance Limited (a)	10,189.71
Net Assets transferred (b)	2,807.42
Securities premium to be cancelled on account of merger (c)	7,816.25
Cancellation of Non Controlling Interest (d)	4,527.28
Issue of new equity share of IIFL Finance Limited in Ratio 135:100 (e)	117.31
Capital reserve created on account out of above (a-b-c-d+e)	(4,843.93)

Previous year numbers have been recasted to give effect to the above scheme of merger w.e.f April 01, 2018, being the appointed date of merger as per the Court approved scheme.

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Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 36. Income Taxes

(₹ in millions)

Amounts recognised in statement of profit or loss	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Current tax expense			
Current year	1,712.83	972.83	419.33
Changes in estimates related to prior years	(5.71)	43.83	(20.69)
Deferred tax expense			
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	511.79	(167.48)	479.68
Total	2,218.91	849.18	878.32

(₹ in millions)

Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income	FY 2021-22			FY 2020-21			FY 2019-20		
Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income	Amount	Tax expense	Net of tax	Amount Tax expense		Net of tax	Amount	Tax expense	Net of tax
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability/ (asset)	9.61	(2.41)	7.20	8.99	(2.26)	6.73	(33.22)	8.36	(24.86)
Cash flow hedge reserve	(141.32)	35.57	(105.75)	(291.04)	73.24	(217.80)	-	-	-

FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
9,673.75	4,274.95	2,366.35
2,434.70	1,075.92	595.57
23.51	11.85	15.55
(45.98)	(37.44)	(44.89)
(158.32)	(176.65)	(111.19)
(40.78)	(68.67)	(2.43)
-	-	10.52
-	-	381.08
(5.69)	43.83	(20.69)
11.51	0.34	54.80
2,218.95	849.18	878.32
22.94%	19.86%	37.12%
	9,673.75 2,434.70 23.51 (45.98) (158.32) (40.78) - (5.69) 11.51 2,218.95	9,673.75 4,274.95 2,434.70 1,075.92 23.51 11.85 (45.98) (37.44) (158.32) (176.65) (40.78) (68.67) - - (5.69) 43.83 11.51 0.34 2,218.95 849.18

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 37. Earnings Per Share

Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share ("EPS") computed in accordance with INDAS 33 "Earnings per share"

Particulars		FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Face value of equity shares (in ₹) fully paid up		2.00	2.00	2.00
BASIC				
Profit after tax as per statement of Profit and Loss (₹ in millions)		7,454.84	3,425.77	1,488.03
Less: Preference dividend		-	-	-
Profit after tax attributable to equity share holders (₹ in millions)	А	7,454.84	3,425.77	1,488.03
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding	В	379,194,372	378,417,476	378,044,762
Basic EPS (In ₹)	A/B	19.66	9.05	3.94
DILUTED				
Weighted average number of equity shares for computation of basic EPS		379,194,372	378,417,476	378,044,762
Add: Potential equity shares on account conversion of Employees Stock Options		2,254,850	806,252	936,649
Weighted average number of equity shares for computation of diluted EPS	С	381,449,222	379,223,728	378,981,411
Diluted EPS (In ₹)	A/C	19.54	9.03	3.93

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Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 38. Risk Management

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk.

Risk management is integral to Company's strategy. The comprehensive understanding of risk management throughout the various levels of an organization aids in driving key decisions related to risk-return balance, capital allocation and product pricing. The Company operates under the guidance of the Board approved risk appetite statement that covers business composition, guidance around gross stage 3 assets and net stage 3 assets, leverage, funding and liquidity, etc.

Additionally, it is also ensured that appropriate focus is on managing risk proactively by ensuring business operations are in accordance with laid-down risk. A strong risk management team and an effective credit operations structure ensures that risks are properly identified and timely addressed, to ensure minimal impact on the Company's growth and performance.

Risk Management Structure

The Company has established multi-level risk governance for monitoring and control of product and entity level risks. The Board of Directors are responsible for the overall risk management approach and for approving the risk management strategies and principles. The Board has constituted the Risk Management Committee ("RMC") which is responsible for monitoring the overall risk process within the Company. The RMC is empowered to develop an independent risk strategy comprising of principles, frameworks, policies and limits and ensuring its effective implementation. Independent function of Risk management is in place headed by the Chief Risk Officer ("CRO") who reports to the Chairman and independently to RMC of the Board. The Risk department primarily operationalises risk management framework approved by RMC.

The Company has a well defined risk framework constituting various lines of defence – the first line of defence, consisting of management, is responsible for seamless integration of risk principles across all businesses. Additionally, it ensures adequate managerial and supervisory controls to ensure compliance and highlight inadequate processes and unexpected events. The Company has well-defined internal control measures in every process.

Independent risk and policy team constitutes second line of defence which is responsible for identification and assessment of entity-wide risks. Post its identification, it aims to mitigate risks either through portfolio trigger and caps (Credit risk) or through ongoing risk control and self assessment (Operational risk).

Internal Audit function is the third line of defence that independently reviews activities of the first two lines of defence and reports to the Audit Committee of the Board.

Risk Management Practices

The Company has developed the necessary competency to identify early stress signals and has also defined processes, including corrective and remedial actions as regards people and processes, for mitigation to ensure minimum damage. A stress testing mechanism is put in place to carry out the event based sensitivity analysis and identify the accounts under stress due to expected market movement. In event of susceptibility to external triggers, appropriate risk mitigation would be undertaken and thereby minimize the losses to the company.

It has initiated a detailed portfolio quality review mechanism which enables analysis of portfolio along various behavioural, demographic and financial parameters. Additionally, through tie-ups with external bureaus, an analysis of collection performance coupled with continuous credit assessment for various key segments is undertaken. The practices aid in proactive course correction thereby modifying credit or sourcing mechanisms, if required. Additionally, application scorecard has been developed enabling the Company to standardise credit underwriting and improve sourcing quality in the long run.

The Company's policy is to measure and monitor the overall risk-bearing capacity in relation to the aggregate risk exposure across all risk types and activities. Information pertaining to different type of risks are identified, analysed and tested on timely basis. The same is presented to RMC at periodic intervals.

In order to minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company, derivative financial instruments, such as cross currency interest rate swaps are entered to hedge certain foreign currency risk exposures and variable interest rate exposures.

The Company's central Treasury department identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Company's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments and investment of excess liquidity. The Company's Treasury is responsible for managing its assets and liabilities and the overall financial structure. It is also primarily responsible for the funding and liquidity risks of the Company.

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note: 38A.1. Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company.

Credit risk arises primarily from financial assets such as loans, trade receivables, investments, derivative financial instruments, and other receivables.

Credit Quality Analysis

The following tables sets out information about the credit quality of financial assets measured at amortised cost. Unless specifically indicated, for financial assets, the amounts in the table represent gross carrying amounts.

					(₹ in millions)
		As at Mare	ch 31, 2022		
Particulars	where loss allowance measured at measured at		Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit impaired	Financial Assets where loss allowance measured using simplified approach/ cost	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	43,569.37	43,569.37
Bank balance other than above	-	-	-	12,518.66	12,518.66
Receivables					
(i) Trade receivables	-	-	0.03	1,405.40	1,405.43
(ii) Other receivables	-	-	-	158.00	158.00
Loans*	92,405.89	7,816.83	4,062.06	-	104,284.79
Investments**	-	-	-	14,103.33	14,103.33
Other financial assets	-	-	-	5,409.04	5,409.04

^{*} Loans comprises of outstanding principal, interest accrued but not due and principal and interest overdue.

^{**}Investments in subsidiaries carried at cost.

					(₹ in millions)
		As at Mare	ch 31, 2021		
Particulars	Financial Assets where loss allowance measured at 12-month ECL	Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit not impaired	Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit impaired	Financial Assets where loss allowance measured using simplified approach/ cost	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	20,518.72	20,518.72
Bank Balance other than above	-	-	-	15,406.27	15,406.27
Receivables					
(i) Trade receivables	-	-	2.95	1,590.78	1,593.73
(ii) Other receivables	-	-	-	5.10	5.10
Loans*	102,250.10	25,888.83	4,080.43	1	132,219.36
Investments**	-	-	-	11,853.33	11,853.33
Other Financial assets	-	-	-	2,211.74	2,211.74

^{**}Investments in subsidiaries carried at cost.

					(₹ in millions)
		As at Mare	ch 31, 2020		
Particulars	Financial Assets where loss allowance measured at 12-month ECL	Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit not impaired	Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit impaired	Financial Assets where loss allowance measured using simplified approach/ cost	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	-	=	-	6,062.71	6,062.71
Bank Balance other than above	-	-	-	10,444.00	10,444.00
Receivables					
(i) Trade receivables	-	-	2.95	119.25	122.20
(ii) Other receivables	-	-	-		-
Loans*	108,291.42	6,218.77	5,448.73	-	119,958.92
Investments**	-	-	-	11,969.21	11,969.21
Other Financial assets	-	-	-	1,687.87	1,687.87

^{*} Loans comprises of outstanding principal, interest accrued but not due and principal and interest overdue.

Financial Assets Measured Using Simplified Approach

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on cash and cash equivalents, bank balances, trade receivables, other receivables and other financial assets. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

38A.2. Collateral Held

The Company holds collateral and other credit enhancements against certain of its credit exposures. The loans are collateralised against equitable mortgage of property, pledge of shares, hypothecation of assets, company personal guarantees, physical gold, undertaking to create security.

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Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

38A.3. Loss Allowance and Exposure At Default

The following table shows movement of the loss allowance on loans and advances:

(₹ in millions)

Reconciliation of loss allowance	Financial Assets where loss allowance measured at 12-month ECL		Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit not impaired				Total	
	Principal	Others	Principal	Others	Principal	Others	Principal	Others
Opening ECL Mar-21	3,545.11	599.09	1,070.30	503.66	2,087.08	560.88	6,702.49	1,663.63
New loans disbursed during the year	1,697.21	186.45	44.33	12.27	121.15	20.93	1,862.69	219.65
Loans closed/ written off during the year	(2,220.24)	(397.79)	(673.22)	(451.51)	(1,445.27)	(294.28)	(4,338.73)	(1,143.58)
Movement in provision without change in asset							274.20	187.56
staging	148.64	152.34	194.94	10.30	(69.38)	24.92		
Movement in provision due to change in asset							593.35	21.96
staging	(164.66)	(23.67)	(149.88)	(39.54)	907.89	85.17		
Closing ECL Mar-22	3,006.06	516.42	486.47	35.18	1,601.47	397.62	5,094.00	949.22

(₹ in millions)

Reconciliation of loss allowance			Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit not impaired				Total	
	Principal	Others	Principal	Others	Principal	Others	Principal	Others
Opening ECL Mar-20	2,240.64	293.43	457.45	149.48	2,973.14	1,318.26	5,671.23	1,761.17
New loans disbursed during the year	751.89	88.20	412.10	408.62	146.46	32.55	1,310.45	529.37
Loans closed/ written off during the year	(421.19)	(44.92)	(232.68)	(36.93)	(2,250.74)	(1,147.79)	(2,904.61)	(1,229.64)
Movement in provision without change in asset	1,243.22	278.15	42.32	(63.33)	(31.39)	65.05	1,254.15	279.87
staging								
Movement in provision due to change in asset	(269.45)	(15.77)	391.11	45.82	1,249.61	292.81	1,371.27	322.86
staging								
Closing ECL Mar-21	3,545.11	599.09	1,070.30	503.66	2,087.08	560.88	6,702.49	1,663.63

Reconciliation of loss allowance			Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit not impaired		Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit impaired		Total	
	Principal	Others	Principal	Others	Principal	Others	Principal	Others
Opening ECL Mar-19	803.34	63.39	1,973.97	998.90	3,313.91	824.10	6,091.22	1,886.39
New loans disbursed during the year	861.78	110.43	10.91	3.92	90.51	20.85	963.20	135.20
Loans closed/ written off during the year	(259.12)	(20.25)	(358.84)	(53.28)	(2,821.92)	(705.10)	(3,439.88)	(778.63)
Movement in provision without change in asset	910.39	141.76	(299.22)	(87.75)	21.18	34.07	632.35	88.08
staging								
Movement in provision due to change in asset	(75.75)	(1.90)	(869.37)	(712.31)	2,369.46	1,144.34	1,424.34	430.13
staging								
Closing ECL Mar-20	2,240.64	293.43	457.45	149.48	2,973.14	1,318.26	5,671.23	1,761.17

The following table shows movement of the Exposure At Default ("EAD")

(₹ in millions)

Reconciliation of Exposure at Default	Financial Assets where loss allowance has increased significantly and credit has measured at 12-month ECL not impaired		has increased signi		Total			
	Principal	Others	Principal	Others	Principal	Others	Principal	Others
Opening EAD Mar-2021	119,479.67	13,445.88	23,403.27	1,888.39	3,519.54	560.88	146,402.48	15,895.15
New loans disbursed during the year	86,643.27	8,297.49	2,781.17	152.24	458.41	20.93	89,882.85	8,470.66
Loans closed/ written off during the year	(77,079.30)	(9,769.97)	(16,385.25)	(1,387.37)	(2,317.81)	(294.28)	(95,782.36)	(11,451.62)
Movement in EAD without change in asset staging	(10,693.34)	1,229.00	(274.34)	(16.98)	(69.09)	24.92	(11,036.77)	1,236.94
Movement in EAD due to change in asset staging	(3,238.96)	(331.75)	(2,050.00)	(66.44)	2,073.41	85.15	(3,215.55)	(313.04)
Closing EAD Mar-2022	115,111.34	12,870.65	7,474.85	569.84	3,664.46	397.60	126,250.65	13,838.09

(₹ in millions)

Reconciliation of Exposure at Default	Financial Assets where loss allowance measured at 12-month ECL				Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit impaired		Total	
	Principal	Others	Principal	Others	Principal	Others	Principal	Others
Opening EAD Mar-2020	121,932.77	19,085.90	5,131.22	1,344.22	4,130.46	1,318.26	131,194.45	21,748.38
New loans disbursed during the year	74,792.48	2,102.38	15,062.35	1,009.82	502.25	32.55	90,357.08	3,144.75
Loans closed/written off during the year	(53,778.27)	(7,699.73)	(3,763.26)	(981.73)	(3,050.05)	(1,147.79)	(60,591.58)	(9,829.25)
Movement in EAD without change in asset staging	(9,476.92)	(241.77)	(120.00)	(152.11)	(49.34)	65.05	(9,646.26)	(328.83)
Movement in EAD due to change in asset staging	(13,990.39)	199.10	7,092.96	668.19	1,986.22	292.81	(4,911.22)	1,160.10
Closing EAD Mar-2021	119,479.67	13,445.88	23,403.27	1,888.39	3,519.54	560.88	146,402.48	15,895.15

(₹ in millions)

Reconciliation of Exposure at Default	Financial Assets where loss allowance measured at 12-month ECL		Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit not impaired		Financial assets for which credit risk has increased significantly and credit impaired		Total	
	Principal	Others	Principal	Others	Principal	Others	Principal	Others
Opening EAD Mar-2019	109,888.92	9,420.49	8,974.40	2,119.33	4,195.57	826.84	123,058.89	12,366.66
New loans disbursed during the year	82,729.46	14,212.96	2,367.92	158.03	218.55	20.85	85,315.93	14,391.84
Loans closed/written off during the year	(60,307.58)	(2,591.32)	(4,974.69)	(326.14)	(3,455.98)	(707.85)	(68,738.25)	(3,625.31)
Movement in EAD without change in asset staging							(7,415.19)	(1,820.93)
	(7,000.32)	(1,822.12)	(361.99)	(32.88)	(52.88)	34.07		
Movement in EAD due to change in asset staging	(3,377.71)	(134.11)	(874.42)	(574.12)	3,225.20	1,144.35	(1,026.93)	436.12
Closing EAD Mar-2020	121,932.77	19,085.90	5,131.22	1,344.22	4,130.46	1,318.26	131,194.45	21,748.38

38A.4. Write Off

Contractual amount outstanding on financial assets that were written off (net of recovery) during the reporting period is ₹7,238.32 million (March 21, 2021 ₹5,686.45 million; March 21, 2020 ₹3,540.74 million)

38A.5. Modified Financial Instruments

For financial assets, such as a loan to a customer, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that the modification does not result in cash flows that are substantially different (thereby not resulting into derecognition), the Company has disclosed modification gain/ loss based on discounted cash flow basis in the below table:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Value of modified assets at the time of modification	18,863.61	25,796.17	758.55
Value of modified assets outstanding at end of year	18,815.61	25,574.78	686.01
Modification gain/ (loss)	(48.00)	(221.39)	(3.67)

The above modification is in accordance with the provisions defined in the Master Direction Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 Circular No DNBR.PD.008/03.10.119/2016-17 dated September 01, 2016 (updated as on March 03, 2022)

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38A.6. Credit Risk Grading of Loans

Credit risk is the risk that the Company will incur a loss because its customers or counterparties fail to discharge their contractual obligations. The Company manages and controls credit risk by setting limits on the amount of risk it is willing to accept for individual counterparties.

The Company ensures effective monitoring of credit facilities through a portfolio quality review framework. As per this process, an asset is reviewed at a frequency determined based on the risk it carries at the review date.

For effective risk management, the company monitors its portfolio, based on product, underlying security and credit risk characteristics.

The credit quality review process aims to allow the Company to assess the potential loss as a result of the risks to which it is exposed and take corrective actions. An independent risk and policy team reviews adherence to policies and processes on a periodic basis.

Additionally, the Company evaluates risk based on staging as defined in Ind AS, details of which are mentioned below:

Credit Grading Details ₹								
Period	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total EAD				
March 31, 2022	127,981.99	8,044.69	4,062.06	140,088.74				
March 31, 2021	132,925.55	25,291.66	4,080.42	162,297.63				
March 21, 2020	1/1 019 67	6 475 44	E 449 72	152 9/12 83				

38A.7. Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions.

In order to avoid excessive concentrations of risk, the Company's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to focus on spreading its lending portfolio across various products/states/customer base with a cap on maximum limit of exposure for an individual/Group. Accordingly, the Company does not have concentration risk.

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38B Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Company may not be able to meet its short-term financial obligations. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and by having access to funding through an adequate amount of credit lines. Further, the Company has well defined Asset Liability Management (ALM) framework with an appropriate organizational structure to regularly monitor and manage maturity profiles of financial assets and financial liabilities including debt financing plans, cash and cash equivalent instruments to ensure liquidity. The Company seeks to maintain flexibility in funding mix by way of sourcing the funds through money markets, debt markets and banks to meet its business and liquidity requirements.

(i) Maturities of Financial Liabilities (₹ in millions)

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities (including financial guarantee) As at March 31, 2022	Total	Upto 3 months	Over 3 months to 6 months	Over 6 months to 1 year	Over 1 year to 3 years	Over 3 to 5 years	Over 5 years
Derivative financial instruments	1,494.62	30.58	=	31.69	1,432.36	-	-
Trade payables	861.67	836.66	1.87	12.91	0.40	9.83	-
Other payables	99.06	99.06	=	=	-	-	-
Finance lease obligation*	4,181.55	232.18	229.24	455.77	1,392.81	1,027.14	844.40
Debt securities	51,052.83	6,064.29	284.55	1,394.69	34,471.10	3,138.20	5,700.00
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	97,710.68	5,785.30	6,266.38	17,702.49	58,840.16	9,116.35	-
Subordinated liabilities	13,696.40	306.37	214.31	282.00	100.00	333.99	12,459.73
Other financial liabilities	17,844.92	17,584.73	-	-	-	260.19	-
Financial guarantee contracts	8,454.96	8,454.96	=	=	-	-	-
Total	195,396.69	39,394.13	6,996.35	19,879.55	96,236.83	13,885.70	19,004.13

^{*} The amount represent undiscounted cash flows (₹ in millions)

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities (including financial guarantee) As at March 31, 2021	Total	Upto 3 months	Over 3 months to 6 months	Over 6 months to 1 year	Over 1 year to 3 years	Over 3 to 5 years	Over 5 years
Derivative financial instruments	1,186.69	ı	212.88		973.81	-	-
Trade payables	664.22	664.22	=		•	-	-
Other payables	=	П	-	=	П	-	-
Finance lease obligation*	4,080.32	180.31	178.03	353.96	1,292.83	953.41	1,121.78
Debt securities	53,446.73	3,933.10	1,431.35	10,024.60	38,057.69	-	-
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	92,179.83	11,955.11	15,404.57	20,252.42	28,626.77	15,940.96	-
Subordinated liabilities	17,373.98	256.72	364.42	4,138.21	530.00	326.89	11,757.75
Other financial liabilities	14,854.73	14,805.62	-	ı	49.11	-	-
Financial guarantee contracts	12,255.43	12,255.43	-	=	-	-	=
Total	196,041.92	44,050.50	17,591.23	34,769.20	69,530.21	17,221.27	12,879.53

^{*} The amount represent undiscounted cash flows

(₹ in millions)

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities (including financial guarantee) As at March 31, 2020	Total	Upto 3 months	Over 3 months to 6 months	Over 6 months to 1 year	Over 1 year to 3 years	Over 3 to 5 years	Over 5 years
Derivative financial instruments	267.63	-	267.63	-	-		-
Trade payables	477.28	477.28	-	=	=	-	=
Other payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance lease obligation*	3,425.77	165.21	159.31	297.30	1,100.56	845.01	858.38
Debt securities	57,067.01	6,760.52	1,285.58	5,327.68	11,691.02	32,002.21	
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	69,310.37	7,937.31	3,972.01	22,605.65	22,908.63	11,636.77	250.00
Subordinated liabilities	15,709.21	550.00	2,000.00	=	7,530.00	100.00	5,529.21
Other financial liabilities	9,164.14	9,145.94	=	-	18.20	-	-
Financial guarantee contracts	17,524.37	17,524.37	-	-	П	-	=
Total	172,945.78	42,560.63	7,684.53	28,230.63	43,248.41	44,583.99	6,637.59

^{*} The amount represent undiscounted cash flows

Note: Borrowings includes cash credit facilities which has been shown in "over 6 months to 1 year" and "over 1 year to 3 years" in the ratio of 40% and 60% respectively.

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(ii) Financing Arrangements

The Company had access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of the reporting period

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Floating rate			
- Expiring within one year (bank overdraft and other facilities)	14,522.50	4,556.55	1,503.43
- Expiring beyond one year (bank loans)	-	=	-

38C Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of any loss in future earnings, in realisable fair values or in future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument.

38C.1 Interest Rate Risk

The exposure of the Company's borrowing and loans to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Floating rate borrowings	59,893.83	53,286.66	51,904.76
Fixed rate borrowings	100,843.55	101,211.87	80,781.35
Project IRR	-	6,106.80	9,400.47
Total borrowings	160,737.38	160,605.33	142,086.58

The Company had the following floating rate borrowings and cross currency interest rate swap contracts outstanding:

(₹ in millions)

		As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021 As at March 31, 2020				As at March 31, 2020		
Particulars	Weighted average interest rate (%)	Balance	% of total borrowings	Weighted average interest rate (%)	Balance	% of total borrowings	Weighted average interest rate (%)	Balance	% of total borrowings	
Bank overdrafts, bank loans	8.64%	52,314.58	32.55%	8.63%	45,975.66	28.63%	9.40%	38,866.17	27.35%	
Non convertible debentures	-	-	-	=	-	=	8.77%	5,000.00	3.52%	
External Commercial borrowings	8.62%	7,579.25	4.72%	8.62%	7,311.00	4.55%	8.62%	7,538.59	5.31%	
Inter corporate deposit	-	-	-	-	-	=	11.40%	500.00	0.35%	
Net exposure to cash flow interest rate risk		59,893.83			53,286.66			51,904.76		

Sensitivity

(i) Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/ lower interest expense from borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates (assuming other variables constant):

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	İr	npact on profit after ta	x	Impact on other components of equity		
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Interest rates – increase by 30 basis points	(134.46)	(119.63)	(116.52)	-	-	-
Interest rates – decrease by 30 basis points	134.46	119.63	116.52	-	-	-

(ii) The Company does not have any outstanding variable rate loans given and hence there is no impact on Profit & loss account due to any such change.

38C.2. Exposure to Currency Risks

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign currency rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the foreign currency borrowings taken from Financial Institutions, External Commercial Borrowings (ECB) and foreign bond markets.

(i) The Company has hedged its foreign currency exposure through Forwards/ Future and / or Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps in such a manner that it has fixed determinate outflows in its functional currency and as such there would be no significant impact of movement in foreign currency rates on the Company's profit before tax (PBT).

As at March 31, 2022

Particulars	USD	EUR	CHF	JPY	SGD	Other Currencies
Foreign currency assets (in INR)*	644.13	-	-	-	=	=
Foreign currency liabilities (in INR)*	1,494.62	-	-	-	=	-
Net Assets/(Liabilities)	(850.49)	-	-	-	-	-

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As at March 31, 2021 (₹ in millions)

7.0 00 11101 017 0 17						(
Particulars	USD	EUR	CHF	JPY	SGD	Other Currencies
Foreign currency assets (in INR)*	416.88	=	=	=	=	=
Foreign currency liabilities (in INR)*	1,186.69	-	-	-	-	-
Net Assets/(Liabilities)	(769.81)	-	-	-	-	-

 As at March 31, 2020
 EUR
 CHF
 JPY
 SGD
 Other Currencies

 Foreign currency assets (in INR)*
 2,405.21

 Foreign currency liabilities (in INR)*
 267.63
 <td

(ii) Sensitivity

The sensitivity of profit or loss to changes in the exchange rates arises mainly from foreign currency denominated financial instruments

(₹ in millions)

articulars	li l	mpact on profit after ta	X	Impact on other components of equity		
raiticulais	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
USD sensitivity*						
INR/ USD - increase by 5%	-	-	(1,368.01)	(1,343.34)	(1,368.01)	=
INR/ USD - decrease by 5%	-	=	1,368.01	1,343.34	1,368.01	-

^{*} Holding all other variables constant, the sensitivity on profit and loss is due to the timing differences of the maturity of the forward exchange contract. On the date of maturity of the forward exchange contract, the sensitivity of profit and loss to changes in the exchange rates will be nil.

38C.3. Price Risk

(i) Exposure

The Company's exposure to assets having price risk is as under (Net)

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Equity Shares (Other than Subsidiary)	Mutual Funds / Alternate investment funds/ Others	Bonds	Security Receipts	Total
Market value as on March 31, 2022	-	9,552.20	-	833.00	10,385.20
Market value as on March 31, 2021	-	189.24	-	-	189.24
Market value as on March 31, 2020	1,813.13	135.09	447.24	5,220.80	7,616.26

To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity shares/ other assets, the Company diversifies its portfolio.

(ii) Sensitivity

The table below summarises the impact of increases/ decreases of the index on the Company's equity/ other assets and profit for the period. The analysis is based on the assumption that the instrument index has increased/ decreased by 5% with all other variables held constant.

Particulars	li	mpact on profit after ta	x	Impact on other components of equity		
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Increase 5%	388.57	7.08	284.97	=	=	-
Decrease 5%	(388.57)	(7.08)	(284.97)	-	-	-

^{*} Fully hedged by forward contract, future contract and Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps.

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Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

38D.Capital Management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value. The Company monitors capital using capital adequacy ratio as prescribed by the Reserve Bank Of India.

38E. Fair Values of Financial Instruments

Financial Instruments by Category

(₹ in millions)

		As at March 31, 2022	
Particulars	Fair Value through profit or loss	Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income	Amortised cost / Cost
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	43,569.37
Bank Balance other than above	-	=	12,518.66
Derivative financial instruments	-	644.13	-
Receivables			
(i) Trade receivables	-	-	1,405.43
(ii) Other receivables	-	-	158.00
Loans	-	27,770.59	101,069.87
Investments	10,385.21	-	14,103.33
Other financial assets	-	-	5,185.75
Total financial assets	10,385.21	28,414.72	178,010.40
Financial liabilities			
Derivative financial instruments	-	1,494.62	-
Trade payables	-	-	861.67
Other payables	-	=	99.06
Finance lease obligation	-	-	3,276.24
Debt securities	-	=	51,052.83
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	-	-	97,710.68
Subordinated liabilities	-	-	13,696.40
Other financial liabilities	-	-	17,844.92
Total financial liabilities	-	1,494.62	184,541.79

		As at March 31, 2021				
Particulars	Fair Value through profit or loss	Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income	Amortised cost / Cost			
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	20,518.72			
Bank Balance other than above	-	-	15,406.27			
Derivative financial instruments	-	416.88	-			
Receivables	-	-				
(i) Trade receivables	-	-	1,593.73			
(ii) Other receivables	-	-	5.10			
Loans	-	28,904.75	127,038.24			
Investments	189.24	-	11,853.33			
Other financial assets	-	-	2,079.67			
Total financial assets	189.24	29,321.63	178,495.06			
Financial liabilities						
Derivative financial instruments	-	1,186.69	-			
Trade payables	-	-	664.22			
Other payables	-	-	-			
Finance lease obligation			3,054.22			
Debt securities	-	-	53,446.73			
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	-	-	92,179.83			
Subordinated liabilities	-	-	17,373.98			
Other financial liabilities	-	-	14,854.73			
Total financial liabilities	-	1,186.69	181,573.71			

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(₹ in millions)

	As at March 31, 2020			
		Fair value through		
Particulars	Fair Value through	Other	Amortised cost /	
raiticulais	_			
	profit or loss	Comprehensive	Cost	
		Income		
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	6,062.71	
Bank Balance other than above	-	-	10,444.00	
Derivative financial instruments	2,405.21	-	-	
Receivables	-	-		
(i) Trade receivables	-	-	122.20	
(ii) Other receivables	-	-	-	
Loans	-	28,248.10	113,943.63	
Investments	7,616.26	-	11,969.21	
Other financial assets	-	-	1,623.10	
Total financial assets	10,021.47	28,248.10	144,164.85	
Financial liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments	267.63	-	-	
Trade payables	-	-	477.28	
Other payables	-	-	-	
Finance lease obligation	-	-	2,613.31	
Debt securities	-	-	58,188.16	
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	-	-	69,315.91	
Subordinated liabilities	-	-	16,304.08	
Other financial liabilities	-	-	9,164.14	
Total financial liabilities	267.63	-	156,062.88	

38E. 1. Financial Instruments Measured At Fair Value - Fair Value Hierarchy

The following table analyses financial instruments measured at fair value at the reporting date, by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised. The amounts are based on the values recognised in the statement of financial position.

38E.2. Valuation Methodologies Of Financial Instruments Measured At Fair Value

- · Quoted equity/ debt instruments are measured based on the last traded price in the recognised stock exchange and are classified as level 1.
- Quoted Mutual Funds are measured based on the published net asset value (NAV) by AMFI and are classified as level 1.
- Alternate Investment Funds and unquoted Mutual Funds are measured based on the latest NAV provided by the fund house and are classified as level 3.
- Equity instruments in non-listed entities are initially recognised at transaction price and re-measured (to the extent information is available) and valued by external independent valuer and classified as Level 3.
- Government Securities are valued based on the closing price published by FBIL and are classified as level 2.
- Unquoted debt securities are measured based on average of security level prices received from AMFI appointed/designated agencies viz: CRISIL and ICRA and are classified as level 2.
- Fair value of loans measured at FVOCI approximates its carrying value and are classified as level 3.
- Fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined by computing present value of payoff between contractual rate (Strike) and forward exchange rates at the testing date and are classified as Level 2.

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(₹ in millions)

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value - recurring fair value measurements	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Carrying Value
As at March 31, 2022					
Financial assets					
Forward rate agreements and interest rate swaps	-	644.13	-	644.13	644.13
Loans - classified under FVTOCI	-	-	27,770.59	27,770.59	27,770.59
Investments	0.04	833.00	9,552.17	10,385.21	10,385.21
(i) Mutual funds/ Alternate investment fund / Others	0.04	-	9,552.17	9,552.21	9,552.21
(ii) Security receipts (Net)	-	833.00	-	833.00	833.00
Total financial assets	0.04	1,477.13	37,322.76	38,799.93	38,799.93
Financial liabilities					
Forward rate agreements and interest rate swaps	-	1,494.62	-	1,494.62	1,494.62
Total financial liabilities	-	1,494.62	-	1,494.62	1,494.62

(₹ in millions)

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value - recurring fair value measurements	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Carrying Value
As at March 31, 2021					
Financial assets					
Forward rate agreements and interest rate swaps	-	416.88	-	416.88	416.88
Loans - classified under FVTOCI	-	-	28,904.75	28,904.75	28,904.75
Investments	118.18	-	71.06	189.24	189.24
(i) Mutual funds/ Alternate investment fund / Others	118.18	-	71.06	189.24	189.24
Total financial assets	118.18	416.88	28,975.81	29,510.87	29,510.87
Financial liabilities					
Forward rate agreements and interest rate swaps	-	1,186.69	-	1,186.69	1,186.69
Total financial liabilities	÷	1,186.69	ı	1,186.69	1,186.69

(₹ in millions)

					(< in millions)
Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value - recurring fair value measurements	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Carrying Value
As at March 31, 2020					
Financial assets					
Forward rate agreements and interest rate swaps	-	2,405.21	-	2,405.21	2,405.21
Loans - classified under FVTOCI	-	-	28,248.10	28,248.10	28,248.10
Investments	909.94	5,667.81	1,038.51	7,616.26	7,616.26
(i) Mutual funds/ Alternate investment fund / Others	85.08	-	50.01	135.09	135.09
(ii) Government securities	-	5,220.80	-	5,220.80	5,220.80
(iii) Debt securities	0.23	447.01	-	447.24	447.24
(iv) Equity	824.63	-	988.50	1,813.13	1,813.13
Total financial assets	909.94	8,073.02	29,286.61	38,269.57	38,269.57
Financial liabilities					
Forward rate agreements and interest rate swaps	-	267.63	-	267.63	267.63
Total financial liabilities	-	267.63	-	267.63	267.63

38E.3. Valuation Methodologies Of Financial Instruments Not Measured At Fair Value

Below are the methodologies and assumptions used to determine fair values for the above financial instruments which are not recorded and measured at fair value in the Company's financial statements. These fair values were calculated for disclosure purposes only.

Short-Term Financial Assets And Liabilities

For financial assets and financial liabilities that have a short-term nature, the carrying amounts, which are net of impairment, are a reasonable approximation of their fair value. Such instruments include: cash and bank balances, Trade receivables, other receivables, balances other than cash and cash equivalents, other financial assets and other financial liabilities and trade payables.

Loans, Debts, Borrowings And Subordinated Debts

The fair values of these instruments are estimated by determining the price of the instrument taking into consideration the origination date, maturity date, coupon rate, actual or approximation of frequency of interest payments and incorporating the actual or estimated/proxy yields of identitical or similar instruments through the discounting factor. For instruments, having contractual residual maturity or original maturity less than one year, the carrying value has been considered as fair value. Fair values of Loans and advances are presented net of provisions for impairment.

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(₹ in millions)

Assets and liabilities which are measured at amortised cost	Total Fair value	Carrying value	Valuation hierarchy	
for which fair values are disclosed	TOTAL FAIL VALUE	Carrying value	valuation illerationy	
As at March 31, 2022				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	43,569.37	43,569.37	-	
Bank Balance other than included above	12,518.66	12,518.66	-	
Receivables				
(i) Trade receivables	1,405.43	1,405.43	-	
(ii) Other receivables	158.00	158.00	-	
Loans	98,839.54	101,069.87	Level 3	
Investment in subsidiary*	14,103.33	14,103.33	-	
Other financial assets	5,185.75	5,185.75	-	
Total financial assets	175,780.08	178,010.41		
Financial Liabilities				
Trade payables	861.67	861.67	-	
Other payables	99.06	99.06	-	
Debt securities **	50,078.72	51,052.83	Level 3	
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	92,452.15	97,710.68	Level 3	
Subordinated liabilities	14,045.30	13,696.40	Level 3	
Other financial liabilities	17,844.92	17,844.92	-	
Total financial liabilities	175,381.82	181,265.56		

^{*} Investments in subsidiaries are carried at amortised cost and hence fair value is not disclosed.

Assets and liabilities which are measured at amortised cost	Total Fair value	Carrying value	Valuation hierarchy
for which fair values are disclosed	Total Fall Value	carrying value	valuation incrarcity
As at March 31, 2021			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	20,518.72	20,518.72	-
Bank Balance other than included above	15,406.27	15,406.27	-
Receivables	-		
(i) Trade receivables	1,593.73	1,593.73	-
(ii) Other receivables	5.10	5.10	-
Loans	124,479.83	127,038.24	Level 3
Investment in subsidiary*	11,853.33	11,853.33	-
Other financial assets	2,079.67	2,079.67	-
Total financial assets	175,936.65	178,495.06	
Financial Liabilities			
Trade payables	664.22	664.22	-
Other payables	-	-	-
Debt securities**	53,760.78	53,446.73	Level 3
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	92,192.68	92,179.83	Level 3
Subordinated liabilities	17,964.46	17,373.98	Level 3
Other financial liabilities	14,854.73	14,854.73	=
Total financial liabilities	179,436.86	178,519.49	

 $^{{}^{*}}$ Investments in subsidiaries are carried at amortised cost and hence fair value is not disclosed

^{**} For Secured Medium Term Notes book value has been considered as fair value.

^{**} For Secured Medium Term Notes book value has been considered as fair value.

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(₹ in millions)

Total Fair value	Carrying value	Valuation hierarchy
6,062.71	6,062.71	-
10,444.00	10,444.00	-
122.20	122.20	-
-	-	-
120,078.17	113,943.63	Level 3
11,969.21	11,969.21	-
1,623.10	1,623.10	-
150,299.39	144,164.85	
477.28	477.28	-
-	-	-
58,362.80	58,188.16	Level 3
69,645.95	69,315.91	Level 3
15,967.85	16,304.08	Level 3
9,164.14	9,164.14	-
153,618.02	153,449.57	
	10,444.00 122.20 - 120,078.17 11,969.21 1,623.10 150,299.39 477.28 - 58,362.80 69,645.95 15,967.85 9,164.14	6,062.71 6,062.71 10,444.00 10,444.00 122.20 122.20 120,078.17 113,943.63 11,969.21 11,969.21 1,623.10 1,623.10 150,299.39 144,164.85 477.28 477.28 58,362.80 58,188.16 69,645.95 69,315.91 15,967.85 16,304.08 9,164.14 9,164.14

^{*} Investments in subsidiaries are carried at amortised cost and hence fair value is not disclosed

38.E.4 Movements In Level 3 Financial Instruments Measured At Fair Value:

The following tables shows the reconciliation of the opening and closing amounts of Level 3 financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Loans - Classified under FVOCI	Alternate Investment fund	Equity
Balances as at April 1, 2021	28,904.75	71.06	-
Issuances	85,935.74	10,526.44	-
Sale of financial instrument classified as level 3 at the	(87,069.90)	(1,740.46)	-
beginning of the financial year			
Total gain/ (loss) recognised in profit and loss	-	695.13	-
Transfers in	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-
Balances as at March 31, 2022	27,770.59	9,552.17	•
Unrealised gain /(loss) related to balances held at the end of	-	685.67	-
financial year			

/ Ciri minic			
Particulars	Loans - Classified under FVOCI	Alternate Investment fund	Equity
Balances as at April 1, 2020	28,248.10	50.01	988.50
Issuances	61,464.56	12.44	-
Sale of financial instrument classified as level 3 at the	(60,807.91)	(0.06)	(1,450.00)
beginning of the financial year			
Total gain/ (loss) recognised in profit and loss	-	8.67	461.50
Transfers in	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-
Balances as at March 31, 2021	28,904.75	71.06	-
Unrealised gain/ losses related to balances held at the end of	-	(9.46)	-
financial year			

^{**} For Secured Medium Term Notes book value has been considered as fair value.

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(₹ in millions)

Particulars	Loans - Classified	Alternate Investment	Equity
Balances as at April 1, 2019	24,872.43	63.19	591.50
Issuances	65,507.76	1.70	=
Sale of financial instrument classified as level 3 at the	(62,132.09)	(0.50)	-
Total gain/ (loss) recognised in profit and loss	-	(14.38)	397.00
Transfers in	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	=
Balances as at March 31, 2020	28,248.10	50.01	988.50
Unrealised gain/ losses related to balances held at the end of	-	(18.12)	833.50

38 F. Transferred Financial Assets That Are Derecognised In Their Entirety

During the year ended March 31, 2022, the Company sold loans measured at FVTOCI through assignment deals. The Company derognised the assets as per IND AS 109 as all the risks and rewards relating to assets were transferred to the buyer.

The table below summarises the carrying amount of the derecognised financial assets measured at FVTOCI and the gain/ (loss) on derecognition, per type of asset.

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Financial assets derecognised during the year	87,069.90	60,807.91	62,132.09
Gain from derecognition	4,107.08	1,674.58	1,565.76

38 G. Transferred Financial Assets That Are Recognised In Their Entirety:

The Company uses securitisation as a source of finance. Such transaction resulted in the transfer of contractual cash flows from portfolios of financial assets to holders of issued debt securities. Such deals resulted in continued recognition of the securitised assets since the Company retains substantial risks and rewards. The table below outlines the carrying amounts and fair values of all financial assets transferred that are not derecognised in their entirety and associated liabilities.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Carrying amount of transferred assets measured at	19,892.16	39,138.16	22,405.61
amortised cost			
Carrying amount of associated liabilities	19,892.16	39,138.16	22,405.61
Fair value of assets	19,888.06	39,151.01	22,735.65
Fair value of associated liabilities	19,888.06	39,151.01	22,735.65
Net position at Fair value	-	ı	1

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Note 39. Capital, Other Commitments And Contingent Liabilities At Balance Sheet Date:

Contingent Liabilities:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
ratuculais	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
In respect of Income tax demands (refer note (a) and (b))	663.06	486.49	539.76
In respect of GST/Service tax demands (including interest accrued and refer note (c))	831.66	617.50	342.01
In respect of Profession tax demands (refer note (d))	1.55	1.55	1.53
In respect of Bank guarantees given (refer note (e))	8,454.96	12,255.43	17,524.37
In respect of Stamp Duty (refer note (f))	166.60	-	=

- (a) The Company has filed appeal against the said demands raised by the Income Tax Department.
- (b) Amount paid under protest with respect to income tax demand is ₹ 417.70 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 233.89 million; March 31, 2020 ₹ 267.16 million)
- (c) Amount paid under protest with respect to service tax demand ₹ 18.92 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 18.92 million; March 31, 2020 ₹ 18.92 million) and with respect to GST demand ₹ 0.18 million (March 31, 2021 Nil; March 31, 2020 Nil).
- (d) Amount paid under protest with respect to profession tax demand ₹ 0.47 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 0.47 million; March 31, 2020 ₹ 0.47 million).
- (e) Guarantee has been given on behalf of subsidiary.
- (f) During the year ended March 31, 2022, the Company has received demand towards stamp duty on account of the Composite Scheme of Arrangement. The demand has been raised for a sum of ₹ 750.00 million. As per the scheme document any incidental expenses will be borne by the resulting companies i.e IIFL Finance Limited, IIFL Securities Limited and IIFL Wealth Management Limited equally. The Company has appealed against the same and paid ₹ 83.40 million under protest towards its share of the liability and shown ₹ 166.60 million as Contingent.
- (g) Apart from the above, Company is subject to legal proceedings and claims which have arisen in the ordinary course of the business. The Company's management does not reasonably expect that these legal actions, when ultimately concluded and determined, will have material and adverse effect on the Company's financial position.

Commitments Not Provided For:

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
ratuculais	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Commitments related to loans sanctioned but undrawn	7,935.49	913.64	4,817.78
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account	187.51	325.42	169.28
Commitments related to Alternate Investment Funds	205.95	20.16	32.60

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 40. Employee Stock Option

The Company has implemented Employee Stock Option Scheme 2008 (ESOP Schemes) and has outstanding options granted under the said Schemes. The options vest in graded manner and must be exercised within a specified period as per the terms of the grants made by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and ESOP Schemes.

a) The details of various Employee Stock Option Schemes are as under:

Particulars	As at March 2022 ESOP 2008	As at March 2021 ESOP 2008	As at March 2020 ESOP 2008	
Number of Option outstanding	1,147,105	331,525	434,937	
Method of accounting	Fair Value Fair Value		Fair Value	
Vesting Plan	Options granted would vest over a period of five years subject to a minimum period of one year from the date of grant of options.			
Exercise Period	Seven years from the date of grant			
	05-Aug-2014, 02-Mar-2015, 08-Mar-2016, 29- Apr-2017, 04-Sep-2020, 06-May-2021, 20-Aug- 2021 and 22-Dec-2021.	-2017, 04-Sep-2020, 06-May-2021, 20-Aug- 2017 and 04-Sep-2020		
Grant Price (₹ Per Share)	₹ 61.40, ₹ 82.73, ₹ 82.02, ₹ 218.71, ₹ 126.64, ₹ 252.00, ₹ 252.00 and ₹ 271.40	₹ 61.40, ₹ 82.73, ₹ 82.02, ₹ 218.71 and ₹ 126.64	₹ 61.40, ₹ 82.73, ₹ 82.02 and ₹ 218.71	

(b) (i) Movement of options during the year ended March 31, 2022

Particulars	Option Outstanding	Range of exercise price (in ₹)	Weight average exercise price (in ₹)	Weight average remaining contractual life (Years)
Outstanding as on April 01, 2021	331,525	82.02-218.71	93.70	2.65
Granted during the year	925,000	252.00-271.40	252.52	-
Expired/forfeited during the year	14,360	82.02	82.65	-
Exercised during the year	95,060	82.02-82.73	82.04	-
Outstanding as on March 31, 2022	1,147,105	82.02-271.40	222.89	5.44
Exercisable as on March 31, 2022	177,105	82.02-271.40	92.54	1.14

b) (ii) Movement of options during year ended March 31, 2021

Particulars	Option Outstanding	Range of exercise price (in ₹)	Weight average exercise price (in ₹)	Weight average remaining contractual life (Years)
Outstanding as on April 01, 2020	434,937	61.40-218.71	87.76	2.89
Granted during the year	50,000	126.64	126.64	-
Expired/forfeited during the year	27,315	82.02-218.71	132.06	
Exercised during the year	126,097	61.40-82.73	77.95	
Outstanding as on March 31, 2021	331,525	82.02-218.71	93.70	2.65
Exercisable as on March 31, 2021	276,725	82.02-218.71	85.58	1.96

b) (iii) Movement of options during year ended March 31, 2020

Particulars	Option Outstanding	Range of exercise price (in ₹)	Weight average exercise price	Weight average remaining contractual
Outstanding as on April 01, 2019	948,456	25.79-218.71	62.76	2.88
Granted during the year		-	-	-
Expired/forfeited during the year	30,245	82.02-218.71	127.21	-
Exercised during the year	483,274	25.79-82.73	36.23	-
Outstanding as on March 31, 2020	434,937	61.40-218.71	87.76	2.89
Exercisable as on March 31, 2020	419,537	61.40-218.71	82.95	2.85

Fair Value Methodology:

The fair value of the shares are measured using Black scholes formulae. Measurement inputs include share price on measurement date, exercise date of the instrument, exercise price, expected life, risk free interest rate, dividend yield, expected volatility.

 $\label{thm:condition} \textbf{Key Assumptions used in Black-Scholes model for calculating fair value as on the date of grant are as follows:}$

		ESOP 2008					
Particulars		2021-22			2019-20		
	06-May-21	19-Aug-21	22-Dec-21	04-Sep-20	Not applicable		
Stock price (₹)	252.00	252.00	271.40	87.85	-		
Volatility	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	-		
Risk-free Rate	5.66%	5.77%	5.81%	6.56%	-		
Exercise price (₹)	252.00	252.00	271.40	126.64	-		
Time to Maturity (Years)	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	-		
Dividend yield	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	-		
Weight Average Value (₹)	34.72	35.40	35.40	21.10	-		

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Stock Price: The closing market price on NSE one day prior to the date of grant has been considered for the purpose of Option valuation.

Volatility: The daily volatility of the stock prices on BSE, over a period prior to the date of grant, corresponding with the expected life of the Options has been considered to calculate the fair value.

Risk-free rate of return: The risk-free rate being considered for the calculation is the India Government Bond Generic Bid Yield with a maturity about equal to the expected life of the options.

Exercise Price: Price of each specific grant has been considered.

Time to Maturity: Time to Maturity / Expected Life of Options is the period for which the Company expects the Options to be live. The minimum life of a stock option is the minimum period before which the Options cannot be exercised and the maximum life is the period after which the Options cannot be exercised.

Expected dividend yield: Expected dividend yield has been calculated as an average of dividend yields for the three financial years preceding the date of the grant. The dividend yield for the year is derived by dividing the dividend per share by the average price per share of the respective period.

The Company has granted Employee Stock Options under IIFL Finance Employee Stock Option Plan 2020 – Merger Scheme pursuant to aforesaid Composite Scheme of Arrangement.

a) The details of various Employee Stock Option Schemes are as under:

Particulars	As at March 2022 ESOP 2020	As at March 2021 ESOP 2020	As at March 2020 ESOP 2020	
Number of Option outstanding	3,572,033 4,433,233		8,265,678	
Method of accounting	Fair Value	Fair Value	Fair Value	
Vesting Plan	Options granted would vest over a period of five years subject to a minimum period of one year from the date of grant of options.			
Exercise Period	Seven years from the date of grant			
Grant Date	02-May-2018, 04-Sep-2018, 21-Nov-2018, 02-May-2018, 04-Sep-2018, 21-Nov-2018, 0		02-Dec-2015, 09-Mar-2016, 08-Feb-2017, 02-May-2018, 04-Sep-2018, 21-Nov-2018, 18-Jan-2019 and 18-Sep-2019	
Grant Price (₹ Per Share)	₹ 61.48, ₹ 61.48, ₹ 106.67, ₹ 142.22, ₹ 177.04, ₹ 177.04, ₹ 182.22, ₹ 129.63	₹ 61.48, ₹ 61.48, ₹ 106.67, ₹ 142.22, ₹ 177.04, ₹ 177.04, ₹ 182.22, ₹ 129.63	₹ 61.48, ₹ 61.48, ₹ 106.67, ₹ 142.22, ₹ 177.04, ₹ 177.04, ₹ 182.22, ₹ 129.63	

(b) (i) Movement of options during the year ended March 31, 2022

Particulars	Option Outstanding	Range of exercise price	Weight average exercise price (in ₹)	Weight average remaining contractual life (Years)
Outstanding as on April 01, 2021	4,433,233	61.48-182.22	150.40	4.06
Granted during the year	-	-	-	-
Expired/forfeited during the year	198,225	177.04-182.22	177.37	-
Exercised during the year	662,975	61.48-182.22	118.03	-
Outstanding as on March 31, 2022	3,572,033	61.48-182.22	154.91	3.19
Exercisable as on March 31, 2022	2,031,205	61.48-182.22	150.73	3.05

(b) (ii) Movement of options during the year ended March 31, 2021

Particulars	Option Outstanding	Range of exercise price	Weight average exercise price (in ₹)	Weight average remaining contractual life (Years)
Outstanding as on April 01, 2020	8,265,678	61.48 -182.22	157.65	5.15
Granted during the year	-	-	-	-
Expired/forfeited during the year	3,458,788	61.48-182.22	173.65	-
Exercised during the year	373,657	61.48-182.22	95.69	-
Outstanding as on March 31, 2021	4,433,233	61.48-182.22	150.40	4.06
Exercisable as on March 31, 2021	2,001,004	61.48-182.22	132.44	3.57

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

(b) (iii) Movement of options during the year ended March 31, 2020

Particulars	Option Outstanding	Range of exercise price	Weight average	Weight average
Turticulars	Option Outstanding	(in ₹)	exercise price	remaining contractual
Outstanding as on April 01, 2019	9,173,539	61.48 -182.22	157.60	6.15
Granted during the year	13,500	129.63	129.63	-
Expired/forfeited during the year	921,361	61.48 -182.22	156.73	-
Exercised during the year	-		-	-
Outstanding as on March 31, 2020	8,265,678	61.48 -182.22	157.65	5.15
Exercisable as on March 31, 2020	1,795,582	61.48 -182.22	125.01	4.34

Fair Value Methodology:

The fair value of the shares are measured using Black scholes formulae. Measurement inputs include share price on measurement date, exercise date of the instrument, exercise price, expected life, risk free interest rate, dividend yield, expected volatility.

Key Assumptions used in Black-Scholes model for calculating fair value as on the date of grant are as follows:

Particulars		ESOP 2020				
	21-Nov-18	04-Sep-18	02-May-18	02-May-18		
Stock price (₹)	179.63	179.63	179.63	179.63		
Volatility	59%	59%	59%	59%		
Risk-free Rate	7.21% - 7.40%	7.21% - 7.44%	7.13% - 7.40%	7.13% - 7.34%		
Exercise price (₹)	177.04	177.04	142.22	142.22		
Time to Maturity (Years)	5.39	5.43	5.09	4.84		
Dividend yield	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%		
Weight Average Value (₹)	102.29	102.87	106.78	106.94		

Particulars	ESOP 2020			
raiticulais	18-Sep-19	18-Jan-19	18-Jan-19	
Stock price (₹)	179.63	179.63	179.63	
Volatility	59%	59%	59%	
Risk-free Rate	7.34% - 7.49%	7.28% - 7.49%	7.28% - 7.44%	
Exercise price (₹)	129.63	182.22	182.22	
Time to Maturity (Years)	6.22	5.80	5.55	
Dividend yield	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	
Weight Average Value (₹)	118.06	161.25	102.16	

Stock Price: The fair value of stock as on Appointed Date, i.e., April 1, 2018 ("the Effective date" or the "Date of Modification") has been used to value the outstanding grants based on Mercahnt Banker's Report.

Volatility: The daily volatility of the stock prices on BSE, based on post demerger traded prices, has been considered to calculate the fair value.

Risk-free rate of return: The risk-free rate being considered for the calculation is the India Government Bond Generic Bid Yield with a maturity about equal to the expected life of the options.

Exercise Price: Price of each specific grant has been considered based on equity swap ratio of the Composite Scheme of Arrangement.

Time to Maturity: Time to Maturity / Expected Life of Options is the period for which the Company expects the Options to be live. The minimum life of a stock option is the minimum period before which the Options cannot be exercised and the maximum life is the period after which the Options cannot be exercised.

Expected dividend yield: Expected dividend yield has been calculated as an average of dividend yields for the three financial years preceding the date of the grant. The dividend yield for the year is derived by dividing the dividend per share by the average price per share of the respective period.

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 41. Additional Disclosure Requirements

(i) Relationship With Struck off Companies

The Company has not entererd into any transactions with strike off companies.

(ii) Registration of Charges or Satisfaction With Registrar of Companies (ROC)

There are no charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.

(iii) Compliance With Number of Layers of Companies:

The clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 is not applicable to the Company.

(iv) Utilisation of Borrowed Funds and Share Premium

(A) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall:

- (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (B) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:-
- (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(v) Undisclosed Income

The Company has disclosed all its Income appropriately and in the ongoing Tax Assessments as well there has not been any such undisclosed income recognised by the relavant tax authorities.

(vi) Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

(vii) Disclosure of Benami Property

The Company does not possess any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1985 and rules made thereunder.

(viii) Disclosure of Borrowings

- (a) The quarterly returns and statements of current assets filed by the Company with banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of accounts.
- (b) The Company has utilised the borrowings from banks and financial institutions for the specific purpose for which it was taken as at March 31, 2022.

(ix) Wilful Defaulter

The Company has not been declared as Wilful Defaulter by any Bank or Financial Institution or other Lender.

(x) Title Deeds Of Immovable Properties Not Held In Name Of The Company

Title deeds of immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) are held in the name of the company.

(xi) Disclosure on Loans and Advances

The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment, to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person.

(xii) Ratios

(m) nation			
Particulars	As at	As at	As at
raiticulais	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Capital to risk-weighted assets ratio (CRAR)	23.85%	25.40%	16.59%
Tier I CRAR	16.02%	17.51%	12.71%
Tier II CRAR	7.83%	7.89%	3.88%
Liquidity Coverage Ratio for the quarter ended			
March 31	116.59%	102.76%	Not applicable

STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 42. List of Related Parties

Nature of relationship	Name of party *
	IIFL Home Finance Limited
Direct subsidiaries	IIFL Samasta Finance Limited (Formerly Samasta Microfinance Limited)
	Clara Developers Private Limited (Upto July 26, 2020)
	IIFL Securities Limited
	IIFL Management Services Limited
	IIFL Insurance Brokers Limited (Formerly India Infoline Insurance Brokers Limited)
	IIFL Wealth Management Limited
	IIFL Facilities Services Limited (Formerly IIFL Real Estate Limited)
	India Infoline Foundation
Other valeted vention	India Infoline Employee Trust
Other related parties	IIFL Wealth Portfolio Managers Limited (Formerly IIFL Alternate Asset Advisors Limited)
	IIFL Asset Management Limited (Formerly India Infoline Asset Management Company Limited)
	IIFL Wealth Finance Limited
	Livlong Protection & Wellness Solutions Limited (Formerly IIFL Corporate Services Limited)
	IIHFL Sales Limited (w.e.f September 28, 2021)
	5paisa Capital Limited
	5paisa P2P Limited
	Mr.Nirmal Jain
	Mr.R. Venkataraman
Key managerial personnel	Mr.Rajesh Rajak (w.e.f. March 12, 2020)
	Mr. Sumit Bali (upto June 30, 2020)
	Mr. Prabodh Agarwal (upto February 01, 2020)
	Mr. Shankar Subramanian (Brother of Independent Director Mr. Ramakrishnan Subramanian) (w.e.f
Relatives of Key managerial personnel	September 06, 2021)
	Mrs. Aditi Athavankar (Spouse of Mr.R. Venkataraman)

^{*} The above list includes related parties with whom transactions have been carried out during the year.

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 42.1 Significant transactions with related parties

Note 42.1 Significant transactions with related parties				(× III IIIIIIIIIII)
Nature of transaction	Relationship	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Interest income				
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	47.55	1.30	2.92
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	201.61	28.38	45.33
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	20.40	71.05	172.80
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	0.13	-	20.95
5paisa Capital Limited	Other related parties	50.73	118.20	53.63
IIFL Samasta Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	74.51	67.70	36.24
Mr. Shankar Subramanian	Key managerial personnel and their relatives	0.22	-	-
Interest expense				
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	89.42	84.47	223.97
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	-	333.59	129.94
IIFL Samasta Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	-	43.65	8.42
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	5.37	-	-
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	4.82	4.45	-
IIFL Wealth Finance Limited	Other related parties	-	-	18.41
IIFL Insurance Brokers Limited	Other related parties	-	-	2.16
Service charges income				
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	-	-	0.77
Referral fees income				
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	0.43	1.27	2.00
Trademark License Fee				
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	-	0.10	-
Investment Banking Income Pass through				
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	-	-	15.69
Donation paid				
India Infoline Foundation	Other related parties	82.00	47.10	120.19
Arranger/ processing fees /brokerage on non convertil	ole debenture/merchant banking fees/other charges			
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	225.68	-	143.54
5paisa Capital Limited	Other related parties	-	0.68	11.18
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	-	-	97.76
IIFL Wealth Management Limited	Other related parties	35.55	121.34	114.63
IIFL Samasta Finance Limited	Other related parties	72.13	-	104.79
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	15.59	6.47	16.20
Mr. Shankar Subramanian	Key managerial personnel and their relatives	0.01	-	-

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Nature of transaction	Relationship	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Note 42.1 Significant transactions with related part	ies			
Rent expenses				
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	19.24	17.50	17.50
Aditi Athavankar	Key managerial personnel and their relatives	-	-	1.80
Commission/ brokerage expense				
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	0.88	0.19	0.86
Remuneration paid				
Mr.Nirmal Jain	Key managerial personnel and their relatives	86.72	80.01	86.97
Mr.R. Venkataraman	Key managerial personnel and their relatives	-	-	5.50
Mr.Sumit Bali	Key managerial personnel and their relatives	-	5.41	62.50
Equity dividend received				
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	629.05	524.20	314.52
IIFL Samasta Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	-	118.84	116.53
Equity dividend paid				
India Infoline Employee Trust Limited	Other related parties	0.26	0.23	0.17
ICD/loan taken**				
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	4,210.00	82,387.10	67,796.20
IIFL Samasta Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries		3,450.00	1,720.00
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	2,000.00	22,080.00	15,374.00
IIFL Wealth Finance Limited	Other related parties	-	-	1,000.00
IIFL Insurance Brokers Limited	Other related parties	-	-	146.60
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	42,505.96	51,061.50	83,080.00
ICD/loan returned**				
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	4,210.00	82,387.10	67,796.20
IIFL Samasta Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	-	3,950.00	1,220.00
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	2,000.00	22,080.00	15,374.00
IIFL Wealth Finance Limited	Other related parties	-	-	1,000.00
IIFL Insurance Brokers Limited	Other related parties	-	-	146.60
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	42,505.96	51,061.50	83,080.00
ICD/loan given**				
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	17,390.00	4,040.00	5,590.00
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	500.00	-	1,933.00
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	26,635.00	18,963.50	24,676.00
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	32,844.00	11,950.00	25,566.94
IIFL Samasta Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	5,500.00	9,480.00	610.00
5paisa Capital Limited	Other related parties	6,000.00	28,130.00	3,418.10

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Nature of transaction	Relationship	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Note 42.1 Significant transactions with related parties	:			
ICD/loan received back**				
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	17,390.00	4,040.00	5,590.00
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	26,635.00	20,722.00	23,445.00
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	500.00	-	2,223.00
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	32,844.00	11,950.00	25,566.94
5paisa Capital Limited	Other related parties	6,000.00	29,130.00	2,418.10
IIFL Samasta Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	5,500.00	9,480.00	610.00
Investment in subsidiaries				
IIFL Samasta Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	2,250.00	675.00	1,500.00
Purchase of investment				
IIFL Wealth Finance Limited	Other related parties	-	-	513.93
Sale of investment				
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	1,440.00	1,821.23	-
IIFL Wealth Finance Limited	Other related parties	-	2,011.10	507.93
Allocation / reimbursement of expenses paid				
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	92.41	79.82	309.45
IIFL Asset Management Limited	Other related parties	-	-	7.50
Spaisa Capital Limited	Other related parties	0.42	-	
IIFL Wealth Management Limited	Other related parties	-	4.15	
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	9.10	5.55	6.99
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	1.76	3.95	14.32
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	14.77	11.65	27.72
Allocation / reimbursement of expenses paid others				
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	19.68	10.06	43.49
IIFL Wealth Management Limited	Other related parties	0.00	0.06	0.98
5paisa P2P Limited	Other related parties	0.01	0.03	
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	2.00	3.16	0.62
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	2.62	13.12	31.76
Spaisa Capital Limited	Other related parties	3.09	2.92	1.97
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	0.33	0.42	0.82
IIFL Samasta Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	6.57	-	
Livlong Protection & Wellness Solutions Limited	Other related parties	0.19	-	
IIHFL Sales Limited	Other related parties	0.01	-	
IIFL Insurance Brokers Limited	Other related parties	0.02	0.51	2.05

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Nature of transaction	Relationship	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Note 42.1 Significant transactions with related parties	Relationship	11 2021-22	11 2020-21	11 2013-20
Allocation / reimbursement of expenses received				
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	0.87	3.96	0.62
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties Other related parties	0.26	0.29	0.48
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties Other related parties	27.47	28.25	29.29
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	47.59	30.15	42.28
5paisa Capital Limited	Other related parties	8.71	4.43	8.17
IIFL Wealth Management Limited	Other related parties Other related parties	0.71	0.18	5.64
Livlong Protection & Wellness Solutions Limited	Other related parties Other related parties	0.09	0.16	3.04
IIHFL Sales Limited	'	2.06		
	Other related parties	2.00	-	-
Allocation / reimbursement of expenses received others	Other related parties	0.07	0.90	2.54
Spaisa Capital Limited	Other related parties	0.97	0.89	2.54
5paisa P2P Limited	Other related parties	7.27	0.08	46.00
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	7.27	6.15	46.89
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	17.15	32.35	53.17
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	0.00	0.94	3.05
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	1.01	1.28	0.22
IIFL Insurance Brokers Limited	Other related parties	0.50	0.22	1.81
IIFL Asset Management Limited	Other related parties	-	0.59	2.47
India Infoline Foundation	Other related parties	-	-	0.04
IIFL Wealth Management Limited	Other related parties	-	-	0.29
Livlong Protection & Wellness Solutions Limited	Other related parties	0.26	-	-
IIHFL Sales Limited	Other related parties	0.01	-	-
Payment towards assignment transaction		1		
IIFL Samasta Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	-	-	0.83
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	-	-	9.29
Receipt towards assignment transaction				
IIFL Samasta Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	-	-	3.39
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	-	-	4.24
Security deposit paid towards rent				
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	0.43	-	-
Assignment/Securitisation transactions paid on behalf				
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	901.44	902.18	954.16
Non convertible debenture issued				
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	-	-	2,322.00
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	-	1,000.00	-
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	500.00	751.80	-
IIFL Wealth Portfolio Managers Limited	Other related parties	-	-	500.00
IIFL Wealth Finance Limited	Other related parties	-	-	4,483.00
Note 42.1 Significant transactions with related parties				
Non convertible debenture redeemed/bought back				
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	108.11	-	-
IIFL Wealth Finance Limited	Other related parties	-	813.46	783.96
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	-	222.11	3,475.00
Sale of Portfolio				
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	-	-	6,050.00
IIFL Samasta Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	-	-	1,723.50
Repayment towards Borrowing				
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	52.70	-	-
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	40.90	-	-

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Nature of transaction	Relationship	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Note 42.2 Closing balances with related parties				
Other payable				
5paisa Capital Limited	Other related parties	1.69	2.08	
5paisa P2P Limited	Other related parties	-	0.01	
IIFL Insurance Brokers Limited	Other related parties	-	0.30	
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	12.60	2.74	0.27
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	0.58	-	1.22
IIFL Wealth Management Limited	Other related parties	38.44	1.74	
IIFL Samasta Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	25.03	-	0.86
Other receivable				
IIFL Wealth Management Limited	Other related parties	-	-	0.63
IIFL Asset Management Limited	Other related parties	-	-	2.47
IIFL Insurance Brokers Limited	Other related parties	0.24	-	
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	0.01	-	
Livlong Protection & Wellness Solutions Limited	Other related parties	0.41	-	
IIHFL Sales Limited	Other related parties	1.08	-	
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	-	1.95	
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	1.32	7.93	22.89
Security deposit receivable				
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	9.18	8.75	8.75
Outstanding ICD (given)				
5paisa Capital Limited	Other related parties	-	-	1,000.00
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	-	-	1,758.50
Outstanding ICD (taken)				
IIFL Samasta Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	-	-	500.00

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Nature of transaction	Relationship	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Note 42.2 Closing balances with related parties				
Corporate guarantee given				
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	8,454.96	12,255.43	17,524.37
Outstanding non convertible debenture issued				
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	-	22.22	221.30
IIFL Wealth Finance Limited	Other related parties	-	-	11.00
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	443.00	40.90	-
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	0.01	-	200.00
Interest accrued on non convertible debenture issued				
IIFL Management Services Limited	Other related parties	-	3.46	7.88
IIFL Wealth Finance Limited	Other related parties	-	-	1.24
IIFL Securities Limited	Other related parties	19.67	1.91	-
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	Other related parties	0.00	-	12.88
Investment in non convertible debenture (including intere	est accrued)			
IIFL Home Finance Limited	Direct subsidiaries	-	-	530.46
Loan receivable				
Mr. Shankar Subramanian	Key managerial personnel and their relatives	2.02	-	-
Gratuity payable *				
Mr.Nirmal Jain	Key managerial personnel and their relatives	1.47	1.43	1.42
Mr.R. Venkataraman	Key managerial personnel and their relatives	-	-	1.44
Mr.Sumit Bali	Key managerial personnel and their relatives	-	-	0.46
Leave encashment payable *				
Mr.Nirmal Jain	Key managerial personnel and their relatives	6.44	4.59	6.69
Mr.R. Venkataraman	Key managerial personnel and their relatives	-	-	3.54
Mr.Sumit Bali	Key managerial personnel and their relatives	-	-	0.24

^{*} Based on actuarial valuation report

Wherever amount is less than ₹ 0.01 million, shown as ₹ 0.00

Note 43. Corporate Social Responsibility:

(₹ in millions)

			(
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
(a) Amount required to be spent	82.00	47.10	120.19
(b) Amount of expenditure incurred	57.40	47.10	120.19
(c) Shortfall at the end of the year	24.60	-	-
(d) Total of previous years shortfall	-	-	-
(e) Nature of CSR activities	Prom	Promoting Education and Healthcare, eradicating poverty	
		0, ,	

Reason for shortfall: The Company during the year had contributed towards the ongoing projects to IIFL Foundation Limited and which remained unspent as on March 31, 2022 resulting in shortfall. The unspent amount has been transferred to a separate Bank account and will be spent during the FY 2022-23.

The Company contributes its CSR requirement to IIFL Foundation Limited, a group Company.

^{**}ICD Transactions are including Intraday

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 44.1 Maturity Analysis Of Assets And Liabilities As At March 31, 2022

44.1 Maturity Analysis Of Assets And Clabilities As At March 31, 2022			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
Assets			
	43 569 37	_	43,569.37
•	· ·	2 502 62	12,518.66
	10,010.04	, i	644.13
	_	044.13	044.13
	1 405 24	0.10	1 405 42
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· ·	0.19	1,405.43
• •		40 772 52	158.00
	· ·	·	128,840.46
			24,488.54
Other financial assets	1,521.01	3,664.74	5,185.75
Non-financial assets			
Current tax assets (net)	-	2,270.23	2,270.23
Deferred tax assets (net)	-	1,584.97	1,584.97
Investment property	-	2,885.13	2,885.13
Property, plant and equipment	-	1,348.24	1,348.24
	51.40	5.04	56.44
, , , ,	_	2.972.54	2,972.54
	_	·	19.16
	850.06		3,337.15
		-	78.44
		94 645 12	231,362.64
	130,717.32	34,043.12	231,302.04
	62.26	4 422 26	4 404 63
	62.26	1,432.36	1,494.62
•			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-	-
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small	851.42	10.25	861.67
enterprises			
(II) Other payables			
(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small	99.06	-	99.06
enterprises			
Finance lease obligation	680.49	2,595.75	3,276.24
Debt securities	7.743.53	43,309.30	51,052.83
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	· ·		97,710.68
	· ·		13,696.40
			17,844.92
other interior resultes	17,301.73	200.13	17,011.32
Current tax liabilities (net)	184.41	-	184.41
			413.84
Provisions	342.83	71.01	413.0
Provisions Other non-financial liabilities	342.83 458.95	71.01	
Other non-financial liabilities		71.01	
Other non-financial liabilities Equity		-	458.95
Other non-financial liabilities		71.01 - 759.20 43,509.82	458.95 759.20 43,509.82
	(II) Other payables(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small	Assets Financial assets	Assets Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Bank balance other than (a) above Derivative financial instruments Cash and cash equivalents Collation Cash Cash Cash Cash Cash Cash Cash Cash

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 44.2 Maturity Analysis Of Assets And Liabilities As At March 31, 2021

ies As At March 31, 2021			(₹ in millions)
	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
	20,518.72	-	20,518.72
	13,749.36	1,656.91	15,406.27
	, <u>-</u>	416.88	416.88
	1,593.73	-	1,593.73
	5.10	-	5.10
	110,268.74	45,674.25	155,942.99
	, <u>-</u>	•	12,042.57
	1,458.46	621.21	2,079.67
	-	2,468.67	2,468.67
	-	2,063.60	2,063.60
	-	2,640.02	2,640.02
	-	955.44	955.44
	-	65.60	65.60
		2,793.94	2,793.94
	-	9.15	9.15
	420.98	2,683.92	3,104.90
	148,015.09	74,092.16	222,107.25
	212.88	973.81	1,186.69
erprises and small enterprises	_	-	-
	664.22	-	664.22
erprises and small enterprises	_	-	-
	_	-	_
F			
	480.76	2,573,46	3,054.22
		•	53,446.73
	•		92,179.83
	•	,	17,373.98
	14,805.62	49.11	14,854.73
	185 44	_	185.44
		62.43	315.63
	638.46	-	638.46
	1		
	_	757.68	757.68
	-	757.68 37,449.64	757.68 37,449.64
	erprises and small enterprises other than micro enterprises and small erprises and small enterprises other than micro enterprises	### Within 12 months 20,518.72	Within 12 months

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31,2022, March 31,2021 and March 31,2020

Note 44.2 Maturity Analysis Of Assets And Liabilities As At March 31, 2020

-	44.2 Maturity Analysis Of Assets And Liabilities As At March 31, 2020			(₹ in millions)
Sr. No	Particulars	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
	Assets			
[1]	Financial assets			
	Cash and cash equivalents	6,062.71	-	6,062.71
	Bank balance other than (a) above	9,841.33	602.67	10,444.00
	Derivative financial instruments	-	2,405.21	2,405.21
	Receivables		,	,
(-,	(i) Trade receivables	122.20	-	122.20
	(ii) Other receivables	-	-	-
(e)	Loans	82,658.70	59,533.03	142,191.73
(f)	Investments	6,511.43	13,074.04	19,585.47
(g)	Other financial assets	387.04	1,236.06	1,623.10
[2]	Non-financial assets			
(a)	Current tax assets (net)	-	1,946.04	1,946.04
(b)	Deferred tax assets (net)	-	2,028.08	2,028.08
(c)	Investment property	-	2,030.24	2,030.24
(d)	Property, plant and equipment	-	1,012.00	1,012.00
(e)	Capital work-in-progress	-	24.94	24.94
(f)	Right of-use assets		2,486.56	2,486.56
(g)	Other intangible assets	-	6.39	6.39
(h)	Other non-financial assets	1,357.30	176.79	1,534.09
	Total Assets	106,940.71	86,562.05	193,502.76
	Liabilities and Equity			
	Liabilities			
	Financial liabilities			
(a)	Derivative financial instruments	267.63	-	267.63
(b)	Payables			
	(I)Trade payables			
	(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small	477.28	-	477.28
	enterprises			
	(II) Other payables			
	(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-
	(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small	-	-	-
	enterprises			
(c)	Finance lease obligation	426.11	2,187.20	2,613.31
d)	Debt securities	14,439.46	43,748.70	58,188.16
e)	Borrowings (other than debt securities)	39,309.39	30,006.52	69,315.91
(f)	Subordinated liabilities	2,964.32	13,339.76	16,304.08
(g)	Other financial liabilities	9,145.94	18.20	9,164.14
	Non-financial liabilities			
	Current tax liabilities (net)	180.42	-	180.42
` ′	Provisions	172.93	279.88	452.81
(c)	Other non-financial liabilities	460.94	-	460.94
	Equity			
	Equity share capital	-	756.68	756.68
_	Other equity	-	35,321.40	35,321.40
	Total Liabilities and Equity	67,844.42	125,658.34	193,502.76

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

45. Disclosure as required under Annex XII- RBI Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 dated September 01, 2016 as may be amended from time to time:

(i) Capital Adequacy Ratio (₹ in millions)

(i) suprise residually reason			(*
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
CRAR (%)	23.85%	25.40%	16.59%
CRAR - Tier I Capital (%)	16.02%	17.51%	12.71%
CRAR - Tier II Capital (%)	7.83%	7.89%	3.88%
Amount of subordinate debt raised as Tier- II capital *	13,267.81	13,117.81	8,959.21
Amount raised by issue of perpetual debt instruments.	-	-	-

^{*}Gross of Unamortised Debenture Issue Expenses of ₹ 220.39 Millions (March 31, 2021 ₹ 295.05 Millions; March 31, 2020 ₹ 154.19 Millions)

(ii) Disclosure of Investments

(₹ in millions)

(ii) Disclosure of investments			(3 111 1111110113)	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	
Value of Investments				
Gross value of Investments*	28,109.45	12,066.59	19,876.25	
(a) In India	28,109.45	12,066.59	19,876.25	
(b) Outside India	-	-	-	
Provision for depreciation/diminution	3,620.91	24.02	290.78	
_(a) In India	3,620.91	24.02	290.78	
(b) Outside India	-	-	-	
Net value of investments	24,488.54	12,042.57	19,585.47	
(a) In India	24,488.54	12,042.57	19,585.47	
(b) Outside India	-	-	-	
Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on Investments				
Opening Balance	24.02	290.78	498.77	
Add: Provision made during the year	3,620.91	-	212.00	
Less: Write-off / write-back of excess provisions during the year	(24.02)	(266.76)	(419.99)	
Closing balance	3,620.91	24.02	290.78	

^{*} Includes Mark to Market Gain of ₹ 685.67 million (March 31, 2021 ₹ 82.75 million; March 31, 2020 ₹ 855.95 million)

(iii) Derivatives:

(a) Forward Rate Agreement / Interest Rate Swap

(₹ in millions)

(a) Forward Rate Agreement / Interest Rate Swap			(\ 111 11111110113)
Particulars	As at	As at	As at
ratticulais	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
The notional principal of Forward/swap agreements	43,898.78	43,898.78 46,351.29	
Losses which would be incurred if counterparties failed to fulfill their			·
obligation under the agreements.	-	-	=
Collateral required by the NBFC upon entering into swaps	-	-	-
Concentration of credit risk arising from the swaps	-	-	-
The fair value of swap book	(850.49)	(769.81)	2,137.58

(b) Exchange traded Interest Rate "IR" derivatives

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Notional principal amount of exchange traded IR derivatives undertaken			
- Forward Rate agreements	-	-	280.30
Total	-	-	280.30
Notional principal amount of exchange traded IR derivatives outstanding			
- Forward Rate agreements	-	-	280.30
Total	-	-	280.30
Notional principal amount of exchange traded IR derivatives			
outstanding and not "highly effective"	-	-	-
Mark to market value of exchange traded IR derivative outstanding			
and not highly effective	-	-	15.37

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 (c) Disclosures on Risk Exposure in Derivatives:

(I) Qualitative disclosure:

a) Structure and organization for management of risk in derivatives trading:

The Board of Directors, the Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO) and the Risk Management Committee (RMC) are entrusted with the management of risks in derivatives.

The philosophy and framework for the derivative business is laid out in the Board approved policies including limits. It also reviews the market risk exposures of derivatives against the limits. The Risk Management Committee reviews all risks on a consolidated basis and also reviews stress testing.

The monitoring and measurement of risk in derivatives is carried out by the Risk Department. The Risk Department is independent of the Treasury Front office, back office and directly reports into the Chief Risk Officer.

b) Scope and nature of risk measurement, risk reporting and risk monitoring systems:

All significant risks of the derivative portfolio are monitored and measured daily. The Risk Department measures and reports Market Risk metrics like VaR, PV01, Option Greeks like Delta, Gamma, Vega, Theta, Rho, etc. The Credit Risk from the derivatives portfolio is also measured daily.

The Risk Department monitors these exposures against the set limits and also reviews profitability on a daily basis. MIS is sent to relevant teams on a periodic basis. Exception reports are also sent so that emerging risks are reviewed and managed on a timely basis. Stress testing is also performed on the Derivative portfolio.

c) Policies for hedging and / or mitigating risk and strategies and processes for monitoring the continuing effectiveness of hedges/mitigants:

The Board Approved 'Hedging Policy' details the hedging strategies, hedging processes, accounting treatment, documentation requirements and effectiveness testing for hedges.

Hedges are monitored for effectiveness periodically, in accordance with the Board Approved Policy.

d) Accounting policy for recording hedge and non-hedge transactions; recognition of income, premiums and discounts; valuation of outstanding contracts; provisioning, collateral and credit risk mitigation:

Initial and additional margin paid over and above initial margin for entering into contracts for Equity Index/Stock Futures/Currency Futures/Interest Rate Futures and/or Equity Index/Stock Options/ Currency Options as the case may be ("Derivatives Portfolio") which are released on final settlement/squaring-up of underlying contracts are disclosed under the head "Other Current Assets".

"Equity Index/Stock Option/Currency Option Premium Account" represents premium paid or received for buying or selling the Options, respectively which is amortised over the period of contract.

On final settlement or squaring up of contracts for Derivatives Portfolio, the realized profit or loss after adjusting the unrealized loss already accounted, if any, is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On settlement or squaring up of Derivatives Portfolio before expiry, the premium, prevailing in "Equity Index/Stock Option/Currency Option Premium Account" on that date is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

As at the Balance Sheet date, the Mark to Market/Unrealised Profit/(Loss) on all outstanding Derivative portfolio comprising of Securities and Equity/Currency Derivatives positions is determined on scrip basis with net unrealized losses on scrip basis being recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income.

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

(II) Quantitative Disclosure (₹ in millions) FY 2021-22 FY 2020-21 FY 2019-20 **Particulars** Currency Interest Rate Currency Interest Rate Currency Interest Rate Derivatives **Derivatives** Derivatives Derivatives Derivatives Derivatives Derivatives (Notional Principle Amount): 36,943.78 6,955.00 39,396.29 6,955.00 40,648.82 6,955.00 - For hedging * Marked to market positions: a) Asset 458.53 185.60 416.88 2,405.21 b) Liability 1,494.62 973.81 212.88 267.63

(iv) Disclosures pertaining to securitisation transactions

Credit Exposure
Unhedged Exposures

The Company sells loans through securitisation and direct assignment.

(A) The information on securitisation done by the Company as an originator is given below:

			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Total number of loan assets under par structure	299,960	572,218	416,055
Total book value of loan assets	16,820.00	31,650.00	34,088.37
Sale consideration received	16,820.00	31,650.00	34,088.37

(B) The information on securitisation of the Company as an originator in respect of outstanding amount of securitised assets is given below:

			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
No. of SPVs sponsored by the company for securitisation transactions	12	20	17
Total amount of securitised assets as per the books of SPVs sponsored by the company	19,892.33	33,031.37	13,005.13
Total amount of exposures retained by the company to comply with MRR as on the date of Balance			
Sheet	-	-	-
Other amount of Securtised assets as per the books of SPV sponsored by the company	-	6,106.80	9,400.47
a) Off - Balance Sheet Exposures			
First Loss	-	-	-
Others	-	602.90	737.10
b) On - Balance Sheet Exposures			
First Loss	2,267.29	3,096.84	1,978.26
Investment in PTC	-	-	-
Overcollateralization	2,364.98	2,312.07	843.04
Amount of exposures to securitisation transaction other than MRR	20.67	26.94	357.38
a) Off - Balance Sheet Exposures			
i) Exposures to own securitisations			
First Loss	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-
ii) Exposures to third party securitisations			
First Loss	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-
b) On - Balance Sheet Exposures			
i) Exposures to own securitisations			
First Loss	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-
ii) Exposures to third party securitisations			
First Loss	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-

^{*} The Company has opted for hedge accounting under IND AS 109 as stated under the significiant accounting policies.

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

(C) The information on direct assignment of the Company as an originator in respect of par transaction done during the year is given below:

 Particulars
 March 31,2022
 March 31,2022
 March 31,2020
 3,083,460
 1,159,950
 62,132.09
 62,132.09
 5ale consideration received
 87,066.31
 60,807.91
 62,132.09
 62,132.09

(D) The information on direct assignment of the Company as an originator in respect of outstanding amount of assets assigned under par structure is given below:

			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
No. of transactions assigned by the Company	34	22	21
Total amount outstanding	79,742.37	50,241.91	32,679.99
Total amount of exposures retained by the company to comply with MRR as on the date of Balance			
Sheet	7,974.24	4,953.93	3,272.17
a) Off - Balance Sheet Exposures			
First Loss	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-
b) On - Balance Sheet Exposures			
First Loss	-	-	-
Investment in PTC	-	-	-
Exposures to own assigned transactions	-	-	-
Amount of exposures to assigned transaction other than MRR	-	-	-
a) Off - Balance Sheet Exposures			
i) Exposures to own assigned transactions			
First Loss	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-
ii) Exposures to third party assigned tranactions			
First Loss	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-
b) On - Balance Sheet Exposures			
i) Exposures to own assigned transactions			
First Loss	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-
ii) Exposures to third party assigned tranactions			
First Loss	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-

(v) Asset liability management maturity pattern

As at March 31, 2022 (₹ in millions)

AS at March 51, 2022									(* in millions)
Particulars	Upto 30/31 days	Over 1 month upto 2 month	Over 2 months upto 3 months	Over 3 months & upto 6 months	Over 6 months & upto 1 year	Over 1 year & upto 3 year	Over 3 year & upto 5 year	Over 5 years	Total
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans & Advances*	14,242.80	14,375.09	11,912.52	21,526.17	16,784.21	34,379.40	5,516.38	1,560.85	120,297.42
Other Advances	1,066.18	1,168.32	1,523.72	3,785.64	688.33	-	-	310.86	8,543.05
Investments	-	-	-	-	197.78	833.00	9,354.42	14,103.34	24,488.54
Borrowings (Includes foreign currency borrowings)	1,942.67	5,457.51	4,755.50	6,765.25	19,379.18	93,412.26	12,587.68	18,159.85	162,459.90
Foreign currency assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign currency liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

^{*} Net of ECL Provision of ₹ 5,953.24 million

As at March 31, 2021 (₹ in millions)

AS at March 31, 2021									(* in millions)
Particulars	Upto 30/31 days	Over 1 month upto 2 month	Over 2 months upto 3 months	Over 3 months & upto 6 months	Over 6 months & upto 1 year	Over 1 year & upto 3 year	Over 3 year & upto 5 year	Over 5 years	Total
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans & Advances*	12,449.66	14,325.64	14,105.87	30,540.17	28,442.94	34,380.50	1,905.42	1,922.57	138,072.77
Other Advances	3,829.38	2,627.41	3,287.52	660.16	-	7,020.21	-	445.56	17,870.24
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	189.24	-	11,853.33	12,042.57
Borrowings (Includes foreign currency borrowings)	4,863.02	5,987.08	5,294.83	17,200.33	34,415.23	67,214.46	16,267.88	11,757.75	163,000.58
Foreign currency assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign currency liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

^{*} Net of ECL Provision of ₹ 8,329.72 million

As at March 31, 2020 (₹ in millions)

Particulars	Upto 30/31 days	Over 1 month upto 2 month	Over 2 months upto 3 months	Over 3 months & upto 6 months	Over 6 months & upto 1 year	Over 1 year & upto 3 year	Over 3 year & upto 5 year	Over 5 years	Total
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans & Advances*	1,843.75	3,775.85	7,009.04	21,713.31	40,280.29	41,365.80	6,091.04	1,694.14	123,773.22
Other Advances	4,324.28	1,896.87	1,000.00	815.31	-	10,382.04	-	-	18,418.50
Investments	5,221.03	-	-	-	1,290.40	-	116.34	12,957.71	19,585.48
Borrowings (Includes foreign currency									
borrowings)	9,667.33	1,289.23	5,418.74	7,752.70	31,625.01	41,772.56	41,039.42	5,243.16	143,808.15
Foreign currency assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign currency liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

^{*} Net of ECL Provision of ₹ 7,238.93 million

Note : $\ensuremath{\mathsf{EIR}}$ on borrowings has been considered in the last bucket.

(vi) Exposure to Real Estate Sector			(₹ in millions)
Category	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
a) Direct Exposure			
(i) Residential Mortgages			
Lending fully secured by mortgages on residential property that is or will be occupied by	17,704.53	30,288.27	31,094.54
the borrower or that is rented.			
(ii) Commercial Real Estate			
	6,364.10	5,300.72	5,150.12
Lending secured by mortgages on commercial real estate (office buildings, retail space,			
multi-purpose commercial premises, multi-family residentail building, multi tenanted			
commercial premises. industrial or warehouse space, hotels, land acquisition,			
development and construction, etc.) Exposure would also include non-fund based limits.			
(iii) Investments in Mortgage back securities (MBS) and other securitised exposure-			
(a) Residential	-	-	-
(b) Commercial real estate	-	-	-
Total Direct Exposure (A)	24,068.63	35,588.99	36,244.66
b) Indirect Exposure (B)	29,007.37	23,224.90	28,332.31
Total Exposure to Real Estate Sector (A+B)	53,076.00	58,813.89	64,576.97

Note: Exposure includes amount outstanding including principal and interest overdue but excluding sanctioned undisbursed amounts.

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

(vii) Exposure to Capital Market:			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
(i) Direct investment in equity shares, convertibles bonds, convertible	0.04	118.18	1,879.46
debentures and unit of equity-oriented mutual funds the corpus of which is			
not exclusively invested in corporate debt;			
(ii) Advances against shares/bonds/debentures or other securities or on clean	5,294.16	2,697.00	902.53
basis to individuals for investments in shares (including IPOs/ESOPs),			
convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and unit of equity-oriented mutual			
funds;			
(iii) Advances for any other purpose where shares or convertible bonds or	68.28	1,598.32	1,544.08
convertibles debentures or units of equity-oriented mutual funds are taken as			
primary security;			
(iv) Advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral	-	-	-
security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or unit or			
equity-oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than			
shares/ convertible bonds / convertible debentures / units of equity-oriented			
mutual funds does not fully cover the advances;			
(v) Secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on	-	-	-
behalf of stockbroker and market makers;			
(vi) Loan sanctioned to corporates against the security of	-	-	-
shares/bonds/debentures or other securities or on clean basis for meeting			
promoter's contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of			
raising resources;			
(vii) Bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows/issues;	-	-	-
(viii) All exposures to Venture Capital Funds (both registered and unregistered)	9,552.17	71.05	68.77
Total Exposure to Capital Market	14,914.65	4,484.55	4,394.84

Note:

- (a) Exposure includes amount outstanding including principal and interest overdue.
- (b) The above excludes direct equity and debt investment in own subsidiary companies.

(viii) No penalty has been imposed during the year by RBI or other regulators.

(ix) Details of Credit Ratings:

B-11	by Credit Rating Agencies:		As at March 31, 2022				As at March 31, 2020	
Rating Agency	Product	Amount	Rating assigned	Amount	Rating assigned	Amount	Rating assigned	
CARE Ratings	Non Convertible Debenture	8,250	CARE AA; Stable	8,250	CARE AA; Negative	16,300	CARE AA; Stable	
Limited			[Double A; Outlook:		(Double A; Outlook:		[Double A; Outlook:	
			Stable]		Negative)		Stable]	
CARE Ratings	Long Term Bank Facilities	4,000	CARE AA; Stable	4,000	CARE AA; Negative	20,000	CARE AA; Stable	
Limited			[Double A; Outlook:		(Double A; Outlook:		[Double A; Outlook:	
			Stable]		Negative)		Stable]	
CARE Ratings	Preference Shares	-	-	-	-	500	CARE AA(RPS); Stable	
Limited							[Double A (RPS);	
							Outlook: Stable]	
CARE Ratings	Subordinate Debt	1,000	CARE AA; Stable	1,000	CARE AA; Negative	2,000	CARE AA; Stable	
Limited			[Double A; Outlook:		(Double A; Outlook:		[Double A; Outlook:	
			Stable]		Negative)		Stable]	
ICRA Limited	Non Convertible Debentures Programme	88,663	[ICRA]AA ;Stable	49,033	[ICRA]AA(Negative)	50,000	[ICRA]AA (Negative);	
					reaffirmed		outstanding	
ICRA Limited	Commercial Paper programme	80,000	[ICRA]A1+; reaffirmed	80,000	[ICRA]A1+; reaffirmed	80,000	[ICRA]A1+; outstanding	

As at March 31, 202		As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2022		Product	Rating Agency
Rating assigne [ICRA]AA (Negative) outstandin	10,000	Rating assigned [ICRA]AA(Negative) reaffirmed	7,450	Rating assigned [ICRA]AA ;Stable	7,450	Subordinate Debt Programme	ICRA Limited
[ICRA]AA (Negative outstandin	57,750	[ICRA]AA(Negative) reaffirmed	57,750	[ICRA]AA ;Stable	57,750	Long Term Bank Lines	ICRA Limited
PP-MLD[ICRA] A. (Negative); outstandin	5,000	PP-MLD[ICRA]AA (Negative) reaffirmed	5,000	PP-MLD[ICRA]AA ; Stable	5,000	Long Term Principle Protected Equity Linked Debenture Programme	ICRA Limited
PP-MLD[ICRA] A. (Negative); outstandin	5,000	PP-MLD[ICRA]AA (Negative) reaffirmed	3,640	PP-MLD[ICRA]AA ; Stable	3,640	Long Term Principle Protected Market Linked Debenture Programme	ICRA Limited
[ICRA]A1+ assigned outstandin	80,000	[ICRA]A1+; reaffirmed	80,000	[ICRA]A1+; reaffirmed	80,000	Commercial Paper programme (IPO financing)	ICRA Limited
	-	[ICRA]AA (Negative); reaffirmed	42,490	-	-	Non convertible debenture programme	ICRA Limited
[ICRA]AA (Negative outstandin	25,100	-	-	-	-	Long Term Programme	ICRA Limited
[ICRA]AA (Negative outstandin	20,000	-	-	-	-	Secured NCD Programme	ICRA Limited
[ICRA]AA (Negative outstandin	5,000	-	-	-	-	Unsecured NCD Programme	ICRA Limited
CRISIL AA/Stabl (Reaffirmed	50,000	CRISIL AA/Stable (Reaffirmed)	50,000	CRISIL AA/Stable (Reaffirmed)	50,000	Non Convertible Debentures *	CRISIL Limited
CRISIL AA/Stabl (Reaffirmed	4,984	CRISIL AA/Stable (Reaffirmed)	3,484	CRISIL AA/Stable (Reaffirmed)	3,484	Subordinate Debt	CRISIL Limited
CRISIL PP-MLI AAr/Stable (Reaffirmed	15,000	CRISIL PP-MLD AAr/Stable (Reaffirmed)	15,000	CRISIL PP-MLD AAr/Stable (Reaffirmed)	15,000	Long Term Principal Protected Market Linked Debentures	CRISIL Limited
CRISIL A1 (Reaffirmed	80,000	CRISIL A1+ (Reaffirmed)	80,000	CRISIL A1+ (Reaffirmed)	80,000	Commercial Paper programme (IPO financing)	CRISIL Limited
CRISIL A1 (Reaffirmed	80,000	CRISIL A1+ (Reaffirmed)	85,000	CRISIL A1+ (Reaffirmed)	85,000	Commercial Paper	CRISIL Limited
CRISIL AA/Stabl (Reaffirmed	20,000	CRISIL AA/Stable (Reaffirmed)	20,000	CRISIL AA/Stable (Reaffirmed)	20,000	Total Bank Loan Facilities Rated (Long Term Rating)	CRISIL Limited

Rating Agency	Product		As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020
Rating Agency	Product	Amount	Rating assigned	Amount	Rating assigned	Amount	Rating assigne
CRISIL Limited	Non Convertible Debentures	-	-	-	-	3,250	CRISIL AA/Stabl (Reaffirmed
CRISIL Limited	Non Convertible Debentures	28,250	CRISIL AA/Stable	28,250	CRISIL AA/Stable	-	-
CRISIL Limited	Non Convertible Debentures *	24,020	CRISIL AA/Stable	24,020	CRISIL AA/Stable	-	-
Brickwork Ratings	NCDs (Public Issue)*	15,138	BWR AA+ Negative Reaffirmed	50,000	BWR AA+ Negative Reaffirmed with outlook Negative	50,000	BWR AA+ 'Negative Reaffirmed with change in outlook to Negative
Brickwork Ratings	Non Convertible Debentures	8,423	BWR AA+ Negative Reaffirmed	13,050	BWR AA+ Negative Reaffirmed with outlook Negative	-	_
Brickwork Ratings	Secured Non Covertible Debentures	50	BWR AA+ Negative Reaffirmed	500	BWR AA+ Negative Reaffirmed with outlook Negative	500	BWR AA+ 'Negative Reaffirmed with change in outlook to Negative
Brickwork Ratings	Unsecured Subordinated Non Covertible Debentures	-	-	350	BWR AA+ Negative Reaffirmed with outlook Negative	350	BWR AA+ 'Negative Reaffirmed with change in outlook to Negative
Moody's	Corporate family rating (CFR)	-	-	NA	B2 / Stable	NA	Ba3 / Stable
Moody's	Long-term foreign- and local-currency senior secured ratings to USD 1 billion Medium Term Note (MTN) program	USD 1000	B2 / Stable	USD 1000	B2 / Stable	USD 1000	Ba3 / Stable
Fitch	Senior secured notes issued under USD 1 billion Medium Term Note (MTN) Programme	USD 1000	B+ / Affirmed	USD 1000	B+ / Stable	USD 1000	B+ / Negative Watch
Fitch	Senior secured notes issued under USD 400 million bond	-	-	USD 400	B+ / Stable	-	-
Fitch	Long-Term Issuer Default Rating (IDR)	-	B+	-	-	NA	B+ / Negative Watch

^{*}Interchangeable between secured and subordinated debt.

STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

B) Details of migration of credit ratings

During the year ended March 31, 2022

Rating Agency	Product	Rating assigned	Migration in ratings during the year
CARE Ratings Limited	Non Convertible Debenture^	CARE AA; Stable (Double A; Outlook: Stable)	Change in outlook from CARE AA (Negative) to CARE AA (Stable)
CARE Ratings Limited	Long Term Bank Facilities^	CARE AA; Stable (Double A; Outlook: Stable)	Change in outlook from CARE AA (Negative) to CARE AA (Stable)
CARE Ratings Limited	Subordinate Debt^	CARE AA; Stable (Double A; Outlook: Stable)	Change in outlook from CARE AA (Negative) to CARE AA (Stable)
ICRA	Non-convertible Debenture Programme	[ICRA]AA ;Stable	Change in outlook from ICRA AA (Negative) to ICRA AA (Stable)
ICRA	Non-convertible Debenture Programme	[ICRA]AA ;Stable	Change in outlook from ICRA AA (Negative) to ICRA AA (Stable)
ICRA	Subordinated Debt Programme	[ICRA]AA ;Stable	Change in outlook from ICRA AA (Negative) to ICRA AA (Stable)
ICRA	Long-term Bank Lines	[ICRA]AA ;Stable	Change in outlook from ICRA AA (Negative) to ICRA AA (Stable)
ICRA	Non-convertible Debenture Programme	[ICRA]AA ;Stable	Change in outlook from ICRA AA (Negative) to ICRA AA (Stable)
ICRA	Long-term Principal Protected Equity Linked Debenture Programme	PP-MLD[ICRA]AA ; Stable	Change in outlook from PP- MLD[ICRA]AA (Negative) to PP- MLD[ICRA]AA (Stable)
ICRA	Long-term Principal protected Market Linked Debenture Programme	PP-MLD[ICRA]AA ; Stable	Change in outlook from PP- MLD[ICRA]AA (Negative) to PP- MLD[ICRA]AA (Stable)

During the year ended March 31, 2021

Rating Agency	Product	Rating assigned	Migration in ratings during the year
CARE Ratings Limited	Non Convertible Debenture	CARE AA; Negative (Double A; Outlook: Negative)	Change in outlook from CARE AA (stable) to CARE AA (Negative)
CARE Ratings Limited	Long Term Bank Facilities	CARE AA; Negative (Double A; Outlook: Negative)	Change in outlook from CARE AA (stable) to CARE AA (Negative)
CARE Ratings Limited	Subordinate Debt	CARE AA; Negative (Double A; Outlook: Negative)	Change in outlook from CARE AA (stable) to CARE AA (Negative)
Fitch	Senior secured notes issued under USD 1 billion Medium Term Note (MTN) Programme	B+ / Stable	Change in outlook from B+ / Negative Watch to B+ / Stable
Moody's	Long-term foreign- and local- currency senior secured ratings to USD 1 billion Medium Term Note (MTN) program.	B2 / Stable	Change in rating from Ba3 / Stable to B2 / Stable

During the year ended March 31, 2020

Rating Agency	Product	Rating assigned	Migration in ratings during the year
ICRA Limited	Long term Debt Programme ^A	[ICRA]AA (negative); outstanding	Change in outlook from ICRA AA (Stable) to ICRA AA (Negative);outstanding
ICRA Limited	Secured NCD Programme^	[ICRA]AA (negative); outstanding	Change in outlook from ICRA AA (Stable) to ICRA AA (Negative);outstanding
ICRA Limited	Un-secured NCD Programme [^]	[ICRA]AA (negative); outstanding	Change in outlook from ICRA AA (Stable) to ICRA AA (Negative);outstanding
ICRA Limited	Non Convertible Debentures Programme^	[ICRA]AA (negative); outstanding	Change in outlook from ICRA AA (Stable) to ICRA AA (Negative);outstanding
ICRA Limited	Commercial Paper programme^	[ICRA]A1+; outstanding	Change in outlook from ICRA A1+ to ICRA A1+ (Outstanding)
ICRA Limited	Subordinate Debt Programme^	[ICRA]AA (negative); outstanding	Change in outlook from ICRA AA (Stable) to ICRA AA (Negative);outstanding
ICRA Limited	Long Term Bank Lines^	[ICRA]AA (negative); outstanding	Change in outlook from ICRA AA (Stable) to ICRA AA (Negative);outstanding
ICRA Limited	Long Term Principle Protected Equity Linked Debenture Programme^	PP-MLD[ICRA] AA (negative); outstanding	Change in outlook from PP- MLD[ICRA] AA (stable); to PP- MLD[ICRA] AA (negative);
ICRA Limited	Long Term Principle Protected Market Linked Debenture Programme^	PP-MLD[ICRA] AA (negative); outstanding	Change in outlook from PP- MLD[ICRA] AA (stable); to PP- MLD[ICRA] AA (negative);
Brickwork Ratings	NCDs (Public Issue)^*	BWR AA+ 'Negative' Reaffirmed with change in outlook to Negative	Change in outlook from BWR AA+ Stable to BWR AA+ Negaitive
Brickwork Ratings	Secured NCD^	BWR AA+ 'Negative' Reaffirmed with change in outlook to Negative	Change in outlook from BWR AA+ Stable to BWR AA+ Negaitive
Brickwork Ratings	Unsecured Subordinated NCD^	BWR AA+ 'Negative' Reaffirmed with change in outlook to Negative	Change in outlook from BWR AA+ Stable to BWR AA+ Negaitive

[^]Transferred from India Infoline Finance Limited to IIFL Finance Limited

^{*}Interchangeable between secured and subordinated debt.

STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

- (x) During the year ended March 31, 2021, company has received Certificate of Registration from the Reserve Bank of India as Non Banking Financial institution without accepting public deposits under section 45-IA of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 pursuant to merger of India Infoline Finance Limited with IIFL Finance Limited wef March 30, 2020
- (xi) Considering the nature of the business of the entity and transactions entered during the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 following are having Nil disclosure:
- a. Draw down from reserves.
- b. Overseas assets (for those with joint ventures and subsidiaries abroad).
- c. Off- Balance Sheet SPVs sponsored.
- d. Financing of parent company products.
- e. Postponement of revenue recognition.
- (xii) The Company during the year ended has not exceeded single borrower limit (SGL)/ group borrower limit (GBL) while performing its lending operations.

(xiii) Remuneration paid to Non Executive Directors:			(₹ in millions)
Name of the Director	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Mr. Arun Kumar Purwar	2.17	0.88	1.39
Mrs. Geeta Mathur	2.38	1.41	2.01
Mr. Nilesh Vikamsey	2.44	1.56	2.20
Mr. Ramakrishnan Subramanian	0.69	-	-
Mr. Vibhore Sharma	1.04	-	-
Mr. Vijay Kumar Chopra	2.50	1.51	2.23
Mr. Subbaraman Narayan	-	-	0.12
Mr. Kranti Sinha	-	-	0.20
Total	11.22	5.36	8.15

(xiv) Details of Provisions and Contingencies			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Provision for depreciation on investment	3,596.88	(266.76)	(208.00)
Provision towards non performing advances	(485.59)	(886.06)	(42.52)
Other Provision and Contingencies:			
Bad debts written off/(back)	7,238.32	5,686.45	3,540.74
Provision for Contingencies/Other financial assets	(83.24)	289.58	42.83
Provision for Standard Assets	(1,674.02)	2,577.17	(676.58)
Total	8,592.36	7,400.37	2,656.47
Provision made towards Income Tax	2,218.91	849.18	878.32

(xv). Details Of Concentration Of Advances, Exposures & NPA:

a) Concentration of Advances			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Total advances to twenty largest borrowers	23,602.93	28,318.14	29,237.60
Outstanding Advances	126,250.66	146,402.49	131,194.45
Percentage of advances to twenty largest borrowers to total advances	18.70%	19.34%	22.29%

b) Concentration of Exposures			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Total Exposure to twenty largest borrowers / customers	34,474.96	33,768.54	29,900.14
Percentage of exposure to twenty largest borrowers / customers to total exposure	24.40%	21.61%	21.23%

c) Concentration of NPAs			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Total exposure to top four NPA accounts	1,240.09	537.64	1,941.33

d) Details Of Sectorwise NPA:

	% of NPAs to total advances in that sector		
As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
10.33%	11.09%	5.36%	
4.57%	1.23%	4.57%	
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
5.88%	6.97%	3.18%	
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
0.90%	1.19%	1.50%	
	0.00% 10.33% 4.57% 0.00% 5.88% 0.00%	0.00% 0.00% 10.33% 11.09% 4.57% 1.23% 0.00% 0.00% 5.88% 6.97% 0.00% 0.00%	

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ Other loans include all loans that cannot be classified under any of the other sectors.

(xvi). Movement of NPAs:

(₹ in millions)

			(\ 111 11111110113)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
(i) Net NPAs to Net Advances (%)	1.63%	0.98%	0.88%
(ii) Movement of NPAs (Gross)			
(a) Opening balance*	4,080.43	5,448.72	5,022.41
(b) Addition during the year	2,740.24	2,813.84	4,608.95
(c) Reduction during the year	(2,758.61)	(4,182.13)	(4,182.64)
(d) Closing balance*	4,062.06	4,080.43	5,448.72
* Includes Interest of ₹ 397.59 millions (P.Y ₹ 560.88 millions)			
(iii) Movement of Net NPAs			
(a) Opening balance	1,432.46	1,157.31	884.40
(b) Addition during the year	1,605.12	1,092.40	928.52
(c) Reduction during the year	(974.60)	(817.25)	(655.61)
(d) Closing balance	2,062.98	1,432.46	1,157.31
(iv) Movement of provision for NPAs (excluding provision on standard assets)			
(a) Opening balance**	2,647.97	4,291.41	4,138.01
(b) Addition during the year	1,135.11	1,721.43	3,680.43
(c) Reduction during the year	(1,784.00)	(3,364.87)	(3,527.03)
(d) Closing balance**	1,999.08	2,647.97	4,291.41
	·		

^{**} Includes Interest of ₹ 397.59 millions (March 31, 2021 ₹ 560.88 millions; March 31, 2020 ₹ 1,318.26.88 millions)

Note: The above has been computed basis EAD for credit impaired advances.

(xvii). Disclos	ure of C	omplaints:
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(₹ in millions)

(xvii). Disclosure of complaints.			(3 in millions)
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
i. Number of complaints pending at the beginning of year	11	5	8
ii. Number of complaints received during the year	3,370	1,007	694
iii. Number of complaints redressed during the year	3,369	1,001	697
iv. Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	12	11	5

Note: It excludes any customer complaints received and redressed by Fintech Partners of the Company

(xviii) Disclosure of restructured accounts:

Details for FY 2021-22 (₹ in millions)

	Details for FY 2021-22	_	(₹ in millio										
	Type of Restruc	cturing	Under CD	R Mechanis	m / SME Deb	t Restruct	turing			Others			
Sr. No.	Asset Classification		Standard	Sub- Standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total	Standard	Sub- Standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total	Total Total
	Restructured Accounts as on April 1 of the FY 2021	No. of borrowers	-	-	-	-	-	4,062	12	23	708	4,805	4,805
1	(opening figures)*	Amount outstanding	-	-	-	-	-	2,323.19	5.49	177.38	266.05	2,772.11	2,772.12
		Provision thereon	=	-		ı	-	213.96	4.34	87.96	225.04	531.31	531.31
	2	No. of borrowers	-	-	-	-	-	867	105	-	115	1,087	1,087
2		Amount outstanding	=	-		ı	-	472.05	852.13	-	51.01	1,375.19	1,375.19
		Provision thereon	-	-	ı	ı	-	74.61	384.38	-	41.57	500.56	500.56
	Upgradations to restructured standard category	No. of borrowers	-	-	•	ı	-	60	8	(2)	(66)	-	-
3	during the FY 2021-2022 ¹	Amount outstanding	-	-	ı	ı	-	35.84	4.21	(3.36)	(31.86)	4.83	4.83
		Provision thereon	-	-	-	-	-	6.21	1.63	(1.63)	(26.51)	(20.30)	(20.30)
	Increase / Decrease in existing restructured	No. of borrowers	-	-	ı	•	-	ı	-	-	-	-	-
4	4 accounts	Amount outstanding	-	-	ı	ı	-	136.16	-	(0.00)	0.27	136.43	136.43
		Provision thereon	-	-	ı	ı	-	156.41	-	0.10	(2.29)	154.22	154.22
	Restructured standard advances which cease to attract higher provisioning and / or additional risk weight at the end of the FY 2021 and hence need not be shown as restructured standard advances at the beginning of the next FY 2022	No. of borrowers	-	-	ı	•	-	ı	-	-	-	-	-
		Amount outstanding	-	-	ı	-	-	ı	-	-	-	-	-
5		Provision thereon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Downgradations of restructured accounts during	No. of borrowers	-	-	-	-	-	(931)	334	-	597	-	-
6	the FY 2021-2022 ²	Amount outstanding	-	-	-	-	-	(466.46)	233.39	-	259.11	26.04	26.04
	111011 2021-2022	Provision thereon	-	-	-	-	-	(42.23)	46.35	-	206.68	210.80	210.80
	Fully recovered / Write-offs of restructured	No. of borrowers	-	-	-	-	-	(849)	(8)	(15)	(374)	(1,246)	(1,246)
7	accounts during the FY 2021-2022	Amount outstanding	-	-	-	-	-	(466.17)	(4.02)	(169.89)	(172.48)	(812.56)	(812.56)
	accounts during the FF 2021-2022	Provision thereon	-	-	-		-	(60.09)	(3.11)	(84.33)	(147.36)	(294.89)	(294.89)
		No. of borrowers	-	-	-	-	-	3,209	451	6	980	4,646	4,646
_{&}	Restructured Accounts as on March 31 of the FY	Amount outstanding	-	-	-		-	2,034.60	1,091.20	4.13	372.09	3,502.02	3,502.02
	2022(closing figures*)	Provision thereon including provision for diminution in fair value	-	-	-	-	-	348.86	433.60	2.11	297.13	1,081.70	1,081.70

^{*} Excluding the figures of Standard Restructured Advances which do not attract higher provisioning or risk weight (if applicable).

Details of MSME Accounts Restructured as per instructions given by RBI in its circular dated January 1, 2019:

No. of Accounts Restructured	Amount (₹ in millions)
3209	2034.59

¹PD & LGD rate of last year has been considered for calculation

²For accounts which have transitioned from one asset category to another, Mar'21 provision has been considered for previous asset category and Mar'22 Provision has been considered for updated asset category

Details for FY 2020-21 (₹ in millions)

	Type of Restruc	Type of Restructuring		Under CDR Mechanism / SME Debt Restructuring Mechanism				Others					
Sr. No.	Asset Classification		Standard	Sub- Standard	Doubt-ful	Loss	Total	Stand-ard	Sub- Standard	Doubt-ful	Loss	Total	Total
	Restructured Accounts as on April 1 of the FY 2020	No. of borrowers	-	-	-	-	-	470	97	20	828	1,415	1,415
1	(opening figures)*	Amount outstanding	-	-	-	-	-	219.66	73.30	149.98	352.85	795.80	795.80
		Provision thereon	-		-	-		16.89	50.33	74.91	298.05	440.18	440.18
	Fresh restructuring during the year 2020-2021	No. of borrowers	-	-	-	-	-	3,953	6	-	234	4,193	4,193
2		Amount outstanding	-	-	-	-	-	2,259.75	3.20	-	132.35	2,395.30	2,395.30
		Provision thereon	-	-	-	-	-	207.73	2.41	-	111.81	321.96	321.96
	Upgradations to restructured standard category during the FY 2020-2021	No. of borrowers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	during the FY 2020-2021	Amount outstanding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Provision thereon	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Increase / Decrease in existing restructured accounts ¹	No. of borrowers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4 accounts	accounts	Amount outstanding	-	-	-	-	-	(5.73)	(0.33)	(1.45)	(1.87)	(9.38)	(9.38)
		Provision thereon	-		-	-	-	(0.46)	(0.28)	(0.71)	(1.52)	(2.97)	(2.97)
	Restructured standard advances which cease to attract higher provisioning and / or additional risk weight at the end of the FY 2021 and hence need not be shown as restructured standard advances at the beginning of	No. of borrowers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5		Amount outstanding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	the next FY 2022	Provision thereon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Downgradations of restructured accounts during	No. of borrowers	-	-	-	-	-	(183)	(34)	8	209	-	-
6	the FY 2020-2021 ²	Amount outstanding	=	-	-	-	-	(67.83)	(41.12)	44.85	56.47	(7.63)	(7.63)
		Provision thereon	-	-	-	-	-	(6.33)	(23.14)	23.73	51.14	45.39	45.39
	Fully recovered / Write-offs of restructured	No. of borrowers	-	-	-	-	-	(178)	(57)	(5)	(563)	(803)	(803)
7	accounts during the FY 2020-2021	Amount outstanding	-	-	-	-	-	(82.66)	(29.56)	(16.00)	(273.75)	(401.97)	(401.97)
		Provision thereon	-	-	-	-	-	(3.87)	(24.98)	(9.97)	(234.45)	(273.26)	(273.26)
	Restructured Accounts as on March 31 of the FY	No. of borrowers	-	-	-	-	-	4,062	12	23	708	4,805	4,805
	2021(closing figures)*	Amount outstanding	-	-	-	-	-	2,323.19	5.49	177.38	266.05	2,772.11	2,772.12
8		Provision thereon including provision for diminution in fair value	-	-	-	-	-	213.96	4.34	87.96	225.03	531.30	531.30

^{*} Excluding the figures of Standard Restructured Advances which do not attract higher provisioning or risk weight (if applicable).

Details of MSME Accounts Restructured as per instructions given by RBI in its circular dated January 1, 2019

No. of Accounts Restructured	Amount (₹ in millions)
3004	1,660.14

 $^{^{1}\}mathrm{PD}~\&~\mathrm{LGD}$ rate of last year has been considered for calculation

²For accounts which have transitioned from one asset category to another, Mar'20 provision has been considered for previous asset category and Mar'21 Provision has been considered for updated asset category

Details for 2019-20 (₹ in millions)

	Details for 2019-20 [₹ in mill											illions)	
	Type of Restruc	cturing	Under CD	R Mechanis	m / SME Deb	t Restruct	uring			Others			
Sr. No.	Asset Classification		Standard	Sub- Standard	Doubt-ful	Loss	Total	Stand-ard	Sub- Standard	Doubt-ful	Loss	Total	Total
	Restructured Accounts as on April 1 of the FY 2019	No. of borrowers	ı	-	-	-	-	77	11	1	2	91	91
1	(opening figures)*	Amount outstanding	ı	-	-	-	-	70.09	60.52	0.08	3.73	134.43	134.43
		Provision thereon	ı	-	-	-		3.91	28.33	0.02	3.30	35.56	35.56
	Fresh restructuring during the year 2019-2020	No. of borrowers	ı	-	-	-	-	497	102	8	795	1,402	1,402
2		Amount outstanding	ı	-	-	-	-	229.73	75.39	76.58	330.31	712.01	712.01
		Provision thereon	ı	-	-	-	-	20.81	52.15	38.75	279.76	391.47	391.47
	1 9 7	No. of borrowers	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı	1	-	-
3		Amount outstanding	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı	1	-	-
		Provision thereon	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı	1	-	-
	Increase / Decrease in existing restructured accounts ¹	No. of borrowers	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı	1	-	-
4		Amount outstanding	ı	-	-	-	-	(4.03)	-	ı	(0.15)	(4.18)	(4.18)
		Provision thereon	ı	-	-	-	-	(0.22)	-	ı	(0.14)	(0.36)	(0.36)
	Restructured standard advances which cease to	No. of borrowers	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı	1	-	-
5	attract higher provisioning	Amount outstanding	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı	1	-	-
	and / or additional risk weight at the end of	Provision thereon	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı	1	-	-
	Downgradations of restructured accounts during	No. of borrowers	ı	-	-	-	-	(39)	(10)	12	37	-	-
6	the FY 2019-2020 ²	Amount outstanding	ı	-	-	-	-	(39.27)	(60.45)	73.40	20.60	(5.72)	(5.72)
		Provision thereon	ı	-	-	-	-	(2.18)	(28.31)	36.16	16.65	22.32	22.32
	Fully recovered / Write-offs of restructured	No. of borrowers	ı	-	-	-	-	(65)	(6)	(1)	(6)	(78)	(78)
7	accounts during the FY 2019-2020	Amount outstanding	ı	-	-	-	-	(36.86)	(2.16)	(0.08)	(1.64)	(40.74)	(40.74)
		Provision thereon	-	-	-	-	-	(5.43)	(1.84)	(0.02)	(1.52)	(8.81)	(8.81)
	Restructured Accounts as on March 31 of the FY	No. of borrowers	-	-	-	-	-	470	97	20	828	1,415	1,415
8	2020(closing figures)*	Amount outstanding	-	-	-	-	-	219.66	73.30	149.98	352.85	795.80	795.80
"		Provision thereon including provision for	-	-	-	-	-	16.89	50.33	74.91	298.05	440.18	440.18
		diminution in fair value											

^{*} Excluding the figures of Standard Restructured Advances which do not attract higher provisioning or risk weight (if applicable).

1PD & LGD rate of last year has been considered for calculation

2For accounts which have transitioned from one asset category to another, Mar'19 provision has been considered for previous asset category and Mar'20 Provision has been considered for updated asset category

Details of MSME Accounts Restructured as per instructions given by RBI in its circular dated January 1, 2019

No. of Accounts Restructured	Amount (₹ in millions)
468	218.01

(xix) Asset Classification						(₹ in millions)	
Particulars	As at Marc	h 31, 2022	As at Ma	rch 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020		
	Outstanding Balance	Provision	Outstanding Balance	Provision	Outstanding Balance	Provision	
Standard Assets	128,220.10	4,044.14	158,217.21	5,718.16	147,494.11	3,141.00	
Sub-Standard Assets	2,852.10	1,270.39	3,168.10	1,948.53	4,752.36	3,848.25	
Doubtful Assets	1,209.97	728.71	912.32	699.43	696.36	443.16	
Loss Assets	-	-	-	-	-	=	

Note:

- a. ECL provisioning for Stage 1,2 & SICR of ₹ 4,044.15 millions (March 31, 2021 ₹ 5,718.16 millions; March 31, 2020 ₹ 3,141.00 millions) consists of interest accrued but not due and Interest overdue of ₹ 461.55 millions (March 31, 2021 ₹ 660.60 millions; March 31, 2020 ₹ 218.2 millions).
- b. Asset classification is as per Reserve Bank of India guidelines and provision is as per Expected Credit Loss methodology as per IND AS which is higher than the minimum required as per prudential norms.
- c. As the ECL provisions is higher than provision required under IRACP (Income Recognition, Assets Classification & Provisioning, there is no requirement to create Impairement allowance.
- (xx) Particulars as per RBI Directions as required in terms of paragraph 18 of Master Direction Non-Banking Financial Company Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 dated September 01, 2016:

		March 31	, 2022			March 31	, 2021			March 31, 2020			
Particulars	Principal Amount outstanding	Interest Accrued but not due	Amount overdue	Total	Principal Amount outstanding	Interest Accrued but not due	Amount overdue	Total	Principal Amount outstanding	Interest Accrued but not due	Amount overdue	Total	
Liability side:													
a) Debentures													
Secured	24,750.96	1,094.58	-	25,845.54	23,468.81	1,097.55	-	24,566.36	27,716.48	1,197.73	-	28,914.21	
Unsecured (other than falling within the meaning of													
public deposits)	13,047.41	648.98	-	13,696.39	16,112.47	1,261.51	-	17,373.98	15,555.02	749.05	-	16,304.07	
(b) Deferred credits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	
(c) (i)Term loans from Banks	67,063.88	78.32	-	67,142.20	40,286.95	54.65	-	40,341.60	30,984.55	55.01	-	31,039.56	
(ii)Term loans from Financial Institutions	7,538.87	53.91	-	7,592.78	7,311.00	53.91	-	7,364.91	7,463.80	54.78	-	7,518.58	
(ii)Secured Medium													
Term Notes	24,450.29	757.00	-	25,207.29	28,037.95	842.42	-	28,880.37	28,967.38	306.57	-	29,273.95	
(d) Inter–corporate loans and													
borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	500.00	-	-	500.00	
(e) Commercial Paper	0.00	-	-	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(f) Other Loans (Overdraft)	3,200.94	0.51	-	3,201.45	5,433.07	6.16	-	5,439.24	7,829.56	22.61	-	7,852.17	
(g) Securitisation	19,774.25	-	-	19,774.25	39,034.07	-	-	39,034.07	22,405.61	-	-	22,405.61	
Total	159,826.60	2,633.30	-	162,459.90	159,684.33	3,316.21	-	163,000.54	141,422.40	2,385.75	-	143,808.15	

2. Break – up of Loans and Advances including Bills Receivables [Other than included in (4	below]:		(₹ in millions)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Assets side (Gross Value)			
(a) Secured	114,784.74	140,384.29	110,938.38
(b) Unsecured	20,008.96	23,888.41	38,492.28
Total	134,793.70	164,272.70	149,430.66

Note: The above include overdue principal.

3. Break- up of leased assets and stock on hire and other assets counting towards AFC activities:			(₹ in millions)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
(i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors			
(a) Financial lease	-	-	-
(b) Operating lease	-	-	-
(ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors			
(a) Assets on hire	-	-	-
(b) Repossessed Assets	-	-	-
(iii) Other Loans counting towards AFC activities			
(a) Loans where assets have been repossessed	-	-	-
(b) Loans other than (a) above	_	-	_

STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Grand Total (A+B)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

4. Break-up of Investments (Net of Provisions): (₹ in millions) As at As at As at **Particulars** March 31,2022 March 31,2021 March 31,2020 **Current Investments:** 1 Quoted : (i) Shares: 824.63 (a) Equity (b) Preference 0.23 (ii) Debentures and Bonds 0.04 (iii) Units of mutual funds -(iv) Government Securities (v) Others (Certificate of Deposits) -2 Unquoted: 18.76 (i) Shares: (a) Equity (b) Preference -(ii) Debentures and Bonds --447.01 (iii) Units of mutual funds --(iv) Government Securities -(v) Others 5,220.80 -Total (A) 0.04 6,511.43 **Long Term Investments:** 1 Quoted: (i) Shares: (a) Equity (b) Preference -(ii) Debentures and Bonds --(iii) Units of mutual funds --(iv) Government Securities ---(v) Others (please specify) ---2 Unquoted: (i) Shares: 14,103.33 11,853.33 11,969.21 (a) Equity of subsidiary companies (b) Preference of subsidiary companies (ii) Debentures and Bonds 118.18 66.32 (iii) Units of mutual funds (iv) Government Securities (v) Others 833.00 (a) Security Receipts -50.01 988.50 (b) Equity Shares (c) Alternative Investment Funds 9,552.17 71.06 12,042.57 13,074.04 24,488.50 Total (B)

24,488.54

12,042.57

19,585.47

5. Borrower Group-wise Classification of all assets financed as in (2) and (3) above:

/= :	millio	1

Category	As	at March 31,2022		As a	at March 31,2021		А	As at March 31,2020			
Category	Secured	Unsecured	Total	Secured	Unsecured	Total	Secured	Unsecured	Total		
1. Related Parties	-	2.02	2.02	-	-	-	-	2,758.50	2,758.50		
a) Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
b) Companies in the same group	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
c) Other related parties	-	2.02	2.02	-	-	-	-	2,758.50	2,758.50		
2. Other than related parties	114,784.74	20,006.94	134,791.68	140,384.30	23,888.41	164,272.71	110,938.38	35,733.78	146,672.16		
Total	114,784.74	20,008.96	134,793.70	140,384.30	23,888.41	164,272.71	110,938.38	38,492.28	149,430.66		

^{*}Including ICD, Interest etc of ₹ 8,543.05 millions (March 31, 2021 ₹ 17,870.23 millions; March 31, 2020 ₹ 18,236.21 millions)

6. Investor group wise classification of all investments (Current and Long Term) in shares and securities (Both quoted and unquoted):

(₹	in	mil	lions	s

	As at March	As at March 31,2022		As at March 31,2021		rch 31,2020
Category	Market Value Breakup or fair value or NAV	Book value (Net of provisions)	Market Value Breakup or fair value or NAV	Book value (Net of provisions)	Market Value Breakup or fair value or NAV	Book value (Net of provisions)
1 Related Parties						
a) Subsidiaries*	14,103.33	14,103.33	11,853.33	11,853.33	12,416.22	12,416.22
b) Companies in the same group	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Other related parties	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 Other than related parties	10,385.21	10,385.21	189.24	189.24	7,169.25	7,169.25
Total	24,488.54	24,488.54	12,042.57	12,042.57	19,585.46	19,585.46

^{*} Includes Investments in equity shares of subsidiaries carried at cost and fair value is not disclosed

7. Other Information:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31,2022	As at March 31,2021	As at March 31,2020
(i) Gross Non-Performing Assets			
(a) Related parties	-	-	-
(b) Other than related parties*	4,062.06	4,080.43	5,448.72
(ii) Net Non-Performing Assets			
(a) Related parties	-	-	
(b) Other than related parties	2,062.98	1,432.46	1,157.31
(iii) Assets acquired in satisfaction of debt (Fair Value)	1,384.28	1,384.28	1,352.18
**	14	,	

^{*} Includes Interest of ₹ 397.59 millions (March 31, 2021 ₹ 560.88 millions; March 31, 2020 ₹ 1,318.25 millions)

(xxi) Particulars as per RBI Directions for auction details (As required in terms of paragraph 26 (4)(d) of Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 dated September 01, 2016:

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Number of gold loan accounts	309,450	57,058	38,682
Outstanding amount (₹ millions)	21,149.00	3,099.00	1,200.31
Amount recovered in auction (₹ millions)	20,875.20	3,083.30	1,487.55

None of the group companies have participated in the above auctions. The above details have been compiled by the Management and relied upon by the auditors.

STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

46. Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure:

The unhedged foreign currency exposure as on March 31, 2022 is Nil (March 31, 2021 is Nil and March 31, 2020 is Nil)

47. Gold Loan Portfolio

As on March 31, 2022 the gold loan portfolio comprises 32.61% (March 31, 2021: 39.16%; (March 31, 2020: 32.85%) of the total assets of the Company.

48. Segment Reporting

The Company's primary business segments are reflected based on the principal business carried out, i.e. financing. All other activities of the Company revolve around the main business. The risk and returns of the business of the Company is not associated with geographical segmentation, hence there is no secondary segment reporting based on geographical segment. As such, there are no separate reportable segments as per the IND AS 108 on 'Segment Reporting'.

49. Shared services

The Company operates from and uses the premises, infrastructure and other facilities and services as provided to it by its Holding Company/group companies, which are termed as 'Shared Services'. Hitherto, such shared services consisting of administrative and other revenue expenses paid for by the Company were identified and recovered/recoverable from them based on reasonable management estimates, which are constantly refined in the light of additional knowledge gained relevant to such estimation. These expenses are recovered on an actual basis and the estimates are used only where actual were difficult to determine.

50. Fraud

During the year under review, the Company had come across frauds totalling to ₹ 118.78 millions (March 31, 2021 ₹ 138.87 millions; March 31, 2020 ₹ 13.11 millions) in respect of its lending operations. Out of the above, frauds amounting to ₹ 13.91 millions (March 31, 2021 ₹ 12.30 millions; March 31, 2020 ₹ 0.57 millions) has already been recovered. Suitable action has been taken by the Company to recover the balance amounts.

51. Disclosure of Loan and advances pursuant to Regulation 53(f) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015:

(₹ in millions)

Name of Related Party	Outstanding as on March 31, 2022	Maximum Outstanding during the year
5paisa Capital Limited	-	3,500.00
IIFL Management Services Limited	-	500.00
IIFL Home Finance Limited	-	7,790.00
IIFL Securities Limited	-	5,400.00
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	-	4,620.00
IIFL Samasta Finance Limited (Formerly Samasta Microfinance		
Limited)	-	3,500.00

(₹ in millions)

1				
Name of Related Party	Outstanding as on March 31, 2021	Maximum Outstanding during the year		
5paisa Capital Limited	-	3,350.00		
IIFL Home Finance Limited	-	2,260.00		
IIFL Securities Limited	-	800.00		
IIFL Facilities Services Limited	-	6,640.00		
IIFL Samasta Finance Limited (Formerly Samasta Microfinance				
Limited)	-	3,700.00		

(₹ in millions)

Name of Related Party	Outstanding as on March 31, 2020	Maximum Outstanding during the year
5paisa Capital Limited	1,000.00	1,000.00
IIFL Management Services Limited (Formerly India Infoline Insurance		
Services Limited)	-	320.00
IIFL Home Finance Limited	-	600.00
IIFL Securities Limited (Formerly India Infoline Limited)	-	890.00
IIFL Facilities Services Limited (Formerly IIFL Real Estate Limited)	1,758.50	3,520.00
Samasta Microfinance Limited	-	610.00

STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

52. Disclosure pursuant to SEBI Circular no. SEBI/HO/DDHS/CIR/P/2018/144 dated November 26, 2018 for fund raising by issuance of debt securities by large entities:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Outstanding borrowing	162,459.90	163,000.54	143,808.15
	BWR AA+	BWR AA+	BWR AA+ (Pronounced as
	(Pronounced as BWR Double	(Pronounced as BWR	BWR Double
Highest Credit Rating During the previous FY along with name of the	A Plus) Outlook: Negative by	Double	A Plus) Outlook: Negative
Credit Rating Agency	Brickwork	A Plus) Outlook: Negative	by Brickwork
Credit Rating Agency	Ratings India Pvt Ltd	by Brickwork	Ratings India Pvt Ltd
		Ratings India Pvt Ltd	

(₹ in millions)

Details of the borrowings	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
i. 2 years block period	FY 2021-2022 and FY 2022-		
1. 2 years block period	2023	N.A	N.A
ii. Incremental borrowing done (a)	52,129.88	34,960.35	20,352.37
iii. Mandatory borrowing to be done through issuance of debt	13,032.47	8,740.09	5,088.09
securities			
iv. Actual borrowings done through debt securities in FY (c)	15,629.88	15,960.35	12,352.37
v. Shortfall in the mandatory borrowing through debt securities, if any	Nil	Nil	Nil
vi. Reasons for short fall, if any, in mandatory borrowings through	N.A	N.A	NA

53. Public disclosure on liquidity risk:

(i) Funding Concentration based on significant counterparty (both deposits and borrowings):

As at March 31, 2022 (₹ in millions)

Number of Significant Counterparties	Amount*	% of Total Deposits	% of Total Liabilities
16	80,057	NA	42.79%

As at March 31, 2021 (₹ in millions)

	(
Number of Significant Counterparties	Amount*	% of Total Deposits	% of Total Liabilities
24	100,690	NA	54.75%

Note : Total Liabilities represent Total Liabilities as per Balance Sheet less Total Equity

(ii) Top 20 large deposits

NA

(iii) Top 10 borrowings:

Particulars	Amount *	% of Total Borrowings
March 31, 2022	65,157.05	40.11%
March 31, 2021	62,363.07	38.26%

^{*} The above table excludes details of beneficiary holders of the medium term note bonds

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

(iv) Funding Concentration based on significant instrument/product:

As at March 31, 2022 (₹ in millions)

Name of the instrument/product	Amount	% of Total Liabilities
Non Convertible Debentures	64,749.22	34.61%
Term Loans	74,735.50	39.95%
Securitisation	19,774.25	10.57%
Commercial Paper	0.00	0.00%
Cash Credit / Overdraft Facilties	3,200.94	1.71%

Note: Total Liabilities represent Total Liabilities as per Balance Sheet less Total Equity

As on 31 March 2021 (₹ in millions)

Name of the instrument/product	Amount	% of Total Liabilities
Non Convertible Debentures	70,820.72	38.51%
Term Loans	47,712.68	25.94%
Securitisation	39,034.07	21.23%
Commercial Paper	-	0.00%
Cash Credit / Overdraft Facilties	5,433.07	2.95%

Note: Total Liabilities represent Total Liabilities as per Balance Sheet less Total Equity

(v) Stock Ratios:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021		
Commercial papers as a % of total liabilities	0.00%	0.00%		
Commercial papers as a % of total assets	0.00%	0.00%		
Commercial papers as a % of total public funds	0.00%	0.00%		
Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year)	Nil	Nil		
as a % of total liabilities	INII	INII		
Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year)	Nil	Nil		
as a % of total assets	IVII	INII		
Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year)	Nil	Nil		
as a % of total public funds	INII	INII		
Other short-term liabilities* as a % of total liabilities	10.83%	9.37%		
Other short-term liabilities* as a % of total assets	8.76%	7.76%		
*Other short-term liabilities as a % of total public funds	12.47%	10.58%		

^{*} Short Term liabilities means total of current liabilities as per note 44.1 & 44.2 to the financial statements as reduced by current portion of Debt Securities, Borrowings (other than debt securities) and Subordinated Liabilities.

(vi) Institutional set-up for Liquidity Risk Management

The Board of Directors of the Company has an overall responsibility and oversight for the management of all the risks, including liquidity risk, to which the Company is exposed to in the course of conducting its business.

The Board approves the governance structure, policies, strategy and the risk limits for the management of liquidity risk.

The Board of Directors approves the constitution of the Risk Management Committee (RMC) for the effective supervision, evaluation, monitoring and review of various aspects and types of risks, including liquidity risk, faced by the Company.

Further, the Board of Directors also approves constitution of Asset Liability Committee (ALCO), which functions as the strategic decision-making body for the asset-liability management of the Company from risk return perspective and within the risk appetite and guard-rails approved by the Board.

The main objective of ALCO is to assist the Board and RMC in effective discharge of the responsibilities of asset-liability management, market risk management, liquidity and interest rate risk management and also to ensure adherence to risk tolerance/limits set up by the Board.

ALCO provides guidance and directions in terms of interest rate, liquidity, funding sources, and investment of surplus funds. ALCO meetings are held once in a month or more frequently as warranted from time to time.

54. Disclosure pursuant to Reserve Bank of India Circular no. RBI/2019-20/220 DOR.No.BP.BC.63/21.04.048/2019-20 dated April 17, 2020:

(₹ in millions)

Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
i) Respective amounts in SMA/overdue categories, where the moratorium/	14,103.11	11,261.75
ii) Respective amount where asset classification benefits is extended **	-	1,999.34
iii) Provision made during Q4FY2020 and Q1FY2021 in terms of paragraph 5 (as on June 30, 2020)	2,852.26	563.09
iv) Provisions adjusted during the respective accounting periods against slippages and the residual	958.27	-
v) Residual provisions in terms of paragraph 6 of the circular	1,893.99	-

^{*} Outstanding as on March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020 respectively on account of all cases where moratorium benefit was extended by the Company up to August 31, 2020.

^{**}There are Nil accounts where asset classification benefit is extended till March 31, 2021. Post the moratorium period, the movement of ageing has been at actuals.

55. Disclosure pursuant to Reserve Bank of India Circular no. RBI/2019-20/170 DOR (NBFC).CC.PD.No.109/22.10.106/2019-20 dated March 13, 2020:

As on March 31, 2022 (₹ in millions)

AS ON Warch 31, 2022										(3 in million
Asset Classification as per RBI Norms (1)	Asset Classification as per Ind AS 109 (2)	Gross Carrying Amount as per Ind AS (3)			Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under Ind AS 109 (4)			Net Carrying Amount (5)=(3)-(4)	Provision Required as per IRACP norms (6)	Difference between Ind AS 109 provisions and IRACP norm (7)=(4)-(6)
		Principal	Others	Total	Principal	Others	Total	Total	Total	Total
Standard	Stage 1	115,111.34	5,291.93	120,403.27	3,006.06	516.43	3,522.49	116,880.78	822.95	2,699.54
Standard	Stage 2	7,474.84	341.99	7,816.83	486.48	35.19	521.67	7,295.15	29.90	491.78
Subtotal		122,586.18	5,633.92	128,220.10	3,492.54	551.61	4,044.17	124,175.93	852.85	3,191.31
Non Performing Assets (NPA)										
Substandard (Sub- Total -(A))	Stage 3	2,725.06	127.03	2,852.10	1,143.35	127.04	1,270.39	1,581.71	304.51	965.88
<u>Doubtful</u>										
Upto 1 Year	Stage 3	773.60	206.19	979.79	326.46	206.19	532.65	447.14	168.22	364.43
1 to 3 years	Stage 3	143.83	30.13	173.96	111.13	30.14	141.27	32.69	53.37	87.90
More than 3 years	Stage 3	21.97	34.24	56.21	20.53	34.25	54.79	1.42	21.16	33.63
Doubtful (Sub- Total -(B))		939.40	270.57	1,209.97	458.12	270.58	728.71	481.25	242.76	485.95
Loss (Sub- Total -(C))	Stage 3	-	-	-		-		_		
Subtotal of NPA (Sub- Total -(A+B+C))		3,664.46	397.62	4,062.05	1,601.47	397.62	1,999.09	2,062.96	547.26	1,451.83
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, ICD's etc, which are in the scope of	Stage 1	-	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	-	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Ind AS 109 but not covered under current income	Stage 2	-			-	-		-	-	-
Recognition, Assets Classifications and Provisioning (IRACP) norms	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 1	115,111.34	5,291.93	120,403.27	3,006.06	516.42	3,522.48	116,880.78	822.95	2,699.54
	Stage 2	7,474.84	341.99	7,816.83	486.47	35.18	521.65	7,295.15	29.90	491.78
Total	Stage 3	3,664.46	397.62	4,062.05	1,601.47	397.62	1,999.08	2,062.96	547.26	1,451.83

As on 31 March 2021 (₹ in millions)

AS ON ST WATCH EDET										(* 111 11111110113)
Asset Classification as per RBI Norms (1)	Asset Classification as per Ind AS 109 (2)	Gross Ca	arrying Amount as Ind AS (3)	s per	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as per re Ind AS 109 (4)	quired under	Net Carrying Amount	Provision Required as per IRACP norms	Difference between Ind AS 109 provisions and IRACP norms
		Principal	Others	Total	Principal	Others	Total	(5)=(3)-(4)	(6)	(7)=(4)-(6)
Standard	Stage 1	119,479.67	7,041.26	126,520.93	3,545.11	528.19	4,073.30	122,447.63	826.93	3,246.38
Standard	Stage 2	23,403.27	1,888.39	25,291.66	1,070.30	132.42	1,202.73	24,088.93	93.61	1,109.11
Subtotal		142,882.94	8,929.65	151,812.59	4,615.41	660.61	5,276.03	146,536.56	920.54	4,355.49
Non Performing Assets (NPA)										
Substandard (Sub- Total -(A))	Stage 3	2,794.32	373.78	3,168.10	1,574.76	373.78	1,948.53	1,219.57	295.26	1,653.27
Doubtful										
Upto 1 Year	Stage 3	465.61	97.74	563.35	366.58	97.74	464.32	99.03	128.10	336.22
1 to 3 years	Stage 3	224.23	56.76	280.99	119.79	56.76	176.55	104.44	127.96	48.59
More than 3 years	Stage 3	35.38	32.60	67.98	25.96	32.60	58.56	9.42	35.28	23.28
Doubtful (Sub- Total -(B))		725.22	187.10	912.32	512.33	187.10	699.43	212.89	291.34	408.09
Loss (Sub- Total -(C))	Stage 3									
Subtotal of NPA (Sub- Total -(A+B+C))	Juge 3	3,519.54	560.88	4,080.42	2,087.08	560.88	2,647.96	1,432.46	586.60	2,061.36
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, ICD's etc, which are in the scope of	Stage 1	-	6,404.62	6,404.62	_	70.90	70.90	6,333.72	_	70.90
Ind AS 109 but not covered under current income	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	371.24	371.24	(371.24)	-	371.24
Recognition, Assets Classifications and Provisioning (IRACP) norms	Stage 3	-		_		-	_		_	
Subtotal		-	6,404.62	6,404.62	-	442.14	442.14	5,962.48	-	442.14
		<u> </u>								
	Stage 1	119,479.67	13,445.88	132,925.55	3,545.11	599.09	4,144.20	128,781.35	826.93	3,317.28
Total	Stage 2	23,403.27	1,888.39	25,291.66	1,070.30	503.66	1,573.96	23,717.70	93.61	1,480.35
	Stage 3	3,519.54	560.88	4,080.42	2,087.08	560.88	2,647.96	1,432.46	586.60	2,061.36
	Total	146,402.48	15,895.15	162,297.63	6,702.49	1,663.63	8,366.12	153,931.51	1,507.15	6,858.99

Stage 2

Stage 3

Total

Total

(₹ in millions) As on 31 March 2020 Difference **Asset Classification Gross Carrying Amount as per** Loss Allowances (Provisions) as per required under Provision **Asset Classification as per RBI Norms Net Carrying** between Ind AS as per Ind AS 109 Ind AS Ind AS 109 Required as per (1) Amount 109 provisions **IRACP** norms (2) (3) (4) and IRACP norms Principal Others Total Principal Others Total (5)=(3)-(4)(6) (7)=(4)-(6)Stage 1 121,932.77 3,811.38 125,744.15 2,240.64 156.79 2,397.43 123,346.70 843.71 1,553.72 Standard 227.98 Stage 2 5,131.22 490.38 5,621.60 457.44 61.43 518.87 5,102.73 290.89 218.22 Subtotal 127,063.99 4,301.76 131,365.75 2,698.08 2,916.30 128,449.43 1,071.69 1,844.61 Non Performing Assets (NPA) 1,173.61 Substandard (Sub- Total -(A)) Stage 3 3,578.75 4.752.36 2,674.58 1.173.67 3.848.25 904.11 359.58 3,488.67 Doubtful 334.68 54.51 204.82 104.60 Upto 1 Year Stage 3 280.09 54.59 150.31 129.86 100.22 221.55 48.75 270.30 115.74 48.75 164.49 105.81 112.28 52.21 1 to 3 years Stage 3 More than 3 years Stage 3 50.08 41.31 91.39 32.52 41.32 73.84 17.55 39.80 34.04 Doubtful (Sub- Total -(B)) 298.57 443.15 253.22 551.72 144.65 696.37 144.58 252.30 190.85 Loss (Sub- Total -(C)) Stage 3 Subtotal of NPA (Sub- Total -(A+B+C)) 4.130.47 1,318.26 5.448.73 2,973.15 1.318.25 4,291.40 1,157.33 611.88 3,679.52 Other items such as guarantees, loan Stage 1 15,274.52 15,274.52 commitments, ICD's etc, which are in the scope of 136.65 136.65 15,137.88 136.65 Ind AS 109 but not covered under current income Recognition, Assets Classifications and 853.84 853.84 Stage 2 Provisioning (IRACP) norms 88.05 88.05 765.79 88.05 Stage 3 16,128.36 16,128.36 224.70 224.70 15,903.67 224.70 Subtotal 141,018.67 Stage 1 121,932.77 19,085.90 2,240.64 293.44 2,534.08 138,484.58 843.71 1,690.37

6,475.44

5,448.73

152,942.84

457.44

2,973.15

5,671.23

149.48

1,318.25

1,761.17

606.92

4,291.40

7,432.40

5,868.52

1,157.33

145,510.43

227.98

611.88

1,683.57

378.94

3,679.52

5,748.83

1,344.22

1,318.26

21,748.38

5,131.22

4,130.47

131,194.46

STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

56. Disclosure pursuant to Reserve Bank of India Circular no. RBI/2019-20/88 DOR.NBFC (PD) CC. No.102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated Nov 04, 2019: Liquidity Risk Management Framework

As on 31 March 2022 (₹ in millions)

		As at Marc	h 31, 2022	As at Decem	ber 31, 2021	As at Septem	nber 30, 2021	As at June 30, 2021		
Sr. No.	Particulars	Total Unweighted Value (average)	Total Weighted Value (average)							
1	Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)	13,530.93	13,530.93	13,989.13	13,989.13	6,609.20	6,609.20	6,692.57	6,692.57	
	Cash and Bank Balance	10,375.17	10,375.17	11,876.55	11,876.55	6,181.39	6,181.39	3,310.33	3,310.33	
	Unencumbered Fixed Deposits	3,155.77	3,155.77	2,112.59	2,112.59	427.80	427.80	3,382.24	3,382.24	
	Cash Outflows									
2	Deposits (for deposit taking companies)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3	Unsecured wholesale funding	-	-	326.09	375.00	4,842.39	5,568.75	-	-	
4	Secured wholesale funding	2,725.85	3,134.72	2,618.84	3,011.66	1,123.35	1,291.85	2,180.29	2,507.33	
5	Additional requirements, of which:									
	Outflows related to derivative									
	exposures and other collateral									
(i)	requirements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Outflows related to loss of funding on									
(ii)	debt products	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(iii)	Credit and liquidity facilities	6,493.92	7,468.01	3,762.14	4,326.47	2,191.04	2,519.69	996.39	1,145.84	
6	Other contractual funding obligations	17,857.88	20,536.56	19,682.40	22,634.76	18,915.03	21,752.28	18,835.25	21,660.54	
7	Other contingent funding obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
8	Total Cash outflows	27,077.65	31,139.29	26,389.46	30,347.88	27,071.81	31,132.58	22,011.93	25,313.71	
	Cash Inflows									
9	Secured lending	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
10	Inflows from fully performing exposures	10,935.29	8,201.47	12,981.57	9,736.17	24,153.67	18,115.26	12,037.95	9,028.46	
11	Other cash inflows	15,109.41	11,332.06	13,071.37	9,803.53	10,391.32	7,793.49	9,692.34	7,269.25	
12	Total Cash Inflows	26,044.70	19,533.53	26,052.94	19,539.70	34,544.99	25,908.74	21,730.29	16,297.72	

		Total Adjusted	Total Adjusted	Total Adjusted	Total Adjusted
		Value	Value	Value	Value
13	Total HQLA	13,530.93	13,989.13	6,609.20	6,692.57
14	Total Net Cash Outflows	11,605.77	10,808.18	7,783.14	9,016.00
15	Liquidity Coverage Ratio(%)	116.59%	129.43%	84.92%	74.23%

As on 31 March 2021 (₹ in millions)

	As at March 31, 2021			As at Decem	ber 31, 2020	As at Septem	nber 30, 2020	As at June	e 30, 2020
		Total		Total		Total		Total	
		Unweighted	Total Weighted						
Sr. No.	Particulars	Value (average)							
	Total High Quality Liquid Assets								
1	(HQLA)	12,589.63	12,589.63	9,574.41	9,496.35	4,211.73	3,980.18	8,373.25	8,148.20
	Cash and Bank Balance	8,137.31	8,137.31	3,576.81	3,576.81	1,330.37	1,330.37	1,495.00	1,495.00
	Unencumbered Fixed Deposits	193.11	193.11	2,776.06	2,776.06	181.38	181.38	595.46	595.46
	Undrawn Sanctioned Limits	4,259.21	4,259.21	3,065.42	3,065.42	2,236.87	2,236.87	2,351.68	2,351.68
	Liquid Investments	-	-	156.12	78.06	463.10	231.55	3,931.10	3,706.05
	Cash Outflows								
	Deposits (for deposit taking								
2	companies)	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	_
3	Unsecured wholesale funding	-	-	4,196.64	4,826.14	-	-	1,700.00	1,955.00
4	Secured wholesale funding	15,694.31	18,048.46	1,385.43	1,593.25	2,873.77	3,304.84	4,358.58	5,012.3
5	Additional requirements, of which	10,00 1101	20,0 10110	2,000110	1,000.20	2,070.77	3,30	1,550.50	3,012.37
	Outflows related to derivative								
	exposures and other collateral								
(i)	requirements	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
(1)	Outflows related to loss of funding on			_			_		
(ii)	debt products	_		_					
(iii)	Credit and liquidity facilities							_	
(111)	credit and liquidity facilities								
6	Other contractual funding obligations	13,070.74	15,031.35	11,143.08	12,814.54	6,857.32	7,885.91	2,969.03	3,414.38
7	Other contingent funding obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Total Cash outflows	28,765.06	33,079.82	16,725.15	19,233.93	9,731.09	11,190.75	9,027.61	10,381.75
	Cash Inflows								
9	Secured lending	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Inflows from fully performing								
10	exposures	27,771.61	20,828.71	14,454.78	10,841.09	11,977.09	8,982.82	5,362.03	4,021.5
11	Other cash inflows	-		-	-	-	-,		-
12	Total Cash Inflows	27,771.61	20,828.71	14,454.78	10,841.09	11,977.09	8,982.82	5,362.03	4,021.52

		Total Adjusted	Total Adjusted	Total Adjusted	Total Adjusted
		Value	Value	Value	Value
13	Total HQLA	12,589.63	9,496.35	3,980.18	8,148.20
14	Total Net Cash Outflows	12,251.11	8,392.84	2,797.69	6,360.23
15	Liquidity Coverage Ratio(%)	102.76%	113.15%	142.27%	128.11%

Qualitative Disclosure

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) aims to ensure that NBFC's maintains an adequate level of unencumbered High Quality Liquidity Asset (HQLAs) that can be converted into cash to meet liquidity needs for a 30 calendar day time horizon under a significantly severe liquidity stress scenario.

The Company has robust liquidity risk management framework in place that ensures sufficient liquidity including a cushion of unencumbered, high quality liquid assets, to withstand a range of stress events, including those involving the loss or impairment of both unsecured and secured funding sources. The Company has implemented the LCR framework and has maintained LCR well above the regulatory threshold.

HQLA comprises of unencumbered Bank Balances and Fixed Deposit, Cash in Hand, Liquid Investments after appropriate haircut. The Company maintains sufficient balance of Cash and Bank Balance and liquid Investments which can be easily liquidated in times of stress.

Liquidity Coverage Ratio results drive by inflow of next 30 days receivable on loans and advances and corresponding outflow over the next 30 days towards borrowings and other liabilities.

STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF IIFL FINANCE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

57. Disclosure pursuant to (Securitisation of Standard Assets) Reserve Bank of India Circular no./Directions, 2021 RBI/DOR/2021-22/85 DOR.STR.REC.53/21.04.177/2021-

22 - September 24, 2021

(₹ in millions)

Cr. No.	Doubleulous	As an 21st March 2022	(3 in millions)
Sr. No.	Particulars	As on 31st March 2022	As on 31st March 2021
	No of SPEs holding assets for securitisation transactions originated by the originator		
1	(only the SPVs relating to outstanding securitization exposures to be reported here)	12	20
2	Total amount of securitised assets as per books of the SPEs	19,892.33	33,031.37
	Total amount of exposures retained by the originator to comply with MRR as on the date of		
3	balance sheet	-	-
	Other amount of Securtised assets as per the books of SPV sponsored by the company	_	6,106.80
	a) Off-balance sheet exposures		.,
	• First loss	_	-
	• Others	-	602.90
	b) On-balance sheet exposures		
	• First loss	-	
	• Others	-	
4	Amount of exposures to securitisation transactions other than MRR	-	
-	a) Off-balance sheet exposures	-	
	i) Exposure to own securitisations		
	• First loss	_	_
	• Others	_	_
	ii) Exposure to third party securitisations		
	• First loss	_	
	• Others	_	
	b) On-balance sheet exposures		
	i) Exposure to own securitisations		
	• First loss	2,267.29	3,096.84
	• Others	2,385.65	2,339.01
	ii) Exposure to third party securitisations	2,555.65	2,000.01
	• First loss	_	
	• Others	_	_
	Sale consideration received for the securitised assets and gain/loss on sale on account of		
5	securitisation	16,820.00	31,650.00
6	Outstanding value of services provided by way of post-securitisation asset servicing.	2.18	5.75
7	Performance of facility provided:-	2.120	5.75
•	Credit enhancement		
	(a) Amount paid	2,267.29	3,096.84
	(b) Repayment received	2,207.25 Nil	Nil
	(c) Outstanding amount	2,267.29	3,096.84
	% of total value of facility provided	7.09%	6.06%
8	Average default rate of portfolios observed in the past.	Nil	Nil
9	Amount and number of additional/top up loan given on same underlying asset.	Nil	Ni
10	Investor complaints (a) Directly/Indirectly received and; (b) Complaints outstanding	Nil	Nil

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS IIFL HOLDINGS LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022, March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

58. Disclosure pursuant to Reserve Bank of India Circular no. RBI/2020-21/16 DOR.No.BP.BC/3/21.04.048/2020-21 dated August 06, 2020 on resolution framework for COVID-19-related stress:

As at March 31, 2022 (₹ in millions)

Type of Borrower	Exposure to accounts classified as Standard consequent to implementation of resolution plan	Of (A), aggregate debt that slipped into NPA	Of (A) amount written off	Of (A) amount paid by the borrowers during the half- year ended March 31, 2022	Exposure to accounts classified as Standard consequent to implementation of resolution plan
Personal Loans	45.88	17.24	11.30	4.40	72.38
Corporate Loans *	3,909.81	461.46	501.88	1,824.33	2,004.95
of which, MSME's	2,227.66	461.30	467.76	201.95	1,893.64
Others	5.28	0.82	-	2.79	2.92
Total	3,960.98	479.53	513.18	1,831.53	2,080.25

^{*}As defined in Section 3(7) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016

As at March 31, 2021

(₹ in millions)

Type of Borrower	(A) Number of accounts where resolution plan has been implemented under this window	(B) exposure to accounts mentioned at (A) before implementation of the plan	(C) Of (B), aggregate amount of debt that was converted into other securities	(D) Additional funding sanctioned, if any, including between invocation of the plan and	(E) Increase in provisions on account of the implementation of the resolution plan **
				implementation	1.00
Personal Loans	329	45.22	-	-	1.32
Corporate Loans *#	3,849	4,598.84	-	-	(6.64)
of which, MSME's	3,823	2,245.55	-	-	200.92
Others	10	5.36	-	-	0.35
Total	4,188	4,649.41	-	-	(4.98)

^{*}As defined in Section 3(7) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 #Negative provision due to closure of loan accounts.

59. Disclosure pursuant to (Transfer of Loan Exposures) Reserve Bank of India Circular no. RBI/DOR/2021-22/86 DOR.STR.REC.51/21.04.048/2021-22 dated September 24, 2021:

(a) Details of transferred through assignment in respect of loans not in default:

(a) Details of Caristeries through assignment in respect of loans not in default.				
Particulars	FY 2021-22			
Count of Loan accounts assigned	1,187,478			
Amount of loan accounts assigned (₹ in millions)	96,740.34			
Weighted average maturity (in months)	18			
Weighted average holding period (in months)	4			
Retention of beneficial economic interest	10%			
Coverage of tangible security coverage	100%			
Rating-wise distribution of rated loans	Unrated			
Break-up of loans transferred / acquired through assignment / novation and loan participation	All Assignment deals			
Instances where we have agreed to replace loans transferred to transferee(s) or pay damages arising out of any	Nil			

mivegative provision due to closure or loan decounts.

^{**}Increase in provision is as on March 31, 21 compared to the date of resolution

(b) Details of stressed loans transferred during the year:

(₹ in millions)

	As on 31st March 2022				
	To A	ARCs .	To permitted transferees	To other transferees	
Particulars	NPA	SMA	- o permitted transferees	To other dulisierees	
Number of accounts	2,938	1	-	-	
Aggregate principal outstanding of loans transferred	2,992.59	450.00	-	-	
Weighted average residual tenor of the loans transferred	21.47	27.50	-	-	
Net book value of loans transferred (at the time of transfer)	2,499.87	597.05	-	-	
Aggregate consideration	5,480.00	-	-	-	
Additional consideration realized in respect of accounts transferred in earlier years	-	-	-	-	
Excess Provision reversed on account of transter	-	-	-	-	

Note:- In addition to the above, the Company has transferred 6,332 additional loans which have been written off, having an amount outstanding of ₹ 12,342.68 millions which were part of above consideration.

No stressed loans were transferred during the previous year ended March 31,2021.

- (c) The Company has not acquired any stressed loan during the year and year ended March 31, 2021.
- (d) Details on recovery ratings assigned for Security Receipts (SR) as on 31st March, 2022:

Recovery Rating^	Anticipated recovery as per recovery rating	Book Value (₹ in millions)
RR1*	100%-150%	3,620.91
Unrated #	-	833.00
Total	-	4.453.91

[^] Recovery rating is as assigned by external rating agency

60. Previous year's figures are regrouped, reclassified and rearranged wherever considered necessary to confirm to current year's presentation.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of IIFL FINANCE LIMITED

Nirmal Jain Managing Director DIN: 00010535 R. Venkataraman
Joint Managing Director
DIN: 00011919

Rajesh Rajak Chief Financial Officer Sneha Patwardhan Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai Dated: June 23, 2022

[#] Pursuant to regulatory norms, the ARC shall obtain initial rating of SRs from an approved credit rating agency within a period of six months from the date of acquisition of assets by it.

^{*} Fully provided for

2-C Court Chambers, 35, New Marine Lines, Mumbai, Maharashtra-400020.

Chhajed & Doshi Chartered Accountants

101, Hubtown Solaris, N S Phadke Marg, Near east west flyover, Opp Telly Gali Junction, Andheri (East) Mumbai – 400 069.

Independent Auditor's Review Report on Standalone Unaudited Quarterly Financial Results of the Company Pursuant to the Regulation 33 and 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF

IIFL Finance Limited

- We have reviewed the accompanying statement of unaudited standalone financial results of IIFL Finance Limited ("the Company") for the quarter ended June 30, 2022.
- 2. This statement, which is the responsibility of the Company's Management and approved by the Board of Directors, has been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the Indian Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" ("Ind AS 34"), prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. Our responsibility is to issue a report on these financial results based on our review.
- 3. We conducted our review of the Statement in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity", issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. This standard requires that we plan and perform the review to obtain moderate assurance as to whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of company personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data and thus provides less assurance than an audit. We have not performed an audit and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.
- 4. Based on our review conducted as above, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying statement of unaudited financial results prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and other recognized accounting practices and policies has not disclosed the information required to be disclosed in terms of Regulation 33 and 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 including the manner in which it is to be disclosed, or that it contains any material misstatement or that it has not been prepared in accordance with the relevant prudential norms issued by the Reserve Bank of India in respect of income recognition, asset classification, provisioning and other related matters.





2-C Court Chambers, 35, New Marine Lines, Mumbai, Maharashtra-400020.

Chhajed & Doshi Chartered Accountants

101, Hubtown Solaris, N S Phadke Marg, Near east west flyover, Opp Telly Gali Junction, Andheri (East) Mumbai – 400 069.

Other Matter

 One of the current Joint Statutory Auditors had carried out Limited Review of the unaudited Standalone Financial results of the Company as per the Listing Regulations for the quarter ended June 30, 2021 and issued an unmodified conclusion vide its report dated July 27, 2021.

Our conclusion on the statement is not modified in respect of this matter.

Signed by the Statutory Auditors of the Company

For V Sankar Aiyar & Co. Chartered Accountants (FRN: 109208W)

(FKN: 109208W)

G. Sankar

Partner M. No. 046050

Place: Mumbai Date: July 27, 2022

UDIN: 22-046050 ANSBF J3206

For Chhajed & Doshi Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 101794W)

M. P. Chhajed

Partner

M. No. 049357 Place: Mumbai

Date: July 27, 2022

UDIN: 22049357ANSBWE4451

IIFL Finance Limited

CIN: L67100MH1995PLC093797

Regd. Office - IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23, Thane Industrial Estate, Wagle Estate, Thane - 400604
STATEMENT OF STANDALONE FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED. JUNE 30, 2022

(₹ in Crore) Duarter Ende June 30, 2022 March 31, 2022 June 30, 2021 March Particulars 31, 2022 Unaudited Unaudited Audited Income Revenue from operations (1) interest income 854.68 871.18 757.62 3,563.81 62,90 11,72 Dividend income 62.91 6.65 8.32 Fees and commission income 50.15 (iii) Net gain on fair value changes 2.57 9.42 4.68 72.03 Net gain on derecognition of financial instruments under amortised cost category (V) 99,56 99,63 45.31 313,41 (11) Total Revenue from operations 963.46 1.054.85 815.93 4.062.31 Other income 5.56 9.64 3.86 26,94 (111) Total Income (I+II) 969.02 1,064.49 819,79 4,089,25 Expenses 367.92 384.52 402 29 1,615,61 Net loss on derecognition of financial instruments under amortised cost category (ii) 214.67 63.30 181.33 723.83 Impairment on financial instruments (137.52 39.45 (99.75) (224.28) (10) Employee benefits expenses 162.84 146.63 109,03 519,90 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment ton 28.44 28.64 24.91 106.43 122.32 118,04 62.65 Other expenses 380.39 (IV) Total Expenses 758.67 780.58 680.46 3,121.88 (V) Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax (III-IV) 210.35 283.91 139.33 967.37 Exceptional Items (VII) Profit before tax (V+VI) 210.36 283.91 139.33 967,37 Tax Expense: (1) Current tax 114.27 4 14 171.28 53.49 (59.80) 30,95 Deferred tax (11) 51.18 (iii) Current tax expense relating to prior years
(VIII) Total Tax Expense (1.22) 53,25 0.65 (0.57)53,49 35.74 221.89 Net profit after tax (VII-VIII) 230,66 156.86 103,59 745.48 Other Comprehensive Income A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss
(a) Remeasurement of defined benefit liability/(asset) (0.64) 1.89 (0.86) 0.98 (ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 0.16 (0.47)0.22 (0.24)Subtotal (A) (0.48)1.42 (0.64) 0.72 B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (a) Cash flow hedge (net)

(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss. (7.26) 9.55 (28.57) (14.13) 7.19 1.83 (2.40)3.56 (10.57) Subtotal (B) (5.43) 7.15 Other Comprehensive Income/(loss) (A+B) (5,91) 8.57 (22.02) (9,85) (XI) Total Comprehensive Income/(loss) for the period/year (XI+XII) 150 95 239.23 81.57 735.63 Paid up Equity Share Capital (Face value of Rs 2 each) 75.95 75.92 75,79 75.92 4 350 98 Other Equity (XII) Earnings Per Share (Face value of Rs 2 each) Basic (Rs) 6.08 2.73 Diluted (Rs) 4.11 6.04 2:72 19.54

* Quarter ended numbers are not annualised

In terms of report attached

Date July 27, 2022

Place: Mumbai

For IIFL Finance Limited

R. Venketaraman

R. Venkataraman Joint Managing Director DIN: 00011919





IIFL FINANCE LIMITED CIN: L67100MH1995PLC093797

Regd. Office:- IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23, Thane Industrial Estate, Wagle Estate, Thane – 400604

- The above standalone unaudited financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 have been reviewed
 and recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at its
 meetings held on July 27, 2022. The Joint Statutory Auditors of the Company have carried out the Limited
 Review of the aforesaid results and have issued an unmodified report.
- 2. These standalone unaudited financial results have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standards 34 "Interim Financial reporting" ("Ind AS 34") as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant Rules issued there under and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 33 and 52 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended.
- 3. During the quarter ended June 30, 2022, the Board of Directors of IIFL Home Finance Limited ("Subsidiary Company"), a material subsidiary of the Company, approved the transaction involving investment by a wholly owned subsidiary of Abu Dhabi Investment Authority ("Investor") in the Subsidiary Company ("Transaction"). Upon completion of the Transaction, the Investor will hold 20% of the share capital (calculated on a fully diluted basis) of the Subsidiary Company and resultantly, the present shareholding of the Company in the Subsidiary Company will get diluted. The completion of the Transaction is subject to requisite approvals.
- During the quarter ended June 30, 2022, the Company allotted 140,939 equity shares (previous quarter: 2,92,983) having face value of ₹ 2/- each on exercise of stock options under the Employee Stock Option Scheme(s).
- The Company's main business is Financing and Investing activities. All activities are carried out within India.
 As such there are no separate reportable segments as per Indian Accounting Standard 108 (Ind AS) on "Operating Segments".
- 6. During the quarter ended June 30, 2022, IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited was incorporated on May 17, 2022 as a subsidiary of the Company on account of Joint venture between the Company and Open Financial Technologies Private Limited. The Company had made an initial investment of ₹ 5 Crores at the face value of ₹10 and made a further investment of ₹ 33.40 Crores at a premium of ₹ 83 per share. Pursuant to this transaction the Company hold 51% in IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited.
- 7. The Secured Non-Convertible Debentures are secured by way of a first pari passu charge on receivables of the Company, both present and future, book debts, loans and advances and current assets of the Company, except those receivables present and/or future specifically and exclusively charged in favour of certain existing charge holders and specified immovable property such that a security cover of 100% or higher (upto 125%) as per the terms of the offer document is maintained till the time of maturity.







IIFL FINANCE LIMITED CIN: L67100MH1995PLC093797

Regd. Office:- IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23, Thane Industrial Estate, Wagle Estate, Thane – 400604

- Disclosure as per the notification no. RBI/DOR/2021-22/86 DOR.STR.REC.51/21.04.048/2021-22 under Reserve Bank of India (Transfer of Loan Exposures) Directions, 2021 relating to the total amount of loans not in default / stressed loans transferred and acquired to / from other entities.
 - a. Details of transferred through assignment in respect of loans not in default during the quarter ended June 30, 2022

Count of Loan accounts assigned	220,541
Amount of loan accounts assigned (₹ In Crore)	2,405.17
Weighted average maturity (in months)	17.53
Weighted average holding period (in months)	3.12
Retention of beneficial economic interest	10%
Coverage of tangible security coverage	100%
Rating-wise distribution of rated loans	Unrated
Break-up of loans transferred / acquired through assignment / novation and loan participation	All Assignment deals
Instances where we have agreed to replace loans transferred to transferee(s) or pay damages arising out of any representation or warranty	Nil

- b. The company has not acquired any loans not in default during the quarter ended June 30, 2022.
- c. Stressed loans transferred during the quarter ended June 30, 2022:

Particulars	To ARC	
	NPA	SMA
Number of accounts	6,392	2
Aggregate principal outstanding of loans transferred (₹ In Crore)	245.90	381.97
Weighted average residual tenor of the loans transferred (in years)	0.71	2.70
Net book value of loans transferred (at the time of transfer) (₹ In Crore)	134.14	512.96
Aggregate consideration (₹ In Crore)	635.0	00
Additional consideration realized in respect of accounts transferred in earlier years	-	
Excess Provision reversed to the profit and loss account on account of transfer	3	4

In addition to above, the company has transferred 6,359 additional loans which have been written off, having an principal outstanding amount of Rs. 150.53 crores which were part of above consideration.

d. The company has not acquired any stressed loan during the quarter ended June 30, 2022.







IIFL FINANCE LIMITED

CIN: L67100MH1995PLC093797

Regd. Office:- IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23, Thane Industrial Estate, Wagle Estate, Thane - 400604

e. Details on recovery ratings assigned for Security Receipts (SR) as on June 30, 2022

Recovery Rating	Anticipated Recovery as per recovery rating	Book Value (₹ in Crore)
RR1^	100%-150%	354.29*
RR1 ^	100%	86.80
Unrated #	*	539.75
Total		980.84

A Recovery rating is as assigned by external rating agency

- Disclosure in compliance with Regulation 52(4) of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is attached as Annexure 1.
- 10. The Company has complied with the RBI circular dated November 12, 2021 "Prudential norms on Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning pertaining to Advances - Clarifications'. On February 15, 2022, RBI allowed deferment till September 30, 2022 of Para 10 of this circular pertaining to upgrade of non performing accounts. However, the Company has not opted for this deferment.
- 11. The figures for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 are the balancing figures between audited figures in respect of the year ended March 31, 2022 and the unaudited figures of nine months ended December 31, 2021.
- 12. Previous period/year figures have been regrouped/ reclassified to make them comparable with those of current period.

By order of the Board For IIFL Finance Limited

In terms of report attached

Place: Mumbai

Date: July 27, 2022





R. Venkataraman Joint Managing Director

DIN: 00011919



[#] Pursuant to regulatory norms, the ARC shall obtain initial rating of SRs from an approved credit rating agency within a period of six months from the date of acquisition of assets by it.

^{*} Fully provided for

IIFL FINANCE LIMITED

STATEMENT OF UNAUDITED STANDALONE FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Annexure 1

Disclosure in compliance with Regulations 52(4) of of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended, for the Quarter ended June 30, 2022

Sr. No.	Particulars	Ratios
1)	Debt - Equity Ratio	3.35
2)	Debt Service Coverage Ratio ³	Not Applicable
3)	Interest Service Coverage Ratio ³	Not Applicable
4)	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares (Quantity)	NIL
5)	Outstanding redeemable Preference Shares (₹ in Crores)	NIL
6)	Capital redemption reserve (₹ in Crores)	230.11
7)	Debenture redemption reserve (₹ in Crores)	12.80
8)	Net worth (₹ in Crores)	4,495.57
9)	Net profit after tax (₹ in Crores)	156.86
10)	Earning per share: (in ₹) (Not Annualised)	
	a) Basic	4.13
	b) Diluted	4.11
11)	Current Ratio ³	Not Applicable
12)	Long term debt to Working Capital ³	Not Applicable
13)	Bad debts to Accounts Receivable ratio ³	Not Applicable
14)	Current Liability Ratio ³	Not Applicable
15)	Total Debts to Total Assets Ratio	0.70
16)	Debtor Turnover Ratio ³	Not Applicable
17)	Inventory Turnover Ratio ³	Not Applicable
18)	Operating Margin ³	Not Applicable
19)	Net Profit Margin	16.19%
20)	Sector Specific Ratio	
	a) GNPA %	1.59%
	b) NNPA %	0.88%
	c) Overall Provision Coverage Ratio	210.16%

Note:

- 1) Debt-equity ratio = Total Borrowings/Total Equity
- 2) Networth means share capital plus reserves less miscellaneous expenditure to the extent not written off.
- The Company is registered under the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 as Non-Banking Financial Company, hence these ratios are generally not applicable.
- 4) Total debts to total assets = Total Borrowings/Total Assets
- 5) Net profit margin = Net profit after Tax/Total Income
- 6) Overall Provision coverage = Total ECL Provision (Including Interest)/Gross Non Performing Advances (GNPA)







2-C Court Chambers, 35, New Marine Lines, Mumbai, Maharashtra-400020.

Chhajed & Doshi Chartered Accountants

101, Hubtown Solaris, N S Phadke Marg, Near east west flyover, Opp Telly Gali Junction, Andheri (East) Mumbai – 400 069.

Independent Auditor's Review Report on Consolidated Unaudited Quarterly Financial Results of the Company Pursuant to the Regulation 33 and 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF

IIFL Finance Limited

- We have reviewed the accompanying Statement of Consolidated Unaudited Financial Results of IIFL Finance Limited ("the Parent") and its subsidiaries (the Parent and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 ("the Statement"), being submitted by the Parent pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 33 and 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended.
- 2. This Statement, which is the responsibility of the Parent's Management and approved by the Parent's Board of Directors, has been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" ("Ind AS 34"), prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Statement based on our review.
- 3. We conducted our review of the Statement in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity", issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

We also performed procedures in accordance with the circular issued by the SEBI under Regulation 33 (8) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, to the extent applicable.

4. The statement includes the results of the following entities

S No	Name of the Entities	Relationship
1	IIFL Finance Limited	Parent
2	IIFL Home Finance Limited	Subsidiary
3	IIHFL Sales Limited	Subsidiary
4	IIFL Samasta Finance Limited (Formerly, Samasta Microfinance Limited)	Subsidiary
5	IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited (w.e.f. 17-05-2022)	Subsidiary





2-C Court Chambers, 35, New Marine Lines, Mumbai, Maharashtra-400020.

Chhajed & Doshi Chartered Accountants

101, Hubtown Solaris, N S Phadke Marg, Near east west flyover, Opp Telly Gali Junction, Andheri (East) Mumbai – 400 069.

5. Based on our review conducted and procedures performed as stated in paragraph 3 above, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying Statement, prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the aforesaid Indian Accounting Standard and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, has not disclosed the information required to be disclosed in terms of Regulation 33 and 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, including the manner in which it is to be disclosed, or that it contains any material misstatement or that it has not been prepared in accordance with the relevant prudential norms issued by the Reserve Bank of India in respect of income recognition, asset classification, provisioning and other related matters.

Other Matters

6. We did not review the interim financial results of 3 subsidiary companies included in the consolidated unaudited financial results, whose interim financial results reflects, total revenues of Rs. 1,012.42 crore for the quarter ended June 30, 2022, total net profit after tax of Rs. 172.88 crore for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 and total comprehensive income of Rs. 180.73 crore for the quarter ended June 30, 2022, as considered in the standalone unaudited interim financial results of the subsidiary company included in the Group. These interim financial results have been reviewed by another auditor in respect of the 3 subsidiary companies, whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and conclusion on the Statement, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries is based on the report of the other auditor and the procedure performed by us as stated in paragraph 3 above.

Our conclusion on the Statement is not modified in respect of the above matter.

7. We did not review the interim financial results of a subsidiary company included in the consolidated unaudited financial results, whose interim financial results reflects, total revenues of Rs. 0.10 crore for the quarter ended June 30, 2022, total net loss of Rs. 0.03 crore for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 and total comprehensive income of Rs. (0.03) crore for the quarter ended June 30, 2022, as considered in the standalone unaudited interim financial results of the subsidiary company included in the Group which have not been reviewed by their auditor and have been approved and furnished to us by the Management and our conclusion on the Statement, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of this subsidiary is based solely on such unaudited interim financial results. According to the information and explanations given to us by the Management, these interim financial results are not material to the Group.

Our conclusion on the Statement is not modified in respect of the above matter.



2-C Court Chambers, 35, New Marine Lines, Mumbai, Maharashtra-400020.

Chhajed & Doshi Chartered Accountants

101, Hubtown Solaris, N S Phadke Marg, Near east west flyover, Opp Telly Gali Junction, Andheri (East) Mumbai – 400 069.

 One of the current Joint Statutory Auditors of the parent company had carried out Limited Review of the unaudited Consolidated Financial results of the Company as per the Listing Regulations for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 and issued an unmodified conclusion vide its report dated July 27, 2021.

Our conclusion on the statement is not modified in respect of this matter.

Signed by the Statutory Auditors of the Company

For V Sankar Aiyar & Co. Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 109208W)

G. Sankar Partner

M. No. 046050 Place: Mumbai Date: July 27, 2022

UDIN: 22046050 ANSCER1198

For Chhajed & Doshi Chartered Accountants

(FRN: 101794W)

M. P. Chhajed

Partner

M. No. 049357 Place: Mumbai

Date: July 27, 2022

UDIN: 22049357ANSCHO8840

IIFL Finance Limited
CIN: L67100MH1995PLC093797
Regd. Office - IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23, Thane Industrial Estate, Wagle Estate, Thane - 400604 STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(₹ in Crore)

_		Quarter Ended			Year Ended	
Sr.	Particulars	June 30, 2022	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021	March 31, 2022	
140.		Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited	
	Income					
2.5	Revenue from operations	3	4 244 22	4 405 07	6,194,87	
(1)	Interest income	1,677.13	1,641.37	1,435.67	0.00	
E.A.	Dividend income	0,00 43,80	0.00 52.69	24.92	153.20	
(iii)	Fees and commission income Net gain on fair value changes	8.61	6.00	6.22	77.07	
	Net gain on derecognition of financial instruments under amortised cost	199.10	156.15	47.58	411.23	
(1)	category Total Revenue from operations	1,928,64	1,856.21	1,514.39	6,836.37	
(11)	Other income	46.54	61.44	17.31	169.91	
(111)	Total Income (I+II)	1,975.18	1,917.65	1,531.70	7,006.28	
2	Expenses	1		2.462.5		
(i)	Finance cost	775.99	773.21	700,90	2,991.00	
	Net loss on derecognition of financial instruments under amortised cost category	353,47	204.92	182.66	904.22	
(iii)	Impairment on financial instruments	(104.77)	51.44	(17.61)	(18.74	
	Employee benefits expenses	306_88	265,91	196.42	930.74	
(v)	Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	34.35	33,29	28.10	121.70	
(VI)	Other expenses Total Expenses (IV)	175,35	1,498.03	90.73	539.38 5,470.30	
				417.04		
(V)	Profit before exceptional items and tax (III-IV)	433,91	419.62	350.50	1,535,98	
(VI)	Exceptional Items					
(VII)	Profit before tax (V+VI)	433,91	419.62	350.50	1,535.98	
(1)	Tax Expense: Current tax	46.10	148,67	69,81	327,78	
(ii)	Deferred tax	58.09	(50.19)	14.28	19.38	
(iii)	Current tax expense relating to prior years		0.18	0.59	0.57	
	Total Tax Expense	104.19	98,66	84.58	347.73	
(IX)	Net profit after tax (VII-VIII)	329.72	320,96	265.82	1,188,25	
fi il	Attributable to :	4	6.00.03	27950	5 3000	
	Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest	329 69 0.03	320.93	265.72 0.10	1,187,89	
(X)	Other Comprehensive Income	0.50	2.55	20.5		
100	A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
	(a) Remeasurement of defined benefit liability/(asset) (ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss.	0.05 (0.01)	(0.60)	(1.59)	0.04	
	The same of the sa	0.04	1.77	(1.19)	(0.03	
	Subtotal (A) B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss.	0,04	1.77	(1.10)	(0.00	
	(a) Cash flow hedge (net)	1.73	7.47	(19.98)	(1.30	
	(b) Fair value of loans carried at FVTOCI	0.80	13.26	(0.01)	13.65	
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	(0.64)	(5.22)	5.04	(3,11	
	Subtotal (B)	1.89	15.51	(14.95)	9.24	
	Other Comprehensive Income / (loss) (A+B)	1.93	17.28	(16.14)	9.21	
(XI)	Total Comprehensive Income for the period/year (IX+X)	331.65	338,24	249,68	1,197.46	
	Attributable to :	45.00	1000	2000	aviate 14	
	Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest	331.62 0.03	338,21 0.03	249,58 0.10	1,197_11 0.35	
	Paid up Equity Share Capital (Face value of ₹ 2 each) Other Equity	75.95	75.92	75,79	75,92 6,387,91	
	Earnings Per Share (Face value of ₹ 2 each)	1	0.04	Olive 1		
(XII)	Basic (Rs) *	8,68	8.46	7.01	31,33	

* Quarter ended numbers are not annualised

In terms of report attached

For IIFL Finance Limited

F. Verketeramen

R. Venkataraman Joint Managing Director DIN: 00011919

Date: July 27, 2022 Place: Mumbai

IIFL FINANCE LIMITED CIN: L67100MH1995PLC093797

Regd. Office:- IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23, Thane Industrial Estate, Wagle Estate, Thane - 400604

- The above consolidated unaudited financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 have been reviewed and recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on July 27, 2022. The Joint Statutory Auditors of the Company have carried out the Limited Review of the aforesaid results and have issued an unmodified report.
- 2. These consolidated unaudited financial results have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standards 34 "Interim Financial reporting" ("Ind AS 34") as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant Rules issued there under and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and in accordance with the requirement of Regulation 33 and 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended.
- 3. During the quarter ended June 30, 2022, the Board of Directors of IIFL Home Finance Limited ("Subsidiary Company"), a material subsidiary of the Company, approved the transaction involving investment by a wholly owned subsidiary of Abu Dhabi Investment Authority ("Investor") in the Subsidiary Company ("Transaction"). Upon completion of the Transaction, the Investor will hold 20% of the share capital (calculated on a fully diluted) of the Subsidiary Company and resultantly, the present shareholding of the Company in the Subsidiary Company will get diluted. The completion of the Transaction is subject to requisite approvals.
- During the quarter ended June 30, 2022, the Company allotted 140,939 equity shares (previous quarter: 2,92,983) having face value of ₹ 2/- each on exercise of stock options under the Employee Stock Option Scheme(s).
- The Group's main business is financing and investing activities. All other activities revolve around the main business. Further all activities are carried out within India. As such there are no separate reportable segments as per the Indian Accounting Standard 108 (IND AS) on Operating Segment.
- 6. During the quarter ended June 30, 2022, IJFL Open Fintech Private Limited was incorporated on May 17, 2022 as a subsidiary of the Company on account of Joint venture between the Company and Open Financial Technologies Private Limited. The Company had made an initial investment of ₹ 5 Crores at the face value of ₹10 and made a further investment of ₹ 33.40 Crores at a premium of ₹ 83 per share. Pursuant to this transaction the Company hold 51% in IJFL Open Fintech Private Limited.
- 7. The secured Non-Convertible Debentures are secured by way of a first pari passu charge on receivables of the group, both present and future, book debts, loans and advances and current assets of the group, except those receivables present and/or future specifically and exclusively charged in favour of certain existing charge holders and specified immovable property such that a security cover of 100% or higher (upto 125%) as per the terms of the offer document is maintained till the time of maturity
- 8. Disclosure in compliance with Regulation 52(4) of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements)
 Regulations, 2015 is attached as Annexure 1
- 9. The Group has complied with the RBI circular dated November 12, 2021 "Prudential norms on Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning pertaining to Advances Clarifications'. On February 15, 2022,







IIFL FINANCE LIMITED CIN: L67100MH1995PLC093797

Regd. Office:- IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23, Thane Industrial Estate, Wagle Estate,
Thane = 400604

RBI allowed deferment till September 30, 2022 of Para 10 of this circular pertaining to upgrade of non performing accounts. However, the Group has not opted for this deferment.

- The figures for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 are the balancing figures between audited figures in respect of the year ended March 31, 2022 and the unaudited figures of nine months ended December 31, 2021.
- 11. Previous period/year figures have been regrouped/ reclassified to make them comparable with those of current period.

By order of the Board For IIFL Finance Limited

In terms of report attached

Date: July 27, 2022 Place: Mumbai

ANIMBAI STATERED AGOOM

HO & DOOM

R. Venkataraman
Joint Managing Director

DIN: 00011919

IIFL FINANCE LIMITED

STATEMENT OF UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Annexure 1

Disclosure in compliance with Regulations 52(4) of of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended, for the Quarter ended June 30, 2022

Sr. no	Particulars	Ratios
1)	Debt - Equity Ratio	5.05
2)	Debt Service Coverage Ratio ³	Not Applicable
3)	Interest Service Coverage Ratio ³	Not Applicable
4)	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares (Quantity)	NIL
5)	Outstanding Redeemable Preference share (₹ in Crores)	NIL
6)	Capital redemption reserve (₹ in Crores)	230.11
7)	Debenture redemption reserve (₹ in Crores)	12.80
8)	Net worth (₹ in Crores)	6,615.96
9)	Net profit after tax (₹ in Crores) (Before Minority)	329.72
10)	Earning per share: (in ₹) (Not annualised)	
	a) Basic	8.68
	b) Diluted	8.63
11)	Current Ratio ³	Not Applicable
12)	Long term debt to working capital ³	Not Applicable
13)	Bad debts to Accounts receivable ratio ³	Not Applicable
14)	Current Liability Ratio ³	Not Applicable
15)	Total Debts to Total Assets Ratio	0.79
16)	Debtor Turnover Ratio ³	Not Applicable
17)	Inventory Turnover Ratio ³	Not Applicable
18)	Operating Margin ³	Not Applicable
19)	Net Profit Margin	16.69%
20)	Sector Specific Ratio	
	a) GNPA %	2.58%
	b) NNPA %	1.48%
	c) Overall Provision Coverage Ratio	137.26%

Note:

- 1) Debt-equity ratio = Total Borrowings/Total Equity
- 2) Networth means share capital plus reserves less miscellaneous expenditure to the extent not written off.
- 3) The Company is registered under the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 as Non-Banking Financial Company, hence these ratios are generally not applicable.
- 4) Total debts to total assets = Total Borrowings/Total Assets
- 5) Net profit margin = Net profit after Tax/Total Income
- Overall Provision coverage = Total ECL Provision (Including Interest)/Gross Non Performing Advances (GNPA)





MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS

Other than as disclosed elsewhere in this Draft Shelf Prospectus and hereinafter below, there have been no material developments since June 30, 2022, and there have risen no circumstances that materially or adversely affects the operations, cash flows or financial condition or profitability of our Company or the value of our assets or our ability to pay our material liabilities over the next 12 months.

1. Investment by a wholly owned subsidiary of Abu Dhabi Investment Authority

The Board of Directors of IIFL Finance Limited as well as the Board of Directors of IIFL Home Finance Limited ("Subsidiary Company"), a material subsidiary of the Company, at its meeting held on June 09, 2022 has approved the transaction involving investment by a wholly owned subsidiary of Abu Dhabi Investment Authority i.e., Platinum OWL C 2018 RSC Limited (Trustee of Platinum Jasmine A 2018 Trust) ("Investor") in the Subsidiary Company, vide share subscription agreement dated June 9, 2022 ("Transaction"). Upon completion of the Transaction, the Investor will hold 20% of the share capital (calculated on a fully diluted) of the Subsidiary Company and resultantly, the present shareholding of the Company in the Subsidiary Company will get diluted. The completion of the Transaction is subject to requisite approvals.

2. Investment in IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited

During the quarter the Company has incorporated a company under the name of "IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited" ("**JV Company**") through the joint venture agreement entered with the Open Financial Technologies Private Limited. Company holds 51% stake in the said JV Company. The Company has made an initial investment of Rs. 5 Crores at the face value of Rs. 10 and made a further investment of Rs. 33.40 Crores at a premium of Rs. 83 per share at an issue price of Rs. 93 per equity share. Pursuant to this transaction our Company holds 51.02% in IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited.

3. Investment in Open Financial Technologies Private Limited

During the quarter ended June 30, 2022, vide share subscription agreement dated May 19, 2022, the Company has made investment of Rs. 38.17 crores in 0.001% Series D Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Participating Preference Shares of face Value of Rs. 100 each issued at premium of Rs. 18,98,933.09 each of Open Financial Technologies Private Limited. The above mentioned preference shares will get converted into equity shares of Open Financial Technologies Private Limited on or before 19 years from the date of issuance of preference shares.

4. Purchase of 12,45,55,797 equity shares of IIFL Samasta Finance Limited, a Subsidiary Company

The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on June 23, 2022 had approved purchase of 12,45,55,797 equity shares of IIFL Samasta Finance Limited, a subsidiary company ("**IIFL Samasta**") (representing 25% of equity share capital) from IIFL Home Finance Limited, wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. The said transaction was completed on July 27, 2022 and accordingly, the Company's shareholding in IIFL Samasta increased from 74.41% to 99.41%.

5. Allotment of secured non-convertible debentures Series D17

The Finance Committee of Board of Directors at its Meeting held on July 15, 2022 had made allotment of 100 (One Hundred) Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures of Series D17 ("Debentures") of the face value of Rs. 10,00,000/- (Rupees Ten Lakhs only) each aggregating to Rs. 10,00,00,000/- (Rupees Ten Crores Only) on private placement basis.

6. Allotment of unsecured subordinated non-convertible debentures Series D18

The Finance Committee of Board of Directors at its Meeting held on July 26, 2022 had made allotment of 125 (One Hundred and Twenty Five) Unsecured Subordinated Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures of Series D18 ("Debentures") of the face value of Rs.1,00,00,000/- (Rupees One Crore only) each aggregating to Rs.1,25,00,00,000/- (Rupees One Hundred and Twenty-Five Crores Only) on private placement basis.

7. Allotment of Equity Shares under ESOP

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors through resolution by circulation dated July 28, 2022 allotted 23,949 Equity Shares to eligible employee(s) on exercise of stock options.

FINANCIAL INDEBTEDNESS

The outstanding borrowings of our Company, on standalone basis as on June 30, 2022, are as follows:

(₹ in million)

Sr. No.	Nature of Borrowings	Amount Outstanding	%
1	Secured borrowings	139,647.21	90.97%
2	Unsecured borrowings	13,865.82	9.03%
Tota	Borrowings	153,513.03	100.00%

A. Details of Secured Borrowings

Our Company's secured borrowings amounts to ₹ 139,894.68million as on June 30, 2022 on standalone basis. The details of the borrowings are set out below:

1. Term Loans from Banks:

Sr. No	Lender' s Name	Date of Sanction	Sanctione d Amount	Amount outstand ing (Rs. In Millions)	Repayment schedule	Security*	Prepayment
1	Bank of Baroda	June 19, 2018	12,500.00	3,123.67	Repayable in 20 quarterly instalments from the date of first disbursemen t and interest is to be served as and when applied.	First paripassu charge on receivables pertaining to non-capital market exposure with minimum security cover of 1.15 times the sanction amount throughout the tenure of the loan	Nil if the prepaid lock in period of 12- month out of internally generated cash accruals or fresh equity infusion, after giving a 30 day advance intimation/notion to the bank. Otherwise prepayment penalty @2% p. a. for the amount prepaid for residual tenor of loan.
2	Bank of India	December 27,2019	5,000.00	2,985.25	Repayment in 20 equal quarterly instalments of ₹ 250 million each after moratorium period of 6 months from the date of first disbursemen	First pari passu first charge by way of hypothecatio n of standard receivables (excluding capital market receivables) of the Company	No prepayment penalty is applicable, if the company prepays the loan anytime during the tenor of the loan through internal generated cash accrual and/or fresh equity infusion.

Sr. No	Lender's Name	Date of Sanction	Sanctione d Amount	Amount outstand ing (Rs. In Millions)	Repayment schedule	Security*	Prepayment
					t. Door to door tenor of 5 years and 6 months. First repayment will fall due after the first quarter post moratorium of 6 months.	along with a minimum security cover of 1.25 times of the sanction amount. Security is to be created in favor of security trustee/lender. Only standard and performing receivables will be considered while calculating the security cover. The security will be created upfront by way of execution of bilateral documents between the borrower, the lender and	
3	Punjab National Bank (Erst.Ori ental Bank of Commer ce	November 29, 2019	1,000.00	497.18	8 equal Half Yearly instalments at the end of the half year.	First pari passu charge by way of hypothecatio n on the standard receivable (except capital market) with a security cover of 1.10 times of the sanction amount.	If the company prepays the loan at any time during the tenor of the loan through internally generated cash and / or fresh equity infusion than there will be no repayment penalty. However, 15 days prior notice

Sr. No	Lender' s Name	Date of Sanction	Sanctione d Amount	Amount outstand ing (Rs. In Millions)	Repayment schedule	Security*	Prepayment
							to be given by the company
4	Punjab and Sind Bank	November 15, 2017	6,000.00	743.70	Repayable in 8 equal annual instalments of rs 750 milliuon after moratorium of 12 months from the date of disbursemen t	First paripassu charge by way of hypothecatio n on the receivables, with minimum asset cover of 1.10 times of the loan amount.	If the Company prepays the loan at any time during the tenor of the loan through internally generated cash accrual and/or fresh equity infusion then there will be no prepayment penalty otherwise prepayment charges will be levied.
5	Small Industrie s Develop ment Bank of India (SIDBI)	March 1, 2018	5,000.00	1,250.00	250 millions Repayable in 20 quarterly instalment, commencing from 10th day of the month immediately after the expiry of 6 months from the date of first disbursemen t	First paripassu charge by way of hypothecatio n of book debts and receivables of the company of the company with minimum asset cover of 1.10 times the sanction amount.	No prepayment of the outstanding principal amount of loan in full or part permitted before the due dates except after obtaining prior approval of SIDBI in writing which may be granted subject to such conditions as SIDBI may deem fit including levy of interest(currently 1-3%) on such prepayment.
6	Canara Bank (Erstwhil e Syndicat e Bank)	May 15, 2018	1,500.00	562.50	Repayment in 8 equal half yearly instalments after moratorium period of 12 months from the dated of	First paripassu charge by way of hypothecatio n on the standard receivables of the company	No prepayment penalty if the prepayment is made out of Equity infusion Internal Reserves or surplus, otherwise 2% penalty on the

Sr. No	Lender' s Name	Date of Sanction	Sanctione d Amount	Amount outstand ing (Rs. In Millions)	Repayment schedule	Security*	Prepayment
					first disbursemen t.	with asset cover of 1.15 times of the sanction amount.	amount prepaid within 50% of tenor and 1% penalty on the amount prepaid beyond 50% of tenor.
7	Canara Bank (Erstwhil e Syndicat e Bank)	May 21, 2019	2,000.00	947.37	Repayment in 19 equal quarterly instalments after moratorium period of 3 months from the date of eachdisburse ment.	First paripassu charge by way of hypothecatio n on the standard receivables of the company with asset cover of 1.15 times of the sanction amount.	Prepayment charges to be waived at the time of reset, wherein the company can prepay amount within 30 day notice. Otherwise applicable charge as 2% penalty on the amount prepaid within 50% of tenor and 1% penalty on the amount prepaid beyond 50% of tenor.
8	Canara Bank	November 10, 2020	5,000.00	4,373.67	Repayable in equal 8 half yearly instalments after the moratorium period of 9 months.	First paripassu charge by way of hypothecatio n on the standard receivables of the company with asset cover of 1.11 times of the sanction amount.	No Prepayment if the company prepays through internally generated cash accruals or fresh equity infusion, otherwise 2%
9	Canara Bank	March 18, 2021	5,000.00	3,947.37	Repayable in 19 quarterly instalments after the moratorium of 3 months from the first	First Pari- Passu Charge by way of hypothecatio n of standard receivables of the company arising out of related	2% of the prepaid amount. No prepayment penalty, if the company prepays the loan at any time during the tenor of the loan through

Sr. No	Lender' s Name	Date of Sanction	Sanctione d Amount	Amount outstand ing (Rs. In Millions)	Repayment schedule	Security*	Prepayment
					drawdown of the loan. Interst to be paid on monthly basis as and when due.	transactions with Asset Cover of 1.11 times.	internally generated cash accrual and/or fresh equity infusion.
10	Indian Bank	December 5, 2020	3,000.00	2,185.14	Repayable in 5 years(inclusive of moratorium of 3 months) in 19 equal Quarterly instalments. Interst to be serviced as and when due	First paripassu charge by way of hypothecatio n of book debts and receivables of the company of the company with minimum asset cover of 1.10 times the sanction amount.	No Prepayment if the company prepays through internally generated cash accruals or fresh equity infusion
11	Karnatak a Bank	December 30,2020	1,000.00	599.99	Repayment in 10 Quarterly instalment of ₹100 million each after the holiday period of 4 months. Interest to be serviced on a monthly basis, as and when debited.	First paripassu charge by way of hypothecatio n of book debts and receivables of the company of the company with minimum asset cover of 1.10 times the sanction amount.	Pre-closure charges of 2% shall be charged only in case of takeover of liabilities by other banks.
12	NABAR D	November 5, 2020	2,000.00	1,400.00	Repayable in 5 years quarterly instalment of 5% at each quarter	First paripassu charge by way of hypothecatio n of book debts and	The prepayment can only be initiated after minimum notice of 3 working days. Penalty of 2.5% P.A for

Sr. No	Lender' s Name	Date of Sanction	Sanctione d Amount	Amount outstand ing (Rs. In Millions)	Repayment schedule	Security*	Prepayment
						receivables of the company of the company with minimum asset cover of 1.25 times the sanction amount.	each instalment due separately for the entire period (minimum 6 months) from the date of prepayment to the date on which the instalment is actually due for payment
13	NABAR D	July 05, 2021	3,000.00	2,550.00	Repayable in 5 years quarterly installment of 5% at each quarter and last installment as on last date june 30, 2026 is 10%.	First paripassu charge by way of hypothecatio n of book debts and receivables of the company of the company with minimum asset cover of 1.20 times the sanction amount.	Penalty of 2.5% p.a.for each instalment due separately for the entire period (minimum 6 months) from the date of prepayment to the date on which the installment is actually due for payment. Prepayment can only be initiated after the notice of 3 working days
14	NABAR D	February 22, 2022	10,000.00	9,300.00	Repayable upto 4 years in quarterly instalments and last installment as on last date December 31, 2025 is 2%.	·Execution of deed of Accession for Book Debts equivalent to Rs 12000 Millions to Security Trustee Agreement and Inter Lender Agreement for creation of security and the trustee shall issue holding certificate for the NABARD security on	The prepayment can only be initiated after minimum notice of 3 working days and the same will attract prepayment charges as per the rate prevailing on the date of prepayment. The current rate prepayment charges are 2.5% p.a. and will be chargeable for each instalment due separately for the entire period (minimum 6 months) from the

Sr. No	Lender' s Name	Date of Sanction	Sanctione d Amount	Amount outstand ing (Rs. In Millions)	Repayment schedule	Security*	Prepayment
						book debts to the extent of 1.20 times the outstanding loan amount	date of pre- payment to the date on which the instalment is actually due for payment.
15	DCB Bank	September 09, 2021	500.00	416.65	Repayable in 6 equal quarterly installment. Moratorium period is 6 months with total tenor of 24 months. Interest to be serviced at monthly rests.	First paripassu charge by way of Hypothecation on the receivables of the company through security arrangement. Asset cover of 1.10 times the loan amount at all times	2% on outstanding prepayment, minimum Rs.10,000-
16	Bank of Maharas htra	August 13, 2021	3,000.00	2,832.84	18 equal quarterly instalments of Rs. 16.667 Crores from the end of moratorium period of 6 months. First installment shall be due at the end of 9 th month from the date of first disbursemen t. Interest Repayment as and when applied on monthly basis.	First Paripassu charge by way of Hypothecatio n of standard receivables of the Company to be shared with existing and future Lenders with security cover of 1.10 times. The Security will be created upfront through Security Trustee	Prepayment charged to be waived at the time of interest of reset date wherein the company can prepay the amount with 7 day notice through internally generated cash and / or fresh equity infusion. At the other instances, the prepayment charges at 0.50% per annum + applicable taxes on the amount prepaid from the date of payment till the next reset date will be applicable.

Sr. No	Lender' s Name	Date of Sanction	Sanctione d Amount	Amount outstand ing (Rs. In Millions)	Repayment schedule	Security*	Prepayment
17	Union Bank	September 06, 2021	2,500.00	2,124.96	Repayable in 20 quarterly installment from the date of 1st disbursemen t. Door to door tenor of 5 years.	First paripassu charge by way of hypothecatio n on the standard loan receivables (excluding real estate and capital market receivables.) of the company through security arrangement. The asset cover should be maintained at least 1.11 times of the loan amount at all times.	At 2% flat on the amount of term loan prepaid as on the date of closure of the account. Here, if any decision taken by the bank to change/ modify the terms and conditions stipulated in the original sanction copy including ROI, the company shall have the option to prepay the loan by giving the 30 days of such communication by giving 7 days prior notice to the bank.
18	Punjab & Sind Bank	September 29, 2021	2,000.00	1,789.13	Repayable in 19 equal quarterly installment of Rs.105.3 millions starting after the moratorium period of 3 months from the date of first disbursemen t. Interest will be serviced as and when due.	First Paripassu charge by way of hypothecation on the receivables of the Company through Security Trustee. (Security Coverage upto 1.11 Times)	If the company prepay the loan at any time during the tenor of the loan through internally generated cash accruals and or fresh equity infusion then there will be no prepayment penalty otherwise prepayment charges will be levied.
19	State Bank of India	March 19, 2021	3000	2,093.00	20 quarterly instalments of ₹150 million each to be	First Pari Passu Charge on receivables net of NPA,	2% of prepaid amount. No prepayment charges if (a) Payment at

Sr. No	Lender' s Name	Date of Sanction	Sanctione d Amount	Amount outstand ing (Rs. In Millions)	Repayment schedule	Security*	Prepayment
					commenced after 3 months of first disbursemen t. Instalment will fall due on last day of quarter.	overdues and finance charges comprising receivables book debts present and future to the extent of 1.25 times	instance of lenders (b) Loans prepaid out of internal accruals equity infusion by promoters (c) Payment made out of cash sweep insurance proceeds
20	Karnatak a Bank	December 09, 2021	1,000.00	999.99	Repayable in 10 quarterly installments of Rs. 100 million each after a holiday period of 4 months. Interest to be serviced on a monthly basis, as and when debited.	First pari paru charge on standard book debts receivables with minimum security coverage of 1.10 times	Nil
21	IDFC First Bank	November 02, 2021	2,000.00	2,000.00	Tenor of 5 years. Repayable in quarterly installments of 111.1 millions each after a moratorium period of 6months	First Pari Passu Charge on standard receivables. Security cover of 1.10 times of of amount to be maintained	Facilities cannot be repaid
22	HDFC Bank	December 29, 2021	1,000.00	750.00	Maximum tenor of 2 years. To be paid in eaual quarterly installments. Nil moratorium period	First Pari Passu Charge on standard receivables. Security cover of 1.10 times of loan outstanding through the tenor of the loan. Receivables will not	Nil

Sr. No	Lender's Name	Date of Sanction	Sanctione d Amount	Amount outstand ing (Rs. In Millions)	Repayment schedule	Security*	Prepayment
						include loans to related parties/ associate/ group entities.	
23	IDBI	December 29, 2021	500.00	500.00	Door to door tenure of 5 years (including 6 months moratorium). Loan to be repaid in equal monthly installments after a moratorium of 6 months. The average maturity of priority sector assets thus created by the NBFC should be co-terminus with maturity of the bank loan.	First paripassu charge by way of hypothecatio n on the standard loan book assets receivables of the company both present and future, book debts, loan and advances to the extent of minimum 1.10 times of the loan outstanding throughout the tenor of the loan. All book debts charged should be standard. The security interest to be created in favor of security trustee.	Pre-payment premium at 1% p.a. of outstanding loan being prepaid, up to the maturity.
24	Mudra	December 08, 2021	2,000.00	1,832.50	The loan shall be repayable by the Borrower in a period not exceeding 3 years in quarterly instalments,	First paripassu charge by way of hypothecation on book debts and receivables of the loans provided by the borrower	The Borrower shall not prepay the outstanding principal amount of loan in full or part thereof before the due dates except after obtaining prior approval of

Sr. No	Lender's Name	Date of Sanction	Sanctione d Amount	Amount outstand ing (Rs. In Millions)	Repayment schedule	Security*	Prepayment
					commencing after moratorium of 3 months from date of first disbursemen t.	to beneficiaries which are Standard assets in the Books of the Borrower as per extant RBI guidelines with a minimum asset cover of 1.20 times	MUDRA in writing which may be granted subject to such conditions. MUDRA may deem fit to levy interest on residual period of repayment for loans i.e. upto 12 months 1 % of outstanding amount, for loans upto 13 -24 months 2% of outstanding amount. for loans more than 24 months 3% of outstanding amount.
25	Karnatak a bank	March 19, 2022	1,000.00	999.86	Repayable in 10 quarterly instalments of Rs.100 million each after a holiday period of 4 months. Interest to be serviced on a monthly basis, as and when debited.	Paripassu first charge on standard receivables book debts of the Company with minimum security coverage of 1.10 times.	on the balance outstanding
26	Bajaj Finance	February 28, 2022	1,000.00	916.67	3 year door to door tenure and repayment in 36 equal monthly installments	First paripassu charge by way of hypothecatio n of book debts and receivables of the company of the company with minimum	Voluntary prepay the facility during the tenure of the facility with a prior notice of 30 days, failure to provide which shall attract a penalty of 2.0%

Sr. No	Lender's Name	Date of Sanction	Sanctione d Amount	Amount outstand ing (Rs. In Millions)	Repayment schedule	Security*	Prepayment
						asset cover of 1.15times the sanction amount.	
27	Indian Overseas Bank	March 29, 2022	1,000.00	999.43	Term loan of 1000 millions shall be repayable in 8 half yearly installments of ₹125 millions after a moratorium period of 6 months. Interest to be serviced as and when debited including holiday period. Total door to door tenor will be 4.50 (four and half) years.	First paripassu charge in favour of the security trustee on receivables of the compnay, both present and future, book debts, loans and advances with a security cover of 1.10 times except those receivables present and or future specifically and exclusively charged in favour of certain existing charge holders.	Nil prepayment charges with option to pre-pay the term loan at any time with 30 day notice; However prepayment in the first year (from the fate of disbursement) will attract applicable prepayment charges.
28	State bank of India	March 24, 2022	6,000.00	5499.55	12 quarterly installments of ₹500 million each to be commenced after 3 months of first disbursemen t. Installment will fall due on last day of the quarter. Interest to be	First paripassu charge by way of hypothecatio n of all receivables and loan assts of the company to the extent of 1.25 times excluding Capital market receivables.	2% pre-paid amount. Prepayment charges will not be levied: (a) In case of payment has been made out of cash sweep Insurance proceeds; (b) Payment at the instance of the lenders; c) Loans prepaid out of internal accruals

Sr. No	Lender's Name	Date of Sanction	Sanctione d Amount	Amount outstand ing (Rs. In Millions)	Repayment schedule	Security*	Prepayment		
					paid as and when due.		equity infusion by promoters.		
29	Canara Bank	June 27, 2022	2,500.00	2,500.00	Principle to be repaid In 19 quarterly installments, after a moratorium of 3 months from the first drawdown	First pari passu charge by way of hypothecatio n of standard receivables of the company arising out of onward lending of the loan amount with asset cover of 1.11 times	2% of prepayment amount, nil if the company prepays the loan at any time during the tenor of the loan through internaly generated cash accruals and/or equity infusion		
Adjus	Adjustment on account of EIR			(247.21)					
Adjus	Adjustment on account MTM			32.98					
Intere	Interest Accrued but not due			158.69					
Total				60,764.14					

^{*} The above facilities are secured through creating of a first ranking pari passu charge in favour of Vistra ITCL Limited through a security trustee arrangement entered into by the company, security Trustee and the lenders.

Penalty: The loan documentation executed with respect to the term loans mentioned above set out penalty provisions for compliance with the provisions of the loan documents. Such provisions include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Additional interest of upto 5% per month on overdue portion of the amount for the period of default in case of any delay default in payment of principal or interest.
- (b) Penalty of upto 2% per month in cases of pre-payment of the loan facility.
- (c) Penalty of 1% per annum in case the Company fails to obtain and keep alive external credit rating from any one of the RBI approved agency.
- (d) Penalty of upto 2% per annum in case of breach of terms and conditions of the loan agreements including non-submission of audited financials, book debt statement, end use certificates, diversion of funds, downgrading of external ratings etc.
- (e) Penalty of upto 2% per annum in case of non-creation of security as per the loan agreements.

Rescheduling: None of the loan documents provides for rescheduling provision.

Events of Default: The facility documents executed by the Company stipulates certain events as "*Events of Default*", pursuant to which the Company may be required to immediately repay the entire loan facility availed by it and be subject to additional penalties by the relevant lenders. Such events include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Any of the instalment amount referred to herein above being unpaid on the due date for payment thereof.
- (b) Any representation and/or the statements made by the Company in the application being found to be incorrect and or the Company committing any breach or default in the performance or observance of any terms, conditions or provisions contained in the said application and/or the letter of sanction.
- (c) Any deterioration or impairment of the security provided by the Company to the lenders or any decline or depreciation in the value or market price thereof which causes the security rendered to become unsatisfactory as to character or value.
- (d) Company entering into any arrangement or composition with Company's creditors or committing any act the consequence of which may lead to Company being ordered to be wound up.
- (e) Any process being issued against the Company for execution of a decree and/or for attachment before judgment resulting in any of the property belonging to and/or under the control of the Company being attached.
- (f) Any order being made or a resolution being passed for the winding up of the Company.
- (g) A receiver being appointed of the entire properties or any part thereof belonging to or under the control of Company.
- (h) If any attachment, distress, execution or other process is initiated against the Company or any of the security provided by the Company is enforced.
- (i) If the Company enters into amalgamation, reorganisation or reconstruction or there is a change of control of the Company without the prior consent of the lenders and/or debenture trustee in writing.
- (j) The Company ceasing or threatening to cease to carry on business or giving or threatening to give notice of Company's intention to do so.
- (k) A firm of accountants appointed by the lender certifying that the liabilities of the Company exceed the assets owned and/or under the control of the Company and/or that the Company is carrying on business in loss.
- (l) The occurrence of any event or circumstances which would or is likely to prejudicially or adversely affect in any manner the capacity of the Company to either repay the said advance or to carry out the said proposal.
- (m) Failure of the Company to pay on the due date upon which any amount is due and payable whether by way of interest, principal or any other sum stated as payable under this facility.
- (n) If the borrower commits any breach of or omit to observe any of its covenants, obligations or undertakings under the term loan and in case of any such breach or omission capable of being remedied, such breach or omission is not remedied within 15 days.
- (o) Certain loan agreements include financial covenants including maintenance of TOL/TOW ratio, limits on total GNPA, NNPA etc
- (p) In case on cross defaults on any indebtedness of the company
- (q) Diversion of funds from the end utilization criteria as stipulated by the term loan agreements.

- (r) Certain agreements provide for an event of default in case of revocation/ suspension or termination of license which has adverse effect on business of borrower
- (s) Certain agreements provide for an event of default in case of filing of any claim with NCLT under Insolvency and bankruptcy laws resulting in appointment of resolution professional.
- (t) Refusal to Lender from examining, inspecting and/or conducting an audit over the Borrower's books of accounts at any time.
- (u) Any other events as may be stipulated in the Financing Documents. The Events of Defaults contained herein shall not be construed as exhaustive.
- (v) Any corporate action, legal proceedings or other procedure or step is taken in relation to the suspension of payments, a moratorium of any indebtedness, winding-up, dissolution, administration or reorganization {by way of voluntary arrangement, scheme of arrangement or otherwise}) of the Borrower; the appointment of a liquidator, receiver, administrative receiver, administrator, compulsory manager or other similar officer in respect of the Borrower or any of its assets; enforcement of any security over any assets of the Borrower or any similar procedure or step is taken in any jurisdiction. The Borrower and any of its lenders make a reference and/or submits a proposal to make an application to any restructuring mechanism available to the Borrower under the applicable laws
- (w) The company disavows to take action to challenge validity of enforceability of financing department. Any Potential Event of Default with respect to any of the provisions, covenant, under the terms of the Facility Agreement or any other Financing Document, as the case may be), shall with lapse of time, or the nonfulfilment of any other requirement under the Facility Agreement, or both, shall amount to Event of Default.
- (x) Occurrence of a material adverse event.

2. Term loan in the form of external commercial borrowings

Sr. No.	Lender's Name	Date of Sanction	Sanctioned Amount	Amount outstanding (Rs. In Millions)	Repayment schedule	Security*	Prepayment
1	Export Development Canada	July 30, 2019	\$100 Million	6,870.00	Repay loan in full on Final Repayment Date.	First paripassu charge by way of hypothecation on the standard receivables of the company with asset cover of 1.20 security coverage ratio of the sanction amount.	The Borrower will promptly prepay all outstanding Loans together with all amounts accrued under the Finance Documents immediately due and payable, whereupon the Facility will be cancelled

Sr. No.	Lender's Name	Date of Sanction	Sanctioned Amount	Amount outstanding (Rs. In Millions)	Repayment schedule	Security*	Prepayment		
							and all such outstanding Utilizations and amounts will become immediately due and payable.		
2	The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Gift City Branch	March 22, 2022	\$50 Millions	3,792.50	Bullet Repayment	First pari passu charge by way of hypothecation on the entire Borrower's Charged Assets, in favour of the Security Holder, in accordance with the Deed of Hypothecation. Security Coverage Ratio – upto 1 time	The Borrower may, by giving not less than 30 calendar days prior written notice to the Lender and subject to receipt of all necessary regulatory approvals to the extent required to make the prepayment, prepay the Loan on the last day of any Interest Period in whole or in part.		
Adjus	tment on account	of EIR	<u> </u>	(50.26)	1	l	1		
Adjus	Adjustment on account MTM			1,183.38					
Interes	Interest Accrued but not due			133.04					
Total				11,928.66					

^{*} The above facilities are secured through creating of a first ranking pari passu charge in favour of Vistra ITCL Limited through a security trustee arrangement entered into by the company, security Trustee and the lenders.

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Gift City Branch.

<u>Penalty:</u> The Borrower may, by giving not less than 30 calendar days (or such shorter period as the Majority Lenders may agree) prior written notice to the Lender and subject to receipt of all necessary regulatory approvals (including but

not limited to the approval of the RBI or the Authorised Dealer (as the case may be) under the ECB Guidelines) to the extent required to make the prepayment, prepay the Loan (or part thereof) on the last day of any Interest Period in whole or in part.

(b) Any prepayment under this Clause shall be made together with accrued interest on the amount prepaid and subject to payment of Break Costs and prepayment charges subject to funding penalties at the discretion of the lender in compliance with the ECB guidelines and applicable laws.

Rescheduling: Agreements do not have any provisions for rescheduling

Event of Default:

- a) Non-Payment-The Company does not pay on the due date any amount payable pursuant to a Transaction Document at the place and in the currency in which it is expressed to be payable.
- b) Other obligations-Any other breach (other than a payment default) has occurred in the performance of any covenant, condition or undertaking on the part of the company under this Agreement or any other Transaction Documents.
- c) Misleading Information and Representations provided by the company
- d) Inadequate Insurance-If the assets of the Company have not been kept insured by the Company or depreciate to such an extent that such depreciation in value could in the opinion of the Lenders, have a Material Adverse Effect.
- e) Proceedings Against or Dissolution of the Company
- f) Cessation or Change in Business or Control
- g) Security Not Created or Perfected or In Jeopardy
- h) Expropriation Events: Any government (including any political or administrative sub-division thereof), governmental authority, agency, official or entity takes or threatens any action: Nationalize, compulsorily acquire, expropriate, or seize, condemn or confiscate all or its assets (including Secured Assets); for the dissolution of the Company, or any action which deprives or threatens to deprive the Company of certain privileges.
- i) Illegality: It is or becomes unlawful for the Company to perform any of their respective obligations under this Agreement or any Transaction Document; The Transaction Document or any provision thereof are required by any law to be amended, waived or repudiated; or Any obligation under this Agreement or any Transaction Document is not or ceases to be a valid and binding obligation of any person party to it or becomes void, illegal, unenforceable or is repudiated by such person.
- j) Cross Default: The Company is unable or has admitted in writing its inability to pay any of its Financial Indebtedness as they mature or when due. An event of default in payment of any amount due, occurs under any agreement or document relating to any Financial Indebtedness of the company or if any other lenders of the company including financial institutions or banks with whom the company has entered into agreements for financial assistance have recalled its/their assistance or any part thereof.
- k) Insolvency: The Company is or is to be unable or admits inability to pay its debts as they fall due, suspends making payments on any of its debts or, by reason of actual or anticipated financial difficulties. The value of the assets of the Company is less than its liabilities. A moratorium is declared by a government agency in respect of any indebtedness of the Company. Commencement of an insolvency resolution process under the IBC in respect of the Company.
- Adverse litigation and final judgment: Any judgment or other order of a court of competent jurisdiction
 is made against the Company which has Material Adverse Effect. Any litigation, arbitration,
 administrative, governmental, regulatory or other investigations, proceedings, requisition or disputes

are commenced or threatened in relation to the Transaction Documents, or the transactions contemplated in the Transaction Documents or against any of the Company or in relation to its assets which has Material Adverse Effect.

- m) Material Adverse Effect: One or more events, conditions or circumstances (including any change in law) shall occur or exist which in the opinion of the Lenders, could have a Material Adverse Effect.
- n) Environmental compliance: The Company fails to comply in all material respects with all Environmental Law as may be applicable, obtain and maintain any Environmental Permits.
- o) Environmental Claims: Company fails to inform the Bank in writing of any Environmental Claims, in each case where such Environmental Claim might reasonably be expected, if determined against the Company, to have a Material Adverse Effect.
- p) Breach of financial covenant, information undertaking and other agreed undertaking: Any breach has occurred in the performance of financial covenant as prescribed under this Agreement, information undertaking or any such undertaking on the part of the Company under this Agreement or any other Transaction Documents.
- q) Repudiation: The Company repudiates a Transaction Document or evidences an intention to repudiate a Transaction Document.
- r) Termination/amendment of material contracts: Revocation of any material contract/commercial agreement, which if terminated and not replaced by the Company to the satisfaction of the Lender and amounts to a Material Adverse Change.
- s) Audit Qualification: The auditors of the Company qualify the audited financial statements of the Company for fraud or in the form of a 'disclaimed' balance sheet.
- t) Material Adverse Change: Any event or circumstance occurs which the Lender reasonably believes might have a Material Adverse Effect.
- u) Moratorium: If any relevant lender/authority declares a general moratorium or "standstill" (or makes or passes any order or regulation having a similar effect) (or any indebtedness which includes Financial Indebtedness) owed by the Company and where such declaration, order or regulation applies to Company and restricts payments required to be made by the Company in accordance with the Facility Documents.
- v) Amendment to the Constitutional Document of the Company
- w) Change in Capital Structure: The promoter group ceases to hold or sells such percentage of the paidup share capital of the Company, which results in Material Adverse Effect.

Export Development Canada

Penalty: Any prepayment under this Agreement shall be made without premium or penalty.

Rescheduling: Agreements do not have any provisions for rescheduling

Event of Default:

a) An Obligor does not pay on the due date any amount payable pursuant to a Finance Document at the place and in the currency in which it is expressed to be payable unless its failure to pay is caused by administrative or technical error or a Disruption Event and payment is made within 3 Business Days of its due date.

- b) Any requirement regarding information undertakings such as financial statements, compliance certificates, KYC documents, Capital Adequacy, notification of default &misc. information etc. is not satisfied.
- c) Any requirement of financial covenants such as Net interest coverage ratio, Security coverage ratio (based on IND-AS Financial Statements is not satisfied:
- d) An Obligor fails to perform or comply with any obligations assumed by it (including but not limited to any representations and/or warranties) in the Transaction Security Documents.
- e) An Obligor fails to perform or comply with any obligations assumed by it (including but not limited to any representations and/or warranties) in the Transaction Security Documents.
- f) Any of the Transaction Security:is or becomes unlawful or is not, or ceases to be legal, valid, binding or enforceable or otherwise ceases to be effective; fails to have the priority it is expressed to have; or is or becomes subject to any Security Interest (other than the Security Interest created or to be created under the Transaction Security Documents).
- g) Any representation, warranty or statement made or given, or deemed to be made or given by an Obligor in the Finance Documents or any other document delivered by or on behalf of any Obligor under or in connection with any Finance Document is or proves to have been incorrect or misleading in any material respect when made or deemed to be made.
- h) Any Financial Indebtedness of any member of the Group is not paid when due nor within any originally applicable grace period.
- i) Any Financial Indebtedness of any member of the Group is declared to be or otherwise becomes due and payable prior to its specified maturity as a result of an event of default (however described).
- j) Any commitment for any Financial Indebtedness of any member of the Group is cancelled or suspended by a creditor of any member of the Group as a result of an event of default (however described).
- k) Any creditor of any member of the Group becomes entitled to declare any Financial Indebtedness of any member of the Group due and payable prior to its specified maturity as a result of an event of default (however described).
- 1) A member of the Group is unable or admits inability to pay its debts as they fall due; suspends making payments on any of its debts; by reason of actual or anticipated financial difficulties, commences negotiations with one or more of its creditors with a view to rescheduling any of its indebtedness; takes any step for the purpose of making, proposing or entering into, any arrangement, assignment or composition with or for the benefit of all or a significant number of its creditors or ceases or threatens to cease to carry on its business or any substantial part of its business, or is unable or otherwise becomes insolvent; or files any application in relation to an insolvency resolution process for voluntary insolvency under any applicable law.
- m) The value of the assets of any member of the Group is less than its liabilities (taking into account contingent and prospective liabilities).
- n) A moratorium is declared in respect of any indebtedness of any member of the Group. If a moratorium occurs, the ending of the moratorium will not remedy any Event of Default caused by that moratorium.
- o) An Obligor (other than the Company or the Original Guarantor) is not or ceases to be a Subsidiary of the Company.
- p) Insolvency proceedings: Any corporate action, legal proceedings or other procedure or step is taken in relation to: the suspension of payments, a moratorium of any indebtedness, winding-up, dissolution, administration or reorganisation (by way of voluntary arrangement, scheme of arrangement or

otherwise) of any member of the Group other than a solvent liquidation or reorganisation of any member of the Group which is not an Obligor including filing of any application in relation to an insolvency resolution process under any applicable law by any creditor of any member of the Group; a composition, compromise, assignment or arrangement with any creditor of any member of the Group; the appointment of a liquidator (other than in respect of a solvent liquidation of a member of the Group which is not an Obligor), receiver, administrative receiver, administrator, compulsory manager or other similar officer in respect of any member of the Group or any of its assets; or enforcement of any Security Interest over any assets of any member of the Group, or any analogous procedure or step is taken in any jurisdiction. This Clause p) shall not apply to any winding-up petition which is frivolous or vexatious and is discharged, stayed or dismissed within 30 days of commencement.

- q) Creditors' process: Any expropriation, attachment, sequestration, distress or execution or any analogous process in any jurisdiction affects any asset or assets of a member of the Group.
- r) An Obligor suspends or ceases to carry on (or threatens to suspend or cease to carry on) all or a material part of its business.
- s) Any Obligor fails to comply with, or pay by the required time, any sum due from it under any final judgment or any final order made or given by a court or arbitral tribunal or other arbitral body (in each case of competent jurisdiction).
- t) It is or becomes unlawful for an obligor to perform any of its obligations under the Finance documents.
- any obligation or obligations of the Company under any Finance Documents are not, or cease to, be legal, valid, binding or enforceable and such cessation materially and adversely affects the interests of the Lender under the Finance Documents in any way.
- v) Any Finance Document ceases to be in full force and effect or any Transaction Security ceases to be legal, valid, binding, enforceable or effective.
- w) An Obligor repudiates or purports to repudiate a Finance Document or evidences an intention to repudiate a Finance Document.
- x) Any event occurs or circumstance arises which, in the reasonable opinion of the Lender is likely to have a Material Adverse Effect.
- y) An Obligor fails to comply regulatory compliances
- z) An Obligor fails to comply with Pari Passu Security. Any Transaction Security Document is terminated, cancelled, suspended or revoked (whether wholly or in part) or otherwise ceases to be in effect. Any restrictions or conditions are imposed on any Transaction Security Document. Any Transaction Security Document is enforced, modified or varied in a way that is adverse in any material respect to the interests of the Lender. Any Transaction Security Document expires and is not renewed on substantially the same terms. Any Authorisation necessary for an Obligor to comply with its obligations under any Finance Document, or to carry on its business or operations, is not obtained when required or is rescinded, terminated, lapses or otherwise ceases to be in full force and effect.
- aa) Any Transaction Security Document is terminated, cancelled, suspended or revoked (whether wholly or in part) or otherwise ceases to be in effect.
- bb) Any restrictions or conditions are imposed on any Transaction Security Document.
- cc) Any Transaction Security Document is enforced, modified or varied in a way that is adverse in any material respect to the interests of the Lender.
- dd) Any Transaction Security Document expires and is not renewed on substantially the same terms.

- ee) Any Authorization necessary for an Obligor to comply with its obligations under any Finance Document, or to carry on its business or operations, is not obtained when required or is rescinded, terminated, lapses or otherwise ceases to be in full force and effect.
- ff) TThe Reorganisation does not take place as per the terms defined by the agreement.
- gg) Any Obligor is subject to any final judgment or any final order made or given by a court or arbitral tribunal or other arbitral body, in each case of competent jurisdiction.
- hh) The authority or ability of an Obligor to conduct its business or to perform its obligations under the Finance Documents is limited or wholly or substantially curtailed by any seizure, expropriation, nationalisation, compulsory acquisition, intervention, restriction or other action by or on behalf of any governmental, regulatory or other authority or other person in relation to an Obligor or any of its assets or the shares in that member of the Group (including without limitation the displacement of all or part of the management of an Obligor).
- ii) Any foreign exchange law is amended, enacted or introduced or is reasonably likely to be amended, enacted or introduced in the Republic of India that (in the opinion of the Lender has or is reasonably likely to have the effect of prohibiting, or restricting or delaying in any material respect any payment that any Obligor is required to make pursuant to the terms of any of the Finance Documents; or is materially prejudicial to the interests of the Lender under or in connection with any of the Finance Documents.
- jj) A moratorium is called on payments by the Obligors in relation to, or by third parties under guarantees of or pursuant to enforcement of Security Interest, Financial Indebtedness by the Republic of India entities generally or a class thereof to which any Obligor belongs.
- kk) A deterioration occurs in the political or economic situation generally in the Republic of India, or an act of war or hostilities, invasion, armed conflict or act of foreign enemy, revolution, insurrection, insurgency or threat thereof occurs in or involving the Republic of India.
- II) Any Material Contract is terminated, cancelled, suspended or revoked (whether wholly or in part).
- mm) any restrictions or conditions are imposed on any Material Contract.
- nn) Any Material Contract is modified or varied in a way that is adverse in any material respect to the interests of the relevant member or members of the Group.
- oo) Any Material Contract expires and is not renewed on substantially the same terms.
- pp) Any License is terminated, cancelled, suspended or revoked (whether wholly or in part) or otherwise ceases to be in effect.
- qq) Any restrictions or conditions are imposed on any License.
- rr) Any License is modified or varied in a way that is adverse in any material respect to the interests of the relevant member or members of the Group.
- ss) Any License expires and is not renewed on substantially the same terms.
- tt) Any Authorization necessary for an Obligor to comply with its obligations under any Finance Document, or to carry on its business or operations, is not obtained when required or is rescinded, terminated, lapses or otherwise ceases to be in full force and effect
- uu) The Company's auditors qualify the audited annual consolidated financial statements of the Company.
- vv) On and at any time after the occurrence of an Event of Default the Lender may by notice to the Company cancel the Facility whereupon they shall immediately be cancelled; declare that all or part of the Loans,

together with all amounts accrued or outstanding under the Finance Documents be immediately due and payable, whereupon they shall become immediately due and payable; declare that all or part of the Loans be payable on demand, whereupon they shall immediately become payable on demand by the Lender; and/or exercise any or all of its rights, remedies, powers or discretions under the Finance Documents.

3. Cash Credit Working Capital Loans Working Capital Demand Loans Short Term Loans from Banks:

Sr. No.	Lender's name	Amount Sanctioned	Amount outstanding (Rs. In Millions)	Repayment Schedule	Security*
1	Standard Chartered Bank	1,000.00	-	On demand	Secured by 1.25 times general charge on receivables
2	Union Bank(Earlier Andhra Bank)	500.00	300.00	On demand	First pari pasu charge by way of hypothecation on the standard assets of the borrower (excluding capital market loans) at 1.25 times of loan amount
3	Punjab National Bank (Earlier Oriental Bank of Commerce)	500.00	-	On demand	First pari passu charge over standard loan receivables eligible for bank finance excluding capital market receivables with an asset cover of 1.25times the loan amount
4	Bank of Baroda	750.00	750.00	On demand	First Pari Passu Charge on receivables pertaining to non capital market exposure with minimum security cover of 1.25 times
5	RBL Bank Limited	1,750.00	1,450.00	On demand	First pari passu charge over standard loan receivables eligible for bank finance excluding capital market loans with an asset cover of 1.20 times
6	HDFC Bank Limited	150.00	-	On demand	First Pari Passu Charge on standard receivables. Security cover of 1.10 times of amount to be maintained. Receivables will not include loans to related parties/associate/group entities.

Sr. No.	Lender's name	Amount Sanctioned	Amount outstanding (Rs. In Millions)	Repayment Schedule	Security*		
7	HSBC Bank Limited	2,000.00	2,000.00	On demand	First Pari Passu Charge on receivables . Security cover of 1.10 times of amount to be maintained		
8	IDFC	1,000.00	8.31	On demand	First Pari Passu Charge on receivables . Security cover of 1.10 times of amount to be maintained		
Interest	Accrued but not due	0.01					
Total			4,508.32				

^{*} The above facilities are secured through creating of a first ranking pari passu charge in favour of Vistra ITCL Limited through a security trustee arrangement entered into by the company, security Trustee and the lenders.

Penalty: The loan documentation executed with respect to the term loans mentioned above set out penalty provisions for compliance with the provisions of the loan documents. Such provisions include, but are not limited to:

- a) Additional interest of upto 2% per month on overdue portion of the amount for the period of default in case of any delay default in payment of principal or interest.
- b) Penalty of upto 2% per month in cases of pre-payment of the loan facility.
- c) Penalty of 1% per annum in case the Company fails to obtain and keep alive external credit rating form any one of the RBI approved agency.
- d) Penalty of upto 2% per annum in case of breach of terms and conditions of the loan agreements.
- e) Penalty of upto 2% per annum in case of non-creation of security as per the loan agreements.

Rescheduling: None of the loan documents provides for rescheduling provision.

Events of Default: The facility documents executed by the Company stipulates certain events as "Events of Default", pursuant to which the Company may be required to immediately repay the entire loan facility availed by it and be subject to additional penalties by the relevant lenders. Such events include, but are not limited to:

- a) Any of the instalment amount referred to herein above being unpaid on the due date for payment thereof.
- b) Any representation and/or the statements made by the Company in the application being found to be incorrect and or the Company committing any breach or default in the performance or observance of any terms, conditions or provisions contained in the said application and/or the letter of sanction.
- c) Any deterioration or impairment of the security provided by the Company to the lenders or any decline or depreciation in the value or market price thereof which causes the security rendered to become unsatisfactory as to character or value.

- d) Company entering into any arrangement or composition with Company's creditors or committing any act the consequence of which may lead to Company being ordered to be wound up.
- e) Any process being issued against the Company for execution of a decree and/or for attachment before judgment resulting in any of the property belonging to and/or under the control of the Company being attached.
- f) Any order being made, or a resolution being passed for the winding up of the Company.
- g) A receiver being appointed of the entire properties or any part thereof belonging to or under the control of Company.
- h) If any attachment, distress, execution or other process is initiated against the Company or any of the security provided by the Company is enforced.
- i) If the Company enters into amalgamation, reorganisation or reconstruction or there is a change of control of the Company without the prior consent of the lenders debenture trustee in writing.
- j) The Company ceasing or threatening to cease to carry on business or giving or threatening to give notice of Company's intention to do so.
- k) A firm of accountants appointed by the lender certifying that the liabilities of the Company exceed the assets owned and/or under the control of the Company and/or that the Company is carrying on business in loss
- The occurrence of any event or circumstances which would or is likely to prejudicially or adversely
 affect in any manner the capacity of the Company to either repay the said advance or to carry out the
 said proposal.
- m) Failure of the Company to pay on the due date upon which any amount is due and payable whether by way of interest, principal or any other sum stated as payable under this facility.
- n) If the borrower commits any breach of or omit to observe any of its covenants, obligations or undertakings under the term loan and in case of any such breach or omission capable of being remedied, such breach or omission is not remedied within 30 days.

4. Overdraft against Fixed Deposit ("ODFD") facility availed by our Company

Sr. No	Bank	Amount Sanctioned	Amount outstanding (Rs. In Millions)	Repayment date schedule	Security
1.	HDFC Bank	3,308.00	-	On demand	100% secured by fixed deposits i.e. Rs.3308 Millions
2.	RBL Bank	3,250.00	-	On demand	Fixed Deposits to the extent of 99% of the facility amount.
2.	RBL Bank	3,250.00	-	On demand	Fixed Deposits to the extent of 105% of the facility amount.

Sr. No	Bank	Amount Sanctioned	Amount outstanding (Rs. In Millions)	Repayment date schedule	Security
3.	Canara Bank	1,900.00	-	On demand	Deposits of Rs. 2000 millions
4.	ICICI Bank	135.10	-	On demand	Fixed Deposit receipts amounting to ₹ 142.2 million
Total		11,847.10	-		

5. Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures

i. Public Issue of non-convertible debentures, as on June 30, 2022

The Company has issued secured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures on a public issue basis, under various series of which ₹ 12,703.33 million was cumulatively outstanding as on June 30, 2022, the details of which as on June 30, 2022, are set out below:

S. N o.	Debenture Series	ISIN	Amount outstan ding (Rs. In Millions)	Date of Allotme nt	Maturit y Date	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Tenor Period (Days)	Credit Rating
1	9.75% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series III Maturity Date - 07022024	INE866I 07CD6	1,702.80	February 07, 2019	Februar y 07, 2024	9.75%	1826	CRISIL AA/Stable, ICRA AA/Stable & BWR AA+/ Negative
2	10.20% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series IV Maturity Date - 07022024	INE866I 07CF1	1,118.08	February 07, 2019	Februar y 07, 2024	10.20%	1826	CRISIL AA/Stable, ICRA AA/Stable & BWR AA+/ Negative
3	9.50% Secured, Not Guaranteed, Senior, Taxable, Non Cumulative, Rated, Redeemable, Non Convertible Public Issue Of Debentures Series - II	INE866I 07CK1	335.07	Septemb er 06, 2019	Decemb er 06, 2022	9.50%	1,187	CRISIL AA/Stable, ICRA AA/Stable & BWR AA+/ Negative

S. N o.	Debenture Series	ISIN	Amount outstan ding (Rs. In Millions)	Date of Allotme nt	Maturit y Date	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Tenor Period (Days)	Credit Rating
4	Zero Coupon, Secured, Not Guaranteed, Senior, Taxable, Rated, Redeemable, Non Convertible Public Issue Of Debentures Series - III	INE866I 07CL9	107.40	Septemb er 06, 2019	Decemb er 06,2022	Zero Coupon	1187	CRISIL AA/Stable, ICRA AA/Stable & BWR AA+/ Negative
5	9.85% Secured, Not Guaranteed, Senior, Taxable, Non Cumulative, Rated, Redeemable, Non Convertible Public Issue Of Debentures Series - IV	INE866I 07CM7	644.35	Septemb er 06, 2019	Decemb er 06, 2022	9.85%	1187	CRISIL AA/Stable, ICRA AA/Stable & BWR AA+/ Negative
6	8.25% Secured, Not Guaranteed, Senior, Taxable, Non Cumulative, Rated, Redeemable, Non Convertible Public Issue Of Debentures Series - I	INE530 B07120	3,075.30	October 14, 2021	October 14, 2023	8.25%	730	CRISIL AA/ Stable & BWR AA+/ Negative
7	Zero coupon, Secured, Not Guaranteed, Senior, Taxable, Non Cumulative, Rated, Redeemable, Non Convertible Public Issue Of Debentures Series - II	INE530 B07138	714.25	October 14, 2021	October 14, 2023	Zero Coupon	730	CRISIL AA/Stable & BWR AA+/ Negative
,	8.50% Secured, Not Guaranteed, Senior, Taxable, Non Cumulative, Rated, Redeemable, Non	INE530 B07146	940.80	October 14, 2021	October 14, 2024	8.50%	1096	CRISIL AA/Stable & BWR AA+/ Negative

S. N o.	Debenture Series	ISIN	Amount outstan ding (Rs. In Millions)	Date of Allotme nt	Maturit y Date	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Tenor Period (Days)	Credit Rating
8	Convertible Public Issue Of Debentures Series – III							
9	Zero Coupon, Secured, Not Guaranteed, Senior, Taxable, Non Cumulative, Rated, Redeemable, Non Convertible Public Issue Of Debentures Series – VI	INE530 B07153	573.10	October 14, 2021	October 14, 2024	Zero Coupon	1096	CRISIL AA/Stable & BWR AA+/ Negative
10	8.42% Secured, Not Guaranteed, Senior, Taxable, Non Cumulative, Rated, Redeemable, Non Convertible Public Issue Of Debentures Series - V	INE530 B07161	1,472.51	October 14, 2021	October 14, 2026	8.42%	1826	CRISIL AA/Stable & BWR AA+/ Negative
11	8.75% Secured, Not Guaranteed, Senior, Taxable, Non Cumulative, Rated, Redeemable, Non Convertible Public Issue Of Debentures Series – VI	INE530 B07179	1,360.83	October 14, 2021	October 14, 2026	8.75%	1826	CRISIL AA/Stable & BWR AA+/ Negative
12	Zero Coupon, Secured, Not Guaranteed, Senior, Taxable, Non Cumulative, Rated, Redeemable, Non Convertible Public Issue Of	INE530 B07187	293.09	October 14, 2021	October 14, 2026	Zero Coupon	1826	CRISIL AA/Stable & BWR AA+/ Negative

S. N o.	Debenture Series	ISIN	Amount outstan ding (Rs. In Millions)	Date of Allotme nt	Maturit y Date	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Tenor Period (Days)	Credit Rating	
	Debentures Series - VII								
	est Rate	Effective	(167.72)						
Adju	Adjustment on account MTM		-						
Inter	Interest Accrued but not due		533.55						
Tota	l		12,703.33						

Security Clause

Above debentures are fully secured by first pari passu charge on receivables of the Company current assets book debts, and first pari passu charge on the identified immovable property.

Penalty Clause

- a) In case of default in payment of interest and/or principal redemption on the due dates, additional interest of at least 2% p.a. over the coupon rate shall be payable by our Company for the defaulting period
- b) In case of delay in listing of the debt securities beyond the stipulated, our Company shall pay penal interest of at least 1% p.a. over the coupon rate from the deemed date of allotment till the listing of such debt securities to the investor
- c) Security to be created in accordance with applicable SEBI regulations. In case of delay in execution of trust deed and charge documents, the Company would refund the subscription with agreed rate of interest or will pay penal interest of at least 2% p.a. over the coupon rate till these conditions are complied with at the option of the investor.

Event of Default

- a) When the Company defaults in payment of the principal amounts of Secured Debentures on the due dates(s);
- b) When the Company makes a default in the payment of any interest on the Secured Debentures on the relevant due dates which ought to have been paid in accordance with the terms of the issue;
- c) When the default is committed in payment of any another monies including costs, charges and expenses incurred by the Debenture Trustee and such default continues for a period of 30 (thirty) continuous Business Days;
- d) When the default is committed in the performance or observance of any covenant, condition or provision in relation to the secured debentures, except where the Debenture Trustee certifies that such default is in its final and confirmed reasonable opinion incapable of remedy (in which case no notice shall be required), such default continues for 30 days after written notice has been given thereof by the Debenture Trustee to the company requiring the same to be remedied;
- e) Any material indebtedness of the company for and in respect of monies borrowed or raised by the company by whatever means becomes due prior to its stated maturity by reason of default of the terms thereof, or there is a default in making payments due under any guarantee or indemnity given by the company in respect of the material indebtedness or borrowed monies of any other Person, and proceedings are initiated by the relevant lender or creditor in connection with such default, for recovery of such indebtedness or for enforcement or invocation of such guarantee or indemnity;

- f) Any information, representation, warranty, statement, certificate given by the Company to the Secured Debenture Holders or the Debenture Trustee and the warranties given or deemed to have been given by it to the Secured Debenture Holders or the Debenture Trustee is misleading or incorrect in any material respect;
- g) If the company is unable to pay its material debts (in the reasonable opinion of the Debenture Trustee) or proceedings for taking it into voluntary liquidation may be or have been commenced or a competent court admits any petition for winding up, which is not stayed or vacated within 45 (forty five) days of being admitted;
- h) The Company has voluntarily become the subject of proceedings which is not stayed or vacated within 45 (forty five) days of being admitted under any bankruptcy or insolvency law or the Company is voluntarily dissolved;
- The company is unable to or has admitted in writing its inability to pay the material debts as and when the same are due by the reason of the Company's liquidity position, insufficiency of cash flows, or otherwise, it is unlikely that Company would be in a position to pay its obligations in connection with the Secured Debentures or the Company is 'unable to pay its debts' as obligated under the Act;
- j) If any extra ordinary circumstances have occurred which makes it improbable for the Company to fulfil its material obligations under these presents and/or the Secured Debentures;
- k) The Company ceases to carry on its business or gives notice of its intention to do so, otherwise than in pursuance of a scheme of amalgamation or reconstruction previously approved in writing by the Debenture Trustee and duly carried out into effect;
- If the Company makes or attempts to make any alteration to its Memorandum and Articles of Association which in the reasonable opinion of the Debenture Trustee prejudicially affects the interest of the Secured Debenture Holders, without the prior intimation of the Debenture Trustee in writing at least 30 (thirty) days prior to such change or amendment being affected. Provided that the Company prior to the proposed date on which such change or amendment is to be effected, failing which the Debenture Trustee would have deemed to have consented to such change or amendment;
- m) The company enters into any arrangement or composition with its creditors which affects the ability of the Company to fulfil its obligations towards payment of amounts outstanding on the Secured Debentures;
- n) In the event any breach of the terms of the Shelf Prospectus read with the Tranche I Prospectus, these presents and/or Financial Covenants and Conditions (other than the obligations to pay principal and interest) in relation to the Secured Debentures and except where the Debenture Trustee certifies that such default is in its opinion incapable of remedy (in which case no notice shall be required) such default continues for 30 (thirty) days after written notice has been given by the Debenture Trustee to the Company requiring the same to be remedied.
- ii. Private Placement of non-convertible debentures as on June 30, 2022

Our Company has issued on private placement basis, secured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures under various series of which ₹8,224.52 million is outstanding as on June 30, 2022, the details of which are set forth below:

S. N o.	Debenture Name Series	ISIN	Amount Outstandi ng	Date of Allotment	Maturit y Date	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Tenor Period (Days)	Credit Rating
1	Redeemable Non- Convertible Debentures of Face Value ₹100,000 Each Nifty Enhancer Structure,	INE866I07 CI5	219.30	June 26, 2019	Septemb er 27, 2022	Market Linked	1189	CRISIL PP MLD Aar/ Stable

S. N	Debenture Name Series	ISIN	Amount Outstandi ng	Date of Allotment	Maturit y Date	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Tenor Period (Days)	Credit Rating
	MLD 2022- D3 Option II - Redeemable on Sep 27, 2022							
2	9.85% Redeemable NCD Face Value ₹ 100,000 Each Series D4 Redeemable on Jan 17, 2023	INE866I07 CO3	50.00	September 17,2019	January 17,2023	9.85%	1218	CRISIL AA/ Stable & BWR AA+/ Negative
3	9.00% Redeemable NCD Face Value 1000,000 each Series D5 Redeemable on May 08, 2023	INE530B07 021	1,000.00	May 08, 2020	May 08, 2023	9.00%	1095	CRISIL AA/Stable
6	8.33% Secured Rated Listed Senior Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series D13. Redeemable on June 30, 2021	INE530B07 104	5,000.00	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2031	8.33%	3652	CRISIL AA/Stable
7	8.00% Secured Rated Listed Senior Principle protected Market Linked Debentures Series D14 Redeemable in 2024	INE530B07 112	1,000.00	September 07, 2021	Septemb er 07, 2024	8.00%	1,096. 00	CRISIL PP MLD Aar/ Stable
8	8.50% Secured Rated Listed Senior Redeemable Non	INE530B07 195	100.00	January 21, 2022	January 21, 2032	8.50%	3,652. 00	CRISIL AA/Stable

S. N	Debenture Name Series	ISIN	Amount Outstandi ng	Date of Allotment	Maturit y Date	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Tenor Period (Days)	Credit Rating		
	Convertible Debentures. Series D15 Redeemable in 2032									
9	8.60% Secured Rated Listed Sinor Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series D16 Redeemable in 2032	INE530B07 203	600.00	March 24, 2022	March 24, 2032	8.60%	3,653. 00	ICRA AA/Stable &CRISIL AA/Stable		
Adju	Adjustment on account of EIR		(5.06)							
Adju	Adjustment on account MTM		-							
Intere	Interest Accrued but not due		260.27							
Tota	Total		8,224.52							

Security Clause

Above debentures are fully secured by first pari passu charge on receivables of the Company current assets book debts, and first pari passu charge on the identified immovable property, ranging from 1 to 1.25 times the outstanding amount.

Penalty Clause

- a) In case of default in payment of interest and/or principal redemption on the due dates, additional interest of at least 2% p.a. over the coupon rate shall be payable by our Company for the defaulting period
- b) In case of delay in listing of the debt securities beyond the stipulated, our Company shall pay penal interest of at least 1% p.a. over the coupon rate from the deemed date of allotment till the listing of such debt securities to the investor
- c) Security to be created in accordance with applicable SEBI regulations. In case of delay in execution of trust deed and charge documents, the Company would refund the subscription with agreed rate of interest or will pay penal interest of at least 2% p.a. over the coupon rate till these conditions are complied with at the option of the investor.

Event of Default

The occurrence of any of the following events shall constitute an event of default by the company in relation to the Secured Debentures:

- a) When the Company defaults in payment of the principal amounts of Secured Debentures on the due dates(s);
- b) When the Company makes a default in the payment of any interest on the Secured Debentures on the relevant due dates which ought to have been paid in accordance with the terms of the issue;
- c) When the default is committed in payment of any another monies including costs, charges and expenses incurred by the Debenture Trustee and such default continues for a period of 30 (thirty) continuous Business Days;

- d) When the default is committed in the performance or observance of any covenant, condition or provision in relation to the secured debentures, except where the Debenture Trustee certifies that such default is in its final and confirmed reasonable opinion incapable of remedy (in which case no notice shall be required), such default continues for 30 days after written notice has been given thereof by the Debenture Trustee to the company requiring the same to be remedied;
- e) Any material indebtedness of the company for and in respect of monies borrowed or raised by the company by whatever means becomes due prior to its stated maturity by reason of default of the terms thereof, or there is a default in making payments due under any guarantee or indemnity given by the company in respect of the material indebtedness or borrowed monies of any other Person, and proceedings are initiated by the relevant lender or creditor in connection with such default, for recovery of such indebtedness or for enforcement or invocation of such guarantee or indemnity;
- f) Any information, representation, warranty, statement, certificate given by the Company to the Secured Debenture Holders or the Debenture Trustee and the warranties given or deemed to have been given by it to the Secured Debenture Holders or the Debenture Trustee is misleading or incorrect in any material respect;
- g) If the company is unable to pay its material debts (in the reasonable opinion of the Debenture Trustee) or proceedings for taking it into voluntary liquidation may be or have been commenced or a competent court admits any petition for winding up, which is not stayed or vacated within 45 (forty five) days of being admitted;
- The Company has voluntarily become the subject of proceedings which is not stayed or vacated within 45 (forty five) days of being admitted under any bankruptcy or insolvency law or the Company is voluntarily or involuntarily dissolved;
- i) The company is unable to or has admitted in writing its inability to pay the material debts as and when the same are due by the reason of the Company's liquidity position, insufficiency of cash flows, or otherwise, it is unlikely that Company would be in a position to pay its obligations in connection with the Secured Debentures or the Company is 'unable to pay its debts' as obligated under the Act;
- i) If any extra ordinary circumstances have occurred which makes it improbable for the Company to fulfil its material obligations under these presents and/or the Secured Debentures;
- The Company ceases to carry on its business or gives notice of its intention to do so, otherwise than in pursuance
 of a scheme of amalgamation or reconstruction previously approved in writing by the Debenture Trustee and duly
 carried out into effect;
- If the Company makes or attempts to make any alteration to its Memorandum and Articles of Association which in the reasonable opinion of the Debenture Trustee prejudicially affects the interest of the Secured Debenture Holders, without the prior intimation of the Debenture Trustee in writing at least 30 (thirty) days prior to such change or amendment being affected. Provided that the Company prior to the proposed date on which such change or amendment is to be effected, failing which the Debenture Trustee would have deemed to have consented to such change or amendment;
- m) The company enters into any arrangement or composition with its creditors which affects the ability of the Company to fulfil its obligations towards payment of amounts outstanding on the Secured Debentures;
- n) In the event any breach of the terms of the Shelf Prospectus read with the Tranche I Prospectus, these presents and/or Financial Covenants and Conditions (other than the obligations to pay principal and interest) in relation to the Secured Debentures and except where the Debenture Trustee certifies that such default is in its opinion incapable of remedy (in which case no notice shall be required) such default continues for 30 (thirty) days after written notice has been given by the Debenture Trustee to the Company requiring the same to be remedied.

iii. Medium Term Notes as on June 30, 2022

Our Company has issued Medium Term Notes of which \$323.70 Millions is outstanding as on June 30, 2022, the details of which are set forth below:

S. no.	Name Series	Principal Amount Outstanding (in ₹ million)	Date of Allotment	Redemption Date	Coupon (p.a.) in	Tenor (Days)	Rating		
1	5.875% Medium Term Notes of face value`USD 1000 Each Redeemable on April 20, 2023 at par	23,109.75	20-Feb-20	20-Apr-23	5. 875%	1155	Moody's : B2 Fitch : B+		
Adjust	ment on account of EIR	(63.92)							
Adjust	ment on account of MTM	2,453.65							
Interest	Accrued but not due	362.36							
Total		25,861.84							

Security

All rights, titles, interest, benefits, claims and demands, whatsoever of the Issuer in, to and in respect of, all present and future, receivables assets, including Issuer's accounts, operating cash flows, current assets, book debts, stock in trade, loans and advances and receivables, both present and future to the extent of complying with the Security Coverage Ratio, but excluding the Ineligible Assets.

Events of Default

- a) Non-payment if default is made in the payment of any principal or interest due in respect of the Notes or any of them and, in the case of interest, the default continues for a period of seven (7) days; or
- b) Breach of Other Obligations If the Issuer fails to perform or observe any of its other obligations under these conditions or the Trust Deed, which failure is, in the opinion of the Trustee, incapable of being remedied or, if in the opinion of the Trustee it is capable of being remedied, is not, in the opinion of the Trustee, remedied within 30 days after notice requiring such failure to be remedied shall have been given to the Issuer by the Trustee: or
- c) Cross-Acceleration (i) the acceleration of any present or future Indebtedness of the Issuer or any of its Principal Subsidiaries prior to its stated maturity by reason of any event of default or potential event of default (however described), which acceleration is not rescinded or waived; or (ii) if the Issuer or any of its Principal Subsidiaries fails to make any payment in respect of any Indebtedness for borrowed money on the due date for payment; or (iii) if any security given by the Issuer or any of its Principal Subsidiaries for any Indebtedness for borrowed money becomes enforceable; or (iv) if default is made by the Issuer or any of its Principal Subsidiaries in making any payment due under any guarantee and/or indemnity given by it in relation to any Indebtedness for borrowed money of any other person *provided that* no event described in this paragraph (c) shall constitute an Event of Default unless the relevant amount of Indebtedness for borrowed money or other relative liability due and unpaid, either alone or when aggregated (without duplication) with other amounts of Indebtedness for borrowed money and/or other liabilities due and unpaid relative to all (if any) other events specified in (i) to (iv) above, amounts to at least U.S.\$25,000,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency); or

- d) Winding-up -if any order is made by any competent court (to which there is no further appeal) or resolution is passed for the winding up or dissolution of the Issuer or any of its Principal Subsidiaries, save for the Scheme or for the purposes of reorganisation, on terms previously approved in writing by the Trustee or by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders.
- e) Insolvency- if the Issuer or any of its Principal Subsidiaries is declared by a court or other authority to be insolvent or bankrupt
- f) Judicial Proceedings- if the Issuer or any of its Principal Subsidiaries initiates or consents to judicial proceedings relating to itself under any applicable liquidation, insolvency, composition, reorganisation or other similar laws. (including the obtaining of a moratorium) or makes a conveyance or assignment for the benefit of, or enters into any composition or other arrangement with, its creditors generally (or any class of its creditors) or any meeting is convened to consider a proposal for an arrangement or composition with its creditors generally (or any class of its creditors); or
- g) Moratorium- (which expression shall not include any deferral or principal originally contemplated and made in accordance with the terms of any loan or other financing related agreement) is agreed or declared by the Issuer in respect of any Indebtedness for borrowed money (including any obligations arising under guarantees) of the Issuer or any of its Principal Subsidiaries; or
- h) Unlawfulness- it is or will become unlawful for the Issuer to perform or comply with any one or more of its obligations under any of the Notes or any of the Transaction Documents; or
- i) Security Enforced an encumbrancer takes possession or an administrative or other receiver, manager or other similar person is appointed over, or an attachment order is issued in respect of, the whole or any material part of the undertaking, property, assets or revenues of the Issuer or any of its Principal Subsidiaries and in any such case such possession, appointment or attachment is not stayed or terminated or the debt on account of which such possession was taken or appointment or attachment was made is not discharged or satisfied within 45 days of such possession, appointment or the issue of such order; or
- j) Enforcement of Deed of Hypothecation or Security Documents in respect of any Series of Senior Secured Notes only, (i) any other Series of Senior Secured Notes is (or becomes capable of being) accelerated, (ii) the Security Documents is enforced, (iii) any Security under the Security Documents at any time ceases to be in full force and effect for any reason other than the satisfaction in full of all obligation under the Trust Deed in relation to all Series of Senior Secured Notes, (iv) any Security created under the Security Documents shall be declared invalid or unenforceable or (v) the Issuer shall assert, in any pleading in any court of competition jurisdiction, that any Security is invalid or unenforceable; or
- k) Analogous Events if any event occurs which, under the laws of India, has or may have, in the Trustee's opinion, an analogous effect to any of the events referred to in paragraphs (d) to (i) above
- iv. Securitization by way of Pass Through Certificate (PTC) Transactions as on June 30, 2022

 Our company has raised funds by way of PTC Transaction amounting to ₹ 15,556.40 million as on June 30, 2022 as stated below:

Sr No.	Deal Name	Date of Allotment	Amount Securitized	Amount outstanding (Rs. In Millions)	Maturity Date	Credit rating	Underlying Pool
1	Insta SME Trust Nov 2019	November 26, 2019	776.35	112.87	May 12, 2022	IND AAA (SO)	SME Loan Pool

Sr No.	Deal Name	Date of Allotment	Amount Securitized	Amount outstanding (Rs. In Millions)	Maturity Date	Credit rating	Underlying Pool		
2	Insta SME Trust Dec 2019	December 26, 2019	771.10	104.89	June 10, 2022	IND AAA (SO)	SME Loan Pool		
3	Insta SME Trust Jan 2020	January 23, 2020	601.07	99.44	July 12, 2022	IND AAA (SO)	SME Loan Pool		
4	Liquid Gold Series I - Oct 2020	October 31, 2020	2,200.07	1,573.64	October 20, 2023	CARE AA (SO)	Gold Loan Pool		
5	Liquid Gold Series 2 - Nov 2020	November 26, 2020	3,300.20	2,389.00	November 20, 2023	CARE AA (SO)	Gold Loan Pool		
6	Liquid Gold Series 3 - Dec 2020	December 17, 2020	5,500.00	5,431.03	December 20, 2023	[ICRA]AA (SO)	Gold Loan Pool		
7	Liquid Gold Series 4	February 15, 2021	3,300.00	3,247.77	February 20, 2024	[ICRA]AA (SO)	Gold Loan Pool		
8	Liquid Gold Series 6	June 16, 2021	5,350.00	517.66	July15, 2023	[ICRA]AAA (SO)	Gold Loan Pool		
9	Shining Metal Trust June 2021	June 30, 2021	3,981.21	562.42	July 14, 2023	[ICRA]AAA (SO)	Gold Loan Pool		
10	Sparkle Gold Trust I July 21	August 02, 2021	3,300.70	579.52	August 20, 2023	CRISIL AA+ (SO)	Gold Loan Pool		
11	Shining Metal Trust II Gold Aug 2021	August 24, 2021	3,152.82	648.75	November 20, 2023	CRISIL AAA (SO)	Gold Loan Pool		
12	Shining Metal Trust VII Sep 2021	September 30, 2021	1,812.37	503.25	December 07, 2023	CRISIL AAA (SO)	Gold Loan Pool		
Adjustment on account of EIR				(113.84)	(113.84)				
Total				15,656.40					

Collateralised borrowing and lending obligation

As on June 30, 2022 our outstanding collateralised borrowing and lending obligation amounts to Nil.

B. Details of Unsecured Borrowings:

Our Company's Unsecured borrowings amounts to ₹ 13,865.82 million as on June 30, 2022 on standalone basis. The details of the borrowings are set out below:

1. Commercial Papers

As on June 30, 2022, the outstanding face value of commercial papers amounts to Rs. 250 Millions

S. No.	ISIN	Borrowing Date	Maturity Date	Amount Outstanding (Rs. in Millions)	Rating
1	INE530B14BO8	May 30, 2022	August 26, 2022	247. 47	CRISIL A1+ and ICRA A1+

2. Loan from Directors and Relatives of Directors

Our Company does not have any borrowings from directors and relatives of directors as on June 30, 2022 which are in the nature of demand loans and are unsecured.

3. Subordinated Debts

i. Public Issue

Our Company has, vide public offering, issued unsecured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures under various series of which ₹ 7,549.72 million is outstanding as on June 30, 2022 the details of which are set forth below:

(₹ in million)

S. No.	Debenture Name/ Series	ISIN	Amount outstandi ng (Rs. In Millions)	Date of Allotme nt	Maturit y Date	Coupo n (p.a.) in %	Tenor Period (Days)	Credit Rating
1	10% Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series V. Maturity Date - 07022029	INE866I0 8279	307.65	February 07, 2019	February 07, 2029	10.00	3653	CRISIL AA/Stable, ICRA AA/Stable & BWR AA+/ Negative
2	10.50% Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture. Series VI. Maturity Date - 26022029	INE866I0 8295	154.48	February 07, 2019	February 07, 2029	10.50 %	3653	CRISIL AA/Stable, ICRA AA/Stable & BWR AA+/ Negative

S. No.	Debenture Name/ Series	ISIN	Amount outstandi ng (Rs. In Millions)	Date of Allotme nt	Maturit y Date	Coupo n (p.a.) in %	Tenor Period (Days)	Credit Rating
3	10% Unsecured, Not Guaranteed, Subordinate - Tier 2, Taxable, Non Cumulative, Rated, Redeemable, Non Convertible Public Issue Of Debentures Series - V	INE866I0 8303	259.25	Septemb er 06, 2019	June 06, 2025	10.00 %	2100	CRISIL AA/Stable, ICRA AA/Stable & BWR AA+/ Negative
4	Zero Coupon, Unsecured, Not Guaranteed, Subordinate - Tier 2, Taxable, Rated, Redeemable, Non Convertible Public Issue Of Debentures Series - Vi	INE866I0 8311	57.83	Septemb er 06, 2019	June 06, 2025	Zero Coupo n	2100	CRISIL AA/Stable, ICRA AA/Stable & BWR AA+/ Negative
5	10% Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture Series I . Date Of Maturity 24062028	INE530B 08094	2,746.92	March 24, 2021	June 24, 2028	10.00 %	2649	CRISIL AA/Stable & BWR AA+ Negative
6	9.6% Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture Series II . Date Of Maturity 24062028	INE530B 08102	3,280.23	March 24, 2021	June 24, 2028	9.60%	2649	CRISIL AA/Stable & BWR AA+ Negative
7	Zero Coupon Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non Convertible Debenture Series III . Date Of Maturity 24062028	INE530B 08110	681.44	March 24, 2021	June 24, 2028	Zero Coupo n	2649	CRISIL AA/Stable & BWR AA+ Negative

S. No.	Debenture Name/ Series	ISIN	Amount outstandi ng (Rs. In Millions)	Date of Allotme nt	Maturit y Date	Coupo n (p.a.) in %	Tenor Period (Days)	Credit Rating
	Adjustment on account of Effective Interest Rate		(184.54)					
Adjust	tment on account MTN	I	-					
Interes	Interest Accrued but not due		246.44					
Total	Total		7,549.72					

Penalty Clause

In case of default in payment of interest and/or principal redemption on the due dates, additional interest of at least 2% p.a.over the coupon rate shall be payable by our Company for the defaulting period (ii) In case of delay in listing of the debt securities beyond the stipulated, our Company shall pay penal interest of at least 1% p.a over the coupon rate from the deemed date of allotment till the listing of such debt securities to the investor

Event of Default

The occurrence of any of the following events shall constitute an event of default by the company in relation to the Unsecured Debentures:

- a) When the Company defaults in payment of the principal amounts of Unsecured Debentures on the due dates(s);
- b) When the Company makes a default in the payment of any interest on the Unsecured Debentures on the relevant due dates which ought to have been paid in accordance with the terms of the issue;
- c) When the default is committed in payment of any another monies including costs, charges and expenses incurred by the Debenture Trustee and such default continues for a period of 30 (thirty) continuous Business Days;
- d) When the default is committed in the performance or observance of any covenant, condition or provision in relation to the unsecured debentures, except where the Debenture Trustee certifies that such default is in its final and confirmed reasonable opinion incapable of remedy (in which case no notice shall be required), such default continues for 30 days after written notice has been given thereof by the Debenture Trustee to the company requiring the same to be remedied;
- e) Any material indebtedness of the company for and in respect of monies borrowed or raised by the company by whatever means becomes due prior to its stated maturity by reason of default of the terms thereof, or there is a default in making payments due under any guarantee or indemnity given by the company in respect of the material indebtedness or borrowed monies of any other Person, and proceedings are initiated by the relevant lender or creditor in connection with such default, for recovery of such indebtedness or for enforcement or invocation of such guarantee or indemnity;
- f) Any information, representation, warranty, statement, certificate given by the Company to the Unsecured Debenture Holders or the Debenture Trustee and the warranties given or deemed to have been given by it to the Unsecured Debenture Holders or the Debenture Trustee is misleading or incorrect in any material respect;
- g) If the company is unable to pay its material debts (in the reasonable opinion of the Debenture Trustee) or proceedings for taking it into voluntary liquidation may be or have been commenced or a competent court admits any petition for winding up, which is not stayed or vacated within 45 (forty five) days of being admitted;

- h) The Company has voluntarily become the subject of proceedings which is not stayed or vacated within 45 (forty five) days of being admitted under any bankruptcy or insolvency law or the Company is voluntarily dissolved:
- i) The company is unable to or has admitted in writing its inability to pay the material debts as and when the same are due by the reason of the Company's liquidity position, insufficiency of cash flows, or otherwise, it is unlikely that Company would be in a position to pay its obligations in connection with the Unsecured Debentures or the Company is 'unable to pay its debts' as obligated under the Act;
- j) If any extra ordinary circumstances have occurred which makes it improbable for the Company to fulfil its material obligations under these presents and/or the Unsecured Debentures;
- k) The Company ceases to carry on its business or gives notice of its intention to do so, otherwise than in pursuance of a scheme of amalgamation or reconstruction previously approved in writing by the Debenture Trustee and duly carried out into effect;
- If the Company makes or attempts to make any alteration to its Memorandum and Articles of Association which in the reasonable opinion of the Debenture Trustee prejudicially affects the interest of the Unsecured Debenture Holders, without the prior intimation of the Debenture Trustee in writing at least 30 (thirty) days prior to such change or amendment being affected. Provided that the Company prior to the proposed date on which such change or amendment is to be effected, failing which the Debenture Trustee would have deemed to have consented to such change or amendment;
- m) The company enters into any arrangement or composition with its creditors which affects the ability of the Company to fulfil its obligations towards payment of amounts outstanding on the Unsecured Debentures;
- n) In the event any breach of the terms of the Shelf Prospectus read with the Tranche I Prospectus, these presents and/or Financial Covenants and Conditions (other than the obligations to pay principal and interest) in relation to the Unsecured Debentures and except where the Debenture Trustee certifies that such default is in its opinion incapable of remedy (in which case no notice shall be required) such default continues for 30 (thirty) days after written notice has been given by the Debenture Trustee to the Company requiring the same to be remedied.

ii. Private Placement

Our Company has issued on private placement basis, unsecured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures under various series of which ₹ 2.828.62 million is cumulatively outstanding as on June 30, 2022, the details of which are set forth below:

(₹ in million)

S. no.	Debenture Name/ Series	ISIN	Amount outstanding (Rs. In Millions)	Date of Allotment	Redemption Date	Coupon (p.a.) In %	Tenor (Days)	Credit Rating
1.	Non-Convertible Debentures of Face value ₹1,000,000 Each Redeemable on 30-Aug- 2022	INE866I08121	200.00	August 31, 2012	August 30, 2022	12.15%	3651	CRISIL AA/Stable & ICRA AA/ Stable
2	12.20% Non- Convertible	INE866I08162	230.00	November 5, 2012	November 4, 2022	12.20%	3651	CRISIL AA/Stable

S. no.	Debenture Name/ Series	ISIN	Amount outstanding (Rs. In	Date of Allotment	Redemption Date	Coupon (p.a.)	Tenor (Days)	Credit Rating
	Series		Millions)			In %		
	Debentures of Face value ₹1,000,000 Each Redeemable on 4-Nov- 2022							& ICRA AA/ Stable
3.	12.10% Non- Convertible Debentures of Face value ₹1,000,000 Each Redeemable on 24-May- 2023	INE866I08170	100.00	May 24, 2013	May 24, 2023	12.10%	3652	ICRA AA/Stable
4	8.70% Non-Convertible Debentures series U-03 of Face value ₹1,000,000 Each Redeemable on 19-Nov- 2027	INE866I08246	1,000.00	November 21, 2017	November 19, 2027	8.70%	3650	ICRA AA/Stable & CARE AA/Stable
7	9.35% Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures. Series D16 Redeemable on March 24, 2032	INE530B08128	500.00	March 24, 2022	March 24, 2032	9.35%	3653	ICRA AA &CRISIL AA
6	Unsecured Redeemable Non- Convertible Debentures IIFL MLD- 2028 Series U04 Face value ₹1,000,000	INE866I08253	500.00	August 28, 2018	August 25, 2028	Market linked	3650	ICRA PPMLD AAr/Stable

S. no.	Debenture Name/ Series	ISIN	Amount outstanding (Rs. In Millions)	Date of Allotment	Redemption Date	Coupon (p.a.) In %	Tenor (Days)	Credit Rating	
	Each Redeemable on 25-Aug- 2028								
	Adjustment on account of Effective Interest Rate		(12.53)						
Intere	Interest Accrued but not due		311.15						
Total		2,828.63							

Penalty Clause

In case of default in payment of interest and/or principal redemption on the due dates, additional interest of at least 2% p.a. over the coupon rate shall be payable by our Company for the defaulting period (ii) In case of delay in listing of the debt securities beyond the stipulated, our Company shall pay penal interest of at least 1% p.a over the coupon rate from the deemed date of allotment till the listing of such debt securities to the investor

Event of Default

The occurrence of any of the following events shall constitute an event of default by the company in relation to the Unsecured Debentures:

- a) When the Company defaults in payment of the principal amounts of Unsecured Debentures on the due dates(s);
- b) When the Company makes a default in the payment of any interest on the Unsecured Debentures on the relevant due dates which ought to have been paid in accordance with the terms of the issue;
- c) When the default is committed in payment of any another monies including costs, charges and expenses incurred by the Debenture Trustee and such default continues for a period of 30 (thirty) continuous Business Days;
- d) When the default is committed in the performance or observance of any covenant, condition or provision in relation to the unsecured debentures, except where the Debenture Trustee certifies that such default is in its final and confirmed reasonable opinion incapable of remedy (in which case no notice shall be required), such default continues for 30 days after written notice has been given thereof by the Debenture Trustee to the company requiring the same to be remedied;
- e) Any material indebtedness of the company for and in respect of monies borrowed or raised by the company by whatever means becomes due prior to its stated maturity by reason of default of the terms thereof, or there is a default in making payments due under any guarantee or indemnity given by the company in respect of the material indebtedness or borrowed monies of any other Person, and proceedings are initiated by the relevant lender or creditor in connection with such default, for recovery of such indebtedness or for enforcement or invocation of such guarantee or indemnity;
- f) Any information, representation, warranty, statement, certificate given by the Company to the Unsecured Debenture Holders or the Debenture Trustee and the warranties given or deemed to have been given by it to the Unsecured Debenture Holders or the Debenture Trustee is misleading or incorrect in any material respect;

- g) If the company is unable to pay its material debts (in the reasonable opinion of the Debenture Trustee) or proceedings for taking it into voluntary liquidation may be or have been commenced or a competent court admits any petition for winding up, which is not stayed or vacated within 45 (forty five) days of being admitted:
- h) The Company has voluntarily become the subject of proceedings which is not stayed or vacated within 45 (forty five) days of being admitted under any bankruptcy or insolvency law or the Company is voluntarily or involuntarily dissolved;
- i) The company is unable to or has admitted in writing its inability to pay the material debts as and when the same are due by the reason of the Company's liquidity position, insufficiency of cash flows, or otherwise, it is unlikely that Company would be in a position to pay its obligations in connection with the Unsecured Debentures or the Company is 'unable to pay its debts' as obligated under the Act;
- j) If any extra ordinary circumstances have occurred which makes it improbable for the Company to fulfil its material obligations under these presents and/or the Unsecured Debentures;
- The Company ceases to carry on its business or gives notice of its intention to do so, otherwise than in pursuance of a scheme of amalgamation or reconstruction previously approved in writing by the Debenture Trustee and duly carried out into effect;
- If the Company makes or attempts to make any alteration to its Memorandum and Articles of Association which in the reasonable opinion of the Debenture Trustee prejudicially affects the interest of the Unsecured Debenture Holders, without the prior intimation of the Debenture Trustee in writing at least 30 (thirty) days prior to such change or amendment being affected. Provided that the Company prior to the proposed date on which such change or amendment is to be effected, failing which the Debenture Trustee would have deemed to have consented to such change or amendment;
- m) The company enters into any arrangement or composition with its creditors which affects the ability of the Company to fulfil its obligations towards payment of amounts outstanding on the Unsecured Debentures;
- n) In the event any breach of the terms of the Shelf Prospectus read with the Tranche I Prospectus, these presents and/or Financial Covenants and Conditions (other than the obligations to pay principal and interest) in relation to the Unsecured Debentures and except where the Debenture Trustee certifies that such default is in its opinion incapable of remedy (in which case no notice shall be required) such default continues for 30 (thirty) days after written notice has been given by the Debenture Trustee to the Company requiring the same to be remedied.

iii. Rupee Denominated Bonds

Our Company has issued rupee denominated bonds of face value of ₹ 10,000,000 each of which ₹ 3,240.01 million is cumulatively outstanding as on June 30, 2022, the details of which are set forth below:

S. No.	Name/ Series	Principal Amount Outstanding (in ₹ million)	Date of Allotment	Redemption Date	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Tenor (Days)	Rating
1	9.00% Rupee denominated bond of face value ₹10,000,000 each Redeemable on June 28, 2028 at par	3,250.00	June 28, 2018	June 28, 2028	9.00%	3653	NA

Adjustment on account of EIR	(13.38)
Adjustment on account MTM	-
Interest Accrued but not due	3.39
Total	3,240.01

Prepayment penalty

1.0% percent of prepayment between 60 to 90 months from the deemed date of allotment

0.5% Percent of prepayment between 90 months from the deemed date of allotment to date to redemption

In case revised interest rate is not acceptable, then issuer has the option to call back whole / any part of the RDB subject to approval by RBI.

In case of illegality, the RDB holder may require prepayment of RDBs. In case of change in control, subject to applicable laws and regulatory approvals, the RDB holder may by not less than 5 Business days' notice require prepayment of RDBs

Events of Default

Each holder of a Note may, by written notice to the Issuer at the specified office of the Fiscal Agent, effective upon the date of receipt thereof by the Fiscal Agent, declare any Note held by it to be immediately due and payable and such Note accordingly shall become immediately repayable at its principal amount, together with accrued interest to the date of repayment, on the occurrence of any of the following events (each, an Event of Default):

- a) If default is made in the payment of any principal, premium or interest due in respect of the Notes or any of them, unless the failure to pay is caused by administrative or technical error and payment is made within two Business Days of its due date; or
- b) If the Issuer fails to perform or observe any of its other obligations under these Conditions and (except in any case where the failure is incapable of remedy, when no such continuation or notice as is hereinafter mentioned will be required) the failure continues for the period of 14 days next following the service by any of the Noteholders on the Issuer of notice requiring the same to be remedied; or
- c) If the Issuer fails to make any payment in respect of any Indebtedness for borrowed money on the due date for payment; provided that no event described in this Condition 9.1(c) shall constitute an Event of Default unless the relevant amount of Indebtedness for borrowed money due and unpaid, either alone or when aggregated without duplication) with other amounts of Indebtedness for borrowed money due and unpaid, amounts to at least INR100,000,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency); or
- d) if any order is made by any competent court or resolution is passed for the winding up or dissolution of the Issuer, save for the purposes of the Permitted Restructuring or any other reorganisation on terms previously approved in writing by an Extraordinary Resolution (as defined in the Fiscal Agency Agreement) of the Noteholders; or
- e) if the Issuer ceases or threatens to cease to carry on the whole or a substantial part of its business, save for the purposes of the Permitted Restructuring or any other reorganisation on terms previously approved in writing by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Noteholders, or the Issuer stops or threatens to stop payment of, or is unable to, or admits inability to, pay its debts (or any class of its debts) as they fall due, or is deemed unable to pay its debts pursuant to or for the purposes of any applicable law, or is adjudicated or found bankrupt or insolvent; or
- f) the Issuer is declared by a competent court or other authority insolvent

- g) if the Issuer initiates or consents to judicial proceedings relating to itself under any applicable liquidation, insolvency, composition, reorganisation or other similar laws (including the obtaining of a moratorium) or makes a conveyance or assignment for the benefit of, or enters into any composition or other arrangement with, its creditors generally (or any class of its creditors) or any meeting is convened to consider a proposal for an arrangement or composition with its creditors generally (or any class of its creditors); or
- h) a moratorium (which expression shall not include any deferral of principal originally contemplated and made in accordance with the terms of any loan or other financing related agreement) is agreed or declared by the Issuer in respect of any Indebtedness for borrowed money (including any obligations arising under guarantees) of the Issuer or any of its Subsidiaries; or
- i) it is or will become unlawful for the Issuer to perform or comply with any one or more of its obligations under any of the Notes; or
- j) a breach by the Issuer or any of its Subsidiaries of the environmental, social and business integrity requirements set forth in Schedule B hereto; or
- k) a breach by the Issuer or any of its Subsidiaries of Sanctions Laws; or
- 1) any merger or consolidation involving the Issuer adversely impacting the rights of the Noteholders; or
- m) any material disposal of assets otherwise than in ordinary course of the Issuer's business; or
- n) any withdrawal of a credit rating or a credit rating downgrade by two notches (i.e. lower than A+ level by either CARE Ratings or ICRA Limited or a similar agency)
- o) If any representation or warranty contained in schedule A is found to be incorrect in any material respect; or
- p) If default is made in the payment to CDC group plc of the fee as set out in clause 3.5 of the placement agreement; or
- q) If the issuer fails to perform its reporting oligations as set out in the clause 3.6 of the placement agreement; or
- r) If any event occurs which, under the laws of any relevant jurisdiction, has or may have, an analogous effect to any of the events referred to in subparagraphs (d) to (g) inclusive.

C. Details of any inter-corporate loans, deposits and other borrowings

Sr. No.	Lender's Name	Date of disbursement	Rate of Interest	Maturity date	Amount outstanding as on June 30, 2022
		1	NIL		

D. Servicing behaviour on existing debt securities, payment of due interest on due dates on financing facilities or debt securities

In the past 3 years preceding the date of this Tranche II Prospectus, there has been no delay and or default in servicing of debt or interest or in payment of principal or interest on any financing facilities or term loan or debt security including corporate guarantee issued by the Company.

E. The amount of corporate guarantee issued by the company along with the name of the counter party on behalf of whom it has been issued

The Company has issued corporate guarantee on behalf of IIFL Home Finance Limited as on June 30, 2022, the details of which are set out below:

Company Name / Bank Name	Nature of Facility	Amount Sanctioned	Amount Outstanding (₹million)
Canara Bank	Term Loan	18,250.00	7,921.63
National Housing Bank	Term Loan	2,000.00	333.33
State Bank of India	CCWCDL	200.00	200.00
Total		20,450.00	8,454.96

F. List of top 10 debenture holders (secured and unsecured) as on June 30, 2022:

(₹ in million)

Sr. No.	Name of Holder	Amount	Holding %
1	Life Insurance Corporation Of India	5000000000	14.89%
2	CDC Group Plc	3250000000	9.68%
3	RBL Bank Limited	1000000000	2.98%
4	Bank Of India	1000000000	2.98%
5	Mirae Asset Hybrid - Equity Fund	650000000	1.94%
6	Indian Oil Corporation Ltd (Refineries Division) Employees Provident Fund	550000000	1.64%
7	HVPNL Employees Provident Fund Trust	500000000	1.49%
8	Jindal Steel And Power Limited Employees P F Trust	500000000	1.49%
9	HVPNL Employees Pension Fund Trust	500000000	1.49%
10	Sporta Technologies Private Limited	500000000	1.49%
11	The South Indian Bank Ltd	500000000	1.49%

G. Details of any outstanding borrowings taken debt securities issued where taken issued (a) for consideration other than cash, whether in whole or in part, (b) at a premium or discount, or (c) in pursuance of an option as on June 30, 2022.

For the Point (C), our Company has issued the following NCDs having embedded option in it:

(₹ in million)

S. No.	Particulars	Date of Allotment	ISIN	Coupon	Date of Maturity	Call option period	Amount Outstanding
1	9.75% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non- Convertible Debenture. Series III of Face Value of ₹ 1,000 redeemable on 07-Feb- 2024 at par.	February 07, 2019	INE866I07CD6	9.75%	February 07, 2024	30 Months From Date Of Allotment. Ex-Aug 07 2021	1,702.80
2	10.20% Secured Rated Listed Redeemable Non- Convertible Debenture. Series IV of Face Value of ₹ 1,000 redeemable on 07-Feb- 2024 at par.	February 07, 2019	INE866I07CF1	10.20%	February 07, 2024	30 Months From Date Of Allotment. Ex-Aug 07 2021	1,118.08
3	10% Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non- Convertible Debenture. Series V of Face Value of ₹ 1,000 redeemable on 07-Feb- 2029 at par.	February 07, 2019	INE866I08279	10.00%	February 07, 2029	66 Months From Date Of Allotment. Ex Aug 07, 2024	307.65

S. No.	Particulars	Date of Allotment	ISIN	Coupon	Date of Maturity	Call option period	Amount Outstanding
4	10.50% Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Non- Convertible Debenture. Series VI of Face Value of ₹ 1,000 redeemable on 07-Feb- 2029 at par.	February 07, 2019	INE866I08295	10.50%	February 07, 2029	66 Months From Date Of Allotment Ex-07-Aug- 24	154.48
Total	1						3,283.01

Other than the securities mentioned above, our Company has nil outstanding borrowings taken debt securities issued where taken issued (a) for consideration other than cash, whether in whole or in part, (b) at a premium or discount, or (c) in pursuance of an option as on June 30, 2022.

H. Details of rest of borrowings if any, including hybrid debt instruments such as foreign currency convertible bonds or convertible debentures and preference shares as on June 30, 2022

Our Company does not have any other borrowings including hybrid debt instruments, such as foreign currency convertible bonds or convertible debentures and preference shares, as on June 30, 2022.

SECTION IV - LEGAL AND OTHER INFORMATION

OUTSTANDING LITIGATIONS

Except as stated in this section, there are no outstanding: (i) criminal proceedings; (ii) actions by statutory/regulatory authorities; (iii) claims for any indirect and direct tax liability; and (iv) other litigations which are identified as material in terms of the Materiality Threshold (as defined hereinafter below), each involving our Company, Directors, Subsidiary Company, group companies or Promoter.

Effective from June 23, 2022, the Board of Directors of our Company has adopted policy for determination of materiality for disclosure of events or information ("Materiality Policy"). The Materiality Policy sets out that all pending litigation involving our Company, Promoter, Directors, Subsidiaries and group companies, other than criminal proceedings and taxation matters (which would be disclosed in a consolidated manner), would be considered 'material' for the purposes of disclosure in this Draft Shelf Prospectus if: (i) the monetary amount of claim by or against the entity or person in any such pending litigation is in excess of an amount of ₹ 200 million or 5% of Profit after tax of our Company as on March 31, 2022 or 1% of the net worth of our Company as on March 31, 2022. whichever is less, or (ii) any such litigation or regulatory action the outcome of which has a bearing on the business, operations, prospects or reputation of our Company, irrespective of the amount involved in such litigation.

Further, except as mentioned in this section, there are no proceedings involving our group companies, which may have a material adverse effect on the position of our Company.

It is clarified that for the purposes of the above, pre-litigation notices received by our Company, Directors, Promoter, Subsidiary Company or group companies shall, unless otherwise decided by our Board of Directors, not be considered as litigation until such time that our Company or Directors or Promoter or group companies, as the case may be, is impleaded as a defendant in litigation proceedings before any judicial forum.

Further, except as stated in this section, there are no: (i) litigation or legal action pending or taken by any Ministry or Department of the Government or a statutory authority against our Promoter during the last three years immediately preceding the year of the issue of this Draft Shelf Prospectus and any direction issued by such Ministry or Department or statutory authority; (ii) pending litigation involving our Company, our Promoter, our Directors, group companies, Subsidiary Company or any other person, whose outcome could have material adverse effect on the position of our Company; (iii) pending proceedings initiated against our Company for economic offences; (iv) default and non-payment of statutory dues, etc; (v) inquiries, inspections or investigations initiated or conducted against our Company and/or our Subsidiary under the Companies Act or any previous companies law in the three years immediately preceding the year of this Draft Shelf Prospectus; (vi) prosecutions filed (whether pending or completed), fines imposed or compounding of offences done in the three years immediately preceding the year of this Draft Shelf Prospectus; and (vii) material frauds committed against our Company in the last three years.

Further from time to time, we have been and shall continue to be involved in legal proceedings filed by and/or against us, arising in the ordinary course of our business. We believe that the number of proceedings in which we are/were involved is not unusual for a company of our size doing business in India.

Unless stated to the contrary, the information provided below is as of the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

All terms defined in a particular litigation disclosure below are for that particular litigation only.

- 1. Material litigations and regulatory actions involving our Company
 - (a) As on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, following are material litigations in our Company:
 - (i) Civil Litigations

By our Company

Except as disclosed below there are no civil cases filed by our Company:

- 1. Company application nos.222/2019 to 227/2019 dated May 22, 2019 were filed by IIFL before the High Court, Bombay ("Court") against Shree Urban Infrastructure Limited to seek leave of this Hon'ble Court under Section 446 of the Companies Act, 1956 to file proceedings against the Company i.e. Shree Ram Urban Infrastructure Limited, before this Hon'ble Court thereby seeking specific performance of the Agreement for sale of the premises. The Company Applications are currently on stay as Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process ("CIRP") has commenced against Shree Urban Infrastructure Limited and claims filed by the Company.
- 2. IIFL ("Petitioner") filed a writ petition number 7508 of 2012 ("Writ") dated March 06, 2012 before the High Court of Bangalore ("Bangalore High Court") against the State of Karnataka ("Respondent") under Article 226 of the Constitution of India ("Constitution") challenging the notice dated August 17, 2011 seeking to bring the Petitioner under the provisions of the Karnataka Money Lenders Act, 1961 and the Karnataka Prohibition of Charging Exorbitant Interest Act, 2004. The Petitioner has submitted that the said notice is illegal and unconstitutional and violative of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. The matter is currently pending.
- 3. Company appeal/ application has been filed under section 60(5) of Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC) before National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) Delhi in original application bearing No. C.P No. IB 654(PB)/2019 filed by Vishal Fabric against AVJ Developers (India) Pvt Ltd (AVJ) against Interim Professional for seeking appropriate directions against Resolution (IRP) for non-verification and admission of claim against AVJ amounting to ₹1,340.00 million and conducting the meeting of Committee of Creditors. The said matter is pending before the Tribunal.
- 4. A petition under Section 9 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act ('Act') has been filed by IIFL ('Petitioner') against Mr. Praful Satra ('Respondent') before the hon'ble Delhi High Court. The Petitioner, before the hon'ble court, claimed for interim relief in the form of an injunction from creating rights against the properties of the Respondent. The High Court, via order dated May 24, 2021, directed the Petitioner to approach the Arbitration tribunal under Section17 of the Act for claiming interim reliefs. The matter pending before the arbitrator and is listed for settling the points of determination and fixing the schedule for final arguments.

Against our Company

Except as disclosed below there are no civil cases against proceedings involving our Company:

- An application dated March 9, 2017 was filed by Shattaf Construction Company Pvt Ltd ("Guarantor") before
 the Debt Recovery Tribunal, at Mumbai ("DRT") against India Infoline Finance Limited praying that the
 possession notice dated September 27, 2019, issued by India Infoline Finance Limited in relation to the alleged
 default in repayment of ₹511.83 million by the Borrower, be declared null and void. The matter is currently
 pending.
- 2. Rakesh Sheth ("Petitioner") had filed a public interest litigation on January 21, 2019 against SEBI, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Serious Fraud Investigation Office and India Infoline Finance Limited before the High Court of Madras. The Petitioner had stated that India Infoline Finance Limited is set to raise ₹ 2000 crore via retail bonds and since India Infoline Finance Limited Commodities Limited (an associate company of India Infoline Finance Limited with common shareholders and common directors) is an accused in the NSEL scam case, India Infoline Finance Limited should not be allowed to access funds from the market. The matter is currently pending.
- 3. A Contempt Application Number No. 1623 of 2021, dated June 14, 2021 has been filed by Praful Satra ('Applicant') against IIFL ('Respondent') before the hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal ('NCLT'), Mumbai, seeking a relief to declare that IIFL has committed contempt of court by not adhering to terms of consent term dated September 9, 2019 agreed to by parties by virtue of NCLTs order dated September 13, 2019. The matter is yet to be listed for hearing.
- 4. A commercial suit no. C.S COMM 77 OF 2021 is filed by Amit Mavi against IIFL for recovery of money of ₹9,66,92,511/- subject matter of the suit is a 'Commercial Dispute 'as defined under 2 (c) (x) of the commercial courts Act 2015. Further, a recovery suit, C.S COMM 82 of 2021 along with, as per Commercial Courts Act

2015 under Order 11 Rule 12 for discovery of documents has been filed by Mr. Amit Mavi against IIFL. Additionally, Commercial Suit No.4077 of 2021 is pending in Bombay High Court. The said suit is filed against the Company for illegally debiting amount from the project account during moratorium. A Commercial Suit CS COMM No. 477 of 2020 was filed by Alisa Infratech Pvt Ltd at Delhi High Court praying for grant of permanent injunction against defendant from operating Escrow Account mentioned therein. Amit Mavi has also filed a company petition in NCLT Mumbai seeking investigation in the affairs of IIFL Finance Ltd, forensic audit to be conducted into the accounts and entries of IIFL, conduct an inspection and audit into the accounts of the IIFL entities, the matter is yet to be listed.

Company Appeal No 626 of 2021 has been filed by AVJ Heights Apartment Owners Association against IIFL
at NCLAT, Delhi objecting to the admission of IIFL's claim in COC pursuant to IB No. 654 P.B/2019.
Currently, the matter is pending before the authority.

Criminal Cases

By our Company

- 1. IIFL in the ordinary course of business, in relation to its home loan/loan against property portfolio, has lodged the first information report dated November 16, 2015 against Uttam Kr. Asrani for cheating under various sections 420,406,463,464,467,468,471, 120B of Indian Penal Code, 1860. The matter is pending for further investigation by the concerned officers.
- 2. IIFL filed an appeal bearing No. 3085/2019 admitted on June 24, 2019 before the PMLA Appellate Tribunal, Delhi against the order passed by the Adjudicating Authority (PMLA Tribunal). In this matter, the Enforcement Directorate has attached the property which is mortgaged with India Infoline Finance Limited and India Infoline Finance Limited challenged the before the PMLA Appellate Tribunal. In this mater, India Infoline Finance Limited initiated SARFAESI proceedings due to the alleged non-repayment of ₹13.29 million in relation to a loan availed by the Borrower (Arvind Casting). India Infoline Finance Limited is contesting the matter and the matter is pending before the PMLA Appellate Tribunal, Delhi.
- 3. A complaint was filed by Praveen Murthy at the Cubbon Park Police Station, Bangalore against certain third parties namely Ramesh Mangoji & Others suspected alleging involvement in the unauthorised sale and auction of gold jewels, who were in no way connected with our Company. However, a storage room containing 63 kilograms of gold at the Bangalore gold loan office of our Company, was sealed by the police on September 6, 2014 in connection with the investigation of the said complaint. Aggrieved by the action of the police, our Company filed a writ petition dated September 30, 2014 before the Karnataka High Court requesting the court to direct the police to release the gold. During the pendency of the writ petition, the police vide its letter dated January 5, 2015 addressed to our Company, permitted the auction of the gold under the supervision of one of their investigating officers. The gold was duly auctioned. The writ petition is presently pending before the High Court of Karnataka.
- 4. A Complaint having Complaint number 77 of 21 was filed with the Economic Offence Wing by our Company against M/s Shattaf Construction Company and Mr. Shrenik Siroya for misusing the money sum disbursed to them and illegally selling the units of the mortgaged property without our consent. Currently, an FIR having reference number 0970 of 2021 has been registered under section 403, 420 and 120B in relation to the same. Here, the matter is pending for further investigation.

Against our Company

1. Manju Rajesh ("Complainant") filed a criminal complaint bearing number C.M.P. No. 1479/2018 dated November, 30 2018 before the Learned Judicial Magistrate First Class, Chenganoor ("Complaint"), against IIFL and its director Nirmal Jain under Section 190 of the Code for Criminal Procedure, 1973 levelling charges under Section 420 and 34 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 alleging cheating for not returning the pledged gold. IIFL and its director Nirmal Jain is contesting the said Complaint and Quashing petition bearing number 1 of 2018 under section 482 of the Cr.p.c has been filed Before the Hon'ble High Court of Kerala at Ernakulam, wherein by an interim order dated December 3, 2018, all further proceedings in the said complaint have been stayed. The matter is adjourned and the interim relief is extended until further orders.

- 2. A first information report ("**FIR**") no. 77/19 dated March 4, 2019 was lodged by Vijay Baniranka at Kothwali Police Station, Ranchi against IIFL and its employees ("**Accused**"), under Sections 420/467/468/471/409/120(B) of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, alleging inter-alia, cheating and criminal breach of trust for not returning the pledged gold. The matter is under investigation.
- 3. A notice of cease and desist dated February 19, 2019 ("Notice") was issued by Muthoot Finance Ltd to the employee of our Company. By way of the receipt of Notice our Company received knowledge of first information report no. 59/2018 dated November 11, 2018 ("FIR") filed with Special Cell Delhi under Section 60 of Information and Technology Act, 2000, as amended, by Muthoot Finance Ltd against the said employee. Our Company is in the process of filing quashing petition against the said FIR. As on the date of the Draft Shelf Prospectus, the Company has not received any further notices in connection with the FIR from the concerned Police department.
- 4. A FIR 541/2018 dated June 10, 2019 was registered upon the complaint of Mr. Sushil Jainarayan Karva at Pune Police Station under Sections 120B, 406, 420, 467, 468 and 471 of IPC against India Infoline Finance Ltd., Mr. Nirmal Jain, Mr. Venkatararaman Rajamani and others independent directors alleging that India Infoline Finance Ltd. ("IIFL") did not reduce the EMI amount despite he had repaid substantial loan amount and that without his permission a co-borrower and the IIFL settled the arbitration proceedings for ₹ 70,000 and released the mortgaged property without his permission. He further alleged that IIFL misused his blank cheques given as security and filed false complaints under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 in Gurgaon court. The police filed the closure report treating the matter as civil in nature and the matter is pending before court for final order to close the Complaint.

(ii) Cases filed by the Company under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881

1. Our Company has filed 12476 proceedings against various borrowers under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 and/or Section 25 of the Payment and Settlement Systems Act, 2007 for dishonour of cheques / electronic clearing system in various courts, involving an amount of approximately ₹1420.57 million. The cases are pending before various courts at various stages of adjudication.

(iii) Gold Loan cases

- **a.** In relation to our gold loan portfolio, the Company has lodged 92 first information reports ("**FIR**") against various borrowers and other persons for offences under Sections 395, 405, 406, 409, 415, 419, 420, 441, 447, 467, 468, 471, 120(b), 156(3) and 34 of Indian Penal Code, 1860, involving a cumulative amount of ₹ 815.7 million. The said FIRs are under investigation by various police stations.
- b. In relation to our gold loan portfolio, the Company has filed 14 proceedings against defaulting customers under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 for dishonour of cheques, in various courts. The aggregate of claim amounts are approximately ₹ 8.47 million. The matters are pending before various courts at various stages of adjudication.

(iv) Legal or regulatory actions taken by statutory or regulatory authorities against our Company:

- 1. A direction dated July 17, 2018 was received by our Company from Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority ("PFRDA"), listing out the required actions to be complied with, in regard to pending amount of ₹0.76 million by the subscribers' deposits with our Company as registered point of presence for National Pension Scheme as on March 31, 2018. In this regard, IIFL had completed the required compliances and de-registration with the authority is under process.
- 2. Investigations Department of SEBI has by way of a letter dated June 7, 2022 ("Letter") directed us to provide certain specific information and documents with respect to suspected insider trading activities, including (amongst others) (a) chronology of events in relation to declaration of financial results for the period ended December 31, 2020 on January 29, 2021; (b) details of all persons who were involved in the process of/having access to unpublished price sensitive information vis-a-vis the aforesaid financial results; (c) all relevant documentary evidence with respect to communications with members of board of directors for the period August 31, 2020 to May 3, 2021; (d) details of all on market and off market trades undertaken by the directors, promoters, key managerial personnel, compliance officer of the Company and their family

members during the period August 31, 2020 to May 3, 2021; (e) relationship of Company and/or any of its Promoters/ Directors/ employees or any other person with the entities as mentioned in the letter issued by SEBI, etc. Each of these requests were responded by our Company to SEBI in July 2022. We have and we will respond to any further queries from SEBI.

2. Material litigations involving our Subsidiary Company as on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus

(a) IIFL Home Finance Limited ("IIHFL") (Formerly India Infoline Housing Finance Limited)

(i) Criminal proceedings against IIHFL

- 1. An FIR dated November 16, 2015 was registered by Ramesh Janjani at the Adarsh Nagar Ajmer Police Station under Section 384,409 & 420 of Indian Penal Code (IPC) against the employees of IIHFL for the offence of, inter alia, cheating and criminal breach of trust. Complaint has been withdrawn as the matter has been settled and compromised. However, the final report by the investigating officer is yet to be filed before court for closure of the complaint.
- 2. An FIR dated June 18, 2019 was registered by Devender Kumar at the Faridabad Kotwali Police Station under Section 120B, 406, 419, 420, 467. 468 and 471 of Indian Penal Code (IPC) against unknown person and IIHFL alleging that fraud committed against him. The complainant availed loan from our IIHFL for the purchase of the property and IIHFL is asked to present the transaction documents to support the investigation. The matter is currently pending.
- 3. Borrowers of IIHFL have filed Criminal Revision before Sessions Court, Gurugram against the summoning orders passed by Judicial Magistrate, Gurugram in complaints filed under section 25 of Payment and Settlement Act. These petitions have been filed by James Pasckal D'Silva and Ashok. The matter is currently pending.
- 4. Borrowers of IIHFL have filed Criminal Revisions Petitions in Punjab and Haryana High Court against the summoning orders passed by Judicial Magistrate, Gurugram. These petitions have been filed by Harshad Ganesh Kachhara, Royal Heritage Builders Colonizers Infrastructure Private Limited, A.R Casting Pvt Ltd, Ranjeet Bhardwaj, Prabhat Kumar, Vijay Pratap Singh, M/S Orbit Foods Inc, Indrashis Sinha, MRG Auto Pvt. Ltd., Ishwar Dass, Kajal Gupta and Anita Dhiman. These petitions are pending

(ii) Criminal proceedings by IIHFL

- 1. First information report dated February 15, 2017 was lodged by IIHFL at the Navrangpura Police Station, Ahmedabad, against Mihir Desai and other co-borrowers ("Accused") alleging inter alia, cheating and criminal breach of trust under Sections 420 and 406 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. It was alleged that the Accused had conspired to cause a loss to IIHFL by creating a subsequent mortgage and making a transfer of title and possession of the mortgage property to third parties despite the subsistence of an existing mortgage on the property in favour of IIHFL. Subsequently, IIHFL filed an appeal before City Civil and Session Court and prayed cancellation of bail given by Ld. Court below. The matter is pending investigation and IIHFL contesting the matter. Further, IIHFL has sold the secured asset as per the provisions of SARAFESI Act. The matter is pending investigation.
- 2. A first information report dated April 6, 2016 was filed by IIHFL at the Ashok Nagar Police Station, Bengaluru, against Tanveer Pasha and other co-borrowers ("Accused") alleging, inter alia, cheating and criminal breach of trust under Sections 420, 465, 467 and 468 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. It was alleged that the Accused had conspired with certain builders to cause a loss to IIHFL by way of wrongfully inducing IIHFL to disburse a loan in their favour. The claim involved in the matter is ₹11.75 million. The matter is pending investigation.
- 3. A first information report dated September 10, 2015 was lodged by IIHFL at the Vidhayak Puri, Police Station, Jaipur against Prem Chand Sharma and other co-borrowers ("Accused") alleging inter alia, cheating and criminal breach of trust under Sections 420 and 406 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. It was alleged that the Accused had conspired to cause a loss to IIHFL by transferring the title and possession of the mortgage property to third parties, despite the subsistence of an existing mortgage on the property,

- in favour of IIHFL and entering into an agreement for transfer of title and possession of the mortgaged property to third parties. The matter is pending investigation.
- 4. A first information report dated November 8, 2016 ("FIR") was registered by IIHFL at the Kalyan Police Station, District Thane, Mumbai under Section 467, 420, 468, 120(B) of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 against Anand Rajaram Yadav and other co-borrowers ("Accused"), alleging inter alia, cheating and criminal breach of trust. It was alleged that the Accused had conspired to cause a loss to IIHFL by raising funds on the same property from different lenders multiple times. The matter is pending investigation.
- 5. A first information report dated May 21, 2019 and October 16, 2018 ("FIR") was registered by IIHFL at the Malad Police Station, District Mumbai under Sections 448,427 and 34 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 against Subir Chakrabourty and other co-borrowers and also at the Jahangirabad Police Station under Section 448 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, against Ramesh Bachhani ("Accused"), alleging inter alia, trespassing and damaging the mortgaged property. It was alleged that the Accused had conspired to cause a loss to IIHFL. The matter is pending investigation.
- 6. A first information report dated October 21, 2019 ("FIR") was registered by IIHFL at Kotwali Police Station, Kanpur City against Rajveer Singh Bhaduria and other co-borrowers under Section 120B, 504, 406 and 420 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, alleging that the accused had conspired to commit cheating, criminal breach of trust and cause a wrongful loss to our Company. IIHFL had disbursed a loan of ₹ 3.46 million in favour of the accused. Chargesheet has been filed by the Police.
- 7. A first information report dated October, 2019 ("FIR") was registered by Udyog Vihar Police Station on September 7, 2019 under Section 420 and 120B of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 after getting direction from Judicial Magistrate, Gurgaon against Dwarkadheesh Project Private Limited and also against 6 customers of IIHFL who had conspired to cause loss to IIHFL. Matter is pending for Investigation and filing of Chargesheet.
- 8. A first information report no. 266/20 dated June 11, 2020 was registered by IIHFL at the Para Police Station, Lucknow against Ankit Gupta, Santosh Kumar and Meewati ("Accused") under Section 419, 420, 467, 468 and 471 of Indian Penal Code, 1860, alleging inter alia, cheating and criminal breach of trust, forgery and caused a wrongful loss to IIHFL. The matter is under investigation.
- 9. A first information report dated January 24, 2020 was registered by IIHFL at the Ashok Nagar Police Station, Jaipur against Giriraj Ratan Daga and other co-borrowers under Section 120B, 406, 409, 420, 467, 468 and 471 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, alleging that the accused had conspired to commit cheating, forgery and cause a wrongful loss to IIHFL. IIHFL had disbursed a loan of ₹ 38 million in favour of the accused. Chargesheet has been filed by the Police.
- 10. A first information report dated January 27, 2021 was registered by IIHFL at the Udyog Vihar Police Station, Gurugram against Ashok Kumar and others co-borrowers under Section 120B, 419, 420, 467, 468 and 471 of IPC, alleging that the accused had conspired to commit cheating, cheating by personation, forgery and cause a wrongful loss to IIHFL. IIHFL had disbursed a loan of ₹ 22.5 million in favour of the Accused. The matter is under investigation.
- 11. A FIR dated April 10, 2022 was registered under various Sections 406, 419, 420, 467, 468, 471 and 120B of IPC against M/s Yazdan Constructions and others upon the complaint made by IIHFL in the ordinary course of its business, in relation to its home loan/loan against property portfolio. The complaint is under investigation stage.

Cases filed by IIHFL under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881

1. India Infoline Home Finance Limited has filed 18467 proceedings against various borrowers under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 and Section 25 of Payment and Settlement System Act, 2007, for dishonour of cheques/ electronic clearance service/ automated clearing house in Judicial Magistrate, Gurgaon. The aggregate of claim amounts filed by IIFL Home Finance Limited is approximately ₹ 4133.60million. The matters are pending before the courts at various stages of adjudication.

(b) IIFL Samasta Finance Limited (Formerly Samasta Microfinance Limited) (Samasta)

Criminal Proceedings by Samasta

- 1. A complaint dated December 11, 2013 was filed by Ayusha Dairy Private Limited ("Complainant/Amalgamated with Samasta") before the Judicial Magistrate, Coimbatore against Sabari Dairy Private Limited ("Accused") under the Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 for dishonor of cheques. The claim amount involved is ₹2.5 million. The Judicial Magistrate, Coimbatore, directed the case to be transferred to Judicial Magistrate, Udumalpet, as the cheques which were dishonored were initially presented at Udumalpet. The parties mutually agreed that the Accused will pay ₹2.30 million to Ayusha Dairy Private Limited, however Ayusha Dairy Private Limited has only received ₹1.08 until the date of this Letter of Offer. The matter is pending before the Judicial Magistrate, Udumalpet for hearing.
- 2. Samasta has filed 92 proceedings against various borrowers under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, for dishonour of cheques at various courts. The aggregate of claim amounts filed is approximately ₹ 17.86 million. The matters are pending before the courts at various stages of adjudication.

Pending actions by statutory or regulatory authorities against Samasta

1. A case having CC No. 1906/2020 is filed against Samasta, for non-compliances under Section 16(3) of the Shops and Establishments Act, 1963 and Rule 11(1), Rule 12(1), Rule 21 and Rule 30 of the W.B. Rules, 1964. The matter is filed with Additional Chief Judicial Magistrate, Rampurhat and is currently pending

3. Material litigation or legal or regulatory actions involving our Promoter as of the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus

(a) Material litigation involving our Promoter as on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus

The material litigation involving promoters of the Company (being Mr. Nirmal Jain and Mr. Venkataraman Rajamani) are covered in section 4 (*Material litigations involving our Directors as on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus*) of this *Outstanding Litigations* Chapter on page 242 below.

(b) Legal or regulatory action pending or taken by any Ministry, Government Department or a statutory body or any direction issued by such Ministry or Department or statutory authority upon conclusion of such legal or regulatory action against our Promoter during the last five years immediately preceding the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

A notice dated December 2, 2020 was issued under Rule 4 of (Procedure for Holding Inquiry And Imposing Penalties By Adjudicating Officer) Rules, 1995 was issued) against the Promoters & Promoter Group ("Promoters") to show cause against alleged violation of provisions of Regulation 3(1) read with Regulation 13(1) and 13(2)(a) of SAST Regulation. The Promoters responded with a reply dated December 19, 2020 contending that there was no such violation since Regulation 3(1) would be attracted if there is an entitlement to exercise voting rights of 25% or more and if the entitlement to exercise voting rights does not touch 25%, the charging provisions would not be attracted. Therefore, when an acquirer acquires, or even for that matter, "agrees to acquire", the underlying contractual obligation or the intention of the impending contract ought to be the acquisition of an entitlement to voting rights of 25% or more. In the instant case, there was no intention or agreement to acquire an entitlement to voting rights of 25% or more. A computational error led to the instruction to the broker for purchase of shares. No sooner than the error was discovered, it was ensured that the entitlement to exercise voting rights of 25% or more never came about, by timely selling of existing shares. Therefore, the entitlement to exercise voting rights in the hands of the promoter group never reached the threshold of 25% or more. It remained 24.99 % as was always the actual intent of the Promoters. At no point of time, either during a day or at the close of the register of beneficial ownership of shares on any day, did the Promoters ever cross the threshold of 25% and hence there was no question of Regulation 3(1) read with Regulation 13(1) and / or Regulation 13(2) being violated. Inspite of the above representation, an adjudication order dated March 28, 2022 was passed by SEBI against the Promoters imposing a penalty of INR 10,00,000/-. The Promoters vide its letter

dated May 09, 2022 respectfully disagreed with the findings and imposition of the said penalty, however the Promoters paid the said penalty with a view to moving forward constructively and putting this matter behind.

4. Material litigations involving our Directors as on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus

(i) Civil litigation

- 1. A commercial suit admitted on January 19, 2017 was filed by Harish Thawani a client of National Spot Exchange Limited ("NSEL"), before the Bombay High Court ("Court"), against India Infoline Commodities Limited ("IICL") its directors and ISL, IIFL Holdings Limited (now IIFL Finance Limited), and its directors, including its key managerial personnel and employees, alleging losses, refund of brokerage, warehouse charges, damages and legal costs. IICL filed its written statement before the Court and the matter is pending for hearing. The claim is valued at ₹168.10 million.
- 2. A commercial suit dated July 19, 2016 was filed by Vishvanidhi Dalmia, a client of National Spot Exchange Limited ("NSEL"), before the Bombay High Court ("Court"), against India Infoline Commodities Limited ("IICL"), its directors, employees including the chairman of IIFL Holdings Limited (now IIFL Finance Limited) and NSEL, claiming (a) an amount of ₹76 million along with interest thereon at the rate of 18% per annum from August 1, 2013 to May 6, 2016 amounting to ₹37.85 million and further interest thereon on the total claim at the rate of 18% per annum from the date of filing of the suit till final realization. It was also prayed for interim/ad-interim relief (b) pending hearing and final disposal appropriate orders for injunction restraining IICL from directly or indirectly assign, selling, mortgage, creating any third party on movable and immovable assets (c) injunction restraining IICL from using ₹113.85 million without the leave of the court (d) independent audit or investigating agency like forensic audit to examine the affairs of IICL (e) order and direction to IICL to pay any amount realized from NSEL and to preserve all the records of the relevant period. The total amount involved in the matter is ₹113.85 million. IICL received the summons on September 12, 2018. The matter is yet to be admitted.
- 3. The State Bank of India ("SBI") filed an original application no. 547/2017 on December 15, 2017 against its borrowers and National Collateral Management Services Limited ("NCML") before DRT, Pune in relation to recovery of an amount of 3,475.26 Lakhs. Mr. Chandran Ratnaswami is a director on the board of NCML. Further, SBI filed an interim application impleading the directors and key managerial personnel of NCML. Subsequently, NCML filed a reply to the said interim application along with the necessary supporting documents opposing the claims of SBI. The matter is currently pending before DRT, Pune.

(ii) Criminal litigation

- 1. An FIR dated February 03, 2008, was lodged by Namo Jain at Lalkurti Police Station, Meerut, against our director Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain and two other ex-employees of IIFL Securities Limited (formerly known as India Infoline Limited) ("Accused Persons"), under Sections 406 and 420 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, alleging inter-alia, cheating and criminal breach of trust by unauthorised trading in the account. The matter was investigated by the police and a charge sheet was filed before the Chief Judicial Magistrate, Meerut against all the persons named as the accused in the FIR. Subsequently, a writ petition was filed by the Accused Persons, before the Allahabad High Court, for quashing of the charge sheet. The Allahabad High Court directed the Accused Persons to file a discharge application before the Chief Judicial Magistrate, Meerut. Accordingly, a discharge application was filed by the Accused Persons. The case is presently pending before Chief Judicial Magistrate, Meerut for hearing.
- 2. A complaint dated July 12, 2011 was filed by Sushama Agarwal before Chief Judicial Magistrate, Meerut, against our director Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain and ex-employees of ISL ("Accused Persons") under Sections 406, 420 and 464 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, alleging unauthorised trading, criminal breach of trust, cheating and forgery. Pursuant to the Complaint, the Chief Judicial Magistrate, passed an order for issuance of process on July 25, 2011. The Accused Persons filed a petition before the Allahabad High Court on April 7, 2014 ("Petition") for quashing the aforesaid order of the Chief Judicial Magistrate. The Allahabad High Court vide its order dated April 22, 2014 admitted the Petition and stayed the proceedings before the Chief Judicial Magistrate, Meerut. The case is presently pending before the Allahabad High Court for hearing.

- 3. Anil Kumar Tibrewal lodged a first information report dated October 24, 2010 ("FIR") at Sunlight Colony, South East District, Delhi against our directors, Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain and Venkataraman Rajamani for the offences of cheating, forgery and conspiracy, under Sections 420, 464 along with 120B of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. The FIR is placed before Delhi District Court, Saket, New Delhi and is currently under investigation.
- 4. A complaint dated October 18, 2013 was filed by Gouri Manjunath Jonniya before Chief Judicial Magistrate, Nagpur, against our directors Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain and Venkataraman Rajamani ("Accused Persons"), for offence of, *inter alia*, cheating, forgery, criminal breach of trust and misuse of her insurance license under Sections 406, 420 and 464 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. The case is presently pending before the Chief Judicial Magistrate, Nagpur for hearing.
- 5. A complaint was received by ISL on December 9, 2012 filed by Arunava Patra before the Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Paschim Medinipur, West Bengal, against our directors Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain, Venkataraman Rajamani and Nilesh Vikamsey ("Accused Persons") under Sections 406 and 120B of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, alleging inter-alia, forgery and criminal conspiracy and certain offences under the Companies Act, 1956. Pursuant to the complaint, the Court passed an order for issuance of process on June 16, 2014. The Accused Persons filed a writ petition dated April 10, 2015 before the Calcutta High Court for quashing of the proceedings before Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Paschim Medinipur, West Bengal. The Calcutta High Court passed an order and the certified copy of the order was received by us on June 18, 2015 staying the proceedings before Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Paschim Medinipur, West Bengal. The matter is presently pending before the Calcutta High Court for further hearing.
- 6. A first information report dated October 10, 2015 was lodged by Dalip Kumar Garg at Vasant Vihar Police Station, Delhi against IICL and Nirmal Jain and others, under Sections 406, 420 and 120B of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, alleging inter-alia, unauthorised trading, cheating, forgery and criminal breach of trust. The matter is presently being investigated by the police. An application was filed before the Sessions Court for grant of anticipatory bail and the same was granted by the court ("Order"). Against the Order, the complainant has preferred an appeal before the Delhi High Court and the withdrawal of the same has been initiated by the Complainant. The matter is currently pending for process.
- 7. A first information report no. 629/19 dated November 1, 2019 was filed by Manoj R Kumar ("Complainant") at Hari Parvat Police Station, Agra under section 120B, 506 and 120B of IPC in Agra District of UP against our Company through Mr. Nirmal Jain and ARCIL through Mr. Vinayak Bahuguna ("Accused"). Complainant alleged that the Accused had misused the cheques given by him as security and filed complaint under Section 138 against these cheques in Gurugram district court. The parties have mutually agreed to settle the dispute amicably and entered into a compromise by virtue of an order passed by the Hon'ble Civil Judge, Agra, Senior division. This matter has been settled and the police based on the compromise filed the final report.
- 8. Manju Rajesh ("Complainant") filed a criminal complaint bearing number C.M.P. No. 1479/2018 dated November, 30 2018 before the Learned Judicial Magistrate First Class, Chenganoor ("Complaint"), against IIFL and its director Nirmal Jain under Section 190 of the Code for Criminal Procedure, 1973 levelling charges under Section 420 and 34 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 alleging cheating for not returning gold. IIFL and its director Nirmal Jain is contesting the said Complaint and Quashing petition bearing number 1 of 2018 under section 482 of the Cr.P.C. has been filed Before the Hon'ble High Court of Kerala at Ernakulam, wherein by an interim order dated December 3, 2018, all further proceedings in the said complaint have been stayed. The matter is matter is adjourned and the interim relief is extended until further orders.
- 9. A first information report (FIR) no. 0143 dated August 02, 2019 was filed by Vinay Jain (Complainant) before economic offences wing, Delhi against Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain, Venkataraman Rajamani and other persons (Accused) under Sections 420,465,468,471,120B of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. The matter is under investigation.
- 10. A first information report (FIR) no. 999/2021 was filed by Shivbahadur Singh (Complainant) before Chakeri police station against Nirmal Jain and other persons (Accused) under Sections 420 and 406 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. The matter is under investigation.

- 11. A Criminal Complaint bearing no. CS/62325/2019 was filed by Gold Circle Partner (GCP) owner Mr. Sanjay Langal against Thomas Cook (India) Ltd, its Directors and officials before the Chief Metropolitan Magistrate Court, Kolkata, alleging certain monetary benefits were deprived to Mr. Langal under the GCP Agreement. Thomas Cook (India) Ltd ("TCIL") has vehemently denied the allegations and have filed a Criminal Revision Petition before the Kolkata Sessions Court seeking setting aside the issuance of the said summons, discharge of TCIL and its Directors from the proceedings and in the interim grant stay of further proceedings. The Kolkata Sessions Court was pleased to grant stay of further proceedings in the said complaint, and the said matter is currently pending.
- 12. A first information report (FIR) has been filed under section 106, 42, 445, 409 and 120(b) of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 read with section 7, 9 and 13 of the Prevention and Corruption Act by one Mr. Sunil Shinde, on behalf of Ultra Space Developers Pvt Limited, JVPD One Builder LLP Wadhawan Lifestyle Retail Private Limited Wadhawan Retail Private Limited And Wadhawan Holdings Private Limited And RKW Developers Private Limited (Complainant Companies), against IIFL Facilities Services Ltd, IIFL Finance and its directors at Chembur police station alleging that IIFL along with IIFL Facilities Services Ltd has illegally transferred and sold the properties mortgaged by the Complainant Companies as security cover for the loan. Currently, IIFL is in the process of filing a quashing petition before the Bombay High Court.
- 13. A FIR 541/2018 dated June 10, 2019 was registered upon the complaint of Mr. Sushil Jainarayan Karva at Pune Police Station under Sections 120B, 406, 420, 467, 468 and 471 of IPC against India Infoline Finance Ltd., Mr. Nirmal Jain, Mr. Venkatararaman Rajamani and others independent directors alleging that India Infoline Finance Ltd. ("IIFL") did not reduce the EMI amount despite he had repaid substantial loan amount and that without his permission a co-borrower and the IIFL settled the Arbitration proceedings for ₹ 70,000 and released the mortgaged property without his permission. He further alleged that IIFL misused his blank cheques given as security and filed false 138 complaints in Gurgaon court. The police filed the closure report treating the matter as civil in nature and the matter is pending before court for final order to close the complaint.

5. Litigations involving group companies

Except as disclosed below there are no litigations involving our group companies:

- (a) IIFL Commodities Limited ("IICL") (Formerly India Infoline Commodities Limited)
 - (i) Civil Proceedings against IICL

(ii) Criminal Proceedings against IICL

- 1. A complaint dated September 30, 2013 ("Complaint") was lodged by Pankaj Saraf, an investor in National Spot Exchange Limited ("NSEL"), at the MRA Marg Police Station Mumbai against NSEL and other brokers, including IICL, alleging inter-alia, criminal conspiracy, fraud and criminal breach of trust, under Sections 406, 420 and 120B of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. Basis the Complaint, the economic offences wing Mumbai ("EOW"), lodged a first information report against the Accused ("FIR"). IICL provided all the required details and documents and also personally appeared before the EOW and clarified its position in the matter. In connection with the FIR, one of the directors of IICL, Chintan Modi, was arrested by EOW in March, 2015 and was subsequently released on bail by the court established under Maharashtra Protection of Interest of Depositors (in Financial Establishments) Act, 1999. EOW has filed chargesheet against 63 individuals and companies, including IICL. Mr. Chintan Modi, Director was served with Summons. As directed, Mr. Chintan Modi appeared before the MPID court on April 26, 2019 when his presence was marked and a copy of the Charge sheet was handed over by the Court. The matter is pending for hearing.
- 2. A first information report dated October 24, 2010 ("FIR") was registered by Anil Kumar Tibrewal at Sunlight Colony, South East District, Delhi against IICL for the offences of cheating, forgery and conspiracy under Sections 420, 464 along with 120B of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. The FIR is placed before Delhi District Court, Saket, New Delhi, and is currently under investigation.
- 3. A show cause notice dated January 6, 2017 was received by IICL from the Serious Fraud Investigation Office ("SFIO"), Mumbai, seeking various details and documents with respect to certain transactions which

IICL carried out in National Spot Exchange Limited ("NSEL"). A detailed reply dated January 30, 2017 was submitted with the SFIO, along with all the supporting documents. Further, SFIO issued a notice dated February 24, 2017, addressed to the directors of the IICL for personal appearance before the additional director, SFIO. Chintan Modi, one of the directors of IICL, appeared and provided the requisite details, clarifications and documents as sought by the SFIO. No further communication was received from SFIO.

- 4. A summons ("Summons") was received by IICL from the Enforcement Directorate ("ED") in relation to the on-going probe in matter concerning NSEL. The matter relates to NSEL default in payouts to its clients in the year 2013 where IICL was the member of National Spot Exchange Limited ("NSEL") in the relevant period. The Summons sought personal appearance of the directors of IICL, on July 16, 2016 before the ED. Prasanth Prabhakaran and Chintan Modi, directors of IICL, appeared before the ED and provided the necessary explanation and details, as sought by the ED. Further, the ED sought certain additional details and documents from IICL and the same were duly submitted to the ED. Fresh summons dated May 7, 2019 were received from the ED seeking certain details and also the personal appearance of the director, Mr. Chintan Modi on May 15, 2019. Mr. Chintan Modi appeared before the ED on May 15, 2019 and submitted the required details and documents. No further communication has been received from ED.
- 5. A first information report dated July 7, 2015 ("FIR") was lodged by Sumita Kalra at the Moti Nagar Police Station, Delhi against IICL, under Sections 406 and 464 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, alleging inter-alia, unauthorised trading, forgery and criminal breach of trust. The FIR is being investigated by the police.
- 6. A first information report dated October 10, 2015 was lodged by Dalip Kumar Garg at Vasant Vihar Police Station, Delhi against IICL and Nirmal Jain and others, under Sections 406, 420 and 120B of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, alleging inter-alia, unauthorised trading, cheating, forgery and criminal breach of trust. The matter is presently being investigated by the police. An application was filed before the Sessions Court for grant of anticipatory bail and the same was granted by the court ("Order"). Against the Order, the complainant has preferred an appeal before the Delhi High Court and the withdrawal of the same has been initiated by the Complainant. The matter is pending for process..

(iii) Other material pending litigation

A demand notice dated September 1, 2014 was received by IICL from the Rajasthan Stamp Office, demanding payment of stamp duty, for the period commencing from September 2007 to March 2012 in relation to the trades carried out by IICL's clients ("Clients"), residing in the state of Rajasthan. IICL, vide its reply dated June 21, 2015, stated that the stamp duty with respect to the trades, was paid to state of Maharashtra until 2011, as the central office of IICL was located in Mumbai. Subsequently, the central office was shifted to the state of Tamil Nadu wherein no stamp duty was levied. Hence, the same was not levied and collected from the Client. The contract notes for the above period were issued to the Clients from both, the Mumbai and Chennai offices. Aggrieved by the demand notice, IICL filed a writ petition dated December 30, 2015 before Rajasthan High Court, requesting it to quash the demand notice. The matter has not been listed and is pending.

(iv) Pending actions by statutory or regulatory authorities against IICL

1. A show-cause notice dated October 28, 2016 was received by IICL from designated authority, SEBI ("DA SEBI"), under Regulation 25(1) of the SEBI (Intermediaries) Regulations, 2008 and SEBI (Stock Brokers) Regulations, 1992 in the matter of National Spot Exchange Limited payout default. A detailed reply was filed by IICL, along with supporting documents on November 25, 2016. Subsequently, IICL received a fresh show because notice dated April 25, 2017, from DA SEBI under Regulation 28(1) r/w Regulation 7(2) of the SEBI (Intermediaries) Regulations, 2008, along with a copy of the enquiry report, seeking IICL's reply and clarification. IICL sought inspection of the documents and appeared in personal hearings held on January 24, 2018 and February 7, 2018 before the whole-time member, SEBI ("WTM SEBI"). Further, subject to receipt of pending documents sought for inspection, IICL submitted its detailed reply along with all the supporting documents with WTM SEBI on June 18, 2018. WTM SEBI passed an interim order dated August 30, 2018 in this matter ("WTM Order") and directed IICL to submit any additional written submissions within 2 weeks from the date of order and appear for personal hearing on September 27, 2018 before WTM SEBI. Pending hearing before WTM SEBI, IICL vide its letter dated September 17, 2018 applied for withdrawal of its application for registration with the stock exchanges as well as SEBI. SEBI

vide its letter dated September 4, 2018 and the stock exchanges vide their emails informed IICL that pending enquiry/SCN, the application for withdrawal of the registration application cannot be entertained. IICL preferred a writ petition before the Bombay High Court against the said letter dated September 4, 2018 issued by SEBI and the WTM Order. The Writ Petition was rejected by the High Court vide its order dated October 4, 2018. Subsequent thereto, the matter was heard by WTM SEBI on October 11, 2018 and October 24, 2018 whereat written and oral submissions were made by IICL. IICL has filed additional written submissions with the WTM SEBI on November 6, 2018. IICL has filed the consent application before SEBI on December 31, 2018. IICL received the second show because notice dated December 27, 2018 from SEBI. IICL submitted its reply alongwith all the supporting documents with SEBI vide its letter dated January 23, 2019. IICL filed a consent application with SEBI on December 31, 2018 under the SEBI (Settlement of Administrative & Civil Proceedings) Regulation 2017. The said Application was returned by SEBI. Further, SEBI vide its order dated February 22, 2019, has declared IICL as "not a fit and proper person" to hold directly or indirectly, the certificate of registration as a commodity derivatives broker and has rejected the application dated December 23, 2015 filed by IICL for registration as commodity derivatives Broker. IICL has preferred an appeal against the said Order before Securities Appellate Tribunal on April 11, 2019 and SEBI filed its reply to the appeal and a rejoinder was thereafter filed by IIFL Commodities Limited on 14 October 2019. On 20 June 2019, an Intervening Application was filed by NSEL before SAT and the same was admitted by SAT on 11 November 2019. NSEL had also filed an appeal before SAT, inter-alia praying for expunging certain remarks made by SEBI against NSEL, in the aforesaid SEBI order against the brokers. The tribunal after hearing NSEL and the Brokers dismissed the said appeal filed by NSEL. NSEL preferred an appeal before the Supreme Court challenging the SAT Order and the Supreme Court directed an issue of notice to the respondents and stayed further proceedings in the cross appeals pending before the SAT. IIFL Commodities Limited filed its affidavit in reply and the matter is pending before the Supreme Court. .

- 2. Multi Commodity Exchange of India Limited vide its letter has levied a penalty of Rs.1,19,24,568/- plus applicable taxes in respect of violation observed during the inspection inter alia for incorrect margin reporting and alleged violation of Exchange Bye-laws and Business Rules related to the inspection of the books of accounts and other related documents for the F.Y. 2015-16. Appeals have been filed before SAT. The matter is pending with SAT.
- 3. Multi Commodity Exchange of India Limited vide its letter has levied a penalty of Rs.6,95,167/- plus applicable taxes in respect of alleged violation of exchange bye-laws and business rules on account of alleged discrepancies in non-settlement of funds, funding to the Client and incorrect updation of client's funds and securities on Exchange system for the F.Y. 2017-18. Appeals have been filed before SAT. The matter is pending with SAT.

(b) IIFL Securities Limited ("ISL") (Formerly India Infoline Limited)

(i) Civil Proceedings against ISL

- 1. An arbitration application dated August 25, 2015 was filed by Central Business Services Limited ("CBSL") along with Jain Industrial & Commercial Services Private Limited ("JICSL") (collectively, "Claimants") before a private arbitration tribunal ("Tribunal") against ISL. A consolidated statement of claim ("Claims") for an amount of ₹260 million along with interest thereon was filed before the Tribunal. A statement of defense was filed by ISL along with preliminary objections on the maintainability of the claim filed by JICSL and on the clubbing of Claims filed by the Claimants. The Tribunal dismissed the preliminary objections filed by ISL. The Claimants filed a rejoinder and an affidavit of evidence. The pleadings in the matter are completed. The hearing of the matter concluded on March 26, 2018 and the claim is valued at approximately ₹260 million. An award dated October 3, 2018 ("Award") was received partly in favour of ISL and partly in favour of CBSL. ISL is in the process of filing of an execution petition in respect of the net receivable of ₹3.2 million and application for the return of the amount held in escrow. CBSL has filed an Arbitration Application u/s 34 of the Arbitration Act before the High Court, Kolkata challenging the Award. ISL is in the process of filing its reply. The matter is currently pending.
- 2. Arbitration application dated December 23, 2021 was filed by Monali Prabhakar Ahirrao ("Authorised Person/FAN") before Arbitration Tribunal of National Stock Exchange at Mumbai ("**Tribunal**") against

ISL. A statement of claim ("Claim") for an amount of Rs. 202.63 million for termination and compensation was filed before the Tribunal. The matter is currently pending.

(ii) Civil proceedings by ISL

- 1. An application u/s section 9 of the Arbitration Act dated February 13, 2019 was filed by ISL before the High Court, Mumbai ("Court") against Harshad Thakkar, claiming an amount of ₹30,29,49,793 for defaulting in the payment of outstanding dues. The Court was pleased to allow the application and issued an interim order. The Court issued an order of injunction on the pledged shares and also attachment order on all the properties disclosed in income tax returns. The Court has directed issue of notice to the respondent and publication of notice. The matter is currently pending.
- 2. An arbitration application dated April 6, 2022 was filed by ISL before Arbitration Tribunal of National Stock Exchange at Mumbai ("**Tribunal**") against Harshad Hirji Thakkar, claiming an amount of Rs. 418.77 million for defaulting in the payment of outstanding dues along with interest. The matter is currently pending

(iii) Criminal proceedings against ISL

- A summons received by ISL on November 24, 2008 ("Complaint") was filed by GHCL Employees Stock Option Trust ("GHCL ESOP Trust") under the Indian Penal Code, 1860, before the Court of Additional Chief Judicial Magistrate, Patiala House Court, New Delhi ("Lower Court") against ISL. The trustees of the GHCL ESOP Trust had opened a dematerialized account with ISL and continued purchasing shares through the dematerialized account. By its letter dated April 30, 2008, ISL informed the GHCL ESOP Trust of its outstanding debit of ₹104.80 million and the existence of lien on the 2,046,195 shares purchased by it. In its response, GHCL ESOP Trust: (a) claimed that ₹ 104.80 million had been duly paid by it, and later it had noted that the correct amount, as reflected in its statement of account was ₹102.28 million; and (b) alleged that ISL instead of refunding the difference amount of ₹2.52 million asked the GHCL ESOP Trust to clear the debits of five companies, and on failing to do so, ISL sold 876,668 shares belonging to the GHCL ESOP Trust illegally and without any authorization. A summons order dated September 27, 2008 ("summons order") was passed by the Lower Court, summoning ISL to face trial for the offences under the provisions of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. ISL filed a petition in the Delhi High Court ("Petition") on March 22, 2009 challenging the Summons order. The Delhi High Court by its order dated December 14, 2009 quashed and set aside the Complaint and the summons order as against ISL. GHCL ESOP Trust filed an Appeal before the Supreme Court against the order of the Delhi High Court on March 11, 2010. By its order dated March 22, 2013, the Supreme Court confirmed the order of the Delhi High Court and held that no offence of cheating is made out against ISL and the matter is presently pending before the Lower Court against ISL.
- 2. A complaint dated July 12, 2011 was filed by Sushama Agarwal before Chief Judicial Magistrate, Meerut, against ISL under Sections 406, 420 and 464 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, alleging unauthorised trading, criminal breach of trust, cheating and forgery. Pursuant to the complaint, the Court, passed an order for issuance of process on July 25, 2011. ISL filed a Petition before the Allahabad High Court on April 7, 2014 ("petition") for quashing the order of the Court. The petition was admitted and the Allahabad High Court vide its order dated April 22, 2014 stayed the proceedings before the Chief Judicial Magistrate, Meerut. The case is presently pending before the Allahabad High Court for hearing.
- 3. A first information report dated October 12, 2012 ("FIR") was lodged by Mohinder Singh ("Complainant") at the Moti Nagar Police Station, New Delhi against ISL under Sections 420 and 120B of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, alleging unauthorised trading and cheating. A notice was received from the police directing ISL to provide the details of the transactions of the Complainant along with the supporting documents. The same has been provided by the Complainant. No further communication received from the police.
- 4. A first information report bearing number 76/2015 ("FIR") was lodged by Mohit Gujral ("Complainant") at the Economic Offences Wing ("EOW"), New Delhi against ISL under Sections 405, 120B, 420 and 120B of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, alleging unauthorised trading, cheating and criminal breach of trust. A notice was received from the EOW to provide the details of the transactions of the Complainant along with

the supporting documents. The same has been provided by the Complainant. No further communication received from the EOW.

- 5. A first information report dated March 19, 2014 was lodged by Devender Mohan Singh Negi ("Complainant") at the Moti Nagar Police Station, New Delhi, against ISL, under Sections 420, 468, 471, 406, 34 and 120B of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, alleging unauthorised trading and cheating, forgery and criminal breach of trust. The notice received from the police directing ISL to provide the details of the transactions of the Complainant along with the supporting documents and the same has been provided by ISL. No further communication received from the police.
- 6. A first information report dated May 20, 2014 ("FIR") was lodged by Renu Jain ("Complainant") at the Moti Nagar Police Station, New Delhi, against ISL under Sections 406, 420 and 468 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 for unauthorised trading and cheating, forgery and criminal breach of trust. The notice received from the police in respect of the FIR directing ISL to provide the details of the transactions of the Complainant along with the supporting documents and the same has been provided. No further communication received from the police.
- 7. A Complaint received by ISL on December 9, 2012 was filed by Arunava Patra before the Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Paschim Medinipur, West Bengal, against IIFL, ISL, its directors Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain, Venkataraman Rajamani and others under Sections 406 and 120B of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, alleging inter-alia, forgery and criminal conspiracy and certain offences under the Companies Act, 1956. Pursuant to the complaint, the Court passed an order for issuance of process on June 16, 2014. ISL filed a writ petition dated April 10, 2015 ("Petition") before the Calcutta High Court for quashing of the proceedings before Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Paschim Medinipur, West Bengal. The Calcutta High Court passed an order and the certified copy of the order was received by us on June 18, 2015 staying the proceedings before Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Paschim Medinipur, West Bengal. The matter is presently pending before the Calcutta High Court for further hearing.
- 8. A complaint dated November 23, 2011 was filed by Seema Bulsara ("Complainant") with the Economic Offence Wing ("EOW"), Mumbai, and the first information report was lodged against Mukti Laheri and 'unknown officials' of ISL, alleging unauthorized trading. A charge sheet was filed by the EOW, Mumbai before the 19th Court, Esplanade, Mumbai against Mukti Laheri and Manish Kumar, an ex-employee of ISL. Further, a supplementary charge sheet ("Supplementary Charge Sheet") was filed by EOW, Mumbai against ISL on April 17, 2015. The matter is presently pending before the 19th Court, Esplanade, Mumbai for hearing and for taking on record the Supplementary Charge Sheet.
- 9. A criminal complaint dated May 25, 2013 was filed by Ravindra Kumar Thakur before Chief Judicial Magistrate, Bhagalpur, Bihar against ISL and others, alleging, inter alia, criminal breach of trust, cheating and forgery under sections 406, 417, 420, 467, 468 & 471 of Indian Penal Code, 1860. A summons dated May 04, 2019 was received by ISL on May 08, 2019. The matter is currently pending.
- 10. A criminal revision dated April 2, 2022 was filed by Rohit Kumar Singh before District & Sessions Court Gautam Buddha Nagar against ISL and others, challenging the order passed by lower court wherein the lower court dismissed the application filed by Rohit Kumar Singh for praying an order of investigation by police. The matter is currently pending.
- 11. A complaint dated July 24, 2012 filed by Gustad Anklesaria before 71st MM Court, Bandra, Mumbai against India Infoline Limited and its directors & Ors. alleging, inter alia, criminal breach of trust, forgery & criminal conspiracy under sections 120B, 409, 465, 467, 471 & 474 of Indian Penal Code, 1860. The Court issued process against all Accused except India Infoline Limited. Mr. Nirmal Jain & Mr. R Venkataraman filed criminal revision before Sessions Court, Mumbai for challenging the order of issuance of process. The Sessions Court Mumbai vide its Order dated March 26, 2018, allowed the criminal revision and quashed & set aside issue process order passed by lower court against Mr. Nirmal Jain & Mr. R Venkataraman. Subsequently, an application has been filed by Gustad Anklesaria before 71st MM Court, Bandra, Mumbai for issuance of summons against India Infoline Limited. The Court allowed the application and issued summons against India Infoline Limited.

(iv) Criminal proceedings by ISL

- 1. A complaint dated March 7, 2008 was filed by ISL before the Metropolitan Magistrate's Court, Tis Hazari, Delhi, against Kuldeep Singh and Surender Kumar, Ex-employees, for theft and criminal conspiracy under sections 120A and 379 of Indian Penal Code, 1860. The matter is presently pending for hearing before the said court.
- 2. A complaint dated February 25, 2013 was filed by ISL before Chief Judicial Magistrate Court, Pune against Devdutt Musale a former employee of ISL, for, the offences of criminal breach of trust, cheating and forgery. The matter is presently pending for evidence.
- 3. A criminal revision dated December 22, 2016 was filed by ISL before the District and Sessions Court, Hisar, against Tarun Malhotra for restoration of the complaint filed by ISL for offence of, cheating, criminal breach of trust and also for offences punishable under the provisions of the Information Technology Act, 2000. The matter is presently pending for hearing.
- 4. A complaint dated November 2, 2007 was filed by ISL before the Metropolitan Magistrate Court, Ahmedabad against Ragvendra Singh (former employee), Harsh Dinesh Kaushik (former employee) for offences of, cheating and criminal breach of trust for carrying out unauthorized trading in a client account. The matter is presently pending for hearing before the said court.
- 5. A complaint was filed by ISL before Police Station PS Kotwali, Bharatpur, Rajasthan against Mukesh Kuntal ("Accused") for the offences of, cheating, forgery and theft. Thereafter, a first information report ("FIR") was registered against the Accused. The FIR is presently being investigated by the police.
- 6. A complaint was filed by ISL before Civil Line Police Station, Amritsar against Pankaj Ohri ("Accused") for the offences of, cheating, forgery and theft. Thereafter, a first information report ("FIR") was registered against the Accused. The FIR is presently being investigated by the police.
- 7. A complaint dated May 20, 2011 was filed by ISL before Gautam Buddha Nagar Police Station, Uttar Pradesh against Mohd. Tariq ("Accused") for the offences of cheating and forgery of documents. Thereafter, a first information report ("FIR") was registered against the Accused. The FIR is presently being investigated by the police.
- 8. A complaint dated December 23, 2015 was filed by ISL before Kothrud Police Station, Pune against Ashpak Hamid Sayyad, Rakesh Natwarlal Solanki, Kalpesh Kantilal Waghela, Prabhat Bhura Patel, ex-employees of ISL ("Accused") for the offence of cheating and forgery of documents. Thereafter, a first information report ("FIR") was registered against the Accused. The FIR is presently being investigated by the police.
- 9. A complaint dated February 24, 2022 was filed by ISL before Chief Judicial Magistrate Arrah Bihar for praying for directions to the police to lodge a complaint against Mrs. Shalini Jain ("Accused") for the offences under section 406, 420, 467, 468, 471 and 120B of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. The matter is pending.
- 10. A FIR is lodged on April 5, 2022 by ISL before Birsa Nagar Police Station, Jamshedpur, Patna against Mr. Anand Rao ("Accused") for the offences under section 420, 467, 468, 471 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. The matter is pending

Cases filed by ISL under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881

1) ISL has filed 20 proceedings against defaulting customers under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 for dishonour of cheques, in various courts. The aggregate of claim amounts filed by ISL are approximately ₹ 435 million. The matters are pending before various courts at various stages of adjudication.

(v) Other material pending litigation involving ISL

- 1. A demand notice dated June 5, 2014 ("Notice") was received by ISL from the Rajasthan Stamp Office, demanding payment of stamp duty for the period commencing from September 2007 to March 2012, in relation to the trades carried out by ISL's clients residing in the state of Rajasthan. ISL, through its reply dated June 21, 2014, stated that the stamp duty with respect to the trades was paid to the State of Maharashtra as the central office of ISL is located in Mumbai and contract notes were issued to the clients from the Mumbai office. Aggrieved by the notice, ISL filed a writ petition before Rajasthan High Court on in April 25, 2015, requesting it to quash the notice. The matter has not been listed and is presently pending before the Rajasthan High Court.
- 2. IIFL ("Petitioner") filed a writ petition numbered 1650 of 2012 ("Writ") dated January 27, 2012 before the High Court of Madhya Pradesh ("Jabalpur High Court") against the State of Madhya Pradesh ("Respondent") under Article 226 of the Constitution of India ("Constitution") challenging the demand notice dated December 1, 2012 issued by the State of Madhya Pradesh seeking to levy stamp duty on the transactions done by the clients of the Petitioner through their trading accounts. The contention raised by the Petition is that unless there is a provision made under the relevant act, no demand for payment of stamp duty in such transaction can be made. The Madhya Pradesh High Court passed an order dated February 10, 2012 directing that no coercive steps be taken against the petitioner till further consideration of the interim prayer. The matter is currently pending.

(vi) Legal action taken by statutory or regulatory authorities against ISL:

- 1. A notice dated May 2, 2017 was received by ISL from SEBI, basis an inspection conducted by SEBI during the period between January 30, 2014 and February 3, 2014 covering period from 2011 to 2014. The matter relates to SEBI's observations for non-segregation of own funds from clients' funds, misuse of credit balance of clients' funds for debit balance clients' funds and improper designation of the client bank account. ISL had applied for the inspection of documents, which were relied upon by SEBI, in relation to issuance of the enquiry notice. Upon the receiving such documents, ISL submitted reply to SEBI notice providing clarification with supporting documents and highlighting the corrective measures adopted and implemented including compliance with circulars issued by SEBI on enhanced risk based supervision. During the period of three years beginning the date of conclusion of the onsite inspection, three supplementary reports were issued in this matter which has been suitably replied to. Further, IIFL filed a fresh Consent Application on May 30, 2019 under SEBI Settlement Regulation 2018. The said Consent Application was modified and resubmitted to SEBI and the matter is currently pending with SEBI.
- 2. SEBI issued an adjudication show case notice dated June 10, 2021 under Rule 4 (1) of the SEBI (Procedure for Holding Inquiry and imposing penalties by Adjudicating Officer) Rules, 1995 in the matter of ICICI Lombard General Insurance Company Ltd. SEBI conducted an examination of block deals to check any manipulation of reference price considered for execution of block deal trades in the scrip of ICICI Lombard General Insurance Company Ltd. during the period April 01, 2019 to September 30, 2019 to examine the violation of SEBI Act, 1992, Rules and Regulations, if any. It was alleged that ISL has knowingly manipulated the reference price of ICICI Lombard General Insurance Company Ltd. for block deal during the afternoon window for the period 14:05 to 14:20 hrs on September 26, 2019 and thereby violating provision of SEBI Act, 1992 and regulations of SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating to Securities Market Regulations), 2003 and provisions of code of conduct prescribed under Schedule II read with Regulation 9(f) of SEBI (Stock Broker) Regulations, 1992. ISL has filed a Consent Application on July 12, 2021 with SEBI under SEBI Settlement Regulation 2018. Matter is pending with SEBI.
- 3. A notice dated October 28, 2021 was received by ISL from SEBI, basis an inspection conducted by SEBI during March 2017 covering period from April01, 2015 to January 31, 2017. The matter relates to SEBI's observations for non-segregation of own funds from clients' funds, misuse of credit balance of clients' funds for debit balance clients' funds and improper designation of the client bank account. SEBI has passed the Adjudication Order on May 30, 2022 imposing penalty on ISL. ISL is preparing for further action..

- 4. ISL received a SEBI Enquiry notice dated October 28, 2021 based on the inspection conducted during February 2014 (period from 2011 to 2014) and March 2017 (period from April 01, 2015 to January 31, 2017) in respect of segregation of clients' funds. Replies submitted by ISL, matter is currently pending with SEBI.
- 5. FIU-India has issued a Show Cause Notice dated May 20, 2022 under section 13 of the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 ("PMLA") stating certain observations which primafacie appear to disclose potential non-compliances under PMLA and rules/regulations. ISL is preparing the reply to be submitted with the authority.
- 6. ISL received a SEBI Show cause notice dated June 16, 2022 alleging that, ISL being one of the 125 brokers mentioned therein failed to exercise care and diligence in the conduct of business while dealing with its clients and therefore not complying with Schedule II A (2) of the Code of Conduct for Stock Brokers read with regulation 9(f) of the SEBI (Stock Brokers) Regulations, 1992.
- 7. ISL had executed trades in ICICI Lombard General Insurance Co in the block window on September 26, 2019 on behalf of reputed institutional investors. The residual quantity, as per the offer, was sold on screen prior to the said placement in the block window. Subsequently, SEBI initiated adjudication proceedings contending that the sale of the residual quantity influenced the block window price. ISL contended the matter and order dated July 29, 2022 is passed by SEBI wherein a penalty of Rs. 25 lakhs has been imposed on ISL under Section 15HA and 15HB of the SEBI Act, 1992 which shall be paid within 45 days from the receipt of the said order.

(c) IIFL Insurance Brokers Limited ("IIIBL") (Formerly IIFL Insurance Brokers Limited)

(i) Criminal proceedings against IIIBL

1. A first information report bearing no. 25/2015 dated September 16, 2015 ("FIR") was lodged by Ravindra Nath Gangele at the Cyber and Hi-Tech Crime Police Station, Bhopal, against IIIBL alleging mis-selling of insurance. IIIBL has replied to the notice and requisition received from the police in connection with the FIR and no further communication has been received.

(ii) Legal action taken by statutory or regulatory authorities against IIIBL

1. Insurance Regulatory Development Authority ("IRDA") issued a show cause notice dated February 26, 2019 stating their observations of inspection on insurance broking business during the period of 2014-15 and 2015-16. A detailed reply was issued to IRDA with the compliances submitted vide a letter dated April 08, 2019. IRDA concluded the proceedings vide order dated November 27, 2019 and imposed penalty of 2,04,00,000/- (Rupees Two Crore and Four Lakh Only). IIIBL has filed an appeal with SAT against the IRDA order dated November 27, 2019 and SAT vide order dated March 25, 2022 partly allowed the appeal and reduced the penalty to Rs. 54,00,000 (Rupees Fifty-Four Lakhs) currently the matter is pending in SAT.

(d) IIFL Facilities Services Limited (Formerly known as IIFL Realty Limited) ("IFSL")

(i) Criminal proceedings filed by IFSL

Cases filed by IFSL under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881

IFSL has filed three proceedings against defaulting vendors under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, for dishonour of cheques in various courts. The aggregate of claim amounts filed by IFSL is approximately ₹7.5 million. The matters are pending before the courts for adjudication.

(e) IIFL Management Services Limited ("IMSL")

(i) Civil Proceeding by IMSL

Company Application nos.171/2019 & 173/2019 dated April 9, 2019 was filed by IMSL before the High Court, Bombay ("Court") against Shree Urban Infrastructure Limited to seek leave of this Hon'ble Court under Section 446 of the Companies Act, 1956 to file proceedings against Shree Ram Urban Infrastructure

Limited, before this Hon'ble Court thereby seeking specific performance of the Agreement for sale of the premises. The matter is currently pending.

(ii) Criminal proceedings against IMSL

A complaint dated October 18, 2013 was filed by Gouri Manjunath Jonniya before Chief Judicial Magistrate, Nagpur, against IMSL and its directors, Nirmal Bhanwarlal Jain and Venkataraman Rajamani, alleging, inter alia, cheating, forgery, criminal breach of trust and misuse of her insurance license under Sections 406, 420 and 464 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. The Chief Judicial Magistrate, Nagpur passed an order of issuance of process on January 31, 2014. Aggrieved by the order of the Chief Judicial Magistrate, Nagpur, IMSL filed a revision application before the Sessions Court, Nagpur on April 04, 2014 for quashing and setting aside the order of issuance of process. The Sessions Court, Nagpur vide its order dated June 6, 2014 admitted the revision application and stayed the proceedings before the Chief Judicial Magistrate, Nagpur. The case is presently pending before the Sessions Court, Nagpur for hearing.

(f) IIFL Wealth (UK) Limited ("IIFL UK")

(i) Civil Proceedings against IIFL (UK) Ltd

A civil suit has been filed before the High Court of Justice, Business and Property courts of England and Wales, Queens Bench division, Commercial Court ("Court") against IIFL UK, Ramu Ramasamy, Palaniyapan Ramasamy and Amit Shah (collectively, the "Defendants") by Prashant Hasmukh Manek, Sanjay Chandi and EAGM Ventures (India) Private Limited ("Claimants"). The Claimants claim that they had agreed to sell their shares in Hermes i-Tickets Private Limited to Great Indian Retail Private Limited as a result of certain representations purportedly made by the Defendants. IIFL UK and Amit Shah filed a joint statement of defence with the Court and also responded to Claimants' request for further information. In June 2018, the Claimants filed their reply to the joint statement of defence with the Court. The claim amount in the matter is € 26.53 million, in addition to such further sums that are to be assessed in respect of consequential losses relating to the earn out consideration. Ramu Ramasamy & Palaniyapan Ramasamy vide their application dated 25 April 2019 to the UK Court, challenged the jurisdiction of the UK Court. Ramu and Palaniyapan have been successful on the jurisdictional grounds, the case has been dismissed against them and their claim was intera alia on basis that claim against IIFL UK is unsound. The Claimants have preferred an appeal against the said judgement. The matter is currently pending.

(g) IIFL Asset Management Limited ("IIFLAMIL")

(i) Civil Proceedings Against IIFLAMIL

- 1. In the year 2015, certain IIFL real estate funds subscribed to non convertible debentures ("NCDs") issued by Sutlej Housing Private Limited ("Sutlej") for an amount of ₹ 88 crore (approx.) against the security of mortgage of a land ("Mortgaged Property"). The Mortgaged Property was owned jointly by Sutlej and Nagindas Properties Private Limited ("NPPL") pursuant to certain conveyance deeds, development contract and certain other documents and agreements ("Contracts"). NPPL and certain other persons filed a suit in the Bombay High Court in October 2019 against Sutlej, promoters of Sutlej and connected persons/entities of Sutlej, and certain lenders of Sutlej seeking, among other reliefs, (i) a direction that the Contracts be declared void, (ii) a permanent injunction against lenders including IIFL Asset Management Limited, who is acting as investment manager to IIFL real estate funds that had invested in NCDs of Sutlej, restraining them from acting on the encumbrance created and taking any steps to enforce their charge. However, as one of creditor's application for corporate insolvency resolution process was accepted by the Hon'ble NCLT, Mumbai vide order dated 25 September 2019 a corporate insolvency resolution process got commenced in respect of Sutlej. Such NCLT order further directed the moratorium on all pending suits against Sutlej, and, as such the suit filed by NPPL before the Bombay High Court has been placed in abeyance.
- 2. IIFL Cash Opportunities Fund had through its Investment Manager IIFL Asset Management Limited subscribed to certain Optionally Convertible Debentures ("OCD") issued by Marvel Sigma Homes Private Limited. The investment was secured, among other securities, by a property situated at Village Hadapsar, Taluka Haveli, District Pune. Shri Pramod Tukaram Magar ("Plaintiff No. 1") and 7 others ("the Plaintiffs") have claimed that they are the rightful owners of the concerned property and that Marvel Sigma

Homes Private Limited ("Defendant No. 1"), the developer of the property, was not authorised to provide the said property as collateral. Therefore, Plaintiffs have filed a Commercial Civil Suit before District and Sessions Court, Pune, against Defendant No. 1 and 11 others praying that the Debenture Trust Deed, pursuant to which the Debenture Subscription was made, be declared null and void. IIFL Cash Opportunities Fund and IIFL Asset Management Limited have also been made defendants although there is no claim made against IIFL Cash Opportunities Fund and IIFL Asset Management Limited. IIFL has filed Application under Order 1 Rule 10 (2) read with Order 6 Rule 16 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 for striking off its name from the Suit as they have sold the above OCD's to an investor.

(ii) Legal action taken by statutory or regulatory authorities against IIFLAMIL

An investigation was launched by SEBI due to front-running alerts generated between December 2019 and August 2020 against Mr. Santosh Brijraj Singh, amongst other parties. Mr. Singh is an employee of IIFL Asset Management Limited. SEBI's investigation determined that Mr. Singh engaged in front-running by using non-public information to execute trades in various accounts in advance of the mutual funds and other large clients advised by IIFL Asset Management Limited in violation of SEBI regulations. Mr. Singh and other parties then withdrew monies from such personal accounts and profited off the front-running trades. SEBI determined that as a result of the aforementioned violations, Mr. Singh is now barred from the financial services industry and his bank accounts have been frozen. Further sanctions may be issued by SEBI at its discretion. SEBI has passed a confirmatory order dated August 31, 2021 confirming its interim order dated October 1, 2020.

(h) IIFL Wealth Prime Limited (earlier known as IIFL Wealth Finance Limited)

IIFL Wealth Prime Limited ("IIFL") has filed a commercial suit under the provisions of the Commercial Court Act, 2015 in the Hon'ble High Court, Bombay in its capacity as the lender under the Master Financing Agreement dated 29th December 2017 ("the Master Financing Agreement") and the mortgagee of certain immovable properties mortgaged with IIFL as security. IIFL has filed the said suit, as the Defendants have committed breaches of the terms and conditions of the Master Financing Agreement including failure to pay to IIFL the outstanding amounts, which compelled IIFL to declare an Event of Default in terms of the Master Financing Agreement and call upon the Defendants to pay the outstanding dues. The Defendants have however, failed and/or neglected to repay IIFL its dues. The said suit has thus been filed by IIFL against (i) Fastgrowth Hospitality LLP; (ii) Purvi Parikh; (iii) Shweta Parikh; (iv) Vrunda Parikh persons at (i) to (iv) are hereinafter collectively referred to as "Defendant Nos.1 to 4"; (v) Diagrams Realty LLP; (vi) Miten Parikh; and (vii) Bhaven Parikh persons at (v) to (vii) are hereinafter collectively referred to as "Defendant Nos.5 to 7" inter alia seeking (i) to recover from the Defendant Nos. 1 to 4 an aggregate sum of ₹ 24,39,28,178 being their loan repayment obligations under Master Financing Agreement along with further interest and costs etc.; (ii) enforcement of the mortgages created by the Defendant Nos. 5 to 7 in favour of IIFL as and by way of security for repayment of the said loan in respect of their various immovable properties; and (iii) specific performance/ enforcement of a covenant/ undertaking by which the Defendants have promised to create a mortgage in the favour of IIFL in respect of an immovable property situated in Mumbai. In the said Suit, IIFL is the lender visa-vis Defendant Nos. 1 to 4 and mortgagee vis-a-vis Defendant Nos. 5 to 7. IIFL has been granted ad-interim reliefs of injunction and disclosure to be made by the Defendants vide Order dated 2nd August 2021 passed in the Interim Application. The case is currently pending.

(i) IIFL Capital Inc. ("IIFCI")

IIFCI is registered as a broker dealer with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, United States of America ("FINRA"). IIFCI, for a period of time, missed to meet the regulatory minimum net capital requirement, due to an inadvertent miss - classification of receivables in books of accounts. IIFCI settled the non-compliance by payment of USD 15,000 to FINRA and since then has duly complied with minimum net capital requirement.

(j) 5Paisa Capital Limited ("5Paisa")

Legal action taken by statutory or regulatory authorities against 5Paisa

1. With respect to NSE regular inspection conducted in February 2019 for the period 2018-19, a penalty of ₹ 1,60,000 was levied on 5Paisa for the observations pertaining to non-settlement of client funds and

securities, non-maintenance of register of securities in the prescribed format, co-mingling of collateral stocks and funded stocks made during the course of said inspection. The penalty in connection with the said observations has been paid by 5Paisa.

- 2. A penalty of ₹ 2,00,000 was levied on 5Paisa by NSE for non-upload of Client Funds & Securities Balances for the month of March 2019. The penalty in connection with the same has been paid by 5Paisa.
- 3. A penalty of ₹ 80,000 was levied on 5Paisa by BSE for delay in upload of holding statement for the month of December 2019. The penalty in connection with the same has been paid by 5Paisa.
- 4. A penalty of ₹ 50,000 was levied on 5Paisa by NSE for release of advertisement without seeking approval of the Exchange. The penalty in connection with the same has been paid by 5Paisa.
- A penalty of ₹ 3,600 was levied on 5Paisa by NSE and BSE for delay in submission of Half Yearly Networth Certificate.
- 6. A penalty of ₹ 1,500 was levied on 5Paisa by NSE for delay in submission of Weekly Client Fund Monitoring.
- 7. A penalty of ₹ 11,000 was levied on 5Paisa by BSE for non-compliances/violations reported in Internal Audit Report submitted for the half year ended March 2020.
- 8. A penalty of ₹ 17,500 was levied on 5Paisa by MCX for non-compliances/violations reported in Internal Audit Report submitted for the half year ended September 2020.
- 9. With respect to SEBI inspection conducted jointly with BSE, NSE, MCX ad CDSL in June 2019 for the period April 01, 2018 to May 31, 2019, a penalty of ₹ 1,362,791 was levied on 5paisa Capital Limited for the observations pertaining to handling of client's funds and securities, Client Funding, Client Registration Process, Analysis of Enhanced Supervision Data made during the course of said inspection. The penalty in connection with the said observations has been paid by 5paisa Capital Limited.
- 10. A penalty of ₹ 5,000 was levied on 5Paisa by MCX for not assigning proper nomenclature for Bank Account details.
- 11. A penalty of ₹ 8,000 was levied on 5Paisa by NSE for non-compliances/violations reported in Internal Audit Report submitted for the half year ended September 2020.
- 12. A penalty of ₹ 6,000 was levied on 5Paisa by BSE for non-compliances/violations reported in Internal Audit Report submitted for the half year ended September 2020.
- 13. A penalty of Rs. 42,500 was levied on 5Paisa by MCX for non-compliances/violations reported in Internal Audit Report submitted for the half year ended March 2021.
- 14. A penalty of Rs. 10,000 was levied on 5Paisa by BSE towards unregistered client code.
- 15. A penalty of Rs. 10,000 was levied on 5Paisa by BSE towards unregistered client code.
- 16. A penalty of Rs. 12,500 was levied on 5Paisa by MCX for Adverse Observe MCX reported in Internal Audit Report submitted for the half year ended September 2021.
- 17. A penalty of Rs. 60,000 was levied on 5Paisa by NSE Non Tagging of Unique Identifier for Algorithmic orders.
- 18. A penalty of Rs. 10,000 was levied on 5Paisa by BSE towards unregistered client code.
- 19. A penalty of Rs. 30,000 was levied on 5Paisa by BSE towards unregistered client code.

20. A penalty of Rs. 2,20,000 (i.e., Rs. 10,000/- per client) was levied on 5Paisa by MCX towards incorrect state city in UCC database of the exchange.

6. Litigations involving Key Managerial Personnel of the Company

Save and except the litigations against our Directors and KMPs disclosed in the section titled as "Outstanding Litigations" on page 235 of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, there are no litigations pending or taken against the KMPs of our Company.

7. Taxation

Details of tax proceedings against our Company and the group companies:

(i) Our Company

Please see below the table setting out details of tax proceeding against our Company-

(₹ in million)

Entite.	No. of	f Cases	Amount Involved		
Entity	Direct	Indirect Tax	Direct Tax	Indirect Tax	
IIFL Finance Limited (earlier known as "IIFL Holdings Limited)	7	5	462.60	846.94	
India Infoline Finance Limited (now	6	1	200.46	1.99	
merged with IIFL Finance Limited)					

- 1. Our Company (IIFL Finance Limited "earlier known as "IIFL Holdings Limited") has earned exempt income i.e. dividend during the period AY 2010-11 to AY 2018-19, being 7 different assessment years. The assessing officer has disallowed expenses in proportionate to the exempt income earned as per Section 14A of Income Tax Act by applying Rule 8D of Income Tax Rules. The total tax impact of such disallowance amounts to ₹ 462.60 million. Our Company has filed the appeal against such disallowances made under Section 14A of the Income Tax Act and the matters are pending for disposal before various Income Tax Appellate Authorities.
- 2. In the similar line, India Infoline Finance Limited now (now merged with IIFL Finance Limited), has earned exempt income i.e. dividend during the period AY 2012-13 to AY 2018-19, being 6 different assessment years. The assessing officer has disallowed expenses in proportionate to the exempt income earned as per Section 14A of Income Tax Act by applying Rule 8D of Income Tax Rules. The total tax impact of such disallowance amounts to ₹ 200.46 millions Our Company has filed the appeal against such disallowances made under Section 14A of the Income Tax Act and the matters are pending for disposal before various Income Tax Appellate Authorities.
- 3. The Show Cause Notice. No. 1358/COMMR/2014-15 dated September 19, 2014 has been issued to the Company demanding Service Tax amounting to ₹ 199.92 million plus interest & penalty totalling to Rs. 539.90 million as on June 30, 2022 for the period July 1, 2012 to March 31, 2014 on the Brokerage Income earned from FII Clients considering the same as taxable income. However, the Company has treated such Brokerage Income as an exempt income while filling its service tax return. The Department has confirmed the said service tax demand on such FII Brokerage by issuing the Order No. 143-144/COMMR/(Dr. KNR)/CGST&CEX/MC/2018-19 dated January 10, 2019. The Company has litigated the said addition & has filed an appeal against the order of the Service Tax authorities before the CESTAT Mumbai. The matter is pending for disposal before CESTAT Mumbai.
- 4. The Show cause notice. F No. 06/COMMR/ST-III/2015-16 dated April 7, 2016 has been issued to the Company demanding Service Tax on the Exchange Transaction charges earned by the Company during period April 1, 2017 to May 13, 2008 amounting to Rs. 28.61 million plus interest & penalty aggregating to Rs. 135.34 million as at June 30, 2022 considering it as a taxable transaction and not as a pure agent service. The department has confirmed the said demand of Exchange Transaction Charges by issuing an order. The Company has litigated the said addition and filed an appeal against the Order of the Service Tax authorities before the CESTAT Mumbai. The matter is pending for disposal before CESTAT Mumbai.

- 5. The Show Cause Notice. C. No. V(H)Adj-I/ST/140/2012/2077 dated September 19, 2015 has been issued to the company by Sriganganagar, Rajasthan Jurisdiction demanding Service Tax on the Exchange Transaction charges earned by the Company during the period April 2007 to March 2012 April 1, 2007 to May 13, 2008 amounting to Rs. 0.586 million plus interest & penalty aggregating to Rs. 2.42 Million as at June 30, 2022 considering it as a taxable transaction. The department has confirmed the said demand of Exchange Transaction Charges by issuing an Order. The Company has litigated the said addition and filed an appeal against the Order of the Service Tax authorities before the Commissioner Appeal, Rajasthan. The matter is pending for disposal.
- 6. The company has received order from Andhra Pradesh GST Authorities raising a demand of Rs. Rs. 1.99 Million plus Interest as at 30th June 2022 for the gap in the turnover reported in GSTR 1 vs. GSTR 3B during the period July 1, 2017 to March 31, 2019 in the case of India Infoline Finance Limited (now merged with IIFL Finance Limited). The Company has litigated such demand and filed an appeal against the order of the GST authorities before the GST Commissioner Appeals. The matter is pending for disposal.
- 7. The Show cause notice F. No. DGCEI/DZU/INV/B/India/545/2015/9295 dated November 29, 2016 has been issued to the Company demanding Service Tax amounting to of Rs. 45.18 Million plus Interest & Penalty totalling to Rs. 164.31 Millions as at June 30, 2022 for the period July 2012 to March 2014 on Delayed Payment Charges (DPC) earned by the company considering the same as Taxable Income. However, the company has considered the same as Exempt Income in the form of Interest while filling its Service Tax Return. The department has confirmed the said Service Tax Demand on such Delayed Payment Charged by issuing Order no. 92/2018-ST Dated July 31, 2018. The Company has litigated the said addition and has filed an appeal against the order of the Service Tax authorities before the CESTAT Delhi. The matter is pending for disposal before CESTAT Mumbai.

(ii) Our group companies

Please see below the table setting out details of material tax proceeding against our group companies-

(₹ in million)

Sr.	Entity	No. o	of Cases	Amount Involved	
No.		Direct Tax	Indirect Tax	Direct Tax	Indirect Tax
i.	IIFL Securities Limited	3	2	75.76	443.96
ii.	IIFL Facilities Limited	2	-	26.48	0
iii.	IIFL Commodities Ltd	3	2	110.10	16.26
iv.	IIFL Home Finance Limited	0	0	-	-
v.	IIFL Insurance Broker	1	0	0.12	-
vi.	IIFL Wealth Management Limited	4	0	135.32	-
vii.	IIFL Wealth Prime Limited	2	0	135.82	-
viii.	IIFL Investment Advisers and Trustee Services	1	0	15.23	-
	Limited				
ix.	IIFL Wealth Capital Market Limited	2	0	5.09	_

- Our group company has earned exempt income i.e. dividend during the period AY 2015-16 & AY 2016-17. The
 assessing officer has disallowed expenses in proportionate to the exempt income earned as per Section 14A of
 Income Tax Act by applying Rule 8D of Income Tax Rules. The total tax impact of such disallowance amounts
 to ₹ 242.18 million. Our Company has filed the appeal against such disallowances made under Section 14A of
 the Income Tax Act and the matters are pending for disposal before various Income Tax Appellate Authorities.
- 2. The Show cause notice. F No. 06/COMMR/ST-III/2015-16 dated April 7, 2016 has been received by the company demanding Service Tax on the Brokerage Income earned by the Company from FII Clients during period April 1, 2014 to September 30, 2014 amounting to Rs. 52.56 Million plus Interest & penalty totalling to Rs. 129.94 as at June 30, 2022. Further, the department issued Original No. 143-144/COMMR/(Dr.KNR)/CGST&CEX/MC/2018-19 dated January 10, 2019 confirming the Service Tax demand on FII Brokerage earned. The Company has filed an appeal against the order of the Service Tax authorities before the CESTAT Mumbai. The matter is pending for disposal before CESTAT Mumbai.
- 3. The Company has received a Show cause notice F. No. DGCEI/DZU/INV/B/India/545/2015/9295 dated November 29, 2016 was received for the period April 2014 to March 2016 towards Service Tax on delayed

payment charges earned by the company demanding tax of Rs. 103.28 Million plus Interest & Penalty totalling to Rs. 314.02 Millions as at June 30, 2022. Further, the department issued order no. 92/2018-ST Dated July 31, 2018 confirming the Service Tax demand on Delayed payment charges. The Company has filed an appeal against the order of the Service Tax authorities before the CESTAT Delhi. The matter is pending for disposal before CESTAT Delhi.

8. Litigation or legal action pending or taken by any ministry or government department or statutory authority against our Promoter during the last three years immediately preceding the year of the issue of this Draft Shelf Prospectus and any direction issued by any such ministry or department or statutory authority upon conclusion of such litigation or legal action

A notice dated December 2, 2020 was issued under Rule 4 of (Procedure for Holding Inquiry And Imposing Penalties By Adjudicating Officer) Rules, 1995 was issued) against the Promoters & Promoter Group ("Promoters") to show cause against alleged violation of provisions of Regulation 3(1) read with Regulation 13(1) and 13(2)(a) of SAST Regulation. The Promoters responded with a reply dated December 19, 2020 contending that there was no such violation since Regulation 3(1) would be attracted if there is an entitlement to exercise voting rights of 25% or more and if the entitlement to exercise voting rights does not touch 25%, the charging provisions would not be attracted. Therefore, when an acquirer acquires, or even for that matter, "agrees to acquire", the underlying contractual obligation or the intention of the impending contract ought to be the acquisition of an entitlement to voting rights of 25% or more. In the instant case, there was no intention or agreement to acquire an entitlement to voting rights of 25% or more. A computational error led to the instruction to the broker for purchase of shares. No sooner than the error was discovered, it was ensured that the entitlement to exercise voting rights of 25% or more never came about, by timely selling of existing shares. Therefore, the entitlement to exercise voting rights in the hands of the promoter group never reached the threshold of 25% or more. It remained 24.99 % as was always the actual intent of the Promoters. At no point of time, either during a day or at the close of the register of beneficial ownership of shares on any day, did the Promoters ever cross the threshold of 25% and hence there was no question of Regulation 3(1) read with Regulation 13(1) and / or Regulation 13(2) being violated. Inspite of the above representation, an adjudication order dated March 28, 2022 was passed by SEBI against the Promoters imposing a penalty of INR 10,00,000/-. The Promoters vide its letter dated May 09, 2022 respectfully disagreed with the findings and imposition of the said penalty, however the Promoters paid the said penalty with a view to moving forward constructively and putting this matter behind.

9. Inquiries, inspections or investigations initiated or conducted under the Companies Act or any previous companies' law in the last three years immediately preceding the year of issue of this Draft Shelf Prospectus against our Company and / or our Subsidiary Company (whether pending or not); fines imposed or compounding of offences done by our Company and/ or our Subsidiary in the last three years immediately preceding the year of this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs, through the office of Registrar of Companies, Mumbai has issued an order dated December 17, 2018 under Section 206(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Order") to IIFL Finance Limited, inter alia, seeking information / details of its business, directors, capital structure, financial statements, profit and loss account and other schedules, reports and documents filed by IIFL Finance Limited from time to time. IIFL Finance Limited has submitted the information / details sought in the Order on January 14, 2019 with the Registrar of Companies, Mumbai. The matter is currently pending.

10. Details of any other contingent liabilities of the issuer based on the last audited financial statements including amount and nature of liability.

For details see "Financial Information" on page 185.

11. Details of acts of material frauds committed against our Company in the last three Fiscals, if any, and if so, the action was taken by our Company

Details of fraud committed against our Company in the last three financial years and up to the date do this Draft Shelf Prospectus is set forth below:

(₹ in millions)

CI	T2 1	C	Madaa C	Dagger	Dungania	(₹ in millions)
Sl.	Fiscal	Gross	Modus Operandi	Kecovery	Provisions	Action Taken by the Company
No.		Amount				
1	2019-	13.11	The frauds included	0.57	68.68	In all these cases, our Company has
	20		pledging of spurious/			conducted detailed inquiry into the
2	2020-	138.87	stolen gold by customers,	12.30	129.26	frauds and analyzed the causes of such
	21		misappropriation of our			frauds. Based on the analysis, requisite
	2021-	118.78	Company's funds by our	13.91	104.87	corrective actions like strengthening of
	22		staff and valuer and cash			controls and internal processes have
3	Apr	25.38	shortages	1.15	24.23	been taken wherever required. In case of
	2022-					involvement of the employees of our
	July					Company in a fraud, on a case-to-case
	2022					basis, appropriate disciplinary action,
						including termination has been taken.
						Police complaints have been filed
						against such delinquents.
						Our Company also has in place a robust
						framework for prevention and timely
						detection of fraud which
						includes empanelment of External
						agencies and CA firms for cross/surprise
						audit, dual valuation of gold pre-
						disbursement, verification / declaration
						of ownership of gold, evaluating
						borrower profile, Monitoring of
						collateral risks, understand end use of
						funds, surprise audits, mystery
						shopping, analytics based fraud triggers,
						continuous training to branch staffs,
						utmost care by valuers while appraising
						of heavyweight and unused ornaments,
						sending of alert across branches along
						with image of spurious ornaments to be
						vigilant during appraising of gold etc.
						We continue to further enhance our
						systems and processes and take
						proactive actions to deter frauds and
						offences

12. Summary of reservations, qualifications, emphasis of matter or adverse remarks of auditors during the last three Fiscals immediately preceding the year of issue of this Draft Shelf Prospectus and of their impact on the financial statements and financial position of our Company and the corrective steps taken and proposed to be taken by our Company for each of the said reservations or qualifications or emphasis of matter or adverse remarks

Nil

13. Summary of other observations of the auditors during the last three Fiscals immediately preceding the year of issue of this Draft Shelf Prospectus and of their impact on the financial statements and financial position of our Company and the corrective steps taken and proposed to be taken by our Company for each of the said observation:

Nil

14. Details of disciplinary action taken by SEBI or Stock Exchanges against the Promoters/group companies in the last five financial years, including outstanding action

Except as disclosed in the section titled "Outstanding Litigation- Material litigation or legal or regulatory actions involving our Promoter" on page 241, there are no disciplinary action taken by SEBI or Stock Exchanges against the Promoters/group companies in the last five financial years, including outstanding action.

OTHER REGULATORY AND STATUTORY DISCLOSURES

Issuer's Absolute Responsibility

"The Issuer, having made all reasonable inquiries, accepts responsibility for and confirms that this Draft Shelf Prospectus contains all information with regard to the Issuer and the issue which is material in the context of the issue, that the information contained in the Draft Shelf Prospectus is true and correct in all material aspects and is not misleading in, that the opinions and intentions expressed herein are honestly stated and that there are no other facts, the omission of which make this document as a whole or any of such information or the expression of any such opinions or intentions misleading."

Authority for the Issue

At the meeting of the Board of Directors of our Company held on June 23, 2022, the Board of Directors approved the issuance of NCDs of the face value ₹ 1,000 (Indian Rupees One Thousand only), aggregating up to ₹50,000 million (Indian Rupees Fifty Thousand million only) ("Shelf Limit") to the public, hereinafter called the "Issue".

Further, the present borrowing is within the borrowing limits of ₹350,000 million under section 180(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013 duly approved by the members of Company vide their resolution passed at the Annual General Meeting held on September 30, 2019.

Prohibition by SEBI

Our Company, persons in control of our Company, Directors of our Company and/or our Promoter and/or Promoter Group have not been restrained, prohibited or debarred by SEBI from accessing the securities market or dealing in securities and no such order or direction is in force. Further, no member of our promoter group has been prohibited or debarred by SEBI from accessing the securities market or dealing in securities due to fraud.

Categorisation as a Wilful Defaulter

Our Company, our Directors and/or our Promoters have not been categorised as a wilful defaulter nor are they in default of payment of interest or repayment of principal amount in respect of debt securities, for a period of more than six months.

None of our Promoters and/or whole time director is a promoter and/or whole time director of any other company which is a wilful defaulter.

Declaration as a Fugitive Economic Offender

None of our Promoters or Directors have been declared as a fugitive economic offender.

Other confirmations

None of our Company or our Directors or our Promoters, or person(s) in control of our Company was a promoter, director or person in control of any company which was delisted within a period of ten years preceding the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, in accordance with Chapter V of the SEBI Delisting Regulations.

None of our Directors or our Promoters was a promoter or a director of any other company which was debarred from accessing the securities market or dealing in securities by SEBI.

The Company confirms that there are no fines or penalties levied by SEBI or the Stock Exchanges pending to be paid by the Company as on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

Further, no regulatory action before SEBI or RBI is currently pending against the Company, its Promoters, and the Directors.

The Company, as on date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, has not defaulted in the last three financial years and the current financial year in:

- 1. the repayment of deposits or interest payable thereon; or
- 2. redemption of preference shares; or
- 3. redemption of debt securities and interest payable thereon; or
- 4. payment of dividend to any shareholder; or
- 5. repayment of any term loan or interest payable thereon.

Disclaimer statements

None among our Company or the Lead Managers or any Member of the Syndicate is liable for any failure in uploading the Application due to faults in any software/hardware system or otherwise; the blocking of Application Amount in the ASBA Account on receipt of instructions from the Sponsor Bank on account of any errors, omissions or non-compliance by various parties involved in, or any other fault, malfunctioning or breakdown in, or otherwise, in the UPI Mechanism.

Investors who make an Application in the Issue will be required to confirm and will be deemed to have represented to our Company, the Lead Managers and their respective directors, officers, agents, affiliates, and representatives that they are eligible under all applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals to acquire the NCDs and will not issue, sell, pledge, or transfer the NCDs to any person who is not eligible under any applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals to acquire the NCDs. Our Company, the Lead Managers and their respective directors, officers, agents, affiliates, and representatives accept no responsibility or liability for advising any investor on whether such investor is eligible to acquire the NCDs being offered in the Issue.

Disclaimer Clause of SEBI

IT IS TO BE DISTINCTLY UNDERSTOOD THAT FILING OF THE DRAFT SHELF PROSPECTUS TO THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (SEBI) SHOULD NOT IN ANY WAY BE DEEMED OR CONSTRUED THAT THE SAME HAS BEEN CLEARED OR APPROVED BY SEBI. SEBI DOES NOT TAKE ANY RESPONSIBILITY EITHER FOR THE FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS OF ANY SCHEME OR THE PROJECT FOR WHICH THE ISSUE IS PROPOSED TO BE MADE OR FOR THE CORRECTNESS OF THE STATEMENTS MADE OR OPINIONS EXPRESSED IN THE DRAFT SHELF PROSPECTUS. THE LEAD MANAGERS, EDELWEISS FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED, EQUIRUS CAPITAL PRIVATE LIMITED, AND TRUST INVESTMENT ADVISORS PRIVATE LIMITED HAVE CERTIFIED THAT THE DISCLOSURES MADE IN THE DRAFT SHELF PROSPECTUS ARE GENERALLY ADEQUATE AND ARE IN CONFORMITY WITH THE SEBI (ISSUE AND LISTING OF NON-CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES) REGULATIONS, 2021, AS AMENDED IN FORCE FOR THE TIME BEING. THIS REQUIREMENT IS TO FACILITATE INVESTORS TO TAKE AN INFORMED DECISION FOR MAKING INVESTMENT IN THE PROPOSED ISSUE.

IT SHOULD ALSO BE CLEARLY UNDERSTOOD THAT WHILE THE ISSUER IS PRIMARILY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CORRECTNESS, ADEQUACY AND DISCLOSURE OF ALL RELEVANT INFORMATION IN THE DRAFT SHELF PROSPECTUS, THE LEAD MANAGERS ARE EXPECTED TO EXERCISE DUE DILIGENCE TO ENSURE THAT THE ISSUER DISCHARGES ITS RESPONSIBILITY ADEQUATELY IN THIS BEHALF AND TOWARDS THIS PURPOSE, EDELWEISS FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED, EQUIRUS CAPITAL PRIVATE LIMITED AND TRUST INVESTMENT ADVISORS PRIVATE LIMITED, HAS FURNISHED TO SEBI A DUE DILIGENCE CERTIFICATE [•], WHICH READS AS FOLLOWS:

[•]

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF BSE

BSE LIMITED ("THE EXCHANGE") HAS GIVEN, APPROVAL DATED [•], PERMISSION TO THIS COMPANY TO USE THE EXCHANGE'S NAME IN THIS OFFER DOCUMENT AS ONE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGES ON WHICH THIS COMPANY'S SECURITIES ARE PROPOSED TO BE LISTED. THE

EXCHANGE HAS SCRUTINIZED THIS OFFER DOCUMENT FOR ITS LIMITED INTERNAL PURPOSE OF DECIDING ON THE MATTER OF GRANTING THE AFORESAID PERMISSION TO THIS COMPANY. THE EXCHANGE DOES NOT IN ANY MANNER:

- A. WARRANT, CERTIFY OR ENDORSE THE CORRECTNESS OR COMPLETENESS OF ANY OF THE CONTENTS OF THIS OFFER DOCUMENT; OR
- B. WARRANT THAT THIS COMPANY'S SECURITIES WILL BE LISTED OR WILL CONTINUE TO BE LISTED ON THE EXCHANGE; OR
- C. TAKE ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL OR OTHER SOUNDNESS OF THIS COMPANY, ITS PROMOTERS, ITS MANAGEMENT OR ANY SCHEME OR PROJECT OF THIS COMPANY;

AND IT SHOULD NOT FOR ANY REASON BE DEEMED OR CONSTRUED THAT THIS OFFER DOCUMENT HAS BEEN CLEARED OR APPROVED BY THE EXCHANGE. EVERY PERSON WHO DESIRES TO APPLY FOR, OR OTHERWISE ACQUIRES ANY SECURITIES OF THIS COMPANY MAY DO SO PURSUANT TO INDEPENDENT INQUIRY, INVESTIGATION AND ANALYSIS AND SHALL NOT HAVE ANY CLAIM AGAINST THE EXCHANGE WHATSOEVER BY ANY REASON OF ANY LOSS WHICH MAY BE SUFFERED BY SUCH PERSON CONSEQUENT TO OR IN CONNECTION WITH SUCH SUBSCRIPTION/ACQUISITION WHETHER BY REASON OF ANYTHING STATED OR OMITTED TO BE STATED HEREIN OR FOR ANY OTHER REASON WHATSOEVER.

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF NSE

AS REQUIRED, A COPY OF THIS OFFER DOCUMENT HAS BEEN SUBMITTED TO NATIONAL STOCK EXCHANGE OF INDIA LIMITED (HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS "NSE"). NSE HAS GIVEN VIDE ITS LETTER REF.: [•] DATED [•]PERMISSION TO THE ISSUER TO USE THE EXCHANGE'S NAME IN THIS OFFER DOCUMENT AS ONE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGES ON WHICH THE ISSUER'S SECURITIES ARE PROPOSED TO BE LISTED. THE EXCHANGE HAS SCRUTINIZED THIS OFFER DOCUMENT FOR ITS LIMITED INTERNAL PURPOSE OF DECIDING ON THE MATTER OF GRANTING THE AFORESAID PERMISSION TO THE ISSUER.

IT IS TO BE DISTINCTLY UNDERSTOOD THAT THE AFORESAID PERMISSION GIVEN BY NSE SHOULD NOT IN ANY WAY BE DEEMED OR CONSTRUED THAT THE OFFER DOCUMENT HAS BEEN CLEARED OR APPROVED BY NSE; NOR DOES IT IN ANY MANNER WARRANT, CERTIFY OR ENDORSE THE CORRECTNESS OR COMPLETENESS OF ANY OF THE CONTENTS OF THIS OFFER DOCUMENT; NOR DOES IT WARRANT THAT THE ISSUER'S SECURITIES WILL BE LISTED OR WILL CONTINUE TO BE LISTED ON THE EXCHANGE; NOR DOES IT TAKE ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL OR OTHER SOUNDNESS OF THIS ISSUER, ITS PROMOTERS, ITS MANAGEMENT OR ANY SCHEME OR PROJECT OF THIS ISSUER. EVERY PERSON WHO DESIRES TO APPLY FOR OR OTHERWISE ACQUIRE ANY SECURITIES OF THIS ISSUER MAY DO SO PURSUANT TO INDEPENDENT INQUIRY, INVESTIGATION AND ANALYSIS AND SHALL NOT HAVE ANY CLAIM AGAINST THE EXCHANGE WHATSOEVER BY REASON OF ANY LOSS WHICH MAY BE SUFFERED BY SUCH PERSON CONSEQUENT TO OR IN CONNECTION WITH SUCH SUBSCRIPTION /ACQUISITION WHETHER BY REASON OF ANYTHING STATED OR OMITTED TO BE STATED HEREIN OR ANY OTHER REASON WHATSOEVER.

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF RBI

THE COMPANY IS HAVING A VALID CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION DATED MARCH 06, 2020 ISSUED BY THE RESERVE BANK OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 451-A OF THE RESERVE BANK OF INDIA ACT, 1934. IT MUST BE DISTINCTLY UNDERSTOOD THAT THE ISSUING OF THIS CERTIFICATE AND GRANTING A LICENSE AND APPROVAL BY RBI IN ANY OTHER MATTER SHOULD NOT IN ANY WAY, BE DEEMED OR CONSTRUED TO BE AN APPROVAL BY RBI TO THIS DRAFT SHELF PROSPECTUS NOR SHOULD IT BE DEEMED THAT RBI HAS APPROVED IT.

HOWEVER, THE RESERVE BANK OF INDIA DOES NOT ACCEPT ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR GUARANTEE ABOUT THE PRESENT POSITION AS TO FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS OF THE COMPANY

OR CORRECTNESS OF ANY OF THE STATEMENTS OR REPRESENTATIONS MADE OR OPINIONS EXPRESSED BY THE COMPANY AND FOR REPAYMENT OF DEPOSITS / DISCHARGE OF LIABILITIES BY THE COMPANY.

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF CRISIL

Following is the disclaimer clause of CRISIL in relation to the Industry Report:

CRISIL RESEARCH, A DIVISION OF CRISIL LIMITED (CRISIL) HAS TAKEN DUE CARE AND CAUTION IN PREPARING THIS REPORT (REPORT) BASED ON THE INFORMATION OBTAINED BY CRISIL FROM SOURCES WHICH IT CONSIDERS RELIABLE (DATA). HOWEVER, CRISIL DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE ACCURACY, ADEQUACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE DATA / REPORT AND IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY ERRORS OR OMISSIONS OR FOR THE RESULTS OBTAINED FROM THE USE OF DATA / REPORT. THIS REPORT IS NOT A RECOMMENDATION TO INVEST / DISINVEST IN ANY ENTITY COVERED IN THE REPORT AND NO PART OF THIS REPORT SHOULD BE CONSTRUED AS AN EXPERT ADVICE OR INVESTMENT ADVICE OR ANY FORM OF INVESTMENT BANKING WITHIN THE MEANING OF ANY LAW OR REGULATION. CRISIL ESPECIALLY STATES THAT IT HAS NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER TO THE SUBSCRIBERS / USERS / TRANSMITTERS/ DISTRIBUTORS OF THIS REPORT. WITHOUT LIMITING THE GENERALITY OF THE FOREGOING, NOTHING IN THE REPORT IS TO BE CONSTRUED AS CRISIL PROVIDING OR INTENDING TO PROVIDE ANY SERVICES IN JURISDICTIONS WHERE CRISIL DOES NOT HAVE THE NECESSARY PERMISSION AND/OR REGISTRATION TO CARRY OUT ITS BUSINESS ACTIVITIES IN THIS REGARD. HIFL FINANCE LIMITED WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ENSURING COMPLIANCES AND CONSEQUENCES OF NON-COMPLAINCES FOR USE OF THE REPORT OR PART THEREOF OUTSIDE INDIA. CRISIL RESEARCH OPERATES INDEPENDENTLY OF, AND DOES NOT HAVE ACCESS TO INFORMATION OBTAINED BY CRISIL RATINGS LIMITED / CRISIL RISK AND INFRASTRUCTURE SOLUTIONS LTD (CRIS), WHICH MAY, IN THEIR REGULAR OPERATIONS, OBTAIN INFORMATION OF A CONFIDENTIAL NATURE. THE VIEWS EXPRESSED IN THIS REPORT ARE THAT OF CRISIL RESEARCH AND NOT OF CRISIL RATINGS LIMITED / CRIS. NO PART OF THIS REPORT MAY BE PUBLISHED/REPRODUCED IN ANY FORM WITHOUT CRISIL'S PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL.

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF CRISIL RATINGS LIMITED

CRISIL RATINGS LIMITED (CRISIL RATINGS) HAS TAKEN DUE CARE AND CAUTION IN PREPARING THE MATERIAL BASED ON THE INFORMATION PROVIDED BY ITS CLIENT AND / OR OBTAINED BY CRISIL RATINGS FROM SOURCES WHICH IT CONSIDERS RELIABLE (INFORMATION). A RATING BY CRISIL RATINGS REFLECTS ITS CURRENT OPINION ON THE LIKELIHOOD OF TIMELY PAYMENT OF THE OBLIGATIONS UNDER THE RATED INSTRUMENT AND DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN AUDIT OF THE RATED ENTITY BY CRISIL RATINGS. CRISIL RATINGS DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE COMPLETENESS OR ACCURACY OF THE INFORMATION ON WHICH THE RATING IS BASED. A RATING BY CRISIL RATINGS IS NOT A RECOMMENDATION TO BUY, SELL, OR HOLD THE RATED INSTRUMENT; IT DOES NOT COMMENT ON THE MARKET PRICE OR SUITABILITY FOR A PARTICULAR INVESTOR. THE RATING IS NOT A RECOMMENDATION TO INVEST / DISINVEST IN ANY ENTITY COVERED IN THE MATERIAL AND NO PART OF THE MATERIAL SHOULD BE CONSTRUED AS AN EXPERT ADVICE OR INVESTMENT ADVICE OR ANY FORM OF INVESTMENT BANKING WITHIN THE MEANING OF ANY LAW OR REGULATION. CRISIL RATINGS ESPECIALLY STATES THAT IT HAS NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER TO THE SUBSCRIBERS / USERS / TRANSMITTERS/ DISTRIBUTORS OF THE MATERIAL. WITHOUT LIMITING THE GENERALITY OF THE FOREGOING, NOTHING IN THE MATERIAL IS TO BE CONSTRUED AS CRISIL RATINGS PROVIDING OR INTENDING TO PROVIDE ANY SERVICES IN JURISDICTIONS WHERE CRISIL RATINGS DOES NOT HAVE THE NECESSARY PERMISSION AND/OR REGISTRATION TO CARRY OUT ITS BUSINESS ACTIVITIES IN THIS REGARD. IIFL FINANCE LIMITED WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ENSURING COMPLIANCES AND CONSEQUENCES OF NON-COMPLIANCES FOR USE OF THE MATERIAL OR PART THEREOF OUTSIDE INDIA. CURRENT RATING STATUS AND CRISIL RATINGS' RATING CRITERIA ARE AVAILABLE WITHOUT CHARGE TO THE PUBLIC ON THE WEBSITE, WWW.CRISIL.COM. FOR THE LATEST RATING INFORMATION ON ANY INSTRUMENT OF ANY COMPANY RATED BY CRISIL RATINGS, PLEASE CONTACT CUSTOMER SERVICE HELPDESK AT 1800-267-1301.

DISCLAIMER STATEMENT OF ICRA LIMITED

ICRA RATINGS SHOULD NOT BE TREATED AS RECOMMENDATION TO BUY, SELL OR HOLD THE RATED DEBT INSTRUMENTS. ICRA RATINGS ARE SUBJECT TO A PROCESS OF SURVEILLANCE. WHICH MAY LEAD TO REVISION IN RATINGS. AN ICRA RATING IS A SYMBOLIC INDICATOR OF ICRA'S CURRENT OPINION ON THE RELATIVE CAPABILITY OF THE ISSUER CONCERNED TO TIMELY SERVICE DEBTS AND OBLIGATIONS, WITH REFERENCE TO THE INSTRUMENT RATED. PLEASE VISIT OUR WEBSITE WWW.ICRA.IN OR CONTACT ANY ICRA OFFICE FOR THE LATEST INFORMATION ON ICRA RATINGS OUTSTANDING. ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN HAS BEEN OBTAINED BY ICRA FROM SOURCES BELIEVED BY IT TO BE ACCURATE AND RELIABLE, INCLUDING THE RATED ISSUER. ICRA HOWEVER HAS NOT CONDUCTED ANY AUDIT OF THE RATED ISSUER OR OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED BY IT. WHILE REASONABLE CARE HAS BEEN TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT THE INFORMATION HEREIN IS TRUE, SUCH INFORMATION IS PROVIDED 'AS IS' WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, AND ICRA IN PARTICULAR, MAKES NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO THE ACCURACY, TIMELINESS OR COMPLETENESS OF ANY SUCH INFORMATION. ALSO, ICRA OR ANY OF ITS GROUP COMPANIES MAY HAVE PROVIDED SERVICES OTHER THAN RATING TO THE ISSUER RATED, ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN MUST BE CONSTRUED SOLELY AS STATEMENTS OF OPINION, AND ICRA SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY LOSSES INCURRED BY USERS FROM ANY USE OF THIS PUBLICATION OR ITS CONTENTS.

Disclaimer statement from the Issuer

THE ISSUER ACCEPTS NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR STATEMENTS MADE OTHER THAN IN THIS DRAFT SHELF PROSPECTUS OR IN ADVERTISEMENT OR ANY OTHER MATERIAL ISSUED BY OR AT THE INSTANCE OF OUR COMPANY IN CONNECTION WITH THE ISSUE OF THE NCDS AND ANYONE PLACING RELIANCE ON ANY OTHER SOURCE OF INFORMATION WOULD BE DOING SO AT THEIR OWN RISK.

Disclaimer statement from the Lead Managers

THE LEAD MANAGERS ACCEPT NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR STATEMENTS MADE OTHERWISE THAN IN THIS DRAFT SHELF PROSPECTUS OR IN ADVERTISEMENT OR ANY OTHER MATERIAL ISSUED BY OR AT THE INSTANCE OF THE COMPANY IN CONNECTION WITH THE ISSUE OF THE NCDS AND THAT ANYONE PLACING RELIANCE ON ANY OTHER SOURCE OF INFORMATION WOULD BE DOING SO AT THEIR OWN RISK.

Disclaimer in Respect of Jurisdiction

THE ISSUE IS BEING MADE IN INDIA, TO INVESTORS FROM CATEGORY I, CATEGORY II, CATEGORY II, CATEGORY III AND CATEGORY IV. THE DRAFT SHELF PROSPECTUS, THE SHELF PROSPECTUS AND THE RELEVANT TRANCHE PROSPECTUS WILL NOT, HOWEVER CONSTITUTE AN OFFER TO SELL OR AN INVITATION TO SUBSCRIBE FOR THE NCDS OFFERED HEREBY IN ANY JURISDICTION OTHER THAN INDIA TO ANY PERSON TO WHOM IT IS UNLAWFUL TO MAKE AN OFFER OR INVITATION IN SUCH JURISDICTION. ANY PERSON INTO WHOSE POSSESSION THE DRAFT SHELF PROSPECTUS, THE SHELF PROSPECTUS AND THE RELEVANT TRANCHE PROSPECTUS COMES IS REQUIRED TO INFORM HIMSELF OR HERSELF ABOUT, AND TO OBSERVE, ANY SUCH RESTRICTIONS.

Undertaking by the Issuer

INVESTORS ARE ADVISED TO READ THE RISK FACTORS CAREFULLY BEFORE TAKING AN INVESTMENT DECISION IN THIS ISSUE. FOR TAKING AN INVESTMENT DECISION, INVESTORS MUST RELY ON THEIR OWN EXAMINATION OF THE ISSUER AND THE OFFER INCLUDING THE RISKS INVOLVED. THE NCDs HAVE NOT BEEN RECOMMENDED OR APPROVED BY ANY REGULATORY AUTHORITY IN INDIA, INCLUDING THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (SEBI) NOR DOES SEBI GUARANTEE THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS DOCUMENT.

SPECIFIC ATTENTION OF INVESTORS IS INVITED TO THE STATEMENT OF THE "RISK FACTORS" CHAPTER ON PAGE 18 OF THIS DRAFT SHELF PROSPECTUS.

OUR COMPANY, HAVING MADE ALL REASONABLE INQUIRIES, ACCEPTS RESPONSIBILITY FOR, AND CONFIRMS THAT THIS DRAFT SHELF PROSPECTUS CONTAINS ALL INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO THE ISSUER AND THE ISSUE, THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DRAFT SHELF PROSPECTUS IS TRUE AND CORRECT IN ALL MATERIAL ASPECTS AND IS NOT MISLEADING IN ANY MATERIAL RESPECT, THAT THE OPINIONS AND INTENTIONS EXPRESSED HEREIN ARE HONESTLY HELD AND THAT THERE ARE NO OTHER FACTS, THE OMISSION OF WHICH MAKE THIS DRAFT SHELF PROSPECTUS AS A WHOLE OR ANY OF SUCH INFORMATION OR THE EXPRESSION OF ANY SUCH OPINIONS OR INTENTIONS MISLEADING IN ANY MATERIAL RESPECT.

THE COMPANY HAS NO SIDE LETTER WITH ANY DEBT SECURITIES HOLDER EXCEPT THE ONE(S) DISCLOSED IN THIS DRAFT SHELF PROSPECTUS. ANY COVENANTS LATER ADDED SHALL BE DISCLOSED ON THE STOCK EXCHANGES WEBSITES WHERE THE NCDs ARE PROPOSED TO BE LISTED.

THE COMPANY UNDERTAKES THAT CHARGE SHALL BE CREATED IN FAVOUR OF DEBENTURE TRUSTEE AS PER TERMS OF ISSUE BEFORE FILING OF LISTING APPLICATION.

OUR COMPANY DECLARES THAT NOTHING IN THIS DRAFT SHELF PROSPECTUS IS CONTRARY TO THE PROVISIONS OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013 (18 OF 2013), THE SECURITIES CONTRACTS (REGULATION) ACT, 1956 AND THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA ACT, 1992 AND THE RULES AND REGULATIONS MADE THEREUNDER.

Track record of past public issues handled by the Lead Managers

The track record of past issues handled by the Lead Managers, as required by SEBI circular number CIR/MIRSD/1/2012 dated January 10, 2012, are available at the following website:

Name of Lead Manager	Website
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	www.edelweissfin.com
IIFL Securities Limited	www.iiflcap.com
Equirus Capital Private Limited	www.equirus.com
Trust Investment Advisors Private Limited	www.trustgroup.in

Listing

The NCDs proposed to be offered through this Issue are proposed to be listed on BSE and NSE. An application will be made to the Stock Exchanges for permission to deal in and for an official quotation of our NCDs. NSE has been appointed as the Designated Stock Exchange.

If permissions to deal in and for an official quotation of our NCDs are not granted by Stock Exchanges, our Company will forthwith repay, without interest, all moneys received from the Applicants in pursuance of this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

Our Company shall ensure that all steps for the completion of the necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading at the Stock Exchange mentioned above are taken within 6 Working Days from the date of closure of the issue.

For the avoidance of doubt, it is hereby clarified that in the event of under subscription, NCDs shall not be listed and in the event of zero subscription to any one or more of the series, such NCDs with series shall not be listed.

Our Company shall pay interest at 15% (fifteen) per annum if Allotment is not made and refund orders/allotment letters are not dispatched and/or demat credits are not made to investors within five Working Days of the Issue Closing Date or

date of refusal of the Stock Exchange(s), whichever is earlier. In case listing permission is not granted by the Stock Exchange(s) to our Company and if such money is not repaid within the day our Company becomes liable to repay it on such account, our Company and every officer in default shall, on and from expiry of such date, be liable to repay the money with interest at the rate of 15% as prescribed under Rule 3 of Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014 read with Section 26 of the 2013 Act, provided that the beneficiary particulars relating to such Applicants as given by the Applicants is valid at the time of the upload of the demat credit.

Consents

Consents in writing of: (a) the Directors, (b) Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, (c) Chief Financial Officer, (d) Lead Managers, (e) the Registrar to the Issue, (f) Legal Advisor to the Issue; (g) CRISIL; (h) ICRA, (i) CRISIL in relation to industry reports (j) IDFC First Bank and HDFC Bank Limited as Bankers to the Company and (k) the Debenture Trustee to include their names in this Draft Shelf Prospectus and from the (a) Public Issue Account Bank; (b) Refund Bank; (c) Sponsor Bank and (e) Lead Brokers, in their respective capacities and the same will be filed along with a copy of the Shelf Prospectus and respective Tranche Prospectus(es) with the ROC as required under Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013 and such consents have not been withdrawn up to the time of delivery of this Draft Shelf Prospectus with the Stock Exchange. Our Company has received consents from the relevant lenders, debenture trustees and security trustees for ceding *pari passu* charge and/or creation of charge in relation to the NCDs.

Our Company has received written consent dated August 5, 2022 from the joint Statutory Auditors namely, M/s. V Sankar Aiyar & Co., Chartered Accountants and M/s. Chhajed & Doshi, Chartered Accountants to include their name as required under Section 26(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with SEBI NCS Regulations in this Draft Shelf Prospectus and as an "expert" as defined under Section 2(38) of the Companies Act, 2013 to the extent and in their capacity as current joint Statutory Auditors and in respect of their (i) examination report each dated June 23, 2022 on our Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements, (ii) examination report dated June 23, 2022 on our Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements, (iii) statement of tax benefits dated August 5, 2022 and (iv) limited review report dated July 27, 2022 for quarter ended June 30, 2022 ("Limited Review Report") and such consent has not been withdrawn as on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

Expert Opinion

Except as stated below, our Company has not obtained any expert opinions:

Our Company has received written consent dated August 5, 2022 from the joint Statutory Auditors namely, M/s. V Sankar Aiyar & Co., Chartered Accountants and M/s. Chhajed & Doshi, Chartered Accountants to include their name as required under Section 26(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with SEBI NCS Regulations in this Draft Shelf Prospectus and as an "expert" as defined under Section 2(38) of the Companies Act, 2013 to the extent and in their capacity as current joint Statutory Auditors and in respect of their (i) examination report each dated June 23, 2022 on our Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements, (ii) examination report dated June 23, 2022 on our Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements, (iii) statement of tax benefits dated August 5, 2022 and (iv) limited review report dated July 27, 2022 for quarter ended June 30, 2022 ("Limited Review Report") and such consent has not been withdrawn as on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

The above experts are not, and has not been, engaged or interested in the formation or promotion or management, of the Company and have given their written consent to the Company as stated in the paragraph above and have not withdrawn such consent before the filing of this Draft Shelf Prospectus with the Stock Exchanges and SEBI.

Common form of Transfer

We undertake that there shall be a common form of transfer for the NCDs held in dematerialised form shall be transferred subject to and in accordance with the rules/procedures as prescribed by NSDL/CDSL and the relevant Depositary Participants of the transferor or transferee and any other applicable laws and rules notified in respect thereof.

Minimum Subscription

In terms of the SEBI NCS Regulations, for an issuer undertaking a public issue of debt securities the minimum subscription for public issue of debt securities shall be 75% of the Base Issue Size. If our Company does not receive the minimum subscription of 75% of Base Issue Size, prior to the Issue Closing Date the entire Application Amount shall be

unblocked in the relevant ASBA Account(s) of the Applicants within 6 Working Days from the Issue Closing Date or such time as may be specified by SEBI provided wherein, the Application Amount has been transferred to the Public Issue Account from the respective ASBA Accounts, such Application Amount shall be refunded from the Refund Account to the relevant ASBA Accounts(s) of the Applicants within 6 Working Days from the Issue Closing Date, failing which our Company will become liable to refund the Application Amount along with interest at the rate of 15 (fifteen) percent per annum for the delayed period.

Under Section 39(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 11(2) of the Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014 if the stated minimum subscription amount is not received within the specified period, the application money received is to be credited only to the bank account from which the subscription was remitted. To the extent possible, where the required information for making such refunds is available with our Company and/or Registrar, refunds will be made to the account prescribed. However, where our Company and/or Registrar does not have the necessary information for making such refunds, our Company and/or Registrar will follow the guidelines prescribed by SEBI in this regard included in the SEBI Operational Circular.

Filing of the Draft Shelf Prospectus

The Draft Shelf Prospectus is filed with the Designated Stock Exchange in terms of Regulation 27 of the SEBI NCS Regulations for dissemination on its website(s) prior to the opening of the Issue. The Draft Shelf Prospectus has also been displayed on the website of the Company and the Lead Manager.

Filing of the Shelf Prospectus and Tranche Prospectus with the RoC

A copy of the Shelf Prospectus and copies of relevant Tranche Prospectus will be filed with the RoC, in accordance with Section 26 and Section 31 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Debenture Redemption Reserve ("DRR")

Pursuant to Regulation 16 of the SEBI NCS Regulations and Section 71(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 states that where debentures are issued by any company, the company shall create a debenture redemption reserve out of the profits of the company available for payment of dividend. Rule 18(7) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, as amended by Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Amendment Rules, 2019, listed NBFC/to be listed NBFCs is not required to create a DRR in case of public issue of debentures. The rules further mandate that the company which is coming with a Public Issue shall deposit or invest, as the case may be, before the 30th day of April of each year a sum which shall not be less than 15% of the amount of its debentures maturing during the year ending on the 31st day of March of the next year in any one or more prescribed methods.

Accordingly, our Company is not required to create a DRR for the NCDs proposed to be issued through this Issue. Further, our Company shall deposit or invest, as the case may be, before the 30th day of April of each year a sum which shall not be less than 15% of the amount of its debentures maturing during the year ending on the 31st day of March of the next year in any one or more following methods: (a) in deposits with any scheduled bank, free from charge or lien; (b) in unencumbered securities of the Central Government or of any State Government; (c) in unencumbered securities mentioned in clauses (a) to (d) and (ee) of Section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882; (d) in unencumbered bonds issued by any other company which is notified under clause (f) of Section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882. The abovementioned amount deposited or invested, must not be utilized for any purpose other than for the repayment of debentures maturing during the year provided that the amount remaining deposited or invested must not at any time fall below 15% of the amount of debentures maturing during year ending on the 31st day of March of that year, in terms of the applicable laws.

Recovery Expense Fund

Our Company has created a recovery expense fund in the manner as specified by SEBI in circular no. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/CRADT/CIR/P/2020/207 dated October 22, 2020 as amended from time to time and Regulation 11 of SEBI NCS Regulations with the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and informed the Debenture Trustee regarding the creation of such fund. The recovery expense fund may be utilised by Debenture Trustee, in the event of default by our Company under the terms of the Debenture Trust Deed, for taking appropriate legal action to enforce the security.

Debenture Trust Deed

Our Company and the Debenture Trustee will execute a Debenture Trust Deed, inter alia, specifying the powers, authorities and obligations of the Debenture Trustee and us, as per the extant SEBI regulations applicable for the proposed NCD Issue.

Issue related expenses

The expenses of the Issue include, inter alia, lead management fees and selling commission to the Lead Managers, Lead Broker/Consortium Member, fees payable to debenture trustees, the Registrar to the Issue, SCSBs' commission/ fees, fees payable to the sponsor bank, printing and distribution expenses, legal fees, advertisement expenses and listing fees. The Issue expenses and listing fees will be paid by our Company.

The estimated breakdown of the total expenses for the respective Tranche Issue shall be as specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus.

Reservation

No portion of this Issue has been reserved.

Underwriting

This Issue will not be underwritten.

Utilisation of Proceeds

Our Board of Directors certifies that:

- (i) all monies received out of the Issue of the NCDs to the public shall be transferred to a separate bank account maintained with a scheduled bank, other than the bank account referred to in section 40(3) of the Companies Act, 2013;
- (ii) details of all monies utilised out of the Issue referred to in sub-item (i) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our balance sheet indicating the purpose for which such monies were utilised;
- (iii) details of all unutilised monies out of the Issue referred to in sub-item (i), if any, shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our balance sheet indicating the form in which such unutilised monies have been invested;
- (iv) we shall utilize the Issue proceeds only upon creation of security as stated in this Draft Shelf Prospectus in the section titled "Terms of the Issue" on page 287 of this Draft Shelf Prospectus and after (a) permissions or consents for creation of pari passu charge have been obtained from the creditors who have pari passu charge over the assets sought to be provided as Security; (b) receipt of the minimum subscription of 75% of the Base Issue Size; (c) completion of Allotment and refund process in compliance with Section 40 of the Companies Act, 2013; (d) creation of security and confirmation of the same in terms of Secured NCDs and (e) receipt of listing and trading approval from BSE and NSE;
- (v) the Issue proceeds shall not be utilized towards full or part consideration for the purchase or any other acquisition, *inter alia* by way of a lease, of any property; and
- (vi) the Issue proceeds shall not be utilized for providing loans to or acquisition of shares of any entity who is part of the Promoter Group or group companies;
- (vii) the Issue proceeds shall be utilized in compliance with various guidelines, regulations and clarifications issued by RBI, SEBI or any other statutory authority from time to time. Further the Issue proceeds shall be utilised only for the purpose and objects stated in the Offer Documents; and
- (viii) If Allotment is not made, application monies will be refunded/unblocked in the ASBA Accounts within 6 Working Days from the Issue Closing Date or such lesser time as specified by SEBI, failing which interest will be due to be paid to the Applicants in accordance with applicable laws

Utilisation Details of Previous Issues

Our Company, Subsidiaries, group companies have issued non-convertible debentures by way of various private placements, for which, our Company, Subsidiaries and group companies have utilised the proceeds from such issuances in accordance with the use of proceeds set out in the respective offer documents and/or information memorandums under which such non-convertible debentures were issued which include, among others, its various financing activities, to repay its existing loans and for its business operations and for general corporate purposes in accordance with the object clause of the Memorandum of Association of our Company, Subsidiaries and group companies respectively.

Details regarding the Company and other listed companies which are associate companies as described under the Companies Act, 2013, which made any capital issue during the last three years

Public issue of Equity Shares by our Company in the last three years

Our Company has not undertaken any equity public issue in the last three years prior to the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus:

Public issue of Debentures by our Company in the last three years

Our Company has undertaken the following debt public issues prior to the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus:

Previous Public Issues of Non-Convertible Debenture

Particulars	Public Issue – Tranche I Issue
Date of Opening	March 3, 2021
Date of Closing	March 18, 2021
Total Allotment Size (in ₹ million)	₹6,708.60 Million
Date of Allotment	March 24, 2021
Date of Listing	March 24, 2021 (BSE & NSE)
Utilisation of Proceeds	For the purpose of onward lending, financing, refinancing the existing indebtedness of the Company (payment of the interest and/or repayment /prepayment of principal of borrowings) and General Corporate Purpose

Particulars	Public Issue – Tranche II Issue
Date of Opening	September 27, 2021
Date of Closing	October 08, 2021
Total Allotment Size (in ₹ million)	₹8,429.88 Million
Date of Allotment	October 14, 2021
Date of Listing	October 14, 2021 (BSE & NSE)
Utilisation of Proceeds	For the purpose of onward lending, financing, refinancing the existing
	indebtedness of our Company (payment of interest and/or repayment/prepayment
	of principal of borrowings and
	General corporate purposes

Buy Back:

IIFL Finance Limited had completed the purchase of its own secured notes under the USD 1,000,000,000 Secured Medium Term Note Programme ("Notes"), listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (SGX-ST), amounting to USD 50,000,000 (nominal value) pursuant to a tender offer. The tender offer was closed on March 20, 2022. The settlement and cancellation of Notes was done on March 30, 2022.

Rights Issue:

Our Company has not undertaken any rights issue of equity shares in the last 3 (three) years.

Utilisation of issue proceeds of previous issues

The proceeds from the previous issuance of non-convertible debentures by the Company have been and/or are being utilized in accordance with the use of proceeds set out in the respective offer documents under which such securities were issued which include, inter alia, to augment long-term resources of the Company, for on-lending and for general corporate purposes in accordance with the object clause of the Memorandum of Association of the Company.

Public Issue (to the public) by our Subsidiaries in the last three years from this Draft Shelf Prospectus

Our Subsidiaries have undertaken the following public issues in the last three years from the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus:

1) India Infoline Finance Limited (Now merged with IIFL Finance Limited w.e.f. March 30, 2020)

Date of Opening	August 6, 2019
Date of Closing	August 30, 2019
Total Allotment Size	₹ 2,442.17 million
Date of Allotment	September 6, 2019
Date of Refunds	NA
Date of Listing	September 9, 2019 (BSE & NSE)
Utilisation of Proceeds	For various financing activities including onward lending, for repayment
	/prepayment of interest and principal of existing borrowing and other general
	corporate purposes.

2) IIFL Home Finance Limited

Particulars	Public Issue – Tranche I Issue
Date of Opening	July 6, 2021
Date of Closing	July 28, 2021
Total Allotment Size	₹ 6,558.231 million
Date of Allotment	August 3, 2021
Date of Refunds	August 3, 2021
Date of Listing	August 4, 2021
Utilisation of Proceeds	For the purpose of onward lending, financing, and for repayment /prepayment of interest and principal of existing borrowings of IIFL
	Home Finance Limited and General Corporate Purposes (Maximum of up to 25%)

Particulars	Public Issue – Tranche II Issue
Date of Opening	December 08, 2021
Date of Closing	December 28, 2021
Total Allotment Size	₹ 4,043.868 million
Date of Allotment	January 3, 2022
Date of Refunds	January 3, 2022
Date of Listing	January 5, 2022
Utilisation of Proceeds	For the purpose of onward lending, financing, and for repayment
	/prepayment of interest and principal of existing borrowings of IIFL
	Home Finance Limited and General Corporate Purposes.

Public Issue / Rights issue (to the public) our group companies in the last 3 (three) years from the Draft Shelf Prospectus:

Our group companies have not undertaken the public issues of debentures in the last 3 (three) years from the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

Our group companies have undertaken the following right issues in the last 3 (three) years from the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus:

1) 5 Paisa Capital Limited

Date of	No. of	Issue	Consideratio		Cumulativ	e	Details of Utilisation
allotmen	Equity	price	n in cash (₹)	No. of	Equity	Share	
t	Shares	(₹)		Equity	Share	premium	
				Shares	capital (₹)	account (₹)	
August	12,738,64	80	1,019,091,680	25,477,66	254,776,68	1,694,212,71	The funds raised through
20, 2019	6			8	0	0	Rights Issue have been utilized
							for the following purpose
							during the year:
							1. Business & Operations
							Expansion
							2. Manpower expenses
							3. Margin Maintenance with
							Stock Exchange
							4. Investment in Subsidiary
							5. General Corporate purpose

Buvback:

IIFL Securities Limited, a group company, *vide* its Public Announcement dated December 23, 2020, announced the Buyback of its fully paid-up equity shares of face value of ₹ 2 each (Equity shares), from the members of the Company (except promoters, promoter group and persons in control of the Company) for an amount aggregating up to ₹ 90,00,00,000 (Rupees Ninety Crores only) ('Maximum Buyback Size') at a price not exceeding ₹ 54 (Rupees Fifty Four Only) per Equity Share, under the open market route through the stock exchanges.

The Buyback commenced on December 30, 2020 and was closed with effect from February 15, 2021. The Company bought back a total of 1,70,00,394 Equity Shares under the Buyback and the total amount spent was approximately ₹ 86,68,19,665.00 (excluding transaction costs), representing 96.31% of the Maximum Buyback Size.

Other than as disclosed above, there are no other public / rights issues (to the public) by our group companies during the last 3 (three) years from the date of the Draft Shelf Prospectus.

Debentures or bonds and redeemable preference shares and other instruments issued by our Company and outstanding

As on June 30, 2022, our Company has listed rated/unrated, secured/unsecured, non-convertible redeemable debentures and listed subordinated debt. For further details see chapter titled "Financial Indebtedness" and "Material Developments" on page 188 and 186, respectively.

Our Company has not issued any preference shares as on June 30, 2022.

Further, save and except as mentioned in this Draft Shelf Prospectus, the Company has not issued any other outstanding debentures or bonds.

Dividend

As on June 30, 2022, our Company has in place dividend distribution policy prepared in accordance with Regulation 43A of SEBI Listing Regulations approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. The declaration and payment of dividends on our shares will be recommended by our Board of Directors and approved by our shareholders, at their discretion, and will depend on a number of factors, including but not limited to our profits, capital requirements and overall financial condition.

Dividend paid to the equity shareholders of our Company over the last three years on a standalone basis

(₹ in million)

				(in million)
Particulars		For the year ended March 31, 2022	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
Equity Share Capital (₹ in million)		759.20	757.68	756.68
Face Value Per Equity Share (₹)	(a)	2.00	2.00	2.00
Interim Dividend on Equity Shares (₹) per Equity Share)	(b)	3.50	3.00	2.25
Total interim dividend on Equity Shares (₹in million)		1,328.21	1,135.41	817.05
Dividend Declared Rate (In %)	(c=b/a)	175.00%	150%	112.50%
Dividend tax (gross) on interim dividend (₹ in million)		-	-	79.34

Dividend paid to the equity shareholders of our Company over the last three years on a consolidated basis

(₹ in million)

Particulars		For the year ended March 31, 2022	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
Equity Shares				
Equity Share Capital (₹ in million)		759.20	757.68	756.68
Face Value Per Equity Share	(a)	2.00	2.00	2.00
(₹)				
Interim Dividend on Equity	(b)	3.50	3.00	2.25
Shares (₹) per Equity Share)				
Total interim dividend on		1,328.21	1135.41	817.05
Equity Shares (₹in million)				
Dividend Declared Rate (In	(c=b/a)	175.00%	150%	112.50%
%)				
Preference Shares				
Dividend on Preference		-	-	-
Shares (₹) in million)				

^{*} Pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement, there was pending issuance of incremental equity shares as on appointed date i.e. April 1, 2018 of ₹ 117.31 million, the said shares were issued on March 30, 2020.

Jurisdiction

Exclusive jurisdiction for the purpose of the Issue is with the competent courts of jurisdiction in Mumbai, India.

Impersonation

As a matter of abundant caution, attention of the Investors is specifically drawn to the provisions of sub-section (1) of Section 38 of the Companies Act, 2013 which is reproduced below:

"Any person who:

- (a) makes or abets making of an application in a fictitious name to a company for acquiring, or subscribing for, its securities; or
- (b) makes or abets making of multiple applications to a company in different names or in different combinations of his name or surname for acquiring or subscribing for its securities; or
- (c) otherwise induces directly or indirectly a company to allot, or register any transfer of, securities to him, or to any

other person in a fictitious name, shall be liable for action under Section 447."

The liability prescribed under Section 447 of the Companies Act 2013 for fraud involving an amount of at least ₹10 lakhs or 1.00% of the turnover of the Company, whichever is lower, includes imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months extending up to 10 years (provided that where the fraud involves public interest, such term shall not be less than three years) and fine of an amount not less than the amount involved in the fraud, extending up to three times of such amount. In case the fraud involves (i) an amount which is less than ₹ 10 lakhs or 1.00% of the turnover of the Company, whichever is lower; and (ii) does not involve public interest, then such fraud is punishable with an imprisonment for a term extending up to five years or a fine of an amount extending up to ₹ 50 lakhs or with both.

Details regarding lending out of issue proceeds of Previous Issues

Lending Policy

For lending policy in relation to each of the products of our Company, please see "Our Business - Details of each product, originations, operations, underwriting policies and risk management are given below" at page 119.

A. Loans given by the Company

The Company has not provided any loans/advances to associates, entities/persons relating to Board, senior management or Promoter out of the proceeds of previous issues of debentures.

B. Type of loans

Classification of loans/advances

The detailed breakup of the types of loans given by the Company as on March 31, 2022 is as follows:

₹ in million)

Sr. No.	Type of Loans	Amount
1.	Secured	1,91,538.01
2.	Unsecured	19,546.85
Total as	Total assets under management (AUM)	

C. Denomination of loans outstanding by LTV as on March 31, 2022*

Sr. No.	LTV	Percentage of AUM
1.	Up to 40%	4.89%
2.	40%-50%	3.34%
3.	50%-60%	10.32%
4.	60%-70%	51.21%
5.	70%-80%	29.53%
6.	80%-90%	0.71%
7.	More than 90%	0.00%
	Total	100.00%

^{*}LTV at the time of origination

D. Sectoral Exposure as on March 31, 2022

Sr. No.	Segment wise break up of AUM	Percentage of AUM
1.	Retail	
(a)	Mortgages (home loans and loans against property)	NA
(b)	Gold Loans	76.88%
(c)	Vehicle Finance	NA
(d)	MFI	NA
(e)	MSME	8.92%

	(f)	Capital market funding (loans against shares, margin funding)	3.04%
	(g)	Others	NA
2.		Wholesale	
	(a)	Infrastructure	NA
	(b)	Real Estate (including builder loans)	11.16%
	(c)	Promoter funding	NA
	(d)	Any other sector (as applicable)	NA
	(e)	Others	NA
	•	Total	100.00%

E. Denomination of the loans outstanding by ticket size as on March 31, 2022*

Sr. No.	Ticket size** (₹)	Percentage of AUM
1.	Up to 0.2 million	51.70%
2.	0.2 million to 0.5 million	17.49%
3.	0.5 million to 1 million	12.87%
4.	1 million to 2.5 million	3.02%
5.	2.5 million to 5 million	0.67%
6.	5 million to 10 million	0.23%
7.	10 million to 50 million	0.77%
8.	50 million to 250 million	1.33%
9.	250 million to 1000 million	5.75%
10.	Above 1000 million	6.17%
	Total	100%

^{*} Ticket size at the time of origination

F. Geographical classification of the borrowers as on March 31, 2022

Top 5 borrowers state wise

Sr. No.	Top 5 states	Percentage of AUM
1.	Maharashtra	23.22%
2.	Gujarat	16.43%
3.	Telangana	6.27%
4.	West Bengal	6.22%
5.	Rajasthan	5.72%
	Others	42.14%
	Total	100%

G. Details of loans overdue and classified as non-performing in accordance with the RBI's guidelines as on March 31, 2022

(₹ in million)

Movement of gross NPA	Amount
Opening gross NPA*	4,080.43
- Additions during the year	2,740.24
- Reductions during the year	(2,758.61)
Closing balance of gross NPA*	4,062.06
* Includes Interest of ₹ 397.59 million (P.Y ₹ 560.88 million)	
Movement of net NPA	
Opening net NPA	1,432.46
- Additions during the year	1,605.12
- Reductions during the year	(974.60)
Closing balance of net NPA	2,062.98
Movement of provisions for NPA	
Opening balance**	2,647.97

^{**}The details provided are as per borrower and not as per loan account.

- Provisions made during the year	1,135.11
- Write-off / write-back of excess provisions	(1,784.00)
Closing balance**	1,999.08
** Includes Interest of ₹ 397.59 millions (P.Y ₹ 560.88 million)	

H. Segment-wise gross NPA as on March 31, 2022

No.	Segment wise break up of gross NPA	Gross NPA
		(%)*
1.	Retail	
(a)	Mortgages (home loans and loans against property)	NA
(b)	Gold Loans	0.90%
(c)	Vehicle Finance	NA
(d)	MFI	NA
(e)	MSME	8.43%
(f)	Capital market funding (loans against shares, margin funding)	0.00%
(g)	Others	NA
2.	Wholesale	
(a)	Infrastructure	NA
(b)	Real Estate (including builder loans)	5.23%
(c)	Promoter funding	NA
(d)	Any other sector (as applicable)	NA
(e)	Others	NA
Gross	NPA	2.90%

^{*} Gross NPA means percentage of NPAs to total advances in that sector

I. Residual Maturity Profile of Assets and Liabilities as on March 31, 2022

(₹ in million)

	Up to	More than	More than	More than	More than	More than	More than	More than	Total
	30/31 days	1 month to	2 months	3 months	6 months	1 year to 3	3 years to	5 years	
		2 months	to 3	to 6	to 1 year	years	5 years		
			months	months					
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	=
Loans &	14,242.80	14,375.09	11,912.52	21,526.17	16,784.21	34,379.40	5,516.38	1,560.85	120,297.42
Advances*	1 1,2 12100	11,070109	11,912.02	21,620.17	10,701.21	0 1,077110	0,010.00	1,000.00	120,2> / 2
Other Advances	1,066.18	1,168.32	1,523.72	3,785.64	688.33	-	-	310.86	8,543.05
Investments	-	-	-	-	197.78	833.00	9,354.42	14,103.34	24,488.54
Borrowings									
(Includes									
foreign	1,942.67	5,457.51	4,755.50	6,765.25	19,379.18	93,412.26	12,587.68	18,159.85	162,459.90
currency									
borrowings)									
Foreign									
currency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
assets									
Foreign									
currency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
liabilities									

^{*} Net of ECL Provision of ₹5,953.24 million

J. (a) Details of top 20 borrowers with respect to concentration of advances as on March 31, 2022

(₹ in million)

Particulars	Amount
Total advances to twenty largest borrowers	23,602.9
	3
Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances to the Company	18.70%

(b) Details of top 20 borrowers with respect to concentration of exposure as on March 31, 2022

(₹ in million)

Particulars Particulars				
Total exposure to twenty largest borrowers	34,474.96			
Percentage of exposure to twenty largest borrowers to Total exposure to the	24.40%			
Company				

K. Classification of loans/advances given to group companies as on March 31, 2022:

NIL

L. ALM Statement filed with the Stock Exchange

Please see Annexure D to this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

M. Details of any other contingent liabilities of the Issuer based on the last audited financial statements including amount and nature of liability

For details see "Financial Information" on page 185.

Revaluation of assets

Our Company has not revalued its assets in the last three financial years.

Mechanism for redressal of investor grievances

The Registrar Agreement dated July 28, 2022 between the Registrar to the Issue and our Company will provide for retention of records with the Registrar to the Issue for a period of at least eight years from the last date of dispatch of the Allotment Advice, demat credit and refund orders to enable the investors to approach the Registrar to the Issue for redressal of their grievances.

All grievances relating to the Issue should be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue and the Compliance Officer of the Company giving full details of the Applicant (including the DP ID, Client ID and PAN), number of NCDs applied for, amount paid on application series or option applied for and Member of the Syndicate or Trading Member or SCSB to which the application was submitted.

All grievances relating to the ASBA process may be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue with a copy to either (a) the relevant Designated Branch of the SCSB where the Application Form was submitted by the ASBA Applicant, or (b) the concerned Member of the Syndicate and the relevant Designated Branch of the SCSB in the event of an Application submitted by an ASBA Applicant at any of the Syndicate ASBA Centres, giving full details such as name, address of Applicant, Application Form number, series applied for, number of NCDs applied for, amount blocked on Application.

All grievances related to the UPI process may be addressed to the Stock Exchange, which shall be responsible for addressing investor grievances arising from applications submitted online through the App based/ web interface platform of stock exchange or through their Trading Members. The Intermediaries shall be responsible for addressing any investor grievances arising from the applications uploaded by them in respect of quantity, price or any other data entry or other errors made by them.

The contact details of Registrar to the Issue are as follows:

Link Intime India Private Limited

C-101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai 400 083

Maharashtra, India Tel.: + 91 22 4918 6200; Fax: + 91 22 4918 6195;

Email: iifl.ncd2021@linkintime.co.in;

Investor Grievance Email: iifl.ncd2021@linkintime.co.in;

Website: www.linkintime.co.in; Contact Person: Shanti Gopalkrishnan Compliance Officer: B.N. Ramakrishnan SEBI Registration No: INR000004058 CIN: U67190MH1999PTC118368

The Registrar shall endeavour to redress complaints of the investors within three (3) days of receipt of the complaint during the currency of this MoU and continue to do so during the period it is required to maintain records under the RTA Regulations and our Company shall extend necessary co-operation to the Registrar for its complying with the said regulations. However, the Registrar shall ensure that the time taken to redress investor complaints does not exceed seven (7) days from the date of receipt of complaint. The Registrar shall provide a status report of investor complaints and grievances on a quarterly basis to our Company. Similar status reports should also be provided to our Company as and when required by our Company.

The details of the person appointed to act as Company Secretary and Compliance Officer for the purposes of the Issue are set out below:

Sneha Patwardhan

802, 8th Floor, Hubtown Solaris, N. S. Phadke Marg, Vijay Nagar, Andheri East, Mumbai – 400069

Tel.: +91 22 6788 1000 **Fax:** +91 22 6788 1010 **Email:** csteam@iifl.com

Details of Joint Statutory Auditors of the Issuer:

Name of Auditor	Address	Auditor Since
M/s. V. Sankar Aiyar & Co	2-C, Court Chambers, 35, New Marine Lines, Mumbai – 400020	June 30, 2020*
M/s. Chhajed & Doshi	101, Hubtown Solaris, Near East-west Flyover, N.S. Phadke Marg, Andheri, Mumbai-400069	September 30, 2021**

^{*}The Board of Directors at their meeting held on June 07, 2020 appointed M/s. V. Sankar Aiyar & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number: 109208W) as the Statutory Auditor of the Company and further approved by the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on June 30, 2020.

Change in Auditors of our Company during the last three years

Name	Address	Date of appointment	Date of resignation	Remarks
M/s. Chhajed & Doshi	101, Hubtown Solaris,	September 30,	-	Appointed as Joint Statutory
(Firm Registration No.	Near East-west Flyover,	2021		Auditor pursuant to RBI
101794W)	N.S. Phadke Marg,			Circular.
	Andheri, Mumbai-400069			

^{**}The Board of Directors at their meeting held on July 27, 2021 appointed M/s. Chhajed & Doshi, Chartered Accountants (ICAI Registration No. 101794W) as the Joint Statutory Auditor of the Company and further approved by the shareholders in the Extra Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on September 30, 2021.

Name	Address	Date of appointment	Date of resignation	Remarks
M/s. V Sankar Aiyar & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 109208W)	2-C, Court Chambers, 35, New Marine Lines, Mumba 400020	June 30, 2020	-	Appointment post resignation of earlier auditor
Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP (Firm Registration No. 117366W/W-100018)	Indiabulls Finance Centre, Tower 3, 27th - 32nd Floor, Senapati Bapat Marg, Elphinstone Road (W), Mumbai 400 013.	July 22, 2017	June 07, 2020	Resignation on account of the auditor fee not being commensurate with the efforts involved for conducting the audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the changes in the reporting requirements.

Debenture Trustee Disclosures

Appointment of Debenture Trustee

The Company has appointed the Debenture Trustee in accordance with the terms of the Debenture Trustee Agreement.

Fees charged by Debenture Trustee

Debenture Trustee Agreement (DTA) has been executed as per required regulations before opening of Issue. Service charges of Debenture Trustee are mentioned in the consent letter No. CL/MUM/22-23/DEB/20 dated June 20, 2022.

Terms of carrying out due diligence

As per the SEBI Circular "SEBI/HO/MIRSD/CRADT/CIR/P/2020/218 dated November 3, 2020 titled "Creation of Security in issuance of listed debt securities and due diligence by debenture trustee(s)", the Debenture Trustee is required to exercise independent due diligence to ensure that the assets of the Issuer company are sufficient to discharge the interest and principal amount with respect to the debt securities of the Issuer at all times. Accordingly, the Debenture Trustee shall exercise due diligence as per the following process, for which our company has consented to.

- a. The Debenture Trustee, either through itself or its agents /advisors/ consultants, shall carry out requisite diligence to verify the status of encumbrance and valuation of the assets and whether all permissions or consents (if any) as may be required to create the security as stipulated in the offer document /disclosure document / information memorandum / private placement memorandum, has been obtained. For the purpose of carrying out the due diligence as required in terms of the Relevant Laws, the Debenture Trustee, either through itself or its agents /advisors/consultants, shall have the power to examine the books of account of the Company and to have the Company's assets inspected by its officers and/or external auditors/valuers/consultants/lawyers/technical experts/management consultants appointed by the Debenture Trustee.
- b. The Company shall provide all assistance to the Debenture Trustee to enable verification from the Registrar of Companies, Sub-registrar of Assurances (as applicable), CERSAI, depositories, information utility or any other authority, as may be relevant, where the assets and/or encumbrances in relation to the assets of the Company or any third party security provider are registered / disclosed.
- c. Further, in the event that existing charge holders have provided conditional consent / permissions to the Company to create further charge on the assets, the Debenture Trustee shall also have the power to verify the Company such conditions by reviewing the relevant transaction documents or any other documents executed between existing charge holders and the Company. The Debenture Trustee shall also have the power to intimate the existing charge holders about proposal of creation of further encumbrance and seeking their comments/ objections, if any.

- d. The Debenture Trustee shall have the power to either independently appoint, or direct the Company to (after consultation with the Debenture Trustee) appoint intermediaries, valuers, chartered accountant firms, practicing company secretaries, consultants, lawyers and other entities in order to assist in the diligence by the Debenture Trustee. All costs, charges, fees and expenses that are associated with and incurred in relation to the diligence as well as preparation of the reports/certificates/documentation, including all out of pocket expenses towards legal or inspection costs, travelling and other costs, shall be solely borne by the Company. Process of due diligence to be carried out by the Debenture Trustee will be carried out as per SEBI NCS Regulations, SEBI Operational Circular and circulars issued by SEBI from time to time. This would broadly include the following:
- A Chartered Accountant ("CA") appointed by Debenture Trustee will conduct independent due diligence as per scope provided, regarding security offered by the Issuer.
- CA will ascertain, verify, and ensure that the assets offered as security by the Issuer is free from any encumbrances or necessary permission / consent / NOC has been obtained from all existing charge holders.
- CA will conduct independent due diligence on the basis of data / information provided by the Issuer.
- CA will, periodically undertake due diligence as envisaged in SEBI circulars depending on the nature of security.
- On basis of the CA's report / finding Due Diligence certificate will be issued by Debenture Trustee and will be filed with relevant Stock Exchanges.
- Due Diligence conducted is premised on data / information made available to the Debenture Trustee appointed agency and there is no onus of responsibility on Debenture Trustee or its appointed agency for any acts of omission / commission on the part of the Issuer.

While the NCD is secured as per terms of the Draft Shelf Prospectus and charge is held in favour of the Debenture Trustee, the extent of recovery would depend upon realization of asset value and the Debenture Trustee in no way guarantees / assures full recovery / partial of either principal or interest.

Other Confirmations

The Debenture Trustee confirms that they have undertaken the necessary due diligence in accordance with Applicable Law, including the SEBI (Debenture Trustees) Regulations, 1993, read with the SEBI circulars titled (i) "Creation of Security in issuance of listed debt securities and 'due diligence' by debenture trustee(s)" dated November 3, 2020; and (ii) "Monitoring and Disclosures by Debenture Trustee(s)" dated November 12, 2020.

The Debenture Trustee undertakes that the NCDs shall be considered as secured only if the charged asset is registered with sub-registrar and Registrar of Companies or CERSAI or depository, etc., as applicable, or is independently verifiable by the Debenture Trustee.

VARDHMAN TRUSTEESHIP PRIVATE LIMITED HAVE FURNISHED TO SEBI AND STOCK EXCHANGES A DUE DILIGENCE CERTIFICATE DATED AUGUST 5, 2022, AS PER THE FORMAT SPECIFIED IN ANNEXURE A TO THE DT CIRCULAR AND SCHEDULE IV OF SEBI NCS REGULATIONS:

- 1. WE HAVE EXAMINED DOCUMENTS PERTAINING TO THE SAID ISSUE AND OTHER SUCH RELEVANT DOCUMENTS.
- 2. ON THE BASIS OF SUCH EXAMINATION AND OF THE DISCUSSIONS WITH THE ISSUER, ITS DIRECTORS AND OTHER OFFICERS, OTHER AGENCIES AND ON INDEPENDENT VERIFICATION OF THE VARIOUS RELEVANT DOCUMENTS, WE CONFIRM THAT:
 - a. THE ISSUER HAS MADE ADEQUATE PROVISIONS FOR AND/OR HAS TAKEN STEPS TO PROVIDE FOR ADEQUATE SECURITY FOR THE DEBT SECURITIES TO BE ISSUED.*
 - b. THE ISSUER HAS OBTAINED THE PERMISSIONS / CONSENTS NECESSARY FOR CREATING SECURITY ON THE SAID PROPERTY(IES).
 - *Not applicable at this stage since security is to be created in tranches.
 - c. THE ISSUER HAS MADE ALL THE RELEVANT DISCLOSURES ABOUT THE SECURITY AND ITS CONTINUED OBLIGATIONS TOWARDS THE HOLDERS OF DEBT SECURITIES.
 - d. ISSUER HAS ADEQUATELY DISCLOSED ALL CONSENTS/ PERMISSIONS REQUIRED FOR CREATION OF FURTHER CHARGE ON ASSETS IN OFFER DOCUMENT AND ALL

- DISCLOSURES MADE IN THE OFFER DOCUMENT AND ALL DISCLOSURES MADE IN THE OFFER DOCUMENT WITH RESPECT TO CREATION OF SECURITY ARE IN CONFIRMATION WITH THE CLAUSES OF DEBENTURE TRUSTEE AGREEMENT.
- e. ISSUER HAS DISCLOSED ALL COVENANTS PROPOSED TO BE INCLUDED IN DEBENTURE TRUST DEED (INCLUDING ANY SIDE LETTER, ACCELERATED PAYMENT CLAUSE ETC.), OFFER DOCUMENT.
- f. ISSUER HAS GIVEN AN UNDERTAKING THAT CHARGE SHALL BE CREATED IN FAVOUR OF DEBENTURE TRUSTEE AS PER TERMS OF ISSUE BEFORE FILING OF LISTING APPLICATION

Our Company undertakes that it shall submit the due diligence certificate from Debenture Trustee to the Stock Exchange as per format specified in Annexure A to the DT Circular and Schedule IV of SEBI NCS Regulations.

Pre-Issue Advertisement

Our Company will issue a statutory advertisement in compliance with Regulation 30(1) of the SEBI NCS Regulations on or before the Issue Opening Date of this Issue. The Advertisement will contain the information as prescribed under the SEBI NCS Regulations and Section 30 of the Companies Act. Material updates, if any, between the date of filing of this Draft Shelf Prospectus and/or the Shelf Prospectus and Tranche Prospectus with the ROC and the date of the release of the statutory advertisement will be included in the statutory advertisement.

Auditors' Remarks

Other than as disclosed in the chapter titled "Risk Factors", on page 18 of the Draft Shelf Prospectus, there are no reservations or qualifications or adverse remarks in the financial statements of our Company in the last three Fiscals immediately preceding this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

Trading

The Equity shares of our Company are listed on recognised stock exchanges i.e. NSE and BSE and the debt securities issued to public by our Company, which are listed on BSE and NSE and debt securities issued on private placement basis are listed on NSE and/or BSE and are infrequently traded with limited or no volumes. Consequently, there has been no material fluctuations in prices or volumes of such listed debt securities

SECTION VII – ISSUE RELATED INFORMATION

ISSUE STRUCTURE

Issuer	IIFL Finance Limited	
Type of instrument/ Name of the	Secured Redeemable NCDs	
security		
Nature of Indebtedness and	Secured Redeemable NCDs	
Ranking / Seniority		
Mode of the issue	Public issue	
Lead Managers	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited,	
	IIFL Securities Limited* and	
	Equirus Capital Private Limited	
	Trust Investment Advisors Limited	
	* IIFL Securities Limited is deemed to be our associate as per the Securities and	
	Exchange Board of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992, as amended	
	(Merchant Bankers Regulations). Further, in compliance with the provisions of	
	Regulation 21A and explanation to Regulation 21A of the Merchant Bankers	
D.L., T.,	Regulations, IIFL Securities Limited would be involved only in marketing of the Issue.	
Debenture Trustee	Vardhman Trusteeship Private Limited	
Depositories	NSDL and CDSL	
Registrar	Link Intime India Private Limited	
Issue	Public Issue by the Company of secured redeemable non-convertible	
	debentures of face value of ₹ 1,000 each ("NCDs") for an amount aggregating	
T31: 11 1 4	up to ₹ 50,000 million (" Shelf Limit").	
Eligible investors	See "Issue Procedure – Who can apply?" on page 302	
Objects of the Issue	See the chapter titled "Objects of the Issue" on page 74	
Details of utilization of the	See the chapter titled "Objects of the Issue" on page 74	
proceeds	A 'C' 1' a d 1 T 1 . D C 1 . T 1 . I	
Interest rate	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for each Tranche Issue	
Description regarding security (where applicable) including type	The principal amount of the NCDs to be issued in terms of this Draft Shelf Prospectus together with all interest due and payable on the NCDs, thereof	
of security (movable/ immovable/	shall be secured by way of pari-passu and/or specified charge in favour of the	
tangible etc.) type of charge	Debenture Trustee on an identified immovable property and/or present and	
(pledge/ hypothecation/ mortgage	future receivables, book debts, loan and advances and current assets of our	
etc.), date of creation of security/	company including investments and cash and equivalents created in favour of	
likely date of creation of security,	the Debenture Trustee, as specifically set out in and fully described in the	
minimum security cover,	Debenture Trust Deed, except those receivables, present and/or future,	
revaluation, replacement of	specifically and exclusively charged in favour of certain existing charge	
security, interest of the debenture	holders, such that a security cover of at least 100% of the outstanding principal	
holder over and above the coupon	amounts of the NCDs and interest thereon is maintained at all time until the	
rate as specified in the Debenture	Maturity Date.	
Trust Deed and disclosed in the		
Shelf Prospectus and this Tranche	NCDs shall be considered as secured only if the charged asset is registered	
Prospectus (es)	with Sub-registrar and Registrar of Companies or CERSAI or Depository etc.,	
	as applicable, or is independently verifiable by the Debenture Trustee.	
	Further, please refer to the section titled- "Issue related Information" in this	
	Draft Shelf Prospectus and the Debenture Trust Deed to be executed for this	
	Issue. The Company shall pay interest of atleast 2% p.a. to the NCD holders,	
	over and above the coupon rate mentioned in the Tranch Prospectus(es), if the	
	Company fails to execute the Debenture Trust Deed within the stipulated	
G ₄ /G ₄ l	regulatory timeframe.	
Step up/ Step down interest rates	NA Triangle 1	
Interest type	Fixed	
Interest reset process	NA	
Issuance mode of the instrument	In dematerialised form only	

Frequency of interest payment	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for each Tranche Issue
Interest payment date	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for each Tranche Issue
Day count basis	Actual/ Actual
Interest on application money	NA
Default interest rate	Our Company shall pay interest in connection with any delay in allotment,
	refunds / unblocking, listing, dematerialized credit, execution of Debenture
	Trust Deed, payment of interest, redemption of principal amount beyond the
	time limits prescribed under applicable statutory and/or regulatory
m	requirements, at such rates as stipulated/ prescribed under applicable laws
Tenor	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for each Tranche Issue
Redemption Date	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for each Tranche Issue
Redemption Amount	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for each Tranche Issue
Redemption premium/ discount	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for each Tranche Issue
Issue Price (in ₹)	₹ 1,000 per NCD
Discount at which security is issued	NA
and the effective yield as a result of	
such discount.	As amosified in the valeyout Treath - Duranter for a 1. Treath - I.
Put option date	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for each Tranche Issue
Put option price	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for each Tranche Issue
Call option date	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for each Tranche Issue
Call option price Put notification time	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for each Tranche Issue
Call notification time	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for each Tranche Issue As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for each Tranche Issue
Face value	₹ 1,000 per NCD
Minimum Application size and in	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for each Tranche Issue
multiples of NCD thereafter	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for each Tranche Issue
Market Lot/ Trading Lot	One NCD
Pay-in date	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for each Tranche Issue
Credit ratings	The NCDs proposed to be issued under the Issue have been rated "CRISIL"
8	AA/Stable" (pronounced as CRISIL double A rating with Stable outlook) for
	an amount of ₹50,000 million by CRISIL Limited ("CRISIL") vide their rating
	letter dated June 28, 2022 revalidated vide letter dated July 29, 2022, and
	[ICRA] AA (stable) (pronounced as ICRA Double A (stable)) for an amount
	of ₹ 50,000 million by ICRA Limited ("ICRA") vide their rating letter dated
	August 2, 2022. The rating given by CRISIL and ICRA are valid as on the date
	of this Draft Shelf Prospectus and shall remain valid until the ratings are
	revised or withdrawn. The aforesaid rating indicates that instruments with this
	rating are considered to have high degree of safety regarding timely servicing
	of financial obligations and carry very low credit risk. The rating is not a
	recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and investors should take their own decision. The rating may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time
	by the assigning rating agency and each rating should be evaluated
	independently of any other rating. The rating agency has a right to suspend or
	withdraw the rating at any time on the basis of factors such as new information.
	Please refer to Annexures A and B of this Draft Shelf Prospectus for the
	rationale and press release of the above ratings.
Listing	The NCDs are proposed to be listed on BSE & NSE. NSE shall be the
	Designated Stock Exchange for the Issue. The NCDs shall be listed within 6
	(six) Working Days from the date of Issue Closing Date.
Modes of payment	See "Issue Procedure – Terms of Payment" on page 285.
Issuance mode of the Instrument	In dematerialised form only
Trading mode of the instrument	In dematerialised form only
Issue opening date	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for each Tranche Issue
Issue closing date**	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus for each Tranche Issue
Settlement mode of instrument	In dematerialised form only

Record date	The record date for payment of interest in connection with the NCDs or repayment of principal in connection therewith shall be 15 days prior to the date on which interest is due and payable, and/or the date of redemption or such other date as may be determined by the Board of Directors and/or Finance Committee as constituted by the Board of Directors, from time to time in accordance with the applicable law. Provided that trading in the NCDs shall
	remain suspended between the aforementioned Record Date in connection with redemption of NCDs and the date of redemption or as prescribed by the Stock Exchanges, as the case may be.
	In case the Record Date falls on a day when the Stock Exchanges are having a trading holiday, the immediate subsequent trading day or a date notified by our Company will be deemed as the Record Date.
All covenants of the Issue	The Company shall comply with the representations and warranties, general
(including side letters, accelerated	covenants, negative covenants, reporting covenants and financial covenants as
payment clause, etc.)	more specifically set out in the Debenture Trust Deed and as specified in the Prospectus. Any covenants later added shall be disclosed on the websites of the Stock Exchanges, where the NCDs are proposed to be listed.
Issue Documents/ Offer	This Draft Shelf Prospectus, the Shelf Prospectus, the Tranche Prospectus(es)
Documents/ Transaction	read with any notices, corrigenda, addenda thereto, the Debenture Trust Deed
Documents	and other documents, if applicable, and various other documents/ agreements/
	undertakings, entered or to be entered by our Company with Lead Managers
	and/or other intermediaries for the purpose of this Issue including but not
	limited to the Debenture Trust Deed, the Debenture Trustee Agreement, the
	Tripartite Agreements, the Registrar Agreement (as amended), the Public Issue Account and Sponsor Bank Agreement and the Lead Broker Agreement. For
	further details see the chapter titled "Material Contracts and Documents for
	Inspection" on page 337.
Conditions precedent to	Other than the conditions specified in the SEBI NCS Regulations, there are no
disbursement	conditions precedents to disbursement.
	See "General Information - Utilisation of Issue Proceeds" on page 53
Conditions subsequent to	Other than the conditions specified in the SEBI NCS Regulations, there are no
disbursement	conditions subsequent to disbursement. See "General Information - Utilisation
	of Issue Proceeds" on page 53
Events of default / cross default	See "Terms of the Issue – Events of Default" on page 289
(including manner of	
voting/conditions of joining Inter Creditor Agreement)	
Creation of recovery expense fund	Our Company has deposited, in the manner specified by SEBI from time to
Creation of recovery expense fund	time, the amount in the recovery expense fund and inform the Debenture
	Trustee regarding the deposit in such fund. The recovery expense fund may be
	utilised by Debenture Trustee, in the event of default by our Company under
	the terms of the Debenture Trust Deed, for taking appropriate legal action to
	enforce the security.
Conditions for breach of covenants	The Debenture Trustee may, with the consent of all the Debenture Holder(s)/
(as specified in Debenture Trust	Beneficial Owner(s), at any time, waive on such terms and conditions as it
Deed)	shall seem expedient, any breach by the Company of any of the covenants and
	provisions in these presents contained without prejudice to the rights of the
	Debenture Trustee or the Debenture Holder(s)/ Beneficial Owner(s) in respect
Deemed date of Allotment	of any subsequent breach thereof. The data on which the Board of Directors/or the Finance Committee approves.
Decined date of Alloument	The date on which the Board of Directors/or the Finance Committee approves the Allotment of the NCDs for each Tranche Issue or such date as may be
	determined by the Board of Directors/ or the Finance Committee thereof and
	notified to the Designated Stock Exchange. The actual Allotment of NCDs
	may take place on a date other than the Deemed Date of Allotment. All benefits
	relating to the NCDs including interest on NCDs (as specified for each Tranche

	Issue by way of the relevant Tranche Prospectus) shall be available to the Debenture Holders from the Deemed Date of Allotment.	
Roles and responsibilities of the Debenture Trustee	See "Other Regulatory and Statutory Disclosures - Debenture Trustee Disclosures" on page 279.	
Risk factors pertaining to the Issue	Please see section titled "Risk Factors" on page 18	
Governing law and jurisdiction	The governing law and jurisdiction for the purpose of the Issue shall be Indian law, and the competent courts of jurisdiction in Mumbai, India, respectively.	
Working Day convention	If the Interest Payment Date falls on a day other than a Working Day, the interest payment shall be made by our Company on the immediately succeeding Working Day and calculation of such interest payment shall be as per original schedule as if such Interest Payment Date were a Working Day. Further, the future Interest Payment Dates shall remain intact and shall not be changed because of postponement of such interest payment on account of it failing on a non-Working Day. If Redemption Date (also being the last Interest Payment Date) falls on a day that is not a Working Day, the Redemption Amount shall be paid by our Company on the immediately preceding Working Day along with interest	
	accrued on the NCDs until but excluding the date of such payment. The interest /redemption payments shall be made only on the days when the money market is functioning in Mumbai.	

While the NCDs are secured to the tune of 100% of the principal and interest thereon in favour of Debenture Trustee, it is it the duty of the Debenture Trustee to monitor the security is maintained, however, the possibility of recovery of 100% of the amount shall depend on the market scenario prevalent at the time of enforcement of the security.

Debt securities shall be considered as secured only if the charged asset is registered with Sub-registrar and Registrar of Companies or CERSAI or Depository etc., as applicable, or is independently verifiable by the debenture trustee.

Specific terms for NCDs

As specified in the Tranche Prospectus(es).

Terms of payment

The entire face value per NCDs applied for will be blocked in the relevant ASBA Account maintained with the SCSB or under UPI mechanism (only for Retail Individual Investors), as the case may be, in the bank account of the Applicants that is specified in the ASBA Form at the time of the submission of the Application Form. In the event of Allotment of a lesser number of NCDs than applied for, our Company shall unblock the additional amount blocked upon application in the ASBA Account, in accordance with the terms specified in "Terms of the Issue – Manner of Payment of Interest/Unblocking" on page 296.

Participation by any of the above-mentioned Investor classes in the Issue will be subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements. Applicants are advised to ensure that applications made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and/or regulatory provisions.

The NCDs have not been and will not be registered, listed or otherwise qualified in any jurisdiction outside India and may not be offered or sold, and Applications may not be made by persons in any such jurisdiction, except in compliance with the applicable laws of such jurisdiction. In particular, the NCDs have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act, 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") or the securities laws of any state of the United States and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons (as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act) except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. The Issuer has not registered and does not intend to register under the U.S. Investment Company Act, 1940 in reliance on section 3(c)(7) thereof. This Draft Shelf Prospectus may not be forwarded or distributed to any other person and may not be reproduced in any manner whatsoever, and in particular, may not be forwarded to any U.S. Person or to any U.S. address.

Applications may be made in single or joint names (not exceeding three). Applications should be made by Karta in case the Applicant is an HUF. If the Application is submitted in joint names, the Application Form should contain only the name of the first Applicant whose name should also appear as the first holder of the depository account held in joint names. If the depository account is held in joint names, the Application Form should contain the name and PAN of the person whose name appears first in the depository account and signature of only this person would be required in the Application Form.

This Applicant would be deemed to have signed on behalf of joint holders and would be required to give confirmation to this effect in the Application Form. Please ensure that such Applications contain the PAN of the HUF and not of the Karta.

In the case of joint Applications, all payments will be made out in favour of the first Applicant. All communications will be addressed to the first named Applicant whose name appears in the Application Form and at the address mentioned therein.

Day Count Convention

Interest shall be computed on an actual/actual basis on the principal outstanding on the NCDs as per the SEBI Operational Circular.

Effect of holidays on payments

If the date of payment of interest does not fall on a Working Day, then the interest payment will be made on succeeding Working Day, however the calculation for payment of interest will be only till the originally stipulated Interest Payment Date. The dates of the future interest payments would be as per the originally stipulated schedule. Payment of interest will be subject to the deduction of tax as per Income Tax Act or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force. In case the Redemption Date (also being the last Interest Payment Date) does not fall on a Working Day, the payment will be made on the immediately preceding Working Day, along with coupon/interest accrued on the NCDs until but excluding the date of such payment. The interest/redemption payments shall be made only on the days when the money market is functioning in Mumbai.

Applicants are advised to ensure that they have obtained the necessary statutory and/or regulatory Permissions / consents/approvals in connection with applying for, subscribing to, or seeking Allotment of NCDs pursuant to the Issue.

For further details, see the section titled "Issue Procedure" on page 301.

TERMS OF THE ISSUE

Authority for the Issue

secured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value of \mathbb{Z} 1,000 each ("NCDs") for an amount aggregating up to \mathbb{Z} 50,000 million ("Shelf Limit"). Further, the present borrowing is within the borrowing limits of \mathbb{Z} 3,50,000 million under Section 180(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013 duly approved by the members of our Company on September 30, 2019.

The NCDs pursuant to this Issue will be issued on terms and conditions as set out in the Tranche Prospectus(es).

Principal Terms & Conditions of the Issue

The NCDs being offered as part of the Issue are subject to the provisions of the SEBI NCS Regulations, the Act, the Memorandum and Articles of Association of our Company, the terms of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, the Shelf Prospectus, the Tranche Prospectus(es) the Abridged Prospectus, the Application Forms, the terms and conditions of the Debenture Trust Agreement and the Debenture Trust Deed, other applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements including those issued from time to time by SEBI/the Government of India/BSE/NSE, and/or other statutory/regulatory authorities relating to the offer, issue and listing of securities and any other documents that may be executed in connection with the NCDs.

Ranking of NCDs

The NCDs would constitute secured obligations of ours and shall rank *pari-passu* inter se and subject to any obligations under applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements, shall also, with regard to the amount invested, thereof shall be secured by way of pari-passu and/or specified charge in favour of the Debenture Trustee on an identified immovable property and/or present and future receivables, book debts, loan and advances and current assets of our company including investments and cash and equivalents created in favour of the Debenture Trustee, as specifically set out in and fully described in the Debenture Trust Deed, except those receivables, present and/or future, specifically and exclusively charged in favour of certain existing charge holders, such that a security cover of at least 100% of the outstanding principal amounts of the NCDs and interest thereon is maintained at all time until the Maturity Date. We have received necessary consents from the relevant debenture trustees and security trustees in favour of the Debenture Trustee in relation to the NCDs. The NCDs proposed to be issued under the Issue and all earlier issues of debentures outstanding in the books of our Company having corresponding assets as security, shall rank *pari passu* without preference of one over the other except that priority for payment shall be as per applicable date of redemption. For exclusive charge on the assets, such assets shall be free from any encumbrances.

Our Company is required to obtain permissions or consents from the prior creditors for proceeding with this Issue. Pursuant to SEBI Circular no. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/CRADT/CIR/P/2020/218 dated November 3, 2020, our Company undertakes, *inter alia*, that the assets on which charge or security is created are free from any encumbrances and if the assets are encumbered or already charged, the permissions or consent to create any further charge on the Pledged Securities have been obtained from the existing creditors.

Our Company has applied to the existing creditors for such permissions or consents and has received such permissions or consents from all such creditors.

Security

The principal amount of the NCDs to be issued in terms of this Draft Shelf Prospectus together with all interest due and payable on the NCDs, thereof shall be secured by way of pari-passu and/or specified charge in favour of the Debenture Trustee on an identified immovable property and/or present and future receivables, book debts, loan and advances and current assets of our company including investments and cash and equivalents created in favour of the Debenture Trustee, as specifically set out in and fully described in the Debenture Trust Deed, except those receivables, present and/or future, specifically and exclusively charged in favour of certain existing charge holders, such that a security cover of at least 100% of the outstanding principal amounts of the NCDs and interest thereon is maintained at all time until the Maturity Date.

Our Company intends to enter into an indenture/deed with the Debenture Trustee, ("Debenture Trust Deed") terms of which will govern the powers, authorities and obligations of the Debenture Trustee. Our Company proposes to complete the execution and registration of the Debenture Trust Deed within the stipulated timeframe and shall utilize the funds only after the stipulated security has been created. Under the terms of the Debenture Trust Deed, our Company will covenant with the Debenture Trustee that it will pay the NCD Holders the principal amount on the NCDs on the relevant redemption date and also that it will pay the interest due on NCDs on the rate specified in the Tranche Prospectus(es) and in the Debenture Trust Deed. The Debenture Trust Deed will also provide that our Company may withdraw any portion of the security and replace with another asset of the same or a higher value and shall ensure that the minimum security cover shall be maintained until the redemption of the NCDs.

Debenture Redemption Reserve

In accordance with recent amendments to the Companies Act, 2013, and the Companies (Share Capital & Debentures) Rules 2014, read with Rule 16 of the SEBI NCS Regulations, a listed company that intends to issue debentures to the public are no longer required to create a DRR for the purpose of redemption of debentures. Pursuant to the amendment to the Companies (Share Capital & Debentures) Rules 2014, notified on August 16, 2019, and as on the date of filing of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, our Company is not required to create DRR for the purpose of redemption of the NCDs. Accordingly, no debenture redemption reserve shall be created by our Company for the purpose of redemption of the NCDs or in connection with the Issue. Our Company shall, as per the Companies (Share Capital & Debentures) Rules 2014 and other laws applicable from time to time, invest or deposit, as the case may be, the applicable amounts, within the specified timelines, in respect of debentures maturing during the year ending on the 31st day of March of the next year, in any one or more methods of investments or deposits stipulated under the applicable law. Provided that the amount remaining invested or deposited, as the case may be, shall not at any time fall below the specified percentage, which is presently stipulated at 15% (fifteen percent) of the amount of the debentures maturing during the year ending on March 31 of the next year, in any of the following instruments or such other instruments as may be permitted under the applicable laws

- 1. in deposits with any scheduled bank, free from any charge or lien;
- 2. in unencumbered securities of the Central Government or any State Government;
- 3. in unencumbered securities mentioned in sub-clause (a) to (d) and (ee) of section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882;
- 4. in unencumbered bonds issued by any other company which is notified under sub-clause (f) of section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882:

Provided further that the amount invested or deposited as above shall not be used for any purpose other than for redemption of debentures maturing during the year referred above.

Face Value

The face value of each NCD shall be ₹1,000.

Trustees for the NCD Holders

Our Company has appointed Vardhman Trusteeship Private Limited to act as the Debenture Trustee for the NCD Holders in terms of Regulation 8 of the SEBI NCS Regulations and Section 71 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules prescribed thereunder. Our Company and the Debenture Trustee will execute a Debenture Trust Deed, *inter alia*, specifying the powers, authorities and obligations of the Debenture Trustee and us. The NCD Holder(s) shall, without further act or deed, be deemed to have irrevocably given their consent to the Debenture Trustee or any of its agents or authorized officials to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things in respect of or relating to the NCDs as the Debenture Trustee may in its absolute discretion deem necessary or require to be done in the interest of the NCD Holder(s). Any payment made by us to the Debenture Trustee on behalf of the NCD Holder(s) shall discharge us *pro tanto* to the NCD Holder(s).

The Debenture Trustee will protect the interest of the NCD Holders in the event of default by us in regard to timely payment of interest and repayment of principal and they will take necessary action at our cost.

We and the Debenture Trustee will execute a Debenture Trust Deed, inter alia, specifying the powers, authorities and obligations of the Debenture Trustee and us. The NCD Holder(s) shall, without further act or deed, be deemed to have irrevocably given their consent to the Debenture Trustee or any of its agents or authorised officials to do all such acts,

deeds, matters and things in respect of or relating to the NCDs as the Debenture Trustee may in its absolute discretion deem necessary or require to be done in the interest of the NCD Holder(s). Any payment made by us to the Debenture Trustee on behalf of the NCD Holder(s) shall discharge us pro tanto to the NCD Holder(s).

Events of Default (including manner of voting/conditions of joining Inter Creditor Agreement)

Subject to the terms of the Debenture Trust Deed, the Debenture Trustee at its discretion may, or if so requested in writing by the holders of at least three-fourths of the outstanding amount of the NCDs or with the sanction of a special resolution, passed at a meeting of the NCD Holders, (subject to being indemnified and/or secured by the NCD Holders to its satisfaction), give notice to our Company specifying that the NCDs and/or any particular series of NCDs, in whole but not in part are and have become due and repayable on such date as may be specified in such notice *inter alia* if any of the events listed below occurs. The description below is indicative and a complete list of events of default and its consequences will be specified in the Debenture Trust Deed.

Indicative list of Events of Default:

- (i) default in redemption of the debentures together with redemption premium, if any, interest accrued thereon as and when the same shall have become due and payable or payment of any other amounts in terms of the Debenture Trust Deed;
- (ii) default is committed in payment of the principal amount of the NCDs on the due date(s);
- (iii) default is committed in payment of any interest on the NCDs on the due date(s);
- (iv) Default is committed in the performance of any other covenants, conditions or agreements on the part of the Company under the Debenture Trust Deed or the other Transaction Documents or deeds entered into between the Company and the Debenture Holder(s)/ Beneficial Owner(s)/ Debenture Trustee and such default shall have continued for a period of thirty (30) days after notice in writing thereof been given to the Company by the Debenture Holder(s)/ Beneficial Owner(s)/ Debenture Trustee for remedying such default;
- (v) Default is committed if any information given to the Company in the Draft Shelf Prospectus, the Shelf Prospectus, Tranche Prospectus, the Transaction Documents and/or other information furnished and/or the representations and warranties given/deemed to have been given by the Company to the Debenture Holder(s)/ Beneficial Owner(s) for financial assistance by way of subscription to the Debenture is or proves to be misleading or incorrect in any material respect or is found to be incorrect;
- (vi) Default is committed if the Company is unable to or admits in writing its inability to pay its debts as they mature or proceedings for taking it into liquidation have been admitted by any competent court;
- (vii) The Company has voluntarily or involuntarily become the subject of proceedings under any bankruptcy or insolvency law or suffered any action to be taken for its reorganisation, liquidation or dissolution;
- (viii) Default is committed if any extraordinary circumstances have occurred which makes it impossible for the Company to fulfil its obligations under the Debenture Trust Deed and/or the Debentures; If the Company is unable to pay its debts
- (ix) The Company ceases to carry on its business or gives notice of its intention to do so;
- (x) If it is certified by an accountant or a firm of accountants appointed by the Debenture Trustee that the liabilities of the Company exceed its assets;
- (xi) Default is committed if any of the necessary clearances required or desirable in relation to the Company or the Debentures in accordance with any of the Transaction Documents is not received or is revoked or terminated, withdrawn, suspended, modified or withheld or shall cease to be in full force and effect which shall, in the reasonable opinion of Debenture Holder(s)/ Beneficial Owner(s), have material adverse effect on the Company or the Debentures;
- (xii) Default is committed if the company enters into any arrangement or composition with its creditors or commits any acts of insolvency or winding up of the Company;
- (xiii) If the Company files a petition for reorganisation, arrangement, adjustment, winding up or composition of debts of the Company or have been admitted or makes an assignment for the benefit of its creditors generally and such proceeding (other than a proceeding commenced voluntarily by the Company is not stayed, quashed or dismissed);
- (xiv) If the Company is adjudged insolvent or takes advantage of any law for the relief of insolvent debtors;
- (xv) If it becomes unlawful for the company to perform any of its obligations under any transaction document;
- (xvi) Default is committed if the occurrence of any event or condition which in the Debenture Trustee/ Beneficial Owner(s) reasonable opinion can constitute a material adverse effect;
- (xvii) Any security created at any time, any circumstance or event occurs which is prejudicial to or impairs or imperils or jeopardize or endangers any hypothecated properties or any part thereof or any event occurs which causes the Debenture Deed or any related agreement to become ineffective;

- (xviii) Any security created at any time, without prior written consent of the Debenture Trustee or unless otherwise provided for in the Debenture Trust Deed, the Company, attempts or purports to create any charge, mortgage, pledge, hypothecation, lien or other encumbrance over any of the hypothecated properties; and
- (xix) Any other event described as an Event of Default in this Draft Shelf Prospectus, the Shelf Prospectus, Tranche Prospectus(es). and the Transaction Documents. In accordance (SEBI/HO/MIRSD/CRADT/CIR/P/2020/203) dated October 13, 2020 issued by SEBI on "Standardisation of procedure to be followed by Debenture Trustee(s) in case of 'Default' by Issuers of listed debt securities", post the occurrence of a "default", the consent of the NCD Holders for entering into an inter-creditor agreement (the "ICA")/enforcement of security shall be sought by the debenture trustee after providing a notice to the investors in the manner stipulated under applicable law. Further, the meeting of the NCD Holders shall be held within the period stipulated under applicable law. In case(s) where majority of investors express their consent to enter into the ICA, the debenture trustee shall enter into the ICA on behalf of the investors upon compliance with the conditions as stipulated in the abovementioned circular. In case consents are not received for signing the ICA, the debenture trustee shall take further action, if any, as per the decision taken in the meeting of the investors. The consent of the majority of investors shall mean the approval of not less than 75% of the investors by value of the outstanding debt and 60% of the investors by number at the ISIN level.

Regulation 51 read with the Explanation to Clause A (11) in Part B of Schedule III of the SEBI Listing Regulations, defines 'default' as non-payment of interest or principal amount in full on the pre-agreed date which shall be recognized at the first instance of delay in the servicing of any interest or principal on debt.

It is hereby confirmed, in case of an occurrence of a "default", the Debenture Trustee shall abide and comply with the procedures mentioned in the abovementioned circular (SEBI/HO/MIRSD/CRADT/CIR/P/2020/203) dated October 13, 2020 issued by SEBI.

NCD Holder not a Shareholder

The NCD Holders will not be entitled to any of the rights and privileges available to the equity and/or preference shareholders of our Company, except to the extent of the right to receive the annual reports of our Company and such other rights as may be prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules prescribed thereunder and the SEBI Listing Regulations.

Rights of NCD Holders

Some of the significant rights available to the NCD Holders are as follows:

- 1. The NCDs shall not, except as provided in the Companies Act, 2013, our Memorandum and Articles of Association and/or the Debenture Trust Deed, confer upon the holders thereof any rights or privileges available to our Company's members/shareholders including, without limitation, the right to attend and/or vote at any general meeting of our Company's members/shareholders. However, if any resolution affecting the rights attached to the NCDs is to be placed before the members/shareholders of our Company, the said resolution will first be placed before the concerned registered NCD Holders for their consideration.
- 2. In terms of Section 136 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013, holders of NCDs shall be entitled to a copy of the balance sheet and copy of trust deed at the Registered Office of our Company during business hours.
- 3. Subject to the above and the applicable statutory/regulatory requirements and terms of the Debenture Trust Deed, including requirements of other applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements, the rights, privileges and conditions attached to the NCDs may be varied, modified and/or abrogated with the consent in writing of the holders of at least three-fourths of the outstanding amount of the NCDs or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a meeting of the concerned NCD Holders, provided that nothing in such consent or resolution shall be operative against us, where such consent or resolution modifies or varies the terms and conditions governing the NCDs, if the same are not acceptable to us.
- 4. Subject to applicable statutory/regulatory requirements and terms of the Debenture Trust Deed, the registered NCD Holder or in case of joint-holders, the one whose name stands first in the register of debenture holders shall be entitled to vote in respect of such NCDs, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the concerned NCD Holders and every such holder shall be entitled to one vote on a show of hands and on a poll, his/her voting rights on every

resolution placed before such meeting of the NCD Holders shall be in proportion to the outstanding nominal value of NCDs held by him/her.

- 5. The NCDs are subject to the provisions of the SEBI NCS Regulations, the Companies Act, 2013, the Memorandum and Articles of Association of our Company, the terms of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, the Shelf Prospectus, Tranche Prospectus(es), the Application Forms, the terms and conditions of the Debenture Trust Deed, requirements of other applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements relating to the issue and listing, of securities and any other documents that may be executed in connection with the NCDs.
- 6. For the NCDs issued in dematerialized form, the Depositories shall also maintain the up-to-date record of holders of the NCDs in dematerialized Form. For NCDs in dematerialized form, all interest and principal sums becoming due and payable in respect of the NCDs will be paid to the person for the time being appearing in the register of beneficial owners of the Depository. In terms of Section 88(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, the register and index of beneficial of NCDs maintained by a Depository for any NCDs in dematerialized form under Section 11 of the Depositories Act shall be deemed to be a Register of NCD Holders for this purpose. The same shall be maintained at the registered office of our Company under Section 94 of the Companies Act, 2013 unless the same has been moved to another location after obtaining the consent of the NCD holders.
- 7. Subject to compliance with RBI requirements, the NCDs can be rolled over only with the consent of the holders of at least 75% of the outstanding amount of the NCDs after providing 15 days prior notice for such roll over and in accordance with the SEBI NCS Regulations. Our Company shall redeem the debt securities of all the debt securities holders, who have not given their positive consent to the roll-over. The roll-over of NCDs shall be as per regulation 39 of the SEBI NCS Regulations.

The aforementioned rights of the NCD holders are merely indicative. The final rights of the NCD holders will be as per the terms of this Draft Shelf Prospectus and the Debenture Trust Deed.

Nomination facility to NCD Holder

In accordance with Rule 19 of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 ("Rule 19") read with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the sole NCD holder, or first NCD holder, along with other joint NCD Holders' (being individual(s)), may nominate, in the Form No. SH.13, any one person with whom, in the event of the death of Applicant the NCDs were Allotted, if any, will vest. Where the nomination is made in respect of the NCDs held by more than one person jointly, all joint holders shall together nominate in Form No.SH.13 any person as nominee. A nominee entitled to the NCDs by reason of the death of the original holder(s), will, in accordance with Rule 19 and Section 56 of the Companies Act, 2013, be entitled to the same benefits to which he or she will be entitled if he or she were the registered holder of the NCDs. Where the nominee is a minor, the NCD holder(s) may make a nomination to appoint, in Form No. SH.14, any person to become entitled to NCDs in the event of the holder 's death during minority. A nomination will stand rescinded on a sale/transfer/alienation of NCDs by the person nominating. A buyer will be entitled to make a fresh nomination in the manner prescribed. Fresh nomination can be made only on the prescribed form available on request at our Registered Office or with the Registrar to the Issue.

NCD Holder(s) are advised to provide the specimen signature of the nominee to us to expedite the transmission of the NCD(s) to the nominee in the event of demise of the NCD Holder(s). The signature can be provided in the Application Form or subsequently at the time of making fresh nominations. This facility of providing the specimen signature of the nominee is purely optional.

In accordance with Rule 19 read with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act 2013, any person who becomes a nominee by virtue of the Rule 19 read with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act 2013, will on the production of such evidence as may be required by the Board, elect either:

- to register himself or herself as holder of NCDs; or
- to make such transfer of the NCDs, as the deceased holder could have made.

Further, our Board may at any time give notice requiring any nominee to choose either to be registered himself or herself or to transfer the NCDs, and if the notice is not complied with, within a period of 90 days, our Board may thereafter

withhold payment of all interests or other monies payable in respect of the NCDs, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

Since the allotment of NCDs will be made only in dematerialized mode, there is no need to make a separate nomination with our Company. Nominations registered with the respective Depository Participant of the Applicant would prevail. If the investors require changing their nomination, they are requested to inform their respective Depository Participant.

Jurisdiction

Exclusive jurisdiction for the purpose of the Issue is with the competent courts of jurisdiction in Mumbai, India.

Application in the Issue

Applicants shall apply in the Issue in dematerialised form only, through a valid Application Form filled in by the Applicant along with attachment, as applicable. Further, Applications in the Issue shall be made through the ASBA facility only (including Applications made by UPI Investors under the UPI Mechanism).

In terms of Regulation 7 of the SEBI NCS Regulations, our Company will make public issue of the NCDs in the dematerialised form only.

Form of Allotment and Denomination of NCDs

As per the SEBI NCS Regulations, the trading of the NCDs on the Stock Exchange shall be in dematerialized form only in multiples of 1 (one) NCD ("**Market Lot**"). Allotment in the Issue to all Allottees, will be in electronic form i.e., in dematerialised form and in multiples of one NCD.

For details of allotment refer to chapter titled "Issue Procedure" beginning on page 301.

Transfer/Transmission of NCD(s)

The NCDs shall be transferred subject to and in accordance with the rules/procedures as prescribed by NSDL/CDSL and the relevant DPs of the transfer or transferee and any other applicable laws and rules notified in respect thereof. The transferee(s) should ensure that the transfer formalities are completed prior to the Record Date. In the absence of the same, interest will be paid/redemption will be made to the person, whose name appears in the register of debenture holders maintained by the Depositories. In such cases, claims, if any, by the transferees would need to be settled with the transferor(s) and not with the Issuer or Registrar.

In the absence of the same, interest will be paid/redemption will be made to the person, whose name appears in the register of debenture holders maintained by the Depositories. In such cases, claims, if any, by the transferees would need to be settled with the transferor(s) and not with the Issuer or Registrar. The seller should give delivery instructions containing details of the buyer's DP account to his depository participant.

Please see "Terms of the Issue – Interest" on page 294 for the implications on the interest applicable to NCDs held by Individual Investors on the Record Date and NCDs held by Non-Individual Investors on the Record Date.

Pursuant to the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Fourth Amendment) Regulations, 2018 ("**SEBI LODR IV Amendment**"), NCDs held in physical form, pursuant to any rematerialisation, as above, cannot be transferred except by way of transmission or transposition, from December 4, 2018. However, any trading of the NCDs issued pursuant to the Issue shall be compulsorily in dematerialized form only.

Title

The NCD Holder(s) for the time being appearing in the record of beneficial owners maintained by the Depository shall be treated for all purposes by our Company, the Debenture Trustee, the Depositories and all other persons dealing with such person as the holder thereof and its absolute owner for all purposes.

Procedure for rematerialisation of NCDs

NCD Holders who wish to hold the NCDs in physical form may do so by submitting a request to their DP at any time after Allotment in accordance with the applicable procedure stipulated by the DP, in accordance with the Depositories Act and/or rules as notified by the Depositories from time to time. Holders of the NCDs who propose to rematerialize their NCDs, would have to mandatorily submit details of their bank mandate along with a copy of any document evidencing that the bank account is in the name of the holder of such NCDs and their Permanent Account Number to our Company and the Depository Participant. No proposal for rematerialisation of NCDs would be considered if the aforementioned documents and details are not submitted along with the request for such rematerialisation.

Pursuant to the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Fourth Amendment) Regulations, 2018 ("SEBI LODR IV Amendment"), NCDs held in physical form, pursuant to any rematerialisation, as above, cannot be transferred except by way of transmission or transposition, from December 4, 2018. However, any trading of the NCDs issued pursuant to the Issue shall be compulsorily in dematerialized form only.

Register of NCD Holders

No transfer of title of a NCD will be valid unless and until entered on the Register of NCD Holders (for re materialized NCDs) or the register and index of NCD Holders maintained by the Depository prior to the Record Date. In the absence of transfer being registered, interest and/or Redemption Amount, as the case may be, will be paid to the person, whose name appears first in the Register of NCD Holders maintained by the Depositories and/or our Company and/or the Registrar, as the case may be. In such cases, claims, if any, by the purchasers of the NCDs will need to be settled with the seller of the NCDs and not with our Company or the Registrar. The provisions relating to transfer and transmission and other related matters in respect of our Company's shares contained in the Articles of Association of our Company and the Companies Act shall apply, mutatis mutandis (to the extent applicable) to the NCDs as well.

Restriction on transfer of NCDs

There are no restrictions on transfers and transmission of NCDs allotted pursuant to the Issue. NCDs held in physical form, pursuant to any re-materialisation, as above, cannot be transferred except by way of transmission or transposition. However, any trading of the NCDs issued pursuant to the Issue shall be compulsorily in dematerialized form only.

Succession

Where NCDs are held in joint names and one of the joint holders dies, the survivor(s) will be recognized as the NCD Holder(s). It will be sufficient for our Company to delete the name of the deceased NCD Holder after obtaining satisfactory evidence of his death. Provided, a third person may call on our Company to register his name as successor of the deceased NCD Holder after obtaining evidence such as probate of a will for the purpose of proving his title to the debentures. In the event of demise of the sole or first holder of the Debentures, our Company will recognise the executors or administrator of the deceased NCD Holders, or the holder of the succession certificate or other legal representative as having title to the Debentures only if such executor or administrator obtains and produces probate or letter of administration or is the holder of the succession certificate or other legal representation, as the case may be, from an appropriate court in India. The directors of our Company in their absolute discretion may, in any case, dispense with production of probate or letter of administration or succession certificate or other legal representation.

Where a non-resident Indian becomes entitled to the NCDs by way of succession, the following steps have to be complied with:

- 1. Documentary evidence to be submitted to the Legacy Cell of the RBI to the effect that the NCDs were acquired by the non-resident Indian as part of the legacy left by the deceased NCD Holder.
- 2. Proof that the non-resident Indian is an Indian national or is of Indian origin.
- 3. Such holding by a non-resident Indian will be on a non-repatriation basis.

Joint holders

Where two or more persons are holders of any NCD(s), they shall be deemed to hold the same as joint holders with benefits of survivorship subject to other provisions contained in the Articles.

Period of subscription

ISSUE PROGRAMME	
ISSUE OPENS ON	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus
ISSUE CLOSES ON	As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus

Applications Forms for the Issue will be accepted only between 10.00 a.m. and 5.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange, during the Issue Period as mentioned above on all days between Monday and Friday (both inclusive barring public holiday), (a) by the Designated Intermediaries at the Bidding Centers, or (b) by the SCSBs directly at the Designated Branches of the SCSBs. On the Issue Closing Date, Application Forms will be accepted only between 10.00 a.m. to 3.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) and uploaded until 5.00 p.m. or such extended time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange. It is clarified that the Applications not uploaded on the Stock Exchange Platform would be rejected.

Due to limitation of time available for uploading the Applications on the Issue Closing Date, Applicants are advised to submit their Application Forms one day prior to the Issue Closing Date and, no later than 3.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) on the Issue Closing Date. Applicants are cautioned that in the event a large number of Applications are received on the Issue Closing Date, there may be some Applications which are not uploaded due to lack of sufficient time to upload. Such Applications that cannot be uploaded will not be considered for allocation under the Issue. Application Forms will only be accepted on Working Days during the Issue Period. Neither our Company, nor the Lead Managers or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange are liable for any failure in uploading the Applications due to failure in any software/hardware systems or otherwise. Please note that the Basis of Allotment under the Issue will be on a date priority basis except on the day of oversubscription, if any, where the Allotment will be proportionate in accordance with SEBI Operational Circular.

Interest

As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus

Basis of payment of Interest

The Tenor, Coupon Rate / Yield and Redemption Amount applicable for each Series of NCDs shall be determined at the time of Allotment of NCDs pursuant to the Tranche Prospectus. NCDs once allotted under any particular Series of NCDs shall continue to bear the applicable Tenor, Coupon/Yield and Redemption Amount as at the time of original Allotment irrespective of the category of NCD Holder on any Record Date, and such tenor, coupon/yield and redemption amount as at the time of original allotment will not be impacted by trading of any series of NCDs between the categories of persons or entities in the secondary market.

We may enter into an arrangement with one or more banks in one or more cities for direct credit of interest to the account of the Investors. In such cases, interest, on the interest payment date, would be directly credited to the account of those Investors who have given their bank mandate.

We may offer the facility of NACH, NEFT, RTGS, Direct Credit and any other method permitted by RBI and SEBI from time to time to help NCD Holders. The terms of this facility (including towns where this facility would be available) would be as prescribed by RBI. Please see "Terms of the Issue – Manner of Payment of Interest / Unblocking" at page 296.

Taxation

Any tax exemption certificate/document must be lodged at the office of the Registrar at least 7 (seven) days prior to the Record Date or as specifically required, failing which tax applicable on interest will be deducted at source on accrual thereof in our Company's books and/or on payment thereof, in accordance with the provisions of the IT Act and/or any other statutory modification, enactment or notification as the case may be. A tax deduction certificate will be issued for the amount of tax so deducted.

As per clause (ix) of Section 193 of the I.T. Act, no tax is required to be withheld on any interest payable on any security issued by a company, where such security is in dematerialized form and is listed on a recognized stock exchange in India

in accordance with the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 and the rules made thereunder. Accordingly, no tax will be deducted at source from the interest on listed NCDs held in the dematerialized form.

If the Interest Payment Date falls on a day other than a Working Day, the interest payment shall be made by our Company on the immediately succeeding Working Day and calculation of such interest payment shall be as per original schedule as if such Interest Payment Date were a Working Day, in accordance with the Working Day Convention. Payment of interest would be subject to the deduction as prescribed in the I.T. Act or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force, as applicable.

Subject to the terms and conditions in connection with computation of applicable interest on the Record Date as stated in the section titled "Issue Procedure" on page 301, please note that in case the NCDs are transferred and/or transmitted in accordance with the provisions of this Draft Shelf Prospectus read with the provisions of the Articles of Association of our Company, the transferee of such NCDs or the deceased holder of NCDs, as the case may be, shall be entitled to any interest which may have accrued on the NCDs.

Day Count Convention

Interest shall be computed on an actual/actual basis on the principal outstanding on the NCDs as per the SEBI Operational Circular.

Effect of holidays on payments

If the Interest Payment Date falls on a day other than a Working Day, the interest payment shall be made by our Company on the immediately succeeding Working Day and calculation of such interest payment shall be as per original schedule as if such Interest Payment Date were a Working Day. Further, the future Interest Payment Dates shall remain intact and shall not be changed because of postponement of such interest payment on account of it falling on a non-Working Day. Payment of interest will be subject to the deduction of tax as per Income Tax Act or any statutory modification or reenactment thereof for the time being in force, as applicable.

If Redemption Date (also being the last Interest Payment Date) falls on a day that is not a Working Day, the Redemption Amount shall be paid by our Company on the immediately preceding Working Day along with interest accrued on the NCDs until but excluding the date of such payment. The interest/redemption payments shall be made only on the days when the money market is functioning in Mumbai.

Illustration for guidance in respect of the day count convention and effect of holidays on payments:

The illustration for guidance in respect of the day count convention and effect of holidays on payments, as required by SEBI Operational Circular will be disclosed in the relevant Tranche Prospectus.

Maturity and Redemption

As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus

Application Size

Each Application should be for a minimum of 10 NCDs and multiples of one NCD thereof. Applicants can apply for any or all types of NCDs offered hereunder (any/all series) provided the Applicant has applied for minimum application size using the same Application Form.

Applicants are advised to ensure that applications made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and or regulatory provisions.

Terms of Payment

The entire issue price of ₹ 1,000 per NCD is payable on application itself. In case of allotment of lesser number of NCDs than the number of NCDs applied for, our Company shall instruct the SCSBs to unblock the excess amount blocked on application in accordance with the terms of the relevant Tranche Prospectus(es).

Manner of Payment of Interest / Unblocking

The manner of payment of interest / unblocking in connection with the NCDs is set out below:

The bank details will be obtained from the Depositories for payment of Interest / unblocking / redemption as the case may be. Applicants are advised to keep their bank account details as appearing on the records of the depository participant updated at all points of time. Please note that failure to do so could result in delays in credit of Interest/ Redemption Amounts at the Applicant's sole risk, and the Lead Managers, our Company or the Registrar shall have no responsibility and undertake no liability for the same.

In case of NCDs held in physical form, on account of rematerialisation, the bank details will be obtained from the documents submitted to the Company along with the rematerialisation request. For further details, please see "Terms of the Issue – Procedure for Rematerialization of NCDs" on page 293.

Printing of Bank Particulars on Interest/redemption Warrants

As a matter of precaution against possible fraudulent encashment of unblocking intimations and interest/redemption warrants due to loss or misplacement, the particulars of the Applicant's bank account are mandatorily required to be given for printing on the orders/ warrants. NCDs applied and held in dematerialized form, these particulars would be taken directly from the depositories. Bank account particulars will be printed on the orders/ warrants which can then be deposited only in the account specified.

Buy Back of NCDs

Our Company may, at its sole discretion, from time to time, consider, subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements, buyback of NCDs, upon such terms and conditions as may be decided by our Company.

Our Company may from time to time invite the NCD Holders to offer the NCDs held by them through one or more buy-back schemes and/or letters of offer upon such terms and conditions as our Company may from time to time determine, subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements. Such NCDs which are bought back may be extinguished, re-issued and/or resold in the open market with a view of strengthening the liquidity of the NCDs in the market, subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements.

Form and Denomination of NCDs

In case of NCDs held in physical form on account of rematerialisation, a single certificate will be issued to the NCD Holder for the aggregate amount of the NCDs held ("Consolidated Certificate"). The Applicant can also request for the issue of NCD certificates in denomination of one NCD ("Market Lot"). In case of NCDs held under different Options, by an NCD Holder, separate Consolidated Certificates will be issued to the NCD Holder for the aggregate amount of the NCDs held under each Option.

It is, however, distinctly to be understood that the NCDs pursuant to this issue shall be traded only in dematerialized form.

In respect of Consolidated Certificates, only upon receipt of a request from the NCD Holder, the Consolidated Certificates would be split into smaller denominations, subject to the minimum of Market Lot. No fee would be charged for splitting of NCD certificates in Market Lots, but stamp duty payable, if any, would be borne by the NCD Holder. The request for splitting should be accompanied by the original NCD certificate, which would then be treated as cancelled.

Procedure for redemption by NCD Holders

The procedure for redemption is set out below:

NCDs held in physical form on account of re-materialization

No action would ordinarily be required on the part of the NCD Holder at the time of redemption and the redemption proceeds would be paid to those NCD Holders whose names stand in the register of debenture holders maintained by us on the Record Date fixed for the purpose of Redemption. However, our Company may require that the NCD certificate(s),

duly discharged by the sole holder/all the joint-holders (signed on the reverse of the NCD certificates) be surrendered for redemption on maturity and should be sent by the NCD Holders by Registered Post with acknowledgment due or by hand delivery to our office or to such persons at such addresses as may be notified by us from time to time. NCD Holders may be requested to surrender the NCD certificates in the manner as stated above, not more than three months and not less than one month prior to the redemption date so as to facilitate timely payment.

We may at our discretion redeem the NCDs without the requirement of surrendering of the NCD certificates by the holder(s) thereof. In case we decide to do so, the holders of NCDs need not submit the NCD certificates to us and the redemption proceeds would be paid to those NCD Holders whose names stand in the register of debenture holders maintained by us on the Record Date fixed for the purpose of redemption of NCDs. In such case, the NCD certificates would be deemed to have been cancelled.

NCDs held in electronic form

No action is required on the part of NCD Holder(s) at the time of redemption of NCDs.

Payment on redemption

The manner of payment of redemption is set out below:

NCDs held in physical form on account of re-materialization

The payment on redemption of the NCDs will be made by way of cheque/pay order/ electronic modes. However, if our Company so requires, the aforementioned payment would only be made on the surrender of NCD certificates, duly discharged by the sole holder/ all the joint holders (signed on the reverse of the NCD certificates). Dispatch of cheques/ pay orders, etc. in respect of such payment will be made on the redemption date or (if so, requested by our Company in this regard) within a period of 30 days from the date of receipt of the duly discharged NCD certificate.

In case we decide to do so, the redemption proceeds in the manner stated above would be paid on the redemption date to those NCD Holders whose names stand in the register of debenture holders maintained by us on the Record Date fixed for the purpose of Redemption.

Our liability to NCD Holders towards their rights including for payment or otherwise shall stand extinguished from the redemption in all events and when we dispatch the redemption amounts to the NCD Holders.

NCDs held in electronic form

On the redemption date, redemption proceeds would be paid by cheque /pay order / electronic mode to those NCD Holders whose names appear on the list of beneficial owners given by the Depositories to us. These names would be as per the Depositories' records on the Record Date fixed for the purpose of redemption. These NCDs will be simultaneously extinguished to the extent of the amount redeemed through appropriate debit corporate action upon redemption of the corresponding value of the NCDs. It may be noted that in the entire process mentioned above, no action is required on the part of NCD Holders.

Our liability to NCD Holder(s) towards his/their rights including for payment or otherwise shall stand extinguished from the date of redemption in all events and when we dispatch the redemption amounts to the NCD Holder(s).

Further, we will not be liable to pay any interest, income or compensation of any kind from the date of redemption of the NCD(s).

Right to Reissue NCD(s)

Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, where we have fully redeemed or repurchased any NCD(s), we shall have and shall be deemed always to have had the right to keep such NCDs in effect without extinguishment thereof, for the purpose of resale or reissue and in exercising such right, we shall have and be deemed always to have had the power to resell or reissue such NCDs either by reselling or reissuing the same NCDs or by issuing other NCDs in their place. The aforementioned right includes the right to reissue original NCDs.

Sharing of Information

Our Company may, at its option, use on our own, as well as exchange, share or part with any financial or other information about the NCD Holders available with us, with our subsidiaries, if any and affiliates and other banks, financial institutions, credit bureaus, agencies, statutory bodies, as may be required and neither we or our affiliates nor their agents shall be liable for use of the aforesaid information.

Notices

All notices to the NCD Holder(s) required to be given by us or the Debenture Trustee shall be published in one English language newspaper having wide circulation and one regional language daily newspaper in Mumbai and/or will be sent by speed post/ courier or through email or other electronic media to the Registered Holders of the NCD(s) from time to time.

Future Borrowings

Our Company will be entitled to borrow/raise loans or avail of financial assistance in whatever form as also to issue debentures/ NCDs/other securities in any manner having such ranking in priority, *pari passu* or otherwise, subject to applicable consents, approvals or permissions that may be required under any statutory/regulatory/contractual requirement, and change the capital structure including the issue of shares of any class, on such terms and conditions as we may think appropriate, provided stipulated minimum security cover is maintained on the NCDs and the interest thereon and after obtaining the consent of, the NCD Holders or the Debenture Trustee regarding the creation of a charge over such security, as per the statutory/regulatory requirement.

Impersonation

As a matter of abundant caution, attention of the Investors is specifically drawn to the provisions of sub-section (1) of Section 38 of the Companies Act, 2013 which is reproduced below:

"Any person who- (a) makes or abets making of an application in a fictitious name to a company for acquiring, or subscribing for, its securities; or (b) makes or abets making of multiple applications to a company in different names or in different combinations of his name or surname for acquiring or subscribing for its securities; or (c) otherwise induces directly or indirectly a company to allot, or register any transfer of, securities to him, or to any other person in a fictitious name, shall be liable for action under Section 447 of the Companies Act, 2013."

The liability prescribed under Section 447 of the Companies Act 2013 for fraud involving an amount of at least ₹ 10 lakh or 1.00% of the turnover of our Company, whichever is lower, includes imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months extending up to 10 years (provided that where the fraud involves public interest, such term shall not be less than three years) and fine of an amount not less than the amount involved in the fraud, extending up to three times of such amount. In case the fraud involves (i) an amount which is less than ₹ 10 lakh or 1.00% of the turnover of our Company, whichever is lower; and (ii) does not involve public interest, then such fraud is punishable with an imprisonment for a term extending up to five years or a fine of an amount extending up to ₹20 lakh or with both.

Pre-closure

Our Company, in consultation with the Lead Managers reserves the right to close the Issue at any time prior to the Issue Closing Date, subject to receipt of minimum subscription or as may be specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus. Our Company shall allot NCDs with respect to the Applications received until the time of such pre-closure in accordance with the Basis of Allotment as described hereinabove and subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements. In the event of such early closure of the Issue, our Company shall ensure that public notice of such early closure is published on or before such early date of closure or the Issue Closing Date, as applicable, through advertisement(s) in all those newspapers in which pre-issue advertisement have been given.

Minimum subscription

In terms of the SEBI NCS Regulations, for an issuer undertaking a public issue of debt securities the minimum subscription for public issue of debt securities shall be 75% of the Base Issue Size. If our Company does not receive the minimum subscription of 75% of Base Issue Size, prior to the Issue Closing Date the entire Application Amount shall be

unblocked in the relevant ASBA Account(s) of the Applicants within 6 Working Days from the Issue Closing Date provided wherein, the Application Amount has been transferred to the Public Issue Account from the respective ASBA Accounts, such Application Amount shall be refunded from the Refund Account to the relevant ASBA Accounts(s) of the Applicants within 6 Working Days from the Issue Closing Date, failing which our Company will become liable to refund the Application Amount along with interest at the rate 15 (fifteen) percent per annum for the delayed period.

Under Section 39(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 11(2) of the Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014 if the stated minimum subscription amount is not received within the specified period, the application money received is to be credited only to the bank account from which the subscription was remitted. To the extent possible, where the required information for making such refunds is available with our Company and/or Registrar, refunds will be made to the account prescribed. However, where our Company and/or Registrar does not have the necessary information for making such refunds, our Company and/or Registrar will follow the guidelines prescribed by SEBI in the SEBI Operational Circular.

Utilisation of Application Amount

The sum received in respect of the Issue will be kept in separate bank account(s) and we will have access to such funds only upon allotment of the NCDs, execution of Debenture Trust Deeds and on receipt of listing and trading approval from the Stock Exchange as per applicable provisions of law(s), regulations and approvals.

Utilisation of Issue Proceeds

- (a) All monies received pursuant to the issue of NCDs to public shall be transferred to a separate bank account other than the bank account referred to in sub-section (3) of Section 40 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (b) Details of all monies utilised out of Issue referred to in sub-item (a) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our Balance Sheet indicating the purpose for which such monies had been utilised; and
- (c) Details of all unutilised monies out of issue of NCDs, if any, referred to in sub-item (a) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our Balance Sheet indicating the form in which such unutilised monies have been invested.
- (d) Our Company shall utilize the Issue proceeds only up on (i) receipt of minimum subscription; (ii) completion of Allotment in compliance with Section 40 of the Companies Act, 2013; (ii) receipt of listing and trading approval from Stock Exchange and (iii) execution of the documents for creation of security.
- (e) The Issue proceeds shall not be utilized towards full or part consideration for the purchase or any other acquisition, *inter alia* by way of a lease, of any immovable property.
- (f) Details of all utilized and unutilized monies out of the monies collected in the previous issue made by way of public offer shall be disclosed and continued to be disclosed in the balance sheet till the time any part of the proceeds of such previous issue remains unutilized indicating the purpose for which such monies have been utilized and the securities or other forms of financial assets in which such unutilized monies have been invested.

Filing of the Shelf Prospectus and Tranche Prospectus with the RoC

A copy of the Shelf Prospectus and the Tranche Prospectus will be filed with the RoC, in accordance with Section 26 and Section 31 of Companies Act, 2013.

Pre-Issue Advertisement

Subject to Section 30 of the Companies Act, 2013, our Company will issue a statutory advertisement on or before the Issue Opening Date. This advertisement will be issued in compliance with the Regulation 30(1) of SEBI NCS Regulations and shall contain the information as prescribed in the SEBI NCS Regulations and Section 30 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Material updates, if any, between the date of filing of the Shelf Prospectus and relevant Tranche Prospectus with ROC and the date of release of the statutory advertisement will be included in the statutory advertisement information as prescribed under SEBI NCS Regulations.

Listing

The NCDs offered through this Draft Shelf Prospectus are proposed to be listed on the BSE and NSE. Our Company has obtained an 'in-principle' approval for the Issue from the BSE *vide* their letter dated [•] and from NSE vide their letter dated [•]. For the purposes of the Issue, NSE shall be the Designated Stock Exchange.

Our Company will use best efforts to ensure that all steps for the completion of the necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading at the Stock Exchange are taken within 6 Working Days of the Issue Closing Date. For the avoidance of doubt, it is hereby clarified that in the event of non-subscription to any one or more of the series, such series(s) of NCDs shall not be listed.

Guarantee/Letter of Comfort

The Security proposed for the Issue is not backed by a guarantee or letter of comfort or any other document and/or letter with similar intent

Monitoring and Reporting of Utilisation of Issue Proceeds

There is no requirement for appointment of a monitoring agency in terms of the SEBI NCS Regulations. The Audit Committee shall monitor the utilization of the proceeds of the Issue. For the relevant Fiscals commencing from the Fiscal 2022 - 2023, our Company will disclose in our financial statements, the utilization of the net proceeds of the Issue under a separate head along with details, if any, in relation to all such proceeds of the Issue that have not been utilized thereby also indicating investments, if any, of such unutilized proceeds of the Issue.

Lien

Our Company will have the right of set-off and lien, present as well as future on the moneys due and payable to the NCD Holder, to the extent of all outstanding dues, if any by the NCD Holder to our Company.

Lien on Pledge of NCDs

Subject to applicable law, our Company, at its discretion, may record a lien on pledge of NCDs if such pledge of NCDs is accepted by any bank or institution for any loan provided to the NCD Holder against pledge of such NCDs as part of the funding.

ISSUE PROCEDURE

This section applies to all Applicants. Specific attention of all Applicants is invited to the SEBI Operational Circular, which provides, inter-alia, that for all public issues of debt securities all Applicants shall mandatorily use the ASBA facility for participating in the Issue. ASBA Applicants and Applicants applying through the Direct Online Application Mechanism (as defined hereinafter) should note that the ASBA process and the Direct Online Application Mechanism involve application procedures that are different from the procedure applicable to all other Applicants. Please note that all Applicants are required to pay the full Application Amount or ensure that the ASBA Account has sufficient credit balance such that the entire Application Amount can be blocked by the SCSB while making an Application. Further in terms of the SEBI Operational Circular retail individual investor may use the Unified Payment Interface ("UPI") to participate in the public issue for an amount up to ₹ 500,000 through the app/web interface of the Stock Exchange or through intermediaries (Syndicate members, Registered Stock Brokers, Registrar and Transfer agent and Depository Participants).

Applicants should note that they may submit their Applications to the Designated Intermediaries at the Designated CDP Locations or the RTAs at the Designated RTA Locations or designated branches of SCSBs as mentioned on the Application Form. Applicants are advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that their Applications do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable law or as specified in this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

Please note that this section has been prepared based on the SEBI Operational Circular and the notifications issued by BSE, in relation to the UPI Mechanism, dated December 28, 2020 as amended on April 13, 2022 and May 19, 2022.

Specific attention is drawn to the SEBI Operational Circular which provides for allotment in public issues of debt securities to be made on the basis of the date of upload of each application into the electronic book of the Stock Exchange, as opposed to the date and time of upload of each such application.

Our Company and the Lead Managers do not accept any responsibility for the completeness and accuracy of the information stated in this section and are not liable for any amendment, modification or change in the applicable law which may occur after the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus. Investors are advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that their Bids are submitted in accordance with applicable laws.

Further, the Company and the Lead Managers are not liable for any adverse occurrences' consequent to the UPI Mechanism for application in the Issue.

PLEASE NOTE THAT ALL DESIGNATED INTERMEDIARIES WHO WISH TO COLLECT AND UPLOAD APPLICATION IN THE ISSUE ON THE ELECTRONIC APPLICATION PLATFORM PROVIDED BY THE STOCK EXCHANGE WILL NEED TO APPROACH THE STOCK EXCHANGE AND FOLLOW THE REQUISITE PROCEDURES AS MAY BE PRESCRIBED BY THE STOCK EXCHANGE. THE FOLLOWING SECTION MAY CONSEQUENTLY UNDERGO CHANGE BETWEEN THE DATES OF THIS DRAFT SHELF PROSPECTUS, THE ISSUE OPENING DATE AND THE ISSUE CLOSING DATE.

THE LEAD MANAGERS, THE LEAD BROKERS/ CONSORTIUM MEMBERS AND OUR COMPANY SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE OR LIABLE FOR ANY ERRORS OR OMISSIONS ON THE PART OF TRADING MEMBERS/DESIGNATED INTERMEDIARIES IN CONNECTION WITH THE RESPONSIBILITY OF TRADING MEMBERS/DESIGNATED INTERMEDIARIES IN RELATION TO COLLECTION AND UPLOAD OF APPLICATION FORMS IN RESPECT OF THE ISSUE ON THE ELECTRONIC APPLICATION PLATFORM PROVIDED BY STOCK EXCHANGE. FURTHER, THE RELEVANT STOCK EXCHANGE WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ADDRESSING INVESTOR GRIEVANCES ARISING FROM APPLICATIONS THROUGH TRADING MEMBERS/DESIGNATED INTERMEDIARIES REGISTERED WITH SUCH STOCK EXCHANGE.

Please note that for the purposes of this section, the term "Working Day" shall mean all days excluding Sundays or a holiday of commercial banks in Mumbai, except with reference to Issue Period, where Working Days shall mean all days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holiday of commercial banks in Mumbai. Furthermore, for the purpose of post issue period, i.e., period beginning from Issue Closing Date to listing of the NCDs, Working Days shall mean all trading days of Stock Exchange excluding Sundays and bank holidays in Mumbai.

Availability of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, Shelf Prospectus, Tranche Prospectus(es), Abridged Prospectus and Application Forms

The copies of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, the Shelf Prospectus, Tranche Prospectus, Abridged Prospectus together with Application Forms may be obtained from our Registered Office, Lead Managers to the Issue, Lead Brokers/ Consortium Members for marketing of the Issue, the Registrar to the Issue and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs. Additionally, the Shelf Prospectus, Tranche Prospectus and the Application Forms will be available for download on the website of BSE at www.bseindia.com and on the website of NSE at www.nseindia.com. A unique application number ("UAN") will be generated for every Application Form downloaded from the website of the Stock Exchange i.e., BSE at www.bseindia.com. Hyperlinks to the websites of the Stock Exchange for this facility will be provided on the websites of the Lead Managers and the SCSBs.

In addition, Application Forms would also be made available to all the recognised stock exchange. Further, Application Forms will also be provided to Trading Members at their request.

Our Company may provide Application Forms for being filled and downloaded at such websites as we may deem fit. The Issuer may also provide Application Forms for being downloaded and filled at such websites as it may deem fit. In addition, online demat account portals may also provide the facility of submitting the Application Forms online to their account holders'.

Who can apply?

The following categories of persons are eligible to apply in the Issue.

Category I

- Public financial institutions, scheduled commercial banks, Indian multilateral and bilateral development financial
 institutions which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Provident funds and pension funds each with a minimum corpus of ₹250 million, superannuation funds and gratuity funds, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Alternative Investment Funds, subject to investment conditions applicable to them under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012;
- Resident Venture Capital Funds registered with SEBI;
- Insurance companies registered with the IRDAI;
- State industrial development corporations;
- Insurance funds set up and managed by the army, navy, or air force of the Union of India;
- Insurance funds set up and managed by the Department of Posts, the Union of India;
- Systemically Important Non-Banking Financial Company registered with the RBI and having a net-worth of more than ₹ 5,000 million as per the last audited financial statements;
- National Investment Fund set up by resolution no. F.No. 2/3/2005-DDII dated November 23, 2005, of the Government of India published in the Gazette of India; and
- Mutual funds registered with SEBI.

Category II

- Companies within the meaning of Section 2(20) of the Companies Act, 2013; statutory bodies/ corporations and societies registered under the applicable laws in India and authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Co-operative banks and regional rural banks;
- Trusts including public/private charitable/religious trusts which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Scientific and/or industrial research organisations, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Partnership firms in the name of the partners; and
- Limited liability partnerships formed and registered under the provisions of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 (No. 6 of 2009).
- Association of Persons; and
- Any other incorporated and/ or unincorporated body of persons.

Category III

• High Net-worth Individual Investors - Resident Indian individuals or Hindu Undivided Families through the Karta applying for an amount aggregating to above ₹ 10,00,000 across all options of NCDs in the Issue

Category IV

• Retail Individual Investors - Resident Indian individuals or Hindu Undivided Families through the Karta applying for an amount aggregating up to and including ₹10,00,000 across all options of NCDs in the Issue and shall include Retail Individual Investors, who have submitted bid for an amount not more than ₹500,000 in any of the bidding options in the Issue (including HUFs applying through their Karta and does not include NRIs) though UPI Mechanism.

Note: Participation of any of the aforementioned categories of persons or entities is subject to the applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements in connection with the subscription to Indian securities by such categories of persons or entities.

Applicants are advised to ensure that applications made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of Bonds that can be held by them under applicable statutory and or regulatory provisions.

Applicants are advised to ensure that they have obtained the necessary statutory and/or regulatory permissions/consents/approvals in connection with applying for, subscribing to, or seeking allotment of NCDs pursuant to the Issue.

The Lead Managers, Members of Consortium/Syndicate and their respective associates and affiliates are permitted to subscribe in the Issue.

The information below is given for the benefit of Applicants. Our Company and the Lead Managers are not liable for any amendment or modification or changes in applicable laws or regulations, which may occur after the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

How to apply?

Availability of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, the Shelf Prospectus, relevant Tranche Prospectus Abridged Prospectus, and Application Forms

Copies of the Abridged Prospectus containing the salient features of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, the Shelf Prospectus, relevant Tranche Prospectus together with Application Forms and copies of the Shelf Prospectus and Tranche Prospectus may be obtained from our Registered Office, the Lead Managers, the Registrar to the Issue and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs. Additionally, the Shelf Prospectus, Tranche Prospectus and the Application Forms will be available

- (i) for download on the website of BSE at www.bseindia.com, website of NSE at www.nseindia.com and the website of the Lead Managers at www.equirus.com and/or www.equirussecurities.com and/or www.edelweissfin.com and/or <a href="www.edelweissfin.com"
- (ii) at the designated branches of the SCSBs and the Syndicate Members at the Specified Locations.

Electronic Application Forms will also be available on the website of the Stock Exchanges. A unique application number ("UAN") will be generated for every Application Form downloaded from the websites of the Stock Exchange. Further, Application Forms will also be provided to Designated Intermediaries at their request.

Please note that there is a single Application Form for, persons resident in India.

Method of Application

In terms of the SEBI Operational Circular an eligible investor desirous of applying in this Issue can make Applications through the ASBA mechanism only.

Applicants are requested to note that in terms of the SEBI Operational Circular, SEBI has mandated issuers to provide, through a recognized Stock Exchange which offers such a facility, an online interface enabling direct application by investors to a public issue of debt securities with an online payment facility ("Direct Online Application Mechanism").

All Applicants shall mandatorily apply in the Issue through the ASBA process only. Applicants intending to subscribe in the Issue shall submit a duly filled Application form to any of the Designated Intermediaries.

Designated Intermediaries (other than SCSBs) shall submit/deliver the Application Form (except the Application Form from a Retail Individual Investor bidding using the UPI mechanism) to the respective SCSB, where such investor has a bank account and shall not submit it to any non-SCSB bank or any Escrow Bank.

Applicants should submit the Application Form only at the Bidding Centers, i.e., to the respective Syndicate Members at the Specified Locations, the SCSBs at the Designated Branches, the Registered Broker at the Broker Centers, the RTAs at the Designated RTA Locations or CDPs at the Designated CDP Locations. Kindly note that Application Forms submitted by Applicants at the Specified Locations will not be accepted if the SCSB with which the ASBA Account, as specified in the Application Form is maintained has not named at least one branch at that location for the Designated Intermediaries for deposit of the Application Forms. A list of such branches is available at http://www.sebi.gov.in.

The relevant Designated Intermediaries, upon receipt of physical Application Forms from Applicants, shall upload the details of these Application Forms to the online platform of the Stock Exchange and submit these Application Forms with the SCSB (except Application Form from RIBs using the UPI Mechanism) with whom the relevant ASBA Accounts are maintained.

For RIBs using UPI Mechanism, the Stock Exchange shall share the bid details (including UPI ID) with the Sponsor Bank on a continuous basis to enable the Sponsor Bank to initiate UPI Mandate Request to RIBs for blocking of funds.

For Applicants who submit the Application Form, in physical mode, the Application Form shall be stamped at the relevant Designated Branch of the SCSB. Application Forms in physical mode, which shall be stamped, can also be submitted to be the Designated Intermediaries at the Specified Locations. The SCSB shall block an amount in the ASBA Account equal to the Application Amount specified in the Application Form.

Our Company, the Directors, affiliates, associates and their respective directors and officers, Lead Managers and the Registrar to the Issue shall not take any responsibility for acts, mistakes, errors, omissions and commissions etc. in relation to ASBA Applications accepted by the Designated Intermediaries, Applications uploaded by SCSBs, Applications accepted but not uploaded by SCSBs or Applications accepted and uploaded without blocking funds in the ASBA Accounts. It shall be presumed that for Applications uploaded by SCSBs, the Application Amount has been blocked in the relevant ASBA Account. Further, all grievances against Designated Intermediaries in relation to the Issue should be made by Applicants directly to the relevant Stock Exchange.

In terms of the SEBI Operational Circular, an eligible investor desirous of applying in this Issue can make Applications through the following modes:

- 1. Self-Certified Syndicate Bank (SCSB) or intermediaries (viz. Syndicate members, Registered Stock Brokers, Registrar and Transfer agent and Depository Participants)
 - a. An investor may submit the bid-cum-application form, with ASBA as the sole mechanism for making payment, physically at the branch of a SCSB, i.e., investor's bank. For such applications, the existing process of uploading of bid on the Stock Exchange bidding platform and blocking of funds in investors account by the SCSB would continue.
 - b. An investor may submit the completed bid-cum-application form to intermediaries mentioned above along with details of his/her bank account for blocking of funds. The intermediary shall upload the bid on the Stock Exchange bidding platform and forward the application form to a branch of a SCSB for blocking of funds.
 - c. An investor may submit the bid-cum-application form with a SCSB, or the intermediaries mentioned above and use his / her bank account linked UPI ID for the purpose of blocking of funds, if the application value is ₹5 Lakh or less. The intermediary shall upload the bid on the Stock Exchange bidding platform. The application amount would be blocked through the UPI mechanism in this case.

2. Through Stock Exchange

- a. An investor may submit the bid-cum-application form through the App or web interface developed by Stock Exchanges (or any other permitted methods) wherein the bid is automatically uploaded onto the Stock Exchange bidding platform and the amount is blocked using the UPI Mechanism.
- b. The Stock Exchanges have extended their web-based platforms i.e., 'BSE Direct' and 'NSE goBID' to facilitate investors to apply in public issues of debt securities through the web-based platform and mobile app with a facility to block funds through Unified Payments Interface (UPI) mechanism for application value up to ₹ 5 Lakh. To place bid through 'BSEDirect' and 'NSE goBID' platform/ mobile app the eligible investor is required to register himself/ herself with BSE Direct / NSE goBID.
- c. An investor may use the following links to access the web-based interface developed by the Stock Exchanges to bid using the UPI Mechanism: BSE: https://www.bsedirect.com; and NSE: https://www.nseindiaipo.com.
- d. The BSE Direct and NSE goBID mobile application can be downloaded from play store in android phones. Kindly search for 'BSEdirect' or 'NSE goBID' on Google Playstore for downloading mobile applications.
- e. For further details on the registration process and the submission of bids through the App or web interface, the Stock Exchanges have issued operational guidelines and circulars available at BSE and NSE:
- f. https://www.bseindia.com/markets/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCirculars.aspx?page=20201228-60, and https://www.bseindia.com/markets/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCirculars.aspx?page=20201228-61; NSE: https://www1.nseindia.com/content/circulars/IPO46907.zip; https://www1.nseindia.com/content/circulars/IPO46867.zip
- g. To further clarify the submission of bids through the App or web interface, the Stock Exchange has issued operational guidelines and Circulars dated December 28, 2020, available at https://www.bseindia.com/markets/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCirculars.aspx?page=20201228-60, and https://www.bseindia.com/markets/MarketInfo/DispNewNoticesCirculars.aspx?page=20201228-61.

Application Size

Each Application should be for a minimum of 10 NCDs and multiples of one NCD thereof.

Applicants can apply for any or all types of NCDs offered hereunder (any/all series) provided the Applicant has applied for minimum application size using the same Application Form.

Applicants are advised to ensure that applications made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and or regulatory provisions.

APPLICATIONS BY VARIOUS APPLICANT CATEGORIES

Applications by Mutual Funds

Pursuant to the SEBI circular SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2019/104 dated October 1, 2019 ("SEBI Circular 2019"), mutual funds are required to ensure that the total exposure of debt schemes of mutual funds in a particular sector shall not exceed 20% of the net assets value of the scheme. Further, the additional exposure limit provided for financial services sector not exceeding 10% of net assets value of scheme shall be allowed only by way of increase in exposure to HFCs. However, the overall exposure in HFCs shall not exceed the sector exposure limit of 20% of the net assets of the scheme. Further, the group level limits for debt schemes and the ceiling be fixed at 10% of net assets value extendable to 15% of net assets value after prior approval of the board of trustees. A separate Application can be made in respect of each scheme of an Indian mutual fund registered with SEBI and such Applications shall not be treated as multiple Applications. Applications made by the AMCs or custodians of a Mutual Fund shall clearly indicate the name of the concerned scheme for which the Application is being made. An Application Form by a mutual fund registered with SEBI for Allotment of the NCDs must be also accompanied by certified true copies of (i) its SEBI registration certificates (ii) the trust deed in

respect of such mutual fund (ii) a resolution authorising investment and containing operating instructions and (iii) specimen signatures of authorized signatories.

Application by Scheduled Commercial Banks, Co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks

Scheduled Commercial Banks, Co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks can apply in the Issue based upon their own investment limits and approvals. Applications by them for Allotment of the NCDs must be accompanied by certified true copies of (i) memorandum and articles of association/charter of constitution; (ii) power of attorney; (iii) a board resolution authorising investment; and (iv) a letter of authorisation. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application for Allotment of the NCDs in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Pursuant to SEBI Circular no. CIR/CFD/DIL/1/2013 dated January 2, 2013, SCSBs making applications on their own account using ASBA facility, should have a separate account in their own name with any other SEBI registered SCSB. Further, such account shall be used solely for the purpose of making application in public issues and clear demarcated funds should be available in such account for ASBA applications.

Application by Insurance Companies

Insurance companies registered with the IRDAI can apply in the Issue based on their own investment limits and approvals in accordance with the regulations, guidelines and circulars issued by the IRDAI. The Application Form must be accompanied by certified true copies of their (i) memorandum and articles of association/charter of constitution; (ii) power of attorney; (iii) resolution authorising investments/containing operating instructions; and (iv) specimen signatures of authorised signatories.

Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications by Indian Alternative Investments Funds

Applications made by 'alternative investment funds' eligible to invest in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Alternative Investment Fund) Regulations, 2012, as amended (the "SEBI AIF Regulations") for Allotment of the NCDs must be accompanied by certified true copies of (i) SEBI registration certificate; (ii) a resolution authorising investment and containing operating instructions; and (iii) specimen signatures of authorised persons. The Alternative Investment Funds shall at all times comply with the requirements applicable to it under the SEBI AIF Regulations and the relevant notifications issued by SEBI.

Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications by Associations of persons and/or bodies established pursuant to or registered under any central or state statutory enactment

In case of Applications made by Applications by Associations of persons and/or bodies established pursuant to or registered under any central or state statutory enactment, must submit a (i) certified copy of the certificate of registration or proof of constitution, as applicable, (ii) Power of Attorney, if any, in favour of one or more persons thereof, (iii) such other documents evidencing registration thereof under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements. Further, any trusts applying for NCDs pursuant to the Issue must ensure that (a) they are authorized under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements and their constitution instrument to hold and invest in debentures, (b) they have obtained all necessary approvals, consents or other authorisations, which may be required under applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements to invest in debentures, and (c) Applications made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and/ or regulatory provisions. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason, therefore.

Applications by Trusts

In case of Applications made by trusts, settled under the Indian Trusts Act, 1882, as amended, or any other statutory and/or regulatory provision governing the settlement of trusts in India, must submit a (i) certified copy of the registered instrument for creation of such trust, (ii) power of attorney, if any, in favour of one or more trustees thereof, (iii) such other documents evidencing registration thereof under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements. Further, any trusts applying for NCDs pursuant to the Issue must ensure that (a) they are authorized under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements and their constitution instrument to hold and invest in debentures, (b) they have obtained all necessary approvals, consents or other authorisations, which may be required under applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements to invest in debentures, and (c) Applications made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and or regulatory provisions.

Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications by Public Financial Institutions or statutory corporations, which are authorized to invest in the NCDs

The Application must be accompanied by certified true copies of: (i) any Act/ Rules under which they are incorporated; (ii) board resolution authorising investments; and (iii) specimen signature of authorized person.

Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications made by companies, bodies corporate and societies registered under the applicable laws in India

The Application must be accompanied by certified true copies of: (i) any act/ rules under which they are incorporated; (ii) Board Resolution authorising investments; and (iii) Specimen signature of authorized person.

Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Indian scientific and/ or industrial research organizations, which are authorized to invest in the NCDs

Applications by scientific and/ or industrial research organisations which are authorised to invest in the NCDs must be accompanied by certified true copies of: (i) any act/rules under which such Applicant is incorporated; (ii) a resolution of the board of directors of such Applicant authorising investments; and (iii) specimen signature of authorized persons of such Applicant.

Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications for Allotment of the NCDs in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Partnership firms formed under applicable Indian laws in the name of the partners and Limited Liability Partnerships formed and registered under the provisions of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008

Applications made by partnership firms and limited liability partnerships formed and registered under the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 must be accompanied by certified true copies of: (i) the partnership deed for such Applicants; (ii) any documents evidencing registration of such Applicant thereof under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements; (iii) a resolution authorizing the investment and containing operating instructions; and (iv) specimen signature of authorized persons of such Applicant.

Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications for Allotment of the NCDs in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications under a power of attorney by limited companies, corporate bodies and registered societies

In case of Applications made pursuant to a power of attorney by Applicants from Category I and Category II, a certified copy of the power of attorney or the relevant resolution or authority, as the case may be, along with a certified copy of

the memorandum of association and articles of association and/or bye laws must be lodged along with the Application Form.

Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

In case of Applications made pursuant to a power of attorney by Applicants from Category III and Category IV, a certified copy of the power of attorney must be lodged along with the Application Form.

In case of physical ASBA Applications made pursuant to a power of attorney, a certified copy of the power of attorney must be lodged along with the Application Form.

Failing this our Company, in consultation with the Lead Managers, reserves the right to reject such Applications. Our Company, in its absolute discretion, reserves the right to relax the above condition of attaching the power of attorney along with the Application Forms subject to such terms and conditions that our Company and the Lead Managers may deem fit.

Brokers having online demat account portals may also provide a facility of submitting the Application Forms online to their account holders. Under this facility, a broker receives an online instruction through its portal from the Applicant for making an Application on his or her behalf. Based on such instruction, and a power of attorney granted by the Applicant to authorise the broker, the broker makes an Application on behalf of the Applicant.

Applications by provident funds, pension funds, superannuation funds and gratuity funds which are authorized to invest in the NCDs

Applications by provident funds, pension funds, superannuation funds and gratuity funds which are authorised to invest in the NCDs, for Allotment of the NCDs must be accompanied by certified true copies of: (i) any act/rules under which they are incorporated; (ii) a power of attorney, if any, in favour of one or more trustees thereof, (ii) a board resolution authorising investments; (iii) such other documents evidencing registration thereof under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements; (iv) specimen signature of authorized person; (v) a certified copy of the registered instrument for creation of such fund/trust; and (vi) any tax exemption certificate issued by Income Tax authorities.

Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications for Allotment of the NCDs in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications by National Investment Funds

Application made by a National Investment Fund for Allotment of the NCDs must be accompanied by certified true copies of: (i) a resolution authorising investment and containing operating instructions; and (ii) specimen signatures of authorized persons.

Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications for Allotment of the NCDs in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications by Systematically Important Non-banking financial companies

Applications made by systematically important non-banking financial companies registered with the RBI and under other applicable laws in India must be accompanied by certified true copies of: (i) memorandum and articles of association/charter of constitution; (ii) power of attorney; (iii) board Resolution authorising investments; and (iii) specimen signature of authorized person.

Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

The Syndicate Members and their respective associates and affiliates are permitted to subscribe in the Issue.

Applications cannot be made by:

a. Minors without a guardian name* (A guardian may apply on behalf of a minor. However, the name of the guardian

- will also need to be mentioned on the Application Form);
- b. Foreign nationals, NRI *inter-alia* including any NRIs who are (i) based in the USA, and/or, (ii) domiciled in the USA, and/or, (iii) residents/citizens of the USA, and/or, (iv) subject to any taxation laws of the USA;
- c. Person's resident outside India and other foreign entities;
- d. Foreign Institutional Investors;
- e. Foreign Portfolio Investors;
- f. Non-Resident Indians;
- g. Qualified Foreign Investors;
- h. Overseas Corporate Bodies**;
- i. Foreign Venture Capital Funds; and
- j. Person's ineligible to contract under applicable statutory/ regulatory requirements.
- *Applicant shall ensure that guardian is competent to contract under Indian Contract Act, 1872

The Registrar to the Issue shall verify the above on the basis of the records provided by the Depositories based on the DP ID and Client ID provided by the Applicants in the Application Form and uploaded onto the electronic system of the Stock Exchange by the Designated Intermediaries.

Based on the information provided by the Depositories, our Company shall have the right to accept Applications belonging to an account for the benefit of a minor (under guardianship). In case of such Applications, the Registrar to the Issue shall verify the above on the basis of the records provided by the Depositories based on the DP ID and Client ID provided by the Applicants in the Application Form and uploaded onto the electronic system of the Stock Exchange.

**The concept of Overseas Corporate Bodies (meaning any company, partnership firm, society and other corporate body or overseas trust irrevocably owned/held directly or indirectly to the extent of at least 60% by NRIs), which was in existence until 2003, was withdrawn by the Foreign Exchange Management (Withdrawal of General Permission to Overseas Corporate Bodies) Regulations, 2003. Accordingly, OCBs are not permitted to invest in the Issue.

Payment instructions

Payment mechanism for Applicants

An Applicant shall specify details of the ASBA Account Number in the Application Form and the relevant SCSB shall block an amount equivalent to the Application Amount in the ASBA Account specified in the Application Form.

An Applicant may submit the completed Application Form to designated intermediaries along with details of his/her bank account for blocking of funds. The intermediary shall upload the bid on the Designated Stock Exchange bidding platform and forward the application form to a branch of a SCSB for blocking of funds.

An Applicant (belonging to Category IV) may also submit the Application Form with a SCSB, or the intermediaries mentioned above and use his / her bank account linked UPI ID for the purpose of blocking of funds, if the application value is ₹5 lakh or less. The intermediary shall upload the bid on the Stock Exchange bidding platform. The application amount would be blocked through the UPI Mechanism once the mandate request has been successfully accepted by the Applicant in this case.

An Applicant may submit the Application Form through the App or web interface developed by Stock Exchange wherein the bid is automatically uploaded onto the Stock Exchange bidding platform and the amount is blocked using the UPI Mechanism once the mandate request has been successfully accepted by the Applicant.

Upon receipt of an intimation from the Registrar to the Issue, the SCSBs shall, on the Designated Date, transfer such blocked amount from the ASBA Account to the Public Issue Account in terms of the Public Issue Account and Sponsor Bank Agreement. The balance amount remaining after the finalisation of the Basis of Allotment shall be unblocked by the SCSBs on the basis of the instructions issued in this regard by the Registrar to the Issue to the respective SCSB within 6 (six) Working Days of the Issue Closing Date. The Application Amount shall remain blocked in the ASBA Account until transfer of the Application Amount to the Public Issue Account, or until withdrawal/ failure of the Issue or until rejection of the Application, as the case may be.

For ASBA Applications submitted to the Lead Managers or Lead Broker/ Consortium Member or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange at the Specified Cities, the ASBA Application will be uploaded onto the electronic system of the Stock Exchange and deposited with the relevant branch of the SCSB at the Specified City named by such SCSB to accept

such ASBA Applications from the Lead Managers or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange, as the case may be (A list of such branches is available at http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/home/list/5/33/0/0/Recognised-Intermediaries). The relevant branch of the SCSB shall perform verification procedures and block an amount in the ASBA Account equal to the Application Amount specified in the ASBA Application.

For ASBA Applications submitted directly to the SCSBs, the relevant SCSB shall block an amount in the ASBA Account equal to the Application Amount specified in the ASBA Application, before entering the ASBA Application into the electronic system of the Stock Exchange. SCSBs may provide the electronic mode of application either through an internet enabled application and banking facility or such other secured, electronically enabled mechanism for application and blocking of funds in the ASBA Account.

Applicants should ensure that they have funds equal to the Application Amount in the ASBA Account before submitting the ASBA Application to the Lead Managers or Lead Broker/ Consortium Member or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange, as the case may be, at the Specified Cities or to the Designated Branches of the SCSBs. An ASBA Application where the corresponding ASBA Account does not have sufficient funds equal to the Application Amount at the time of blocking the ASBA Account is liable to be rejected.

The Application Amount shall remain blocked in the ASBA Account until approval of the Basis of Allotment and consequent transfer of the amount against the Allotted NCDs to the Public Issue Account(s), or until withdrawal/ failure of the Issue or until withdrawal/ rejection of the Application Form, as the case may be. Once the Basis of Allotment is approved, the Registrar to the Issue shall send an appropriate request to the controlling branch of the SCSB for unblocking the relevant ASBA Accounts and for transferring the amount pertaining to NCDs allotted to the successful Applicants to the Public Issue Account(s). The balance amount remaining after the finalisation of the Basis of Allotment shall be unblocked by the SCSBs on the basis of the instructions issued in this regard by the Registrar to the respective SCSB within 5 Working Days of the Issue Closing Date. The Application Amount shall remain blocked in the ASBA Account until transfer of the Application Amount to the Public Issue Account, or until withdrawal/ failure of the Issue or until rejection of the ASBA Application, as the case may be. In case of withdrawal/ failure of the Issue, the blocked amount shall be unblocked on receipt of such information from the Registrar to the Issue.

Payment mechanism for Direct Online Applicants

Please note that clarifications and/or confirmations regarding the implementation of the requisite infrastructure and facilities in relation to direct online applications and online payment facility have been sought from the Stock Exchange and the Stock Exchange has confirmed that the necessary infrastructure and facilities for the same have not been implemented by the Stock Exchange. Hence, the Direct Online Application facility will not be available for the *Issue*.

Additional information for Applicants

- 1. Application Forms submitted by Applicants whose beneficiary accounts are inactive shall be rejected.
- 2. No separate receipts will be issued for the money blocked on the submission of Application Form. However, the collection center of the Designated Intermediaries will acknowledge the receipt of the Application Forms by stamping and returning to the Applicant the acknowledgement slip. This acknowledgement slip will serve as the duplicate of the Application Form for the records of the Applicant.
- 3. Applications should be submitted on the Application Form only. In the event that physical Application Form do not bear the stamp of the Designated Intermediaries, or the relevant Designated Branch, as the case may be, they are liable to be rejected.
- 4. Application Forms submitted by Applicants shall be for allotment of NCDs only in dematerialized form.

Additional Instructions for Retail Individual Investors using the UPI mechanism:

- 1. Before submission of the application form with the Designated Intermediary, a Retail Individual Investor shall download the mobile app for UPI and create a UPI ID (xyz@bankname) of not more than 45 characters with its bank and link it to his/ her bank account where the funds equivalent to the application amount is available.
- 2. The Retail Individual Investor shall fill in the bid details in the application form along with his/ her bank account linked UPI ID and submit the application with any of the intermediaries or through the stock exchange App/ Web interface.
- 3. The Designated Intermediary, upon receipt of form, shall upload the bid details along with the UPI ID on the Stock Exchange(s) bidding platform using appropriate protocols.

- 4. Once the bid has been entered in the bidding platform, the Stock Exchange(s) shall undertake validation of the PAN and Demat account combination details of investor with the depository.
- 5. The Depository shall validate the aforesaid PAN and Demat account details on a near real time basis and send response to Stock Exchange(s) which would be shared by the Stock Exchange(s) with the Designated Intermediaries through its platform, for corrections, if any.
- 6. Once the bid details are uploaded on the Stock Exchange(s) platform, the Stock Exchange(s) shall send an SMS to the investor regarding submission of his / her application, at the end of day, during the bidding period. For the last day of bidding, the SMS may be sent the next Working Day.
- 7. Post undertaking validation with the Depository, the Stock Exchange(s) shall, on a continuous basis, electronically share the bid details along with investors UPI ID, with the Sponsor Bank appointed by the Company.
- 8. The Sponsor Bank shall initiate a mandate request on the investor i.e., request the investor to authorize blocking of funds equivalent to application amount and subsequent debit of funds in case of allotment.
- 9. The request raised by the Sponsor Bank, would be electronically received by the investor as a SMS / intimation on his / her mobile no. / mobile app, associated with the UPI ID linked bank account.
- 10. The investor shall be able to view the amount to be blocked as per his / her bid in such intimation. The investor shall be able to view an attachment wherein the bid details submitted by such investor will be visible. After reviewing the details properly, the investor shall be required to proceed to authorize the mandate. Such mandate raised by the Sponsor Bank would be a one-time mandate for each application in the Issue.
- 11. The investor is required to accept the UPI mandate latest by 5 pm on the third working day from the day of bidding on the stock exchange platform except for the last day of the Issue period or any other modified closure date of the Issue period in which case, he / she is required to accept the UPI mandate latest by 5 pm the next Working Day.
- 12. The investor shall not be allowed to add or modify the bid(s) of the application except for modification of either DP ID/Client ID, or PAN ID but not both. However, the investor can withdraw the bid(s) and reapply.
- 13. For mismatch bids, on successful validation of PAN and DP ID/ Client ID combination during T+1 (T being the Issue Closing Date) modification session, such bids will be sent to Sponsor Bank for further processing by the Exchange on T+1 (T being the Issue Closing Date) day till 1 pm
- 14. The facility of Re-initiation/ Resending the UPI mandate shall be available only till 5 pm on the day of bidding.
- 15. Upon successful validation of block request by the investor, as above, the said information would be electronically received by the investors' bank, where the funds, equivalent to application amount, would get blocked in investors account. Intimation regarding confirmation of such block of funds in investors account would also be received by the investor.
- 16. The information containing status of block request (e.g., accepted / decline / pending) would also be shared with the Sponsor Bank, which in turn would be shared with the Stock Exchange(s). The block request status would also be displayed on the Stock Exchange(s) platform for information of the intermediary.
- 17. The information received from Sponsor Bank, would be shared by Stock Exchange(s) with the Registrar to the Issue in the form of a file for the purpose of reconciliation.
- 18. Post closure of the Issue, the Stock Exchange(s) shall share the bid details with the Registrar to the Issue. Further, the Stock Exchange(s) shall also provide the Registrar to the Issue, the final file received from the Sponsor Bank, containing status of blocked funds or otherwise, along with the bank account details with respect to applications made using UPI ID.

Applicants are advised not to submit Application Forms to Public Issue Account Banks and the same will be rejected in such cases and the Applicants will not be entitled to any compensation whatsoever.

Filing of the Shelf Prospectus and the Tranche Prospectus with ROC

A copy of the Shelf Prospectus and Tranche Prospectus shall be filed with the ROC in accordance with Section 26 and Section 31 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Pre-Issue Advertisement

Our Company will issue a statutory advertisement on or before the Issue Opening Date. This advertisement will contain the information as prescribed under the SEBI NCS Regulations and Section 30 of the Companies Act, 2013. Material updates, if any, between the date of filing of the Shelf Prospectus, Tranche Prospectus and the date of release of the statutory advertisement will be included in the statutory advertisement.

Instructions for completing the Application Form

- 1. Applications must be made in the prescribed Application Form.
- 2. Application Forms are to be completed in full, in BLOCK LETTERS in ENGLISH and in accordance with the instructions contained in this Draft Shelf Prospectus, the Shelf Prospectus, the Tranche Prospectus and the Application Form. Incomplete Application Forms are liable to be rejected. Applicants should note that the Designated Intermediaries will not be liable for errors in data entry due to incomplete or illegible Application Forms.
- 3. Applications are required to be for a minimum of such NCDs and in multiples of one NCD thereafter as specified in the Issue Documents.
- 4. Thumb impressions and signatures other than in the languages specified in the Eighth Schedule in the Constitution of India must be attested by a Magistrate or a Notary Public or a Special Executive Magistrate under official seal.
- 5. Applications should be in single or joint names and not exceeding three names, and in the same order as their Depository Participant details and Applications should be made by Karta in case the Applicant is an HUF. Applicants are required to ensure that the PAN Details of the HUF are mentioned and not those of the Karta.
- 6. If the Application is submitted in joint names, the Application Form should contain only the name of the first Applicant whose name should also appear as the first holder of the depository account held in joint names.
- 7. Applicants applying for Allotment must provide details of valid and active DP ID, Client ID and PAN clearly and without error. On the basis of such Applicant's active DP ID, Client ID and PAN provided in the Application Form, and as entered into the electronic Application system of the Stock Exchange by the Designated Intermediaries, as the case may be, the Registrar to the Issue will obtain from the Depository the Demographic Details. Invalid accounts, suspended accounts or where such account is classified as invalid or suspended may not be considered for Allotment of the NCDs.
- 8. Applicants must ensure that their Application Forms are made in a single name.
- 9. The minimum number of Applications and minimum application size shall be specified in the Tranche Prospectus. Applicants may apply for one or more series of NCDs Applied for in a single Application Form.
- 10. If the ASBA Account holder is different from the Applicant, the Application Form should be signed by the ASBA Account holder also, in accordance with the instructions provided in the Application Form.
- 11. Applicant should correctly mention the ASBA Account number and UPI ID in case applying through UPI Mechanism and ensure that funds equal to the Application Amount are available in the ASBA Account before submitting the Application Form and ensure that the signature in the Application Form matches with the signature in the Applicant's bank records.
- 12. All Applicants are required to tick the relevant column in the "Category of Investor" box in the Application Form.
- 13. Applications for all the series of the NCDs may be made in a single Application Form only.

The series, mode of allotment, PAN, demat account number, etc. should be captured by the relevant Designated Intermediaries in the data entries as such data entries will be considered for allotment.

Applicants should note that neither the Members of the Consortium nor the other Designated Intermediaries, as the case may be, will be liable for error in data entry due to incomplete or illegible Application Forms. Our Company would allot the NCDs, as specified in the Tranche Prospectus for the Issue to all valid Applications, wherein the Applicants have not indicated their choice of the relevant series of NCDs.

Applicants' PAN, Depository Account and Bank Account Details

ALL APPLICANTS APPLYING FOR ALLOTMENT OF THE NCDS SHOULD MENTION THEIR DP ID, CLIENT ID, PAN AND UPI ID (IN CASE APPLYING THROUGH UPI MECHANISM) IN THE

APPLICATION FORM. APPLICANTS MUST ENSURE THAT THE DP ID, CLIENT ID PAN AND UPI ID GIVEN IN THE APPLICATION FORM IS EXACTLY THE SAME AS THE DP ID, CLIENT ID, PAN AND UPI ID AVAILABLE IN THE DEPOSITORY DATABASE. IF THE BENEFICIARY ACCOUNT IS HELD IN JOINT NAMES, THE APPLICATION FORM SHOULD CONTAIN THE NAME AND PAN OF BOTH THE HOLDERS OF THE BENEFICIARY ACCOUNT AND SIGNATURES OF BOTH HOLDERS WOULD BE REQUIRED IN THE APPLICATION FORM.

On the basis of the DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID provided by them in the Application Form, the Registrar to the Issue will obtain from the Depository the Demographic Details of the Applicants including PAN and MICR code. These Demographic Details would be used for giving Allotment Advice and unblocking intimations, if any, to the Applicants. Hence, Applicants are advised to immediately update their Demographic Details (including bank account details) as appearing on the records of the Depository Participant and ensure that they are true and correct. Please note that failure to do so could result in delays in despatch/ unblocking of funds, if any, to Applicants, delivery of Allotment Advice or unblocking of ASBA Accounts at the Applicants' sole risk, and neither the Members of the Consortium nor the Designated Intermediaries, nor the Registrar, nor the Banker(s) to the Issue, nor the SCSBs, nor our Company shall have any responsibility and undertake any liability for the same.

Applicants should note that in case the DP ID, Client ID and PAN mentioned in the Application Form, as the case may be and entered into the electronic Application system of the Stock Exchange by the Members of the Consortium or the Designated Intermediaries, as the case may be, do not match with the DP ID, Client ID and PAN available in the Depository database or in case PAN is not available in the Depository database, the Application Form is liable to be rejected and our Company, the Members of the Consortium and the other Designated Intermediaries shall not be liable for losses, if any.

These Demographic Details would be used for all correspondence with the Applicants including mailing of the Allotment Advice and for unblocking intimations (if any) as applicable. The Demographic Details given by Applicants in the Application Form would not be used for any other purpose by the Registrar to the Issue except in relation to this Issue.

By signing the Application Form, Applicants applying for the NCDs would be deemed to have authorised the Depositories to provide, upon request, to the Registrar, the required Demographic Details as available on its records.

Allotment Advice would be mailed by post or e-mail at the address of the Applicants in accordance with the Demographic Details received from the Depositories. Applicants may note that delivery of Allotment Advice may get delayed if the same once sent to the address obtained from the Depositories are returned undelivered. Further, please note that any such delay shall be at such Applicants' sole risk and neither our Company, Banker(s) to the Issue, Registrar to the Issue nor the Lead Managers shall be liable to compensate the Applicant for any losses caused to the Applicants due to any such delay or liable to pay any interest for such delay. In case of unblocking through electronic modes as detailed in the Tranche Prospectus, unblocking may be delayed if bank particulars obtained from the Depository Participant are incorrect.

In case of Applications made under powers of attorney, our Company in its absolute discretion, reserves the right to permit the holder of a power of attorney to request the Registrar to the Issue that for the purpose of printing particulars on and mailing of the Allotment Advice through post, the Demographic Details obtained from the Depository of the Applicant shall be used.

With effect from August 16, 2010, the beneficiary accounts of Applicants for whom PAN details have not been verified shall be suspended for credit and no credit of NCDs pursuant to this Issue will be made into the accounts of the Applicants. Application Forms submitted by Applicants whose beneficiary accounts are inactive shall be rejected. Furthermore, in case no corresponding record is available with the Depositories, which matches the four parameters, namely, DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID then such Applications are liable to be rejected.

Applicants should note that the NCDs will be allotted to all successful Applicants only in dematerialized form. The Application Forms which do not have the details of the Applicant's depository account, including DP ID, Client ID and PAN and UPI ID (for Retail Individual Investor Applicants bidding using the UPI mechanism), shall be treated as incomplete and will be rejected.

APPLICATIONS FOR ALLOTMENT OF NCDs IN THE DEMATERIALIZED FORM

Submission of Applications

Applicants can apply for NCDs only using the ASBA facility pursuant to SEBI Operational Circular. ASBA Applications can be submitted through either of the following modes:

- (a) Physically or electronically to the Designated Branches of the SCSB(s) with whom an Applicant's ASBA Account is maintained. In case of ASBA Application in physical mode, the Applicant shall submit the Application Form at the relevant Designated Branch of the SCSB(s). The Designated Branch shall verify if sufficient funds equal to the Application Amount are available in the ASBA Account and shall also verify that the signature on the Application Form matches with the Investor's bank records, as mentioned in the ASBA Application, prior to uploading such ASBA Application into the electronic system of the Stock Exchange. If sufficient funds are not available in the ASBA Account, the respective Designated Branch shall reject such ASBA Application and shall not upload such ASBA Application in the electronic system of the Stock Exchange. If sufficient funds are available in the ASBA Account, the Designated Branch shall block an amount equivalent to the Application Amount and upload details of the ASBA Application in the electronic system of the Stock Exchange. The Designated Branch of the SCSBs shall stamp the Application Form and issue an acknowledgement as proof of having accepted the Application. In case of Application in the electronic mode, the Applicant shall submit the ASBA Application either through the internet banking facility available with the SCSB, or such other electronically enabled mechanism for application and blocking funds in the ASBA Account held with SCSB, and accordingly register such ASBA Applications.
- (b) Physically through the Lead Brokers/ Consortium Members, Lead Managers, or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange only at the Specified Cities i.e., Syndicate ASBA. Kindly note that ASBA Applications submitted to the Lead Brokers/ Consortium Members, Lead Managers or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange at the Specified Cities will not be accepted if the SCSB where the ASBA Account is maintained, as specified in the ASBA Application, is maintained has not named at least one branch at that Specified City for the Lead Brokers/ Consortium Members, Lead Managers or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange, as the case may be, to deposit ASBA Applications (A list of such branches is available at http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/home/list/5/33/0/0/Recognised-Intermediaries).
- (c) A UPI Investor making an Application in the Issue under the UPI Mechanism, where the Application Amount is up to ₹5 lakhs, can submit his Application Form physically to a SCSB or a Designated Intermediary. The Designated Intermediary shall upload the application details along with the UPI ID on the Stock Exchange's bidding platform using appropriate protocols. Kindly note that in this case, the Application Amount will be blocked through the UPI Mechanism.

A UPI Investor may also submit the Application Form for the Issue through BSE Direct, wherein the Application will be automatically uploaded onto the Stock Exchange's bidding platform and an amount equivalent to the Application Amount shall be blocked using the UPI Mechanism.

Upon receipt of the Application Form by the Lead Brokers/ Consortium Members, Lead Managers or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange, as the case may be, an acknowledgement shall be issued by giving the counter foil of the Application Form to the Applicant as proof of having accepted the Application. Thereafter, the details of the Application shall be uploaded in the electronic system of the Stock Exchange and the Application Form shall be forwarded to the relevant branch of the SCSB, in the relevant Specified City, named by such SCSB to accept such ASBA Applications from the Lead Brokers/ Consortium Members, Lead Managers or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange, as the case may be (A list of such branches is available at http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/home/list/5/33/0/0/Recognised-Intermediaries). Upon receipt of the ASBA Application, the relevant branch of the SCSB shall perform verification procedures including verification of the Applicant's signature with his bank records and check if sufficient funds equal to the Application Amount are available in the ASBA Account, as mentioned in the ASBA Form. If sufficient funds are not available in the ASBA Account, the relevant ASBA Application is liable to be rejected. If sufficient funds are available in the ASBA Account, the relevant branch of the SCSB shall block an amount equivalent to the Application Amount mentioned in the ASBA Application. The Application Amount shall remain blocked in the ASBA Account until approval of the Basis of Allotment and consequent transfer of the amount against the Allotted NCDs to the Public Issue Account(s), or until withdrawal/ failure of the Issue or until withdrawal/ rejection of the Application Form, as the case may be.

Applicants must note that:

- (a) Physical Application Forms will be available with the Designated Branches of the SCSBs and with the Lead Managers and Trading Members of the Stock Exchange at the Specified Cities; and electronic Application Forms will be available on the websites of the SCSBs and the Stock Exchange at least one day prior to the Issue Opening Date. Application Forms will also be provided to the Trading Members of the Stock Exchange at their request. The Application Forms would be serially numbered. Further, the SCSBs will ensure that the Shelf Prospectus and the relevant Tranche Prospectus are made available on their websites.
- (b) The Designated Branches of the SCSBs shall accept ASBA Applications directly from Applicants only during the Issue Period. The SCSB shall not accept any ASBA Applications directly from Applicants after the closing time of acceptance of Applications on the Issue Closing Date. However, in case of Syndicate ASBA, the relevant branches of the SCSBs at Specified Cities can accept ASBA Applications from the Lead Managers or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange, as the case may be, after the closing time of acceptance of Applications on the Issue Closing Date. For further information on the Issue programme, please see section titled "Issue Related Information" on page 282.
- (c) In case of Applications through Syndicate ASBA, the physical Application Form shall bear the stamp of the Lead Managers or Lead Broker/ Consortium Member or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange, as the case maybe, if not, the same shall be rejected. Application Forms directly submitted to SCSBs should bear the stamp of SCSBs, if not, the same are liable to be rejected.

Please note that Applicants can make an Application for Allotment of NCDs in the dematerialized form only.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING-UP THE APPLICATION FORM

General Instructions

A. General instructions for completing the Application Form

- Applications must be made in prescribed Application Form only;
- Application Forms must be completed in block letters in English, as per the instructions contained in this Draft Shelf Prospectus, the Shelf Prospectus, Tranche Prospectus(es), the Abridged Prospectus and the Application Form.
- If the Application is submitted in joint names, the Application Form should contain only the name of the first Applicant whose name should also appear as the first holder of the depository account held in joint names.
- Applicants must apply for Allotment in dematerialised form and must provide details of valid and active DP ID, Client ID and PAN clearly and without error. On the basis of such Applicant's active DP ID, Client ID and PAN provided in the Application Form, and as entered into the electronic Application system of Stock Exchange by SCSBs, the Members of the Syndicate at the Syndicate ASBA Application Locations and the Trading Members, as the case may be, the Registrar will obtain from the Depository the Demographic Details. Invalid accounts, suspended accounts or where such account is classified as invalid or suspended may not be considered for Allotment of the NCDs.
- The minimum number of Applications and minimum application size shall be specified in the Tranche Prospectus. Applicants may apply for one or more series of NCDs Applied for in a single Application Form.
- If the depository account is held in joint names, the Application Form should contain the name and PAN of the person whose name appears first in the depository account and signature of only this person would be required in the Application Form. This Applicant would be deemed to have signed on behalf of joint holders and would be required to give confirmation to this effect in the Application Form.
- Applications should be made by Karta in case of HUFs. Applicants are required to ensure that the PAN details
 of the HUF are mentioned and not those of the Karta;
- Thumb impressions and signatures other than in English/Hindi/Gujarati/Marathi or any other languages specified in the 8th Schedule of the Constitution needs to be attested by a Magistrate or Notary Public or a Special Executive Magistrate under his/her seal;
- No separate receipts will be issued for the money payable on the submission of the Application Form. However, the Lead Managers, Lead Broker/ Consortium Member, Trading Members of the Stock Exchange or the Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be, will acknowledge the receipt of the Application Forms

by stamping and returning to the Applicants the acknowledgement slip. This acknowledgement slip will serve as the duplicate of the Application Form for the records of the Applicant. Applicants must ensure that the requisite documents are attached to the Application Form prior to submission and receipt of acknowledgement from the relevant Lead Managers, Lead Broker/ Consortium Member, Trading Member of the Stock Exchange or the Designated Branch of the SCSBs, as the case may be.

- Every Applicant should hold valid Permanent Account Number (PAN) and mention the same in the Application Form.
- All Applicants are required to tick the relevant column of "Category of Investor" in the Application Form.
- ASBA will be the default "Mode of Application" as per the SEBI Operational Circular.
- Applicants should correctly mention the ASBA Account number and ensure that funds equal to the Application
 Amount are available in the ASBA Account before submitting the Application Form to the Designated Branch
 and also ensure that the signature in the Application Form matches with the signature in Applicant's bank
 records, otherwise the Application is liable to be rejected

The series, mode of allotment, PAN, demat account no. etc. should be captured by the relevant Lead Managers, Lead Broker/ Consortium Member, Trading Member of the Stock Exchange in the data entries as such data entries will be considered for allotment.

Applicants should note that neither the Lead Managers, Lead Broker/ Consortium Member, Trading Member of the Stock Exchange, Public Issue Account Banks nor Designated Branches, as the case may be, will be liable for error in data entry due to incomplete or illegible Application Forms.

Our Company would allot the series of NCDs, as specified in the Tranche Prospectus to all valid Applications, wherein the Applicants have not indicated their choice of the relevant series of NCDs.

B. Applicant's Beneficiary Account and Bank Account Details

Applicants applying for Allotment in dematerialized form must mention their DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID (in case applying through UPI Mechanism) in the Application Form and ensure that the name provided in the Application Form is exactly the same as the name in which the Beneficiary Account is held. In case the Application Form for Allotment in dematerialized form is submitted in the first Applicant's name, it should be ensured that the Beneficiary Account is held in the same joint names and in the same sequence in which they appear in the Application Form. In case the DP ID, Client ID and PAN mentioned in the Application Form for Allotment in dematerialized form and entered into the electronic system of the Stock Exchange do not match with the DP ID, Client ID and PAN available in the Depository database or in case PAN is not available in the Depository database, the Application Form for Allotment in dematerialized form is liable to be rejected. Further, Application Forms submitted by Applicants applying for Allotment in dematerialized form, whose beneficiary accounts are inactive, will be rejected.

On the basis of the DP ID and Client ID provided by the Applicant in the Application Form for Allotment in dematerialized form and entered into the electronic system of the Stock Exchange, the Registrar to the Issue will obtain from the Depositories the Demographic Details of the Applicant including PAN, address, bank account details for printing on unblocking intimations/unblocking through electronic mode, Magnetic Ink Character Recognition ("MICR") Code and occupation. These Demographic Details would be used for giving Allotment Advice and refunds (including through physical refund warrants, direct credit, NACH, NEFT and RTGS), if any, to the Applicants. Hence, Applicants are advised to immediately update their Demographic Details as appearing on the records of the DP and ensure that they are true and correct, and carefully fill in their Beneficiary Account details in the Application Form. Failure to do so could result in delays in dispatch/credit of refunds to Applicants and delivery of Allotment Advice at the Applicants' sole risk, and neither our Company, the Lead Managers, Trading Members of the Stock Exchange, Public Issue Account Bank(s), SCSBs, Registrar to the Issue nor the Stock Exchange will bear any responsibility or liability for the same.

The Demographic Details would be used for correspondence with the Applicants including mailing of the Allotment Advice and printing of bank particulars on the unblocking intimations, or for refunds through electronic transfer of funds, as applicable. Allotment Advice and physical unblocking intimations (as applicable) would be mailed at the address of the Applicant as per the Demographic Details received from the Depositories. Applicants may note that delivery of unblocking intimations/ Allotment Advice may get delayed if the same once sent to the address obtained from the Depositories are returned undelivered. In such an event, the address and other details given by the Applicant

in the Application Form would be used only to ensure dispatch of unblocking intimations. Please note that any such delay shall be at such Applicants sole risk and neither our Company, the Lead Managers, Trading Members of the Stock Exchange, Public Issue Account Banks, SCSBs, Registrar to the Issue nor the Stock Exchange shall be liable to compensate the Applicant for any losses caused to the Applicant due to any such delay or liable to pay any interest for such delay. In case of refunds through electronic modes as detailed in the Tranche Prospectus, refunds may be delayed if bank particulars obtained from the Depository Participant are incorrect.

In case of Applications made under power of attorney, our Company in its absolute discretion, reserves the right to permit the holder of Power of Attorney to request the Registrar that for the purpose of printing particulars on the unblocking intimation and mailing of unblocking intimations/ Allotment Advice, the demographic details obtained from the Depository of the Applicant shall be used. By signing the Application Form, the Applicant would have deemed to have authorized the Depositories to provide, upon request, to the Registrar to the Issue, the required Demographic Details as available on its records. The Demographic Details given by Applicant in the Application Form would not be used for any other purpose by the Registrar to the Issue except in relation to the Issue.

With effect from August 16, 2010, the beneficiary accounts of Applicants for whom PAN details have not been verified shall be suspended for credit and no credit of NCDs pursuant to the Issue will be made into the accounts of such Applicants. Application Forms submitted by Applicants whose beneficiary accounts are inactive shall be rejected. Furthermore, in case no corresponding record is available with the Depositories, which matches the three parameters, namely, DP ID, Client ID and PAN, then such Application are liable to be rejected.

C. Permanent Account Number (PAN)

The Applicant should mention his or her Permanent Account Number (PAN) allotted under the IT Act. For minor Applicants, applying through the guardian, it is mandatory to mention the PAN of the minor Applicant. However, Applications on behalf of the Central or State Government officials and the officials appointed by the courts in terms of a SEBI circular dated June 30, 2008, and Applicants residing in the state of Sikkim who in terms of a SEBI circular dated July 20, 2006, may be exempt from specifying their PAN for transacting in the securities market. In accordance with Circular No. MRD/DOP/Cir-05/2007 dated April 27, 2007, issued by SEBI, the PAN would be the sole identification number for the participants transacting in the securities market, irrespective of the amount of transaction. Any Application Form, without the PAN is liable to be rejected, irrespective of the amount of transaction. It is to be specifically noted that the Applicants should not submit the GIR number instead of the PAN as the Application is liable to be rejected on this ground.

However, the exemption for the Central or State Government and the officials appointed by the courts and for investors residing in the State of Sikkim is subject to the Depository Participants' verifying the veracity of such claims by collecting sufficient documentary evidence in support of their claims. At the time of ascertaining the validity of these Applications, the Registrar to the Issue will check under the Depository records for the appropriate description under the PAN field i.e., either Sikkim category or exempt category.

D. Joint Applications

If the depository account is held in joint names, the Application Form should contain the name and PAN of the person whose name appears first in the depository account and signature of only this person would be required in the Application Form. This Applicant would be deemed to have signed on behalf of joint holders and would be required to give confirmation to this effect in the Application Form

E. Additional/ Multiple Applications

An Applicant is allowed to make one or more Applications for the NCDs, subject to a minimum application size of ₹10,000 and in multiples of ₹1,000 thereafter as specified in the Tranche Prospectus. Any Application for an amount below the aforesaid minimum application size will be deemed as an invalid application and shall be rejected. However, multiple Applications by the same individual Applicant aggregating to a value exceeding ₹1,000,000 shall be deem such individual Applicant to be a HNI Applicant and all such Applications shall be grouped in the HNI Portion, for the purpose of determining the basis of allotment to such Applicant. However, any Application made by any person in his individual capacity and an Application made by such person in his capacity as a karta of a Hindu Undivided family and/or as Applicant (second or third Applicant), shall not be deemed to be a multiple Application. For the purposes of allotment of NCDs under the Issue, Applications shall be grouped based on the PAN, i.e.,

Applications under the same PAN shall be grouped together and treated as one Application. Two or more Applications will be deemed to be multiple Applications if the sole or first Applicant is one and the same. For the sake of clarity, two or more applications shall be deemed to be a multiple Application for the aforesaid purpose if the PAN of the sole or the first Applicant is one and the same.

Electronic registration of Applications

- (a) The Designated Intermediaries will register the Applications using the on-line facilities of Stock Exchange. The Lead Managers, Lead Broker/ Consortium Member, our Company, and the Registrar to the Issue are not responsible for any acts, mistakes or errors or omission and commissions in relation to (i) the Applications accepted by the Designated Intermediaries, (ii) the Applications accepted but not uploaded by the Designated Intermediaries, (iv) Applications accepted and uploaded by the SCSBs without blocking funds in the ASBA Accounts or (iv) Applications accepted and uploaded by the Designated Intermediaries for which the Application Amounts are not blocked by the SCSBs.
- (b) The Stock Exchange will offer an electronic facility for registering Applications for the Issue. This facility will be available on the terminals of Syndicate Members and the other Designated Intermediaries during the Issue Period. On the Issue Closing Date, the Syndicate Members and the other Designated Intermediaries shall upload the Applications till such time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange. This information will be available with the Syndicate Members and the other Designated Intermediaries on a regular basis. Applicants are cautioned that a high inflow of high volumes on the last day of the Issue Period may lead to some Applications received on the last day not being uploaded and such Applications will not be considered for allocation.
- (c) Based on the aggregate demand for Applications registered on the electronic facilities of the Stock Exchange, a graphical representation of consolidated demand for the NCDs, as available on the websites of the Stock Exchange, would be made available at the Application centers as provided in the Application Form during the Issue Period.
- (d) At the time of registering each Application, the Designated Intermediaries, shall enter the details of the Applicant, such as the Application Form number, PAN, Applicant category, DP ID, Client ID, number and Option(s) of NCDs applied, Application Amounts and any other details that may be prescribed by the online uploading platform of the Stock Exchange.
- (e) A system generated Acknowledgement Slip will be given to the Applicant as a proof of the registration of his Application. It is the Applicant's responsibility to obtain the Acknowledgement Slip from the Syndicate Members or the other Designated Intermediaries, as the case may be. The registration of the Applications by the Designated Intermediaries does not guarantee that the NCDs shall be allocated/ Allotted by our Company. Such Acknowledgement Slip will be non-negotiable and by itself will not create any obligation of any kind.
- (f) The permission given by the Stock Exchange to use their network and software of the online system should not in any way be deemed or construed to mean that the compliance with various statutory and other requirements by our Company, and/or the Lead Managers are cleared or approved by the Stock Exchange; nor does it in any manner warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the compliance with the statutory and other requirements nor does it take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of our Company, the management or any scheme or project of our Company; nor does it in any manner warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of this Draft Shelf Prospectus; nor does it warrant that the NCDs will be listed or will continue to be listed on the Stock Exchange.
- (g) In case of apparent data entry error by the Designated Intermediaries, in entering the Application Form numbers in their respective schedules, other things remaining unchanged, the Application Form may be considered as valid, or such exceptions may be recorded in minutes of the meeting submitted to the Designated Stock Exchange.
- (h) Only Applications that are uploaded on the online system of the Stock Exchange shall be considered for Allotment. The Designated Intermediaries shall capture all data relevant for the purposes of finalizing the Basis of Allotment while uploading Application data in the electronic systems of the Stock Exchange. In order that the data so captured is accurate, Designated Intermediaries will be given up to one Working Day after the Issue Closing Date to modify/ verify certain selected fields uploaded in the online system during the Issue Period after which the data will be sent to the Registrar to the Issue for reconciliation with the data available with the NSDL and CDSL.

Process for investor application submitted with UPI as mode of payment

- (a) Before submission of the application with the intermediary, the investor would be required to have / create a UPI ID, with a maximum length of 45 characters including the handle (Example: InvestorID@bankname).
- (b) An investor shall fill in the bid details in the application form along with his/ her bank account linked UPI ID and submit the application with any of the intermediaries or through the stock exchange App/ Web interface, or any other methods as may be permitted.
- (c) The intermediary, upon receipt of form, shall upload the bid details along with the UPI ID on the stock exchange bidding platform using appropriate protocols.
- (d) Once the bid has been entered in the bidding platform, the Stock Exchange shall undertake validation of the PAN and Demat account combination details of investor with the depository.
- (e) The Depository shall validate the aforesaid PAN and Demat account details on a near real time basis and send response to stock exchange which would be shared by stock exchange with intermediary through its platform, for corrections, if any.
- (f) Once the bid details are uploaded on the Stock Exchange platform, the Stock Exchange shall send an SMS to the investor regarding submission of his / her application, at the end of day, during the bidding period. For the last day of bidding, the SMS may be sent the next working day.
- (g) Post undertaking validation with the Depository, the Stock Exchange shall, on a continuous basis, electronically share the bid details along with investors UPI ID, with the Sponsor Bank appointed by the issuer.
- (h) The Sponsor Bank shall initiate a mandate request on the investor
- (i) The request raised by the Sponsor Bank, would be electronically received by the investor as a SMS / intimation on his / her mobile no. / mobile app, associated with the UPI ID linked bank account.
- (j) The investor shall be able to view the amount to be blocked as per his / her bid in such intimation. The investor shall be able to view an attachment wherein the public issue bid details submitted by investor will be visible. After reviewing the details properly, the investor shall be required to proceed to authorize the mandate. Such mandate raised by sponsor bank would be a one-time mandate for each application in the public issue.
- (k) An investor is required to accept the UPI mandate latest by 5 pm on the third working day from the day of bidding on the stock exchange platform except for the last day of the issue period or any other modified closure date of the issue period in which case, he / she is required to accept the UPI mandate latest by 5 pm the next working day.
- (l) An investor shall not be allowed to add or modify the bid(s) of the application except for modification of either DP ID/Client ID, or PAN ID but not both. However, the investor can withdraw the bid(s) and reapply.
- (m) For mismatch bids, on successful validation of PAN and DP ID/ Client ID combination during T+1 modification session, such bids will be sent to Sponsor Bank for further processing by the Exchange on T+1 day till 1 PM.
- (n) The facility of re-initiation/resending the UPI mandate shall be available only till 5 pm on the day of bidding.
- (o) Upon successful validation of block request by the investor, as above, the said information would be electronically received by the investors' bank, where the funds, equivalent to application amount, would get blocked in investors account. Intimation regarding confirmation of such block of funds in investors account would also be received by the investor.
- (p) The information containing status of block request (e.g., accepted / decline / pending) would also be shared with the Sponsor Bank, which in turn would be shared with the Stock Exchange. The block request status would also be displayed on the Stock Exchange platform for information of the intermediary.
- (q) The information received from Sponsor Bank, would be shared by stock exchange with RTA in the form of a file for

the purpose of reconciliation.

- (r) Post closure of the offer, the Stock Exchange shall share the bid details with RTA. Further, the Stock Exchange shall also provide the RTA, the final file received from the Sponsor Bank, containing status of blocked funds or otherwise, along with the bank account details with respect to applications made using UPI ID.
- (s) The allotment of debt securities shall be done as per SEBI NCS Regulations and SEBI Operational Circular.
- (t) The RTA, based on information of bidding and blocking received from the Stock Exchange, shall undertake reconciliation of the bid data and block confirmation corresponding to the bids by all investor category applications (with and without the use of UPI) and prepare the basis of allotment.
- (u) Upon approval of the basis of allotment, the RTA shall share the 'debit' file with Sponsor bank (through Stock Exchange) and SCSBs, as applicable, for credit of funds in the public issue account and unblocking of excess funds in the investor's account. The Sponsor Bank, based on the mandate approved by the investor at the time of blocking of funds, shall raise the debit / collect request from the investor's bank account, whereupon funds will be transferred from investor's account to the public issue account and remaining funds, if any, will be unblocked without any manual intervention by investor or their bank.
- (v) Upon confirmation of receipt of funds in the public issue account, the securities would be credited to the investor's account. The investor will be notified for full/partial allotment. For partial allotment, the remaining funds would be unblocked. For no allotment, mandate would be revoked, and application amount would be unblocked for the investor.
- (w) Thereafter, Stock Exchange will issue the listing and trading approval.
- (x) Further, in accordance with the Operational Instructions and Guidelines for Making Application for Public Issue of Debt Securities through BSEDirect issued by BSE on December 28, 2020 and NSE goBID platform, the investor shall also be responsible for the following:
 - i. Investor shall check the Issue details before placing desired bids;
 - ii. Investor shall check and understand the UPI mandate acceptance and block of funds process before placing the
 - iii. The receipt of the SMS for mandate acceptance is dependent upon the system response/ integration of UPI on Debt Public Issue System;
 - iv. Investor shall accept the UPI Mandate Requests within the stipulated timeline;
 - v. Investor shall note that the transaction will be treated as completed only after the acceptance of mandates by the investor by way of authorising the transaction by entering their UPI pin and successfully blocking funds through the ASBA process by the investor's bank;
 - vi. Investor shall check the status of their bid with respect to the mandate acceptance and blocking of funds for the completion of the transaction; and
 - vii. In case the investor does not accept the mandate within stipulated timelines, in such case their bid will not be considered for allocation.

General Instructions

Do's

- 1. Check if you are eligible to apply as per the terms of this Draft Shelf Prospectus, the Shelf Prospectus, the Tranche Prospectus and applicable law;
- 2. Read all the instructions carefully and complete the Application Form in the prescribed form;
- 3. Ensure that you have obtained all necessary approvals from the relevant statutory and/or regulatory authorities to apply for, subscribe to and/or seek Allotment of NCDs pursuant to the Issue.
- 4. Ensure that the DP ID and Client ID are correct and beneficiary account is activated for Allotment of NCDs in dematerialized form. The requirement for providing Depository Participant details shall be mandatory for all Applicants.
- 5. Ensure that you have mentioned the correct ASBA Account number in the Application Form;
- 6. Ensure that you have funds equal to the Application Amount in the ASBA Account before submitting the Application

- Form to the respective Designated Branch of the SCSB, or to the Intermediaries, as the case may be.
- 7. Ensure that you have been given an acknowledgement as proof of having accepted the Application Form;
- 8. In case of any revision of Application in connection with any of the fields which are not allowed to be modified on the electronic application platform of the Stock Exchange as per the procedures and requirements prescribed by each relevant Stock Exchange, ensure that you have first withdrawn your original Application and submit a fresh Application. For instance, as per the notice No: 20120831-22 dated August 31, 2012, issued by the BSE, fields namely, quantity, series, application no., sub-category codes will not be allowed for modification during the Issue. In such a case the date of the fresh Application will be considered for date priority for allotment purposes.
- 9. Ensure that signatures other than in the languages specified in the Eighth Schedule to the Constitution of India is attested by a Magistrate or a Notary Public or a Special Executive Magistrate under official seal.
- 10. Ensure that the DP ID, the Client ID and the PAN mentioned in the Application Form, which shall be entered into the electronic system of the Stock Exchange, match with the DP ID, Client ID and PAN available in the Depository database:
- 11. In case of an HUF applying through its Karta, the Applicant is required to specify the name of an Applicant in the Application Form as 'XYZ Hindu Undivided Family applying through PQR', where PQR is the name of the Karta. However, the PAN of the HUF should be mentioned in the Application Form and not that of the Karta;
- 12. Ensure that the Applications are submitted to the Lead Managers, Lead Broker/ Consortium Member, Trading Members of the Stock Exchange or Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be, before the closure of application hours on the Issue Closing Date. For further information on the Issue programme, please see the section titled "Issue Related Information" on page 282.
- 13. Ensure that the Demographic Details including PAN are updated, true and correct in all respects;
- 14. Permanent Account Number: Except for Application (i) on behalf of the Central or State Government and officials appointed by the courts, and (ii) (subject to SEBI circular dated April 3, 2008) from the residents of the state of Sikkim, each of the Applicants should provide their PAN. Application Forms in which the PAN is not provided will be rejected. The exemption for the Central or State Government and officials appointed by the courts and for investors residing in the State of Sikkim is subject to (a) the demographic details received from the respective depositories confirming the exemption granted to the beneficiary owner by a suitable description in the PAN field and the beneficiary account remaining in "active status"; and (b) in the case of residents of Sikkim, the address as per the demographic details evidencing the same;
- 15. Ensure that if the depository account is held in joint names, the Application Form should contain the name and PAN of the person whose name appears first in the depository account and signature of only this person would be required in the Application Form. This Applicant would be deemed to have signed on behalf of joint holders and would be required to give confirmation to this effect in the Application Form;
- 16. All Applicants are requested to tick the relevant column "Category of Investor" in the Application Form; and
- 17. Tick the series of NCDs in the Application Form that you wish to apply for.
- 18. Check if you are eligible to Apply under ASBA;
- 19. Retail individual investors using the UPI Mechanism to ensure that they submit bids up to the application value of ₹500.000;
- 20. Investor using the UPI Mechanism should ensure that the correct UPI ID (with maximum length of 45 characters including the handle) is mentioned in the Bid cum Application Form;
- 21. Investors bidding using the UPI Mechanism should ensure that they use only their own bank account linked UPI ID to make an application in the issue and submit the application with any of the intermediaries or through the Stock Exchange App/ Web interface
- 22. Ensure that you give the correct details of your ASBA Account including bank account number/ bank name and branch;
- 23. Ensure that your Application Form is submitted either at a Designated Branch of a SCSB where the ASBA Account is maintained or with the Lead Managers or Lead Broker/ Consortium Member or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange at the Specified Cities, and not directly to the Public Issue Account Banks (assuming that such bank is not a SCSB) or to our Company or the Registrar to the Issue;
- 24. In case of ASBA Applications through Syndicate ASBA, before submitting the physical Application Form to the Trading Members of the Stock Exchange, ensure that the SCSB where the ASBA Account, as specified in the ASBA Form, is maintained has named at-least one branch in that Specified City for the Lead Managers or Lead Broker/Consortium Member or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange, as the case may be, to deposit ASBA Forms (A list of such branches is available at http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/home/list/5/33/0/0/Recognised-Intermediaries);
- 25. In terms of the SEBI circular CIR/CFD/DIL/1/2013 dated January 2, 2013, in case of an SCSB making an ASBA Application, such ASBA Application should be made through an ASBA Account utilised solely for the purpose of applying in public issues and maintained in the name of such SCSB Applicant with a different SCSB, wherein clear demarcated funds are available.

- 26. Ensure that the Application Form is signed by the ASBA Account holder in case the Applicant is not the account holder:
- 27. Ensure that you have funds equal to the Application Amount in the ASBA Account before submitting the Application Form and that your signature in the Application Form matches with your available bank records;
- 28. Ensure that you have correctly ticked, provided or checked the authorisation box in the Application Form, or have otherwise provided an authorisation to the SCSB or Sponsor Bank, as applicable, via the electronic mode, for blocking funds in the ASBA Account equivalent to the Application Amount mentioned in the Application Form as the case may be, at the time of submission of the Bid. In case of Retail Individual Investor submitting their Bids and participating in the Issue through the UPI Mechanism, ensure that you authorise the UPI Mandate Request raised by the Sponsor Bank for blocking of funds equivalent to Bid Amount and subsequent debit of funds in case of Allotment;
- 29. Ensure that you receive an acknowledgement from the Designated Branch or the concerned Lead Managers or Lead Broker/ Consortium Member or Trading Member of the Stock Exchange, as the case may be, for the submission of the Application Form.
- 30. Retail Individual Investors submitting Application Form using the UPI Mechanism, should ensure that the: (a) bank where the bank account linked to their UPI ID is maintained; and (b) the Mobile App and UPI handle being used for making the Bid, are listed on the website of SEBI at www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=40

In terms of SEBI Circular no. CIR/CFD/DIL/1/2013 dated January 2, 2013, SCSBs making applications on their own account using ASBA facility, should have a separate account in their own name with any other SEBI registered SCSB. Further, such account shall be used solely for the purpose of making application in public issues and clear demarcated funds should be available in such account.

SEBI Operational Circular stipulates the time between closure of the Issue and listing at six Working Days. In order to enable compliance with the above timelines, investors are advised to use ASBA facility only to make payment.

Don'ts:

- 1. Do not apply for lower than the minimum application size;
- 2. Do not pay the Application Amount in cash, by money order or by postal order or by stock invest;
- 3. Do not send Application Forms by post; instead submit the same to the Lead Brokers/ Consortium Members, subbrokers, Trading Members of the Stock Exchange or Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be;
- 4. Do not fill up the Application Form such that the NCDs applied for exceeds the Issue size and/or investment limit or maximum number of NCDs that can be held under the applicable laws or regulations or maximum amount permissible under the applicable regulations;
- 5. Do not submit the GIR number instead of the PAN as the Application is liable to be rejected on this ground;
- 6. Do not submit incorrect details of the DP ID, Client ID and PAN or provide details for a beneficiary account which is suspended or for which details cannot be verified by the Registrar to the Issue;
- 7. Do not submit the Application Forms without ensuring that funds equivalent to the entire Application Amount are available for blocking in the relevant ASBA Account;
- 8. Do not submit Applications on plain paper or on incomplete or illegible Application Forms;
- 9. Do not apply if you are not competent to contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872;
- 10. Do not submit an Application in case you are not eligible to acquire NCDs under applicable law or your relevant constitutional documents or otherwise;
- 11. Do not submit an Application that does not comply with the securities law of your respective jurisdiction;
- 12. Do not apply if you are a person ineligible to apply for NCDs under the Issue including Applications by Persons Resident Outside India, NRI (*inter*-alia including NRIs who are (i) based in the USA, and/or, (ii) domiciled in the USA, and/or, (iii) residents/citizens of the USA, and/or, (iv) subject to any taxation laws of the USA); and
- 13. Do not make an application of the NCD on multiple copies taken of a single form.
- 14. Payment of Application Amount in any mode other than through blocking of Application Amount in the ASBA Accounts shall not be accepted under the ASBA process;
- 15. Do not submit the Application Form to the Lead Managers or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange, as the case may be, at a location other than the Specified Cities.
- 16. Do not send your physical Application Form by post. Instead submit the same to a Designated Branch or the Lead Managers or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange, as the case may be, at the Specified Cities; and
- 17. Do not submit more than five Application Forms per ASBA Account.
- 18. If you are a Retail Individual Investor who is submitting the ASBA Application with any of the Designated Intermediaries and using your UPI ID for the purpose of blocking of funds, do not use any third-party bank account

- or third-party linked bank account UPI ID;
- 19. Bidding through the UPI Mechanism using the incorrect UPI handle or using a bank account of an SCSB and/or mobile applications which are not mentioned in the list provided in the SEBI;
- 20. Do not submit a bid using UPI ID, if you are not a Retail Individual Investor and if the Application is for an amount more than ₹ 500,000;

Kindly note that Applications submitted to the Designated Intermediaries will not be accepted if the SCSB where the ASBA Account, as specified in the Application Form, is maintained has not named at least one branch at that location for the Designated Intermediaries to deposit such Application Forms. (A list of such branches is available at https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes).

Depository Arrangements

Our Company has made depository arrangements with NSDL and CDSL for issue and holding of the NCDs in dematerialised form. In this context:

- Tripartite Agreements dated July 27, 2020 between us, the Registrar to the Issue and CDSL for offering depository
 option to the Applicants.
- Tripartite Agreements dated March 11, 2005 between us, the Registrar to the Issue and NSDL for offering depository option to the Applicants.
- 3. An Applicant must have at least one beneficiary account with any of the Depository Participants (DPs) of NSDL or CDSL prior to making the Application.
- 4. NCDs Allotted to an Applicant in the electronic form will be credited directly to the Applicant's respective beneficiary account(s) with the DP.
- 5. Non-transferable Allotment Advice/ unblocking intimations will be directly sent to the Applicant by the Registrar to the Issue.
- 6. It may be noted that NCDs in electronic form can be traded only on Stock Exchange having electronic connectivity with NSDL or CDSL. The Stock Exchange have connectivity with NSDL and CDSL.
- 7. Interest or other benefits with respect to the NCDs held in dematerialised form would be paid to those NCD holders whose names appear on the list of beneficial owners given by the Depositories to us as on Record Date. In case of those NCDs for which the beneficial owner is not identified by the Depository as on the Record Date/book closure date, we would keep in abeyance the payment of interest or other benefits, till such time that the beneficial owner is identified by the Depository and conveyed to us, whereupon the interest or benefits will be paid to the beneficiaries, as identified, within a period of 30 days.
- 8. The trading of the NCDs on the floor of the Stock Exchange shall be in dematerialized form in multiples of One NCD only.

Allottees will have the option to rematerialise the NCDs Allotted under the Issue as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Depositories Act.

For further information relating to Applications for Allotment of the NCDs in dematerialised form, please see the section titled "Issue Procedure" on page 301.

Communications

All future communications in connection with Applications made in the Issue should be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue quoting all relevant details as regards the Applicant and its Application.

Applicants can contact our Company Secretary and Compliance Officer or the Registrar to the Issue in case of any pre-Issue related problems and/or Post-Issue related problems such as non-receipt of Allotment Advice non-credit of NCDs in depository's beneficiary account/ etc. Please note that Applicants who have applied for the NCDs through Designated Intermediaries should contact the Stock Exchange in case of any Post-Issue related problems, such as non-receipt of Allotment Advice / non-credit of NCDs in depository's beneficiary account/ etc.

Grievances relating to Direct Online Applications may be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue, with a copy to the relevant Stock Exchange.

Interest in case of Delay

Our Company undertakes to pay interest, in connection with any delay in allotment, demat credit and unblocking, beyond the time limit as may be prescribed under applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements, at such rates as stipulated under such applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements.

Undertaking by the Issuer

Statement by the Board:

- (a) All monies received pursuant to the Issue of NCDs to public shall be transferred to a separate bank account as referred to in sub-section (3) of section 40 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (b) Details of all monies utilised out of Issue referred to in sub-item (a) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our Balance Sheet indicating the purpose for which such monies had been utilised; and
- (c) Details of all unutilised monies out of issue of NCDs, if any, referred to in sub-item (a) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our Balance Sheet indicating the form in which such unutilised monies have been invested.
- (d) the details of all utilized and unutilised monies out of the monies collected in the previous issue made by way of public offer shall be disclosed and continued to be disclosed in the balance sheet till the time any part of the proceeds of such previous issue remains unutilized indicating the purpose for which such monies have been utilized, and the securities or other forms of financial assets in which such unutilized monies have been invested;
- (e) we shall utilize the Issue proceeds only upon creation of security as stated in this Draft Shelf Prospectus in the section titled "*Terms of the Issue*" on page 287 and after (a) permissions or consents for creation of pari passu charge have been obtained from the creditors who have pari passu charge over the assets sought to be provided as Security; (b) receipt of the minimum subscription of 75% of the Base Issue amount; (c) completion of Allotment and refund process in compliance with Section 40 of the Companies Act, 2013; (d) creation of security and confirmation of the same in terms of NCDs and (e) receipt of listing and trading approval from the Stock Exchange;
- (f) The Issue proceeds shall not be utilized towards full or part consideration for the purchase or any other acquisition, *inter alia* by way of a lease, of any immovable property.
- (g) The allotment letter shall be issued, or application money shall be unblocked within 15 days from the closure of the Issue or such lesser time as may be specified by SEBI, or else the application money shall be refunded to the applicants forthwith, failing which interest shall be due to be paid to the applicants at the rate of 15% per annum for the delayed period;

Other Undertakings by our Company

Our Company undertakes that:

- (a) Complaints received in respect of the Issue will be attended to by our Company expeditiously and satisfactorily;
- (b) Necessary cooperation to the relevant credit rating agency(ies) will be extended in providing true and adequate information until the obligations in respect of the NCDs are outstanding;
- (c) Our Company will take necessary steps for the purpose of getting the NCDs listed within the specified time, i.e., within six Working Days of the Issue Closing Date;
- (d) Funds required for dispatch of Allotment Advice will be made available by our Company to the Registrar to the Issue;
- (e) Our Company will forward details of utilisation of the proceeds of the Issue, duly certified by the Current Statutory Auditor, to the Debenture Trustee;
- (f) Our Company will provide a compliance certificate to the Debenture Trustee on an annual basis in respect of compliance with the terms and conditions of the Issue as contained in this Draft Shelf Prospectus.
- (g) We shall make necessary disclosures/reporting under any other legal or regulatory requirement as may be required by our Company from time to time.
- (h) We shall create a recovery expense fund in the manner as may be specified by the Board from time to time and inform the Debenture Trustee about the same.
- (i) We undertake that the assets on which charge is created to meet the hundred per cent security cover, are free from any encumbrances and in cases where the assets are already charged to secure a debt, the permission or consent to create a second or pari-passu charge on the assets of the issuer has been obtained from the earlier creditor.
- (j) Our Company will disclose the complete name and address of the Debenture Trustee in its annual report.

Rejection of Applications

As set out below or if all required information is not provided or the Application Form is incomplete in any respect, the Board of Directors and/or any committee of our Company reserves it's full, unqualified and absolute right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part and in either case without assigning any reason thereof.

Application may be rejected on one or more technical grounds, including but not restricted to:

- Application by persons not competent to contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872, as amended, (other than minors having valid Depository Account as per Demographic Details provided by Depositories);
- Applications accompanied by cash, draft, cheques, money order or any other mode of payment other than amounts blocked in the Bidders' ASBA Account maintained with an SCSB;
- Applications not being signed by the sole/joint Applicant(s);
- Investor Category in the Application Form not being ticked;
- Application Amount blocked being higher or lower than the value of NCDs Applied for. However, our Company may allot NCDs up to the number of NCDs Applied for, if the value of such NCDs Applied for exceeds the minimum application size;
- Applications where a registered address in India is not provided for the Applicant;
- In case of partnership firms (except LLPs), NCDs applied for in the name of the partnership and not the names of the individual partners(s);
- Minor Applicants (applying through the guardian) without mentioning the PAN of the minor Applicant;
- PAN not mentioned in the Application Form, except for Applications by or on behalf of the Central or State Government and the officials appointed by the courts and by investors residing in the State of Sikkim, provided such claims have been verified by the Depository Participants. In case of minor Applicants applying through guardian when PAN of the Applicant is not mentioned;
- DP ID and Client ID not mentioned in the Application Form;
- GIR number furnished instead of PAN;
- Applications by OCBs;
- Applications for an amount below the minimum application size;
- Submission of more than five ASBA Forms per ASBA Account;
- Applications by persons who are not eligible to acquire NCDs of our Company in terms of applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals;
- In case of Applications under power of attorney or by limited companies, corporate, trust etc., submitted without relevant documents;
- Applications accompanied by Stock invest/ cheque/ money order/ postal order/ cash;
- Signature of sole Applicant missing, or, in case of joint Applicants, the Application Forms not being signed by the first Applicant (as per the order appearing in the records of the Depository);
- Applications by persons debarred from accessing capital markets, by SEBI or any other regulatory authority.
- Date of Birth for first/sole Applicant for persons applying for Allotment not mentioned in the Application Form.
- Application Forms not being signed by the ASBA Account holder if the account holder is different from the Applicant.
- If the signature of the ASBA Account holder on the Application Form does not match with the signature available on the SCSB Bank's records where the ASBA Account mentioned in the Application Form is maintained;
- Application Forms submitted to the Designated Intermediaries or to the Designated Branches of the SCSBs does not bear the stamp of the SCSB and/or the Designated Intermediaries, as the case may be;
- ASBA Applications not having details of the ASBA Account to be blocked;
- In case no corresponding record is available with the Depositories that matches three parameters namely, DP ID, Client ID and PAN or if PAN is not available in the Depository database;
- Inadequate funds in the ASBA Account to enable the SCSB to block the Application Amount specified in the ASBA Application Form at the time of blocking such Application Amount in the ASBA Account or no confirmation is received from the SCSB for blocking of funds;
- If an authorization to the SCSB or Sponsor Bank for blocking funds in the ASBA Account or acceptance of UPI Mandate Request raised has not been provided;
- The UPI Mandate Request is not approved by the Retail Individual Investor;
- SCSB making an ASBA application (a) through an ASBA account maintained with its own self or (b) through an ASBA Account maintained through a different SCSB not in its own name or (c) through an ASBA Account

maintained through a different SCSB in its own name, where clear demarcated funds are not present or (d) through an ASBA Account maintained through a different SCSB in its own name which ASBA Account is not utilised solely for the purpose of applying in public issues;

- Applications for amounts greater than the maximum permissible amount prescribed by the regulations and applicable law:
- Authorization to the SCSB for blocking funds in the ASBA Account not provided;
- Applications by persons prohibited from buying, selling or dealing in shares, directly or indirectly, by SEBI or any other regulatory authority;
- Applications by any person outside India;
- Applications by other persons who are not eligible to apply for NCDs under the Issue under applicable Indian or foreign statutory/regulatory requirements;
- Applications not uploaded on the online platform of the Stock Exchange;
- Applications uploaded after the expiry of the allocated time on the Issue Closing Date, unless extended by the Stock Exchange, as applicable;
- Application Forms not delivered by the Applicant within the time prescribed as per the Application Form and this Draft Shelf Prospectus, Shelf Prospectus and Tranche Prospectus;
- Applications by Applicants whose demat accounts have been 'suspended for credit' pursuant to the circular issued by SEBI on July 29, 2010, bearing number CIR/MRD/DP/22/2010;
- Where PAN details in the Application Form and as entered into the electronic system of the Stock Exchange, are not as per the records of the Depositories;
- Applications providing an inoperative demat account number;
- ASBA Applications submitted to the Designated Intermediaries, at locations other than the Specified Cities or at a Designated Branch of a SCSB where the ASBA Account is not maintained, and Applications submitted directly to the Banker to the Issue (assuming that such bank is not a SCSB), to our Company or the Registrar to the Issue;
- Category not ticked;
- Forms not uploaded on the electronic software of the Stock Exchange and/or in case of cancellation of one or more orders (series) within an Application, leading to total order quantity falling under the minimum quantity required for a single Application.

Kindly note that ASBA Applications submitted to the Lead Managers, or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange, Members of the Syndicate, Designated Intermediaries at the Specified Cities will not be accepted if the SCSB where the ASBA Account, as specified in the ASBA Form, is maintained has not named at least one branch at that Specified City for the Lead Managers, or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange, Members of the Syndicate, Designated Intermediaries, as the case may be, to deposit ASBA Applications (A list of such branches is available at http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/home/list/5/33/0/0/Recognised-Intermediaries).

For information on certain procedures to be carried out by the Registrar to the Issue for finalization of the basis of allotment, please see below "Issue Procedure-Information for Applicants".

Information for Applicants

In case of ASBA Applications submitted to the SCSBs, in terms of the SEBI circular CIR/CFD/DIL/3/2010 dated April 22, 2010, the Registrar to the Issue will reconcile the compiled data received from the Stock Exchange and all SCSBs and match the same with the Depository database for correctness of DP ID, Client ID and PAN. The Registrar to the Issue will undertake technical rejections based on the electronic details and the Depository database. In case of any discrepancy between the electronic data and the Depository records, our Company, in consultation with the Designated Stock Exchange, the Lead Managers and the Registrar to the Issue, reserves the right to proceed as per the Depository records for such ASBA Applications or treat such ASBA Applications as rejected.

In case of Applicants submitted to the Lead Managers, Lead Broker/ Consortium Member and Trading Members of the Stock Exchange at the Specified Cities, the basis of allotment will be based on the Registrar's validation of the electronic details with the Depository records, and the complete reconciliation of the final certificates received from the SCSBs with the electronic details in terms of the SEBI circular CIR/CFD/DIL/1/2011 dated April 29, 2011. The Registrar to the Issue will undertake technical rejections based on the electronic details and the Depository database. In case of any discrepancy between the electronic data and the Depository records, our Company, in consultation with the Designated Stock Exchange, the Lead Managers and the Registrar to the Issue, reserves the right to proceed as per the Depository records or treat such ASBA Application as rejected.

Based on the information provided by the Depositories, our Company shall have the right to accept Applications belonging to an account for the benefit of a minor (under guardianship).

In case of Applications for a higher number of NCDs than specified for that category of Applicant, only the maximum amount permissible for such category of Applicant will be considered for Allotment.

Mode of making refunds

The Registrar to the Issue shall instruct the relevant SCSB to unblock the funds in the relevant ASBA Account to the extent of the Application Amount specified in the Application Forms for withdrawn, rejected or unsuccessful or partially successful Applications within 5 Working Days of the Issue Closing Date.

Retention of oversubscription

Our Company shall have an option to retain over-subscription up to the Issue limit.

Basis of Allotment

As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus.

Allocation Ratio

As specified in the relevant Tranche Prospectus.

Payment of Refunds:

The Registrar shall instruct the relevant SCSB to unblock the funds in the relevant ASBA Account for withdrawn, rejected or unsuccessful or partially successful ASBA Applications within the applicable regulatory timelines.

Issuance of Allotment Advice

Our Company shall ensure dispatch of Allotment Advice as per the Demographic Details received from the Depositories. Instructions for credit of NCDs to the beneficiary account with Depository Participants shall be made within 5 Working Days of the Issue Closing Date

Our Company shall use best efforts to ensure that all steps for completion of the necessary formalities and approvals for the commencement of trading at the Stock Exchange where the NCDs are proposed to be listed are taken within 5 Working Days from the Issue Closing Date.

Allotment Advices shall be issued, or Application Amount shall be unblocked within 15 (fifteen) days from the Issue Closing Date or such lesser time as may be specified by SEBI or else the application amount shall be unblocked in the ASBA Accounts of the applicants forthwith, failing which interest shall be due to be paid to the applicants at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum for the delayed period.

Our Company will provide adequate funds required for dispatch of Allotment Advice, as applicable, to the Registrar to the Issue.

Investor Withdrawals and Pre-closure

<u>Investor Withdrawal</u>: Applicants can withdraw their ASBA Applications till the issue closure date by submitting a request for the same to the Lead Brokers/ Consortium Members, Trading Member of the Stock Exchange or the Designated Branch, as the case may be, through whom the ASBA Application had been placed. In case of ASBA Applications submitted to the Lead Managers, Lead Broker/ Consortium Member, or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange at the Specified Cities, upon receipt of the request for withdrawal from the Applicant, the relevant Lead Managers, or Trading Member of the Stock Exchange, as the case may be, shall do the requisite, including deletion of details of the withdrawn

ASBA Application Form from the electronic system of the Stock Exchange. In case of ASBA Applications submitted directly to the Designated Branch of the SCSB, upon receipt of the request for withdraw from the Applicant, the relevant Designated Branch shall do the requisite, including deletion of details of the withdrawn ASBA Application Form from the electronic system of the Stock Exchange and unblocking of the funds in the ASBA Account directly.

In case an Applicant wishes to withdraw the Application after the Issue Closing Date, the same can be done by submitting a withdrawal request to the Registrar to the Issue prior to the finalization of the Basis of Allotment.

Pre-closure

Our Company, in consultation with the Lead Managers reserves the right to close the Issue at any time prior to the Issue Closing Date, subject to receipt of minimum subscription or as may be specified in this Draft Shelf Prospectus. Our Company shall allot NCDs with respect to the Applications received until the time of such pre-closure in accordance with the Basis of Allotment as described hereinabove and subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements. In the event of such early closure of the Issue, our Company shall ensure that public notice of such early closure is published on or before such early date of closure or the Issue Closing Date, as applicable, through advertisement(s) in all those newspapers in which pre-issue advertisement have been given.

If our Company does not receive the minimum subscription of 75% of Base Issue Size prior to the Issue Closing Date the entire Application Amount shall be unblocked in the relevant ASBA Account(s) of the Applicants within 6 (six) working days from the Issue Closing Date, provided wherein, the Application Amount has been transferred to the Public Issue Account from the respective ASBA Accounts, such Application Amount shall be refunded from the Refund Account to the relevant ASBA Accounts(s) of the Applicants within 6 (six) working days from the Issue Closing Date, failing which the Company will become liable to refund the Application Amount along with interest at the rate 15 (fifteen) percent per annum for the delayed period.

Revision of Applications

As per the notice no: 20120831-22 dated August 31, 2012, issued by BSE, cancellation of one or more orders (series) within an Application is permitted during the Issue Period as long as the total order quantity does not fall under the minimum quantity required for a single Application. However, please note that in case of cancellation of one or more orders (series) within an Application, leading to total order quantity falling under the minimum quantity required for a single Application will be liable for rejection by the Registrar.

Applicants may revise/ modify their Application details during the Issue Period, as allowed/permitted by the Stock Exchange(s), by submitting a written request to the Designated Intermediary, as the case may be. However, for the purpose of Allotment, the date of original upload of the Application will be considered in case of such revision/modification. In case of any revision of Application in connection with any of the fields which are not allowed to be modified on the electronic Application platform of the Stock Exchange as per the procedures and requirements prescribed by each relevant Stock Exchange, Applicants should ensure that they first withdraw their original Application and submit a fresh Application. In such a case the date of the new Application will be considered for date priority for Allotment purposes.

Revision of Applications is not permitted after the expiry of the time for acceptance of Application Forms on Issue Closing Date. However, in order that the data so captured is accurate, the Designated Intermediaries will be given up to one Working Day after the Issue Closing Date (till 1:00 PM) to modify/ verify certain selected fields uploaded in the online system during the Issue Period, after which the data will be sent to the Registrar to the Issue for reconciliation with the data available with the NSDL and CDSL.

SECTION VIII - SUMMARY OF KEY PROVISIONS OF ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

The key provisions of the Articles relating to issue of securities and matters incidental hereto have been set out below. Please note that each provision herein below is numbered as per the corresponding Articles. All other defined terms used herein shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in the Articles. Any reference to the term "**Article**" hereunder means the corresponding article forming part of the Articles.

Article Number	Table F not to apply but Company to be goverened by these articles
1	The regulations contained in Table "F" in the First Schedule to the Companies Act, 2013 shall
	not apply to this Company, but the regulations for the management of the Company and for the
	observance of the Members thereof and their representatives shall, subject to any exercise of the
	statutory powers of the Company with reference to the repeal or alteration of, or addition to, its
	Articles by special resolution, as prescribed by the said Companies Act, 2013, be such as are
	contained in these Articles, unless the same are repugnant or contrary to the provisions of Companies Act, 2013, rules made there under or any amendment or notification thereto.
	Companies Act, 2013, tules made there under of any amendment of nonfication thereto.
CAPITAL AND INCREASE AND REDUCTION OF CAPITAL	
6	Division of Capital:
	(1) The Authorised Share Capital of the Company shall be as specified in Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company.
	(2) The Company shall be entitled to issue, offer and allot fresh and further shares,
	Debentures and other Securities in dematerialized form pursuant to and in accordance
	with the provisions under the Depositories Act and it shall also be entitled to
	dematerialise its existing shares, Debentures and other Securities, subject to the
	provisions of the Act. In this connection, the Company shall comply with all the
	applicable provisions of the Depositories Act.
7	Share under the control of the Board:
	Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles the shares in the capital of the Company
	for the time being (including any shares forming part of any increased capital of the Company)
	shall be under the control of the Board who may allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any
	of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a
	premium or at par or (subject to compliance with the provisions of Section 54 of the Act) at a
	discount or as may be prescribed under the act and at such times as it may from time to time think fit and proper and, with the consent of the general meeting, give to any person the option
	to call for or be allotted any class of shares of the Company either at par or at a premium or,
	subject as aforesaid at a discount, such option being exercisable at such times and for such
	consideration as the Board thinks fit.
8	Power of Company in General Meeting to issue Shares:
	In addition to and without derogating from the powers for that purpose conferred on the Board
	under Article 7, the Company in general meeting may determine that any share (whether forming
	part of the original capital or of any increased capital of the Company) shall be offered to such
	persons (whether Members or not) in such proportions and on such terms and conditions and
	either at a premium or at par or (subject to compliance with the provisions of the Section 53 of
	the Act) at a discount, as such general meeting shall determine and with full power to give any
	person (whether a Member or not) the option to call for or be allotted any class of shares of the
	Company either at a premium or at par, or (subject to compliance with the provisions of Section
	54 of the Act)at a discount, such option being exercisable at such times and for such consideration as may be directed by such general meeting or the Company in general meeting
	may make any other provisions, whatsoever for the issue, allotment or disposal of any shares.
	many mante any other providence, manager of for the issue, unothicit of disposar of any shares.
9	Increase in capital:

The Company by a Resolution in general meeting may from time to time, increase its share capital by the creation of further shares, such increases to be of such aggregate amount and to be divided into shares of such respective amounts as the resolution shall prescribe. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the further shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the general meeting resolving upon the creation thereof shall direct, and if no direction be given as Board shall determine; and in particular, such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified or differential right to dividends and in distribution of assets of the Company, and with a right of voting at general meetings of the Company.

Company's Lien on Shares/ Debentures:

The Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon all the shares/debentures (other than fully paid-up shares/debentures) registered in the name of each Member (whether solely or jointly with others) and upon the proceeds of sale thereof for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such shares/debentures and no equitable interest in any share shall be created except upon the footing and condition that Article 30 hereof is to have full effect and such lien shall extend to all dividends/interests and bonuses from time to time declared in respect of such shares/debentures. Unless otherwise agreed the registration of transfer of shares/ debentures shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien if any, on such shares/debentures. The Board may at any time declare any shares/debentures wholly or in part to be exempt from the provisions of this Article.

No member shall exercise any voting right in respect of any shares registered in his name on which any calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid, or in regard to which the Company has exercised any right of lien.

BORROWING POWERS

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89 <u>Power to borrow</u>:

Subject to the provisions of the Sections 179 and 180 of the Act, the Board may, from time to time at its discretion accept deposits from Members or from the public, either in advance of calls or otherwise and generally raise or borrow or secure the payment of any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company. Provided, however, where the moneys to be borrowed together with the moneys already borrowed (apart from temporary loans in the ordinary course of business) exceed the aggregate of the paid –up capital of the Company and its free reserves, the Board shall not borrow such money's without the consent of the Member in General Meeting.

Payment or repayment of moneys borrowed:

Subject to the provisions of the previous Article the payment or repayment of moneys borrowed as aforesaid may be secured in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as the Board may think fit and in particular by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board (and not by a circular resolution) including by the issue of debentures or debenture-stock of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company (both present and future), including its uncalled capital for the time being, and debenture-stock and other securities may be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

91 Terms of issue of debentures:

Any issue of debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities shall be governed by Section 71 of the Act. This Article and Article 89 shall be subject to the said provisions. In the case of the Company giving a charge on any of its property, the provisions of Sections 2(16), 77 to 87 of the Act shall apply thereto. Any debentures, debenture-stock or other securities may be issued

	at a discount, premium or otherwise and may be issued on condition that they shall be
02	convertible into shares of any denomination, and with any privileges and conditions as to redemption, surrender, drawing, allotment of shares and attending (but not voting) at general meetings, appointment of Directors and otherwise. Debentures with the right to conversion into or allotment of shares shall be issued only with the consent of the Company in General Meeting.
92	Register of Mortgages etc. to be kept:
	The Board shall cause a proper Register to be kept in accordance with the provisions of Section 85 of the Act of the mortgages, debentures and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company, and shall cause the requirement of Sections 71, 77 and 79 to 85 (both inclusive) of the Act in that behalf to be duly complied with, so far as they fall to be complied with by the Board.
93	Register and index of Debenture holders:
	The Company shall, if at any time issues debentures, keep a Register and Index of debenture holders in accordance with Section 88 of the Act. The Company shall have the power to keep in any State or country outside India a branch Register of Debenture holders resident in that state or country.
MEETING OI	FMEMBERS
98	Annual General Meeting:
	a) Subject to Section 96 of the Act, the Company shall in each year hold in addition to any other meetings a general meeting as its annual general meeting and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it, and not more than fifteen months shall lapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the Company and that of the next, subject however to the right of the Registrar under the Act to extend the time within which any annual general meeting may be held.
	b) Every annual general meeting shall be called for at a time during business hours i.e. between 9:00 am and 6:00pm on any day that is not a national holiday and shall be held either at registered office of the Company or at some other place within the city or town or village in which the registered office of the Company is situated.
100	Calling of Extraordinary General Meetings:
	The Directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting and they shall on requisition of such number of Members holding in the aggregate not less than one-tenth of such of the paid up capital of the Company as at the date of deposit of the requisition and in compliance with Section 100 of the Act, forthwith proceed to convene Extraordinary General Meeting.
101	Participation through Electronic Mode:
	Notwithstanding anything contrary contained in these Articles, of the Company may provide Video Conference facility and/ or other permissible electronic or virtual facilities for communication to enable the Shareholders of the Company to participate in General Meetings of the Company. Such participation by the Shareholders at General Meetings of the Company through Video Conference facility and/or use of other permissible electronic or virtual facilities for communication shall be governed by such legal or regulatory provisions as applicable tothe Company for the time being in force.
DIRECTORS	
141	Number of Directors.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Until otherwise determined by a general meeting of the Company and subject to the provision of Section 149 and Section 151 of the Act, the number of directors shall not be less than three or more than fifteen. Subject to the provisions of Section 149 of the Act, the Company, in General Meeting, may by ordinary resolution, increase or reduce the number of its Directors within the said limits and the Company may appoint more than 15 Directors after passing a Special Resolution.

Nominee Directors.

Whenever the Company enters into an agreement or contract with the Central or State Government, a local authority, bank or financial institution, or any person or persons, (hereinafter referred to as "the appointer") for borrowing any money or for providing any guarantee or security or for underwriting shares or debentures or other securities of the

Whenever the Company enters into an agreement or contract with the Central or State Government, a local authority, bank or financial institution, or any person or persons, (hereinafter referred to as "the appointer") for borrowing any money or for providing any guarantee or security or for underwriting shares or debentures or other securities of the Company, the Board shall have, subject to the provisions of Section 152 of the Act, the power to agree that such appointer shall have if and to the extent provided by the terms of such agreement or contract, the right to appoint or nominate, by a notice in writing addressed to the Company, one or more Directors on the Board, for such period and upon such conditions as may be mentioned in the agreement or contract and that such Director or Directors may not be liable to retire by rotation nor be required to hold any qualification shares. The Board may also agree that any such Director or Directors may be removed from time to time by the appointer entitled to appoint or nominate them and the appointer may appoint another or others in his or their place and also fill any vacancy which may occur as a result of any Director or Directors ceasing to hold that office for any reason whatsoever. The Directors appointed or nominated under this Article shall be entitled to exercise and enjoy all or any of the rights and privileges

exercised and enjoyed by other Directors.

If the Nominee Director/s is an officer of any of the financial institution(s) the sitting fees in relation to such nominee Directors shall accrue to such financial institution(s) and the same accordingly be paid by the Company to them. The Financial Institution(s) shall be entitled to depute observer to attend the meetings of the Board or any other Committee constituted by the Board.

The Nominee Director/s shall, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these Articles, be at liberty to disclose any information obtained by him/them to the Financial Institution appointing him/them as such Director/s.

Debenture Directors:

If it is provided by the trust deed securing or otherwise in connection with any issue of debentures of the Company, that any person or persons shall have power to nominate a Director of the Company, then in the case of any and every such issue of debentures, the person or persons having such power may exercise such power from time to time and appoint a Director

accordingly. Any Director so appointed is herein referred to as Debenture Director. A Debenture Director may be removed from office at any time by the person or persons in whom for the time being is vested the power under which he was appointed and another director may be appointed in his place. A debenture Director shall not be bound to hold any qualification shares. A Debenture Director shall not be liable to retire by rotation

Investor Director

Until such time that the Investor or his affiliates continue to beneficially own 8% of the equity share capital of the Company, the Investor may nominate 1 (One) director (Investor Director), who shall not be liable to retire by rotation. No Person, other than the Investor, shall have the power or right to remove and replace the Investor Director, unless such Investor Director has been removed due to any illegal/immoral act, fraud or dishonesty. To the extent permissible the Act, the appointment of the Investor Director shall be by direct nomination by the Investor

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145A

163	and any appointment or removal, unless the contrary intention appears, shall take effect fro the date it is notified to the Company in writing. If the Act does not permit the Person nominated by the Investor to be appointed as a director or additional director of the Companierely by nomination by the Investor, the Board shall ensure that the Board forthwith (and any event within 2 (Two) days of such nomination or at the next Board meeting, whichever earlier) appoints such Person as a director or additional director, as the case may be, of the Company and further ensure that, unless the Investor changes or withdraws such nomination such Person shall also be elected as a director of the Company at the next general meeting of the shareholders of the Company. Proceedings of Directors:					
	 (a) The Board of Directors may meet together for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings and proceedings as it may think fit. (b) A meeting of the Board of Directors shall be held at least four such meetings in every year. Not more than one hundred and twenty days shall elapse between two consecutive meetings of the Board. Notice of every meeting shall be given to every Director as provided in Section 173 of the Act. (c) The Chairperson or any one Director with the previous consent of the chairperson may, or the company secretary or some other person upon the request of a Director on the direction of the chairperson shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board. (d) Notice of every meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company shall be given in writing to every Director for the time being in India, and at his usual address in India to every other director. 					
	(1) No resolution shall be deemed to have been duly passed by the Board or by a Committee thereof by circulation unless the resolution has been circulated in draft, together with the necessary papers, if any, to all the Directors or to all the Members of the Committee, as the case may be at their addresses registered with the Company in India by hand delivery or by post or courier or through electronic means. Provided that, where not less than one-third of the total number of directors of the company for the time being require that any resolution under circulation must be decided at a meeting, the chairperson shall put the resolution to be decided at a meeting of the					
	Board. (2) A resolution passed by circular without a meeting of the Board or of a Committee of the Board shall subject to the provision of sub-clause (1) hereof be as valid and effectual as a resolution duly passed at a meeting of the Board or of the committee duly called and held.					
165	Quorum for Meetings: (a) Subject to Section 174 of the Act, the quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be one third of the total strength of the Board (any fraction contained in the one third being rounded off as one) or two directors whichever is higher; provided that where at any meeting the number of interested Directors exceeds or is equal to two thirds of the total strength, the number of remaining directors, that is to say the number of the directors who are not interested and are present at the meeting, being not less than two shall be quorum during such time. The provisions of Section 174 of the Act shall apply where a meeting is adjourned for want of a quorum. The attendance at the meeting of the Board shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.					
	Provided further that a Director participating in a Meeting through use of Video Conference or any other permissible electronic mode of communication shall be counted for the purpose					

	of quorum, notwithstanding anything contrary contained in Articles of Association.
	 (b) For the purpose of Clause (a)- (i) 'Total Strength' means the total strength of the Board of Directors of the Company as determined in pursuance of the Act, after deducting therefrom the number of directors, if any, whose places may be vacant at the time, and (ii) 'Interested Directors' means any Director whose presence cannot by reason of Article 165 hereof or any other provision in the Act, count for the purpose of forming a quorum at a meeting of the Board, at the time of discussion or vote on any matter.
167	Board may appoint Chairman.:
	In case there is no permanent chairman is appointed, the Board may elect a Chairman of their meeting and determine the period for which he is to hold office, but if no such Chairman is elected or if at any meeting, the Chairman is not present within thirty minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the Directors present may choose one of the Directors to be Chairman of the Meeting.
166	
166	Decision of Questions. Subject to the provisions of the Act, questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.
	164 Participation through Electronic Mode.
	Notwithstanding anything contrary contained in the Articles of Association, the Director(s) may participate in Meetings of the Board and Committees thereof, through Video Conference facility and/ or other permissible electronic or virtual facilities for communication. Such participation by the Director(s) at Meetings of the Board and Committees thereof, through Video Conference facility and/or use of other permissible electronic or virtual facilities for communication shall be governed by such legal or regulatory provisions as applicable to the Company for the time being in force.
RETIREMEN	
AND ROTATION OF DIRECTOR	
157	Retirement of Directors by rotation:
	(1) Not less than two-thirds of the total number of Directors shall be persons whose period of office is liable to determination by retirement of Directors by rotation; and save as otherwise expressly provided by the Act, be appointed by the Company in General Meeting. At every annual general meeting, one third of such of the Directors for the time being as are liable to retire by rotation, or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to one-third shall retire from office. The provisions in respect of retirement of Directors by rotation shall not be by rotation applicable to the appointment of Independent Directors.
	(2) The Directors to retire by rotation at every annual general meeting shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment but as between persons who become

Directors on the same day, those who are to retire shall, in default of and subject to any agreement among themselves, be determined by lot.

- (3) At the annual general meeting at which a Director retires as aforesaid the Company may fill up the vacancy by appointing the retiring Director who shall be eligible for reappointment or some other person thereto.
- (4) If the place of the retiring Director is not filled up and the meeting has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the meeting shall stand adjourned till the same day in the next week at the same time and place or if that is a National holiday, till the next succeeding day which is not a National holiday at same time and place. If at the adjourned meeting also the place of the retiring Director is not filled up and that meeting also has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the retiring Director shall be deemed to have been reappointed at the adjourned meeting unless:
 - (i) at the meeting or at the previous meeting, a resolution for the reappointment of such Director has been put to the vote and lost;
 - (ii) the retiring Director has by a notice in writing addressed to the Comp any or its Board of Directors, expressed his unwillingness to be reappointed;
 - (iii) he is not qualified or is disqualified for appointment;
 - (iv) a resolution, whether special or ordinary, is required for his appointment by virtue of any of the provisions of the Act; or
 - (v) The provision to Section 162 of the Act is applicable to the case.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, MANAGER, COMPANY SECRETARY OR CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

183 (a) Subject to the provisions of the Act,—

- i. A Chief Executive Officer, Manager, Company Secretary or Chief Financial Officer or any other Key Managerial Personnel may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may thinks fit; and any chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board;
- ii. A director may be appointed as chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

184.

- 1. Subject to Section 203 of the Act and any other applicable provisions of the Act, the Company shall appoint by means of resolution of the Board, the following Key managerial Personnel:
 - (a) Managing Director, or Chief Executive Officer or Manager and in their absence; a whole-time Director;
 - (b) Company Secretary; and
 - (c) Chief Financial Officer.
- 2. Every whole-time key managerial personnel of a company shall be appointed by means of a resolution of the Board containing the terms and conditions of the appointment including the remuneration.
- 3. A whole-time Key Managerial Personnel shall not hold office in more than one company except in its subsidiary company at the same time.

Provided that nothing contained in this Article shall disentitle a Key Managerial Personnel from being a director of any company with the permission of the Board.

Provided also that the Company may appoint or employ a person as its Managing Director, if he is the Managing Director or Manager of one, and of not more than one, other company and such appointment or employment is made or approved by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board with the consent of all the Directors present at the meeting and of which meeting, and of the resolution to be moved thereat, specific notice has been given to all the Directors then in India.

If the office of any whole-time Key Managerial Personnel is vacated, the resulting vacancy shall be filled-up by the Board at a meeting of the Board within a period of six months from the date of such vacancy.

WINDING UP

219 Distribution of Assets:

If the Company shall be wound up, and the assets available for distribution among the Members as such shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid up capital, such assets shall be distributed so that, as nearly as may be the losses shall be borne by the Members in proportion to the capital paid up on which ought to have been paid up at the commencement of the winding up on the shares held by them respectively and if in a winding up the assets available for distribution among the Members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid at the commencement of the winding up the excess shall be distributed amongst the Members in proportion to the capital paid up or which ought to have been paid up at the commencement of winding up on the shares held by them respectively. But this Article is without prejudice to the rights of the holders of shares issued upon special terms and conditions.

SECRECY UNDERTAKING

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Every Director, Manager, Auditor, Treasurer, Trustee, Member of a committee, agent, officer, servant, accountant of other person employed in the business of the Company shall, when required, sign a declaration pledging himself to observe strict secrecy respecting all transactions of the Company with the customers and the state of accounts with individuals and in matters relating thereto, and shall by such declaration pledge himself not to reveal any of the matters which may come to his knowledge in the discharge of his duties, except when required so to do by the Board or by any meeting of the shareholder if any or by a Court of Law, or by the person to whom the matters relate and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions in these presents contained.

SECTION IX - MATERIAL CONTRACTS AND DOCUMENTS FOR INSPECTION

The following contracts which are or may be deemed material have been entered or are to be entered into by our Company. These contracts and also the documents for inspection referred to hereunder, may be inspected on Working Days at the Registered Office of our Company situated at IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23, Thane Industrial Area, Wagle Estate, Thane – 400604, Maharashtra, India between 10 am to 5 pm on any Working Day (Monday to Friday) during which issue is open for public subscription under this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

MATERIAL CONTRACTS

- 1. Issue Agreement dated August 5, 2022 between our Company and the Lead Managers.
- 2. Registrar Agreement dated July 28, 2022 between our Company and the Registrar to the Issue.
- 3. Debenture Trustee Agreement dated June 28, 2022 executed between our Company and the Debenture Trustee.
- 4. Agreed form of Debenture Trust Deed to be executed between our Company and the Debenture Trustee.
- 5. Tripartite agreement dated July 27, 2020 among our Company, the Registrar and CDSL.
- 6. Tripartite agreement dated March 11, 2005 among our Company, the Registrar and NSDL.

MATERIAL DOCUMENTS

- 1. Memorandum and Articles of Association of our Company, as amended to date.
- 2. Certificate of Incorporation of our Company dated October 18, 1995 as a private limited company, issued by Registrar of Companies, Mumbai.
- 3. Fresh Certificate of Incorporation of our Company dated April 28, 2000, issued by Registrar of Companies, Mumbai, consequent upon conversion from private limited to public limited company and change of name of the Company to Probity Research & Services Limited.
- 4. Fresh Certificate of Incorporation of our Company dated May 23, 2000, issued by Registrar of Companies, Mumbai, consequent upon change of name of the Company to India Infoline.Com Limited.
- 5. Fresh Certificate of Incorporation of our Company dated March 23, 2001, issued by Registrar of Companies, Mumbai, consequent upon change of name of the Company to India Infoline Limited.
- 6. Fresh Certificate of Incorporation of our Company dated February 18, 2014, issued by Registrar of Companies, Mumbai, consequent upon change of name of the Company to IIFL Holdings Limited.
- 7. Fresh Certificate of Incorporation of our Company dated May 24, 2019, issued by Registrar of Companies, Mumbai, consequent upon change of name of the Company to IIFL Finance Limited.
- 8. Certificate of Registration dated March 6, 2020 bearing registration no. N-13.02386 issued by the Reserve Bank of India.
- 9. Copy of shareholders' resolution approved at the AGM dated September 30, 2019 under Section 180(1) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013 on overall borrowing limits of the Board of Directors of our Company.
- 10. Copy of the resolution approved by the Board of Directors dated June 23, 2022 approving the issue of NCDs.
- 11. Copy of the resolution approved by the Finance Committee at its meeting held on August 5, 2022 approving this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

- 12. Letter dated June 28, 2022 and revalidation letter dated July 29, 2022 by CRISIL Limited assigning a rating of "AA/Stable" (pronounced as CRISIL double A rating with Stable outlook) for the Issue with rating rationale.
- 13. Letter dated August 2, 2022 by ICRA assigning a rating of [ICRA] AA (stable) (pronounced as ICRA Double A (stable)) for the Issue with rating rationale.
- 14. Consents in writing of: (a) the Directors, (b) Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, (c) Chief Financial Officer, (d) Lead Managers, (e) the Registrar to the Issue, (f) Legal Advisor to the Issue; (g) CRISIL; (h) ICRA, (i) Bankers to the Company and (j) Debenture Trustee to the Issue to include their names in the Draft Shelf Prospectus, in their respective capacities and the NOCs received from trustees (acting for the benefit of lenders to our Company).
- 15. Consent of CRISIL Limited dated June 27, 2022 as the agency issuing the industry report titled 'NBFC Report (June 2022 update)' forming part of the Industry Overview chapter.
- 16. Consent of the Joint Statutory Auditors of the Company dated August 5, 2022, for inclusion of their name as an expert in respect of their (i) examination report each dated June 23, 2022 on our Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements, (ii) examination report dated June 23, 2022 on our Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements; (iii) their report dated August 5, 2022 on the statement of tax benefits, and (iv) Limited Review Report and such consent has not been withdrawn as on the date of this Draft Shelf Prospectus.
- 17. The examination report dated June 23, 2022 in relation to the Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements.
- 18. The examination report dated June 23, 2022 in relation to the Reformatted Consolidated Financial Statements.
- 19. Limited Review Report dated July 27, 2022 for quarter ended June 30, 2022.
- 20. Statement of tax benefits dated August 5, 2022 issued by the Statutory Auditors.
- 21. Annual Report of our Company for the last three Fiscals.
- 22. In-principle listing approval from BSE by its letter no [●] dated [●].
- 23. In-principle listing approval from NSE by its letter no [•] dated [•].
- 24. Due Diligence Certificate dated [•] filed by the Lead Managers with SEBI.
- 25. Shareholders Agreement between the Company and CDC Group PLC (CDC) dated December 17, 2018.
- 26. Trademark license agreement between the Company and IIFL Securities Limited dated March 19, 2019.
- 27. Due diligence certificate dated August 5, 2022 filed by the Debenture Trustee to the Issue.
- 28. Joint Venture Agreement dated May 02, 2022 between the Company and Open Financial Technologies Private Limited;
- 29. Share Subscription Agreement dated May 19, 2022 executed inter alia between the Company and Open Financial Technologies Private Limited;
- 30. Copy of the resolution passed by the Finance Committee of the Board of the Company dated May 26, 2022 for investment in Open Financial Technologies Private Limited;
- 31. Share Subscription Agreement dated June 9, 2022 between Platinum Owl C 2018 RSC Limited and IIFL Home Finance Limited;
- 32. Copy of the resolution approved by the board of directors of the Company and IIFL Home Finance Limited dated June 09, 2022 for investment by Abu Dhabi Investment Authority;

33.	Copy of the resolution of the Board of the Company dated June 23, 2022 approving purchase of 12,45,55,797 equity shares of IIFL Samasta Finance Limited;
	of the contracts or documents mentioned above may be amended or modified at any time, without reference to the enture holders, in the interest of our Company in compliance with applicable laws.

DECLARATION

We, the Directors of the Company, hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and the guidelines issued by the Government of India and/or the regulations/guidelines/circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under Section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended, have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Shelf Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be. We hereby confirm that the compliance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under does not imply that payment of dividend or interest or repayment of debt securities, is guaranteed by the Central Government.

We further certify that all the disclosures and statements made in this Draft Shelf Prospectus are true, accurate and correct in all material respects, are in conformity with Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be and do not omit disclosure of any material fact which may make the statements made therein, in light of circumstances under which they were made, misleading and that this Draft Shelf Prospectus does not contain any misstatements. Furthermore, all the monies received under this Issue shall be used only for the purposes and objects indicated in this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

Signed by the Director of our Company

Place: India

R. Venkataraman Managing Director DIN: 00011919	Nilesh Vikamsey Independent Director DIN: 00031213
Nirmal Jain Whole-time Director DIN: 00010535	Geeta Mathur Independent Director DIN: 02139552
Arun Kumar Purwar Independent Director DIN: 00026383	Vibhore Sharma Independent Director DIN: 03314559
Vijay Kumar Chopra Independent Director DIN: 02103940	

DECLARATION

I, the Director of the Company, hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and the guidelines issued by the Government of India and/or the regulations/guidelines/circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under Section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended, have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Shelf Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be. I hereby confirm that the compliance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under does not imply that payment of dividend or interest or repayment of debt securities, is guaranteed by the Central Government.

I further certify that all the disclosures and statements made in this Draft Shelf Prospectus are true, accurate and correct in all material respects, are in conformity with Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be and do not omit disclosure of any material fact which may make the statements made therein, in light of circumstances under which they were made, misleading and that this Draft Shelf Prospectus does not contain any misstatements. Furthermore, all the monies received under this Issue shall be used only for the purposes and objects indicated in this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

Signed by the Director of our Company

Chandran Ratnaswami Non-Executive Director DIN: 00109215

Date: August 5, 2022

Place: Canada

DECLARATION

I, the Director of the Company, hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and the guidelines issued by the Government of India and/or the regulations/guidelines/circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under Section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended, have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Shelf Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be. I hereby confirm that the compliance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under does not imply that payment of dividend or interest or repayment of debt securities, is guaranteed by the Central Government.

I further certify that all the disclosures and statements made in this Draft Shelf Prospectus are true, accurate and correct in all material respects, are in conformity with Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be and do not omit disclosure of any material fact which may make the statements made therein, in light of circumstances under which they were made, misleading and that this Draft Shelf Prospectus does not contain any misstatements. Furthermore, all the monies received under this Issue shall be used only for the purposes and objects indicated in this Draft Shelf Prospectus.

Signed by the Director of our Company

Ramakrishnan Subramanian Independent Director DIN: 02192747

Date: August 5, 2022

Place: Signapore

ANNEXURE A

CREDIT RATING LETTER AND RATING RATIONALE FROM CRISIL

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Ratings

CRISIL An S&P Global Company

CONFIDENTIAL

RL/IIHOLI/296536/NCD/0622/37414/112980696 June 28, 2022

Mr. Govind Modani Vice President IIFL Finance Limited IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23, Thane Industrial Area, Wagle Estate, Thane - 400604

Dear Mr. Govind Modani,

Re: CRISIL Rating on the Rs.5000 Crore Non Convertible Debentures#& of IIFL Finance Limited

We refer to your request for a rating for the captioned Debt instrument.

CRISIL Ratings has, after due consideration, assigned a CRISIL AA/Stable (pronounced as CRISIL double A rating with Stable outlook) rating to the captioned Debt instrument. Instruments with this rating are considered to have high degree of safety regarding timely servicing of financial obligations. Such instruments carry very low credit risk.

Further, in view of your decision to accept the CRISIL Ratings, we request you to apprise us of the instrument details (in the enclosed format) as soon as it has been placed. In the event of your company not making the issue within a period of 180 days from the above date, or in the event of any change in the size or structure of your proposed issue, a fresh letter of revalidation from CRISIL Ratings will be necessary.

As per our Rating Agreement, CRISIL Ratings would disseminate the rating along with outlook through its publications and other media, and keep the rating along with outlook under surveillance for the life of the instrument. CRISIL Ratings reserves the right to withdraw, or revise the rating / outlook assigned to the captioned instrument at any time, on the basis of new information, or unavailability of information, or other circumstances which CRISIL Ratings believes may have an impact on the rating. Please visit www.crisilratings.com and search with the name of the rated entity to access the latest rating/s.

As per SEBI circular (reference number: CIR/IMD/DF/17/2013; dated October 22, 2013) on centralized database for corporate bonds/debentures, you are required to provide international securities identification number (ISIN; along with the reference number and the date of the rating letter) of all bond/debenture issuances made against this rating letter to us. The circular also requires you to share this information with us within 2 days after the allotment of the ISIN. We request you to mail us all the necessary and relevant information at debtissue@crisil.com. This will enable CRISIL Ratings to verify and confirm to the depositories, including NSDL and CDSL, the ISIN details of debt rated by us, as required by SEBI. Feel free to contact us at debtissue@crisil.com for any clarification you may need.

Should you require any clarification, please feel free to get in touch with us.

Yours sincerely,

Malrika Shotelia

Malvika Bhotika Associate Director - CRISIL Ratings CRISI

Nivedita Shibu Associate Director - CRISIL Ratings

#For retail bond issuance & Interchangeable between secured and subordinated debt

Disclaimer: A rating by CRISIL Ratings reflects CRISIL Ratings' current opinion on the likelihood of timely payment of the obligations under the rated instrument, and does not constitute an audit of the rated entity by CRISIL Ratings. Our ratings are based on information provided by the issuer or obtained by CRISIL Ratings from sources it considers reliable. CRISIL Ratings does not guarantee the completeness or accuracy of the information on which the rating is based. A rating by CRISIL Ratings is not a recommendation to buy / sell or hold the rated instrument; it does not comment on the market price or suitability for a particular investor. CRISIL Ratings has a practice of keeping all its ratings under surveillance and ratings are revised as and when circumstances so warrant. CRISIL Ratings is not responsible for any errors and especially states that it has no financial liability whatsoever to the subscribers / users / transmitters / distributors of its ratings. CRISIL Ratings' criteria are available without charge to the public on the web site, www.crisilratings.com. CRISIL Ratings or its associates may have other commercial transactions with the company/entity. For the latest rating information on any instrument of any company rated by CRISIL Ratings, please visit www.crisilratings.com or contact Customer Service Helpdesk at CRISIL.com or at 1800-267-1301





Details of the Rs.5000 Crore Non-Convertible Debentures of IIFL Finance Limited

	1st tranche		2nd tranche		3rd tranche	
Instrument Series:						
Amount Placed:						
Maturity Period:						
Put or Call Options (if any):						
Coupon Rate:						
Interest Payment Dates:						
Principal Repayment Details:	Date	Amount	Date	Amount	Date	Amount
Investors:						
Trustees:						

In case there is an offer document for the captioned Debt issue, please send us a copy of it.

Disclaimer: A rating by CRISIL Ratings reflects CRISIL Ratings' current opinion on the likelihood of timely payment of the obligations under the rated instrument, and does not constitute an audit of the rated entity by CRISIL Ratings. Our ratings are based on information provided by the issuer or obtained by CRISIL Ratings from sources it considers reliable. CRISIL Ratings does not guarantee the completeness or accuracy of the information on which the rating is based. A rating by CRISIL Ratings is not a recommendation to buy / sell or hold the rated instrument; it does not comment on the market price or suitability for a particular investor. CRISIL Ratings has a practice of keeping all its ratings under surveillance and ratings are revised as and when circumstances so warrant. CRISIL Ratings is not responsible for any errors and especially states that it has no financial liability whatsoever to the subscribers / users / transmitters / distributors of its ratings. CRISIL Ratings' criteria are available without charge to the public on the web site, www.crisilratings.com. CRISIL Ratings or its associates may have other commercial transactions with the company/entity. For the latest rating information on any instrument of any company rated by CRISIL Ratings, please visit www.crisilratings.com or contact Customer Service Helpdesk at CRISILtatingdesk@crisil.com or at 1800-267-1301

Ratings

CONFIDENTIAL



RL/IIHOLI/296536/NCD/0622/37414/112980696/1 July 29, 2022

Mr. Govind Modani Vice President IIFL Finance Limited IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23, Thane Industrial Area, Wagle Estate, Thane - 400604

Dear Mr. Govind Modani.

Re: CRISIL Rating on the Rs.5000 Crore Non Convertible Debentures#& of IIFL Finance Limited

All ratings assigned by CRISIL Ratings are kept under continuous surveillance and review. Please refer to our rating letter dated June 28, 2022 bearing Ref. no.: RL/IIHOLI/296536/NCD/0622/37414/112980696

Please find in the table below the rating outstanding for your company.

S.No.	Instrument	Rated Amount (Rs. in Crore)	Rating Outstanding
1	Non-Convertible Debentures	5000	CRISIL AA/Stable

In the event of your company not making the issue within a period of 180 days from the above date, or in the event of any change in the size or structure of your proposed issue, a fresh letter of revalidation from CRISIL Ratings will be necessary.

As per our Rating Agreement, CRISIL Ratings would disseminate the rating along with outlook through its publications and other media, and keep the rating along with outlook under surveillance for the life of the instrument. CRISIL Ratings reserves the right to withdraw, or revise the rating / outlook assigned to the captioned instrument at any time, on the basis of new information, or unavailability of information, or other circumstances which CRISIL Ratings believes may have an impact on the rating. Please visit www.crisilratings.com and search with the name of the rated entity to access the latest rating/s.

As per SEBI circular (reference number: CIR/IMD/DF/17/2013; dated October 22, 2013) on centralized database for corporate bonds/debentures, you are required to provide international securities identification number (ISIN; along with the reference number and the date of the rating letter) of all bond/debenture issuances made against this rating letter to us. The circular also requires you to share this information with us within 2 days after the allotment of the ISIN. We request you to mail us all the necessary and relevant information at debtissue@crisil.com. This will enable CRISIL Ratings to verify and confirm to the depositories, including NSDL and CDSL, the ISIN details of debt rated by us, as required by SEBI. Feel free to contact us at debtissue@crisil.com for any clarification you may need.

Should you require any clarification, please feel free to get in touch with us.

With warm regards,

Yours sincerely,

Malvika Bhotika Associate Director - CRISIL Ratings Nivadita Shibu

CRISIL

Nivedita Shibu Associate Director - CRISIL Ratings

#For retail bond issuance & Interchangeable between secured and subordinated debt

Disclaimer: A rating by CRISIL Ratings reflects CRISIL Ratings' current opinion on the likelihood of timely payment of the obligations under the rated instrument, and does not constitute an audit of the rated entity by CRISIL Ratings. Our ratings are based on information provided by the issuer or obtained by CRISIL Ratings from sources it considers reliable. CRISIL Ratings does not guarantee the completeness or accuracy of the information on which the rating is based. A rating by CRISIL Ratings is not a recommendation to buy / sell or hold the rated instrument; it does not comment on the market price or suitability for a particular investor. CRISIL Ratings has a practice of keeping all its ratings under surveillance and ratings are revised as and when circumstances so warrant. CRISIL Ratings' criteria are available without charge to the public on the web site, www.crisilratings.com. CRISIL Ratings or its associates may have other commercial transactions with the company/entity. For the latest rating information on any instrument of any company rated by CRISIL Ratings, please visit www.crisilratings.com or contact Customer Service Helpdesk at CRISIL.com or at 1800-267-1301

Ratings

CRISIL Ratings Limited (A subsidiary of CRISIL Limited)



Rating Rationale

June 28, 2022 | Mumbai

IIFL Finance Limited

'CRISIL AA/Stable' assigned to Non Convertible Debentures; rated amount enhanced for Bank Debt

Rating Action

Total Bank Loan Facilities Rated	Rs.4000 Crore (Enhanced from Rs.2000 Crore)		
Long Term Rating	CRISIL AA/Stable (Reaffirmed)		

Rs.1398 Crore Non Convertible Debentures ^{&}	CRISIL AA/Stable (Assigned)
Rs.5000 Crore Non Convertible Debentures ^{&#</sup></td><td>CRISIL AA/Stable (Assigned)</td></tr><tr><td>Rs.1125 Crore Long Term Principal Protected Market Linked Debentures</td><td>CRISIL PPMLD AA r /Stable (Reaffirmed)</td></tr><tr><td>Rs.375 Crore Long Term Principal Protected Market Linked Debentures</td><td>CRISIL PPMLD AA r /Stable (Withdrawn)</td></tr><tr><td>Rs.2402 Crore Non Convertible Debentures<sup>&</sup></td><td>CRISIL AA/Stable (Reaffirmed)</td></tr><tr><td>Rs.2825 Crore Non Convertible Debentures<sup>&</sup></td><td>CRISIL AA/Stable (Withdrawn)</td></tr><tr><td>Rs.1513.84 Crore Non Convertible Debentures<sup>&#</sup></td><td>CRISIL AA/Stable (Reaffirmed)</td></tr><tr><td>Rs.3486.16 Crore Non Convertible Debentures&</td><td>CRISIL AA/Stable (Withdrawn)</td></tr><tr><td>Subordinated Debt Aggregating Rs.48 Crore</td><td>CRISIL AA/Stable (Reaffirmed)</td></tr><tr><td>Rs.300.37 Crore Subordinated Debt</td><td>CRISIL AA/Stable (Withdrawn)</td></tr><tr><td>Rs.500 Crore Commercial Paper Programme(IPO Financing)</td><td>CRISIL A1+ (Reaffirmed)</td></tr><tr><td>Rs.7500 Crore Commercial Paper Programme(IPO Financing)</td><td>CRISIL A1+ (Withdrawn)</td></tr><tr><td>Rs.8500 Crore Commercial Paper</td><td>CRISIL A1+ (Reaffirmed)</td></tr><tr><td>§ Interchangeable between secured and subordinated debt</td><td>The state of the s</td></tr></tbody></table>}	

& Interchangeable between secured and subordinated debt

#For retail bond issuance

1 crore = 10 million

Refer to Annexure for Details of Instruments & Bank Facilities

Detailed Rationale

CRISIL Ratings has assigned its 'CRISIL AA/Stable' rating to Rs 6,398 crore non-convertible debentures and enhanced bank facilities of Rs 4,000 crore. CRISIL Ratings has also reaffirmed its 'CRISIL AA/CRISIL PP-MLD AAr/Stable/CRISIL A1+' ratings on the debt instruments and bank facilities of IIFL Finance Ltd (IIFL Finance; part of the IIFL Finance group).

Also, CRISIL Ratings has withdrawn its ratings on the Rs 6,111.66 crore non-convertible debentures (NCDs), Rs 300.37 crore subordinated debt, Rs 375 crore long-term principal protected market-linked debentures and Rs 7,500 crore commercial paper programme (IPO financing), as there is no outstanding amount against the rated instruments. This is in line with the withdrawal policy of CRISIL Ratings.

The ratings continue to reflect the diversified retail product offerings of the IIFL Finance group, with a large part of the portfolio having inherently less risky asset classes, an extensive branch network and adequate capitalisation. These strengths are partially offset by average, albeit improving, profitability.

Assets under management (AUM) grew to Rs 51,210 crore (15% growth year-on-year) as on March 31, 2022, driven by the retail segment and supported by a wide geographic presence. The four core segments identified-home, gold, business and microfinance loans-remain the focus area. Retail loans formed around 93% of the AUM, while the remaining were loans to the commercial and real estate sector and capital market financing. The group has also demonstrated its ability to raise capital from long-term marquee investors, such as Fairfax and the CDC group. Additionally, IIFL Home Finance Ltd (IIFL Home) has announced capital infusion of Rs 2,200 crore from Abu Dhabi Investment Authority (ADIA).

Lockdowns amid the Covid-10 pandemic disrupted economic activity and exerted pressure on the cash flow of borrowers. Consequently, collections dropped in the first as well as second waves but recovered gradually owing to subsequent easing of movement restrictions. Collection efficiency^[1] was 106% as of March 2022, while on a segmental basis, it was 100% for home loans, 96% for business loans, 105% for micro-finance and 145% for gold loans. Though the third wave of the pandemic has not disrupted the operations materially, any change in the payment discipline of the borrowers may affect delinquency levels and will remain a monitorable.

Under the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) Resolution Framework 1.0 and 2.0 for Covid-19-related stress, the company had a restructured portfolio of around 0.7% of the AUM as on March 31, 2022. Gross non-performing assets (GNPAs/loans) inched up to 3.2% as on March 31, 2022, from 2.1% as on March 31, 2021, largely on account of the impact from the notification released by the RBI on November 12, 2021, and on account of the pandemic to some extent. Ability to manage collections and asset quality will be a key monitorable.

[1] Including arrears but excluding prepayments

Analytical Approach

CRISIL Ratings has consolidated the business and financial risk profiles of IIFL Finance and its subsidiaries, including IIFL Home and IIFL Samasta Finance Ltd (IIFL Samasta). This is because all these entities, collectively referred to as the IIFL Finance group, have significant operational, financial and managerial integration and operate under a common brand. Furthermore, CRISIL Ratings has factored in the business synergies that the group will have with IIFL Wealth Management Ltd and IIFL Securities Ltd given their common promoters and shared brand.

Please refer Annexure - List of Entities Consolidated, which captures the list of entities considered and their analytical treatment of consolidation.

<u>Key Rating Drivers & Detailed Description</u> Strengths:

Diversified retail lending portfolio and an extensive branch network

Consolidated AUM stood at Rs 51,210 crore as on March 31, 2022 (Rs 44,688 crore a year earlier). IIFL Finance is primarily engaged in lending across various retail asset classes. Its two lending subsidiaries, IIFL Home and IIFL Samasta, carry out the mortgage finance and microfinance businesses, respectively.

Retail loans accounted for 93% of the AUM as on March 31, 2022, and had high granularity (loans of less than Rs 1 crore). Also, 69% of the portfolio, excluding gold loan business qualified under priority sector lending as on March 31, 2022. The company has four key segments: home loans (35% of the AUM as on March 31, 2022), gold loans (32%), business loans^[1] (15%) and microfinance (12%), which together accounted for 93% of the AUM, up from 67% as on March 31, 2017. These segments will continue to drive growth over the medium term. Apart from these, there are two non-core but synergistic segments, construction and real-estate (CRE) funding and capital market lending. The company has been consciously reducing the book under these segments, which together accounted for only 7% as on March 31, 2022. Under CRE, the company continues to finance the completion of projects that were already funded by it and construction finance, while the capital market segment finances the retail clients of IIFL Securities Ltd. Growth is also supported by a wide network of 3,296 branches as of March 2022, spread across 1260 towns/cities. The company leverages its distribution network to cross-sell financial products of other IIFL entities. It has made substantial investments in technology to leverage its geographical reach.

On a standalone level, IIFL Finance had AUM of Rs 21,109 crore as on March 31, 2022 (Rs 19,199 crore a year earlier), primarily towards gold loans (77%), business loans (9%), developer and construction finance (11%) and capital markets (3%). IIFL Home had AUM of Rs 23,617 crore as on March 31, 2022 (Rs 20,694 crore a year earlier), largely toward home loans (75%), followed by loans against property (LAP; 23%) and construction finance (2%). IIFL Samasta had AUM of Rs 6,484 crore as on March 31, 2022 (Rs 4,796 crore as on March 31, 2021).

Adequate capitalisation

Consolidated networth was around Rs 6,470 crore as on March 31, 2022 (Rs 5,393 crore as on March 31, 2021), with onbook gearing of 5.5 times; however, CRISIL Ratings-adjusted gearing (on-book borrowings + securitisation/assignment) was higher at 8.2 times. Networth coverage for net non-performing assets (NPAs) was comfortable at 10 times as on March 31, 2022 (16 times a year earlier). The group has demonstrated an ability to raise capital from long-term marquee investors, such as Fairfax and the CDC group. Also, IIFL Home recently announced raising of Rs 2,200 crore from ADIA. Given the growth plans and business strategy, capitalisation should remain adequate for the current and medium-term projected scale of operations. The ability to raise capital regularly and manage leverage levels will continue to be a monitorable.

As on March 31, 2022, IIFL Finance, on a standalone basis, had networth and CRISIL Ratings-adjusted gearing of Rs 4,427 crore and 5.6 times, respectively. Tier-I capital adequacy ratio (CAR) and overall CAR was 16.0% and 23.9%, respectively. Networth coverage for net NPAs was around 21 times. IIFL Home reported networth and CRISIL Ratings-adjusted gearing of Rs 2,681 crore and 8.3 times, respectively. Tier-I and overall CAR stood at 21.1% and 30.5%, respectively. Networth coverage for net NPAs was around 8 times. IIFL Samasta reported adjusted networth and CRISIL Ratings-adjusted gearing of Rs 964 crore and 5.5 times, respectively. Tier-I and overall CAR were 15.9% and 17.8%, respectively.

Weakness

Average, albeit improving, profitability

While CRISIL Ratings-adjusted return on managed assets (RoMA; adjusted for upfront income from direct assignment [DA]) improved to 1.4% for fiscal 2022 from 1.3% in fiscal 2021 (0.9% in 2020), it remains modest. Including income from DA, RoMA stood at 2.1% for fiscal 2022 (1.6% for fiscal 2021). On an absolute basis, IIFL Finance (consolidated) reported net profit of Rs 1,188 crore in fiscal 2022, up from Rs 761 crore in the previous fiscal and Rs 503 crore in fiscal 2020. Earnings were supported by lower credit cost and higher upfront income from DA transactions. Credit cost (provisions and write-offs/average managed assets) was 1.5% in fiscal 2022 compared with 2.4% in fiscal 2021. Elevated credit cost was mainly on account of Covid-19, which led to an increase in the delinquency levels. The company is increasingly looking at the partnership model, and co-lending is expected to contribute to improving profitability as this book materially scales up over the medium term.

On consolidated and standalone basis, IIFL Finance's GNPAs inched up to 3.2% and 2.9% respectively as on March 31, 2022, from 2.1% and 2.4% respectively as on March 31, 2021. This includes the impact of the notification released by the RBI on November 12, 2021 and excluding the same, GNPAs on a consolidated basis would stand at 2.3%.

On a standalone basis, IIFL Home and IIFL Samasta reported GNPAs (excluding impact of Nov'12 circular) of 2.1% and 3.1% respectively as on March 31, 2022 (2.0% and 1.8%, respectively, as on March 31, 2021). GNPAs for the home loan segment stood at 2.6%, gold loan at 0.9%, business loans at 6.0% and microfinance at 3.9%. Apart from this, the IIFL Finance group's restructured book stood at 0.7% of the AUM as on March 31, 2022. Ability to maintain delinquency levels and manage credit cost continues to be a key monitorable.

[1] Business loans include LAP and unsecured loans to micro small and medium enterprises

Liquidity: Strong

As on May 31, 2022, the company had a liquidity cushion of Rs 3,384 crore (Rs 1,029 crore of cash and equivalents, Rs 1,438 crore of unutilised cash credit limit and Rs 917 crore of unutilised bank limit, including securitisation/DA limit). Against this, total debt obligation was Rs 2,203 crore over the four months through September 2022.

Environment, social and governance (ESG) profile

CRISIL Ratings believes that IIFL Finance group's ESG profile supports its credit risk profile.

The ESG profile of financial institutions typically factors in governance as a key differentiator between them. The sector has reasonable social impact because of its substantial employee and customer base, and it can play a key role in promoting financial inclusion. While the sector does not have a direct adverse environmental impact, the lending decisions may have a bearing on environmental and other sustainability related factors.

IIFL Finance group has demonstrated an ongoing focus on strengthening various aspects of its ESG profile.

Key ESG highlights of the IIFL Finance group

IIFL Finance has replaced 4,207 incandescent lights with light-emitting diode (LED) panels across 15 branches.

Processes have been digitalised and automated to provide a completely paperless journey to customers. As a result, IIFL Home was able to reduce paper consumption by 3.9 tonne in fiscal 2021 (approximately 0.78 million sheets of paper).

Women comprised 18% of the total employees as on December 31, 2021. One out of nine board members is a woman.

Of the company's board members, 67% are independent directors, split into the chairman and CEO positions. It has extensive investor grievance redressal disclosures and mechanism in place.

There is growing importance of ESG among investors and lenders. The IIFL Finance group's commitment to ESG will play a key role in enhancing stakeholder confidence given the substantial share of foreign investors as well as access to domestic capital markets.

Outlook Stable

IIFL Finance group will maintain adequate capitalisation and diversified product offerings in the retail segment.

Rating Sensitivity factors

Upward factors

Significant improvement in the market position and better asset quality

Improvement in profitability, with RoMA beyond 3.0% on a sustained basis

Downward factors

- Weakening of the asset quality, with GNPAs increasing to above 5% over an extended period, thereby impacting profitability
- Weakening of the capitalisation metrics, with a sustained higher-than-expected gearing

About the Company

IIFL Finance is the listed holding company of the IIFL Finance group and is registered as a systemically important non-deposit-taking non-banking financial company (NBFC). The group offers various retail lending products, including gold loans, home loans, LAP, business loans and microfinance loans which are the core segments and form 93% of the AUM while the rest comprises of capital market-based lending (margin funding and loans against shares) and construction and developer finance. As of March 2022, promoters held 24.9% stake in IIFL Finance, while 22.3% is held by Mr Prem Watsa-owned Fairfax Holdings and 7.8% by CDC Group PLC.

On a consolidated basis, IIFL Finance had total income (net of interest expenses) and profit after tax (PAT) of Rs 4,015 crore and Rs 1,188 crore, respectively, in fiscal 2022 against Rs 3,364 crore and Rs 761 crore, respectively, in the previous fiscal.

On a standalone alone basis, IIFL Finance reported total income (net of interest expenses) and PAT of Rs 2,474 crore and Rs 745 crore, respectively, in fiscal 2022 against Rs 1,881 crore and Rs 343 crore, respectively, in the previous fiscal. On a standalone alone basis, IIFL Home reported total income (net of interest expenses) and PAT of Rs 1,159 crore and Rs 578 crore, respectively, in fiscal 2022 against Rs 1,014 crore and Rs 401 crore, respectively, in the previous fiscal.

Key Financial Indicators: IIFL Finance (Consolidated; CRISIL Ratings-adjusted numbers)

	2022	2021
Rs crore	45,910	40,667
Rs crore	4,015	3,364
Rs crore	1,188	761
%	3.2%	2.1%
%	2.1%	1.6%
Times	5.5	5.1
Times	8.2	8.1
	Rs crore Rs crore % % Times	Rs crore 45,910 Rs crore 4,015 Rs crore 1,188 % 3.2% % 2.1% Times 5.5

IIFL Finance (standalone; CRISIL Ratings-adjusted numbers)

As on / for the period ended March 31,		2022	2021
Total income (net of interest expenses)	Rs crore	2,474	1,881
PAT	Rs crore	745	343
GNPA	%	2.9	2.4
Gearing	Times	3.7	3.8
Adjusted gearing	Times	5.6	5.5

Any other information: Not applicable

Note on complexity levels of the rated instrument:

CRISIL Ratings' complexity levels are assigned to various types of financial instruments. The CRISIL Ratings' complexity levels are available on www.crisil.com/complexity-levels. Users are advised to refer to the CRISIL Ratings' complexity levels for instruments that they consider for investment. Users may also call the Customer Service Helpdesk with queries on specific instruments.

Annexure - Details of Instrument(s)

ISIN	Name of instrument	Date of allotment	Coupon rate (%)	Maturity date	Issue size (Rs crore)	Complexity levels	Rating assigned with outlook
INE530B07021	Non-convertible debentures [#]	8-May-20	9.00%	8-May- 23	100	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE530B07104	Non-convertible debentures#	30-Jun-21	8.33%	30-Jun- 28	125	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE530B07104	Non-convertible debentures [#]	30-Jun-21	8.33%	30-Jun- 29	125	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE530B07104	Non-convertible debentures [#]	30-Jun-21	8.33%	30-Jun- 30	125	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE530B07104	Non-convertible	30-Jun-21	8.33%	30-Jun-	125	Simple	CRISIL

,	debentures [#]			31			AA/Stable
INE530B07195	Non-convertible debentures#	21-Jan-22	8.50%	21-Jan- 32	10	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE530B07203	Non-convertible debentures#	24-Mar- 22	8.60%	24-Mar- 32	50	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE530B07203	Non-convertible debentures#	24-Mar- 22	8.60%	24-Mar- 32	10	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE530B08128	Non-convertible debentures [#]	24-Mar- 22	9.35%	24-Mar- 32	50	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE866I07CD6	Non-convertible debentures [#]	7-Feb-19	9.80%	7-Feb- 24	636.81	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE866I07CF1	Non-convertible debentures [#]	7-Feb-19	10.20%	7-Feb- 24	126.47	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE866I07CK1	Non-convertible debentures [#]	6-Sep-19	9.50%	6-Dec- 22	37.3	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE866107CL9	Non-convertible debentures [#]	6-Sep-19	9.90%	6-Dec- 22	11.51	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE866I07CM7	Non-convertible debentures [#]	6-Sep-19	9.90%	6-Dec- 22	64.89	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE866I08279	Non-convertible debentures [#]	7-Feb-19	10.00%	7-Feb- 29	30.77	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE866I08295	Non-convertible debentures [#]	7-Feb-19	10.50%	7-Feb- 29	15.45	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE866108303	Non-convertible debentures [#]	6-Sep-19	10.00%	6-Jun- 25	25.93	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE866I08311	Non-convertible debentures [#]	6-Sep-19	10.50%	6-Jun- 25	5.78	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
NA	Non-convertible debentures#**	NA	NA	NA	2125.09	NA	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE866I08121	Subordinated debt	31-Aug- 12	12.20%	30-Aug- 22	5	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE866I08121	Subordinated debt	31-Aug- 12	12.20%	31-Aug- 22	15	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE866I08162	Subordinated debt	5-Nov-12	12.20%	4-Nov- 22	23	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE866107CO3	Subordinated debt	17-Sep- 19	9.90%	17-Jan- 23	5	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE530B07120	Non-convertible debentures ^{&}	14-Oct-21	8.30%	14-Oct- 23	307.53	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE530B07138	Non-convertible debentures ^{&}	14-Oct-21	8.30%	14-Oct- 23	71.43	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE530B07146	Non-convertible debentures ^{&}	14-Oct-21	8.50%	14-Oct- 24	94.08	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE530B07153	Non-convertible debentures ^{&}	14-Oct-21	8.50%	14-Oct- 24	57.31	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE530B07161	Non-convertible debentures ^{&}	14-Oct-21	8.40%	14-Oct- 26	147.25	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE530B07179	Non-convertible debentures ^{&}	14-Oct-21	8.80%	14-Oct- 26	136.08	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE530B07187	Non-convertible debentures ^{&}	14-Oct-21	8.80%	14-Oct- 26	29.31	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE530B08094	Non-convertible debentures ^{&}	24-Mar- 21	9.90%	24-Mar- 28	274.69	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE530B08102	Non-convertible debentures ^{&}	24-Mar- 21	10.00%	24-Mar- 28	328.02	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE530B08110	Non-convertible debentures ^{&}	24-Mar- 21	9.60%	24-Mar- 28	68.14	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
NA	Non-convertible debentures&**	NA	NA	NA	5000	Simple	CRISIL AA/Stable
INE866107CI5	Long-term principal protected market-linked debentures	26-Jun-19	NA	27-Sep- 22	25	Highly Complex	CRISIL PPMLD AAr/Stable

,				5			
INE530B07112	Long-term principal protected market-linked debentures	7-Sep-21	NA	7-Sep- 24	100	Highly Complex	CRISIL PPMLD AAr/Stable
NA	Long-term principal protected market-linked debentures**	NA	NA	NA	1000	Highly Complex	CRISIL PPMLD AAr/Stable
NA	Commercial paper programme (IPO financing)	NA	NA	7-30 days	500	Simple	CRISIL A1+
NA	Commercial paper	NA	NA	7-365 days	8500	Simple	CRISIL A1+
NA	Term loan - 1	NA	NA	22-Mar- 26	421.05	NA	CRISIL AA/Stable
NA	Term loan - 2	NA	NA	31-Dec- 25	1000	NA	CRISIL AA/Stable
NA	Term loan - 3	NA	NA	28-Feb- 25	100	NA	CRISIL AA/Stable
NA	Term loan - 4	NA	NA	25-Jan- 25	100	NA	CRISIL AA/Stable
NA	Term loan - 5	NA	NA	30-Sep- 26	100	NA	CRISIL AA/Stable
NA	Term loan - 6	NA	NA	30-Mar- 25	600	NA	CRISIL AA/Stable
NA	Term loan - 7	NA	NA	1-Mar- 27	50	NA	CRISIL AA/Stable
NA	Term loan - 8	NA	NA	20-Mar- 23	379.25	NA	CRISIL AA/Stable
NA	Cash credit	NA	NA	NA	15	NA	CRISIL AA/Stable
NA	Working capital demand loan	NA	NA	NA	250	NA	CRISIL AA/Stable
NA	Proposed long-term bank loan facility	NA	NA	NA	984.7	NA	CRISIL AA/Stable

[#] Interchangeable between secured and subordinated debt **not yet issued &For retail bond issuance

Annexure: Details of instruments withdrawn

ISIN	Name of instrument	Date of allotment	Coupon rate (%)	Maturity date	Complexity Level	Issue size
INE530B07047	Non-convertible debentures	19-Aug-20	8.00%	18-Feb-22	NA	100.00
INE530B07062	Non-convertible debentures	30-Sep-20	8.00%	30-Mar-22	NA	125.00
INE530B07062	Non-convertible debentures	30-Sep-20	8.00%	30-Mar-22	NA	100.00
INE530B07070	Non-convertible debentures	17-Nov-20	8.00%	17-May-22	NA	100.00
INE530B07088	Non-convertible debentures	26-Nov-20	8.00%	26-May-22	NA	25.00
INE530B07096	Non-convertible debentures	24-Feb-21	7.70%	24-Mar-22	NA	100.00
INE866I07BY4	Non-convertible debentures	07-Feb-19	9.50%	07-May-22	NA	260.50
INE866I07BZ1	Non-convertible debentures	07-Feb-19	9.60%	07-May-22	NA	39.00
INE866I07CB0	Non-convertible debentures	07-Feb-19	9.60%	07-May-22	NA	49.00
NA	Non-convertible debentures	NA	NA	NA	NA	1726.50
NA	Non-convertible debentures	NA	NA	NA	NA	3486.16
NA	Subordinated debt	NA	NA	NA	NA	300.37
NA	Long-term principal protected market-linked debentures	NA	NA	NA	NA	375.00
NA	Commercial paper programme (IPO financing)	NA	NA	NA	NA	7,500.00

Annexure - List of entities consolidated

Names o	i Fnillies Consolioaleo - i	Rationale for Consolidation

IIFL Finance Ltd	Parent
IIFL Home Finance Ltd	Subsidiary
IIFL Samasta Finance Ltd	Subsidiary

Annexure - Rating History for last 3 Years

		Current		2022 (History)		20	021		2020	2019		Start of 2019
Instrument	Туре	Outstanding Amount	Rating	Date	Rating	Date	Rating	Date	Rating	Date	Rating	Rating
Fund Based Facilities	LT	4000.0	CRISIL AA/Stable	11-03-22	CRISIL A1+ / CRISIL AA/Stable	31-03-21	CRISIL AA/Stable	14-12-20	CRISIL AA/Negative			
								06-11-20	CRISIL AA/Negative			
								26-06-20	CRISIL AA/Negative			
								18-04-20	CRISIL AA/Stable			
Commercial Paper	ST	8500.0	CRISIL A1+	11-03-22	CRISIL A1+	31-03-21	CRISIL A1+	14-12-20	CRISIL A1+	20-08-19	CRISIL A1+	CRISIL A1+
								06-11-20	CRISIL A1+			
								26-06-20	CRISIL A1+			
								18-04-20	CRISIL A1+			
Commercial Paper Programme(IPO Financing)	ST	500.0	CRISIL A1+	11-03-22	CRISIL A1+	31-03-21	CRISIL A1+	14-12-20	CRISIL A1+			
								06-11-20	CRISIL A1+			
								26-06-20	CRISIL A1+			
								18-04-20	CRISIL A1+			
Non Convertible Debentures	LT	10313.84	CRISIL AA/Stable	11-03-22	CRISIL AA/Stable	31-03-21	CRISIL AA/Stable	14-12-20	CRISIL AA/Negative			
								06-11-20	CRISIL AA/Negative			
								26-06-20	CRISIL AA/Negative			
								18-04-20	CRISIL AA/Stable			
Short Term Debt (Including Commercial Paper)	ST											CRISIL A1+
Subordinated Debt	LT	48.0	CRISIL AA/Stable	11-03-22	CRISIL AA/Stable	31-03-21	CRISIL AA/Stable	14-12-20	CRISIL AA/Negative			
								06-11-20	CRISIL AA/Negative			
								26-06-20	CRISIL AA/Negative			
								18-04-20	CRISIL AA/Stable			
Long Term Principal Protected Market Linked Debentures	LT	1125.0	CRISIL PPMLD AA r /Stable	11-03-22	CRISIL PPMLD AA r /Stable	31-03-21	CRISIL PPMLD AA r /Stable	14-12-20	CRISIL PPMLD AA r /Negative			
								06-11-20	CRISIL PPMLD AA r /Negative			
								26-06-20	CRISIL PPMLD AA r /Negative			
								18-04-20	CRISIL PPMLD AA r /Stable			

All amounts are in Rs.Cr.

Annexure - Details of Bank Lenders & Facilities

Facility	Amount (Rs.Crore)	Name of Lender	Rating
Cash Credit	15	HDFC Bank Limited	CRISIL AA/Stable
Proposed Long Term Bank Loan Facility	984.7	Not Applicable	CRISIL AA/Stable
Term Loan	36.05	Indian Overseas Bank	CRISIL AA/Stable
Term Loan	600	State Bank of India	CRISIL AA/Stable
Term Loan	379.25	The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited	CRISIL AA/Stable
Term Loan	100	Bajaj Finance Limited	CRISIL AA/Stable
Term Loan	100	The Karnataka Bank Limited	CRISIL AA/Stable
Term Loan	50	IDBI Bank Limited	CRISIL AA/Stable
Term Loan	63.95	Indian Overseas Bank	CRISIL AA/Stable
Term Loan	421.05	Canara Bank	CRISIL AA/Stable
Term Loan	1000	National Bank For Agriculture and Rural Development	CRISIL AA/Stable
Working Capital Demand Loan	250	The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited	CRISIL AA/Stable

This Annexure has been updated on 28-Jun-22 in line with the lender-wise facility details as on 10-Mar-22 received from the rated entity.

Criteria Details

			riter	

CRISILs Bank Loan Ratings - process, scale and default recognition

Rating Criteria for Finance Companies

CRISILs Criteria for rating short term debt

CRISILs Criteria for Consolidation

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ANNEXURE B

CREDIT RATING LETTER AND RATING RATIONALE FROM ICRA

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ICRA Limited

CONFIDENTIAL

Ref: ICRA/IIFL Finance Limited/02082022/1

Date: August 02, 2022

Mr. Rajesh Rajak Chief Financial Officer IIFL Finance Limited 802, 8th Floor, Hub Town Solaris, N.S. Phadke Marg, Vijay Nagar, Andheri East, Mumbai 4000693

Dear Sir,

Re: ICRA Credit Rating for Rs. 5,000 crore Non-Convertible Debenture (NCD) Programme of IIFL Finance Limited

Please refer to the Statement of Work dated July 29, 2022, executed between ICRA Limited ("ICRA") and your company for carrying out the rating of the aforesaid NCD Programme.

Please note that the Rating Committee of ICRA, after due consideration of the latest development in your company, has reaffirmed the rating of your non-convertible debenture (NCD) programme at "[ICRA] AA" (pronounced as ICRA Double A). The outlook on the long-term rating is Stable. Instruments with this rating are considered to have high degree of safety regarding timely servicing of financial obligations. Such instruments carry very low credit risk.

In any of your publicity material or other document wherever you are using above rating, it should be stated as [ICRA]AA(stable).

We would request if you can provide your acceptance on the above Rating(s) by sending an email or signed attached acknowledgement to us latest by August 08, 2022, as acceptance on the assigned rating. In case you do not communicate your acceptance/non acceptance of the assigned credit rating, or do not appeal against the assigned rating by the aforesaid date, the rating will be treated by us as non-accepted and shall be disclosed on ICRA's website accordingly. This is in accordance with requirements prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) vide SEBI circular dated June 30, 2017

Any intimation by you about the above rating to any banker/lending agency/government authorities/stock exchange would constitute use of this rating by you and shall be deemed acceptance of the rating.

This rating is specific to the terms and conditions of the proposed issue as was indicated to us by you and any change in the terms or size of the issue would require the rating to be reviewed by us. If there is any change in the terms and conditions or size of the instrument rated, as

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ICRA Limited

above, the same must be brought to our notice before the issue of the instrument. If there is any such change after the rating is assigned by us and accepted by you, it would be subject to our review and may result in change in the rating assigned.

ICRA reserves the right to review and/ or, revise the above rating at any time on the basis of new information or unavailability of information or such other circumstances, which ICRA believes, may have an impact on the rating assigned to you.

The rating, as aforesaid, however, should not be treated as a recommendation to buy, sell or hold the instruments issued by you.

You are also requested to forthwith inform us about any default or delay in repayment of interest or principal amount of the instrument rated, as above, or any other debt instruments/borrowing and keep us informed of any other developments which may have a direct or indirect impact on the debt servicing capability of the company including any proposal for reschedulement or postponement of the repayment programmes of the dues/ debts of the company with any lender(s) / investor(s). Further, you are requested to inform us immediately as and when the borrowing limit for the instrument rated, as above, or as prescribed by the regulatory authority(ies) is exceeded.

We thank you for your kind cooperation extended during the course of the rating exercise. Please let us know if you need any clarification.

We look forward to further strengthening our existing relationship and assure you of our best services.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

For ICRA Limited

KARTHIK SRINIVASAN

Senior Vice President karthiks@icraindia.com

Tel.: +91.124 .4545300



ICRA Limited

Acknowledgement

(To be signed and returned to ICRA Limited)

Please refer to your rating communication letter dated August 02, 2022, I hereby unconditionally accept and acknowledge the assigned rating.

We confirm that the undersigned is legally authorized to accept the rating on behalf of IIFL

Finance Limited.

For IIFL Finance Limited					
Name:					
Designation:					
Date:					



August 03, 2022

IIFL Finance Limited: [ICRA]AA(Stable) assigned to NCDs; ratings for other instruments reaffirmed

Summary of rating action

Instrument*	Previous Rated Amount (Rs. crore)	Current Rated Amount (Rs. crore)	Rating Action
Non-convertible Debenture Programme	-	5,000.00	[ICRA]AA(Stable); assigned
Non-convertible Debenture Programme	4,617.27	4,617.27	[ICRA]AA(Stable); reaffirmed
Subordinated Debt Programme	710.00	710.00	[ICRA]AA(Stable); reaffirmed
Subordinated Debt Programme	35.00	-	[ICRA]AA(Stable); reaffirmed and withdrawn
Long-term Bank Lines	5,775.00	5,775.00	[ICRA]AA(Stable); reaffirmed
Non-convertible Debenture Programme	3,907.96	3,907.96	[ICRA]AA(Stable); reaffirmed
Non-convertible Debenture Programme	341.04	-	[ICRA]AA(Stable); reaffirmed and withdrawn
Long-term Principal Protected Equity Linked Debenture Programme	500.00	500.00	PP-MLD[ICRA]AA(Stable); reaffirmed
Long-term Principal protected Market Linked Debenture Programme	364.00	364.00	PP-MLD[ICRA]AA(Stable); reaffirmed
Commercial Paper Programme	8,000.00	8,000.00	[ICRA]A1+; reaffirmed
Commercial Paper Programme (IPO financing)	8,000.00	8,000.00	[ICRA]A1+; reaffirmed
Total	32,250.27	36,874.23	

^{*}Instrument details are provided in Annexure I

Rationale

To arrive at the ratings, ICRA has considered the combined business of IIFL Finance Limited and its subsidiaries (IIFL Home Finance Limited and IIFL Samasta Microfinance Limited), referred to as IIFL/the Group/the company, given their common senior management team and strong financial and operational synergies.

The ratings favourably factor in the Group's diversified lending portfolio with assets under management (AUM) of Rs. 52,761 crore as on June 30, 2022 (retail portfolio constituting 95%) and its widespread presence across 25 states with 3,296 branches. The ratings also consider the Group's adequate capitalisation. With the off-balance sheet portfolio largely driving the growth, the company's capitalisation has remained stable with a consolidated net worth of Rs. 6,470 crore and on-book gearing of 5.7x as on March 31, 2022. IIFL Home Finance has entered into a definite agreement with Abu Dhabi Investment Authority (ADIA) for raising Rs. 2,200 crore of primary capital for a 20% stake, which is likely to support the company's growth plans. Further, given the increasing share of the off-balance sheet portfolio, the capitalisation is expected to remain adequate.

The ratings are constrained by the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic on the Group's profitability and asset quality. The asset quality has moderated on account of pandemic-related issues and slippages in the real estate book. With high slippages and write-offs, the credit costs remained high in FY2022 and FY2021, thereby impacting the profitability. IIFL's ability to manage the asset quality and control the credit costs would remain critical for maintaining the profitability. During the liquidity crisis post September 2018, the company had primarily been relying on the assignment/securitisation of its portfolio. However,



since then, it has raised long-term bank loans, retail non-convertible debentures (NCDs), foreign currency bonds and National Housing Bank (NHB) and National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD) refinance in the last two years, which has helped improve the funding profile. A further improvement in the Group's ability to raise funds from diverse sources at competitive rates will also remain a key monitorable.

ICRA has reaffirmed and withdrawn the rating outstanding on the NCD programme and subordinated debt programme of Rs. 341.04 crore and Rs. 35.00 crore, respectively, as these instruments have been redeemed in full and there are no dues outstanding against the same. The rating has been withdrawn in accordance with ICRA's policy on the withdrawal and suspension of credit ratings.

Key rating drivers and their description

Credit strengths

Diversified lending book with focus on retail lending provides comfort – The Group has a diversified lending book with AUM of Rs. 52,761 crore as on June 30, 2022. Home loans accounted for 35% of the portfolio, followed by gold loans, (32%), business loans (15%), microfinance (12%), developer and construction finance (5%) and capital market (1%). The total AUM grew by 22% YoY. With a focus on growing its assigned book and the AUM under co-lending, the off-balance sheet book has increased significantly and stood at Rs. 18,418 crore (35% of AUM) as on June 30, 2022 (Rs. 10,259 crore; 24% of AUM as on June 30, 2021). The company has tie-ups with various banks and this is likely to further increase the share of the off-balance sheet book in the medium term.

The AUM growth was largely led by a 29% YoY growth in gold loans, 26% in home loans while microfinance loans grew by 43% (albeit on a relatively smaller base). With the transfer of ~Rs. 1,300 crore of the book to Alternative Investment Funds (AIFs) in Q1 FY2022, construction finance and real estate witnessed a decline (of this, ~Rs. 900 crore was received as investment in the units of AIFs and the balance in cash). Further, unsecured business loans have been declining steadily.

ICRA takes note of the Group's extensive network of 3,296 branches across 25 states as on March 31, 2022, which is likely to support future growth. Going forward, the management intends to focus on retail mortgage loans and other high-yielding loans such as gold loans and microfinance loans and reduce incremental exposure to the wholesale segment (6% of the AUM as on June 30, 2022 – including investment in AIF).

Adequate capitalisation – IIFL Finance's consolidated net worth stood at Rs. 6,470 crore as on March 31, 2022 with on-book gearing of 5.7x (managed gearing, including off-book, of 8.5x). ICRA takes note of the definitive agreement between IIFL Home Finance and ADIA for raising Rs. 2,200 crore of primary capital for a 20% stake. The equity infusion is likely to support the company's growth plans in the medium term. The capitalisation is further supported by the increasing share of the off-balance sheet portfolio. The company's solvency profile remained comfortable with consolidated net stage 3/net worth at 7.3% as on June 30, 2022 (6.0% as on June 30, 2021).

On a standalone basis, the company reported a capital-to-risk weighted assets ratio (CRAR) of 23.9% with a Tier I of 16.0% as of March 31, 2022 (25.4% and 17.5%, respectively, as on March 31, 2021). IIFL Home Finance remained adequately capitalised with a CRAR and Tier I of 30.5% and 21.1%, respectively, as on March 31, 2022 (23.0% and 19.6%, respectively, as on March 31, 2021). Samasta's capitalisation has been supported by regular equity infusions by IIFL Finance and IIFL Home Finance. Samasta reported a CRAR and Tier I of 17.8% and 15.9%, respectively, as on March 31, 2022 (18.5% and 15.1%, respectively, as on March 31, 2021).

Credit challenges

Credit costs remain high; exposed to slippages from real estate and microfinance books – The IIFL Group's reported asset quality indicators were comfortable with the gross and net stage 3 at 2.57% and 1.48%, respectively, as on June 30, 2022



(2.20% and 0.80%, respectively, as on June 30, 2021). While slippages remained high in FY2022 and Q1 FY2023, the company's reported asset quality has been supported by significant write-offs, especially in the real estate book and the unsecured micro, small & medium enterprise (MSME) portfolio. IIFL's collections, like other non-banking financial companies (NBFCs), were impacted by pandemic-related issues. It has seen increased slippages in the unsecured MSME segment and the microfinance institution (MFI) portfolio. While the share of the unsecured MSME segment has been reducing and stood at 4% of the AUM as on June 30, 2022 (8% as on March 31, 2020), the company's ability to control slippages from its MFI segment (12% of the AUM) in light of the impact of the pandemic on the borrower profile will be a key monitorable.

Further, IIFL's asset quality is exposed to slippages from the concentrated wholesale lending portfolio. The wholesale lending portfolio largely comprises higher ticket size real estate loans (funding for the relatively initial stages of the project). ICRA, however, takes note of the decline in the real estate book to 5% of the AUM and 36% of the net worth as on June 30, 2022 (6% and 49%, respectively, including the investment in AIFs) from 9% and 79%, respectively, as on March 31, 2021. Given the delays in project execution, the company had extended the date of commencement of commercial operations (DCCO) for ~58% of its real estate portfolio as on June 30, 2021. While the projects have now come out of the DCCO, the Group's ability to control slippages remains a key monitorable.

Given the moderate seasoning of home loans, the Group's ability to maintain its asset quality through the current business cycles will remain a monitorable. Additionally, MFI loans are given to marginal borrower segments, which have been impacted by the pandemic. Microfinance remains susceptible to the risks associated with unsecured lending to marginal borrowers with limited ability to absorb income shocks and the rising borrower leverage levels owing to an increase in multiple lending in the areas of operations. Further, political and operational risks associated with microfinance may result in high volatility in the asset quality indicators.

With increased slippages, credit costs remained high at 1.5% of the average managed assets (AMA) in FY2022 though lower than FY2021 (2.4% of AMA). The profitability was largely supported by the higher upfront gain on assignment with IIFL reporting a profit after tax (PAT) of 2.1% of AMA in FY2022 (1.6% in FY2021). However, excluding the upfront gain on assignment, the PAT stood at 1.5% of AMA in FY2022 compared to 1.4% in FY2021. The company's ability to manage the asset quality and control the credit costs would remain critical for improving its profitability.

Limited diversification in funding profile despite improvement – The resource profile, as on June 30, 2022, consisted of bank loans of ~37%, assignment and securitisation of ~34%, debentures of ~20%, and refinance facility of ~10%. While the company has been raising long-term bank loans, retail NCDs, foreign currency bonds and NHB refinance in the past two years, the reliance has largely been on banks in terms of the investor profile. ICRA draws comfort from the significant retail exposures (~94% of the AUM) with priority sector loans accounting for 36%, which could be securitised/assigned to generate liquidity. An improvement in the Group's ability to raise diversified funds at competitive rates will remain a key monitorable.

Liquidity position: Adequate

As on June 30, 2022, the company had on-balance sheet liquidity (in the form of cash and unencumbered fixed deposits) of Rs. 2,384 crore and undrawn cash credit limits of Rs. 1,273 crore. Further, it had sanctioned but unutilised bank lines of Rs. 330 crore. The liquidity profile remains adequate in relation to the near-term debt maturities (debt obligations of ~Rs. 3,241 crore due till December 2022 for IIFL Finance consolidated).

Rating sensitivities

Positive factors – ICRA could revise the outlook to Positive or upgrade the ratings if the company reports a substantial and sustained improvement in its business performance, characterised by well-diversified growth and improvement in the profitability, asset quality and funding diversity.



Negative factors – ICRA could downgrade the ratings or change the outlook if there is a weakening in the asset quality, with the reported gross stage 3 increasing to more than 5%, or a deterioration in the profitability with PAT/AMA of less than 1.25% or a substantial increase in the on-book leverage on a sustained basis. Any deterioration in the funding flexibility would also be a key negative.

Analytical approach

Analytical Approach	Comments
Applicable rating methodologies	ICRA's Credit Rating Methodology for Non-banking Finance Companies Policy on Withdrawal of Credit Ratings
Parent/Group support	Not applicable
Consolidation/Standalone	For arriving at the ratings, ICRA has done a combined analysis of IIFL Finance Limited and its subsidiaries (IIFL Home Finance Limited and IIFL Samasta Microfinance Limited), given their common senior management team and strong financial and operational synergies, enlisted in Annexure II

About the company

IIFL Finance, a listed non-operating holding company had India Infoline Finance Limited {a systematically important, non-deposit accepting non-banking financial company (NBFC-ND-SI)} as its subsidiary. As a part of a merger scheme, India Infoline Finance was merged with IIFL Finance with effect from March 30, 2020 following the receipt of an NBFC licence by IIFL Finance. IIFL along with its subsidiaries, IIFL Home Finance (registered as a housing finance company) and Samasta Microfinance Limited (registered as an NBFC-MFI) offers home loans, loan against property, MSME loans, gold loans, microfinance and real estate loans.

IIFL Finance Limited's consolidated net worth stood at Rs. 6,880 crore as on June 30, 2022. It reported a PAT of Rs. 1,188 crore in FY2022 on total assets of Rs. 45,910 crore compared to Rs. 761 crore and Rs. 40,667 crore, respectively, in FY2021. The company reported a PAT of Rs. 330 crore in Q1 FY2023 on total assets of Rs. 44,130 crore as on June 30, 2022.

Key financial indicators (audited)

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IIFL Finance Limited (consolidated)	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022 6,470	
Total revenues	4,844	5,840		
Profit after tax	503	761	1,188	
Net worth	4,766	5,393	6,470	
Loan book (AUM)	37,951	44,688	51,210	
Total assets	34,341	40,667	45,910	
PAT/AMA	1.2%	1.6%	2.1%	
Return on average equity	11.0%	15.0%	20.0%	
Gross stage 3	2.0%	2.0%	3.2%^	
Net stage 3	0.8%	0.9%	1.8%	
Gearing (times)	5.8	6.1	5.7	
Solvency (Net stage 3/Net worth)	5.7%	6.0%	9.6%	

 $Source: \textit{Company, ICRA Research; All ratios as per ICRA's calculations; Amount in Rs.\ crore}$

Status of non-cooperation with previous CRA: Not applicable

Any other information: None

[^]Including impact of RBI circular of Nov-21; excluding the same, gross stage 3 stood at 2.3%



Rating history for past three years

S. No.	Instrument	Current Rating (FY2023)			Chronology of Rating History for the Past 3 Years				
		Туре	Rated Amount (Rs. crore)	Amount Outstanding (Rs. crore)	Date & Rating	Date & Rating in FY2022	Date & Rating in FY2021		Date & Rating in FY2020
					Aug-03-2022	Oct-06-2021	Jan-22-2021	Apr-21-2020	-
1	Non-convertible Debenture Programme	Long Term	5,000.00	-	[ICRA]AA(Stable)	-	-	-	-
2	Non-convertible Debenture Programme	Long Term	4,617.27	-	[ICRA]AA(Stable)	[ICRA]AA(Stable)	[ICRA]AA (Negative)	[ICRA]AA (Negative)	-
3	Subordinated Debt Programme	Long Term	710.00	153.00	[ICRA]AA(Stable)	[ICRA]AA(Stable)	[ICRA]AA (Negative)	[ICRA]AA (Negative)	-
4	Subordinated Debt Programme	Long Term	35.00	-	[ICRA]AA(Stable); withdrawn	[ICRA]AA(Stable)	[ICRA]AA (Negative)	[ICRA]AA (Negative)	-
5	Long-term Bank Lines	Long Term	5,775.00	4,724.96	[ICRA]AA(Stable)	[ICRA]AA(Stable)	[ICRA]AA (Negative)	[ICRA]AA (Negative)	-
6	Non-convertible Debenture Programme	Long Term	3,907.96	726.24	[ICRA]AA(Stable)	[ICRA]AA(Stable)	[ICRA]AA (Negative)	[ICRA]AA (Negative)	-
7	Non-convertible Debenture Programme	Long Term	341.04	-	[ICRA]AA(Stable); withdrawn	[ICRA]AA(Stable)	[ICRA]AA (Negative)	[ICRA]AA (Negative)	-
8	Long-term Principal Protected Equity Linked Debenture Programme	Long Term	500.00	0	PP-MLD[ICRA]AA(Stable)	PP- MLD[ICRA]AA(St able)	PP-MLD[ICRA]AA (Negative)	PP- MLD[ICRA]AA (Negative)	-
9	Long-term Principal protected Market Linked Debenture Programme	Long Term	364.00	50.00	PP-MLD[ICRA]AA(Stable)	PP- MLD[ICRA]AA(St able)	PP-MLD[ICRA]AA (Negative)	PP- MLD[ICRA]AA (Negative)	-
10	Commercial Paper Programme	Short Term	8,000.00	25.00	[ICRA]A1+	[ICRA]A1+	[ICRA]A1+	[ICRA]A1+	-
11	Commercial Paper Programme (IPO financing)	Short Term	8,000.00	0	[ICRA]A1+	[ICRA]A1+	[ICRA]A1+	[ICRA]A1+	-



Complexity level of the rated instruments

Instrument	Complexity Indicator
Bank Lines	Very Simple
Non-convertible Debenture Programme	Very Simple/Simple
Subordinated Debt Programme	Simple
Long-term Principal Protected Equity Linked Debenture Programme	Complex
Long-term Principal Protected Market Linked Debenture Programme	Complex
Commercial Paper Programme	Very Simple
Commercial Paper Programme (IPO financing)	Very Simple

The Complexity Indicator refers to the ease with which the returns associated with the rated instrument could be estimated. It does not indicate the risk related to the timely payments on the instrument, which is rather indicated by the instrument's credit rating. It also does not indicate the complexity associated with analysing an entity's financial, business, industry risks or complexity related to the structural, transactional or legal aspects. Details on the complexity levels of the instruments are available on ICRA's website: www.icra.in



Annexure I: Instrument details

ISIN/ Banker Name	Instrument Name	Date of Issuance / Sanction	Coupon Rate	Maturity	Amount Rated (Rs. crore)	Current Rating and Outlook
NA	Non-convertible debenture programme#^	NA	NA	NA	5,000.00	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
NA	Long-term debt programme/ Secured NCD programme- Unallocated^	NA	NA	NA	4,617.27	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
INE866107CD6	Non-convertible debenture programme	Feb-07-19	9.75%	Feb-07-24	171.11	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
INE866107CF1	Non-convertible debenture programme	Feb-07-19	10.20%	Feb-07-24	113.07	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
INE866108279	Non-convertible debenture programme	Feb-07-19	10.00%	Feb-07-29	30.77	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
INE866108295	Non-convertible debenture programme	Feb-07-19	10.50%	Feb-07-29	15.45	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
INE866107CK1	Non-convertible debenture programme	Sep-06-19	9.50%	Dec-06-22	33.45	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
INE866107CL9	Non-convertible debenture programme	Sep-06-19	9.85%	Dec-06-22	11.09	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
INE866107CM7	Non-convertible debenture programme	Sep-06-19	9.85%	Dec-06-22	64.59	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
INE866108303	Non-convertible debenture programme	Sep-06-19	10.00%	Jun-06-25	25.93	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
INE866I08311	Non-convertible debenture programme	Sep-06-19	10.50%	Jun-06-25	5.78	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
INE530B07211	Non-convertible debenture programme	Jul-15-22	9.00%	Jul-15-32	10.00	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
INE530B08136	Non-convertible debenture programme	Jul-26-22	9.65%	Jul-26-32	125.00	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
INE530B07203	Non-convertible debenture programme	Mar-24-22	8.60%	Mar-24-32	60.00	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
INE530B08128	Non-convertible debenture programme	Mar-24-22	9.35%	Mar-24-32	50.00	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
INE530B07195	Non-convertible debenture programme	Jan-21-22	8.50%	Jan-21-32	10.00	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
NA	Non-convertible debenture programme – Unallocated				3,181.72	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
INE866107BY4	Non-convertible debenture programme	Feb-07-19	9.50%	May-07-22	260.50	[ICRA]AA(Stable); withdrawn
INE866107BZ1	Non-convertible debenture programme	Feb-07-19	9.60%	May-07-22	37.35	[ICRA]AA(Stable); withdrawn
INE866107CB0	Non-convertible debenture programme	Feb-07-19	9.60%	May-07-22	43.19	[ICRA]AA(Stable); withdrawn
INE866108253	Long-term principal protected market linked debenture programme	Aug-28-18	9.35%	Aug-25-28	50.00	PP- MLD[ICRA]AA(Stable
NA	Long-term principal protected market linked debenture programme – Unallocated^	NA	NA	NA	314.00	PP- MLD[ICRA]AA(Stable
NA	Long-term principal protected equity linked debenture programme –Unallocated^	NA	NA	NA	500.00	PP- MLD[ICRA]AA(Stable
INE866108121	Subordinated debt programme/Unsecured NCD programme	Aug-31-12	12.15%	Aug-30-22	5.00	[ICRA]AA(Stable)



ISIN/ Banker Name	Instrument Name	Date of Issuance / Sanction	Coupon Rate	Maturity	Amount Rated (Rs. crore)	Current Rating and Outlook
INE866108121	Subordinated debt programme/Unsecured NCD programme	Aug-31-12	12.15%	Aug-31-22	15.00	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
INE866108162	Subordinated debt programme/Unsecured NCD programme	Nov-05-12	12.20%	Nov-04-22	23.00	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
INE866108170	Subordinated debt programme/Unsecured NCD programme	May-24-13	12.10%	May-24-23	10.00	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
INE866108246	Subordinated debt programme/Unsecured NCD programme	Nov-21-17	8.70%	Nov-19-27	100.00	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
NA	Subordinated debt programme/Unsecured NCD programme unallocated^	NA	NA	NA	557.00	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
INE866108220	Subordinated debt programme/Unsecured NCD programme	Sep-11-15	10.75%	Sep-10-21	20.00	[ICRA]AA(Stable); withdrawn
INE866108238	Subordinated debt programme/Unsecured NCD programme	Sep-16-15	10.50%	Sep-16-21	15.00	[ICRA]AA(Stable); withdrawn
NA	Long-term bank lines – Fund based/CC	NA	NA	NA	1,103.94	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
NA	Long-term bank lines – Fund- based term loans	NA	NA	NA	3,621.03	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
NA	Long-term bank lines – Unallocated^	NA	NA	NA	1,050.03	[ICRA]AA(Stable)
INE530B14BO8	Commercial paper	May-30-22	5.75%	Aug-26-22	25	[ICRA]A1+
NA	Commercial paper – Unallocated	NA	NA	7-365 days	7,975.00	[ICRA]A1+
NA	Commercial paper (IPO) – Unallocated^	NA	NA	7-30 days	8,000.00	[ICRA]A1+

Source: Company ^Unutilised

Annexure II: List of entities for combined analysis with consolidated analysis

Company Name	Ownership	Consolidation Approach
IIFL Home Finance Limited	100%	Combined Analysis
Samasta Microfinance Limited^	99.34%	Combined Analysis
IIHFL Sales Limited	100%	Combined Analysis
IIFL Open Fintech Private Limited	51%	Combined Analysis

[^] IIFL Finance's stake stood at 74.41% while the balance is held by IIFL Home Finance

^{*}Public issuance of NCD



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info@icraindia.com

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Branches



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ANNEXURE C DEBENTURE TRUSTEE CONSENT LETTER

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Consent letter from the Debenture Trustee to the Issue

Ref: 116/VTPL/OPR/2022-23

27th June, 2022

IIFL Finance Limited

IIFL House, Sun Infotech Park, Road No. 16V, Plot No. B-23, MIDC, Thane Industrial Area, Wagle Estate Thane 400 604

Dear Ma'am/Sir

Sub: Proposed Public issue of Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures of face value of ₹ 1000 Each ("NCDs") aggregating up to ₹ 50,000 million ("Issue") in one or more tranches by IIFL Finance Limited ("Company").

We, the undersigned, hereby consent to be named as the Debenture Trustee to the Issue and to our name being inserted as the Debenture Trustee to the Issue in the in the Draft Shelf Prospectus / Shelf Prospectus / Tranche Prospectus to be filed with the BSE Limited and The National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("Stock Exchanges") and with the Registrar of Companies, Mumbai ("RoC"), and in all related advertisements and communications sent in connection with the Issue. The following details with respect to us may be disclosed:

Vardhman Trusteeship Private Limited Name:

Address: The Capital, 412 A, 4th Floor, A-Wing, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandr (East)

Mumbai - 400 051.

Tel: 022-42648335

Email: corporate@vardhmantrustee.com www.vardhmantrustee.com Website:

Contact Person: Mr. Nilesh Palav **SEBI Registration No:** IND000000611





We confirm that we are registered with the SEBI and that such registration is valid as on the date of this letter. We enclose a copy of our registration certificate enclosed herein as Annexure A and declaration regarding our registration with SEBI as Annexure B.

We also confirm that we have not been prohibited by SEBI to act as an intermediary in capital market issues.

We hereby authorise you to deliver this letter of consent to the RoC, pursuant to the provisions of Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable laws or any other regulatory/statutory authorities as required by law.











Munagers of any Change to the We confirm that we will immediately inform you and the Le above information until the date when the NCDs commence trading on the Stock Exchanges. In the absence of any such communication from us, the above information should be taken as updated information until the NCDs commence trading.

This letter may be relied upon by the Company, the Lead Managers and the legal advisors to the Issue in respect of the Issue.

Sincerely

For Vardhman Trusteeshte Private Limited

Name: Mr. Nilesh Raley Designation: Director

CC:

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited

Edelweiss House, Off CST Road Kalina, Mumbai - 400 098 Maharashtra, India

IIFL Securities Limited

10th Floor, IIFL Centre, Kamala Centre, Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel (West), Mumbai - 400 013

Equirus Capital Private Limited

12th Floor, C Wing, Marathon Futurex, N.M. Joshi Marg Lower Parel, Mumbai 400 013 Maharashtra, India

Trust Investment Advisors Private Limited

109/110, Balarama, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051, Maharashtra, India

Khaitan & Co

One World Centre 13th Floor, Tower 1, Senapati Bapat Marg, Mumbai 400 013 Maharashtra, India



Annexure A

डवंचर न्यासी FORM-B DEBENTURE TRUSTEE भारतीय प्रतिभृति और विनिमय बोर्ड SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (डिवेंचर न्यासी) विनियम, 1993 (DEBENTURE TRUSTEE) REGULATIONS, 1993 (विनियम 8) 000274 (Regulation 8) रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रमाणपत्र CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION 1) बोर्ड, भारतीय प्रतिभृति और विनिमय बोर्ड अधिनियम, 1992 के अधीन डिबेंचर न्यासी के लिए बनाए गए नियमों और विनियमों के साथ पठित उस अधिनियम की धारा-12 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रवत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, 1) In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 12 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, read with the rules and regulations made thereunder for the debenture trustee the Board hereby grants a certificate of registration to VARDHMAN TRUSTEESHIP PRIVATE LIMITED Unit No. 15, Turner Morrison Building 6 Lyons Range KOLKATA 700001 WEST BENGAL INDIA को नियमों में, शर्तों के अधीन रहते हुए और विनियमों के अनुसार डिवेंचर न्यासी के रूप में रजिस्ट्रीकरण का प्रमाणपत्र इसके द्वारा प्रदान करता है। as a debenture trustee subject to the conditions in the rules and in accordance with the regulations. 2) डिबंचर न्यासी के लिए रजिस्ट्रीकरण कट 2) Registration Code for the debenture trustee is IND000000611 3) जब तक नवीकृत न किया जाए, रजिस्ट्रीकरण का प्रमाणपत्र तक विधिमान्य है। 3) Unless renewed, the certificate of registration is valid from This certificate of Registration shall be valid from 15/12/2020 to null, unless Suspended or cancelled by the Board आदेश से भारतीय प्रतिभूति और विनिमय बोर्ड के लिए और उसकी ओर से By order For and on behalf of Securities and Exchange Board of India स्थान Place :

Registered Office Turner Morrison Building, Unit No. 15, 6 Lyons Range, Kolkata - 700 001. Corporate Office The Capital, 412A, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051.









तारीज Date :

Mumbai

May 20, 2021



Annexure B

We hereby confirm that as on date the following details in relation to our registration with the Securities and Exchange Board of India as a Debenture Trustee is true and correct:

1.	Registration Number	IND000000611
2.	Date of registration/ Renewal of registration	15 th December, 2020
3.	Date of expiry of registration	Unless Suspended or Cancelled by Board
4.	If applied for renewal, date of application	NO
5.	Any communication from SEBI prohibiting the entity from acting as an intermediary	NO
6.	Any enquiry/ investigation being conducted by SEBI	NO
7.	Details of any penalty imposed by SEBI	NO



ANNEXURE D

ALM STATEMENT FILED WITH THE STOCK EXCHANGE

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Reserve Bank of India

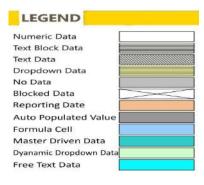
More Options

General Information Filing Information

AuthorisedSignatory - Authorised Signatory

DNBS4BStructuralLiquidity - Statement of Structural Liquidity

DNBS4BIRS - Statement of Interest Rate Sensitivity (IRS)





Filing Infor	mation
	Information
Return Name	
	DNBS04B-Structural
	Liquidity & Interest Rate
	Sensitivity - Monthly
Return Code	DNBS4B
Name of reporting institution	IIFL Finance Limited
Bank / FI code	MUM12113
Institution Type	NBFC
Reporting frequency	Monthly
Reporting start date	01-06-2022
Reporting end date	30-06-2022
Reporting currency	INR
Reporting scale	Lakhs
Taxonomy version	1.1.0
Tool name	RBI iFile
Tool version	1.0.0
Report status	Audited
Date of Audit	27-07-2022
General remarks	

Scoping Que	estion
	X010
Whether NBFC Profile has been	
updated on website	Yes
Category Of NBFC	Non-Deposit taking
	Systemically Important
	(NDSI) NBFC
Classification of NBFC	(i) NBFC - Investment
	and Credit Company
	(NBFC-ICC) (Loan
	Company (LC) /Asset
	Finance Company (AFC) /
	Investment Company
	(IC))



AuthorisedSignatory - Authorised Signatory

Table 1: Authorised Signatory	
Particulare	Value
Particulars	X010

Name of the Person Filing the Return	Y010	Sneha Patwardhan
Designation	Y020	Compliance Officer
Office No. (with STD Code)	Y030	02267881000
Mobile No.	Y040	9920869177
Email Id	Y050	nbfccompliance@iifl.co
	1050	m
Date	Y060	04-08-2022
Place	Y070	Mumbai

- 1. All values must be reported in Rs lakh.
- 2. Enter all dates in dd-mm-yyyy format.
- 3. Please ensure that the financial information furnished in the various sheets of this return are correct and reflecting the true picture of the business operations of the NBFC, if found otherwise, the concerned NBFC would be liable for penal action under the provisions of RBI Act.

All Monetary Items present in this return shall be reported in ₹ Lakhs Only

Table 2: Statement of Structural Liquidity																
		0 day to 7 days	8 days to 14	15 days to 30/31 days (One	Over one month and upto 2	Over two	Over 3 months	Over 6 months	Over 1 year and	Over 3 years and	Over 5 years	Total	Remarks		nflow during last :	
Particulars		X010	days X020	month) X030	months X040	upto 3 months X050	months X060	and upto 1 year	upto 3 years X080	upto 5 years X090	X100	X110	X120	0 day to 7 days X130	8 days to 14 days X140	days X150
		XUIU	AUZU	AUSU	AD40	AUSU	AUGU	X070	X060	X030	XIOU	XIII	XIZU	XISO	XI40	X150
A. OUTFLOWS 1. Capital (initiality)	Y010	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000	7,594.79	7,594.79		0.00	0.00	0.
(i) Equity Capital (ii) Persetual / Non Redeemable Preference Shares	Y020 Y030	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7,594.79 0.00	7,594.79 0		0.00	0.00	0.
(iii) Non-Perpetual / Redeemable Preference Shares	Y040	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5	0.00	0.00	0.
(iv) Others 2.Reserves & Surplus (i+ii+iii+iv+v+vi+vii+viii+ix+x+xi+xii+xi	Y050 Y060	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 450,426.86	0.00 c)	0.00	0.00	
(i) Share Premium Account	Y070	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	184,752.06	184,752.06	5	0.00	0.00	0.
(ii) General Reserves (iii) Statutory/Special Reserve (Section 45-IC reserve to be shown	Y080	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	50,935.77	50,935.77)	0.00	0.00	0.
separately below item no.(vii))	Y090	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00)	0.00	0.00	
(iv) Reserves under Sec 45-IC of RBI Act 1934 (v) Capital Redemotion Reserve	Y100 Y110	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	82,080.08 23,011.14	82,080.08 0 23.011.14 0	2	0.00	0.00	0.
(vi) Debenture Redemption Reserve	Y120	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.000	1,280.39	1,280.39		0.00	0.00	
(vii) Other Capital Reserves (viii) Other Revenue Reserves	Y130 Y140	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8,388.53 0.00	8,388.53	2	0.00	0.00	0
(ix) Investment Fluctuation Reserves/ Investment Reserves	Y150	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0
(x) Reveluation Reserves (a+b) (a) Revl. Reserves - Property	Y160 Y170	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0
(b) Revi. Reserves - Financial Assets	Y180	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	
(xi) Share Application Money Pending Allotment (xii) Others (Please mention)	Y190 Y200	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 1.402.18	0.00 c	2	0.00	0.00	0
(xiii) Balance of profit and loss account	Y210	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	98,576.71	98,576.71		0.00	0.00	0
3.Gifts, Grants, Donations & Benefactions 4.Bonds & Notes (i+ii+iii)	Y220 Y230	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00 2.193.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 c		0.00	0.00	
(i) Plain Vanilla Bonds (As per residual maturity of the	Y230 Y240	0.00	0.00	0.00		2,193.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,266.97 0		0.00	0.00	
(ii) Bonds with embedded call / put options including zero coupon / deep discount bonds (As per residual period for the	Y250															
earliest exercise date for the embedded option)		0.00	0.00	0.00		2,193.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,266.97		0.00	0.00	
(iii) Fixed Rate Notes 5.Deposits (i+ii)	Y260 Y270	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.
(i) Term Deposits from Public	Y280	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5	0.00	0.00	0.
(ii) Others	Y290	7,777.80	0.00 5,175.00	0.00	0.00 43,217.54	0.00 48,089.30	0.00 105,156.57	0.00 249,456.40	0.00 732,670.24	0.00 120,919.14	0.00 179,102.85	0.00 0 1,511,774.20 0		0.00 277.78	0.00	40,934.
6.Borrowings (i+ii+ii+iv+v+vi+vii+viii+ix+x+xi+xii+xii	Y300 Y310	7,777.80	5,175.00 5,175.00	20,209.36	43,217.54 38,742.83	48,089.30 48,089.30	105,156.57	249,456.40 190,237.27	732,670.24 316,289.78	78,011.18	0.00	1,511,774.20 C 807,389.09 C	5	277.78	0.00	40,934.
 a) Bank Borrowings in the nature of Term Money 	Y320	277.78	£ 47E 00	2,626.32	38,742.83	48,089.30	102,856.57	170,237.27	316,289.78	78,011.18		762.306.03		277.78	0.00	40,934.
Borrowinzs b) Bank Borrowinzs in the nature of WCDL	Y330	7,500.02	5,175.00	17,583.04	38,742.83	46,089.30		20,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	45,083.06	5	0.00	0.00	40,934.
c) Bank Borrowings in the nature of Cash Credit (CC)	Y340	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.
d) Bank Borrowings in the nature of Letter of Credit (LCs) e) Bank Borrowings in the nature of ECBs	Y350	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00)	0.00	0.00	0.
f) Other bank borrowings	Y370	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.
(ii) Inter Corporate Deposits (Other than Related Parties) (These being institutional / wholesale deposits, shall be slotted	V380															
as per their residual maturity)		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.00)	0.00	0.00	
(iii) Loans from Related Parties (including ICDs) (iv) Corporate Debts	Y390 Y400	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 0		0.00	0.00	0.
(v) Borrowinas from Central Government / State Government	Y410	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00)	0.00	0.00	0.
(vi) Borrowings from RBI (vii) Borrowings from Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs)	Y420 Y430	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 0		0.00	0.00	
(viii) Borrowings from Others (Please specify)	Y440	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	37,925.00	68,700.00	11,643.68	0.00	118,268.68)	0.00	0.00	0.
(ix) Commercial Papers (CPs) Of which; (a) To Mutual Funds	Y450 Y460	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,474.71 2,474.71	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,474.71 C		0.00	0.00	0.
(b) To Banks	Y470	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.
(c) To NBFCs (d) To Insurance Companies	Y480 Y490	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.
(e) To Pension Funds	Y500	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	
(f) To Others (Please specify) (al Non - Convertible Debentures (NCDs) (A+B)	Y510 Y520	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	20 294 13	344 509 67	0.00f	57,000,00	0.00 C		0.00	0.00	0.
A. Secured (a+b+c+d+e+f+g)	Y530	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00		20,294.13	344,509.67	31,264.28	57,000.00	453,068.08		0.00	0.00	0.
Of which; (a) Subscribed by Retail Investors (b) Subscribed by Banks	Y540 Y550	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4,764.76 10.000.00	47,934.49 9,010.00	20,152.70	0.00	72,851.95 0 19,010.00 0		0.00	0.00	0.
(c) Subscribed by NBFCs	Y560	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5	0.00	0.00	0.
(d) Subscribed by Mutual Funds (e) Subscribed by Insurance	Y570 Y580	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6,500.00 2,500.00	0.00	0.00 50.000.00	6,500.00 c		0.00	0.00	0.
(f) Subscribed by Pension Funds	Y590	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5,500.25	1,429.61	8,785.48	6,000.00	21,715.34 0		0.00	0.00	0.
(g) Others (Mease specify) B. Un-Secured (a+b+c+d+e+f+g)	Y600 Y610	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00		29.12 0.00	277,135.57	2,326.10	1,000.00	280,490.79 0 0.00 0)	0.00	0.00	
Of which: (a) Subscribed by Retail Investors	Y620	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5	0.00	0.00	0.
(b) Subscribed by Banks (c) Subscribed by NBFCs	Y630 Y640	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	
(d) Subscribed by Mutual Funds	Y650	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.
(e) Subscribed by Insurance (f) Subscribed by Pension Funds	Y660 Y670	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	
(g) Others (Please specify)	Y680	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.
(xi) Convertible Debentures (A+B) (Debentures with embedded call / put options As per residual period for the earliest exercise date for the	Y690															
embedded option) A. Secured (a+b+c+d+e+f+e)	Y700	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.
Of which: (a) Subscribed by Retail Investors	Y710	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	
(b) Subscribed by Banks (c) Subscribed by NBFCs	Y720 Y730	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0
(d) Subscribed by Mutual Funds	Y740	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0
(e) Subscribed by Insurance (f) Subscribed by Pension Funds	Y750 Y760	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 0		0.00	0.00	S 0
(a) Others (Please specify)	Y770	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	6 0
8. Un-Secured (a+b+c+d+e+f+g) Of which; (a) Subscribed by Retail Investors	Y780 Y790	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	
(b) Subscribed by Banks	Y800	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0
(c) Subscribed by NBFCs	Y810 Y820	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0
(d) Subscribed by Mutual Funds (e) Subscribed by Insurance	Y830	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5	0.00	0.00	0
(f) Subscribed by Pension Funds	Y840	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	
(al Others (Please specify) (xii) Subordinate Debt	Y850 Y860	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00		1,000.00	0.00 3,170.79	0.00	0.00 122,102.85	0.00 c 130,573.64 c		0.00	0.00	
(xiii) Perpetual Debt Instrument	Y870	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	n oni	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	i o
(xiv) Security Finance Transactions(a+b+c+d)	Y880 Y890	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0
		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.
a) Repo (As per residual maturity) b) Reverse Repo																1
(As per residual maturity)	Y900 Y910	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00)	0.00	0.00	

d) Others (Please Specify)	Y920	0.00	0.00 2,179.95	0.00 117,794.03	0.00	0.00 1,299.17	0.00 9,186.62	0.00	0.00 11,072.37	0.00 3,582.75	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00 1,798.27	0.00 118,344.67
7.Current Liabilities & Provisions (a+b+c+d+e+f+z+h) a) Sundry creditors	Y930 Y940	5,329.08 1,372.08	1.52	112,904.81	4,134.30	0.00	209.68	5,483.57 1,256.55	7.907.79	3,582.75 0.00 0.00	85,868.52 0.00	127,786.73	0	8,458.36 4,955.09	1.52	111.540.53
b) Expenses payable (Other than Interest) (c) Advance income received from borrowers pending	Y950 Y960	2,029.36	2,029.36	2,933.55	4,058.73	0.00	1,034.83	0.00	1,128.55	0.00	0.00	13,214.38 11,980.83	0	1,640.58	1,640.58 0.00	1,640.58
(d) Interest payable on deposits and borrowines	1970	1,927.64	149.07	1,955.67	203.72	1,299.17	7,942.11	1,896.80	0.00 1,600.31	182.98	2,931.68	20,089.15	0	1,862.69	156.17	5,163.56
(e) Provisions for Standard Assets (f) Provisions for Non Performing Assets (NPAs)	Y980 Y990	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,399.77	33,551.49 5,606.45	33,551.49 9,006.22	0	0.00	0.00	
(g) Provisions for Investment Portfolio (NPI)	Y1000	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
(h) Other Provisions (Please Specify) 8.Statutory Dues	Y1010 Y1020	0.00	0.00	0.00 1,706.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,330.22	435.72 0.00	0.00	31,798.07 0.00	34,564.01 1.706.68	0	0.00	0.00	0.00 1.592.81
9. Undained Deposits (i+ii)	Y1030	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
(ii) Pending for less than 7 years (iii) Pending for greater than 7 years	Y1040 Y1050	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
10.Any Other Unclaimed Amount	Y1060	0.00	0.00			0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00
11.Debt Service Realisation Account 12.Other Outflows	Y1070 Y1080	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
12.Other Outflows 13.Outflows On Account of Off Balance Sheet (OBS) Exposure ((HBSE)-bysys(syll)	Y1090	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	29.500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	29.500.00		0.00	0.00	0.00
filtoan commitments pending disbursal	Y1100	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	29,500.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
fillLines of credit committed to other institution	Y1110	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00
(iii)Total Letter of Credits (iv)Total Guarantees	Y1120 Y1130	0.00	0.00	0.00	6 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
(v) Bills discounted/rediscounted (vi)Total Derivative Exposures (a+b+c+d+e+f+e+h)	Y1140 Y1150	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	
(a) Forward Forex Contracts	Y1160	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
(b) Futures Contracts (c) Options Contracts	Y1170 Y1180	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
(d) Forward Rate Agreements	Y1190	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	
(e) Swaps - Currency (f) Swaps - Interest Rate	Y1200 Y1210	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	
(a) Credit Default Swaps	Y1220	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
(h) Other Derivatives (vii)Others	Y1230 Y1240	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 29,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 29,500.00	0	0.00	0.00	
A. TOTAL OUTFLOWS (A)	Y1250	13.106.88	7.354.95	139.710.07	51.614.29	51.581.47	115.417.16	284.439.97	743.742.61	124.501.89	722,993,02	2.254.462.31		8.736.14	1.798.27	
(Sum of 1 to 13) A1. Cumulative Outflows	Y1260	13,106.88 13,106.88	7,354.95 20,461.83	139,710.07 160,171.90	51,614.29 211,786.19	51,581.47 263,367.66	115,417.16 378,784.82	284,439.97 663,224.79	743,742.61 1,406,967.40	1,531,469.29	722,993.02	2,254,462.31 2,254,462.31	0	8,736.14 8,736.14	1,798.27 10,534.41	
B. INFLOWS																
Cash (In 1 to 30/31 day time-bucket) Remittance in Transit	Y1270 Y1280	10,539.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10,539.18 0.00	0	9,817.63	0.00	0.00
3. Balances With Banks	Y1280 Y1290	0.00 138,549.36	0.00	0.00	22,272.20	50.00	0.00 5,506.35	24,122.36	0.00 62,231.07	0.00 9,455.22	1,901.83	0.00 264,088.39	0	0.00 23,683.15	0.00 10.00	0.00 2,175.00
a) Current Account (The stipulated minimum balance be shown in 6 months to 1 year																
bucket. The balance in excess of the minim balance be shown in 1	Y1300	120 EM 2	0.00					0.00				120 540 00	0	16 506 17	0.00	
to 30 day time bucket) b) Deposit Accounts /Short-Term Deposits	V1310	138,549.36	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	138,549.36		16,596.15	0.00	1 1
(As per residual maturity) 4.Investments (i+ii+ii+iv+v)	Y1320	0.00	0.00	0.00	22,272.20	50.00	5,506.35 49.810.00	24,122.36 2.569.33	62,231.07	9,455.22 163.123.57	1,901.83 148.690.39	125,539.03 367,002.50	0	7,087.00	10.00	
(i)Statutory Investments (only for NBFCs-D)	Y1330	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
(ii) Listed Investments	Y1340 Y1350	0.00	0.00		2,809.21 2,809.21	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,809.21 2,809.21		25,500.00 25,500.00	0.00	
(a) Current (b) Non-current	Y1360	0.00	0.00	0.00	6 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
(ii) Unlisted Investments (ii) Current	Y1370 Y1380	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	49,810.00 0.00	2,569.33 0.00	0.00	163,123.57 0.00	148,690.39 0.00	364,193.29 0.00	0	0.00	0.00	
(b) Non-current	Y1390	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	49,810.00	2,569.33	0.00	163,123.57	148,690.39	364,193.29	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
(iv) Venture Capital Units (v) Others (Please Specify)	Y1400 Y1410	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
5.Advances (Performing)	Y1420	55,592.18	50,073.67	61,268.35	156,949.61	159,704.36	214,935.96	173,422.61	347,829.68	80,070.83	4,786.69	1,304,633.94	0	37,166.31	27,836.15	79,887.14
(i) Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes discounted & rediscounted	Y1430	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
(ii) Term Loans		0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	·		0.00	0.00
(The cash inflows on account of the interest and principal of the loan may be slotted in respective time buckets as	Y1440															1
per the timing of the cash flows as stipulated in the		55,592.18	43,815.20	55,009.88		143,015.10	214,935.96	173,422.61	347,829.68	80,070.83	4,786.69	1,262,910.80	0	37,166.31	20,981.35	
(a) Through Regular Payment Schedule (b) Through Bullet Payment	Y1450 Y1460	55,592.18 0.00	43,815.20 0.00	55,009.88 0.00	144,432.67	142,628.80 386.30	214,935.96 0.00	173,422.61 0.00	347,501.68 328.00	80,070.83	4,786.69 0.00	1,262,196.50 714.30	0	37,166.31 0.00	20,981.35 0.00	73,032.34 0.00
fiil Interest to be serviced through regular schedule	Y1470	0.00	6,258.47	6,258.47 0.00	12,516.94 0.00	16,689.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	41,723.14	0	0.00	6,854.80 0.00	6,854.80 0.00
(iv) Interest to be serviced to be in Bullet Payment 6.Gross Non-Performing Loans (GNPA)	Y1480 Y1490	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	15,461.25	4,550.28	0.00 20,011.53	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
(i) Substandard (a) All over dues and instalments of principal falling	Y1500	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	15,461.25	68.26	15,529.51	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
due during the next three years	Y1510															1
(In the 3 to 5 year time-bucket) (b) Entire principal amount due beyond the next		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	15,461.25	0.00	15,461.25	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
three wars	Y1520	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	68.26	68.26	0	0.00	0.00	
(ii) Doubtful and loss (a) All instalments of principal falling due during the	Y1530	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4,482.02	4,482.02	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
next five years as also all over dues	Y1540															
(in the over 5 years time-bucket) (b) Entire principal amount due beyond the next		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4,482.02	4,482.02	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
five years	Y1550	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
7. Inflows From Assets On Lease 8. Fixed Assets (Excluding Assets On Lease)	Y1560 Y1570	0.00 785.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 43,104.69	0.00 43,890.15	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
9. Other Assets :	Y1580	3.29	2.44	1.05	0.00 6,676.47	0.00 1,060.52	0.00 32,493.32	36,447.97	0.00 66,068.98	504.48	71,538.10	214,796.62		799.81	0.00 8,057.09	0.00 8,074.74
(a) Intangible assets & other non-cash flow items (In the 'Over 5 year time bucket)	Y1590	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	242.23	242.23	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
(b) Other items (e.g. accrued income, other receivables, staff loans, etc.)						-										
other receivables, staff loans, etc.) (In respective maturity buckets as per the timing of the	Y1600	3.29	2.44	1.05	6,676,47	1.060.52	30.364.59	26.568.65	832.23	504.48	71,295.87	137,309,59	0	799.81	8.057.09	8,074,74
(c) Others	Y1610	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,128.73	9,879.32	65,236.75	0.00	0.00	77,244.80	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
10.Security Finance Transactions (a+b+c+d) a) Repo	Y1620	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
(As per residual maturity)	Y1630	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
b) Reverse Repo (As per residual maturity)	Y1640	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
c) CBLO	Y1650	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	
(As per residual maturity) d) Others (Please Specify)	Y1660	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0	0.00	0.00	
11.Inflows On Account of Off Balance Sheet (OBS) Exposure (i+ii+iii+iv+v)	Y1670	0.00	0.00	29,500.00	6 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	29,500.00	0	35,514.49	17,514.50	175,269.76
filLoan committed by other institution pending disbursal (ii)Lines of credit committed by other institution	Y1680 Y1690	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	ŏ	0.00 17,514.50	0.00 17,514.50	0.00 35,029.00
(ii) Bills discounted/rediscounted	Y1700	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
(iv)Total Derivative Exposures (a+b+c+d+e+f+e+h) (a) Forward Forex Contracts	Y1710 Y1720	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	
(b) Futures Contracts (c) Options Contracts	Y1730 Y1740	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0	0.00	0.00	0.00
(d) Forward Rate Agreements	Y1750	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
(e) Swaps - Currency	Y1760	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
(f) Swaps - Interest Rate (e) Credit Default Swaps	Y1770 Y1780	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00
(h) Other Derivatives	Y1790	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0	0.00	0.00	0.00
pyothers	Y1800	0.00	0.00	29,500.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	29,500.00	9	17,999.99	0.00	
(v)Others B. TOTAL INFLOWS (B)													0	132.481.39	53.417.74	265,406,64
(Sum of 1 to 11)	Y1810	205,469.47 192,362.59	50,076.11	90,769.40	188,707.49	160,814.88	302,745.63 187 328 47	236,562.27 47,877,70	476,129.73 -267.612.88	268,615.35 144 113 46	274,571.98	2,254,462.31	0			104 534 59
(Sum of 1 to 11) C. Mismatch (8 - A) D. Cumulative Mismatch	Y1810 Y1820 Y1830	192,362.59 192,362.59	42,721.16	90,769.40 -48,940.67 186,143.08	137,093.20 323,236.28	109,233.41	187,328.47	236,562.27 -47,877.70 571,920.46	476,129.731 -267,612.88 304,307.58	144,113.46	-448,421.04 0.00	0.00	0	123,745.25 123,745.25	51,619.47 175,364.72	104,534.58
(Sum of 1 to 11) C. Mismatch (B - A)	Y1820	192,362.59	50,076.11 42,721.16 235,083.75 580.85% 1148.89%	-48,940.67				-47,877.70	-267,612.88		-448,421.04	0.00	0		51,619.47	104,534.58 279,899.30

All Monetary Items present in this return shall be reported in ₹ Lakhs Only

Table 3: Statement of Interest Rate Sensitivity (IRS) Particulars		0 day to 7 days	8 days to 14 days	15 days to 30/31 days (One month)	Over one month and	Over two months and	Over 3 months and upto	Over 6 months and upto	Over 1 year and upto 3	Over 3 years and upto 5	Over 5 years	Non-sensitive	Total
		X010	X020	x030	upto 2 months X040	uoto 3 months XXXX	6 months XD60	1 year x070	X080	XD10	X100	X110	X120
A. Liabilities (OUTFLOW) 1. Capital (iniiniiriy)	Y010	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7,594,79	7,594,3
(è Equity (i) Perpetual preference shares	Y020 Y030 Y040	0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	9.99 0.00	0.00	00.0	9.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.00 0.00	7.594.79 0.00	7.594.7 7.594.7 0.0
(ii) Non-perpetual preference shares (iv) Others (Please furnish, if any)	Y050	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
2.Reserves & surplus (i+ii+ii+iv+v+v+i+vii+vii+ix+x+xi+xii+xii	Y050 Y070	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	450,426.86 184,752.06	450,426.8 184,752.0 50,935.7
(ii) Statutory/Special Reserve (Section 45-IC reserve to be shown	Y090	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00		0.00		0.00	50,935.77	
separately below item no.(vii)) (iv) Reserves under Sec 45-IC of RBI Act 1934	Y100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 82,080.08	0.0 82,080.0
(v) Capital Redemption Reserve (vi) Debenture Redemption Reserve	Y110 Y120	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	23,011.14 1,280.39	23,011.1- 1,280.9
(vii) Other Capital Reserves (viii) Other Revenue Reserves	Y130	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8,388.53 0.00	0.0
(ix) Investment Fluctuation Reserves/ Investment Reserves (x) Revaluation Reserves	Y150 Y160	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
viii.1 Revi. Reserves - Property viii.2 Revi. Reserves - Financial Assets	Y170	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
(xil Share Application Money Pendinz Allotment (xil) Others (Please mention)	Y190 Y200 Y210	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 1.402.18	98.576.7
(xii) Balance of profit and loss account 3. Gifts. grants, donations & benefactions	Y220	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	98.576.71 0.00	
4.Bonds & Notes (a+b+c) a) Fixed rate clain vanilla includine zero cousons	Y230 Y240 Y250	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00	2.193.00 2.193.00	1.073.93 1.073.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.266.9 3.266.9
b) Instruments with embedded actions c) Floatine rate instruments	Y260	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	99.0 99.0	0.00	0.00	9.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.0 9.0
5.Deposits (i) Term Deposits/ Fixed Deposits from public	Y270 Y280	0.00	0.00	000	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
(a) Fixed rate (b)Floating rate	Y290 Y300	0.00 0.00 7,777.80	0.00 0.00 5,175.00	0.00 0.00 20,209.36	0.00 0.00 71,268.11	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 205,365.91		0.00 0.00 418,233.19	0.00 0.00 42,907.96	0.00 0.00 179,102.85	0.00	0.0 0.0 1,511,774.2
6. Somowings (Initial Aurorativativations exists) (() Bank borrowings a) Bank Borrowings in the nature of Term money borrowings	Y310 Y320 Y330	7,777.80 7,777.80 277.78	5,175.00 5,175.00 5.175.00	20,209.36 20,209.36 2,626.32	71,268.13 66,793.43 66,793.43	254,438.88	203,065.91 203,065.91 203,065.91	238,595.12 217,300.99 197,300.99	418,233.19 70,552.73 70,552.73	42,907.96 0.00	179,102.85 0.00 0.00	68,700.00 68,700.00 68,700.00	914,014.0
I. Fixed rate	Y330 Y340 Y350	277.78 0.00 277.78	5,175.00 0.00 5,175.00	2,626.32 0.00 2,626.32	66,793.43 0.00 66,793.43		0.00	197,300.99 0.00 197,300.99	70,552.73 0.00 70,552.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	868,931.0 0.0 868,931.0
II. Floating rate b) Bank Sorrowings in the nature of WCDL I. Fixed rate	Y350 Y360 Y370	277.78 7,500.02 0.00	5,175.00 0.00 0.00	2,626.32 17,583.04 0.00	66,793.43 0.00	(00.0	203,065-91 0.00 0.00	20,000.00	70,552.73 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	68,700.00 0.00 0.00	45,083.0
II. Floating rate	Y370 Y380 Y390	7,500.02	0.00	17,583.04	0.00	00.0	0.00	20,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	45,083.0
c) Bank Borrowines in the nature of Cash Credits (CC) 1. Fixed rate II. Floating rate	Y390 Y400 Y410	0.00	0.00	00.0 00.0	0.00	00.0	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
d) Bank Borrowines in the nature of Letter of Credits(LCs)	Y410 Y420 Y430	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
Fixed rate R. Floatine rate e) Bank Borrowinss in the nature of ECBs	Y440 Y450	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
I. Fixed rate	VIIIO.	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.0
II. Floatine rate (ii) Inter Corporate Debts (other than related parties)	Y470 Y480	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00,0	9.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
1. Fixed rate II. Fixed rate (iii) Loan from Related Parties (including ICDs)	Y490 Y500 Y510	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.0
I. Fixed rate	Y510 Y520 Y530	0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00			0.00		0.00	0.0
II. Floating rate (iv) Corporate Debts 1. Fload rate	Y540 Y550	00.0 00.0 00.0	0.00	00.0	0.00	[00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00		0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.0
I. Floating rate II. Floating rate (v) Commercial Papers	VE60	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
Of which; (a) Subscribed by Mutual Funds	Y570 Y580	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,474.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,474.7 2,474.7
(b) Subscribed by Banks (c) Subscribed by NBFCs	Y590 Y600	0.00	0.00	00.0	nnr	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
(d) Subscribed by Insurance Companies (e) Subscribed by Pension Funds	Y610 Y620	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
(f) Subscribed by Retail Investors (a) Others (Please specify)	Y630 Y640 Y650	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00 0.00 20.294.13	0.00 0.00 344,509,67	0.00 0.00 31,264,28	0.00 0.00 57,000.00	0.00	0.0 0.0 453.068.0
(vil Non - Convertible Debentures (NCDs) (A+8) A. Fixed rate Of which: (a) Subscribed by Mutual Funds	Y660 Y670	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	20.294.13	344.509.67	31.264.28	57.000.00	0.00	453,068,0 453,068,0 6,500,0
(b) Subscribed by NBFCs (c) Subscribed by NBFCs	Y680 Y690	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	10.000.00	6.500.00 9.010.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.010.0
(d) Subscribed by Insurance Companies (d) Subscribed by Pension Funds	Y700 Y710	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,500,00 1,429,61	0.00	50,000,00 6,000,00	0.00	52,500,0 21,715,3
(f) Subscribed by Retail Investors (a) Others (Please specify)	Y720 Y730	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.000	0.00 00.0 00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	4.754.75	47.934.49 277.135.57	20.152.70 2.326.10	0.00 1.000.00	0.00	72.851.9 280.490.7
B. Floating rate Of which: (a) Subscribed by Mutual Funds	Y740 Y750	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	9.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
(b) Subscribed by Banks (c) Subscribed by NBFCs	7760 7770	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	999 900 900	9,00	00.0	9,95	0,00 0,00 0.00	9,00 9,00 0,00	9.00 9.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00	0.0
(d) Subscribed by Insurance Companies (e) Subscribed by Pension Funds	Y780	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
(f) Subscribed by Retail Investors (g) Others (Please specify)	Y800 Y810	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
(vii) Convertible Debentures (A+B) A. Fixed rate	Y820	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
Of which; (a) Subscribed by Mutual Funds (b) Subscribed by Banks	Y840 Y850	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
(c) Subscribed by NBFCs (d) Subscribed by Insurance Companies	Y850 Y870	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
(e) Subscribed by Persion Funds (f) Subscribed by Retail Investors	Y880 Y890	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
(a) Others (Please specify) B. Floating rate	Y910	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
Of which: (a) Subscribed by Mutual Eurols	V830	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0 0.0 0.0
(b) Subscribed by Banks (c) Subscribed by NBFCs (d) Subscribed by Insurance Companies	Y930 Y940 Y950	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
(e) Subscribed by Pension Funds (f) Subscribed by Retail Investors		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0 0.0
(a) Others (Please specify) (viii) Subordinate Debt	Y970 Y980 Y990	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,000.00	0.00	2,300,00	0.00	0.00 3.170.79	0.00 0.00	0.00 122.102.85	0.00	0.0
(ix) Persetual Debt Instrument (x) Borrowines From Central Government / State Government	Y1000 Y1010	0.00	0.00	9.00	0.00	0.00	9,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
(xi) Borrowines From Public Sector Undertakines (PSUs)	V1030	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 11,643.68	0.00	0.00	0.0 11,643.6
(xii) Other Borrowings 7. Current Liabilities & Provisions ((Hillitin) reverselleriii) (() Sundry creditors	Y1030 Y1040 Y1050	1,927.64 0.00	0.00 149.07 0.00	0.00 1,955.67 0.00	0.00 203.73 0.00	0.00	7,942.11 0.00	0.00	0.00 1,600.31 0.00	182.98 0.00	0.00 2,931.68 0.00	0.00 230,103.67 127,786.73	250,192.8 127,786.3
(ii) fanenses neceble	Y1060	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13,214.38 11,980.83	13.214.9
(ii) Advance income received from borrowers pending adjustment (iv) Interest payable on deposits and borrowings (v) Provisions for Standard Assets	Y1070 Y1080 Y1090	1,927.64 0.00	149.07 0.00	1,955.67	0.00	0.00	7,942.11	0.00	1,600.31 0.00	0.00	2,931.68 0.00	0.00 33,551.49	11,980.8 20,089.1 33,551.4
(vii) Provisions for NPAs (viii) Provisions for Investment Portfolio (NPI)	Y1100	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9,006.22	9,006.1
(viii) Other Provisions (Please Specify) 8.Repos / Bills Rediscounted	Y1120 Y1130	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	[00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	34,564.02 0.00	0.0
9.Statutory Dues 10.Unclaimed Deposits (i+ii)	Y1140	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.706.68	1.706.6
(ii) Pendine for less than 7 years (iii) Pendine for creater than 7 years	Y1160 Y1170	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
11.Anv other Unclaimed Amount 12.Debt Service Realisation Account	Y1190 Y1190	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
13.Others 14. Total Outflows account of OBS items (OO)(Details to be given in Table 4	Y1200 Y1210	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
below) A. TOTAL OUTFLOWS (1 to 14)	Y1220	0.00 9.705.44	0.00 5.324.07	22,165,03	0.00 71.471.85	0.00 257.931.05	214.381.95	29.500.00 269.991.92	0.00 419.833.50	0.00 43.090.94	0.00 182.034.53	0.00 758.532.00	29.500.0 2.254.462.3
A1. Cumulative Outflows	Y1230	9,705,44	15.029.51	37.194.54	108,666,35	366,597,44	580,979.43	850,971,35	1,270,894,85	1,313,895,79	1,495,930,32	2,254,462,32	2.254.462.3

B. INFLOWS													
1. Cash	Y1240	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			10.539.18
2. Remittance in transit	Y1250	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00
3. Salances with Banks (i+ii+iii)	Y1260	0.00	0.00	00.0	22.272.20	50.00	5,506,35	24.122.36	62.231.07	9,455,22	1,901.83	138,549,36	264.088.39
(ii) Current account	Y1270	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	138,549,36	138.549.36
(ii) In deposit accounts, and other placements	Y1280	0.00	0.00	0.00		50.00	5,506,35	24.122.36	62.231.07	9.455.22	1,901.83	0.00	125,539,03
(iii) Money at Call & Short Notice	Y1290	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0,00
4.Investments (net of provisions) (i+ii+iii+iv+v+vi+vii)	Y1300												
(Under various categories as detailed below)	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	49.810.00	2.569.33	0.00	163.123.59	0.00	151,499,60	367,002,52
(ii) Fixed Income Securities	Y1310	0.00	0.00	0.00	0,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
a)Government Securities	Y1320	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
b) Zero Coupon Bonds	Y1330	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
c) Bonds	Y1340	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00
d) Debentures	Y1350	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00
e) Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares	Y1360	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00
f) Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares	Y1370	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00
g) Others (Please Specify)	Y1380	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00
(ii) Floating rate securities	Y1390	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00
a)Government Securities	Y1400	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00
b) Zero Coupon Bonds	Y1410	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00
c) Bonds	Y1420	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00
d) Debentures	Y1430	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
e) Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares	Y1440	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
f) Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares	Y1450	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00
e) Others (Please Specify)	Y1460	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
(iii) Equity Shares	Y1470	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.809.21	2.809.21
(iv) Convertible Preference Shares	Y1480	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
(v) In shares of Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures	Y1490	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	148.690.39	148,690,39
(vi) In shares of Venture Capital Funds	Y1500	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
(vii) Others	Y1510	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	49.810.00	2.569.33	0.00	163.123.59	0.00	0.00	215.502.92
5.Advances (Performing)	Y1520	55.592.17	43.815.20	55,009,88	144.432.68	143.015.10	214.935.96	173.422.61	347.829.67	80,070.83	4.786.69	0.00	1.262.910.79
(ii) Bills of exchange and promissory notes discounted & rediscounted	Y1530	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
(ii) Term loans	Y1540	11.844.52	933.17	1.014.43	12.998.07	13,559,67	36,846,03	49,673,15	167.488.08	80,070,83	4,786,69	0.00	379.214.64
(a) Fixed Rate	Y1550	11.844.52	933.17	1.014.43	12.998.07	13,559,67	36.846.03	49.673.15	167.488.08	80.070.83	4.786.69	0.00	379.214.64
(b) Floating Rate	Y1560	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
(iii) Corporate Joans/short term Joans	Y1570	43.747.65	42.882.03	53,995.45	131.434.61	129.455.43	178.089.93	123,749,46	180,341,59	0.00	0.00	0.00	883,696,15
(a) Fixed Rate	Y1580	43.747.65	42.882.03	53,995.45	131.434.61	129.455.43	178,089,93	123.749.46	180,341,59	0.00	0.00	0.00	883,696,15
(b) Floating Rate	Y1590	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
6.Non-Performing Loans (i+ii+ii)	Y1600	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	15,461.25	4,550.28	0.00	20,011.53
(i) Sub-standard Category	Y1610	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	15,461.25	68.26	0.00	15,529.51
(ii) Doubtful Category	Y1620	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4,482.02	0.00	4,482.02
(iii) Loss Category	Y1630	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00
7. Assets on Lease	Y1640	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00
8.Fixed assets (excluding assets on lease)	Y1650	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			43,890.15
9. Other Assets (i+ii)	Y1660	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	256,519.76	256,519.76
(i) Intangible assets & other non-cash flow items	Y1670	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	242.23	242.23
(ii) Other items (e.g. accrued income, other receivables, staff loans, etc.)	Y1680	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	256,277.53	256,277.53
10.Statutory Dues	Y1690	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00
11.Unclaimed Deposits (i+ii)	Y1700	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
(ii) Pending for less than 7 years	Y1710	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00
(ii) Pending for greater than 7 years	Y1720	0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00
12.Any other Unclaimed Amount	Y1730	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
13.Debt Service Realisation Account	Y1740	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
14.Total Inflow account of OBS items (OI)(Details to be given in Table 4 below)	Y1750	0.00	0.00	29,500,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	29,500,00
B. TOTAL INFLOWS (B) (Sum of 1 to 14)	Y1760	55.592.17	43.815.20	84,509,88	166,704,88	143,065,10	270.252.31	200.114.30	410.060.74	268.110.89	11,238,80	600,998.05	2.254.462.32
C. Mismatch (B - A)	Y1770	45.886.73	38,491.13	62,344,85	95.233.03	-114,865,95	55.870.32	-69.877.62	-9.772.76	225.019.95	-170,795,73	-157,533.95	0.00
D. Cumulative mismatch	Y1780	45.886.73	84,377.86	146,722,71	241.955.74	127,089,79	182,960,11	113.082.49	103,309,73	328,329,68	157,533.95	0.00	0.00
E. Mismatch as % of Total Outflows	Y1790	472,79%	722.96%	281.28%	133.25%	-44.53%	26.06%	-25.88%	-2.33%	522.20%	-93,83%	-20.77%	0.00%
F. Cumulative Mismatch as % of Cumulative Total Outflows	Y1800	472,79%	561.41%	304.47%	222 66%	34 67%	31.49%	13 20%	8.13%	24 99%	10.53%	0.00%	0.00%

Table 4: Statement on Interest Rate Sensitivity (IRS) : Off-Balance Sheet Items (OBS)				15 days to 30/31 days	Over one month and	Over two months and	Over 3 months and upto	Over 6 months and unto	Over 1 year and unto 3	Over 5 week and unto 5			
Particulars		0 day to 7 days	8 days to 14 days	(One month)	upto 2 months	upto 3 months	6 months	1 year	veers	vears - vears	Over 5 years	Non-sensitive	Total
		X130	X140	X150	X160	X170	X180	X190	X200	X210	X220	X230	X240
expected Outflows on account of OBS items													
1. Lines of credit committed to other institutions	Y1810	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	29,500,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	29.5
2. Letter of Credit (LCs)	Y1820										0.00	0.00	
3. Guarantees (Financial & Others)	Y1830	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00		0.00	0.00	
4. Sale and repurchase agreement and asset sales with recourse, where the credit		0.00		9,00			9.000	9.00	9.00	9,90	0.00	9.00	
	Y1840	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
risk remains with the applicable NBFC. 5.Lending of NBFC securities or posting of securities as collateral by the NBFC-				0.00			9.00	9.00	9.00	9,90			
IFC, including instances where these arise out of repositive transactions	Y1850	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
6. Commitment to provide liquidity facility for securitization of standard asset		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
transactions	Y1860	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
7. Second loss credit enhancement for securitization of standard asset		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
7. Second loss credit enhancement for securitization or standard asset transactions provided as third party	Y1870	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
8. Outflows from Derivative Exposures (i+ ii + ii + iv + v + vi)	Y1880	0.00	0.00	0.00							0.00	0.00	
8.Outflows from Derivative Exposures (i+ ii + ii + iv + v + vi) (i) Futures Contracts ((a)+(b)+(c))	Y1880 Y1890	0.00		00.0							0.00	0.00	
(i) Futures Contracts ((a)+(b)+(c)) (a) Currency Futures	Y1890 Y1900	0.00		00.0							0.00	0.00	
(a) Currency Futures (b) Interest Rate Futures	Y1900 Y1910	0.00		00.0							0.00	0.00	
(c) Other Futures (Commodities, Securities etc.)	Y1910 Y1920	0.00		00.0							0.00	0.00	
				0.00									
(ii) Options Contracts ((a)+(b)+(c)) (a) Currency Options Purchased / Sold	Y1930 Y1940	0.00	0.00	00.0							0.00	0.00	
(b) Interest Rate Cotions	Y1950	0.00		0.00							0.00	0.00	
(c) Other Outions (Commodities. Securities etc.)	Y1960	0.00		00.0							0.00	0.00	
(iii) Swaos - Currency ((a)+(b))	Y1970	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00						0.00	0.00	
(a) Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps (Not Involving	Y1980	0.00		0.00							0.00	0.00	
(b) FCY - INR Interest Rate Swaps	Y1990	0.00		0.00	0.00						0.00	0.00	
(iv) Swaps - Interest Rate ((a)+(b))	Y2000	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00						0.00	0.00	
(a) Single Currency Interest Rate Swaps	Y2010	0.00		0.00							0.00	0.00	
(b) Basis Swaps	Y2020	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00						0.00	0.00	
(v) Credit Default Swaps(CDS) Purchased	Y2030	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00						0.00	0.00	
(vi) Swaps - Others (Commodities, securities etc.)	Y2040	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	
9.Other continuent outflows	Y2050	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00		0.00	0.00	
Total Outflow on account of OBS items (OO) : Sum of (1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9)	Y2050	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	29,500,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2
sected Inflows on account of OBS Items													
1. Credit commitments from other institutions pending disbursal	Y2070	0.00		29,500.00							0.00	0.00	
2.Inflows on account of Reverse Repos (Buy /Sell)	Y2080	0.00		0.00							0.00	0.00	
3.Inflows on account of Bills rediscounted	Y2010	0.00		0.00							0.00	0.00	
4.Inflows from Derivative Exposures (i+ ii + iii + iv + v + vi)	Y2100	0.00		0.00							0.00	0.00	
(i) Futures Contracts ((a)+(b)+(c))	Y2110	0.00		0.00							0.00	0.00	
(a) Currency Futures	Y2120	0.00		0.00							0.00	0.00	
(b) Interest Rate Futures	Y2130	0.00									0.00	0.00	
(c) Other Futures (Commodities, Securities etc.)	Y2140	0.00		0.00	0.00				0.00		0.00	0.00	
(ii) Options Contracts ((a)+(b)+(c))	Y2150	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
(a) Currency Options Purchased / Sold	Y2160	0.00		0.00		0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
(b) Interest Rate Options	Y2170	0.00		0.00			0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	
(c) Other Options (Commodities, Securities etc.)	Y2180	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
(iii) Swags - Currency ((a)+(b))	Y2190	0.00	0.00	0.00							0.00	0.00	
(a) Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps (Not Involving	Y2200	0.00		0.00							0.00	0.00	
(b) FCY - INR Interest Rate Swaps	Y2210	0.00		0.00							0.00	0.00	
(iv) Swags - Interest Rate ((a)+(b))	Y2220	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00						0.00	0.00	
(a) Single Currency Interest Rate Swaps	Y2230	0.00		0.00	0.00						0.00	0.00	
(b) Basis Swaps	Y2240	0.00		0.00	0.00						0.00	0.00	
(v) Swaps - Others (Commodities, securities etc.)	Y2250	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00						0.00	0.00	
(vi) Credit Default Swaps (CDS) Purchased	Y2250	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00						0.00	0.00	
5.Other continuent inflows	Y2270	0.00	9,99	0.00	0.00						0.00	0.00	
Total Inflow on account of OBS items (OI) : Sum of (1+2+3+4+5)	Y2280	0.00	9.99	29,500,00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	
	Y2280 Y2290	0.00	0.00	29.500.00	0.00				0.00		0.00	0.00	

